

Highly sensitive and selective fluorescent assay for quantitative detection of divalent copper ion in environmental water samples

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Supplementary Material (ESI) for Analytical Methods
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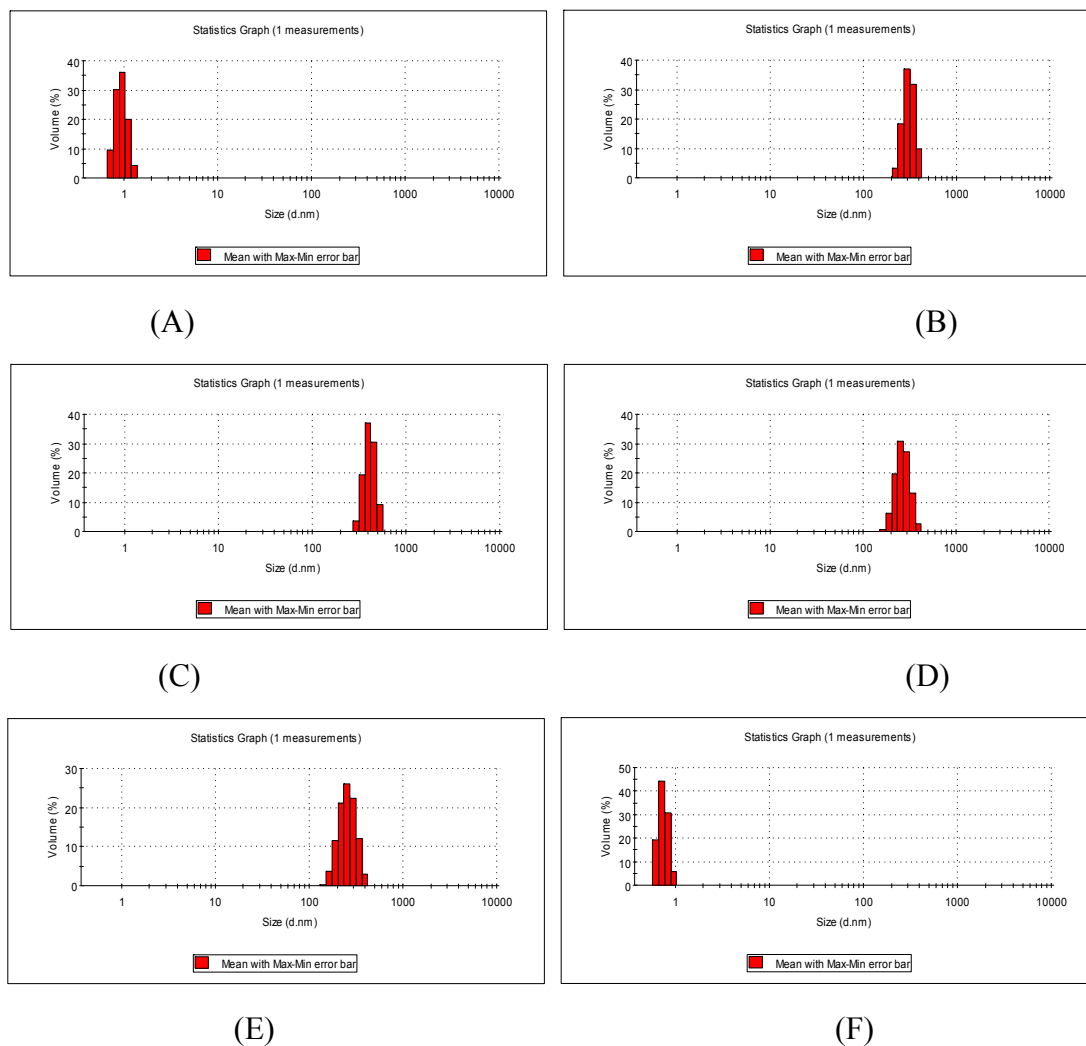


Figure S 1. Hydrodynamic diameter distributions of the the *p*-cresol–hydrogen peroxide–Cu(II) system in different conditions. (A): NH₃–NH₄Cl buffer (pH 11.0±0.2); (B): Borax–Na₂CO₃ buffer (pH 11.0±0.2); (C): NaHCO₃–Na₂CO₃ buffer (pH 11.0±0.2); (D): glycine–NaOH buffer (pH 11.0±0.2); (E): Na₃PO₄–Na₂HPO₄ buffer (pH 11.0±0.2); (F): without buffer. Conditions: *p*-cresol concentration: 2.0×10⁻⁵ mol L⁻¹; Cu²⁺ concentration: 3.0×10⁻⁵ mol L⁻¹; Hydrogen peroxide concentration: 1.0×10⁻⁶ mol L⁻¹.

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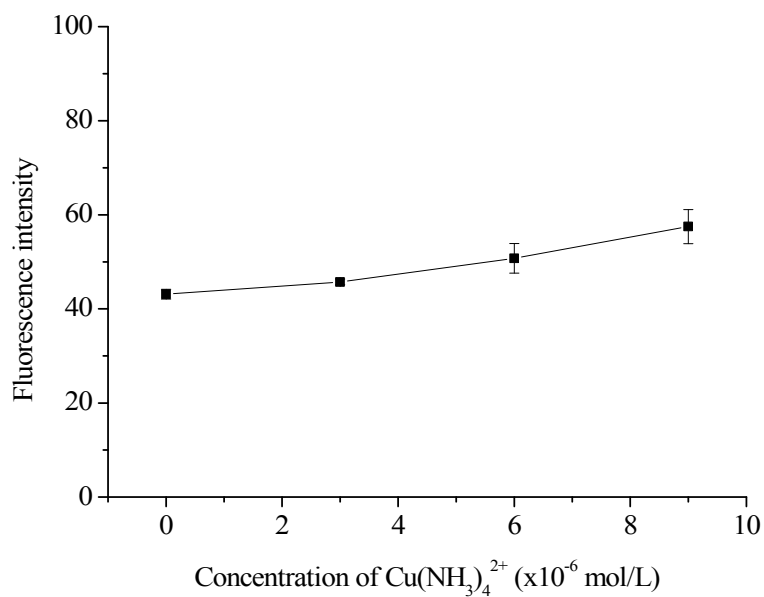


Figure S 2. Effect of $\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4^{2+}$ on *p*-cresol oxidation by hydrogen peroxide in 0.04 mol L^{-1} $\text{NH}_3\text{-NH}_4\text{Cl}$ buffer (pH 11.0 ± 0.2). Conditions: *p*-cresol concentration: $2.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$; Hydrogen peroxide concentration: $2.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$.