

Understanding bioelectricity generation and biodiversity in Microbial Fuel Cells

Sharon B. Velasquez Orta

Krishna Katuri, Ian Head, Keith Scott, Tom Curtis

Future Energy: Chemical Solutions

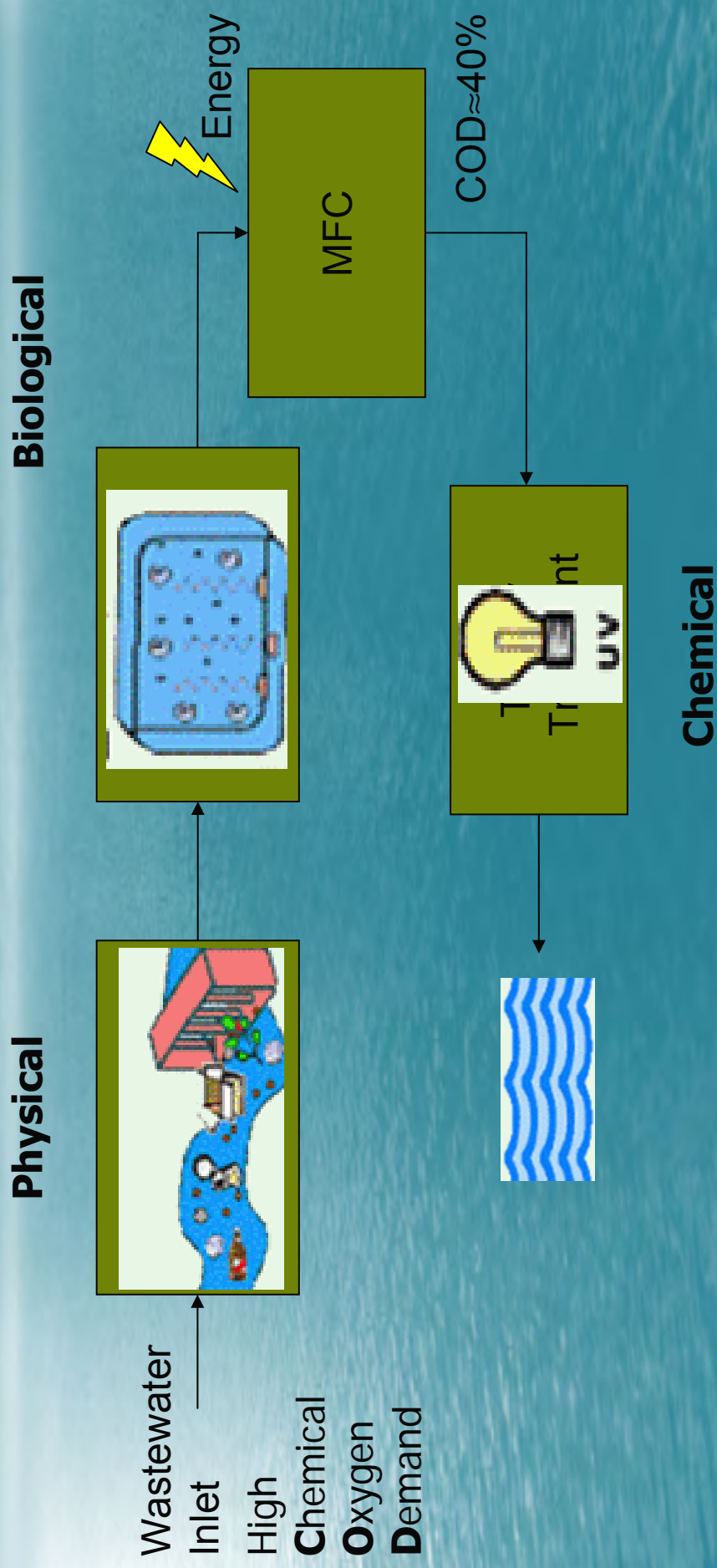
12-14 September, 2007

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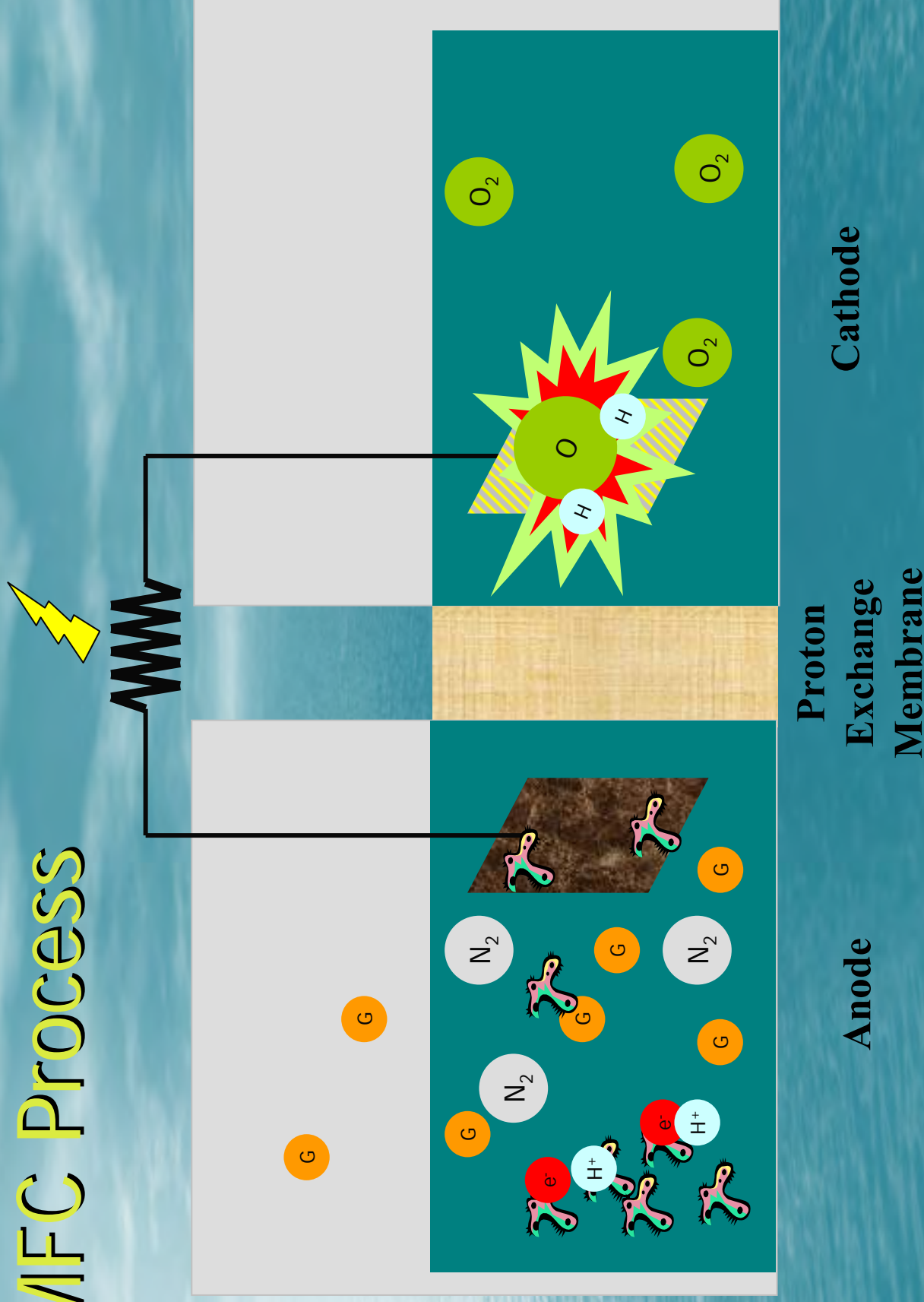
Introduction

Wastewater Treatment Systems

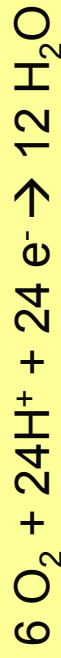


Images taken from
www.rdn.bc.ca

MFC Process



MFC Reactions



Electrode (Anode)



Electrical Circuit



Electrode (Cathode)

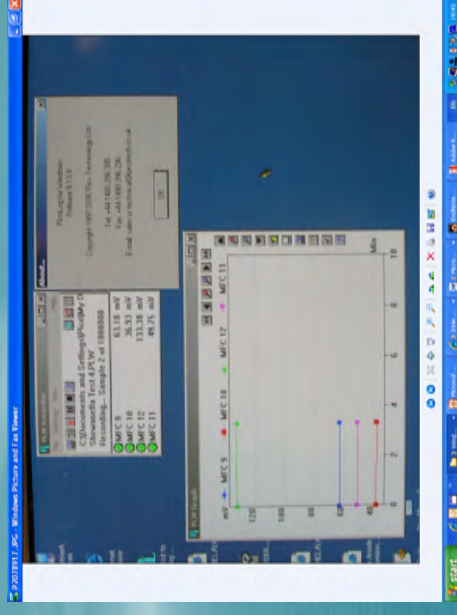
MFC development areas

- To determine the relationship among bacterial density, substrate and power output (Rabaey et al, 2004)
- To study the impact of the bacterial metabolic losses in power output (Logan et al, 2006)
- To clarify bacterial metabolism (Park et al, 2001)

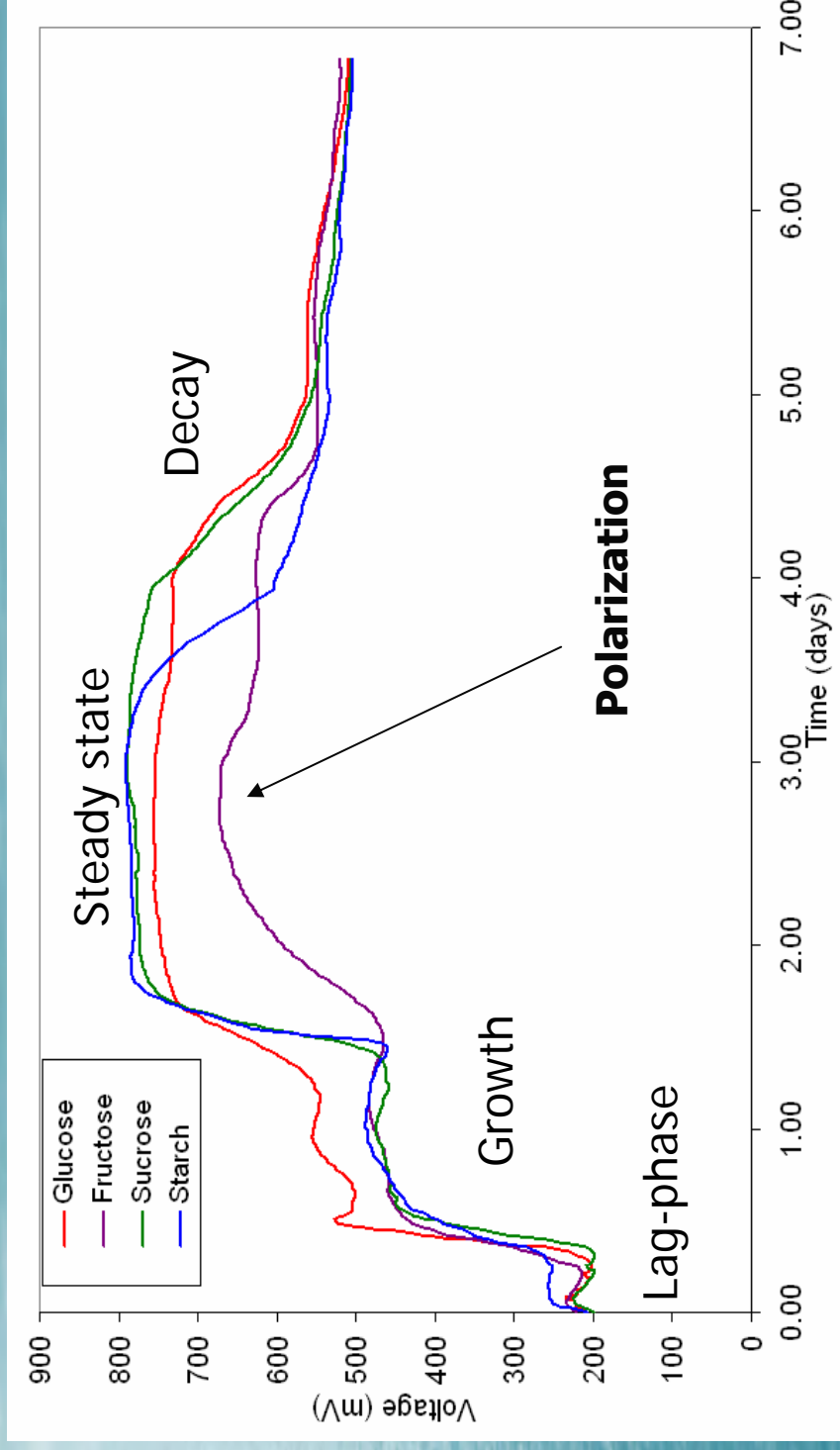
Aim

To evaluate the effect of different organic compounds on bioelectricity production and microbial diversity in Microbial Fuel Cell Technology

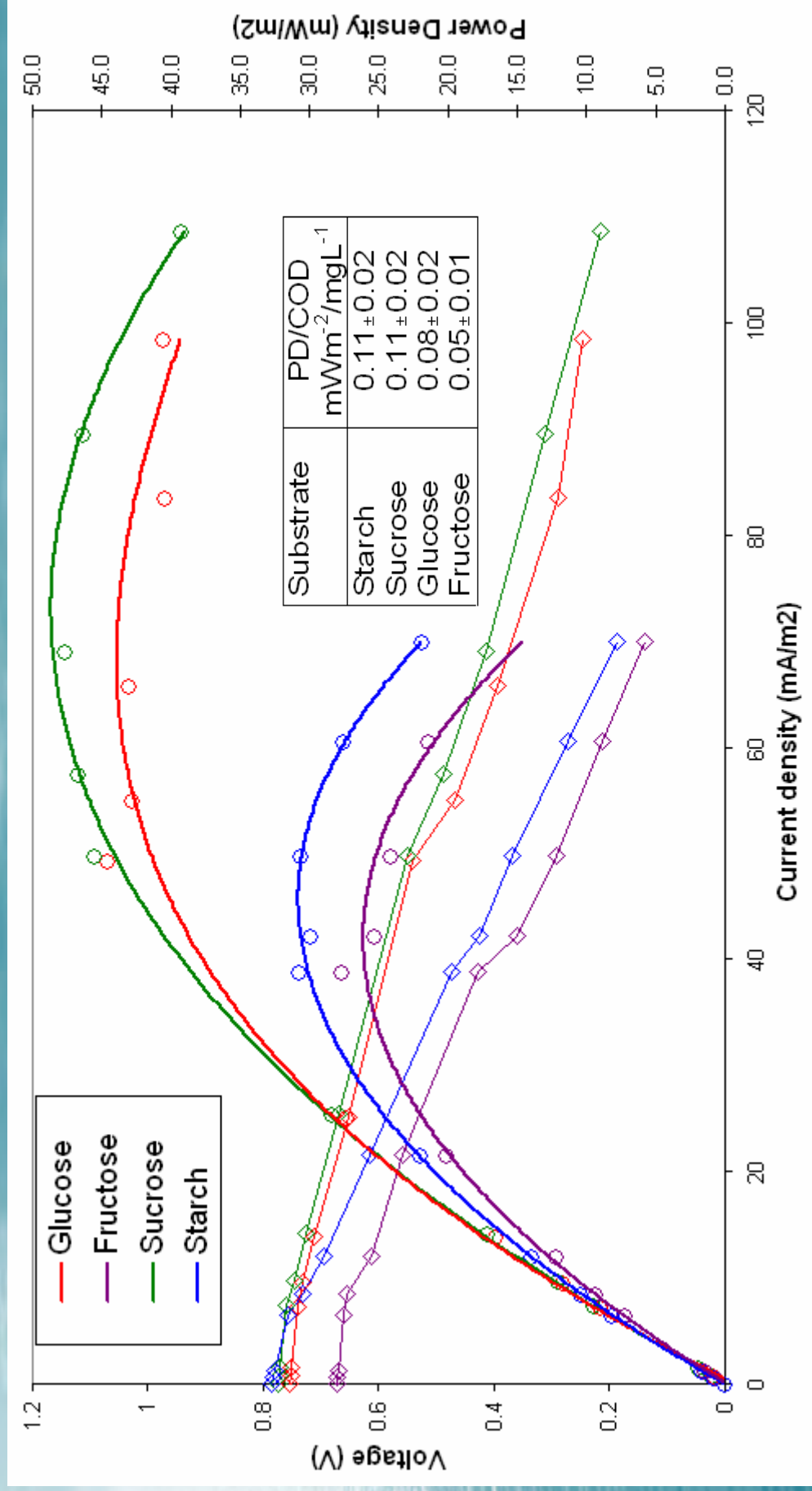
Experimental Set-up



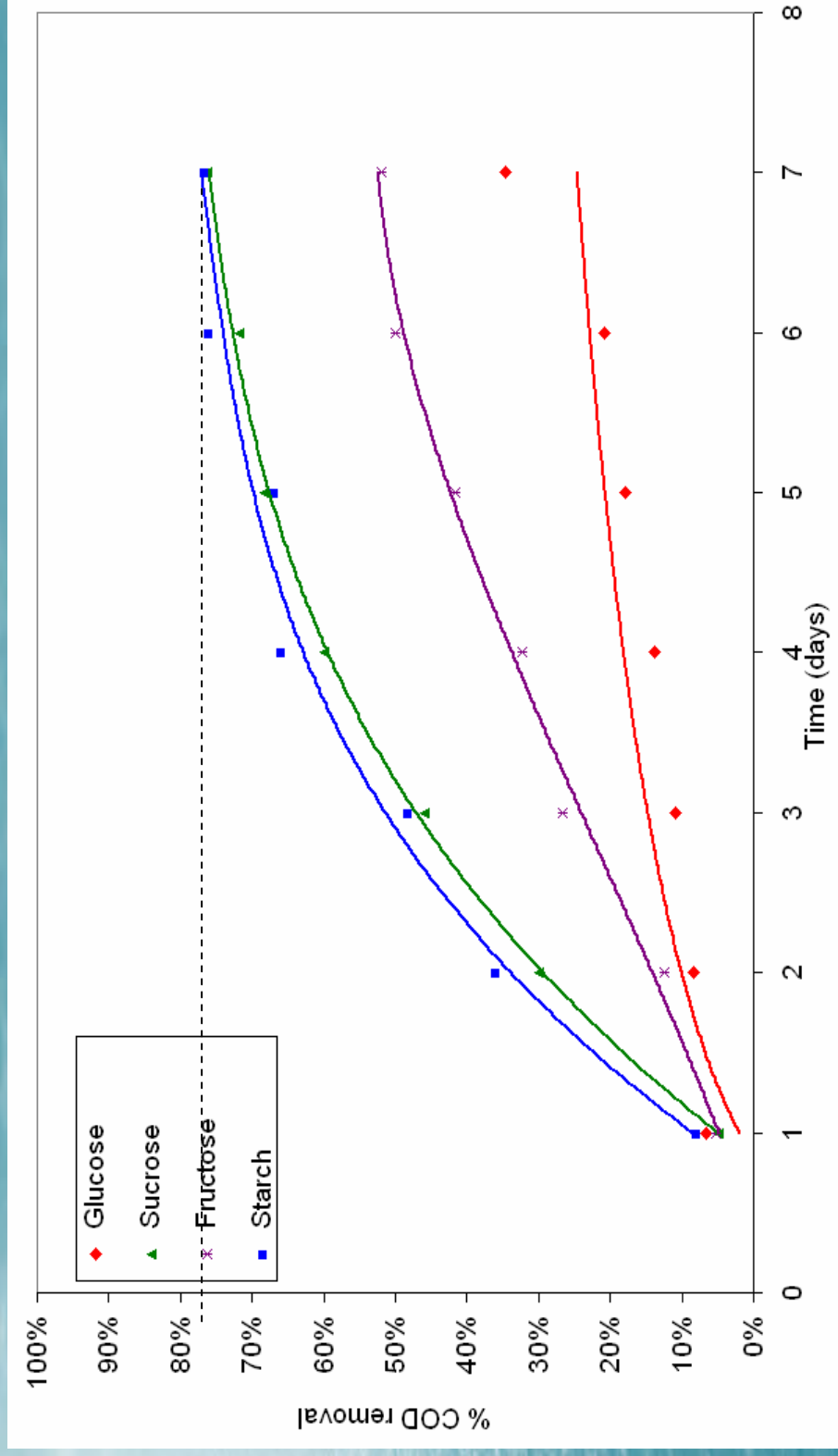
Voltage Production



Power Densities & Voltage Losses

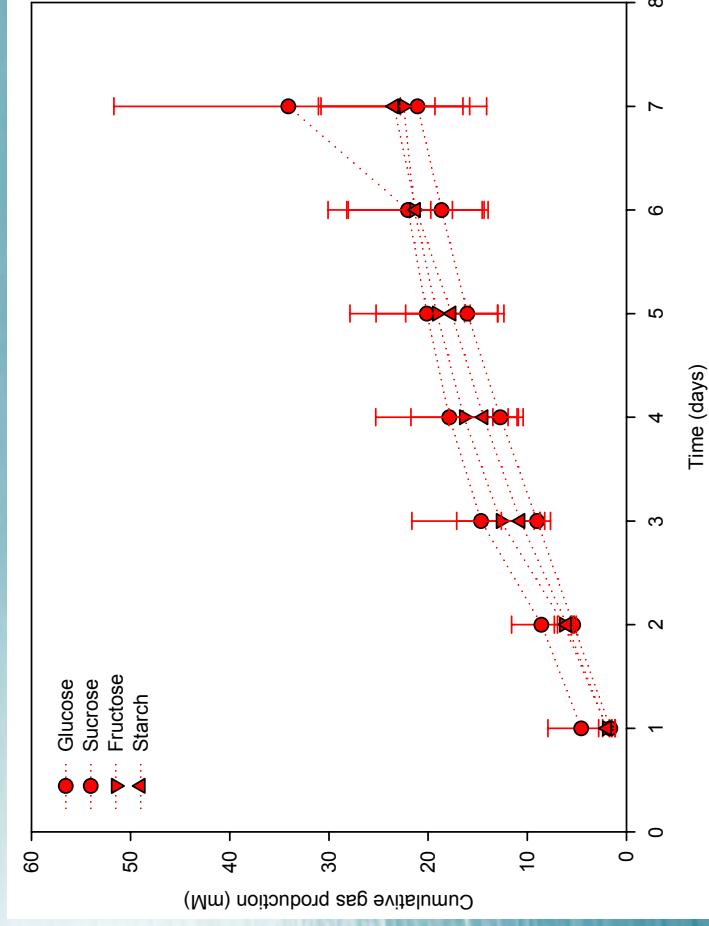


COD Removal

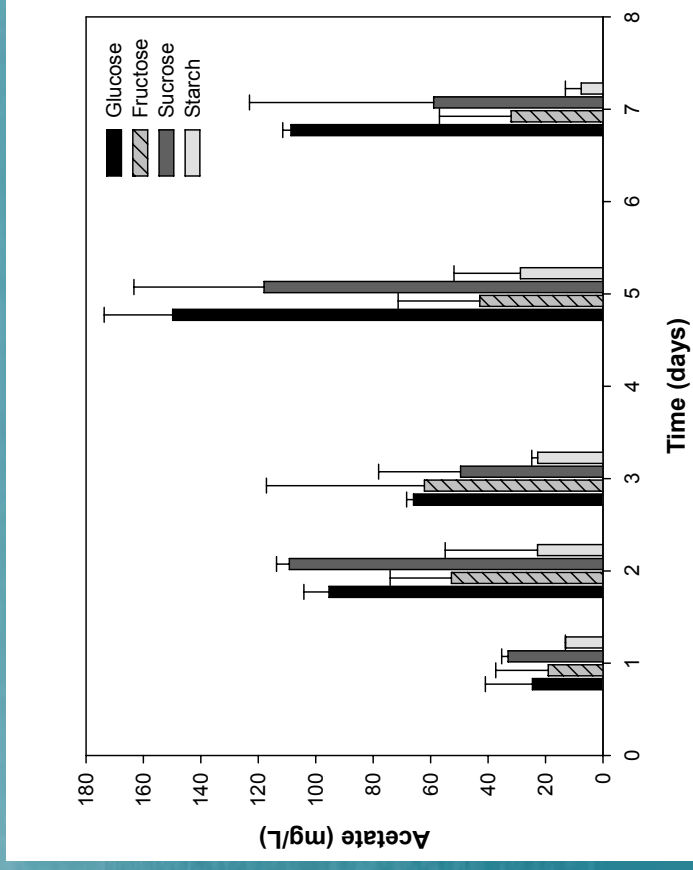


By-products: VFA and Biogas

CO₂



Acetic, propionic & butyric acids



Conclusions

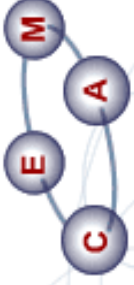
- ✓ Substrate complexity influences microbial fuel cell performance and bacterial enrichment
- ✓ Polysaccharides produced greater PD/COD than monosaccharides and had higher COD removals
- ✓ MFC microorganisms in the biofilm and bulk liquid had significant differences according to the substrate used and location
- ✓ There is an bacterial enrichment were pseudomonas predominate and act as the catalyst

Acknowledgements

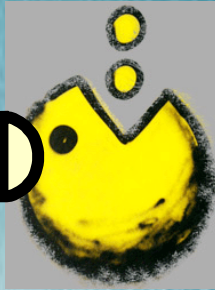
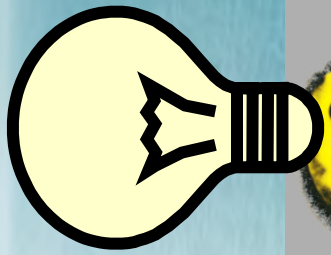
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Civil Engineering and Geosciences



THANK YOU

