Cooperative Reaction Chemistry Derived from a Boratadiene Framework

Jiangang Yu, Gerald Kehr, Constantin G. Daniliuc$ and Gerhard Erker*

Organisch-Chemisches Institut der Universität Münster Correnstraße 40, 48149 Münster (Germany)

$ X-Ray crystal structure analysis.

Supporting Information
General information

The syntheses involving air- and/or moisture-sensitive compounds were carried out by using Standard Schlenk-type glassware (or at glove box) under an atmosphere of argon. Solvents were purified prior to use and stored under an argon atmosphere. Instruments for NMR spectra recording: Agilent VNMRS 500 (¹H: 500 MHz, ¹³C: 126 MHz, ¹⁹F: 470 MHz, ¹¹B: 160 MHz, ³¹P: 202 MHz), Agilent DD2 600 (¹H: 600 MHz, ¹³C: 151 MHz, ¹⁹F: 564 MHz, ¹¹B: 192 MHz, ³¹P: 243 MHz). Chemical shift of ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR were given relative to TMS and referenced to the solvent signal. Chemical shift of ¹⁹F NMR was given relative to external reference (CFCl₃). Chemical shift of ¹¹B NMR was given relative to external reference (BF₃·Et₂O). Chemical shift of ³¹P NMR was given relative to external reference [H₃PO₄ (85% in H₂O)]. NMR assignments were supported by additional 2D NMR experiments. Elemental analyses were performed on a Foss-Heraeus CHNO Rapid machine. Melting points were measured with a DSC 2010 CE (Thermal Advantage Instruments) apparatus and IR spectra were recorded on Varian 3100 FT-IR (Excalibur Series). X-Ray diffraction: Data sets were collected with a Nonius Kappa CCD diffractometer. Programs used: data collection, COLLECT (R. W. W. Hooft, Bruker AXS, 2008, Delft, The Netherlands); data reduction Denzo-SMN (Z. Otwinowski and W. Minor, Methods Enzymol., 1997, 276, 307-326); absorption correction, Denzo (Z. Otwinowski, D. Borek, W. Majewski and W. Minor, Acta Crystallogr., 2003, A59, 228-234); structure solution SHELXS-97 (G. M. Sheldrick, Acta Crystallogr., 1990, A46, 467-473); structure refinement SHELXL-97 (G. M. Sheldrick, Acta Crystallogr., 2008, A64, 112-122) and graphics, XP (BrukerAXS, 2000). R-values are given for observed reflections, and wR² values are given for all reflections.

Exceptions and special features: Compound 4 crystallized with a disordered over two positions CF₃ group. Several restraints (SADI, SAME, ISOR and SIMU) were used in order to improve refinement stability. For the compounds 5, 6, 7, 9 and 10 a badly disordered pentane molecule, one badly dichloromethane molecule, one half dichloromethane molecule, one toluene molecule and one dichloromethane molecule were found in the asymmetrical unit and could not be satisfactorily refined. The program SQUEEZE (A. L. Spek, J. Appl. Cryst., 2003, 36, 7-13) was therefore used to remove mathematically the effect of the solvent. The quoted formula and derived parameters are not included the squeezed solvent molecule.
Synthesis of Compound 4

Triflic acid (120 mg, 0.80 mmol) was added to a solution of compound 3 (480 mg, 0.8 mmol) in dichloromethane (6 mL). Then the reaction mixture was stirred at r.t. for 30 min. After removal of all volatiles in vacuo, the obtained residue was washed with pentane (3 × 2 mL) and dried to give compound 4 (400 mg, 0.54 mmol, 67 %) as a light yellow solid. Single crystals of compound 4 suitable for the X-ray crystal structure analysis were obtained by slowly diffusion of pentane into a solution of compound 4 in dichloromethane at -30 ºC.

IR (KBr): ν / cm⁻¹ = 3064 (w), 2953 (w), 2181 (w), 1647 (m), 1519 (s), 1469 (vs), 1356 (m), 1286 (s), 1201 (s), 1069 (m), 1004 (m), 973 (m), 806 (w), 745 (m), 688 (m), 637 (m), 530 (w).

Melting point: 179 ºC.


¹H NMR (500 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 7.79 (m, 1H, p-Ph), 7.74 (m, 2H, o-Ph), 7.68 (m, 2H, m-Ph), 7.65 (m, 1H, p-Ph), 7.38 (m, 2H, m-Ph), 7.32 (m, 2H, o-Ph), 6.11 (br d, 3J_HH = 35.7 Hz, 1H, =CH), 4.42 (br dm, 2J_HH = 16.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.08 (ddm, 2J_HH = 18.3 Hz, 1J_HH = 7.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.98 (br dd, 2J_HH = 18.3, 2J_HH = 10.7 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 1.95 (s, 3H, CH₃).

¹³C{¹H} NMR (126 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 134.8 (d, 4J_PC = 3.0 Hz, p-Ph), 134.5 (d, 4J_PC = 11.8 Hz, =C), 134.4 (d, 4J_PC = 3.2 Hz, p-Ph), 133.8 (d, 4J_PC = 10.4 Hz, o-Ph), 132.5 (d, 4J_PC = 9.2 Hz, o-Ph), 130.6 (d, 4J_PC = 11.8 Hz, m-Ph), 129.5 (d, 4J_PC = 12.6 Hz, m-Ph), 128.9 (m, =CH), 121.9 (d, 1J_PC = 78.8 Hz, i-Ph), 119.3 (q, 1J_CF = 318.2 Hz, CF₃), 119.1 (d, 1J_PC = 77.4 Hz, i-Ph), 37.8 (br, CH), 34.9 (d, 2J_PC = 56.7 Hz, CH₂), 19.3 (d, 4J_PC = 10.9 Hz, CH₃), [C₆F₅ not listed].

¹H,¹H GCOSY (500 MHz / 500 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) [selected trace]: δ¹H / δ¹H = 7.65 / 7.38 (p-Ph / m-Ph).

¹H,¹³C GHSQC (500 MHz / 126 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ¹H / δ¹³C = 7.79 / 134.8 (p-Ph), 7.74 / 132.5 (o-Ph), 7.68 / 130.6 (m-Ph), 7.65 / 134.4 (p-Ph), 7.38 / 129.5 (m-Ph), 7.32 / 133.8 (o-Ph), 6.11 / 128.9 (=CH), 4.42 / 37.8 (CH), 4.08, 2.98 / 34.9 (CH₂), 1.95 / 19.3 (CH₃).

¹H,¹³C GHMBC (500 MHz / 126 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) [selected traces]: δ¹H / δ¹³C = 7.79 / 132.5 (p-Ph / o-Ph), 7.68 / 130.6, 121.9 (m-Ph / m-Ph, i-Ph), 7.65 / 133.8 (p-Ph / o-Ph), 7.38 / 129.5, 119.1 (m-Ph / m-Ph, i-Ph), 1.95 / 134.5, 128.9 (CH₃ / =C, =CH).

¹⁹F NMR (160 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 2.6 (ν₁/₂ ≈ 300 Hz).

¹³P{¹H} NMR (202 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 47.9 (ν₁/₂ ≈ 5 Hz).

¹⁹F NMR (470 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = -77.3 (m, 3F, CF₃), -131.0 (br, 2F, o), -158.0 (m, 3J_FF = 20.6 Hz, p), -165.1 (m, 2F, m(C₆F₅)[Δ₁³F/mp = 7.1], -133.4 (br, 2F, o), -159.4 (t, 3J_FF = 20.6 Hz, each 1F, p), -165.0 (br, 2F, m(C₆F₅)[Δ₁³F/mp = 5.6].
-132.4 (br), -134.7 (br), -135.6 (m)(each 1F, o-C₆F₅), -156.9, -158.6 (each t, \(^3J\text{FF} = 21.4 \text{ Hz},
\text{each 1F, p-C}_6\text{F}_5\), -163.9 (br m), -164.4 (m), -164.55 (br), -164.64 (m)(each 1F, m-C₆F₅).

\(^1\text{H NMR} (500 \text{ MHz}, 299 \text{ K, [D}_2\text{-dichloromethane})\ spectrum\ of\ compound\ 4

\(^{13}\text{C\{^1\text{H}\}} \text{NMR} (126 \text{ MHz}, 299 \text{ K, [D}_2\text{-dichloromethane})\ spectrum\ of\ compound\ 4
X-ray crystal structure analysis of compound 4: formula C_{30}H_{17}BF_{13}O_{3}PS, $M = 746.28$, colourless crystal, $0.12 \times 0.03 \times 0.02$ mm, $a = 10.0309(4)$, $b = 16.5754(6)$, $c = 17.7840(7)$ Å, $\beta = 96.069(2)$ °, $V = 2940.3(2)$ Å$^3$, $p_{\text{calc}} = 1.686$ g cm$^{-3}$, $\mu = 2.583$ mm$^{-1}$, empirical absorption correction ($0.746 \leq T \leq 0.950$), $Z = 4$, monoclinic, space group $P2_1/c$ (No. 14), $\lambda = 1.54178$ Å, $T = 223(2)$ K, $\omega$ and $\varphi$ scans, 21204 reflections collected ($\pm h, \pm k, \pm l$), 5070 independent ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.068$) and 3628 observed reflections [$I > 2\sigma(I)$], 471 refined parameters, $R = 0.045$, $wR^2 = 0.111$, max. (min.) residual electron density 0.21 (-0.28) e Å$^{-3}$, hydrogen atoms were calculated and refined as riding atoms.
Synthesis of Compound 5

Excess of chlorodimethylsilane (0.2 mL, 1.8 mmol) was added to a solution of compound 4 (340 mg, 0.46 mmol) in dichloromethane (3 mL). Then the reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 30 min. All volatiles were removed in vacuo, the obtained residue was washed with pentane (3 x 2 mL) and dried in vacuo to give compound 5 (200 mg, 0.33 mmol, 73%) as a colorless solid. Single crystals of compound 5 suitable for the X-ray crystal structure analysis were obtained by slowly diffusion of pentane into a solution of compound 5 in dichloromethane at -30 °C.

IR (KBr): ν / cm⁻¹ = 2957 (w), 2922, 2374 (s, νBH), 1641 (w), 1511 (s), 1465 (vs), 1394 (w), 1274 (w), 1166 (w), 1095 (s), 967 (s), 800 (w), 745 (m), 688 (w), 531 (w).

Melting point: 94 °C.

Elemental analysis: calc. for C_{28}H_{18}BF_{10}P (598.22 g/mol): C, 58.22; H, 3.03. Found: C, 58.58; H, 3.06.

^1H NMR (600 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 7.80 (m, 2H, o-Ph³), 7.76 (m, 1H, p-Ph³), 7.65 (m, 2H, m-Ph³), 7.52 (m, 2H, o-Ph³), 7.46 (m, 1H, p-Ph³), 7.29 (m, 2H, m-Ph³), 5.55 (d, 1JPH = 35.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.98 (br m, 1H, CH), 3.90, 2.84 (dd, JPC = 17.5, 6.3 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.84 (dd, 1JHH = 17.5, 1JPH = 11.6 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.78 (q 1:1:1:1 partially relaxed, 1JHH ~ 96 Hz, 1H, BH), 1.79 (s, 3H, CH₃).

^13C{^1H} NMR (151 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 134.3 (d, 1JPC = 2.8 Hz, p-Ph³), 134.1 (d, 1JPC = 9.4 Hz, o-Ph³), 133.9 (d, 1JPC = 3.2 Hz, p-Ph³), 132.9 (d, 1JPC = 8.9 Hz, o-Ph³), 132.5 (m, =CH), 130.2 (d, 1JPC = 11.4 Hz, m-Ph³), 128.6 (d, 1JPC = 12.2 Hz, m-Ph³), 127.0 (d, 1JPC = 12.4 Hz, =C), 122.4 (d, 1JPC = 73.0 Hz, i-Ph³), 120.1 (d, 1JPC = 79.6 Hz, i-Ph³), 32.1 (d, 1JPC = 58.9 Hz, CH₂), 30.5 (br, CH), 19.1 (d, 1JPC = 10.3 Hz, CH₃), [C₆F₅ not listed].

^1H,^1H GCOSY (600 MHz / 600 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) [selected traces]: δ²H / δ¹H = 7.65 / 7.80, 7.76 (m-Ph³ / o-Ph³, p-Ph³), 7.29 / 7.52, 7.46 (m-Ph³ / o-Ph³, p-Ph³).

^1H,^13C GHMBC (600 MHz / 151 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) [selected traces]: δ²H / δ¹C = 7.80 / 132.9 (o-Ph³), 7.76 / 134.3 (p-Ph³), 7.65 / 130.2 (m-Ph³), 7.52 / 134.1 (o-Ph³), 7.46 / 133.9 (p-Ph³), 7.29 / 128.6 (m-Ph³), 5.55 / 132.5 (=CH), 3.98 / 30.5 (CH), 3.90, 2.84 / 32.1 (CH₂), 1.79 / 19.1 (CH₃).

^1H,^13C GHSQC (600 MHz / 151 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) [selected traces]: δ²H / δ¹C = 7.65 / 132.9, 130.2, 122.4 (m-Ph³ / o-Ph³, m-Ph³, i-Ph³), 7.29 / 134.1, 128.6, 120.1 (m-Ph³ / o-Ph³, m-Ph³, i-Ph³), 3.90 / 132.5, 127.0 (CH₂ / =CH, =C).

^1B NMR (192 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = -22.1 (ν₁/₂ = 40 Hz).

^11B{^1H} NMR (192 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = -22.1 (1JBH ~ 94 Hz).

^31P{^1H} NMR (243 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 51.1 (ν₁/₂ ≈ 3 Hz).

^19F NMR (564 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = -132.7 (m, 2F, o), -163.5 (t, 1JPF = 20.1 Hz, p), -166.9 (m, 2F, m) (C₆F₅)[Δδ¹⁹Flymp = 3.4]; -133.1 (m, 2F, o), -162.6 (t, 1JPF = 20.1 Hz, 1F, p), -166.2 (m, 2F, m) (C₆F₅)[Δδ¹⁹Flymp = 3.6].

^19F,^19F GCOSY (564 MHz / 564 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ²F / δ¹⁹F = -132.7 / -166.9 (o / m), -163.5 / -166.9 (p / m) (C₆F₅³); -133.1 / -166.2 (o / m), -162.6 / -166.2 (p / m) (C₆F₅³).
$^{1}$H NMR (600 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 5

$^{13}$C$\{^1$H$\}$ NMR (151 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 5

(p: pentane)
$^{13}$C\textsuperscript{1}H NMR (151 MHz, 299 K, [D\textsubscript{2}]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 5

$^{11}$B

$^{11}$B\textsuperscript{1}H NMR (192 MHz, 299 K, [D\textsubscript{2}]-dichloromethane) and $^{31}$P\textsuperscript{1}H NMR (243 MHz, 299 K, [D\textsubscript{2}]-dichloromethane) spectra of compound 5

$^{19}$F NMR (564 MHz, 299 K, [D\textsubscript{2}]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 5
X-ray crystal structure analysis of compound 5: formula C_{29}H_{18}BF_{10}P, M = 598.21, colourless crystal, 0.20 x 0.07 x 0.04 mm, a = 11.8789(6), b = 12.5298(7), c = 12.6592(6) Å, α = 61.284(3), β = 72.907(3), γ = 67.981(3)°, V = 1516.9(1) Å³, ρ_{calc} = 1.310 g cm⁻³, μ = 1.519 mm⁻¹, empirical absorption correction (0.751 ≤ T ≤ 0.941), Z = 2, triclinic, space group P\textbar \textbar (No. 2), λ = 1.54178 Å, T = 223(2) K, ω and φ scans, 17410 reflections collected (±h, ±k, ±l), 4983 independent (R_{int} = 0.047) and 3782 observed reflections [I > 2σ(I)], 375 refined parameters, R = 0.049, wR² = 0.139, max. (min.) residual electron density 0.29 (-0.19) e Å⁻³, the hydrogen at B1 atom was refined freely; others were calculated and refined as riding atoms.
Synthesis of Compound 6

HB(C₆F₅)_2 (104 mg, 0.30 mmol) was added to a solution of compound 5 (180 mg, 0.30 mmol) in dichloromethane (6 mL). Then the reaction mixture was stirred at r.t. for 3 h. After concentrating the solution in vacuo to 1/3 of the volume, pentane (10 mL) was added to give a suspension. The solid was collected and dried in vacuo to give compound 6 (180 mg, 0.19 mmol, 63%) as a colorless powder. Single crystals of compound 6 suitable for the X-ray crystal structure analysis were obtained by slowly diffusion of pentane into a solution of compound 6 in dichloromethane at -30 °C.

Melting point: 155 °C.

Elemental analysis: calc. for C₄₁H₁₉B₂F₅₅P (944.15 g/mol): C, 52.16%; H, 2.03. Found: C, 52.42; H, 2.35.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 7.82 (m, 2H, o-Ph³), 7.76 (m, 1H, p-Ph³), 7.67 (m, 2H, m-Ph³), 7.44 (m, 2H, o-Ph³), 7.41 (m, 1H, p-Ph²), 7.26 (m, 2H, m-Ph³), 3.65 (m, 1H, PCH), 3.06 (m, 1H, BCH), 2.97 (dt, J_HH = 14.7 Hz, J_PPH = 5.4 Hz, CH₂), 2.86 (br, 1H, BH), 2.31 (m, 1H, MeCH), 1.34 (d, J_HH = 6.3 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 134.3 (d, J_PC = 2.9 Hz, p-Ph³), 134.0 (d, J_PC = 9.8 Hz, o-Ph³), 133.8 (d, J_PC = 3.2 Hz, p-Ph²), 132.7 (d, J_PC = 8.8 Hz, o-Ph³), 130.3 (d, J_PC = 11.3 Hz, m-Ph³), 128.7 (d, J_PC = 12.5 Hz, m-Ph³), 121.5 (d, J_PC = 73.8 Hz, i-Ph³), 120.4 (d, J_PC = 79.5 Hz, i-Ph³), 52.2 (br, BCH), 37.9 (d, J_PC = 13.8 Hz, MeCH), 33.7 (d, J_PC = 57.4 Hz, CH₂), 27.8 (br, PCH), 21.9 (d, J_PC = 15.9 Hz, CH₃), [C₆F₅ not listed].

¹H,¹H GCOSY (600 MHz / 600 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) [selected traces]: δ¹H / δ¹H = 7.67 / 7.82, 7.76 (m-Ph³ / o-Ph³, p-Ph³), 7.26 / 7.44, 7.40 (m-Ph³ / o-Ph³, p-Ph³).

¹H,¹³C GHSQC (600 MHz / 151 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ¹H / δ¹³C = 7.82 / 132.7 (o-Ph³), 7.76 / 134.3 (p-Ph³), 7.67 / 130.3 (m-Ph³), 7.44 / 134.0 (o-Ph³), 7.41 / 133.8 (p-Ph³), 7.26 / 128.7 (m-Ph³), 3.65 / 27.8 (PCH), 3.06 / 52.2 (BCH), 2.97, 2.90 / 33.7 (CH₂), 2.31 / 37.9 (MeCH), 1.34 / 21.9 (CH₃).

¹H,¹³C GHMBC (600 MHz / 151 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) [selected traces]: δ¹H / δ¹³C = 7.67 / 312.7, 130.3, 121.5 (m-Ph³ / m-Ph³, p-Ph³, i-Ph³), 7.26 / 134.0, 128.7, 120.4 (m-Ph³ / m-Ph³, p-Ph³, i-Ph³).

¹B NMR (192 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 65.1 (ν₁/₂ ≈ 1600 Hz), -16.3 (d, J_BH ≈ 77 Hz).

¹⁹B{¹H} NMR (192 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 65.1 (ν₁/₂ ≈ 1600 Hz), -16.3 (ν₁/₂ ≈ 15 Hz).

³¹P{¹H} NMR (243 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 48.6 (ν₁/₂ ≈ 5 Hz).

¹⁹F NMR (564 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = -128.0 (m, 4F, o), -149.7 (t, J_FF = 20.3 Hz, 2F, p), -161.7 (m, 4F, m)(B(C₆F₅)₂)[Δδ¹⁹F_m = 12.0], -131.5, -131.9 (each 2F, o), -161.0, -162.3 (each br, each 1F, p), -165.4, -166.1 (each br, each 2F, m)(HB(C₆F₅)₂).
$^1$H NMR (600 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 6 (p: pentane)

$^{13}$C{$^1$H} NMR (151 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 6 (p: pentane)
$^{13}$C $^{[1]}$H NMR (151 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 6

$^{11}$B NMR (192 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) and $^{31}$P $^{[1]}$H NMR (243 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectra of compound 6

$^{19}$F NMR (564 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 6
X-ray crystal structure analysis of compound 6: formula C_{41}H_{19}B_{2}F_{20}P, \( M = 944.15 \), colourless crystal, 0.16 x 0.08 x 0.03 mm, \( a = 12.7173(3) \), \( b = 24.4025(6) \), \( c = 16.3076(4) \) Å, \( \beta = 111.724(1) \) °, \( V = 4701.4(2) \) Å³, \( \rho_{\text{calc}} = 1.334 \text{ g cm}^{-3} \), \( \mu = 1.499 \text{ mm}^{1} \), empirical absorption correction (0.795 ≤ \( T \) ≤ 0.956), \( Z = 4 \), monoclinic, space group \( P2_1/c \) (No. 14), \( \lambda = 1.54178 \) Å, \( T = 223(2) \) K, \( \omega \) and \( \varphi \) scans, 43736 reflections collected (± \( h \), ± \( k \), ± \( l \)), 8056 independent (\( R_{\text{int}} = 0.063 \)) and 5963 observed reflections [\( I > 2\sigma(I) \)], 582 refined parameters, \( R = 0.054 \), \( wR^2 = 0.179 \), max. (min.) residual electron density 0.24 (-0.38) e Å⁻³, the hydrogen at B1 atom was refined freely; others were calculated and refined as riding atoms.
Synthesis of Compound 7

[Diagram of Compound 7]

A solution of compound 6 (120 mg, 0.13 mmol) in dichloromethane was stirred at 80 °C for 3 h. Subsequently, all volatiles were removed in vacuo. The obtained residue was washed with pentane (3 x 2 mL) and dried in vacuo to give compound 7 (100 mg, 0.11 mmol, 81%) as a colorless solid. Single crystals of compound 7 suitable for the X-ray crystal structure analysis were obtained by storing a solution of compound 7 in pentane at room temperature for several days.

IR (KBr): $\tilde{\nu} / \text{cm}^{-1} = 3065$ (w), 2963 (w), 2930 (w), 1646 (m), 1518 (s), 1466 (vs), 1360 (w), 1288 (w), 1217 (w), 1096 (s), 972 (s), 743 (w), 689 (w), 625 (w).

Melting point: 144 °C.

Elemental analysis: calc. for C$_41$H$_{19}$B$_2$F$_{20}$P (944.15 g/mol): C, 52.16; H, 2.03. Found: 52.42, H, 2.57.

$^1$H NMR (600 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane): $\delta = 7.74$ (m, 3H, o,p-Ph$_a$), 7.68 (m, p-Ph$_b$), 7.59 (m, 1H, p-Ph$_a$), 7.37 (m, 2H, m-Ph$_b$), 7.24 (m, 2H, o-Ph$_b$), 3.44 (m, 1H, PCH), 3.17, 2.35 (each m, each 1H, CH$_2$), 3.11 (m, MeCH), 2.78 (m, 1H, BCH), 2.12 (br, 1H, BHB), 0.99 (d, $^3$J$_{HH} = 6.5$ Hz, 3H, CH$_3$).

$^{13}$C$^{1}$H NMR (151 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane): $\delta = 134.3$ (p-Ph$_{a,b}$), 132.3 (d, $^3$J$_{PC} = 9.6$ Hz, o-Ph$_b$), 131.7 (d, $^3$J$_{PC} = 9.3$ Hz, o-Ph$_a$), 130.7 (d, $^3$J$_{PC} = 11.7$ Hz, m-Ph$_b$), 129.7 (d, $^3$J$_{PC} = 12.0$ Hz, m-Ph$_b$), 124.7 (d, $^3$J$_{PC} = 124.7 (d, o-Ph$_b$), 121.2 (d, $^3$J$_{PC} = 74.2$ Hz, i-Ph$_b$), 47.4 (br, BCH), 36.7 (MeCH), 34.6 (d, $^3$J$_{PC} = 58.4$ Hz, CH$_2$), 27.2 (br, BCH), 22.8 (d, $^3$J$_{PC} = 8.9$ Hz, CH$_3$), [C$_6$F$_5$ not listed].

$^1$H,$^1$H GCOSY (600 MHz / 600 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) [selected traces]: $\delta^1$H / $\delta^1$H = 7.68 / 7.74 (m-Ph$_a$ / o-p-Ph$_a$), 7.37 / 7.59, 7.24 (m-Ph$_b$ / o-p-Ph$_b$).

$^1$H,$^{13}$C GHSQC (600 MHz / 151 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane): $\delta^1$H / $\delta^{13}$C = 7.74 / 131.7 (o-Ph$_b$), 7.74 / 134.3 (p-Ph$_b$), 7.68 / 130.7 (m-Ph$_b$), 7.59 / 134.3 (p-Ph$_b$), 7.37 / 129.7 (m-Ph$_b$), 7.24 / 132.3 (o-Ph$_b$), 4.44 / 27.2 (PCH), 3.17, 2.35 / 34.6 (CH$_2$), 3.11 / 36.7 (MeCH), 2.78 / 47.4 (BCH), 0.99 / 22.8 (CH$_3$).

$^1$H,$^{13}$C GHMBC (600 MHz / 151 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) [selected traces]: $\delta^1$H / $\delta^{13}$C = 7.68 / 130.7, 124.7 (m-Ph$_b$ / m-Ph$_b$, i-Ph$_b$), 7.37 / 129.7, 121.2 (m-Ph$_b$ / m-Ph$_b$, i-Ph$_b$).

$^{11}$B$^{1}$H NMR (192 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane): $\delta = 9.4$ (v$_{1/2} = 500$ Hz), 5.5 (v$_{1/2} \approx 300$ Hz).

$^{31}$P$^{1}$H NMR (243 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane): $\delta = 47.5$ (v$_{1/2} \approx 10$ Hz).

$^{19}$F NMR (564 MHz, 213 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane): $\delta = -125.8, -126.7, -127.7, -127.9, -129.2, -133.5, -137.8, -138.0$ (each m, each 1F, o-C$_6$F$_5$), -155.6 (t, $^3$J$_{PF} = 20.0$ Hz), -156.4 (t, $^3$J$_{PF} = 20.4$ Hz), -156.7 (t, $^3$J$_{PF} = 20.0$ Hz), -158.7 (t, $^3$J$_{PF} = 20.4$ Hz)(each 1F, p-C$_6$F$_5$), -162.6, -162.7, -163.5, -163.6, -164.2, -164.6, -164.8, -165.4 (each m, each 1F, m-C$_6$F$_5$).
$^1$H NMR (600 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 7

$^{11}$B-$^1$H NMR (192 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) and $^{31}$P-$^1$H NMR (243 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectra of compound 7

$^{19}$F NMR (564 MHz, 299 and 213 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectra of compound 7
X-ray crystal structure analysis of compound 7: formula C_{41}H_{19}B_{20}F_{20}P, M = 944.15, colourless crystal, 0.22 x 0.12 x 0.10 mm, \(a = 12.6726(5)\) Å, \(b = 20.3084(6)\) Å, \(c = 19.6095(6)\) Å, \(\beta = 124.093(1)\) °, \(V = 8136.8(4)\) Å\(^3\), \(\rho_{\text{calc}} = 1.541\) gcm\(^{-3}\), \(\mu = 1.733\) mm\(^{-1}\), empirical absorption correction \(0.701 \leq T \leq 0.845\), \(Z = 8\), monoclinic, space group C2/c (No. 15), \(\lambda = 1.54178\) Å, \(T = 223(2)\) K, \(\omega\) and \(\phi\) scans, 32709 reflections collected \((\pm h, \pm k, \pm l)\), 7075 independent \((R_{int} = 0.042)\) and 6125 observed reflections \([I>2\sigma(I)]\), 582 refined parameters, \(R = 0.046,\ wR^2 = 0.135\), max. (min.) residual electron density 0.32 (-0.27) eÅ\(^{-3}\), the hydrogen between B1 and B2 atoms was refined freely; others were calculated and refined as riding atoms.
Synthesis of Compound 9

Excess of benzaldehyde (40 mg, 0.38 mmol) was added to a solution of compound 6 (150 mg, 0.16 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 mL). Then the reaction mixture was stirred at r.t. for one hour. After removing all volatiles of the solution in vacuo, the residue was dissolved in hot pentane (5 mL). The solution was kept at r.t. for one day to give some colorless crystalline material. The solid was collected and dried in vacuo to give compound 9 (130 mg, 0.12 mmol, 77%). Single crystals of compound 9 suitable for the X-ray crystal structure analysis were obtained by storing a solution of compound 9 in dichloromethane at room temperature for several days.

IR (KBr): ν / cm⁻¹ = 3065 (w), 2929 (w), 1644 (m), 1519 (s), 1456 (vs), 1283 (w), 1095 (s), 971 (s), 854, 750 (m), 691 (m), 531 (w).

Melting point: 189 °C.


¹H NMR (500 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) δ = 7.79 (m, 1H, p-Ph), 7.67 (m, 2H, o-Ph), 7.62 (m, 2H, m-Ph), 7.49 (m, 1H, m-Ph), 7.32 (m, 2H, m-Ph), 7.12 (m, 1H, p-bzl), 7.10 (m, 1H, o-Ph), 7.00 (m, 2H, m-bzl), 6.88 (m, 2H, o-bzl), 5.01, 4.97 (AB, J₁HH = 13.5 Hz, each 1H, CH₂), 3.39 (ddd, J₁HH = 16.6, J₁PP = 10.1, J₁PP = 6.8 Hz, 1H, PCH₂), 3.31 (br, 1H, BCH), 3.14 (m, 1H, PCH), 2.37 (ddd, J₁HH = 16.6, J₁PP = 13.0, J₁PP = 8.0 Hz, 1H, PCH₂), 1.91 (m, 1H, MeCH), 1.38 (d, J₁HH = 6.3 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

¹³C(¹H) NMR (126 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 134.6 (d, J₁PC = 2.9 Hz, p-Ph), 134.5 (i-bzl), 133.8 (d, J₁PC = 9.0 Hz, o-Ph), 133.1 (d, J₁PC = 9.2 Hz, o-Ph), 133.0 (d, J₁PC = 3.2 Hz, p-Ph), 130.7 (o-bzl), 130.0 (d, J₁PC = 11.8 Hz, m-Ph), 129.4 (d, J₁PC = 11.8 Hz, m-Ph), 128.7 (p-bzl), 127.6 (m-bzl), 124.1 (d, J₁PC = 73.1 Hz, p-Ph), 120.4 (d, J₁PC = 78.2 Hz, i-Ph), 74.1 (CH₂), 46.6 (br, BCH), 40.2 (d, J₁PC = 60.9 Hz, PCH₂), 39.6 (br m, PCH), 36.1 (d, J₁PC = 3.2 Hz, MeCH), 21.4 (m, CH₃), [C₆F₅ not listed].

¹H,¹³C GHSQC (500 MHz / 126 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ¹H / δ¹³C = 7.79 / 134.6 (p-Ph), 7.67 / 133.8 (o-Ph), 7.62 / 130.0 (m-Ph), 7.49 / 133.0 (p-Ph), 7.32 / 129.4 (m-Ph), 7.10 / 133.1 (o-Ph), 7.10 / 128.7 (p-bzl), 7.00 / 127.6 (m-bzl), 6.88 / 130.7 (o-bzl), 5.01, 4.97 / 74.1 (CH₂), 3.39, 2.27 / 40.2 (PCH₂), 3.31 / 46.6 (BCH), 3.14 / 39.6 (PCH), 1.91 / 36.1 (MeCH), 1.38 / 21.4 (CH₃).

¹H,¹³C GHMBC (500 MHz / 126 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) [selected traces]: δ¹H / δ¹³C = 7.62 / 134.6, 130.0, 120.4 (m-Ph / p-Ph, m-Ph, p-Ph), 7.32 / 133.0, 129.4, 124.1 (m-Ph / p-Ph, m-Ph, i-Ph), 7.00 / 134.5, 127.6 (m-bzl / i-bzl, m-bzl), 3.14 / 124.1, 120.4 (PCH / i-Ph, i-Ph).

¹¹B(¹H) NMR (160 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 5.8 (ν₁/₂ ≈ 400 Hz), 3.5 (ν₁/₂ ≈ 300 Hz).

³¹P(¹H) NMR (202 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 42.1 (ν₁/₂ ≈ 10 Hz).

¹⁹F NMR (564 MHz, 198 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = -123.4 (m, 1F, o), -126.4(m, 1F, o’), -155.5 (br d, J₁FF = 21.7 Hz, 1F, p), -163.4 (m, 1F, m), -164.1 (m, 1F, m’)(C₆F₅)[Δ¹⁹Fₑₚ = 7.9, 8.6], -121.0 (m, 1F, o), -126.72 (m, 1F, o’), -157.1 (br d, J₁FF = 21.4 Hz, 1F, p), -164.0 (m, 1F,
m'), -164.44 (m, 1F, m)(C₆F₅)[Δδ¹⁹Fₑₓᵖ = 6.9, 7.3], -126.66 (o), -134.1 (m, 1F, o'), -158.9 (br d, ¹JFF = 21.6 Hz, 1F, p), -161.0 (m, 1F, m), -163.9 (m, 1F, m')(C₆F₅)[Δδ¹⁹Fₑₓᵖ = 2.1, 5.0], -127.3 (m, 1F, o), -132.9 (m, 1F, o'), -159.2 (br d, ¹JFF = 21.2 Hz, 1F, p), -164.36 (m, 1F, m'), -164.8 (m, 1F, m)(C₆F₅)[Δδ¹⁹Fₑₓᵖ = 5.2, 5.6].

¹⁹F,¹⁹F GCOSY (564 MHz / 564 MHz, 198 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ¹⁹F / δ¹⁹F = -163.4 / -123.4, -155.5 (m / o, p), -126.4 (m, 1F, o'), -155.5 (br d, ¹JFF = 21.7 Hz, 1F, p), -164.1 / -126.4, -155.5 (m' / o', p)(C₆F₅), -121.0 (m, 1F, o), -157.1 (br d, ¹JFF = 21.4 Hz, 1F, p), -164.44 / -121.0, -157.1 (m / o, p), -126.72 (m, 1F, o'), -157.1 (br d, ¹JFF = 21.4 Hz, 1F, p), -164.0 / -126.72, -157.1 (m' / o', p)(C₆F₅), -126.66 (o), -158.9 (br d, ¹JFF = 21.6 Hz, 1F, p), -161.0 / -126.66, -158.9 (m / o, p), -163.9 / -134.1, -158.9 (m, 1F, m' / o', p)(C₆F₅), -164.8 / -127.3, -159.2 (m / o, p), -164.36 / -132.9, -159.2 (m, 1F, m' / o', p), (C₆F₅).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 9.
$^{13}$C\textsuperscript{[1]H} NMR (126 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 9
$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (160 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) and $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (202 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectra of compound 9.

$^{19}\text{F}$ NMR (470 MHz, 299 K and 564 MHz, 198 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectra of compound 9.

**X-ray crystal structure analysis of compound 9:** formula C$_{48}$H$_{25}$B$_2$F$_{20}$OP, $M = 1050.27$, colourless crystal, 0.33 x 0.10 x 0.02 mm, $a = 13.2593(4)$, $b = 22.2116(7)$, $c = 19.2412(7)$ Å, $\beta = 101.101(2)$ °, $V = 5560.7(3)$ Å$^3$, $\rho_{\text{calc}} = 1.255$ gcm$^{-3}$, $\mu = 1.335$ mm$^{-1}$, empirical absorption correction ($0.667 \leq T \leq 0.973$), $Z = 4$, monoclinic, space group $P2_1/n$ (No. 14), $\lambda = 1.54178$ Å, $T = 223(2)$ K, $\omega$ and $\varphi$ scans, 40993 reflections collected ($\pm h, \pm k, \pm l$), 9383 independent ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.075$) and 6308 observed reflections ($I > 2\sigma(I)$), 650 refined parameters, $R = 0.053$, $wR^2 = 0.159$, max. (min.) residual electron density 0.20 (-0.26) eÅ$^{-3}$, the hydrogen at B1 atom was refined freely; others were calculated and refined as riding atoms.
Synthesis of Compound 10

A solution of compound 6 (120 mg, 0.17 mmol) in dichloromethane (5 mL) was degassed and then exposed to a CO atmosphere (2.5 bar). After stirring the reaction mixture at r.t. for 30 min, all volatiles were removed in vacuo. The obtained residue was washed with cold dichloromethane (4 mL) and dried in vacuo to give compound 10 (104 mg, 0.11 mmol, 63%) as a colorless solid. Single crystals of compound 10 suitable for the X-ray crystal structure analysis were obtained by slowly diffusion of pentane to a solution of compound 10 in dichloromethane at room temperature.

IR (KBr): ν / cm⁻¹ = 3021 (w), 2987 (w), 2933 (w), 1647 (m), 1519 (s), 1497 (m), 1468 (vs), 1247 (m), 1069 (m), 971 (s), 737 (w), 544 (w).

Melting point: 176 °C.

Elemental analysis: calc. for C_{42}H_{10}B_{2}F_{20}OP (972.16 g/mol): C, 51.89; H, 1.97. Found: C, 52.10; H, 1.89.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) δ = 8.02 (m, 2H, o-Ph), 7.85 (m, 1H, p-Ph), 7.74 (m, 2H, m-Ph), 7.67 (m, 1H, p-Ph), 7.52 (m, 2H, m-Ph), 7.41 (m, 2H, o-Ph), 4.29 (s, 1H, OCH), 3.11 (m, 1H, BCH), 2.19 (br, 1H, MeCH), 1.22 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.19 (s, 6H, PCH), 36.9 (br, MeCH), 36.1 (d, J = 17.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.27 (m, 1H, BCH), 2.19 (br, 1H, MeCH), 1.22 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃).

¹³C(¹H) NMR (151 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) δ = 134.9 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, p-Ph), 134.3 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, p-Ph), 133.6 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, o-Ph), 132.1 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, o-Ph), 130.5 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, m-Ph), 130.1 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, m-Ph), 123.3 (d, J = 76.5 Hz, i-Ph), 119.9 (d, J = 81.2 Hz, i-Ph), 60.8 (br, OCH), 45.9 (br, BCH), 41.8 (d, J = 60.4 Hz, CH2), 36.9 (br, m, PCH), 36.1 (MeCH), 21.1 (br, CH3), [C₆F₅ not listed].

¹H,¹H TOCSY (600 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) [selected experiment]: δ¹H (CH = 3.11 / 2.81, 2.67, 2.27, 2.19, 1.22 (CH2 / CH2, PCH, BCH, MeCH, CH3), 36.1 (MeCH), 21.1 (br, CH3).

¹H,¹H COSY (600 MHz / 600 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) [selected traces]: δ¹H (CH = 7.74 / 8.02, 7.85 (m-Ph / o-Ph), 7.52 / 7.67, 7.41 (m-Ph / p-Ph, o-Ph), 1.22 / 2.19 (CH2 / MeCH).

¹H,¹³C GHMBC (600 MHz / 151 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) [selected traces]: δ¹H / δ¹³C = 8.02 / 134.9, 133.6 (o-Ph / p-Ph, o-Ph), 7.85 / 133.6 (p-Ph / o-Ph), 7.74 / 130.5, 119.9 (m-Ph / m-Ph, i-Ph), 7.67 / 132.1 (p-Ph / o-Ph), 7.52 / 130.1, 123.3 (m-Ph / m-Ph, i-Ph), 7.41 / 134.3, 132.1 (o-Ph / p-Ph, o-Ph), 4.29 / 144.8, 113.8, 36.9 (OCH / o-C₆F₅, i-C₆F₅, PCH), 3.11 / 119.9, 45.9, 36.1 (CH2 / i-Ph, BCH, MeCH), 2.81 / 119.9, 36.1, 21.1 (CH2 / i-Ph, MeCH, CH3), 2.67 / 119.9, 60.8, 45.9 (PCH / i-Ph, OCH, BCH), 1.22 / 45.9, 41.8, 36.1 (CH3 / BCH, CH2, MeCH).

¹¹B(¹H) NMR (192 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane): δ = 4.2 (ν = 500 Hz), -3.5 (ν = 500 Hz).

³¹P(¹H) NMR (243 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) δ = 38.9 (ν = 15 Hz).

¹⁹F NMR (564 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) δ = -130.6 (m, 2F, o), -159.6 (t, J = 20.3 Hz, 1F, p), -164.8 (m, 2F, m)(BC₆F₅)[ΔF = 5.2], -131.2 (m, 2F, o), -159.0 (t, J = 20.3 Hz, 1F, p).

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20.2 Hz, 1F, p), -165.3 (m, 2F, m)(BC$_6$F$_5$)\[\Delta\delta^{19}F_{mp} = 6.3\], -142.8 (m, 2F, o); -158.3 (t, $^3J_{FP} = 20.9$ Hz, 1F, p), -164.0 (m, 2F, m)(C$_6$F$_5$)\[\Delta\delta^{19}F_{mp} = 5.7\], -131.5 (m, 2F, o), -156.8 (t, $^3J_{FP} = 20.2$ Hz, 1F, p), -164.1 (m, 2F, m)(BC$_6$F$_5$)\[\Delta\delta^{19}F_{mp} = 7.3\].

$^{19}$F,$^{19}$F G COSY (564 MHz / 564 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane): $\delta^{19}$F / $\delta^{19}$F = -164.8 / -130.6, -159.6 (m / o, p) (BC$_6$F$_5$), -131.2 (m, 2F, o), -159.0 (t, $^3J_{FP} = 20.2$ Hz, 1F, p), -165.3 / -131.2, -19.0 (m / o, p) (BC$_6$F$_5$), -142.8 (m, 2F, o); -158.3 (t, $^3J_{FP} = 20.9$ Hz, 1F, p), -164.0 / -142.8, -158.3 (m / o, p) (C$_6$F$_5$), -131.5 (m, 2F, o), -164.1 / -131.5, -156.8 (m / o, p) (BC$_6$F$_5$).

$^1$H NMR (600 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 11
NMR (151 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 11

$^{13}$C-$^1$H NMR (151 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectrum of compound 11

$^{31}$P-$^1$H NMR (243 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectra of compound 11

$^{11}$B-$^1$H NMR (192 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) and $^{31}$P-$^1$H NMR (243 MHz, 299 K, [D$_2$]-dichloromethane) spectra of compound 11
X-ray crystal structure analysis of compound 10: formula C₄₁H₁₉B₂F₂₀OP, \( M = 972.16 \), colourless crystal, 0.26 x 0.20 x 0.13 mm, \( a = 11.3678(4) \), \( b = 11.6324(4) \), \( c = 16.8035(7) \) Å, \( \alpha = 70.245(2) \), \( \beta = 82.445(2) \), \( \gamma = 79.967(3) \)°, \( V = 2052.9(1) \) Å³, \( \rho_{\text{calc}} = 1.573 \) gcm⁻³, \( \mu = 1.755 \) mm⁻¹, empirical absorption correction (0.658 ≤ \( T \) ≤ 0.804), \( Z = 2 \), triclinic, space group \( P\bar{1} \) (No. 2), \( \lambda = 1.54178 \) Å, \( T = 223(2) \) K, \( \omega \) and \( \phi \) scans, 26975 reflections collected (±\( h \), ±\( k \), ±\( l \)), 7091 independent (\( R_{\text{int}} = 0.036 \)) and 6631 observed reflections \( (I > 2\sigma(I)) \), 596 refined parameters, \( R = 0.046 \), \( wR^2 = 0.137 \), max. (min.) residual electron density 0.53 (-0.28) eÅ⁻³, the hydrogen at B1 atom was refined freely; others were calculated and refined as riding atoms.
Reaction of Compound 7 with CO

A solution of compound 7 (24 mg, 0.034 mmol) in [D₂]-dichloromethane (2 mL) was degassed and then exposed to a CO atmosphere (2.5 bar). After stirring the reaction mixture at r.t. for 30 min, the solution was transferred to an NMR tube and characterized by NMR experiments.

\[ \text{\textsuperscript{1}H NMR (500 MHz, 299 K, [D₂]-dichloromethane) spectra of compound 7 and the reaction mixture after the reaction of compound 7 and CO} \]