# **Copper-Free Arylation of 3,3-Disubstituted Allylic Halides with Triazene-Softened Aryl Grignard Reagents**

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# **A. General Information**

Air- or moisture-sensitive reactions were carried out under nitrogen. THF was dried with sodium and freshly distilled. The other materials were purchased from Aladdin and other commercial suppliers and used without additional purification unless otherwise stated. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruke Avance operating at for <sup>1</sup>H NMR at 400 MHz, and <sup>13</sup>C NMR at 100 MHz using TMS as internal standard. Chemical shifts were given relative to CDCl<sub>3</sub> (7.26 ppm for <sup>1</sup>H NMR, 77.0 ppm for <sup>13</sup>C NMR). Mass spectroscopy data of the products were collected on an HRMS-TOF instrument or Waters TOFMS GCT Premier or a low-resolution MS instrument using

EI or ESI ionization. Infrared spectra were recorded on a Bruke ATR-FTIR spectrometer. Melting points were measured with WRS-1A digital point apparatus.

# **B.** Synthesis of Starting Materials<sup>1,2,3</sup>

## B.1. General Procedure of compound 2a-2l, 2n and 2o



Substituted 2-iodoaniline (1.0 equiv) was dissolved in CH<sub>3</sub>CN at room temperature, and then concentrated hydrochloric acid (2.5 equiv) was added. The solution was stirred and cooled to 0 °C. After 15 min, a solution of NaNO<sub>2</sub> (1.2 equiv) was added dropwise. The resulting solution of the diazonium salt was stirred for 30 min and then added pyrrolidine (1.2 equiv) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (1.7 equiv). After completion, monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC), the reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel chromatography.



Yield: 95%; brown solid; Rf = 0.61 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 50-51 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.83 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.36 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.25 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 6.81 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.91 (br, 2 H), 3.72 (br, 2 H), 2.00 (br, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  150.4, 138.9, 128.6, 126.4, 117.4, 96.3, 50.9, 47.0, 23.9, 23.5; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2870, 1402, 1313, 1014, 755 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 94%; brown solid; R*f* = 0.63 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 56-57 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.66 (s, 1 H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.99-3.62 (m, 4 H), 2.27 (s, 3 H), 2.00 (br, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 148.2, 139.2, 136.3, 129.5, 116.9, 96.2, 50.9, 46.9, 23.7, 23.5, 20.3; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2728, 1413, 1313, 1032, 781 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 90%; brown oil; Rf = 0.56 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.56 (dd, J = 8.2 Hz, 2.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.33 (dd, J = 8.8 Hz, 5.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.02 (dt, J = 8.4 Hz, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.91 (br, 2 H), 3.71 (br, 2 H), 2.02 (br, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  159.7 (d, <sup>1</sup>*JC*-*F* = 246.2 Hz), 147.0 (d, <sup>4</sup>*JC*-*F* = 3.0 Hz), 125.2 (d, <sup>2</sup>*JC*-*F* = 23.9 Hz), 117.4 (d, <sup>3</sup>*JC*-*F* = 8.0 Hz), 115.6 (d, <sup>2</sup>*JC*-*F* = 21.8 Hz), 95.3 (d, <sup>3</sup>*JC*-*F* = 8.2 Hz), 50.9, 47.0, 23.9, 23.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2871, 1416, 1025, 785 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 97%; yellow solid; R*f* = 0.65 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 49-50 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.80 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.22 (dd, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.96-3.85 (m, 2 H), 3.74-3.64 (m, 2 H), 2.08-1.95 (m, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  149.1, 137.9, 130.3, 128.6, 117.5, 96.1, 51.0, 47.1, 23.9, 23.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2872, 1411, 1312, 1252, 1028, 821, 748 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 97%; brown solid; Rf = 0.63 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 48-49 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.95 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.37 (dd, J = 8.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.93 (br, 2 H), 3.71 (br, 2 H), 2.04 (br, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  149.6, 140.7, 131.6, 118.15, 118.12, 96.6, 51.1, 47.2, 24.0, 23.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2872, 1457, 1312, 1163, 821, 745 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 88%; brown oil; Rf = 0.52 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.07 (s, 1 H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.03-3.91 (m, 2 H), 3.81-3.71 (m, 2 H), 2.14-1.99 (m, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  153.1, 136.1 (q, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>C-F</sub> = 3.9 Hz), 127.6 (q, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>C-F</sub> = 32.5 Hz), 125.7 (q, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>C-F</sub> = 3.6 Hz), 95.5, 51.3, 47.5, 24.0, 23.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2871, 1469, 1180, 1026, 860, 785 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 97%; yellow solid; Rf = 0.46 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 116-117 °C;

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.50 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.92 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.34 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 4.00-3.91 (m, 2 H), 3.79-3.71 (m, 2 H), 2.10-1.99 (m, 4 H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$ 165.3, 153.8, 140.5, 130.0, 127.8, 116.4, 95.5, 60.9, 51.2, 47.5, 23.9, 23.3, 14.3; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2875, 1691, 1239, 1114, 768 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 80%; yellow solid; Rf = 0.34 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. =

159-160 °C;

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.08 (s, 1 H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.02-3.95 (m, 2 H), 3.80-3.74 (m, 2 H), 2.14-2.04 (m, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  153.9, 142.6, 132.3, 118.0, 117.0, 108.8, 95.6, 51.5, 47.8, 23.9, 23.3; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2856, 2217, 1473, 1330, 1132, 770 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 90%; brown solid; Rf = 0.63 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 50-51 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.71 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.21 (s, 1 H), 6.69 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.93 (br, 2 H), 3.74 (br, 2 H), 2.31 (s, 3 H), 2.02 (br, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  150.0, 138.5, 138.4, 127.5, 118.0, 92.3, 50.8, 46.9, 23.9, 23.3, 21.0; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2869, 1474, 1334, 1033, 781 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 316 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 22), 245 (13), 217 (100), 108 (7); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>IN<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 316.0310, found: 316.0318.



Yield: 92%; yellow solid; Rf = 0.65 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 48-49 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.73 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.38 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 6.82 (dd, J = 8.4 Hz, 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.99-3.91 (m, 2 H), 3.77-3.70 (m, 2 H), 2.11-2.00 (m, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  151.3, 139.6, 134.8, 126.2, 117.4, 93.4, 51.2, 47.3, 24.0, 23.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2870, 1409, 1310, 1096, 820 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 337 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>37</sup>, 9), 336 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>35</sup>, 3), 265 (26), 237 (100), 128 (5); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>11</sub>ClIN<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 335.9764, found: 335.9767.



Yield: 85%; brown solid; R*f* = 0.68 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 66-67 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.68 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1 H), 6.49 (dd, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.93 (br, 2 H), 3.77 (s, 3 H), 3.73 (br, 2 H), 2.02 (br, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  160.4, 151.0, 138.9, 113.6, 102.2, 85.4, 55.3, 50.9, 47.1, 23.9, 23.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2870, 1573, 1467, 1307, 1151, 853, 735 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 93%; brown oil;  $R_f = 0.64$  (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.53 (s, 1 H), 6.95 (s, 1 H), 3.81 (br, 4 H), 2.25 (s, 3 H), 2.20 (s, 3 H), 2.10-1.99 (m, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 148.0, 136.9, 135.7, 131.9, 130.3, 93.6, 23.8, 20.1, 19.1 (three carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2869, 1419, 1318, 1109, 797 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 95%; brown solid; Rf = 0.66 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 40-41 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.56 (s, 1 H), 7.18 (s, 1 H), 3.93 (br, 2 H), 3.72 (br, 2 H), 2.24 (s, 3 H), 2.11-1.98 (m, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  146.3, 137.9, 136.7, 130.8, 125.6, 93.7, 50.9, 46.5, 23.8, 23.5, 19.9; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2872, 1416, 1260, 1161, 852, 745 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 96%; brown solid; Rf = 0.65 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 73-74 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.61 (s, 1 H), 7.38 (s, 1 H), 3.95 (br, 2 H), 3.72 (br, 2 H), 2.25 (s, 3 H), 2.11-1.99 (m, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  147.3, 138.7, 137.2, 133.9, 115.3, 92.9, 51.0, 46.6, 23.9, 23.5, 19.9; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2871, 1413, 1314, 1134, 722 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

# **B2.2 Procedure of Compound 2p**



To a solution of 2,6-diiodo-4-methylaniline (1.0 equiv) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN was added concentrated hydrochloric acid (2.5 equiv) to form a thick slurry. The slurry was cooled to  $-10^{\circ}$ C and NaNO<sub>2</sub> (1.2 equiv) in H<sub>2</sub>O was added dropwise over 15 min keeping the temperature below  $-3^{\circ}$ C. The mixture was then allowed to stirred at  $-10^{\circ}$ C for 30 min. The slurry was then slowly transferred to a quench solution at  $-10^{\circ}$ C of K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (1.7 equiv), pyrrolidine (1.2 equiv) and H<sub>2</sub>O:CH<sub>3</sub>CN (2:1) keeping the temperature below  $0^{\circ}$ C. After completion, monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC), the reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel chromatography.



Yield: 89%; brown solid; Rf = 0.35 (20:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 116-117 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.65 (s, 2 H), 3.96 (br, 2 H), 3.72 (br, 2 H), 2.23 (s, 3 H), 2.06 (br, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  149.2, 139.9, 137.7, 90.8, 51.0,

#### **B2.3 Procedure of Compound 2m**



A dry and N<sub>2</sub>-flushed 50 mL Schlenk tube, equipped with a magnetic stirrer and a septum was charged with (*E*)-1-((2,6-diiodo-4-methylphenyl)diazenyl)pyrrolidine (1.0 equiv) in dry THF (4 mL). *i*-PrMgCl (1.0 M in THF, 1.3 equiv) was then added dropwise at -30 °C. After 3 h, a complete conversion to the corresponding Grignard reagent was observed as indicated by thin layer chromatography (TLC). CuCN·2LiCl (1.0 M in THF, 0.1 equiv) and 3-bromoprop-1-ene (1.5 equiv) were added. The reaction mixture was slowly warmed to room temperature for 12 h before quenched by NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. The resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic fractions were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated in vacuo and purified by silica gel chromatography.



Yield: 85%; brown oil; Rf = 0.63 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.56 (s, 1 H), 6.98 (s, 1 H), 5.59-5.82 (m, 1 H), 5.07-4.98 (m, 2 H), 4.01-3.60 (m, 4 H), 3.32 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.26 (s, 3 H), 2.05 (br, 4 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  147.8, 137.4, 137.2, 136.0, 132.5, 130.9, 115.4, 93.4, 50.9, 46.3, 36.6, 23.8, 20.2 (one carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2869, 1420, 1319, 1031, 819 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

#### **B 2. Procedure of Compound 2q**



A dry and N<sub>2</sub>-flushed 50 mL Schlenk tube, equipped with a magnetic stirrer and a septum was charged with (*E*)-1-((2,6-diiodo-4-methylphenyl)diazenyl)pyrrolidine (1.0 equiv) in dry THF (4 mL). *i*-PrMgCl (1.0 M in THF, 1.3 equiv) was then added dropwise at -30 °C. After 3 h, a complete conversion to the corresponding Grignard reagent was observed as indicated by thin layer chromatography (TLC). CuCN·2LiCl (1.0 M in THF, 0.1 equiv) and pivaloyl chloride (1.5 equiv) were added. The reaction mixture was slowly warmed to room temperature for 12 h before quenched by NH4Cl. The resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic fractions were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated in vacuo and purified by silica gel chromatography.



Yield: 85%; yellow solid; Rf = 0.40 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); m.p. = 101-102 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.70 (s, 1 H), 6.79 (s, 1 H), 3.89-3.82 (m, 2 H),

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.70 (s, 1 H),  $\delta$ .79 (s, 1 H), 3.89-3.82 (m, 2 H), 3.72-3.64 (m, 2 H), 2.27 (s, 3 H), 2.07-1.95 (m, 4 H), 1.12 (s, 9 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  214.2, 144.2, 139.9, 135.7, 131.6, 127.3, 96.5, 50.8, 47.6, 44.6, 27.4, 24.1, 23.4, 20.3; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2870, 1686, 1411, 1313, 1131, 760 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 400 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 40), 245 (53), 231 (100), 159 (36), 131 (17), 104 (16); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>IN<sub>3</sub>O ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 400.0886, found: 400.0890.

#### **B3.** General Procedure of compound 3, 4

#### **B3.1 General Procedure for the synthesis of allylic alcohols<sup>2</sup>**

$$\begin{array}{c} R^{1} \\ R^{2} \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{NaH, THF}} \\ R^{2} \end{array} \xrightarrow{R^{1}} \\ R^{2} \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{DIBAL-H}} \\ R^{2} \\ COOEt \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{DIBAL-H}} \\ R^{2} \\ R^{2} \\ COOEt \end{array}$$

To a stirred solution of triethylphosphonoacetate (1.7 equiv) in THF was added NaH (1.2 equiv) at 0°C. After stirring for 2 h at 0°C, the appropriate ketone (1.0 equiv) was added dropwise, and the reaction was stirred overnight at room temperature. Monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC), the reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel chromatography.

The ester (1.0 equiv) was dissolved in THF and cooled down to -78°C. Dibal-H (1.5 M in hexanes, 1.5 equiv) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at -78°C for 3h, monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC). The solution was quenched with a saturated solution of NH<sub>4</sub>Cl at 0°C and stirred at room temperature for 20 min producing a white precipitate. The precipitate was filtered through a pad of Celite®. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel chromatography.



Yield: 95%; colorless oil; Rf = 0.21 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.32 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.07 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.91-2.65 (m, 1 H), 2.24-2.12 (m, 1 H), 1.56 (s, 3 H), 0.94 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  144.3, 121.1, 58.9, 36.4, 21.0, 13.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 3316, 2960, 1463, 1165, 996 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 96%; colorless oil; Rf = 0.22 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.39 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.13 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.45-2.20 (m, 1 H), 1.61 (s, 3 H), 1.01 (s, 9 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  146.5, 120.4, 59.7, 36.0, 28.7, 12.7; IR(ATR-FTIR): 3341, 2923, 1462, 1005, 750 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 95%; colorless oil; Rf = 0.21 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.31-5.23 (m, 1 H), 4.08 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.77-2.50 (m, 1 H), 2.06-1.93 (m, 4 H), 1.02-0.85 (m, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  146.6, 121.5, 58.6, 28.9, 23.4, 13.4, 12.2; IR(ATR-FTIR): 3320, 2964, 1464, 1001, 729 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

#### **B3.2** General Procedure of compound 3<sup>3</sup>



A solution of allylic alcohol (1.0 equiv) in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  was cooled to 0 °C, and PBr<sub>3</sub> (0.4 equiv) was added. The solution was allowed to stirried at 0 °C for 1 h, and  $H_2O$  was added to quench the reaction. The organic layer was separated, dried, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was used immediately in the subsequent step without further purification.

# **B3.3** General Procedure of compound 6<sup>4</sup>



Triphenylphosphine (1.5 equiv) was slowly added to a solution of allylic alcohol (1.0 equiv) in carbon tetrachloride and the resulting mixture was refluxed for 8 h. Then, the mixture was cooled and pentane was added. The suspension was filtered off and washed with pentane. The solvent was removed under vacuum.



Yield: 80%; yellow oil; Rf = 0.85 (Petroleum ether);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.45 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.10 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 2.32-2.23 (m, 1 H), 1.69 (s, 3 H), 1.02 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  148.3, 118.1, 41.2, 36.6, 29.7, 21.0, 13.5; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2923, 1467, 1065, 850 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 80%; colorless oil; Rf = 0.86 (Petroleum ether);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.51 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.12 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 1.73 (s, 3 H), 1.06 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  150.5, 117.3, 41.7, 36.4, 28.7, 12.6; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2854, 1461, 1252, 1055, 857 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 78%; yellow oil; Rf = 0.84 (Petroleum ether);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.39 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.12 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 2.17-2.04 (m, 4 H), 1.02 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  150.1, 118.4, 40.9, 29.1, 23.3, 13.4, 12.2; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2965, 1465, 1055, 856 cm<sup>-1</sup>.



Yield: 85%; yellow oil; Rf = 0.85 (Petroleum ether);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.44 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.08 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.08 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 2.15-2.02 (m, 4 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H), 1.68 (s, 3 H), 1.60 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 142.5, 131.7, 123.5, 120.3, 40.9, 39.3, 26.1, 25.5, 17.5, 15.9; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2854, 1472, 1075, 840 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

# C. General Procedure of Compound 1



A dry and nitrogen-flushed 25 ml Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer and a septum was charged with a solution of aryl halide (1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry THF (4 ml). *i*-PrMgCl·LiCl (1.3 mL, 1.3 mmol, 1.0 M in THF, 1.3 equiv) was then added dropwise at -30 °C. After the reaction mixture was continuously stirred at -30 °C for 3 h, a complete Br/Mg exchange was observed as indicated by thin layer chromatography (TLC). Allyl bromide (3 mmol, 3.0 equiv) was added at -40 °C and then the resulting mixture was stirred for 24 h before the addition of saturated aqueous NH4Cl solution (10ml). The resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 30 mL). The organic fractions were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated in vacuo and purified by silica gel chromatography.



Yield: 90%; colourless oil; Rf = 0.71 (Petroleum ether);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.36-7.29 (m, 2 H), 7.25-7.19 (m, 3 H), 5.39 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.40 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.80 (s, 3 H), 1.78 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 141.8, 132.5, 128.33, 128.30, 125.7, 123.2, 34.4, 25.7, 17.8; IR(ATR-FTIR): 1712, 1458, 807 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 146 (M<sup>+</sup>, 7), 105 (74), 91 (75), 77 (94), 72 (53), 59 (66), 43 (100), 39 (36); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 146.1096, found: 146.1093.



Yield: 85%; yellow oil; Rf = 0.23 (Petroleum ether);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.95 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 5.30 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 3.37 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 1.75 (s, 3 H), 1.71 (s, 3 H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  166.5, 147.1, 133.3, 129.6, 128.2, 128.0, 122.0, 60.6, 34.3, 25.6, 17.7, 14.2; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2362, 1714, 1274, 1103, 761, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 218 (M<sup>+</sup>, 24), 173 (35), 145 (100), 131 (68), 115 (32), 91 (52), 43 (79), 29 (97); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>(M<sup>+</sup>): 218.1307, found: 218.1307.



Yield: 80%; colourless oil; Rf = 0.81 (Petroleum ether);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.52 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 2 H), 7.08-6.99 (m, 1 H), 5.28 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.43 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.75 (s, 3 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  140.9, 133.5, 132.6, 130.0, 127.40, 127.36, 124.5, 121.4, 34.7, 25.7, 18.0; IR(ATR-FTIR): 1465, 1024, 748 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 226 (M<sup>+</sup>, Br<sup>81</sup>, 1), 224 (M<sup>+</sup>, Br<sup>81</sup>, 1), 144 (34), 129 (33), 102 (23), 51 (29), 43 (100), 27 (17); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>Br (M<sup>+</sup>): 224.0201, found: 224.0207.



Yield: 92%; colourless oil; Rf = 0.68 (Petroleum ether); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.19-7.10 (m, 2 H), 6.91-6.85 (m, 1 H), 6.85-6.79 (m, 1 H), 5.38-5.26 (m, 1 H), 3.81 (s, 3 H), 3.35-3.29 (m, 2 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.71 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  157.3, 132.3, 130.1, 129.3, 126.8, 122.6, 120.4, 110.2, 55.2, 28.4, 25.8, 17.7; IR(ATR-FTIR): 1598, 1242, 752 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 176 (M<sup>+</sup>, 16), 137 (33), 121 (59), 91 (87), 77 (54), 43 (100), 39 (49), 27 (20); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O (M<sup>+</sup>): 176.1201, found: 176.1199.



Yield: 95%; yellow oil; Rf = 0.39 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.47 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.05-6.99 (m, 1 H), 5.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, SN2), 3.49 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, SN2), 1.71 (s, 3 H, SN2), 1.64 (s, 3 H, SN2); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  161.4, 149.1, 136.2, 133.5, 122.3, 121.2, 120.8, 37.0, 25.6, 17.8; IR(ATR-FTIR): 1589, 1378, 748 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 147 (M<sup>+</sup>, 46), 146 (100), 144 (36), 131 (87), 41 (43); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N (M<sup>+</sup>): 147.1048, found: 147.1046.



Yield: 95%; colourless oil; Rf = 0.47 (Petroleum ether);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.48-7.42 (m, 2 H), 7.41-7.33 (m, 5 H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 2 H), 5.26 (br, 1 H), 3.35 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.57 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.01 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.84-4.75 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 141.8, 141.7, 139.2, 131.9, 129.9, 129.3, 129.2, 128.7, 128.0, 127.4, 127.1, 126.7, 125.7, 123.7, 32.0, 25.7, 17.7; IR(ATR-FTIR): 1476, 1139, 746, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 222 (M<sup>+</sup>, 11), 179 (100), 165 (71), 154 (42), 43 (34); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for

C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>18</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 222.1409, found: 222.1405.



Yield: 89%; brown oil; R*f* = 0.29 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.55 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.59 (dt, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.38-7.31 (m, 2 H), 7.26-7.19 (m, 3 H), 7.11 (dd, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.84 (dd, *J* = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.68-4.50 (m, 2 H), 1.32 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.17 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.42 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 162.6, 149.1, 147.9, 147.7, 146.1, 141.1, 139.5, 136.0, 135.2, 131.9, 131.1, 129.7, 129.6, 128.7, 128.3, 128.0, 127.4, 126.8, 125.8, 125.5, 125.1, 124.2, 123.5, 121.7, 121.5, 108.8, 42.4, 31.8, 29.4, 25.6, 24.0, 17.7; IR(ATR-FTIR): 1585, 1466, 750 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 223 (M<sup>+</sup>, 43), 208 (80), 194 (51), 180 (100), 167 (79), 51 (24), 27 (28); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C16H17N (M<sup>+</sup>): 223.1361, found: 223.1363.

# **D.** General Procedure of Compound 4



A dry and nitrogen-flushed 25 ml Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer and a septum was charged with a solution of (*E*)-1-((2-iodoophenyl)diazenyl)pyrrolidine (1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry THF (4 ml). *i*-PrMgCl·LiCl (1.3 mL, 1.3 mmol, 1.0 M in THF, 1.3 equiv) was then added dropwise at -30 °C. After the reaction mixture was continuously stirred at -30 °C for 3 h, a complete Br/Mg exchange was observed as indicated by thin layer chromatography (TLC). Allyl bromide (3 mmol, 3.0 equiv)

was added at -40 °C and then the resulting mixture was stirred for 24 h before the addition of saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution (10ml). The resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 30 mL). The organic fractions were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated in vacuo and purified by silica gel chromatography.



Yield: 90%; brown oil; Rf = 0.66 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.38-7.31 (m, 2 H), 7.18 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.09 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.31 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.98-4.90 (m, 2 H), 3.80 (br, 4 H), 2.05-1.99 (m, 4 H), 1.57 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.37 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.58 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.73 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 149.4, 149.2, 141.6, 126.8, 126.5, 124.9, 117.8, 109.2, 41.3, 28.2, 23.9 (three carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 1412, 1215, 755 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 243 (M<sup>+</sup>, 4), 161 (30), 130 (65), 117 (85), 105 (46), 91 (100), 77 (28), 41 (81); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for Cl<sub>5</sub>H<sub>2</sub>1N<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 243.1735, found: 243.1740.



Yield: 80%; brown oil; Rf = 0.64 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.24 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.15 (s, 1 H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.31 (dd, J = 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.98-4.89 (m, 2 H), 3.77 (br, 4 H), 2.32 (s, 3 H), 2.03-1.99 (m, 4 H), 1.55 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.54 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 149.4, 149.2, 138.8, 136.3, 126.4, 125.7, 118.5, 109.0, 41.0, 28.3, 23.9, 20.8 (three carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2968, 1413, 755 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 257 (M<sup>+</sup>, 5), 214 (12), 175 (36), 159 (34), 144 (86), 129 (100), 117 (49), 105 (98), 41 (98), 28 (35); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 257.1892, found: 257.1891.



Yield: 79%; brown oil; Rf = 0.59 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.35-7.29 (m, 1 H), 7.07 (dd, J = 11.4 Hz, 1.8 Hz, 1 H), 6.92-6.81 (m, 1 H), 6.28 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.00-4.92 (m, 2 H), 3.56 (br, 4 H), 2.06-1.98 (m, 4 H), 1.55 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.35 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.54 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.75(s, 3 H), 1.73 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 161.7, 159.3, 148.4, 145.64, 145.60, 143.8, 143.7, 118.9, 118.8, 113.6, 113.4, 113.1, 112.87, 109.8, 41.3, 29.4, 28.0, 25.7, 23.8, 17.8; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2970, 1480, 816 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 261 (M<sup>+</sup>, 5), 162 (30), 148 (51), 135 (84), 123 (42), 109 (100), 83 (37), 28 (31); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>FN<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 261.1641, found: 261.1642.



Yield: 85%; brown oil; Rf = 0.62 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.32-7.26 (m, 2 H), 7.14-7.12 (m, 1 H), 6.26 (dd, J = 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.98-4.93 (m, 2 H), 3.80 (br, 2 H), 3.71 (br, 2 H), 2.02 (br, 4 H), 1.55 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.30 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.53 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 1.75 (s, 3 H), 1.73 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 148.4, 147.8, 143.3, 130.0, 126.8, 126.6, 118.9, 110.0, 41.4, 29.4, 28.0, 23.8 (two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2969, 1420, 820 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 279 (M<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>37</sup>, 2), 277 (M<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>35</sup>, 6), 195 (26), 144 (60), 129 (100), 115 (14), 83 (35), 41 (96); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for Cl<sub>5</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 277.1346, found: 277.1345.



Yield: 86%; brown oil; Rf = 0.71 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.43 (s, 1 H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 2 H), 6.22 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.96-4.88 (m, 2 H), 4.00-3.56 (m, 4 H), 2.03-1.95 (m, 4 H), 1.51 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.30 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.51 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.71 (s, 3 H), 1.70 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 148.4, 148.3, 143.7, 129.63, 129.58, 119.3, 118.2, 109.8, 50.6, 47.0, 41.3, 27.4, 28.0, 23.8; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2969, 1417, 819 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z

(%): 323 (M<sup>+</sup>, Br<sup>81</sup>, 4), 321 (M<sup>+</sup>, Br<sup>79</sup>, 4), 144 (42), 129 (100), 115 (16), 83 (18), 70 (16), 41 (47); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for  $C_{15}H_{20}BrN_3$  (M<sup>+</sup>): 321.0841, found: 321.0835.



Yield: 84%; brown oil; Rf = 0.57 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.59 (s, 1 H), 7.46-7.40 (m, 2 H), 6.27 (dd, J = 17.8 Hz, 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.00-4.92 (m, 2 H), 3.95 (br, 2 H), 3.68 (br, 2 H), 2.09-2.02 (m, 4 H), 1.58 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.35 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.59 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 1.74 (s, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 152.0, 148.4, 142.0, 126.0, 123.78, 123.73, 117.8, 110.0, 50.9, 47.2, 41.4, 28.0, 24.0, 23.6; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2875, 1316, 1079, 833 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 311 (M<sup>+</sup>, 11), 212 (24), 199 (51), 185 (50), 165 (42), 159 (44), 129 (43), 70 (49), 41 (100), 28 (46); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 311.1609, found: 311.1613.



Yield: 81%; brown oil; R*f* = 0.69 (5:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.07 (s, 1 H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.28 (dd, *J* = 17.4 Hz, 11.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.98-4.89 (m, 2 H), 4.36 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 3.95 (br, 2 H), 3.68 (br, 2 H), 2.04 (br, 4 H), 1.57 (s, 6 H), 1.39 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 167.0, 152.9, 148.7, 141.4, 128.3, 128.2, 126.1, 117.4, 109.6, 60.5, 50.7, 47.0, 41.2, 28.1, 24.0, 23.6, 14.3; IR(ATR-FTIR): 1708, 1245, 1107, 775 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 315 (M<sup>+</sup>, 8), 233 (29), 145 (70), 129 (84), 117 (45), 91 (38), 41 (66), 29 (100); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 315.1947, found: 315.1950.



Yield: 84%; brown oil; Rf = 0.68 (5:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.62 (s, 1 H), 7.46-7.42 (m, 2 H), 6.21 (dd, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.98-4.90 (m, 2 H), 3.95 (br, 2 H), 3.67 (br, 2 H), 2.05 (br, 4 H), 1.54 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer ( $\alpha$ -selective product): 5.30 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.53 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  152.7, 147.9, 142.4, 131.0, 130.6, 120.0, 118.0, 110.2, 107.1, 51.0, 47.4, 41.3, 27.8, 23.9, 23.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2970, 2219, 1477, 907, 831, 736 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 268 (M<sup>+</sup>, 13), 225 (16), 169 (38), 156 (81), 142 (82), 128 (51), 116 (75), 70 (52), 41 (100), 28 (42); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C16H20N4 (M<sup>+</sup>): 268.1688, found: 268.1689.



Yield: 86%; brown oil; Rf = 0.70 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.28-7.21 (m, 1 H), 7.13 (s, 1 H), 6.95-6.87 (m, 1 H), 6.36-6.22 (m, 1 H), 4.99-4.86 (m, 2 H), 3.79 (br, 4 H), 2.30 (s, 3 H), 2.01 (br, 4 H), 1.58-1.52 (m, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer ( $\alpha$ -selective product): 5.41-5.30 (m, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  149.4, 149.2, 138.8, 136.3, 126.4, 125.7, 118.5, 109.0, 41.0, 28.3, 23.9, 20.8 (two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2967, 1418, 811 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 257 (M<sup>+</sup>, 5), 214 (12), 175 (36), 159 (34), 144 (86), 129 (100), 117 (49), 105 (98), 41 (98), 28 (35); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 257.1892, found: 257.1891.



Yield: 88%; brown oil; Rf = 0.76 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.36 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.01 (dd, J = 8.4 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.24 (dd, J = 17.0 Hz, 11.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.95-4.88 (m, 2 H), 4.00-3.53 (m, 4 H), 2.04-1.99 (m, 4 H), 1.53 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.31 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.51 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.71 (s, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 150.2, 148.8, 140.1, 132.4, 130.4, 124.3, 117.6, 109.5, 41.1, 29.1, 28.1, 25.7, 23.8, 17.9; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2969, 1414, 863, 810 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 279 (M<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>37</sup>, 4), 277 (M<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>35</sup>, 12), 195 (26), 165 (36), 144 (63), 129 (100), 115 (41), 84 (25), 70 (45), 41 (90); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 277.1346, found: 277.1347.



Yield: 72%; brown oil;  $R_f = 0.59$  (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.25 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.94 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1 H), 6.64 (dd, J = 8.4 Hz, 1.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.27 (dd, J = 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.95-4.86 (m, 2 H), 3.87-3.70 (m, 7 H), 2.04-1.99 (m, 4 H), 1.53 (s, 6 H); The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.33 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 158.4, 150.2, 149.6, 134.4, 127.4, 110.6, 108.9, 102.7, 55.2, 40.8, 28.4, 23.9, 23.8 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2962, 1601, 1037, 808 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 273 (M<sup>+</sup>, 7), 191 (32), 174 (34), 160 (83), 145 (63), 121 (59), 91 (59), 77 (30), 41 (100), 28 (38); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O (M<sup>+</sup>): 273.1841, found: 273.1840.



Yield: 86%; brown oil; Rf = 0.68 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.02 (s, 1 H), 6.90 (s, 1 H), 6.08 (dd, *J* = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.91-4.81 (m, 2 H), 3.76 (br, 4 H), 2.29 (s, 3 H), 2.07 (s, 3 H), 2.05-1.99 (m, 4 H), 1.43 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer

(α-selective product): δ 6.84 (s, 1 H), 5.25 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.25 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.27 (s, 3 H), 2.16 (s, 3 H), 1.71 (s, 3 H), 1.68 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 149.6, 147.7, 140.6, 133.4, 130.0, 129.6, 125.0, 108.5, 41.1, 28.4, 24.0, 21.1, 19.2 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2869, 1433, 1324, 1132, 855, 762 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 272 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 2), 173 (100), 168 (19), 143 (87), 128 (56), 119 (22); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 272.2126, found: 272.2125.



Yield: 80%; brown oil; Rf = 0.64 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.08 (s, 1 H), 6.94 (s, 1 H), 6.10 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.99-5.87 (m, 1 H), 5.09-4.99 (m, 2 H), 4.94-4.82 (m, 2 H), 3.77 (br, 4 H), 3.21 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.33 (s, 3 H), 2.06-1.98 (m, 4 H), 1.45 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.27 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.33 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.28 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 149.5, 147.4, 140.8, 138.2, 133.5, 131.8, 128.7, 125.4, 114.9, 108.4, 41.1, 36.6, 28.4, 23.9, 21.2; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2870, 1433, 1324, 857 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 298 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 3), 227 (25), 199 (94), 171 (30), 157 (100), 143 (67), 115 (13); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>27</sub>N<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 298.2283, found: 298.2274.



Yield: 83%; brown oil; R*f* = 0.77 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.12 (s, 1 H), 7.08 (s, 1 H), 6.04 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.92-4.83 (m, 2 H), 3.97-3.64 (m, 4 H), 2.30 (s, 3 H), 2.08-1.97 (m, 4 H), 1.43 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.22 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.26 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 3.28 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.28 (s, 3 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H), 1.66 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 148.6, 145.7, 142.6, 134.5, 128.6, 126.6, 125.9, 109.0, 41.4, 28.1, 20.63, 20.6 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2871, 1424, 1321, 852, 758 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 294 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>37</sup>, 2), 292 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>35</sup>, 6), 199 (26), 173 (50), 144 (60), 129 (100), 115 (14); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 292.1580, found: 292.1582.



Yield: 86%; brown oil; Rf = 0.66 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.32 (s, 1 H), 7.12 (s, 1 H), 6.03 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.92-4.84 (m, 2 H), 4.02-3.59 (m, 4 H), 2.30 (s, 3 H), 2.03 (br, 4 H), 1.42 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.22 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.26 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 3.26 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.28 (s, 3 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H), 1.68 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 148.6, 146.8, 142.6, 135.0, 131.7, 126.7, 116.9, 109.0, 41.5, 28.2, 20.5 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine

ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2871, 1426, 1322, 853, 736 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 338 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, Br<sup>81</sup>, 4), 336 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, Br<sup>79</sup>, 4), 171 (60), 144 (42), 129 (100), 115 (16); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for  $C_{16}H_{22}BrN_3[M+H]^+$ : 336.1075, found: 336.1070.



Yield: 80%; brown oil; Rf = 0.28 (50:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.58 (s, 1 H), 7.14 (s, 1 H), 6.03 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.91-4.82 (m, 2 H), 3.81 (br, 4 H), 2.28 (s, 3 H), 2.05 (br, 4 H), 1.40 (s, 6 H); The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 7.53 (s, 1 H), 6.95 (s, 1 H), 5.21 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.25 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.26 (s, 3 H), 1.71 (s, 3 H), 1.65 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (the mixture of α- and β-selective products, 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 149.2, 148.8, 148.0, 141.8, 138.1, 137.1, 136.1, 135.7, 134.3, 131.8, 130.6, 127.9, 123.1, 109.0, 93.2, 93.0, 41.6, 30.8, 28.3, 25.7, 24.0, 23.9, 20.5, 20.3, 17.8; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2967, 1422, 902, 854 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 383 (M<sup>+</sup>, 4), 158 (25), 143 (100), 128 (35), 83 (26), 41 (35), 28 (20); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>IN<sub>3</sub>(M<sup>+</sup>): 383.0858, found: 383.0860.



Yield: 89%; brown oil;  $R_f = 0.41$  (20:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.18 (s, 1 H), 6.69 (s, 1 H), 6.23 (dd, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.93-4.83 (m, 2 H), 3.91-3.56 (m, 4 H), 2.31 (s, 3 H), 1.97 (br, 4 H), 1.52 (s, 6 H), 1.08 (s, 9 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer ( $\alpha$ -selective product): 6.99 (s, 1 H), 6.66 (s, 1 H), 5.31 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.51 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.28 (s, 3 H), 1.71 (s, 6 H), 1.14 (s, 9 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  215.6, 149.2, 143.6, 142.2, 133.7, 132.5, 127.9, 125.7, 109.2, 44.3, 41.4, 28.4, 27.5, 21.1 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2968, 1682, 1416, 847, 738 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 341 (M<sup>+</sup>, 15), 284 (22), 244 (32), 187 (66), 143 (23), 98 (30), 84 (56), 69 (69), 57 (100), 41 (87), 29 (36); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>31</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O (M<sup>+</sup>): 341.2467, found: 341.2466.



Yield: 83%; brown oil; Rf = 0.70 (5:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.09 (s, 1 H), 7.84-7.77 (m, 1 H), 7.30 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.04-7.10 (m, 1 H), 5.01-4.88 (m, 2 H), 4.39-4.31 (m, 2 H), 4.01-3.63 (m, 4 H), 2.03 (br, 4 H), 1.66 (s, 3 H), 1.42-1.35 (m, 3 H), 0.92 (s, 9 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 7.87 (s, 1 H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 1 H), 5.43 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.58 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H), 1.06 (s, 9 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (β-selective product, 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 167.1, 153.8, 147.8, 140.0, 133.0, 127.7, 125.4, 118.4, 111.4, 60.5, 50.2, 38.1, 26.9, 23.4, 14.4 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2968, 1709, 1107, 722 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 357 (M<sup>+</sup>, 3), 342 (3), 300 (55), 231 (31), 216 (36), 143 (30), 129 (38), 84 (25), 70 (26), 41 (76), 29 (100); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>31</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 357.2416, found: 357.2416.



Yield: 85%; brown oil; Rf = 0.44 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.01 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.82 (dd, J = 8.6 Hz, 1.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.38 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.64 (dd, J = 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.13-4.95 (m, 2 H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 4.05-3.64 (m, 4 H), 3.09-3.00 (m, 1 H), 2.09-2.01 (m, 4 H), 1.48 (s, 3 H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 0.81 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 0.66 (d, J = 6.8Hz, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 7.88 (s, 1 H), 5.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.58 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.33-2.24 (m, 1 H), 1.68 (s, 3 H), 1.01 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (the mixture of α- and β-selective products, 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 167.1, 152.6, 145.5, 141.4, 129.5, 128.0, 126.1, 117.5, 112.3, 60.5, 48.4, 32.9, 21.4, 18.9, 18.3, 17.8, 14.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2965, 1704, 1108, 773 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 343 (M<sup>+</sup>, 15), 300 (31), 274 (37), 261 (41), 216 (47), 163 (39), 131 (60), 85 (69), 70 (43), 41 (91), 29 (100); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 343.2260, found: 343.2263.



Yield: 80%; brown oil; Rf = 0.74 (5:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.02 (s, 1 H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.34 (dd, *J* = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.04 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.00-4.91 (m, 2 H), 4.35 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 3.94 (br, 2 H), 3.67 (br, 2 H), 2.26 (dt, *J* = 12.4 Hz,

5.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.04 (br, 4 H), 1.89 (dt, J = 12.3 Hz, 4.3 Hz, 1 H), 1.81-1.68 (m, 2 H), 1.62 (s, 3 H), 1.56 (s, 3 H), 1.47 (s, 3 H), 1.39 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.37 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.59 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 167.1, 152.9, 147.8, 139.9, 130.8, 129.4, 128.3, 126.1, 125.1, 117.3, 110.3, 60.6, 44.7, 39.7, 25.6, 25.3, 23.7, 17.5, 14.4 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2972, 1709, 1107, 774 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 383 (M<sup>+</sup>, 8), 299 (32), 216 (30), 143 (22), 129 (34), 84 (35), 69 (61), 41 (100), 29 (73); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>33</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 383.2573, found: 383.2569.



Yield: 80%; brown oil; Rf = 0.45 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.00 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.38 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.11 (dd, J = 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.12-4.90 (m, 2 H), 4.39-4.33 (m, 2 H), 4.02-3.65 (m, 4 H), 2.10-2.01 (m, 4 H), 1.41-1.36 (m, 3 H), 1.00 (dt, J = 7.5 Hz, 2.1 Hz, 4 H), 0.69 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.32 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.61 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (the mixture of α- and β-selective products, 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 167.2, 153.1, 145.8, 139.0, 130.7, 128.1, 126.0, 117.3, 111.1, 60.5, 48.6, 28.7, 14.4, 8.9 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2967, 1709, 1108, 772 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 343 (M<sup>+</sup>, 9), 314 (18), 261 (23), 143 (27), 117 (27), 55 (30), 41 (55), 29 (100); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 343.2260, found: 343.2263.

#### E. General Procedure of Compound 5



A dry and nitrogen-flushed 25 ml Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer and a septum was charged with a solution of (*E*)-1-((2-iodoophenyl)diazenyl)pyrrolidine (1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry THF (4 ml). *i*-PrMgCl·LiCl (1.3 mL, 1.3 mmol, 1.0 M in THF, 1.3 equiv) was then added dropwise at -30 °C. After the reaction mixture was continuously stirred at -30 °C for 3 h, a complete Br/Mg exchange was observed as indicated by thin layer chromatography (TLC). Allyl chloride (3 mmol, 3.0 equiv) was added at -30 °C and then the resulting mixture was stirred for 24 h before the addition of saturated aqueous NH4Cl solution (10ml). The resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 30 mL). The organic fractions were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated in vacuo and purified by silica gel chromatography.



Yield: 94%; brown oil; Rf = 0.66 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.38 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.21 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.17 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.40 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.83 (br, 4 H), 3.61 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.07-2.00 (m, 4 H), 1.77 (s, 3 H), 1.75 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.34 (dd, J= 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.01-4.92 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 148.5, 135.8, 131.4, 129.3, 126.3, 125.2, 123.8, 116.5, 29.6, 25.8, 23.8 (X2, carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring), 17.8 (two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2970, 1413, 758 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 243 (M<sup>+</sup>, 6), 174 (23), 144 (40), 130 (75), 117 (100), 105 (48), 91 (94), 70 (30), 41 (69), 28 (31); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 243.1735, found: 243.1734.



Yield: 82%; brown oil; Rf = 0.64 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.25 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.97 (s, 1 H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.35 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.77 (br, 4 H), 3.53 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.03-1.96 (m, 4 H), 1.73 (s, 3 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer ( $\gamma$ -selective product): 6.31 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.97-4.88 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  146.3, 135.6, 134.7, 131.2, 129.9, 127.0, 124.0, 116.3, 29.6, 25.8, 23.8 (X2, carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring), 21.0, 17.9 (two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2969, 1319, 818 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 257 (M<sup>+</sup>, 10), 187 (21), 159 (63), 144 (100), 131 (94), 105 (87), 83 (44), 41 (82), 28 (40); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 257.1892, found: 257.1894.



Yield: 83%; brown oil; Rf = 0.59 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.36-7.30 (m, 1 H), 6.89 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1 H),

6.87-6.80 (m, 1 H), 5.35 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.78 (br, 4 H), 3.56 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.06-1.99 (m, 4 H), 1.76 (s, 3 H), 1.73 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.28 (dd, J = 17.8 Hz, 11.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.00-4.93 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 160.8 (d, <sup>1</sup>*J*<sub>C-F</sub> = 241.3 Hz), 144.9 (d, <sup>4</sup>*J*<sub>C-F</sub> = 2.5 Hz), 137.7 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>C-F</sub> = 7.6 Hz), 132.4, 122.8, 117.6 (d, <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>C-F</sub> = 8.3 Hz), 115.4 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>C-F</sub> = 21.9 Hz), 112.8 (d, <sup>2</sup>*J*<sub>C-F</sub> = 22.6 Hz), 29.4, 25.7, 23.8 (X2, carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring), 17.8 (two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2971, 1482, 815 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 261 (M<sup>+</sup>, 7), 249 (17), 221 (21), 162 (30), 148 (56), 135 (100), 123 (42), 109 (88), 83 (47), 41 (84), 28 (39); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>FN<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 261.1641, found: 261.1643.



Yield: 85%; brown oil; Rf = 0.62 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.32 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.15 (s, 1 H), 7.09 (dd, J = 8.6 Hz, 1.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.34 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.85 (br, 4 H), 3.55 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.06-1.99 (m, 4 H), 1.75 (s, 3 H), 1.73 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.27 (dd, J = 17.2 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.99-4.93 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 147.1, 137.5, 132.3, 130.2, 129.0, 126.2, 122.9, 117.6, 29.4, 25.7, 23.7 (X2, carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring), 17.8 (two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2972, 1106, 817 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 279 (M<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>37</sup>, 5), 277 (M<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>35</sup>, 11), 207 (21), 178 (25), 144 (91), 129 (100), 112 (40), 83 (58), 41 (84), 28 (41); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 277.1346, found: 277.1350.



Yield: 81%; brown oil; R*f* = 0.71 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.28 (s, 1 H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 2 H), 5.32 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.79 (br, 4 H), 3.52 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.05-1.98 (m, 4 H), 1.73 (s, 3 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.25 (dd, *J* = 18.0 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.97-4.90 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 147.5, 137.9, 132.3, 131.9, 129.2, 122.9, 118.3, 118.0, 29.3, 25.8, 23.7 (X2, carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring), 17.9 (two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2970, 1314, 816 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 323 (M<sup>+</sup>, Br<sup>81</sup>, 25), 321 (M<sup>+</sup>, Br<sup>79</sup>, 21), 253 (13), 144 (49), 129 (100), 112 (49), 83 (40), 70 (26), 41 (43); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>BrN<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 321.0841, found: 321.0843.



Yield: 77%; brown oil; Rf = 0.57 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.45 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.42 (s, 1 H), 7.38 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.35 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.96 (br, 2 H), 3.70 (br, 2 H), 3.60 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.05 (br, 4 H), 1.75 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.28 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.01-4.93 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 151.2, 136.1, 132.5, 126.7 (q, <sup>2</sup>*J<sub>C-F</sub>* = 30.1 Hz), 126.2 (q, <sup>3</sup>*J<sub>C-F</sub>* = 3.7 Hz), 123.3 (q, <sup>3</sup>*J<sub>C-F</sub>* = 4.3 Hz), 122.8, 116.5, 51.0, 46.6, 29.6, 25.7, 23.8, 17.9 (the carbon signal of CF<sub>3</sub> cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2974, 1404,

1107, 832 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 311 (M<sup>+</sup>, 11), 242 (23), 212 (40), 185 (79), 165 (48), 159 (47), 129 (47), 70 (61), 41 (100), 28 (46); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for  $C_{15}H_{20}F_3N_3$  (M<sup>+</sup>): 311.1609, found: 311.1608.



Yield: 76%; brown oil; Rf = 0.69 (5:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.87 (s, 1 H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.36 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 3.95 (br, 2 H), 3.70 (br, 2 H), 3.58 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.04 (br, 4 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.28 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.97-4.90 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  167.0, 152.2, 135.7, 131.9, 131.1, 127.9, 126.5, 123.3, 116.1, 60.5, 52.0, 46.8, 29.7, 25.8, 23.8 (X2, two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring), 17.9, 14.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2974, 1708, 1106, 771 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 315 (M<sup>+</sup>, 16), 270 (13), 145 (47), 129 (52), 117 (32), 91 (23), 41 (43), 29 (100); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 315.1947, found: 315.1946.



Yield: 86%; brown oil; R*f* = 0.68 (5:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.62 (s, 1 H), 7.35-7.50 (m, 2 H), 5.34 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.95 (br, 2 H), 3.67 (br, 2 H), 3.54 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.05 (br, 4 H), 1.75 (s, 3 H), 1.71 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.22 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.98-4.89 (m, 2 H), 1.54 (s, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 151.9, 136.6, 133.2, 133.1, 130.2, 122.1, 120.0, 116.7, 107.3, 29.1, 25.7, 17.8 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2969, 2220, 1389, 831 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 268 (M<sup>+</sup>, 11), 225 (16), 169 (39), 156 (74), 142 (79), 128 (49), 116 (80), 70 (52), 41 (100), 28 (41); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C16H20N4 (M<sup>+</sup>): 268.1688, found: 268.1690.



Yield: 88%; brown oil; R*f* = 0.70 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.18 (s, 1 H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.36 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.80 (br, 4 H), 3.54 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.32 (s, 3 H), 2.05-2.00 (m, 4 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.73 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.30 (dd, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.97-4.89 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 148.3, 135.8, 132.9, 131.1, 129.2, 126.1, 124.1, 117.0, 29.3, 25.8, 23.8 (X2, two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring), 21.1, 17.8 (two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2969, 1418, 1102, 808 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 257 (M<sup>+</sup>, 10), 245 (22), 217 (36), 187 (24), 159 (57), 144 (100), 131 (88), 117 (51), 105 (91), 83 (46), 41 (83), 28 (38); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 257.1892, found: 257.1897.



Yield: 85%; brown oil; Rf = 0.76 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.39 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.02 (dd, J = 8.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.33 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.07-3.61 (m, 4 H), 3.52 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.08-1.99 (m, 4 H), 1.73 (s, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.26 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 11.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.97-4.91 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 149.4, 134.2, 131.9, 131.8, 130.3, 124.7, 123.3, 116.4, 51.0, 46.3, 29.1, 25.7, 23.7 (X2), 17.8; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2971, 1416, 865, 807 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 279 (M<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>37</sup>, 3), 277 (M<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>35</sup>, 8), 208 (25), 178 (38), 144 (85), 129 (100), 112 (39), 83 (43), 70 (41), 41 (96), 28 (45); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 277.1346, found: 277.1342.



Yield: 83%; brown oil; Rf = 0.59 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.09 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.98 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1 H), 6.68 (dd, J = 8.4 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.35 (dt, J = 7.4 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.87-3.72 (m, 7 H), 3.51 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.05-1.99 (m, 4 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.29 (dd, J= 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.96-4.88 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 158.3, 149.1, 131.0, 130.0, 128.4, 124.3, 111.7, 101.1, 55.3, 28.9, 25.7, 23.8 (X2, two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring), 17.8 (two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be
resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2968, 1603, 1103, 854, 806 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 273 (M<sup>+</sup>, 6), 203 (20), 174 (62), 160 (84), 145 (55), 121 (64), 91 (53), 83 (39), 41 (100), 28 (39); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for  $C_{16}H_{23}N_3O$  (M<sup>+</sup>): 273.1841, found: 273.1842.



Yield: 84%; brown oil; Rf = 0.68 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 6.85 (s, 1 H), 6.85 (s, 1 H), 5.27 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.77 (br, 4 H), 3.27 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.28 (s, 3 H), 2.18 (s, 3 H), 2.06-1.99 (m, 4 H), 1.73 (s, 3 H, SN2), 1.69 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 7.04 (s, 1 H), 6.91 (s, 1 H), 6.10 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.93-4.82 (m, 2 H), 2.31 (s, 3 H), 2.09 (s, 3 H), 1.45 (s, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 146.4, 133.9, 133.7, 130.9, 129.7, 129.2, 127.7, 124.0, 30.3, 25.7, 23.8 (two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring), 20.9, 18.5, 17.8 (two carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2968, 1430, 1323, 1212, 854 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 257 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 10), 272 (3), 173 (100), 168 (23), 143 (100), 128 (67), 119 (25); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 272.2126, found: 272.2124.



Yield: 85%; brown oil;  $R_f = 0.64$  (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 6.888 (s, 1 H), 6.882 (s, 1 H), 6.01-5.88 (m, 1 H), 5.27 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.09-4.99 (m, 2 H), 3.78 (br, 4 H), 3.33 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 3.28 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.30 (s, 3 H), 2.08-1.98 (m, 4 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.70 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 7.07 (s, 1 H), 6.94 (s, 1 H), 6.10 (dd, J = 17.6 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.93-4.83 (m, 2 H), 3.21 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2 H), 2.33 (s, 3 H), 1.46 (s, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (the mixture of α- and β-selective products, 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 149.5, 147.4, 146.0, 140.8, 138.2, 138.0, 134.1, 133.6, 133.5, 131.9, 131.8, 131.1, 128.7, 128.2, 128.1, 125.4, 123.8, 114.9, 114.8, 108.4, 41.1, 36.6, 36.3, 30.2, 28.4, 25.8, 23.9, 23.8, 21.2, 20.9, 17.7; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2970, 1431, 1324, 1212, 856 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 298 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 3), 227 (25), 199 (89), 171 (35), 157 (100), 143 (61), 115 (14); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>27</sub>N<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 298.2283, found: 298.2283.



Yield: 87%; brown oil; R*f* = 0.77 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.06 (s, 1 H), 6.89 (s, 1 H), 5.22 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.95-3.63 (m, 4 H), 3.26 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.28 (s, 3 H), 2.03 (br, 4 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H), 1.66 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer ( $\gamma$ -selective product): 7.21 (s, 1 H), 7.12 (s, 1 H), 6.04 (dd, *J* = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.93-4.84 (m, 2 H), 2.30 (s, 3 H), 1.43 (s, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (the mixture of α- and β-selective products, 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 148.6, 145.7, 144.5, 142.6, 135.7, 135.0, 134.5, 131.7, 130.1, 128.6, 127.9, 126.5, 125.9, 122.9, 118.2, 109.0, 41.4, 30.3, 28.1, 25.7, 23.7, 20.9, 20.64, 20.57, 17.7; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2921, 1423, 1321, 851, 732 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 294 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>37</sup>, 3), 292 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, Cl<sup>35</sup>, 9), 208 (25), 178 (38), 144 (85), 129 (100), 112 (39), 83 (43), 70 (41), 41 (96), 28 (45); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 292.1580, found: 292.1581.



Yield: 84%; brown oil; Rf = 0.66 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.24 (s, 1 H), 6.91 (s, 1 H), 5.20 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.96-3.61 (m, 4 H), 3.24 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.26 (s, 3 H), 2.02 (br, 4 H), 1.70 (s, 3 H), 1.64 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 7.30 (s, 1 H), 7.10 (s, 1 H), 6.01 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.90-4.82 (m, 2 H), 2.81 (s, 3 H), 1.40 (s, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (the mixture of α- and β-selective products, 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 148.6, 145.7, 142.6, 135.5, 135.0, 133.1, 131.74, 131.68, 130.9, 129.4, 128.5, 126.7, 122.9, 118.1, 116.8, 109.0, 41.5, 30.5, 28.2, 25.7, 23.8, 20.8, 20.5, 17.7; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2967, 1425, 1323, 852, 735 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 323 ([M+H]<sup>++</sup>, Br<sup>81</sup>, 25), 321 ([M+H]<sup>++</sup>, Br<sup>79</sup>, 21), 253 (13), 144 (49), 129 (100), 112 (49), 105 (11); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>BrN<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 336.1075, found: 336.1079.



Yield: 83%; brown oil; R*f* = 0.28 (50:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.52 (s, 1 H), 6.95 (s, 1 H), 5.21 (dt, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.81 (br, 4 H), 3.25 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.26 (s, 3 H), 2.05 (br, 4 H), 1.71 (s, 3 H), 1.65 (s, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer ( $\gamma$ -selective product): 7.58 (s, 1 H), 7.14 (s, 1 H), 6.03 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.91-4.83 (m, 2 H), 1.40 (s, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  148.0, 137.1, 136.1, 134.3, 131.8, 130.7, 123.1, 93.2, 30.8, 25.7, 23.9 (X4), 20.3, 17.8; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2969, 1421, 852 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 383 (M<sup>+</sup>, 3), 158 (33), 143 (100), 128 (34), 83 (30), 41 (34), 28 (19); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>IN<sub>3</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 383.0858, found: 383.0860.



Yield: 88%; brown oil; R*f* = 0.41 (20:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 6.99 (s, 1 H), 6.66 (s, 1 H), 5.31 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.72 (br, 4 H), 3.51 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.29 (s, 3 H), 1.98 (br, 4 H), 1.71 (s, 6 H), 1.14 (s, 9 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 7.18 (s, 1 H), 6.70 (s, 1 H), 6.23 (dd, *J* = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.93-4.85 (m, 2 H), 2.32 (s, 3 H), 1.53 (s, 6 H), 1.08 (s, 9 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 215.8, 142.8, 136.2, 134.3, 134.1, 132.0, 131.5, 124.8, 123.6, 44.6, 30.2, 27.2, 25.7, 20.9, 17.8 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2970, 1683, 1416, 736 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 341 (M<sup>+</sup>, 8), 273 (23), 231 (21), 203 (32), 187 (52), 159 (35), 98 (30), 119 (99), 105 (100), 91 (62), 69 (94), 57 (85), 41 (95), 29 (44); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>31</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O (M<sup>+</sup>): 341.2467, found: 341.2466.



Yield: 83%; brown oil; Rf = 0.70 (5:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.88 (s, 1 H), 7.83 (dd, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.43 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.34 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 3.93 (br, 2 H), 3.69 (br, 2 H), 3.58 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.02 (br, 4 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.06 (s, 9 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  166.9, 152.3, 143.8, 135.7, 130.8, 127.8, 126.4, 119.7, 116.0, 60.5, 50.9, 46.4, 36.1, 29.7, 29.1, 24.0, 23.7, 14.3, 12.9; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2962, 1709, 1107, 772 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 357 (M<sup>+</sup>, 10), 300 (23), 288 (49), 175 (37), 163 (33), 131 (46), 83 (37), 70 (37), 57 (100), 41 (79), 29 (97); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>31</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 357.2416, found: 357.2419.



Yield: 84%; brown oil; Rf = 0.44 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.88 (s, 1 H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.38 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.34 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 4.04-3.64 (m, 4 H), 3.57 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.34-2.23 (m, 1 H), 2.07-2.01 (m, 4 H), 1.68 (s, 3 H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.01 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.64 (dd, J = 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.11-4.95 (m, 2 H), 3.09-3.00 (m, 1 H), 0.81 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 0.66 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 166.9, 152.3, 141.6, 135.6, 130.8, 127.9, 126.4, 120.6, 116.0, 60.5, 36.8, 29.2, 21.4, 14.3, 13.4 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot

be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2961, 1709, 1106, 773 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 343 (M<sup>+</sup>, 9), 294 (21), 274 (36), 259 (22), 157 (31), 131 (60), 91 (31), 85 (33), 70 (37), 43 (73), 29 (100); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 343.2260, found: 343.2256.



Yield: 73%; brown oil; Rf = 0.74 (5:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.88 (s, 1 H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.37 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.10 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 4.05-3.64 (m, 4 H), 3.58 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.11-1.99 (m, 8 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.66 (s, 3 H), 1.58 (s, 3 H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 8.02 (s, 1 H), 6.35 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 11.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.00-4.92 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 166.9, 152.2, 135.7, 135.5, 131.2, 131.0, 127.9, 126.5, 124.3, 123.2, 116.1, 60.5, 39.7, 29.6, 26.7, 25.6, 23.7, 17.6, 16.2, 14.3 (four carbon signal of pyrrolidine ring cannot be resolved); IR(ATR-FTIR): 2973, 1709, 1107, 772 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 383 (M<sup>+</sup>, 4), 314 (17), 216 (19), 180 (20), 143 (25), 129 (27), 85 (26), 69 (88), 41 (100), 29 (70); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>33</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 383.2573, found: 383.2583.



Yield: 85%; brown oil; Rf = 0.45 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc);

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.90 (s, 1 H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.32 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.34 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 4.03-3.64 (m, 4 H), 3.61 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.18 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.08-2.00 (m, 6 H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.01 (dt, J = 7.6 Hz, 1.3 Hz, 6 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 8.01 (s, 1 H), 6.11 (dd, J = 17.6 Hz, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.11-4.91 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 166.9, 152.2, 143.3, 135.8, 131.0, 127.8, 126.5, 121.2, 116.0, 60.4, 50.1, 46.2, 29.1, 28.9, 23.7 (X2), 23.5, 23.2, 14.3, 13.1, 12.9; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2965, 1709, 1107, 772 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 343 (M<sup>+</sup>, 6), 314 (14), 274 (40), 230 (23), 163 (30), 143 (42), 131 (55), 117 (47), 55 (38), 41 (69), 29 (100); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 343.2260, found: 343.2264.

## F. Synthesis of 4g and 5g in multigram scales and their synthetic application



Typical procedure (synthesis of **4g**): A dry and nitrogen-flushed 250 ml Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer and a septum was charged with a solution of (*E*)-ethyl 3-iodo-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yldiazenyl)benzoate (15 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry THF (40 ml). *i*-PrMgCl·LiCl (15 mL, 19.5 mmol, 1.0 M in THF, 1.3 equiv) was then added dropwise at -30 °C and the mixture was stirred at this temperature for 3h. 1-bromo-3-methylbut-2-ene (45 mmol, 3.0 equiv) was added at -40 °C and then the resulting mixture was stirred for 24 h before the addition of saturated aqueous NH4Cl solution (50 ml). The resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 100 mL). The organic fractions were dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), concentrated in vacuo and purified by silica gel chromatography using Petroleum ether/EtOAc (10:1) as an eluent, affording 4g (4.523 g, 90%) as a brown oil. Rf = 0.69 (5:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 8.07 (s, 1 H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.28 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 11.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.94 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 4.36 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 3.80-4.05 (br, 2 H), 3.60-3.80 (br, 2 H), 1.98-2.04 (br, 4 H), 1.57 (s, 6 H), 1.39 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (α-selective product): 5.36 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 167.0, 152.9, 148.7, 141.4, 128.31, 128.27, 126.1, 117.4, 109.6, 60.5, 41.2, 28.1, 14.3; IR(ATR-FTIR): 1708, 1245, 1107, 775 cm-1; MS (EI): m/z (%): 315 (M<sup>+</sup>, 8), 233 (29), 145 (70), 129 (84), 117 (45), 91 (38), 41 (66), 29 (100); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 315.1947, found: 315.1950.

Typical procedure (synthesis of **8a**): To a mixture of **4g** (3.154 g, 10 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and NaN<sub>3</sub> (3.25 g, 50 mmol, 5.0 equiv) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O (15/5 mL) was added BF<sub>3</sub>·Et<sub>2</sub>O (3.55 g, 25 mmol, 2.5 equiv) dropwise at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h. Then the aqueous phase was extracted with diethyl ether (3 × 30 mL). The organic fractions were washed with brine (20 mL), dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated in vacuo to give the crude product. Then the pure product **8a** (1.641 g, 71%) can obtained though recrystallization by using petroleum ether as yellow solid. m.p= 84.9-85.7°C; R*f* = 0.55 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.04 (dd, J = 8.0 Hz, 0.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.96 (s, 1 H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.38 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 2.31 (s, 3 H), 1.40 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.33 (s, 6 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  191.6, 166.8, 157.6, 145.7, 130.0, 127.2, 122.6, 119.5, 60.9, 53.8, 22.9, 15.7, 14.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 1714, 1280, 1024, 750 cm-1; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 232 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 100), 217 (38), 188 (70), 159 (45), 144 (31); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 232.1337, found: 232.1337.

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Typical procedure (synthesis of **5**g): A dry and nitrogen-flushed 250 ml Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stirrer and a septum was charged with a solution of (*E*)-ethyl 3-iodo-4-(pyrrolidin-1-yldiazenyl)benzoate (15 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry THF (40 ml). *i*-PrMgCl·LiCl (15 mL, 19.5 mmol, 1.0 M in THF, 1.3 equiv) was then added dropwise at -30 °C and the mixture was stirred at this temperature for 3h. 1-chloro-3-methylbut-2-ene (45 mmol, 3.0 equiv) was added at -30 °C and then the resulting mixture was stirred for 24 h before the addition of saturated aqueous NH4Cl solution (50 ml). The resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 100 mL). The organic fractions were dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), concentrated in vacuo and purified by silica gel chromatography using Petroleum ether/EtOAc (10:1) as an eluent, affording **5**g (3.785 g, 80%) as a brown oil. R*f* = 0.69 (5:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 7.87 (s, 1 H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.36 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 3.95 (br, 2 H), 3.70 (br, 2 H), 3.58 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.04 (br, 4 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H), 1.38 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H). The following signal is discernible for the minor isomer (γ-selective product): 6.28 (dd, J = 17.4 Hz, 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.97-4.90 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 152.7, 151.9, 147.9, 142.4, 136.6, 133.2, 133.1, 131.0, 130.6, 130.2, 122.1, 120.1, 120.0, 118.1, 116.7, 110.2, 107.3, 107.2, 51.0, 47.4, 41.3, 29.2, 27.8, 25.7, 24.0, 23.9, 23.5, 17.8; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2974, 1708, 1106, 771 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (EI): m/z (%): 315 (M<sup>+</sup>, 16), 270 (13), 145 (47), 129 (52), 117 (32), 91 (23), 41 (43), 29 (100); HRMS (EI-TOF) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 315.1947, found: 315.1946.

Typical procedure (synthesis of **7b**): To a solution of **5g** (3.465 g, 11 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and NaN<sub>3</sub> (3.575 g, 55 mmol, 5.0 equiv) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O (15/5 mL) was added BF<sub>3</sub>Et<sub>2</sub>O (3.905 g, 27.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred 1 h. Then the aqueous phase was extracted with diethyl ether ( $3 \times 30$  mL). The organic

fractions were washed with brine (20 mL) and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel chromatography gave **7b** (2.59 g, 10 mmol, 91%) as brown oil; Rf = 0.52 (10:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.91 (dd, J = 8.2 Hz, 1.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.84 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.15 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.23 (dt, J = 6.5 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.36 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 3.29 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 1.74 (s, 3 H), 1.72 (s, 3 H), 1.39 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  166.1, 142.5, 133.6, 133.1, 131.4, 128.7, 126.8, 121.3, 117.8, 60.9, 29.6, 25.7, 17.9, 14.3; IR(ATR-FTIR): 2121, 1716, 1111, 1024, 766 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 260 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 100), 245 (20), 221 (22), 193 (14), 145 (19), 119 (10); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 260.1399, found: 260.1404.

Typical procedure (synthesis of **8b**): In a 50 mL Schlenck tube, substituted (ethyl 4-azido-3-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)benzoate (2.59 g, 10 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and Ru(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (140 mg, 0.5 mmol, 0.05 equiv) were dissolved in toluene (25 mL). The reaction mixture was heated to 100 °C in an oil bath and stirred for 12 h. On cooling the mixture to room temperature, water (30 mL) was added. The resulting mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate ( $3 \times 30$  mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel chromatography gave **8b** (1.271 g, 5.5 mmol, 55%) as yellow solid; m.p = 99.0-99.6°C; R*f* = 0.21 (5:1 Petroleum ether/EtOAc)

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.43-8.26 (m, 2 H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.32 (s, 1 H), 4.40 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 3.13-3.00 (m, 1 H), 1.42 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.37 (s, 3 H), 1.36 (s, 3 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  168.0, 147.4, 138.5, 128.1, 122.7, 122.5, 121.7, 109.9, 98.5, 60.5, 27.6, 22.2, 14.4; IR(ATR-FTIR): 3331, 1683, 1257, 1091, 768, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>; MS (ES<sup>+</sup>): m/z (%): 232 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 100), 204 (46), 186 (33), 159 (19), 146 (10), 118 (17); HRMS (ES<sup>+</sup>-TOF) calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>): 232.1337, found: 232.1339.

## G. Reference

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