# Synthesis of Norbornane Bisether Antibiotics via Silver-mediated Alkylation

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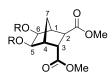
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All norbornane-based compounds are named using the Von-Baeyer system of nomenclature.<sup>1</sup> All other parts of the structure are named following the IUPAC guidelines. Numbering of norbornane protons follows the general structure shown below. Protons on carbon 7 are labelled either *syn* (*s*) or *anti* (*a*).



# 2-Methylisothiouronium iodide<sup>2</sup> (18)

# [CAS Reg. No. 14257-47-7]

SMe H₂N NH₂ I ⊖

A mixture of thiourea (10.098 g, 0.133 mol), iodomethane (8.2 mL, 0.133 mol) and MeOH (100 mL) was heated at 65 °C for 90 min. The MeOH was removed *in vacuo* and the resulting yellow solid was transferred to a sintered glass funnel and washed with  $Et_2O$  (5 × 50 mL) under vacuum to afford compound **18** (28.261 g, 99%) as an amorphous white powder.

m.p: 115.3–117.6 °C (lit. 117 °C).3

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (270 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 2.56 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 8.89 (4H, br s, NH<sub>2</sub>).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (67.5 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 13.3, 171.1.

## *N*,*N*'-Bis(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)-*S*-methylisothiourea<sup>2</sup> (19)

## [CAS Reg. No. 107819-90-9]

SMe BocHN NBoc

To a stirring solution of 2-methylisothiouronium iodide **18** (9.820 g, 45.03 mmol) in sat. NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (50 mL) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (105 mL) was added Boc<sub>2</sub>O (19.668 g, 90.12 mmol) using CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> ( $3 \times 25$  mL). After 48 h the reaction mixture was transferred to a separatory funnel and the organic phase was isolated and the aqueous phase was extracted using CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> ( $2 \times 50$  mL). The combined organic phase was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude solid was stirred (EtOH/H<sub>2</sub>O, 1:9, 100 mL) for 1 h before the mixture was cooled to 0 °C and solid was collected by vacuum filtration, washing with H<sub>2</sub>O (EtOH/H<sub>2</sub>O, 1:9, 50 mL) gives the title compound (12.257 g, 94%) as a white powder.

m.p: 122.3-123.8 °C (lit. 127 °C).4

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (270 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 1.51 (9H, br s, *t*-Bu), 1.53 (9H, br s, *t*-Bu), 2.40 (3H, s, CH<sub>3</sub>), 11.61 (1H, br s, NH).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 14.6, 28.2, 81.1, 83.4, 150.9, 160.9, 171.6.

HRMS (ESI, m/z) for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>22</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> calc. 313.1193; found 313.1186.

2-[2,3-Bis(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)guanidino]ethylamine<sup>5</sup> (14)

H<sub>2</sub>N NBoc NHBoc

A solution of *N*,*N'*-Bis(*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)-*S*-methylisothiourea **19** (20.404 g, 70.27 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (110 mL) was added in one portion to a stirred solution of 1,2-ethylenediamine (11.7 mL, 176 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (150 mL). The reaction was allowed to stir at 21 °C for 90 min. The reaction mixture was then transferred to a separatory funnel and washed with H<sub>2</sub>O ( $2 \times 80$  mL), brine (80 mL), then dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and filtered. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* at ambient temperature to afford **14** (20.696 g, 97%) as a white powder.

m.p: 96.2-100.1 °C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (270 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.50 (9H, br s, *t*-Bu), 1.51 (9H, br s, *t*-Bu), 2.90 (2H, t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.49 (2H, app. q, *J<sub>app</sub>* = 5.5 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>), 8.67 (1H, br s, NH), 11.51 (1H, br s, NH).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (67.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 28.2, 28.4, 41.1, 43.5, 79.4, 83.2, 153.3, 156.5, 163.7.

HRMS (ESI, m/z) for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>26</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub> [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calc. 303.2027; found 303.2032.

#### Dimethyl bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-3-endo-2-exo-dicarboxylate (17)

[CAS Reg. No. 3014-58-2]

## Method $A^6$

To the stirring solution of dimethyl fumarate (65.290 g, 0.453 mol) in THF (200 mL), was added freshly cracked cyclopentadiene (40 mL, 0.476 mol), and the reaction was stirred at ambient temperature for 16 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to give the title compound (95.230 g, 99%) as a clear oil.

# Method $B^7$

A 35 mL microwave vial was charged with dicyclopentadiene (2.0 mL, 15.0 mmol), dimethyl fumarate (2.883 g, 20.0 mmol) and hydroquinone (100 mg, 0.90 mmol), and heated using microwave irradiation to 150 °C for 2 h. The resulting orange oil was purified by flash column chromatography (10% EtOAc in pet. spirits) to give a clear oil (4.137 g, 98%).

 $R_f = 0.32$  (10% EtOAc in pet. spirits).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.45 (1H, dd, J = 8.8, 1.7 Hz, H7s), 1.61 (1H, d, J = 8.8 Hz, H7a), 2.68 (1H, dd, J = 3.1, 1.2 Hz, H2), 3.12 (1H, br s, H4), 3.25 (1H, br s, H1), 3.37 (1H, app. t, J = 5.6 Hz, H3), 3.64 (3H, s, Me), 3.71 (3H, s, Me), 6.06 (1H, dd, J = 5.6, 2.8 Hz, H6), 6.27 (1H, dd, J = 5.6, 3.1 Hz, H5).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 45.5, 46.9, 47.2, 47.5, 47.7, 51.7, 51.9, 135.3, 137.7, 174.0, 175.2.

HRMS (ESI, m/z) for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>4</sub> [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> calc. 233.0784; found 233.0785.

#### Dimethyl 5,6-exo-dihydroxybicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-3-endo-2-exo-dicarboxylate (6)

#### [CAS Reg. No. 1228039-59-5]

#### Method A<sup>8</sup>

The dimethyl ester **17** (3.054 g, 14.53 mmol) and NMO·H<sub>2</sub>O (1.87 g, 16.0 mmol) were dissolved in a solution of H<sub>2</sub>O/acetone (1:4, 36 mL) to which OsO<sub>4</sub> (4% in H<sub>2</sub>O, 730  $\mu$ L, 0.40 mol%) was added. The reaction was stirred for 3 d and was then quenched with sat. NaHSO<sub>3</sub> (30 mL). The suspension was extracted with EtOAc (4 × 25 mL), and the combined organic phase was washed with brine (25 mL), dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to give the title compound (3.337 g, 94%) as a white solid.

#### Method $B^9$

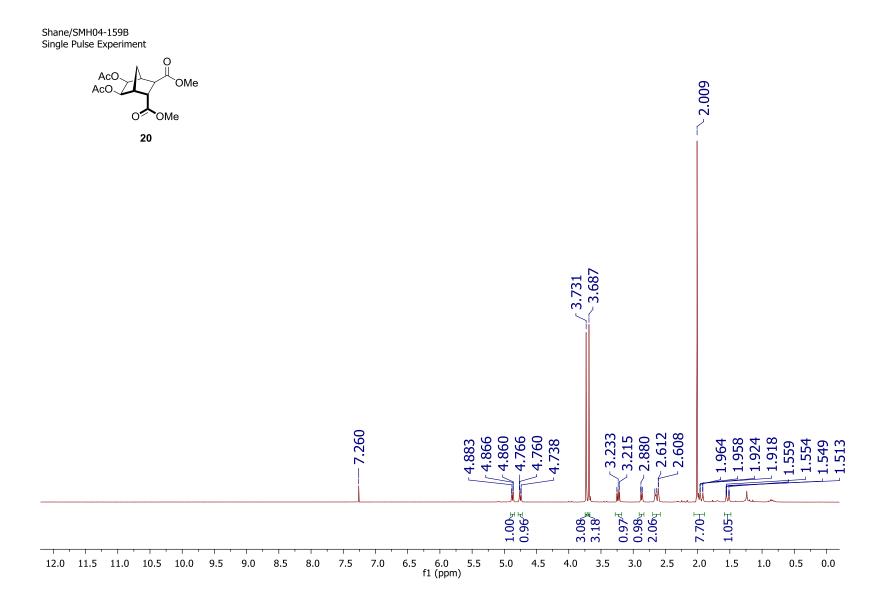
To a stirring solution at 0 °C of dimethyl ester **17** (270 mg, 1.28 mmol), *t*-BuOH (4.7 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (1.2 mL), a solution of KMnO<sub>4</sub> (405 mg, 2.56 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (212 mg, 1.54 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (6.0 mL) was added dropwise. The reaction was stirred for a further 25 min before the reaction mix was quenched with sat. NaHSO<sub>3</sub> (25 mL) and extracted with EtOAc ( $3 \times 20$  mL). The combined organic phase was washed with brine (20 mL), dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>), filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the title compound (181 mg, 58%) as a white solid.

m.p: 89.9-92.3 °C (lit. 81-84 °C).8

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (270 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.33 (1H, d, J = 11.0 Hz, H7s), 1.78 (1H, dd, J = 11.0, 1.2 Hz, H7a), 2.40 (1H, br s, H1), 2.46 (1H, dd, J = 4.5, 1.2 Hz, H4), 2.63 (1H, d, J = 4.9 Hz, H2), 3.11 (1H, app. t, J = 5.1 Hz, H3), 3.62 (3H, s, Me), 3.64 (3H, s, Me), 3.71–3.77 (1H, m, H6), 3.85 (1H, br s, H5).

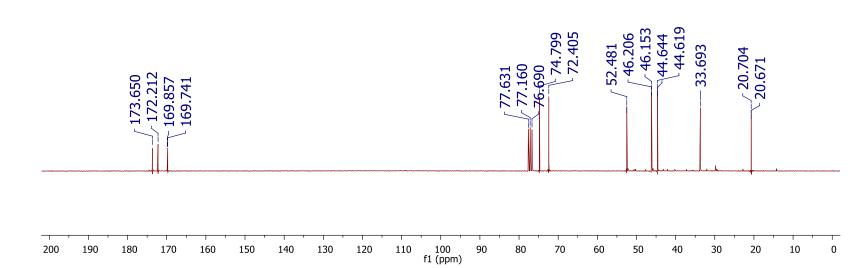
<sup>13</sup>C NMR (67.5 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 31.8, 44.8, 46.2, 46.4, 48.2, 52.3, 52.5, 70.2, 73.3, 173.2, 174.2.

HRMS (ESI, m/z) for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>6</sub> [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> calc. 267.0839; found 267.0836.



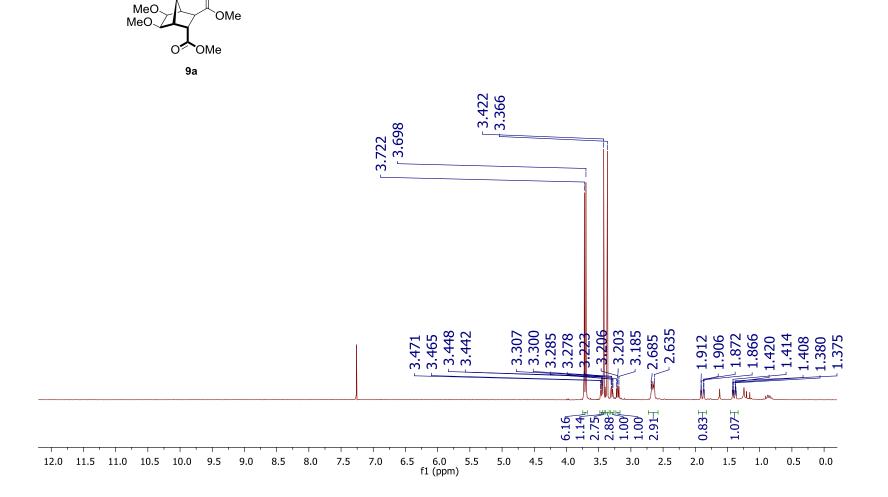
Shane/SMH04-159B-CARBON Single Pulse with Broadband Decoupling

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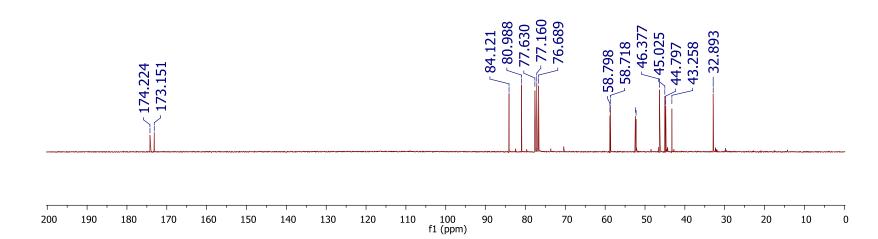
Shane/SMH05-093D Single Pulse Experiment

Ο

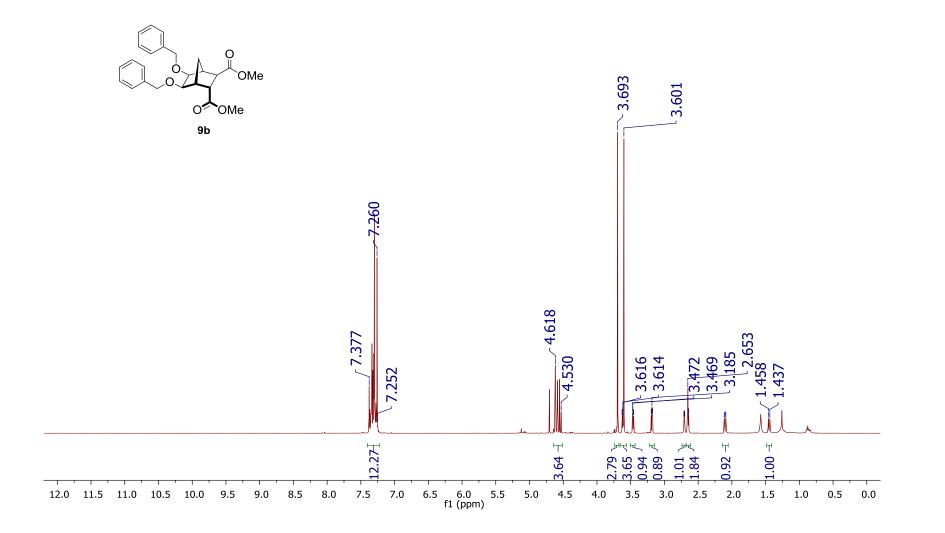


Shane/SMH05-093D-CARBON Single Pulse with Broadband Decoupling

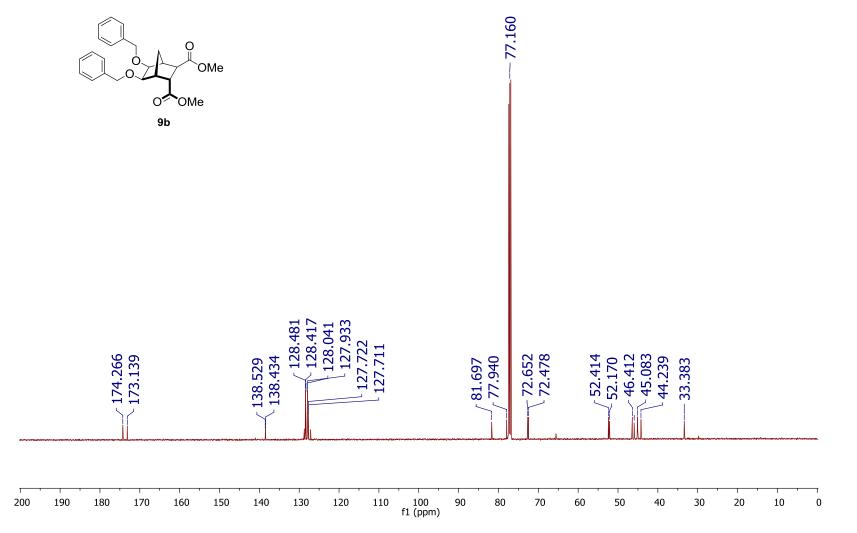
0 MeO、 MeO、 оMe 0 **`**OMe 9a



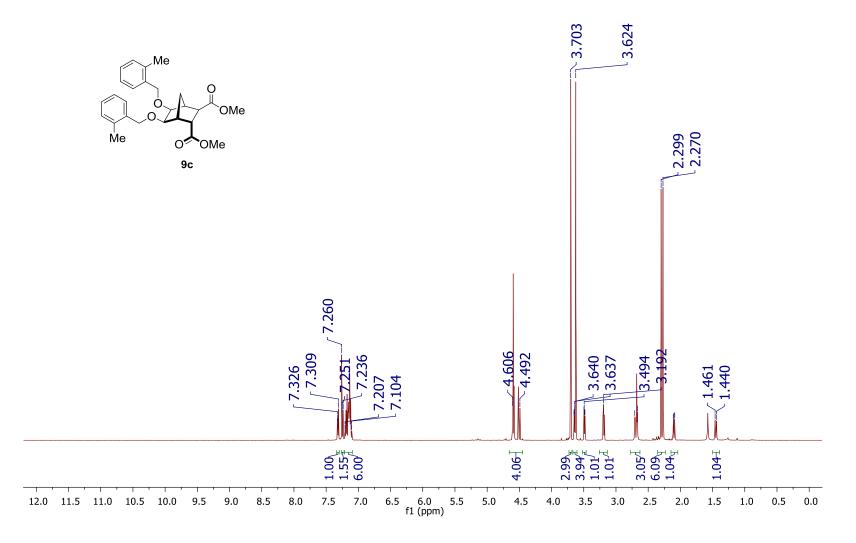
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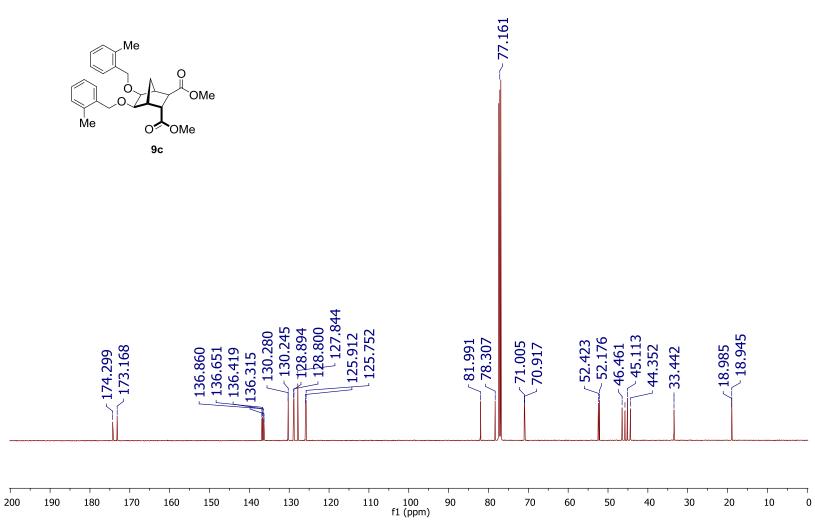


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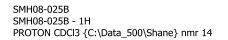


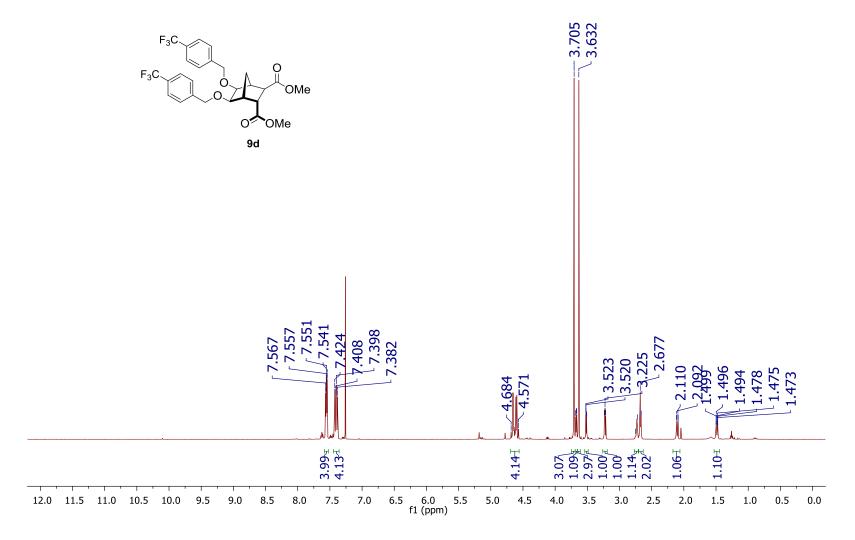
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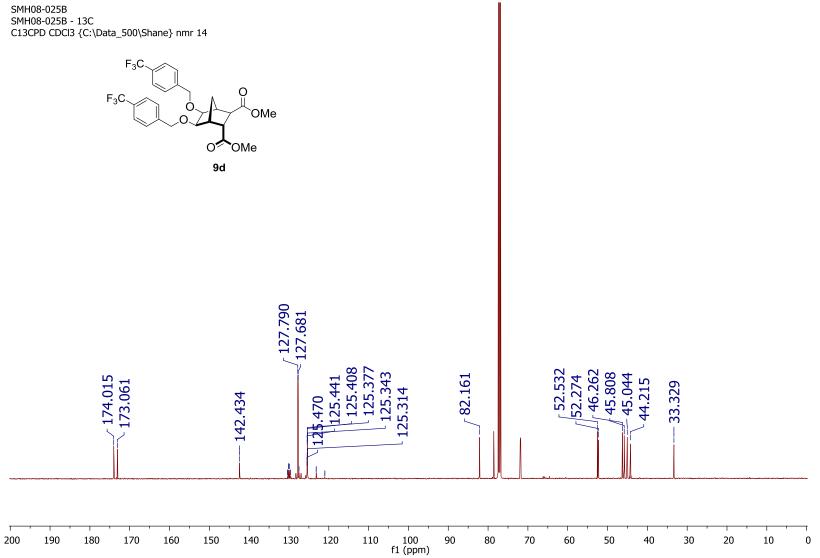




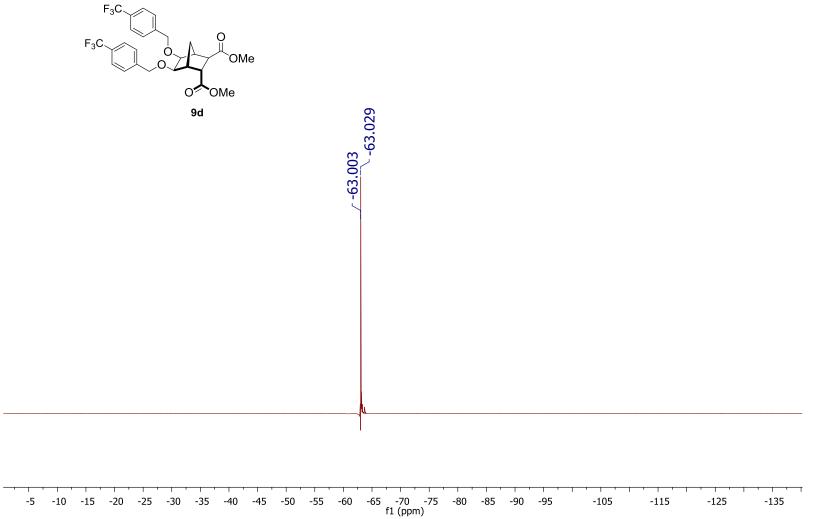
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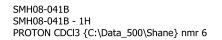


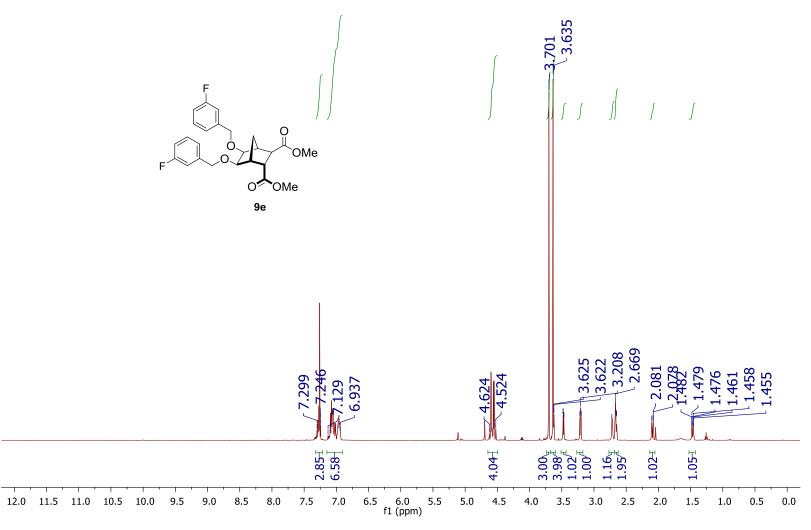


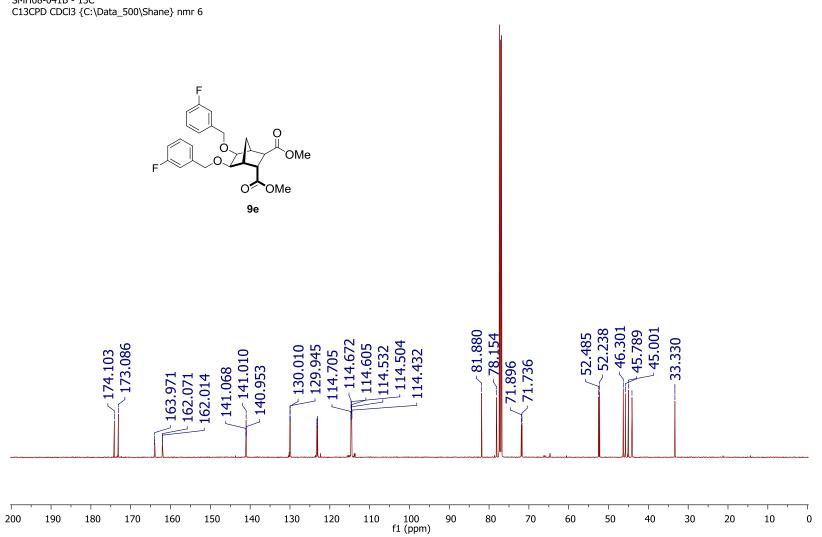






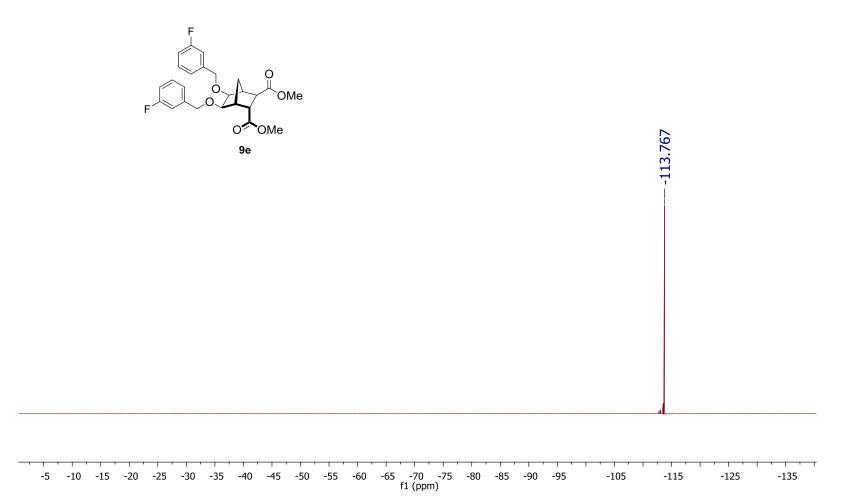




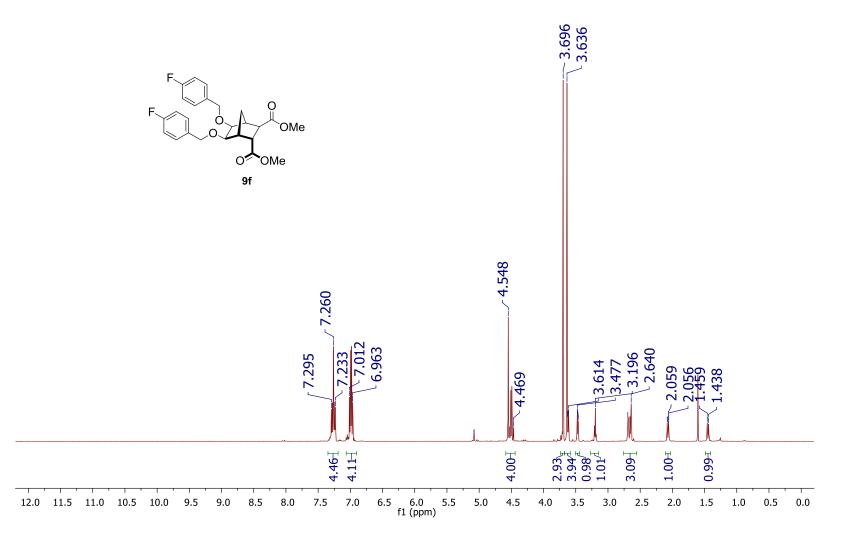


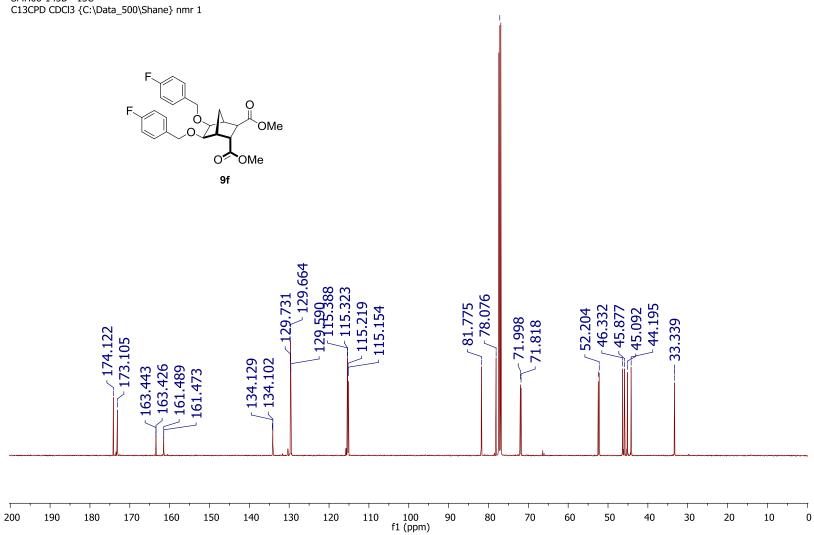
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SMH08-041B SMH08-041B-19F



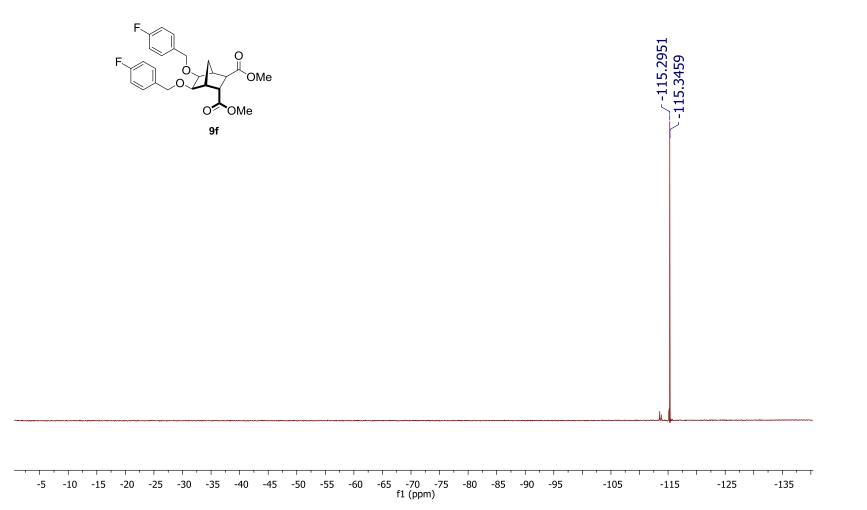
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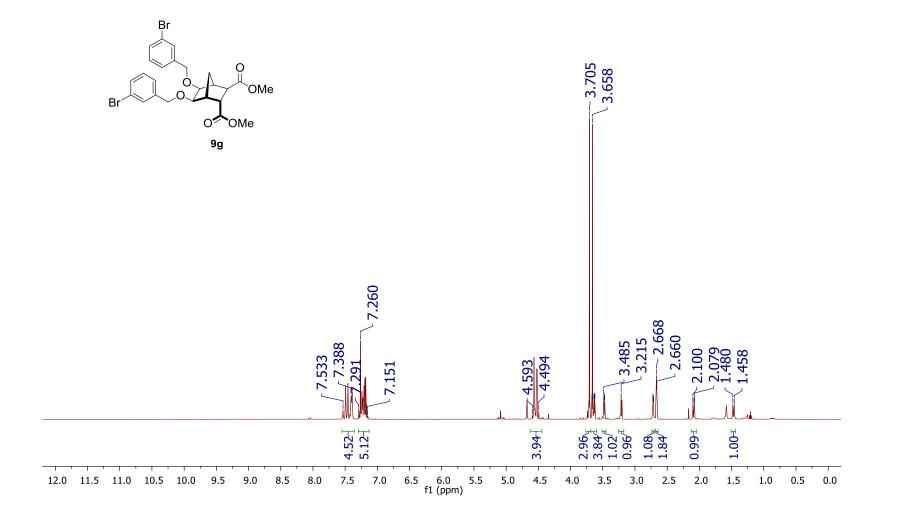


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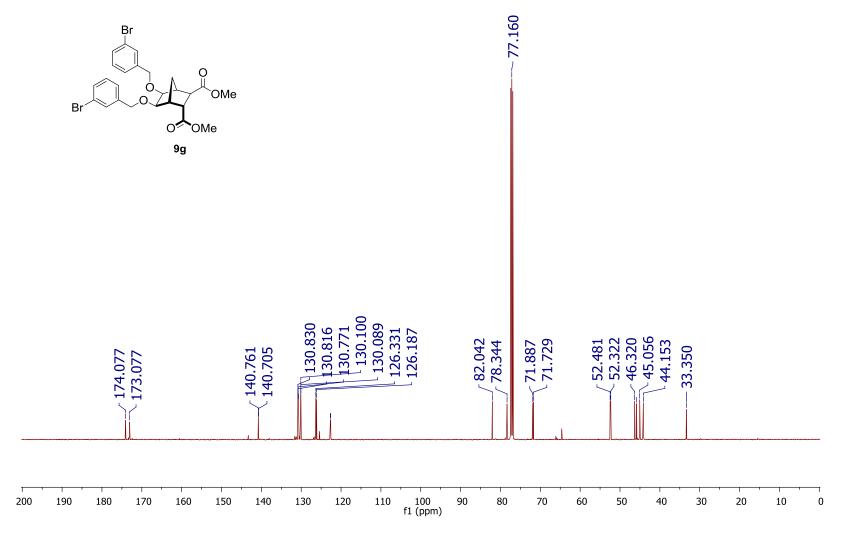
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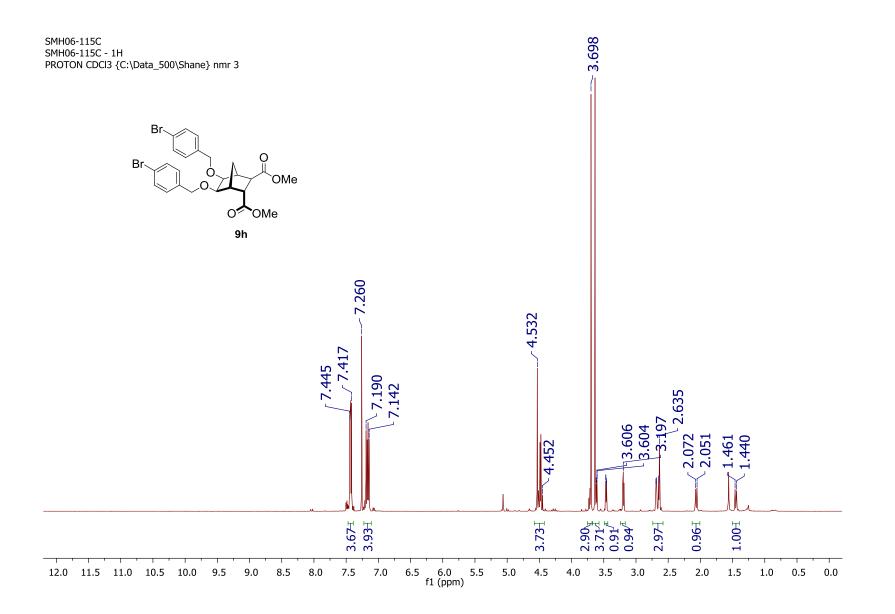


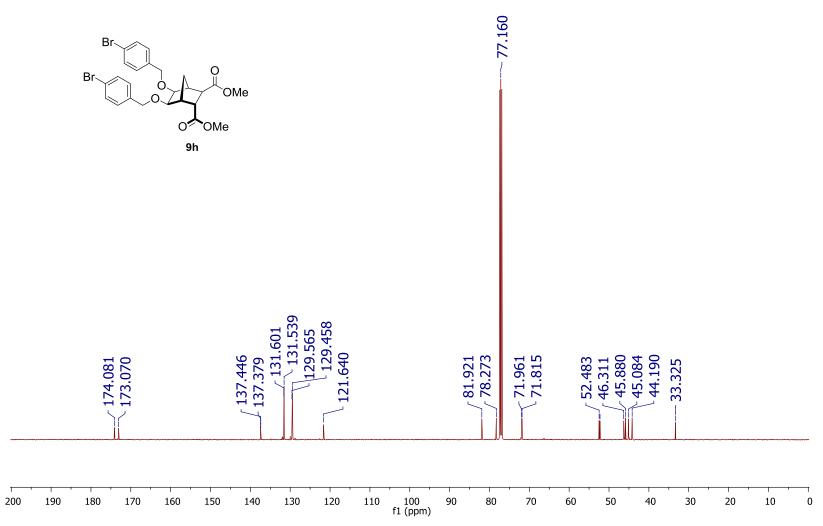
SMH06-123B SMH06-123B - 1H PROTON CDCl3 {C:\Data\_500\Shane} nmr 1



Norbornane diester di benzyl-3-bromo SMH06-123B - 13C C13CPD CDCl3 {C:\Data\_500\Shane} nmr 1

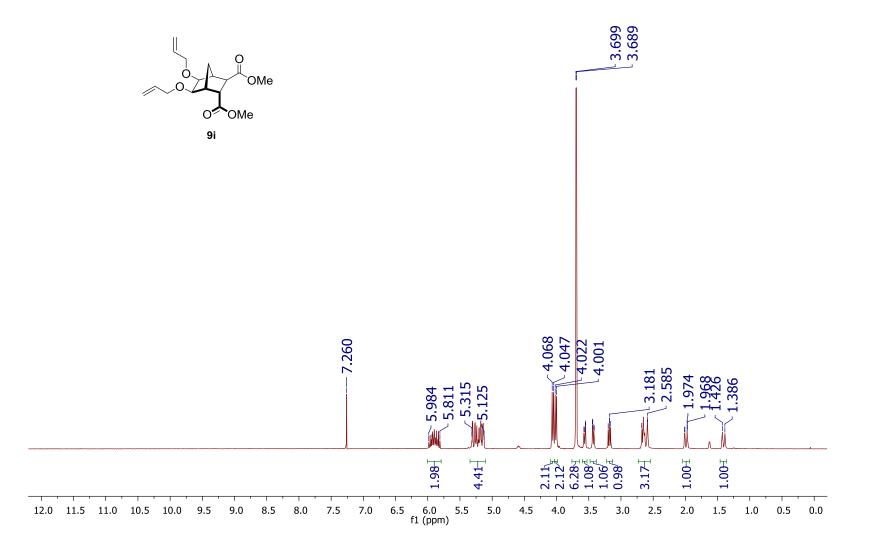






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Shane/SMH07-147B Single Pulse Experiment



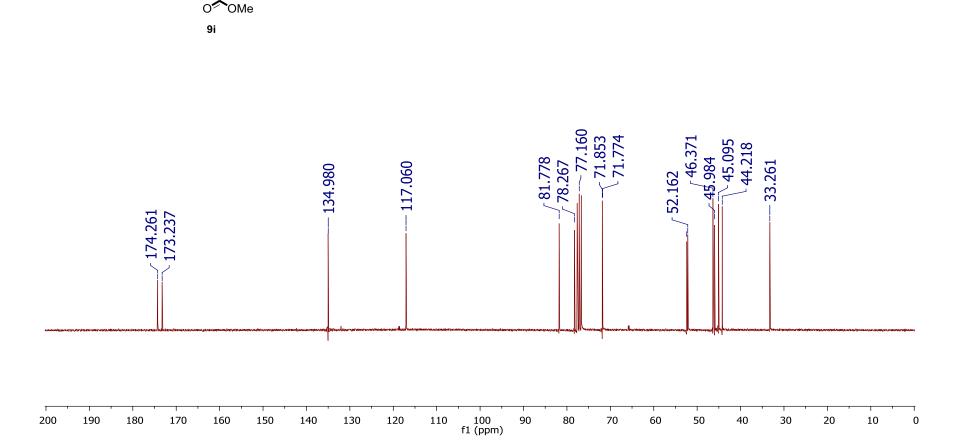
Shane/SMH07-147B-CARBON Single Pulse with Broadband Decoupling

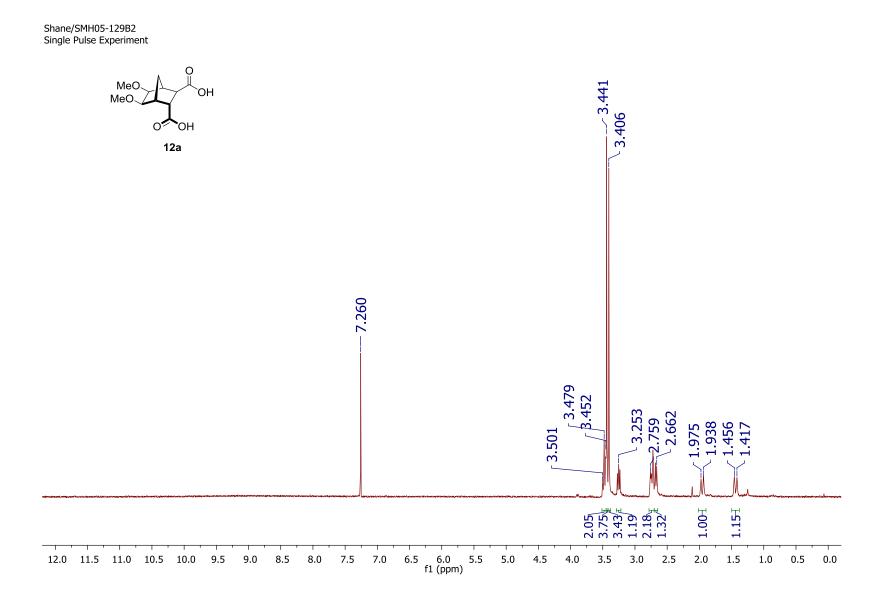
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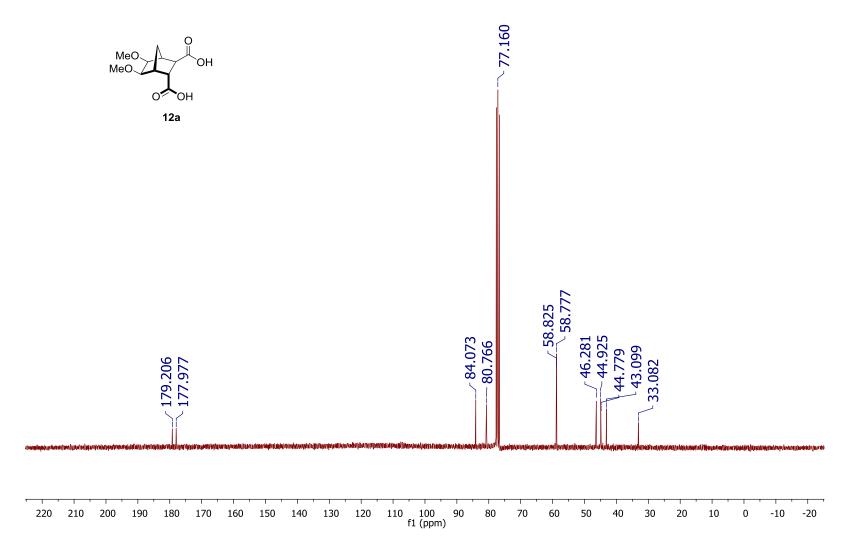
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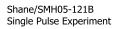
`OMe

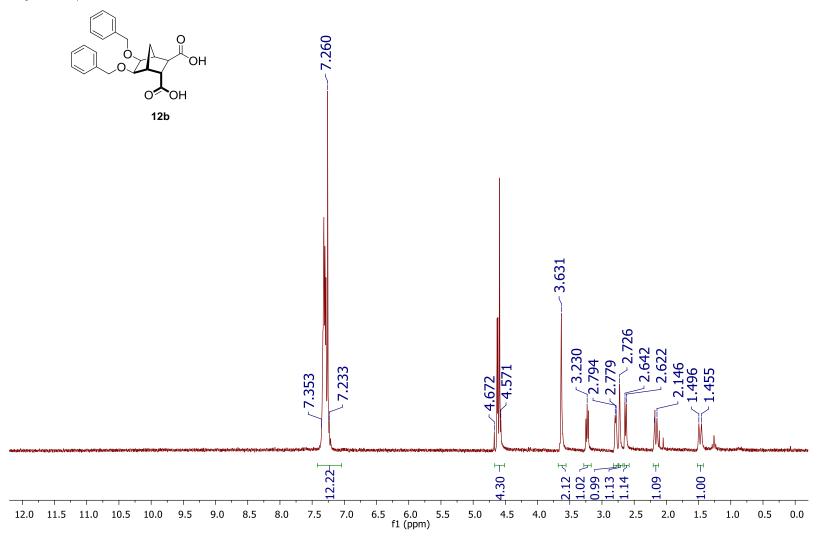


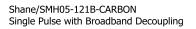


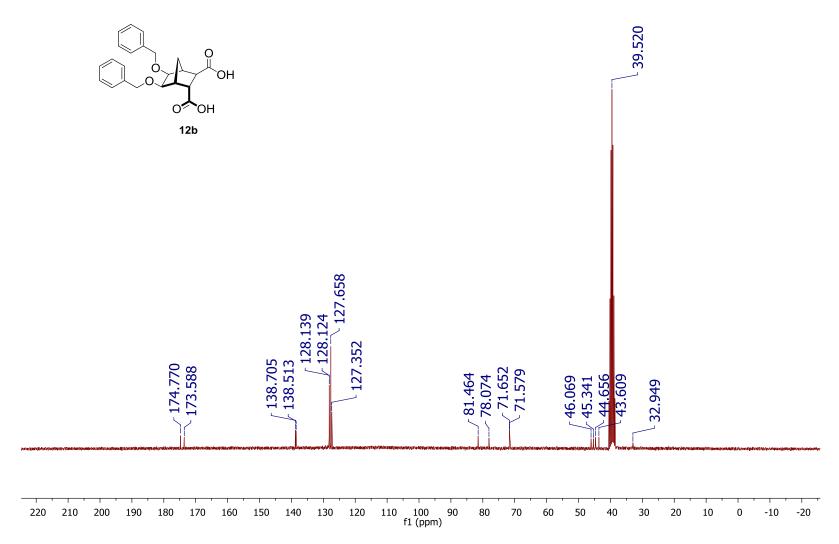
Shane/SMH05-129B-CARBON Single Pulse with Broadband Decoupling

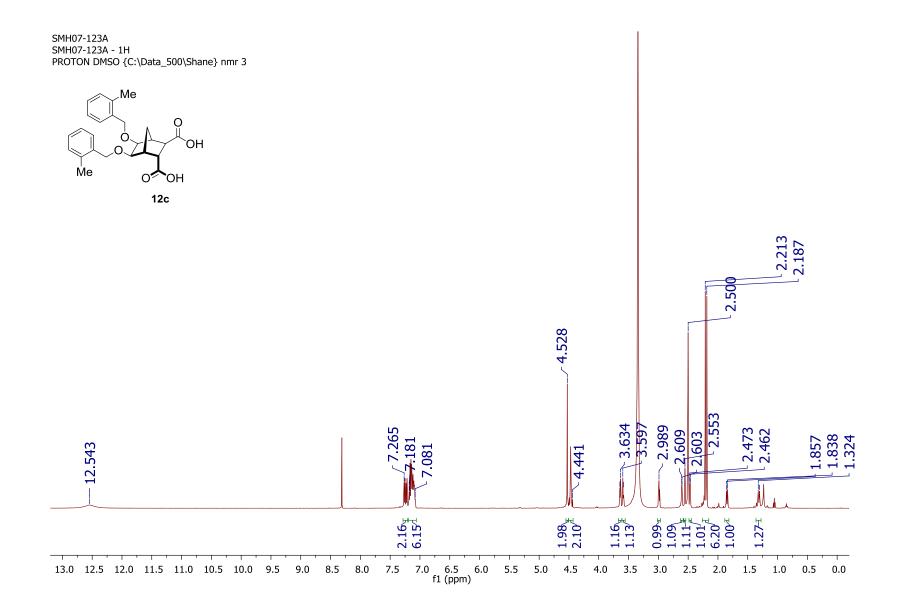


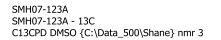


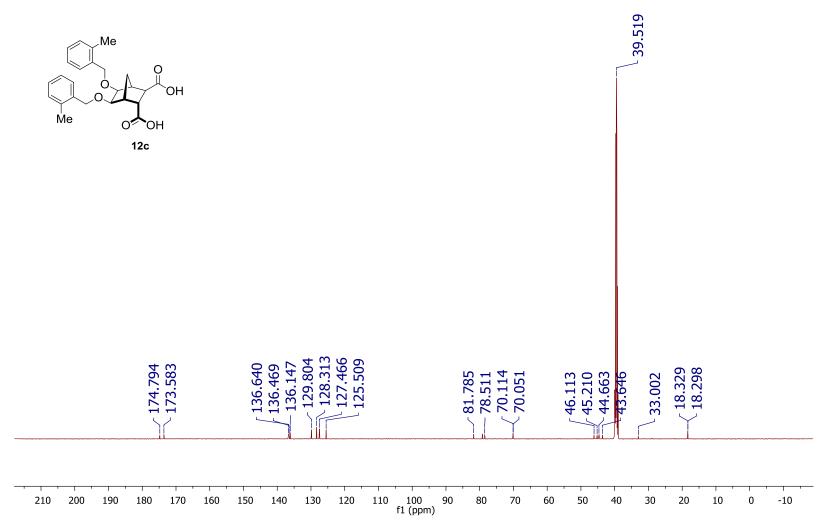


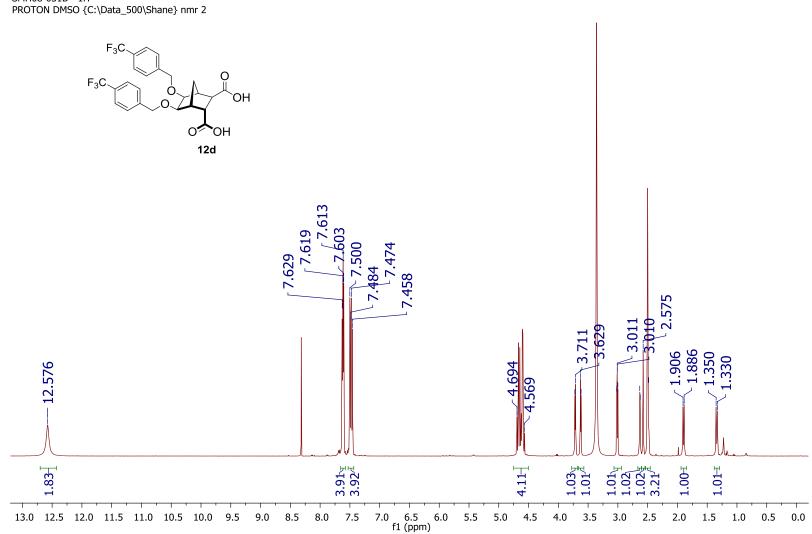




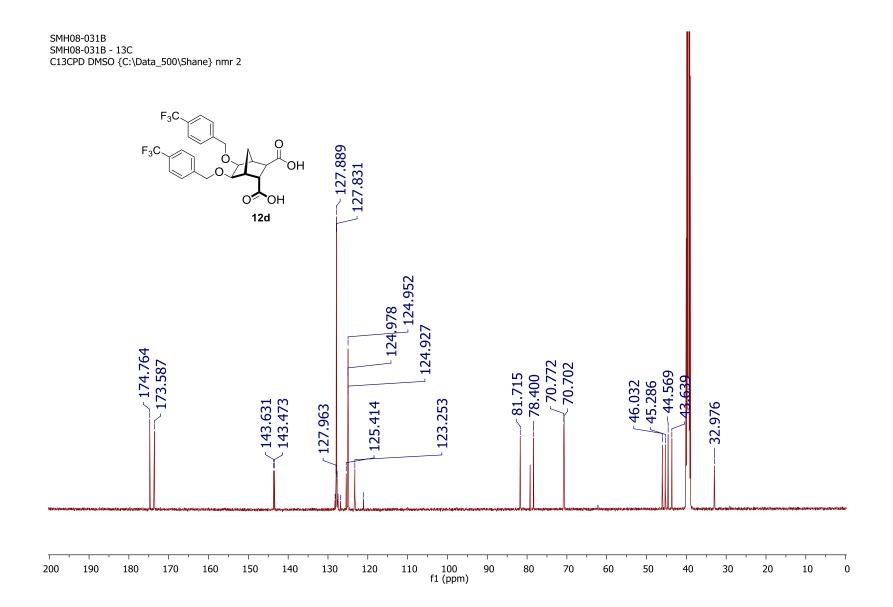




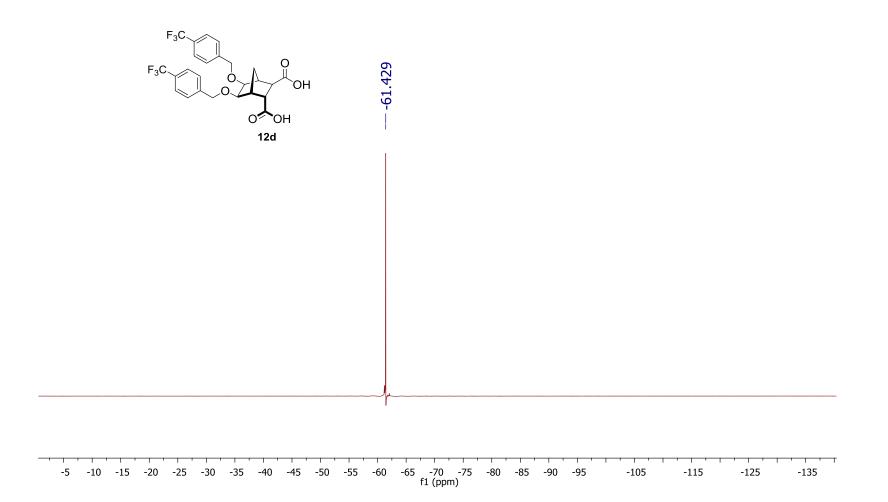


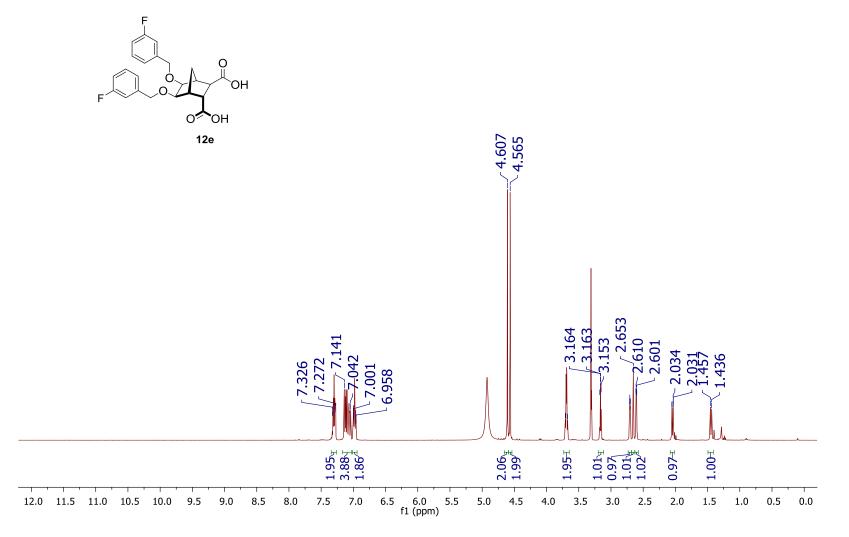


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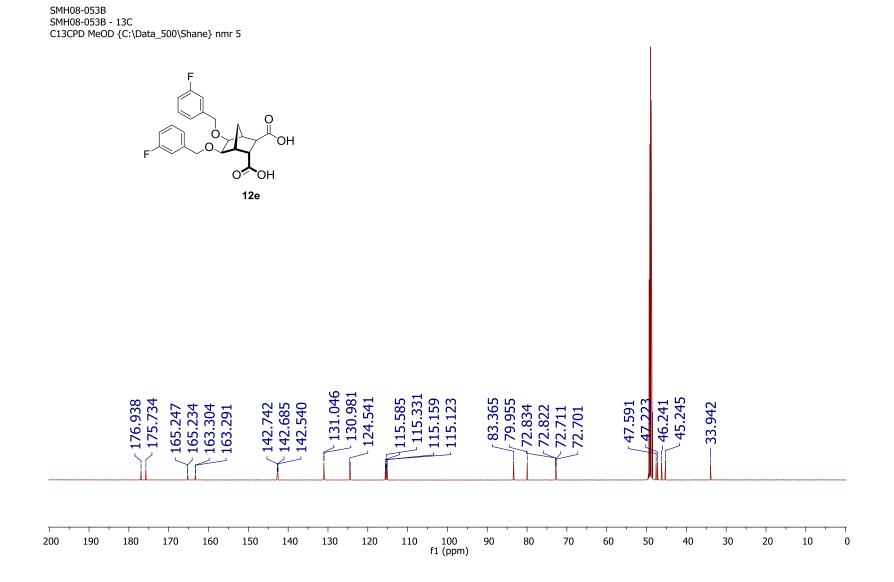


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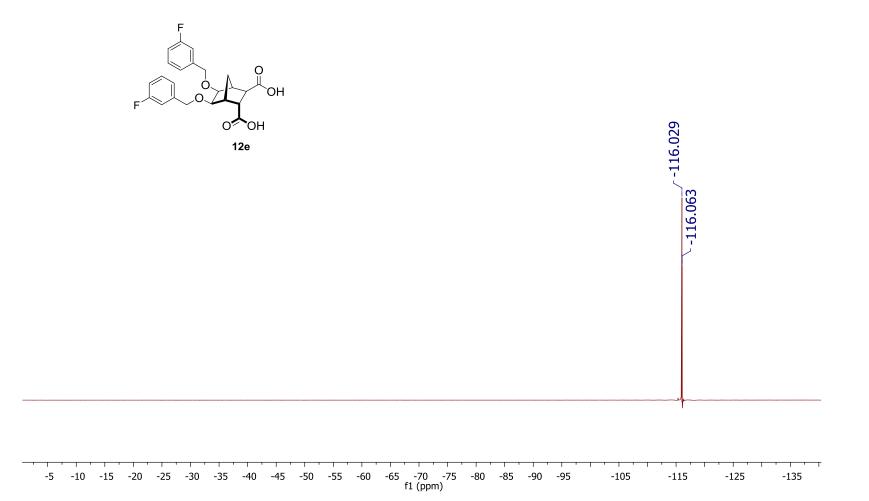


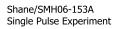


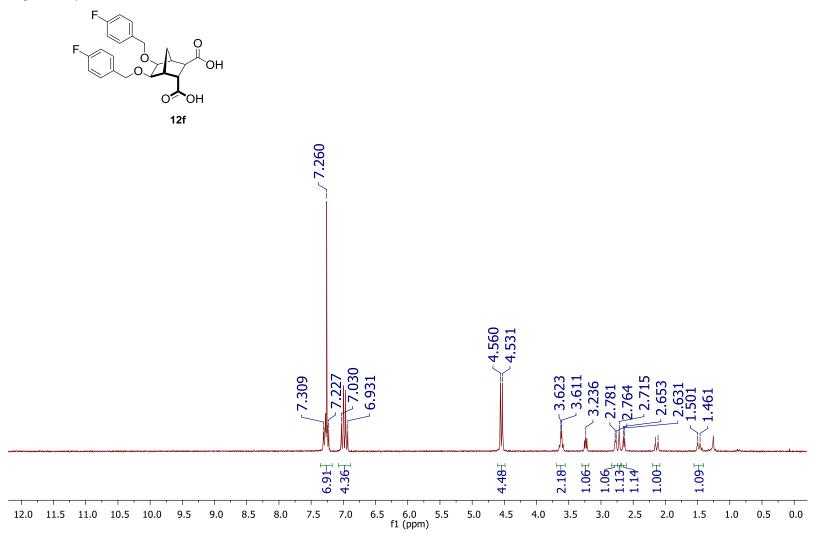
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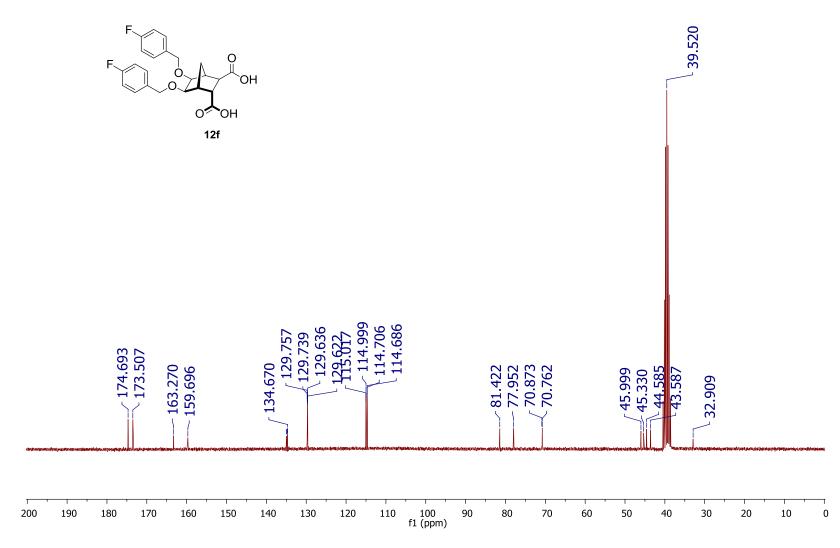
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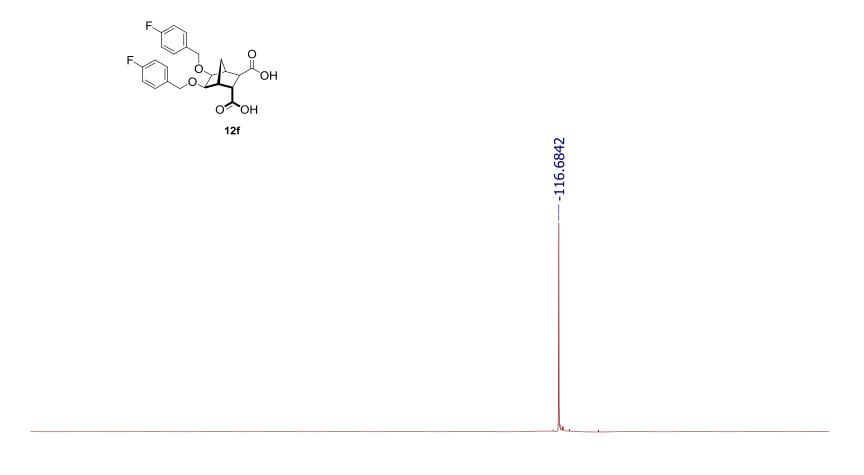




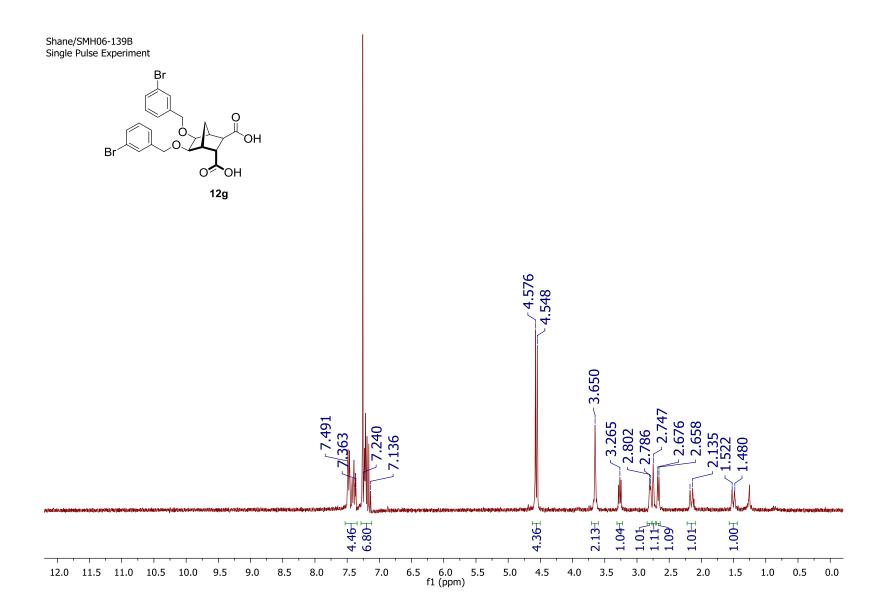
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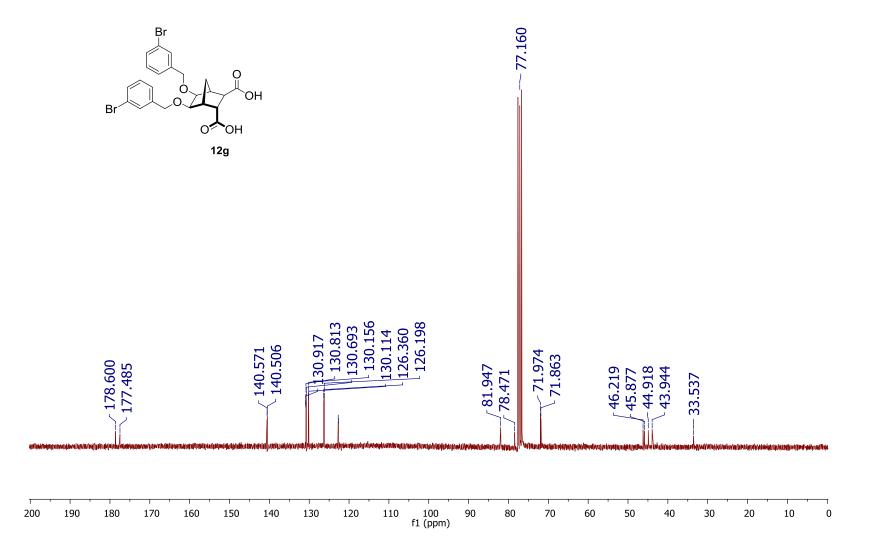
SMH08-145A SMH08-145A-19F



-100 -101 -102 -103 -104 -105 -106 -107 -108 -109 -110 -111 -112 -113 -114 -115 -116 -117 -118 -119 -120 -121 -122 -123 -124 -125 f1 (ppm)



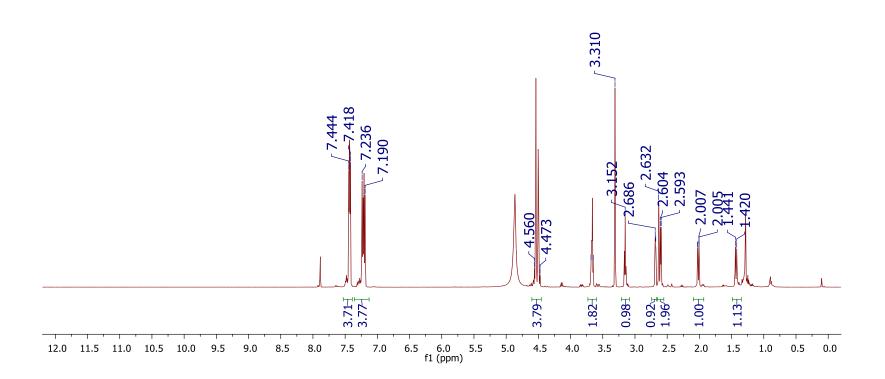
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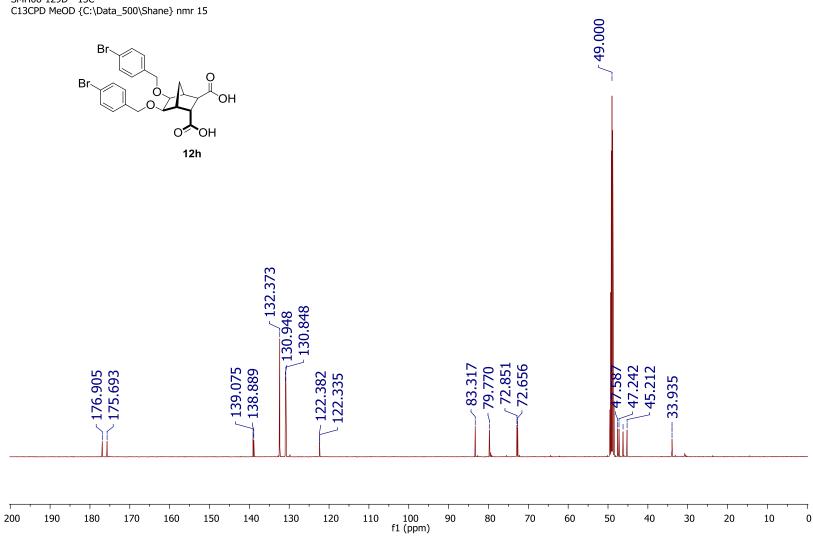


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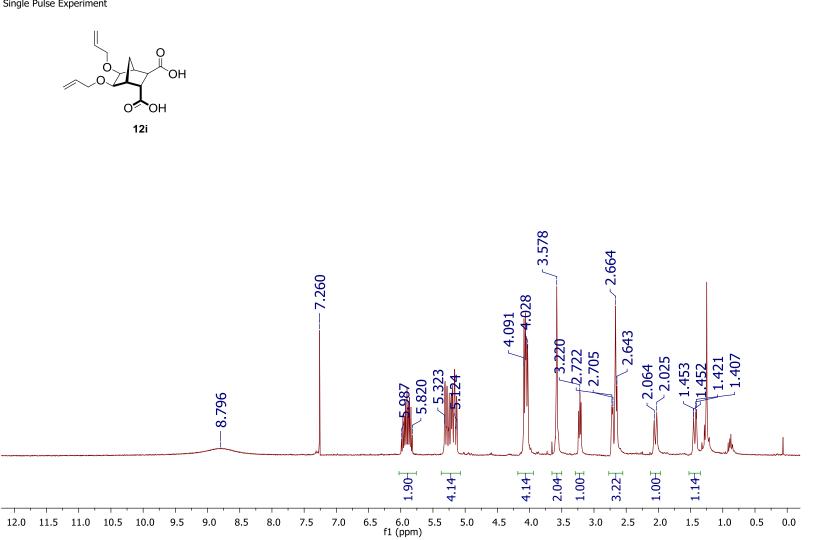
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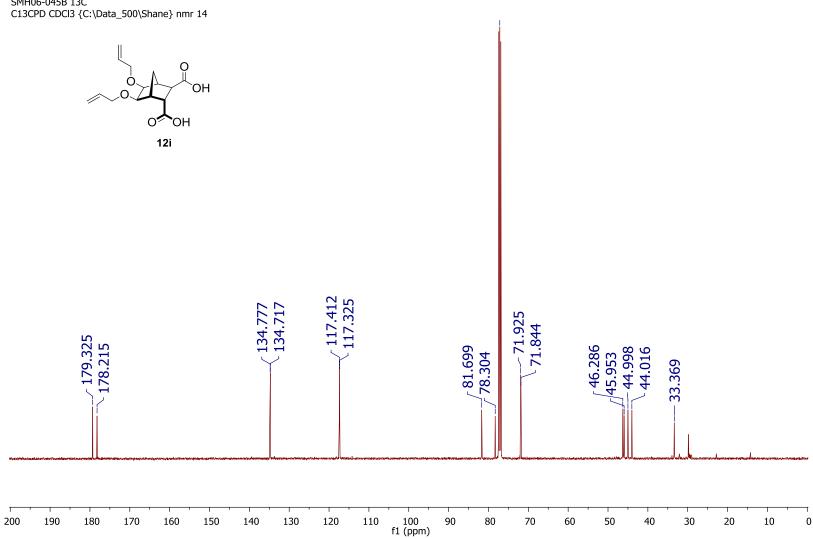




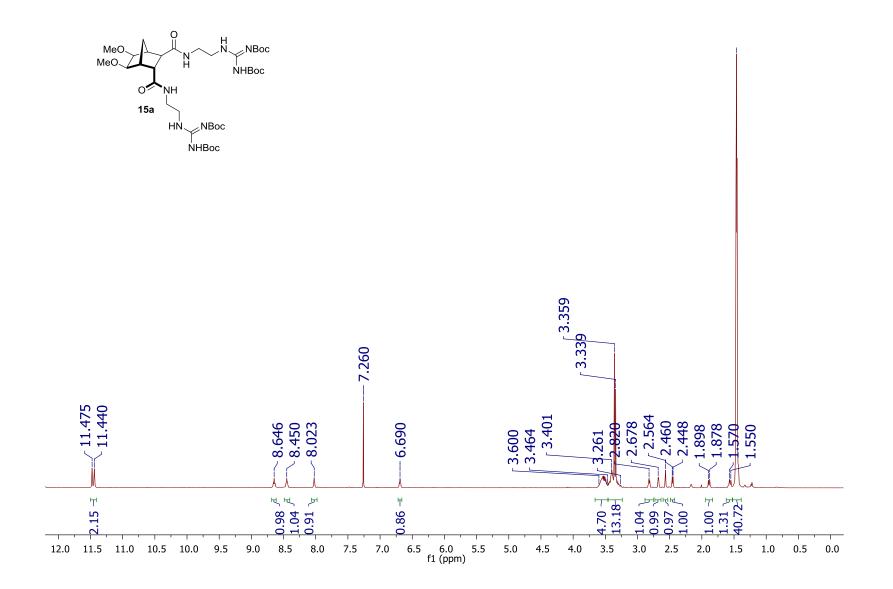
SMH06-129D SMH06-129D - 13C C13CPD MeOD {C:\Data\_500\Shane} nmr 15

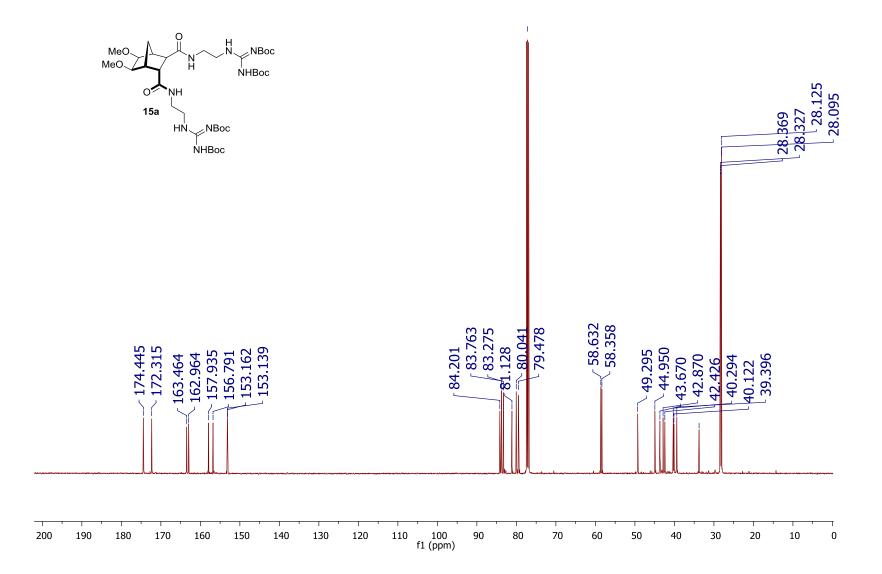


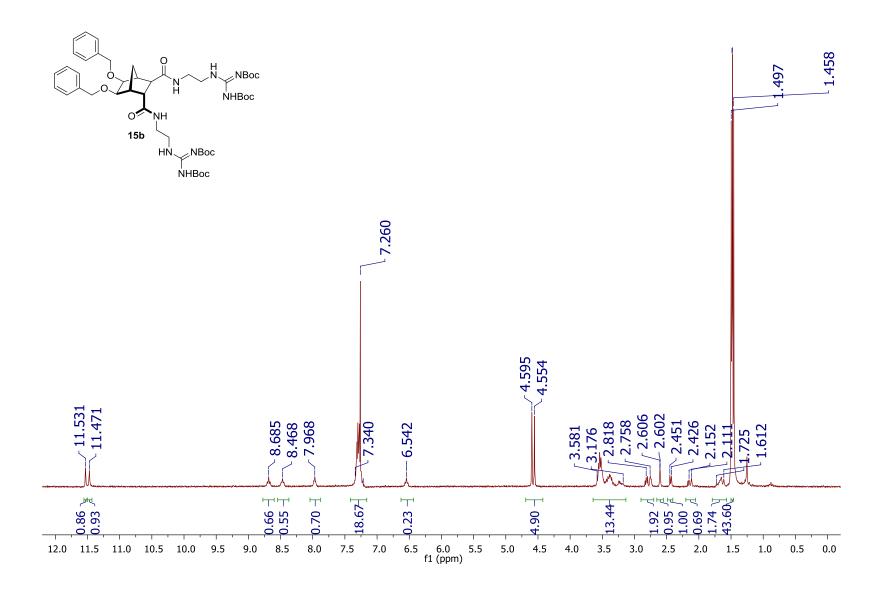
Shane/SMH06-045B Single Pulse Experiment

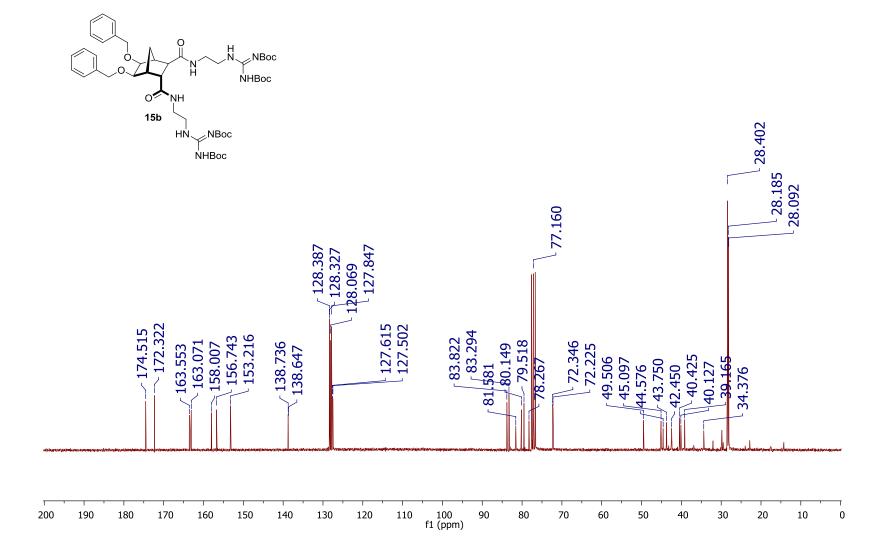


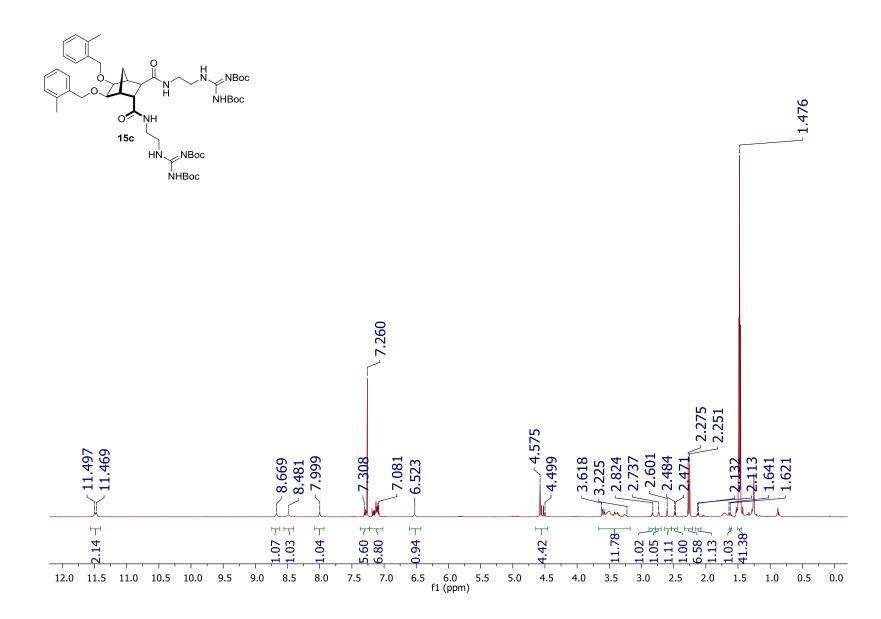
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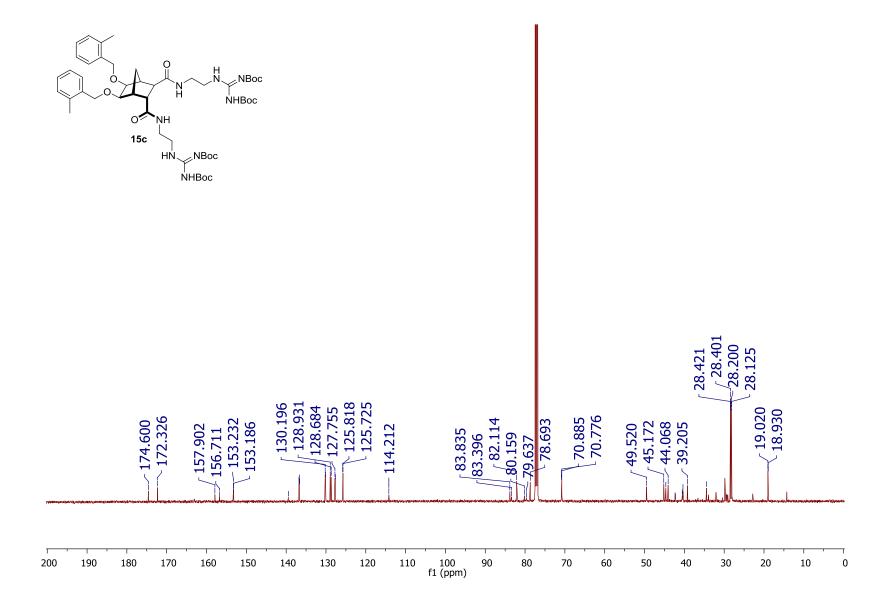


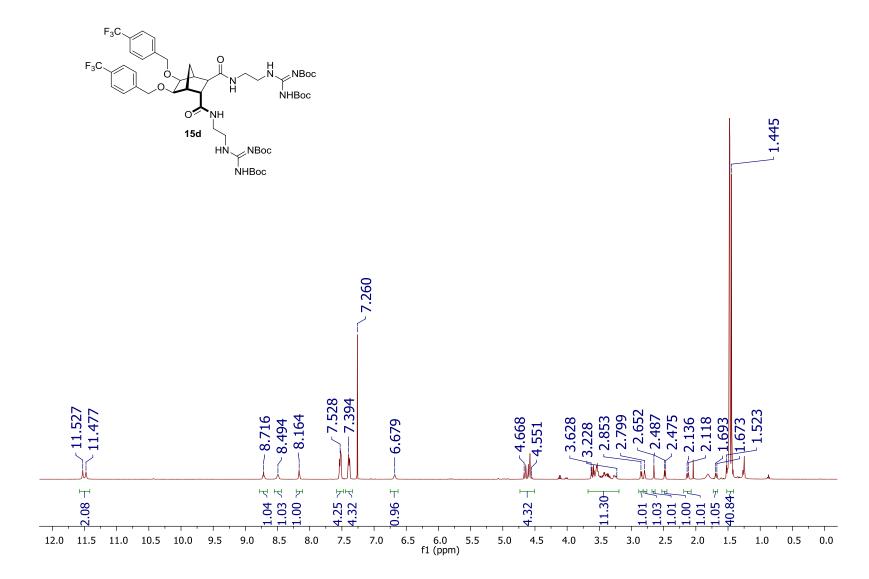


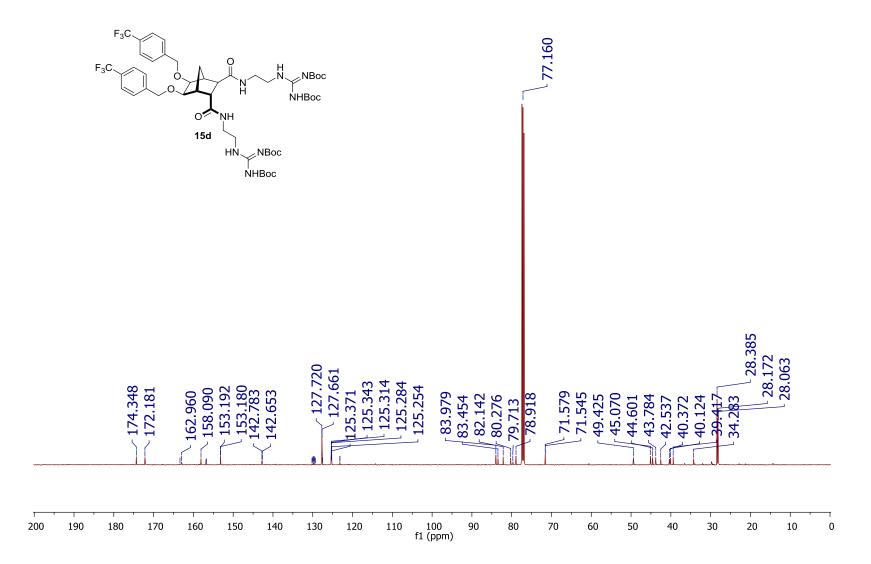


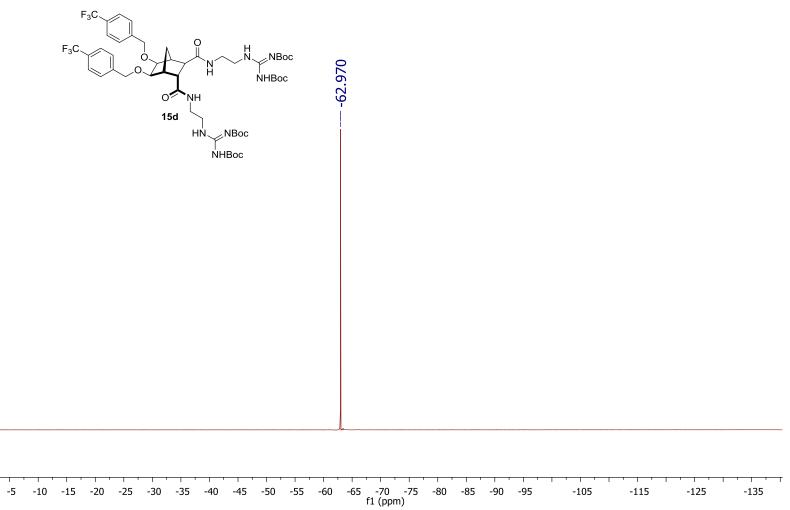


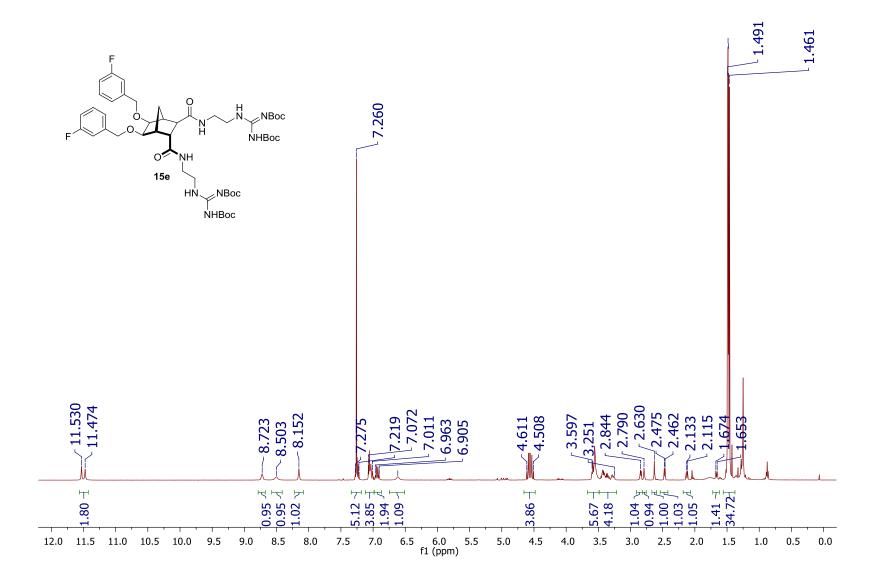


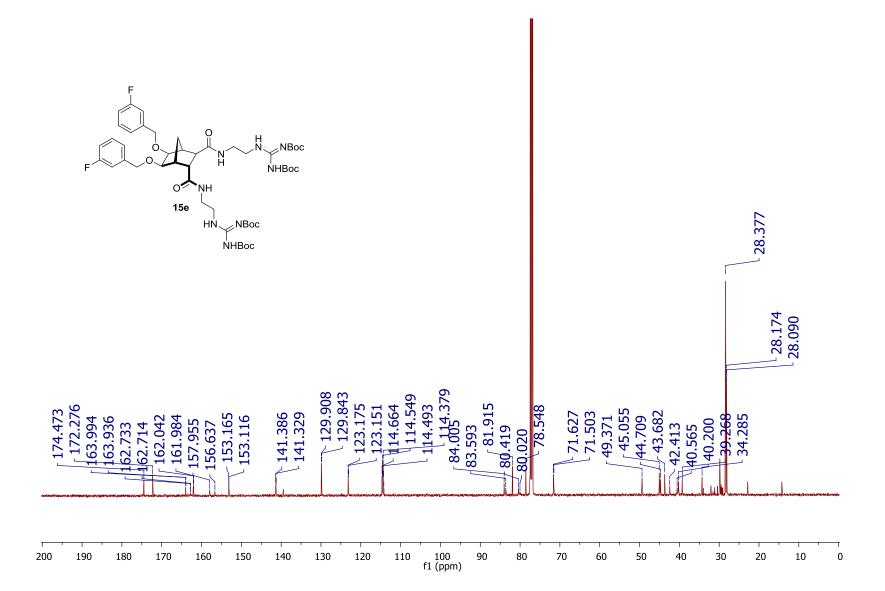


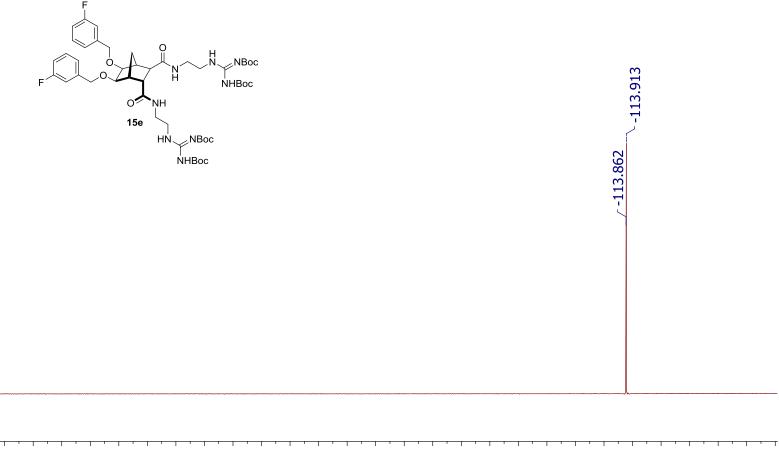




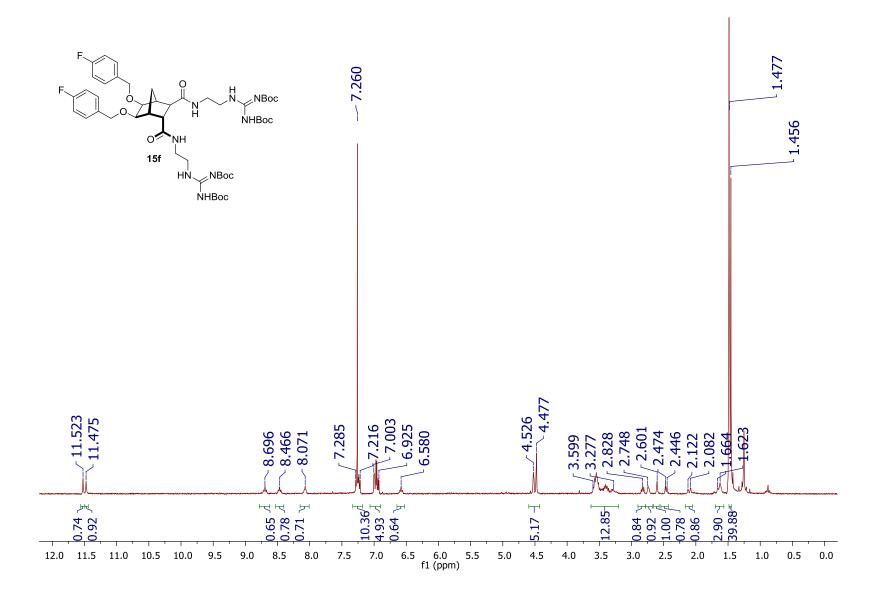


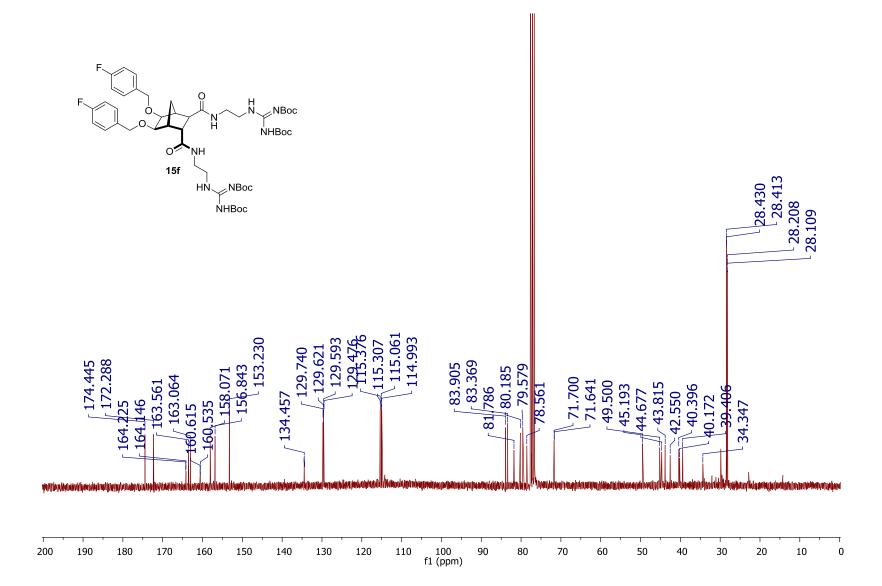


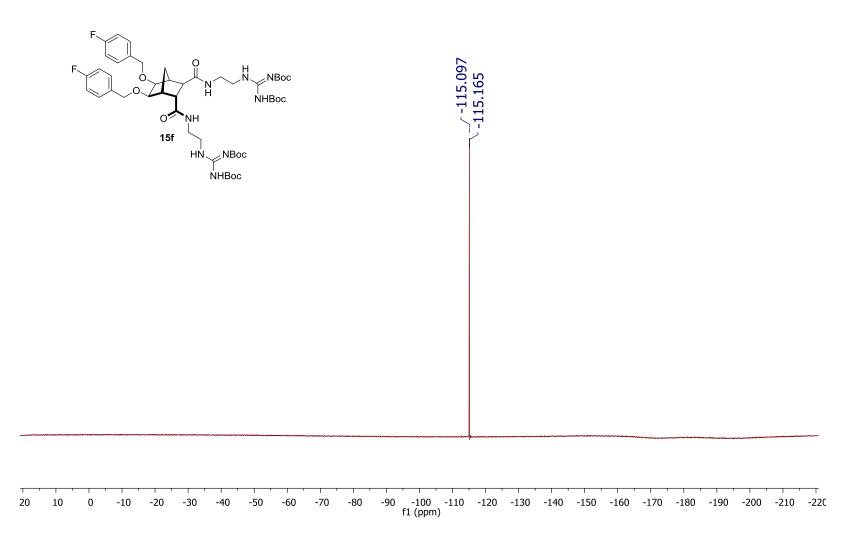


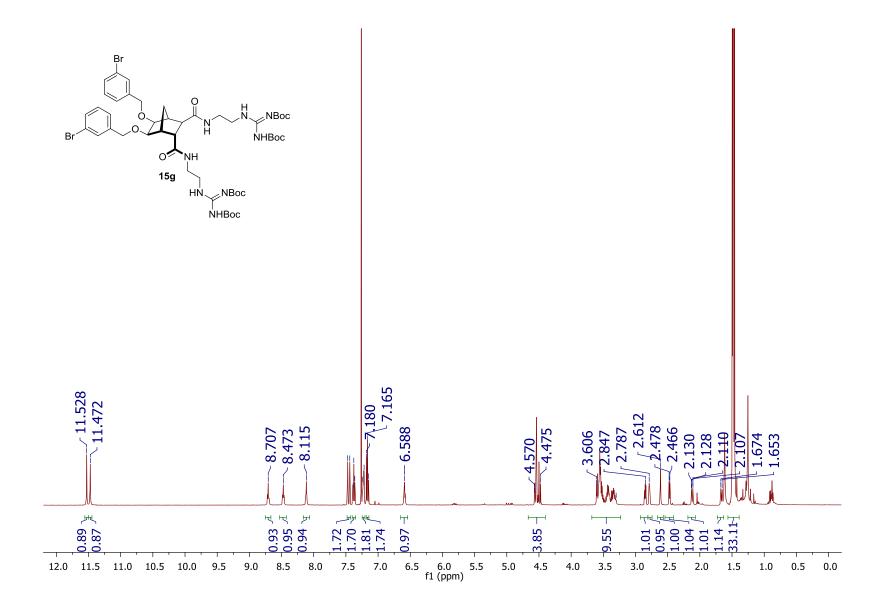


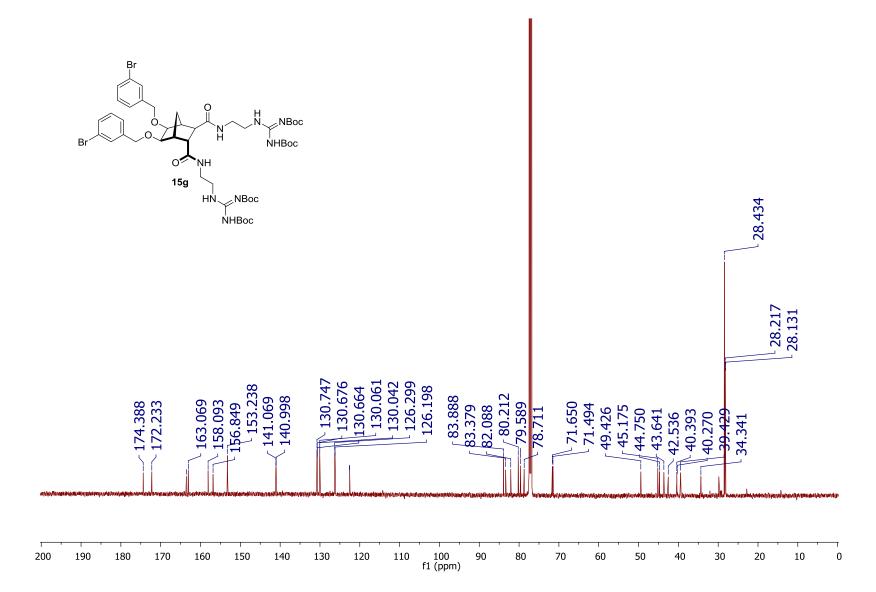
-5 -10 -15 -20 -25 -30 -35 -40 -45 -50 -55 -60 -65 -70 -75 -80 -85 -90 -95 -105 -115 -125 -135 f1 (ppm)

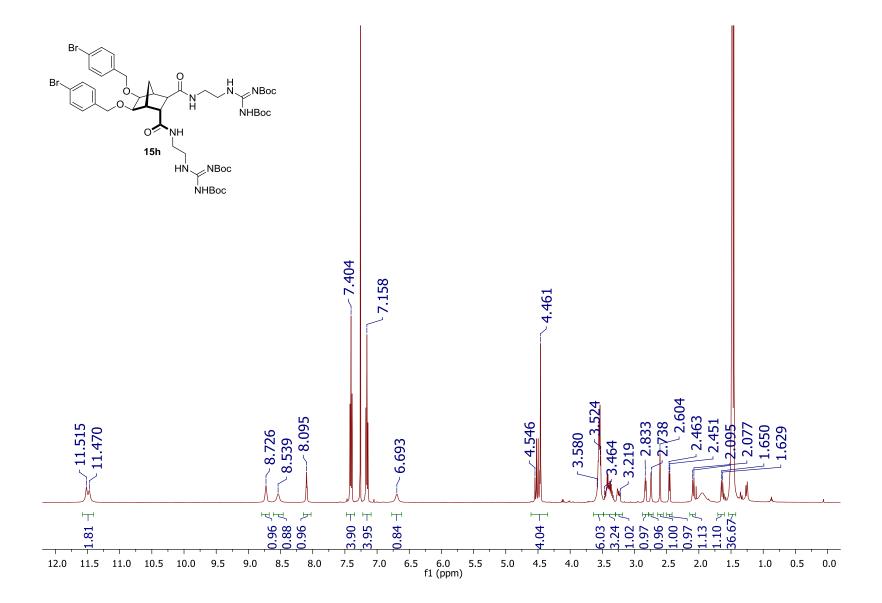


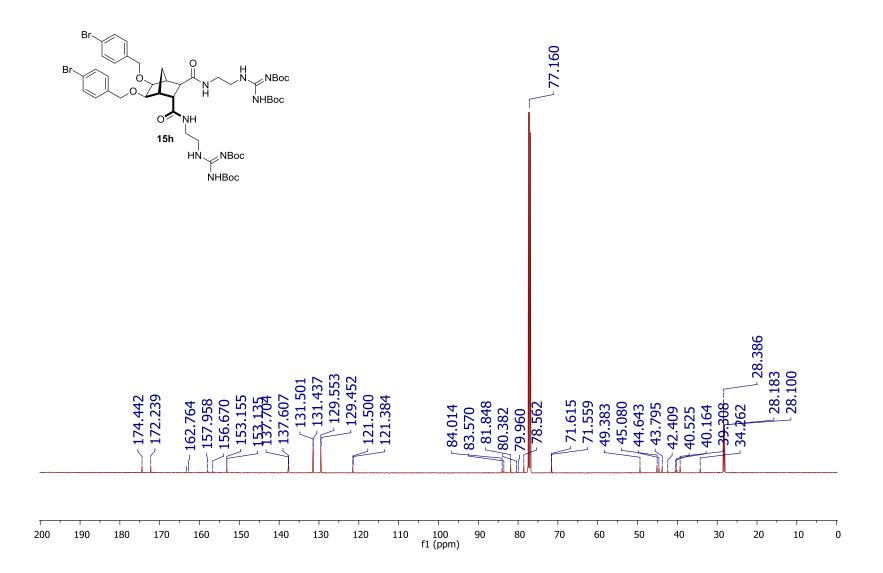


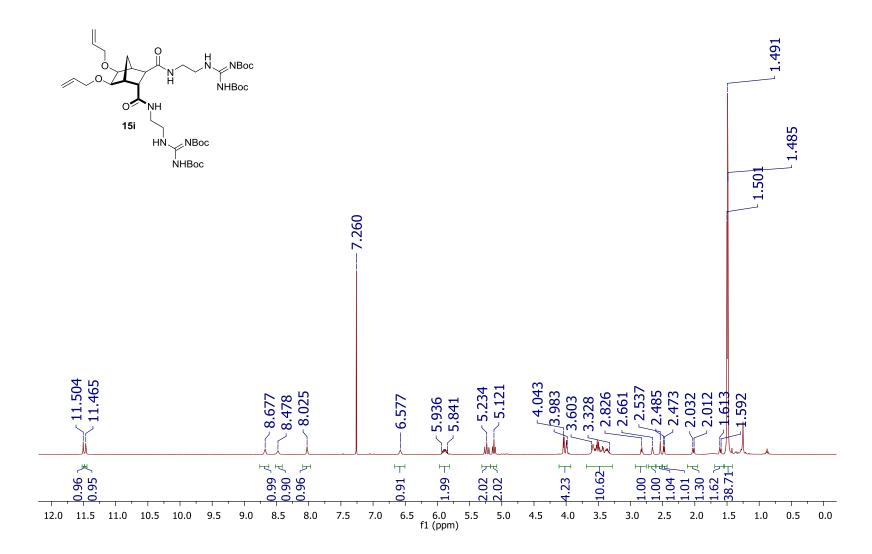


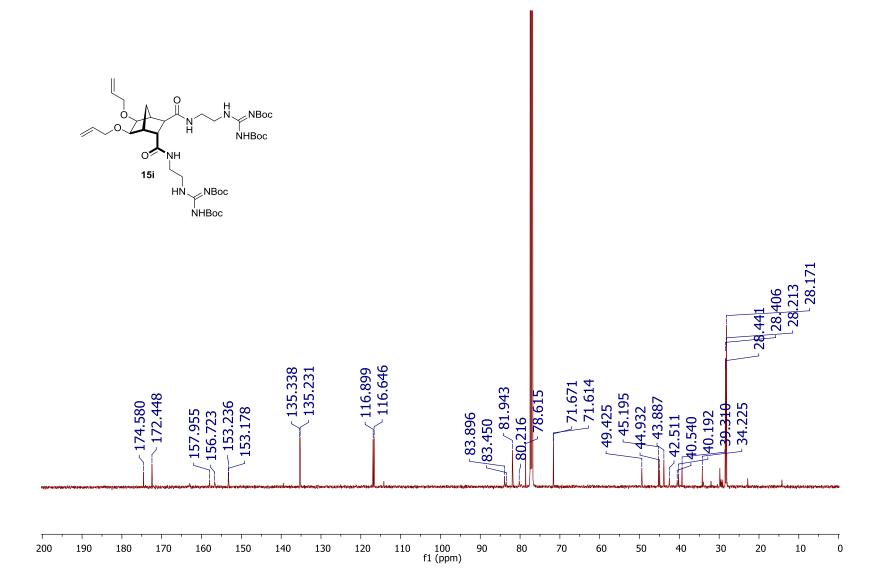


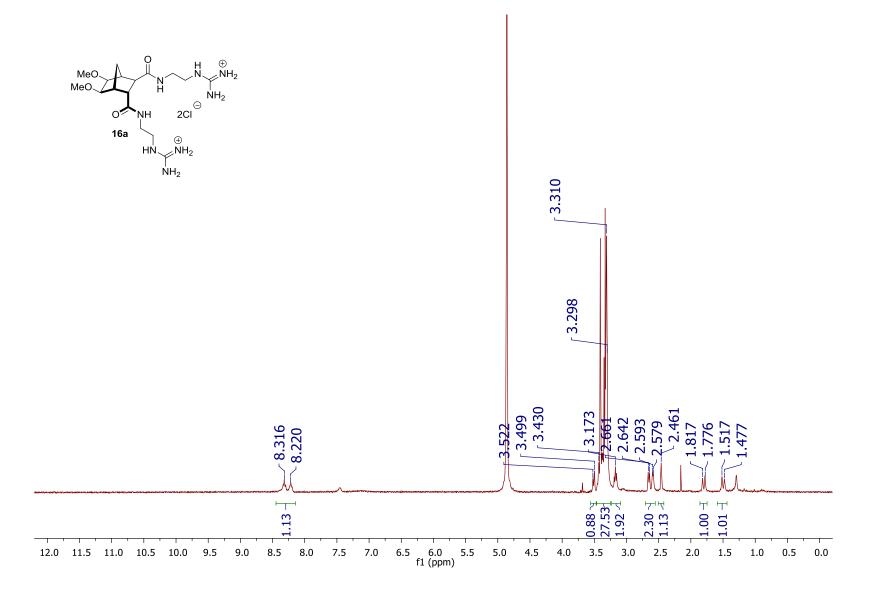


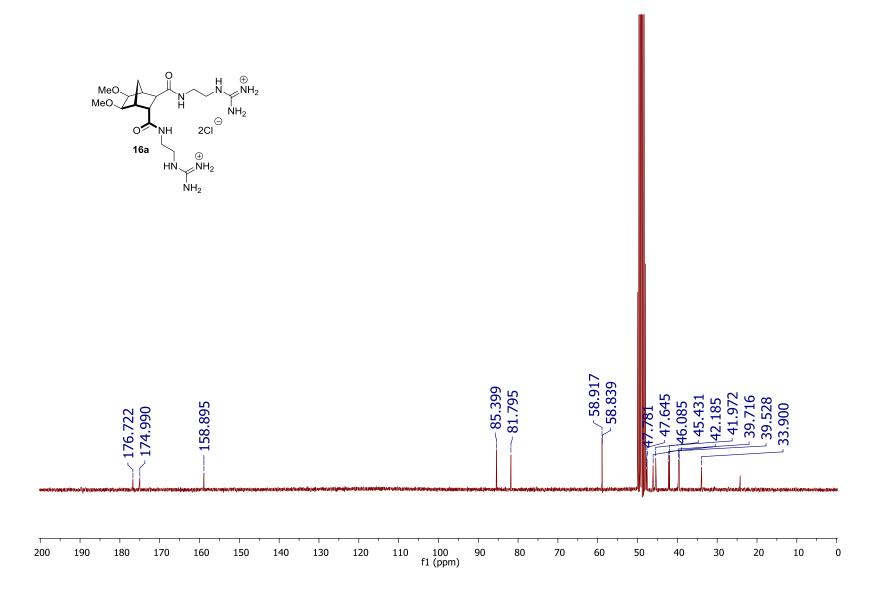


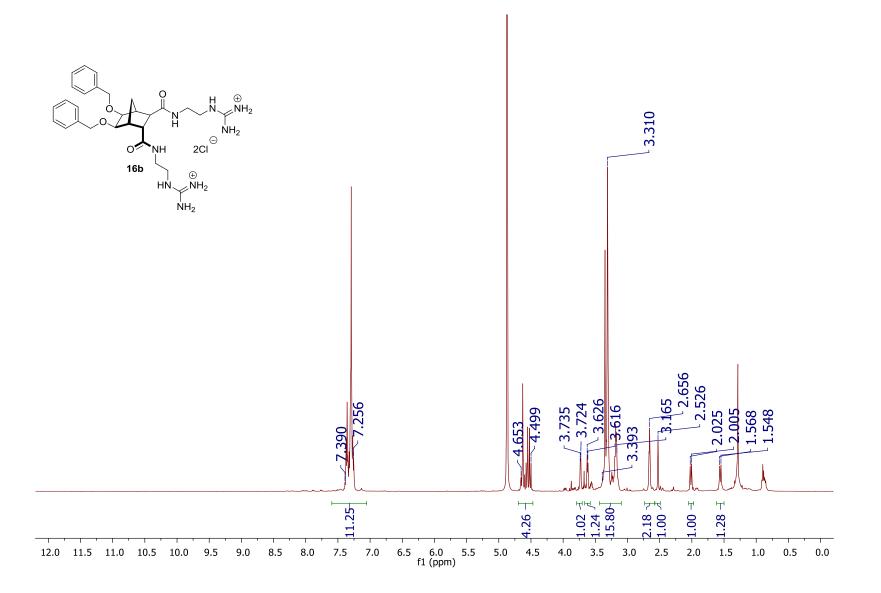


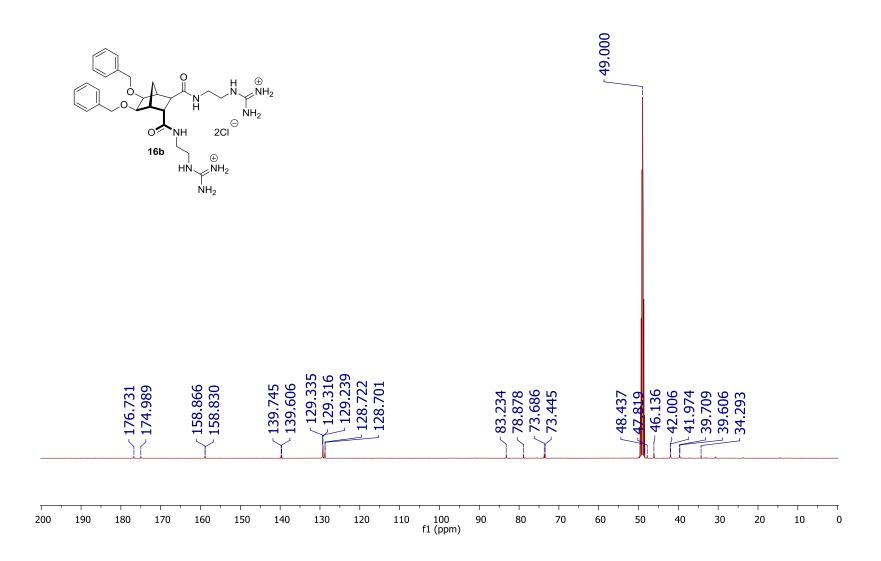


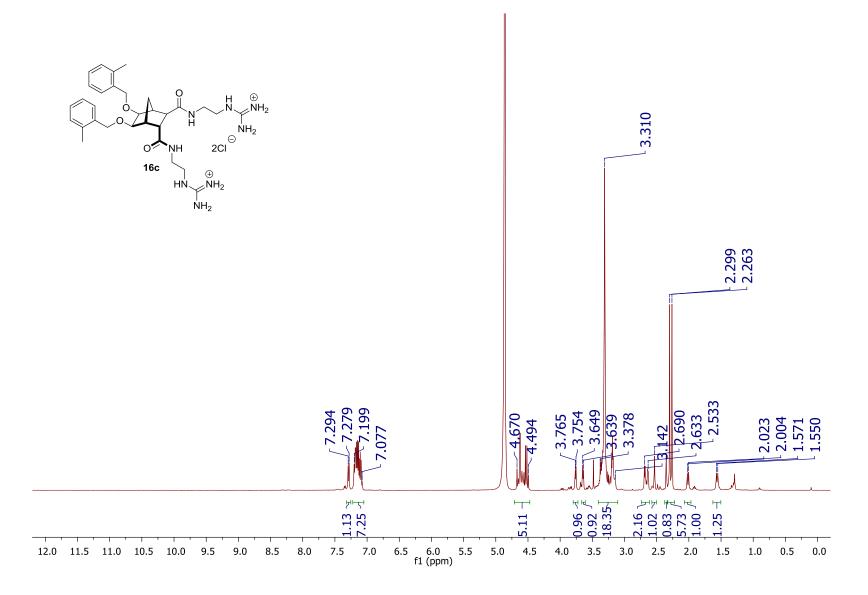


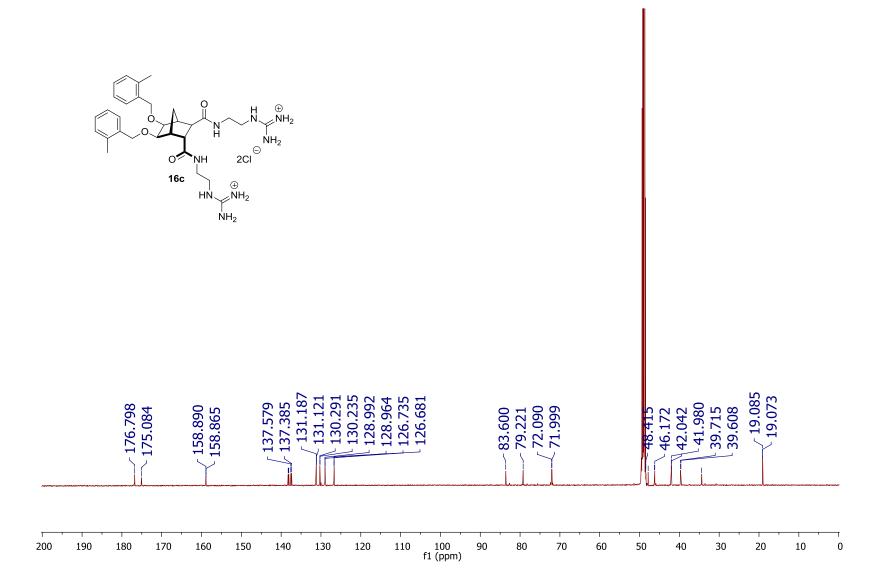


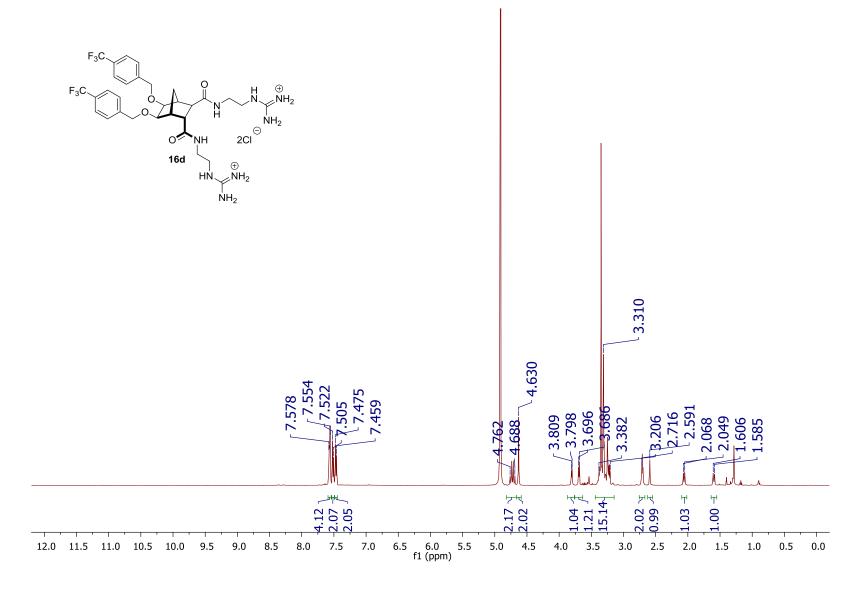


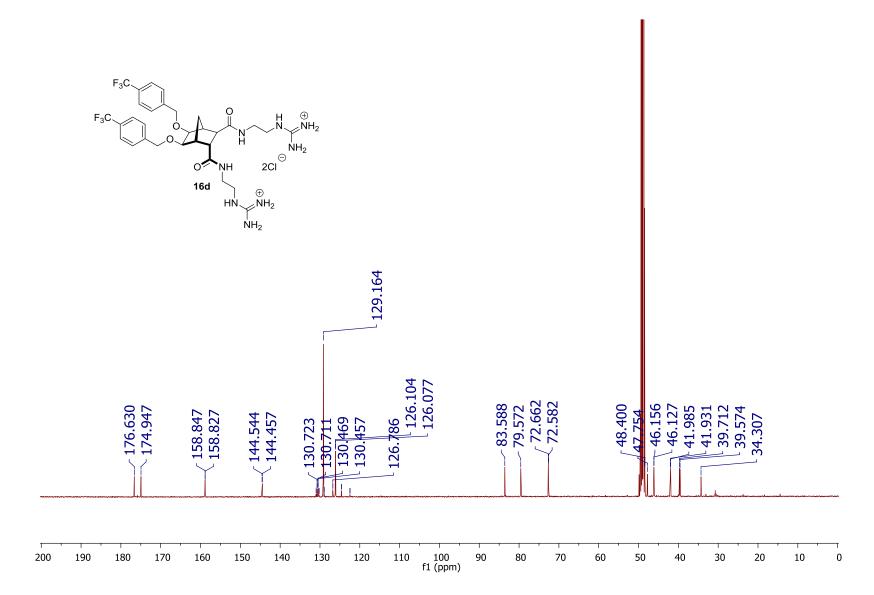


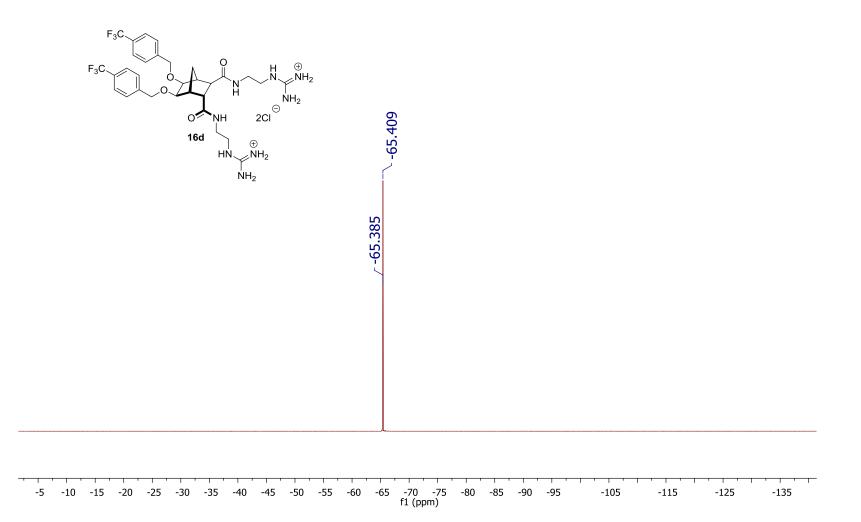


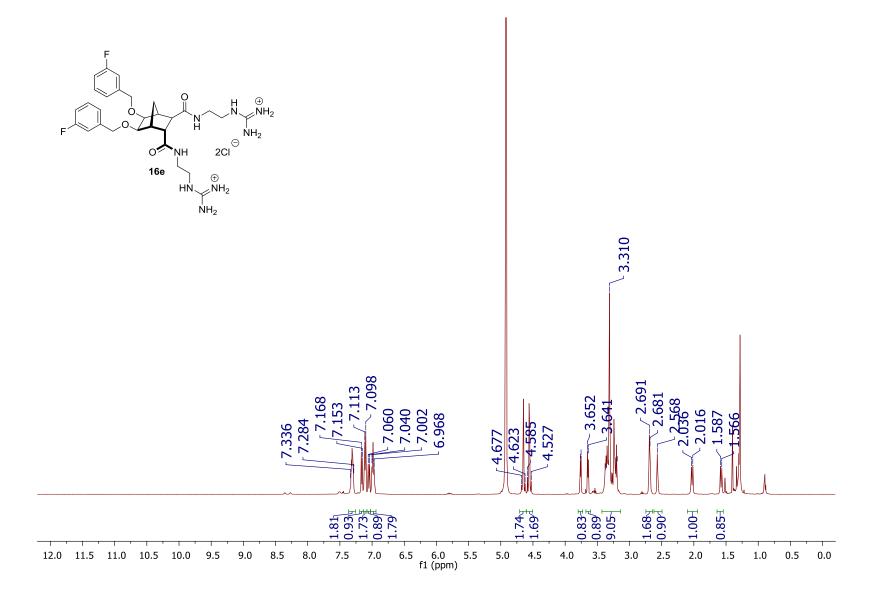


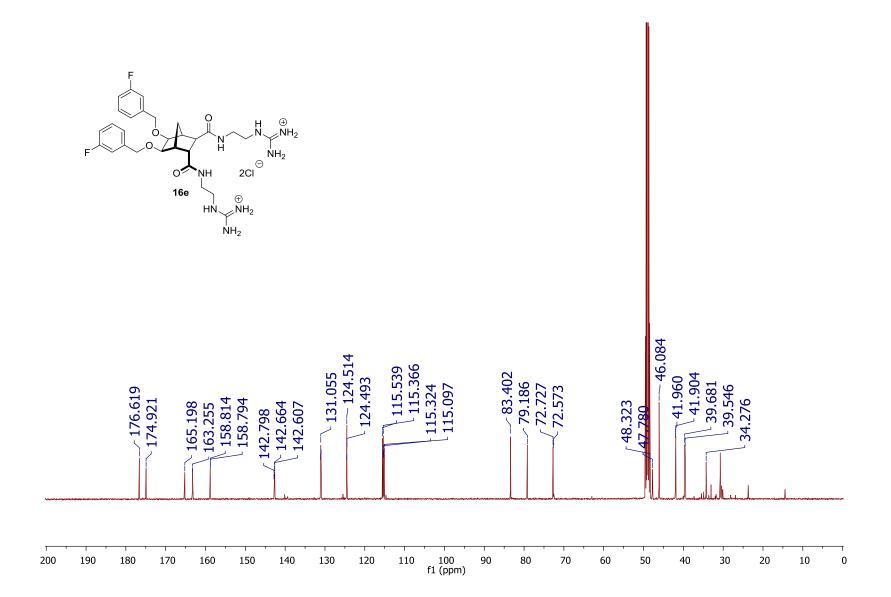


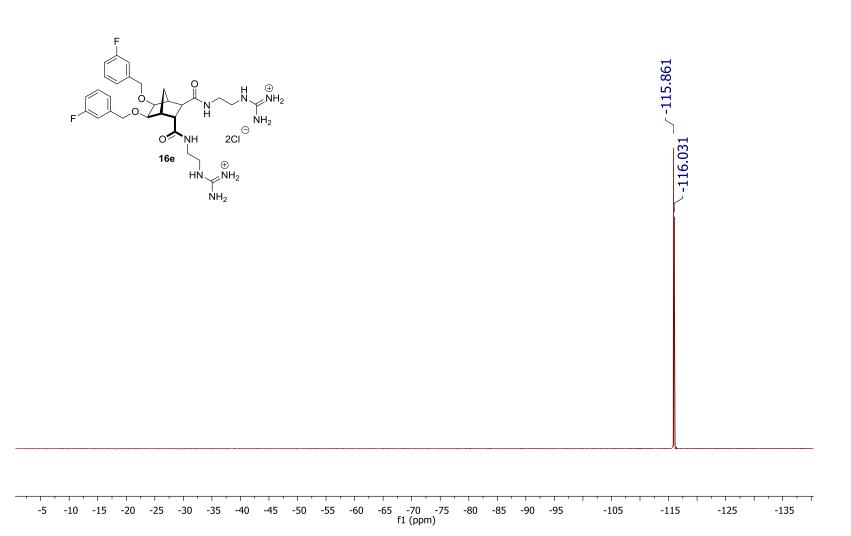


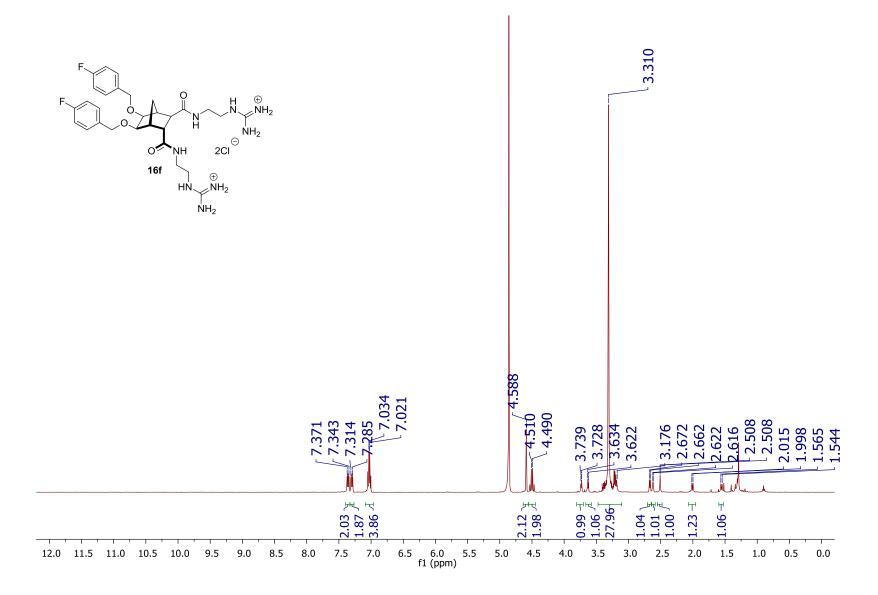


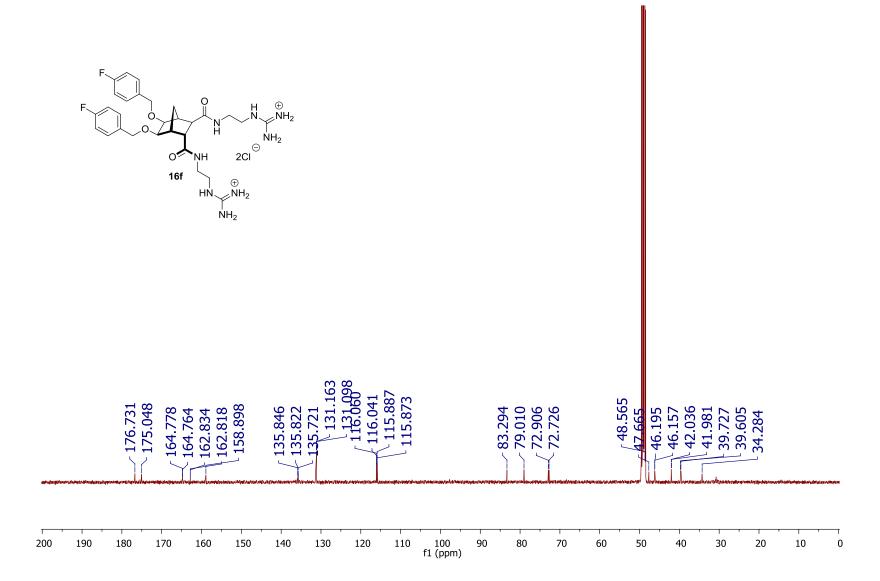


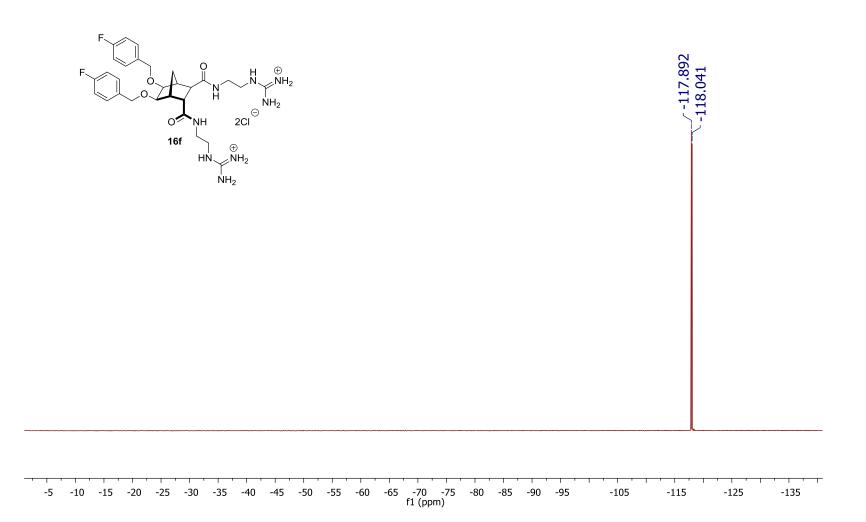


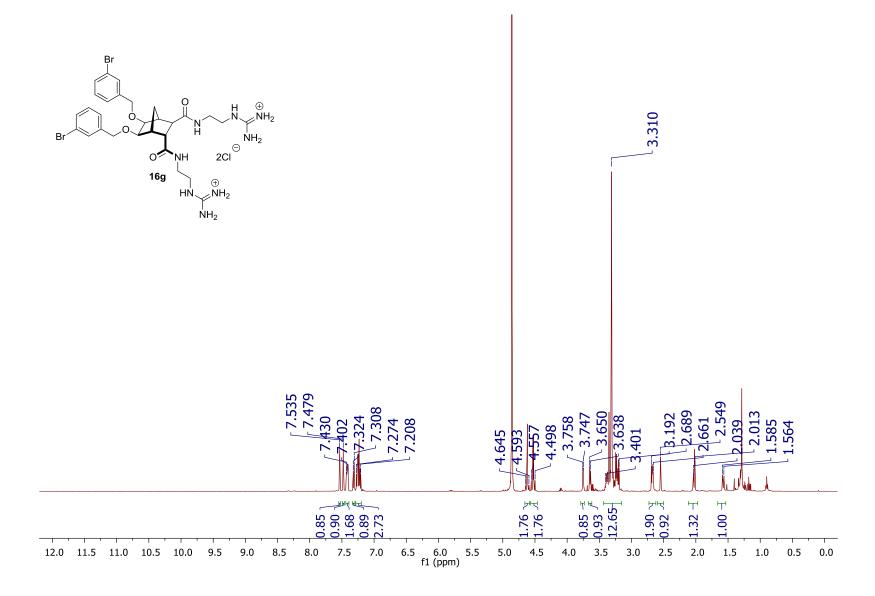


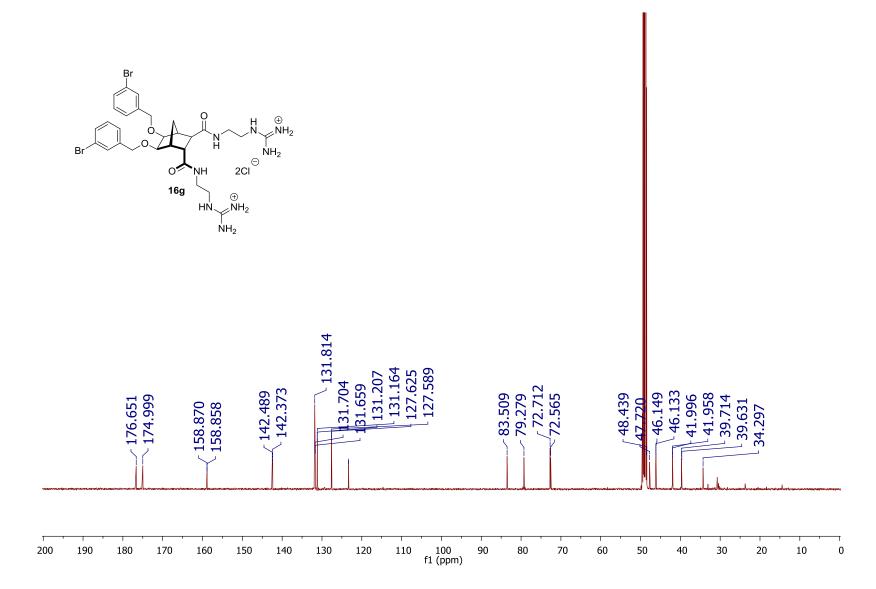


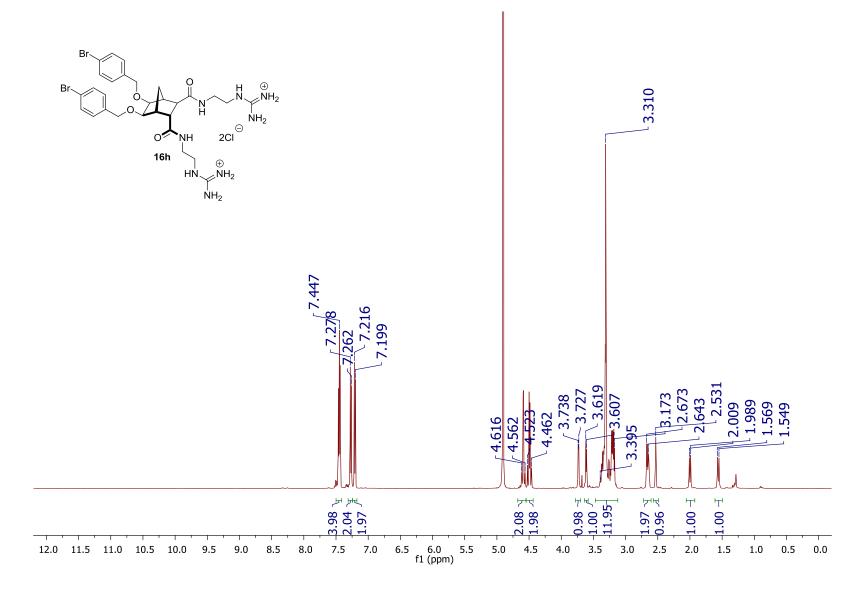


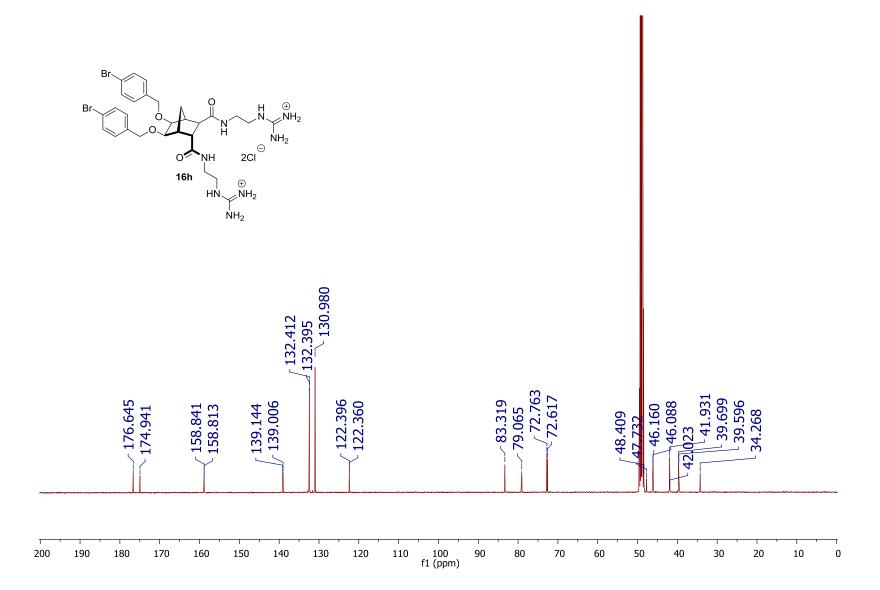


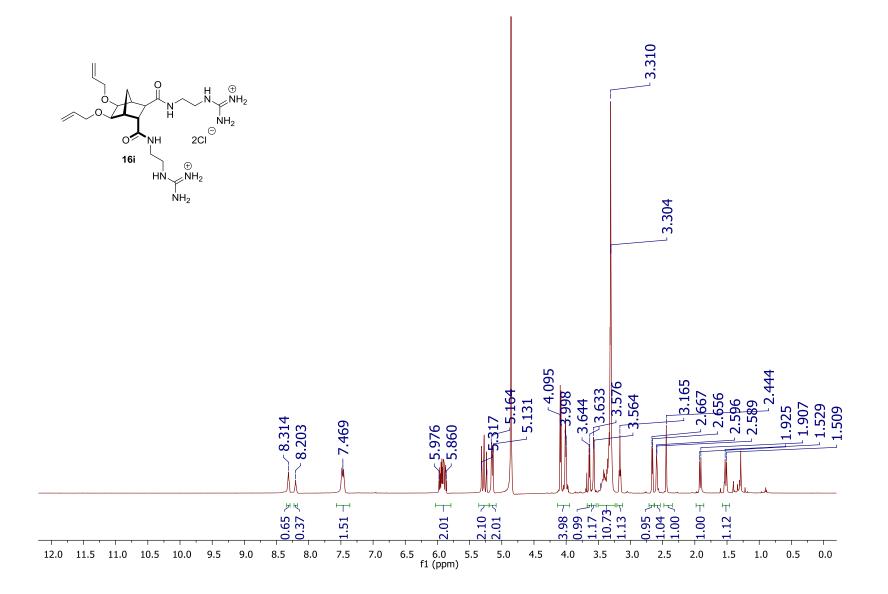


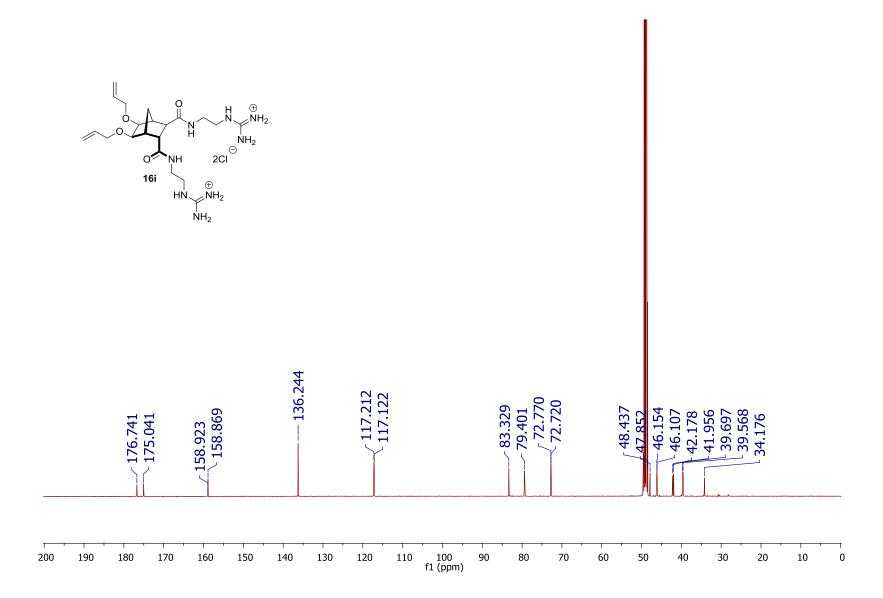


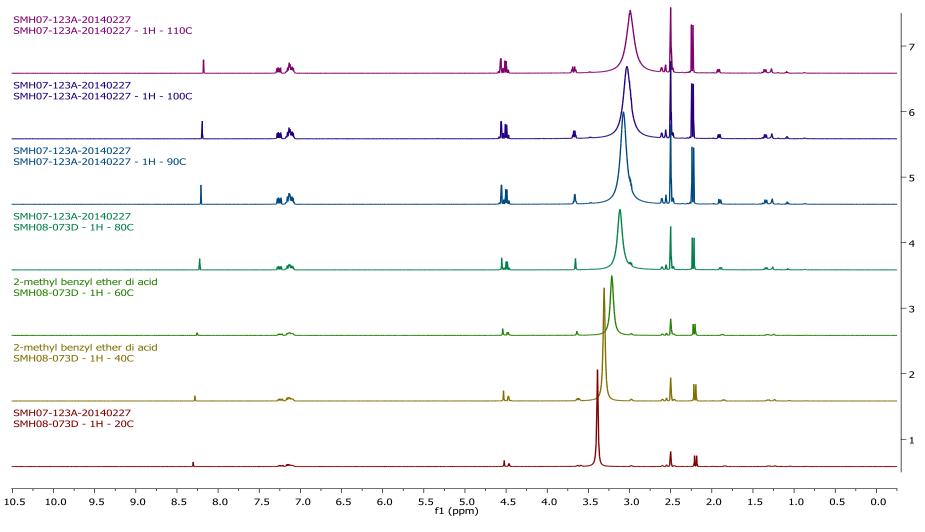


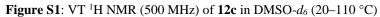












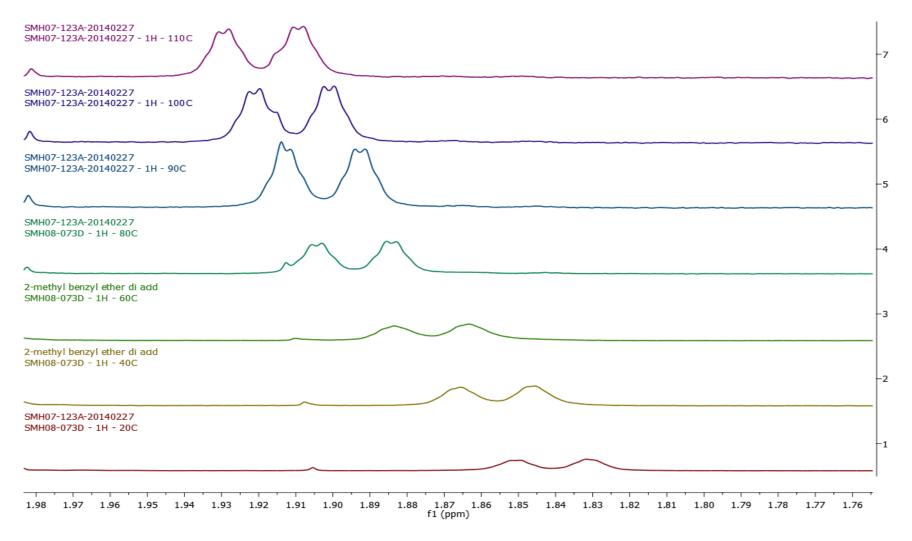


Figure S2: Expansion (1.76–1.98 ppm) of VT <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz) of 12c in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> (20–110 °C)

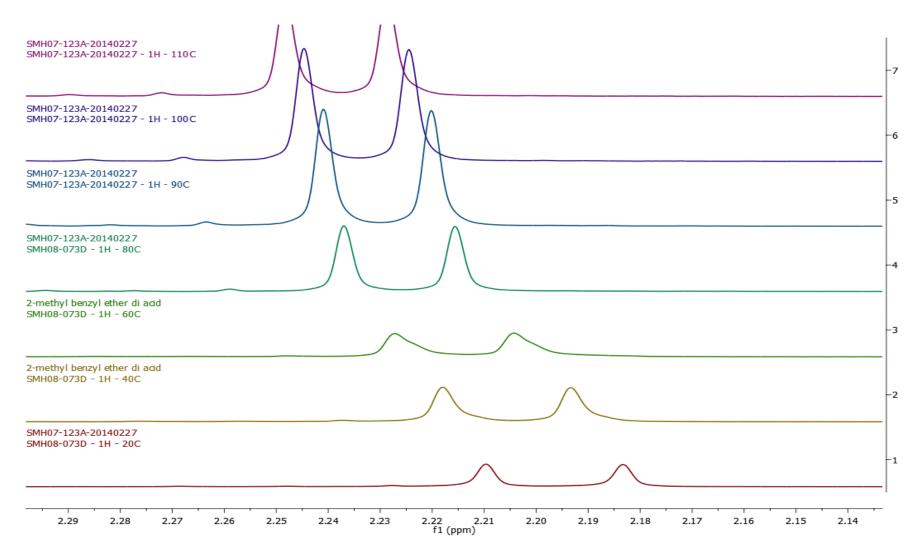


Figure S3: Expansion (2.14–2.29 ppm) of VT <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz) of 12c in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> (20–110 °C)

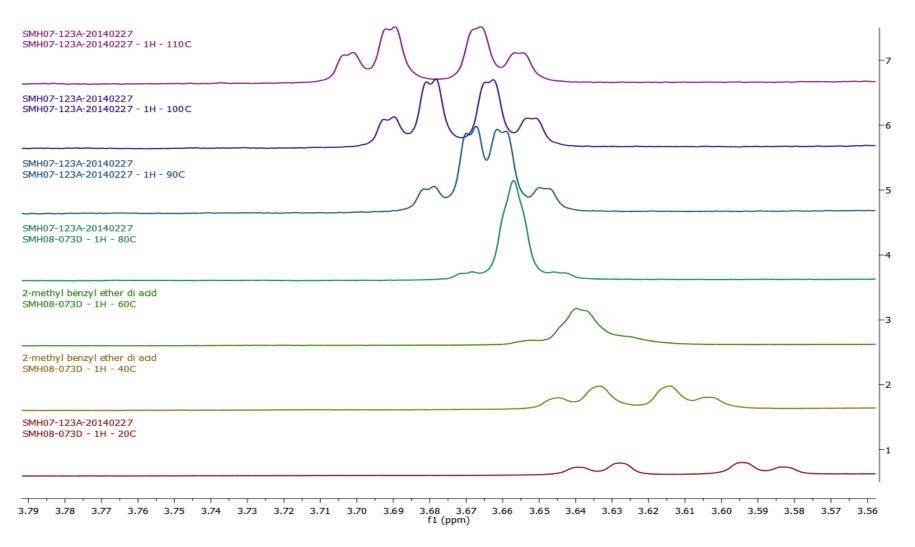


Figure S4: Expansion (3.56–3.79 ppm) of VT <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz) of 12c in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> (20–110 °C)

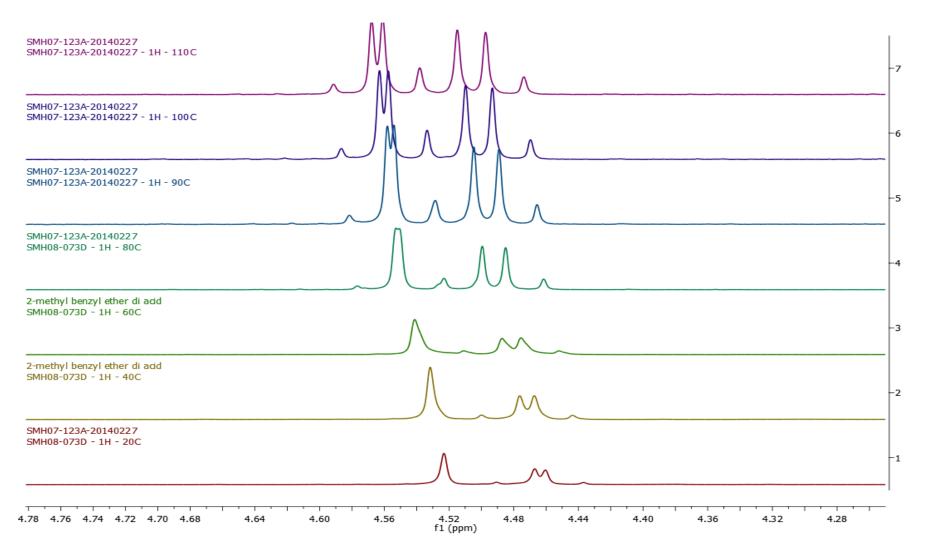
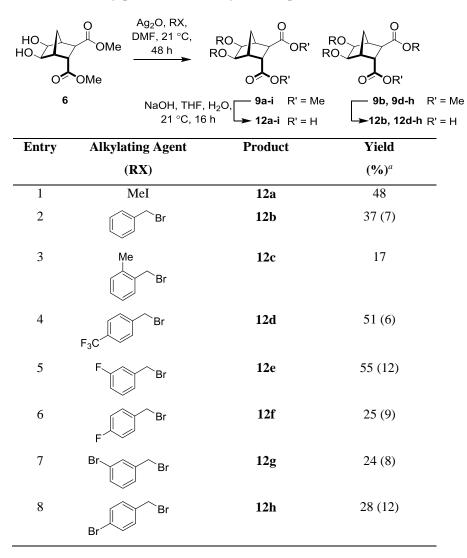
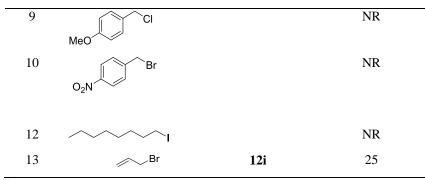


Figure S5: Expansion (4.26–4.78 ppm) of VT <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz) of 12c in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> (20–110 °C)

## Table S1: Ester by-products of bis-alkylation step





*a)* Yield calculated over two steps.

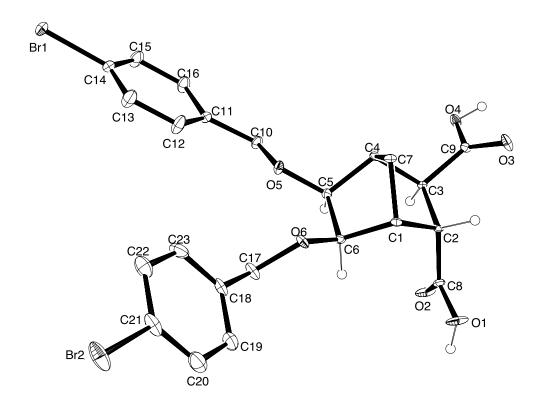


Figure S6. Thermal ellipsoid plot of one of the two independent molecules of 12h. Ellipsoids are at the 20% probability level.

Crystal data for **12h**.  $2(C_{23}H_{22}Br_2O_6)$ . (CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH), M = 1138.52, T = 130.0 K,  $\lambda = 1.54180$ , 554.22, space group P c, a = 13.3929(1) b = 5.4658(1), c = 33.5433(4) Å,  $\beta = 97.438(1)^{\circ}$  V 2434.81(6) Å<sup>3</sup>, Z = 4, Z' = 2,  $D_c = 1.512$  Mg M<sup>-3</sup>  $\mu$ (Cu-K $\alpha$ ) 4.519 mm<sup>-1</sup>, F(000) =1112, crystal size 0.54 x 0.49 x 0.38 mm<sup>3</sup>, 16695 reflections measured, 8602 independent reflections [R(int) = 0.0230], the final R was 0.0431 [I > 2 $\sigma$ (I)8569 data] and wR(F<sup>2</sup>) was 0.1162 (all data), Absolute structure parameter 0.15(2).

Organism	Strain	Strain description	Assay
Escherichia coli	ATCC 25922	FDA strain Seattle 1946	MIC
Klebsiella pneumoniae	ATCC 13883	Control strain	DD
Klebsiella pneumoniae	ATCC 700603	Multi-drug resistant	MIC
Acinetobacter baumannii	ATCC 19606	Type strain	MIC/DD
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	ATCC 27853	Type strain	MIC/DD
Staphylococcus aureus	ATCC 43300	MRSA (methicillin resistant <i>S. aureus</i> )	MIC/DD
Enterococcus faecium	ATCC 700221	VRE (vancomycin resistant Enterococcus)	DD
Staphylococcus aureus	Clinical isolate	mMRSA (multi-resistant methicillin resistant S. <i>aureus</i> )	MIC
Staphylococcus aureus	NARSA-NRS 17	GISA (glycopeptide- intermediate <i>S. aureus</i> )	MIC
Staphylococcus aureus	NARSA-NRS 1	VISA (vancomycin- intermediate <i>S. aureus</i> )	MIC
Staphylococcus aureus	Clinical isolate	MRSA	MIC
Staphylococcus aureus	NARSA-VRS 10	Glycopeptide resistant Staphylococci	MIC
Streptococcus pneumoniae	ATCC 700677	Multi-drug resistant	MIC
Enterococcus faecalis	Clinical isolate	VanA (vancomycin resistant)	MIC

**Table S2**: Bacterial strains used for Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (MIC) and disk diffusion (DD) assay

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