Total synthesis based on the originally claimed structure of mucosin

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Supporting Information

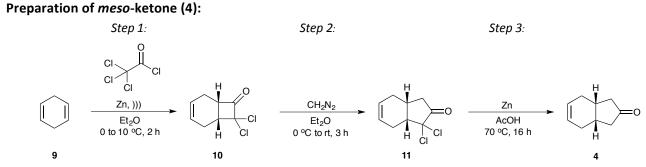
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General Information

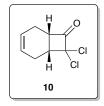
All commercially available reagents and solvents were used in the form they were supplied without any further purification. (+)-Bis[(*R*)-1-phenylethyl]amine hydrochloride (optical purity \geq 99% *ee* by GLC) was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich. The stated yields are based on isolated material. The melting points are uncorrected. Thin layer chromatography was performed on silica gel 60 F₂₅₄ aluminum-backed plates fabricated by Merck. Flash column chromatography was performed on silica gel 60 (40-63 µm) fabricated by Merck. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AscendTM 400 at 400 MHz for ¹H NMR and at 100 MHz for ¹³C NMR. Coupling constants (*J*) are reported in hertz and chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (δ) relative to the central residual protium solvent resonance in ¹H NMR (CDCl₃ = δ 7.27) and the central carbon solvent resonance in ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃ = δ 77.00 ppm). Mass spectra were recorded at 70 eV on Waters Prospec Q spectrometer using EI as the method of ionization. IR spectra (4000–600 cm⁻¹) were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer Spectrum BX series FT-IR spectrophotometer using a reflectance cell (HATR). Optical rotations were measured using a 1 mL cell with a 1.0 dm path length on a Perkin Elmer 341 polarimeter using the stated solvents. Determination of enantiomeric excess was performed by GLC on an Agilent Technologies 7820A GC instrument with split (1:30) injection, FID

detector and equipped with a chiral stationary phase (Agilent J&W GC columns, CP-Chirasil-DEX CB, 25 m, 0.25 mm, 0.25 μ m) applying the conditions stated. X-ray crystallography was performed on a Bruker D8 Venture diffractometer with InCoatec ImuS Microfocus radiation source and Photon 100 CMOS detector. Data collection with Apex2,¹ data integration and cell refinement with SAINT,¹ absorption correction by SADABS,¹ structure solution with SHELXT,² structure refinement with SHELXL.³ Molecular graphics from Mercury.⁴



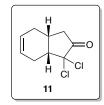
Scheme S-1 Synthetic route to *meso*-ketone 4.

rac-(1*R*,6*S*)-8,8-Dichlorobicyclo[4.2.0]oct-3-en-7-one (10).⁵



1,4-Cyclohexadiene **9** (5 g, 62.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added to a suspension of zinc powder (8.2 g, 125 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in dry Et₂O (100 mL) and sonicated at 0 °C for 15 min. Then trichloroacetylchloride (22.8 g, 125 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in dry Et₂O (100 mL) was added dropwise over 2 h while the reaction mixture was still sonicating. After complete addition the reaction mixture was sonicated for a further 2 h at 0-10 °C. The colour changed from colourless to dark yellow. The sonication was then stopped and the reaction mixture filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting orange slurry was diluted in Et₂O (400 mL) and washed with H₂O (2 x 400 mL) and sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (1 x 400 mL). The organic layer was dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting oil was purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc 99:1) to afford the title compound as a colourless oil. All spectroscopic and physical data were in full agreement with those reported in the literature.⁵ Yield: 2.25 g (47%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.90-5.81 (m, 2H), 4.07-4.01 (m, 1H), 3.32 (ddt, *J* = 2.0, 7.9, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 2.63-2.50 (m, 2H), 2.39-2.32 (m, 1H), 2.17-2.10 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.3, 127.3, 126.3, 88.5, 53.7, 45.2, 23.1, 21.3; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3041 (w), 2939 (w), 2895 (w), 2841 (w) 1799 (s), 1644 (w), 1433 (m); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₈H₈OCl₂ [*M*]⁺: 189.9952, found 189.9953; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 4:1, KMnO₄ stain): R_f = 0.65.

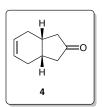
rac-(1R,6R)-7,7-Dichlorobicyclo[4.3.0]oct-3-en-7-one (11).



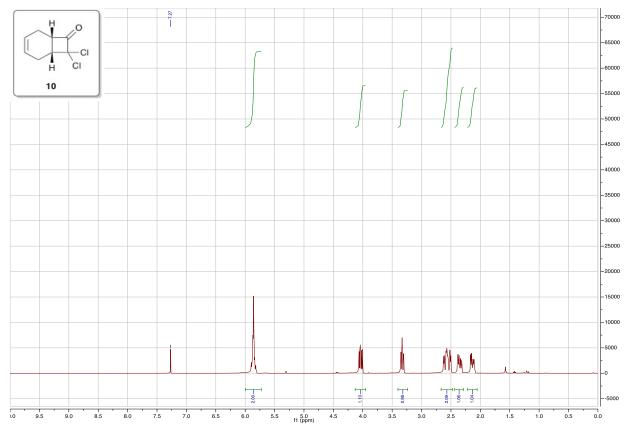
To a stirring solution of *rac*-(1*R*,6*S*)-8,8-dichlorobicyclo[4.2.0]oct-3-en-7-one **10** (2.0 g, 10.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry Et₂O (50 mL), at 0 °C, was added diazomethane (2.5 g, 58.8 mmol, 5.6 equiv.) in dry Et₂O (50 mL) dropwise over 15 min. The reaction mixture bubbled and turned a deep golden yellow colour. After 30 min the reaction was warmed to room temperature and left to stir for 2 h. The reaction was then quenched with glacial AcOH (5 mL) dropwise until there was no more gas evolution and the colour changed from golden yellow to almost colourless. The resulting mixture was then washed with H₂O (2 x 300 mL), sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (1 x 300 mL), brine (1 x 300 mL), dried with MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting dark yellow oil was purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc 9:1) to afford the title compound as a colourless oil. Yield: 1.6 g (75%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ; 5.64-5.57 (m, 2H), 2.86-2.80 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.69 (m, 1H), 2.54 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 19.2 Hz, 1H), 2.38-2.29 (m, 2H), 2.07-2.00 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.64 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.7, 123.9, 123.1, 89.5, 46.7, 36.6, 28.1, 25.8, 23.5; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3033 (m), 2916 (m), 2842 (m), 1764 (s) 1662 (w) 1434

(m), 1402 (m); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for $C_9H_{10}OCI_2$ [*M*]⁺: 204.0109, found 204.0103; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 4:1, KMnO₄ stain): $R_f = 0.60$.

meso-(15,6R)-Bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene-8-one (4).⁶



To a stirring suspension of zinc powder (1.71 g, 26.3 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in glacial AcOH (50 mL) was added *rac*-(1*R*,6*R*)-7,7-dichlorobicyclo[4.2.0]oct-3-en-7-one (**11**) (2.7 g, 13.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in glacial AcOH (30 mL) dropwise. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred for 16 h at 70 °C. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and filtered to remove the resulting solid. The filtrate was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (200 mL) and washed with H₂O (2 x 300 mL), sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (1 x 300 mL), brine (1 x 300 mL), dried with MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting crude pale yellow oil was purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc 95:5) to give the *meso* compound as a colourless oil. All spectroscopic and physical data were in full agreement with those reported in the literature.⁶ Yield: 2.45 g (72%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.70-5.69 (m, 2H), 2.46-2.41 (m, 2H), 2.34-2.25 (m, 4H), 2.10 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 18.6 Hz, 2H) 1.89-1.83 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 219.6 124.6 (2C), 44.6 (2C), 32.3 (2C), 26.2 (2C); IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3024 (m), 2834 (m), 2901 (s), 1744 (s), 1655 (w), 1439 (m), 1407 (s); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₉H₁₂O [*M*]⁺: 136.0888, found 136.0983; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 4:1, KMnO₄ stain): R_f = 0.51.





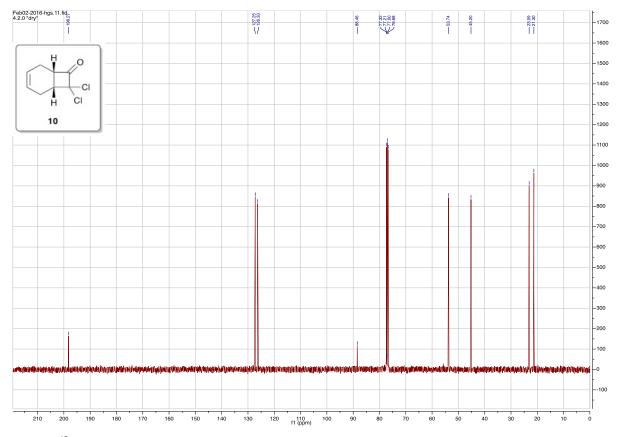
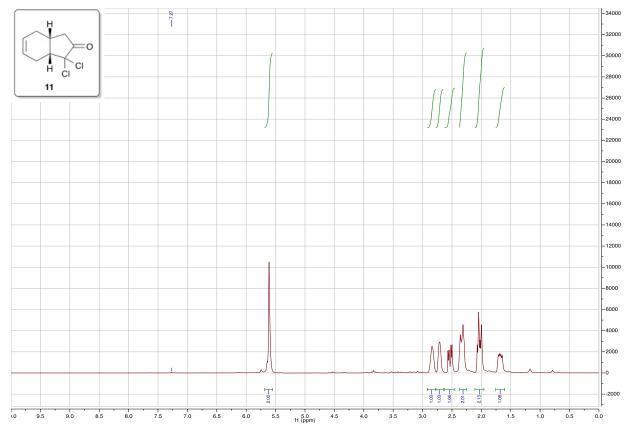


Figure S-2¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound **10**.





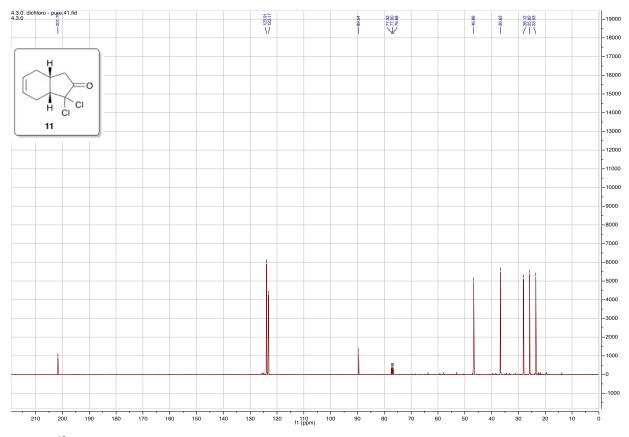
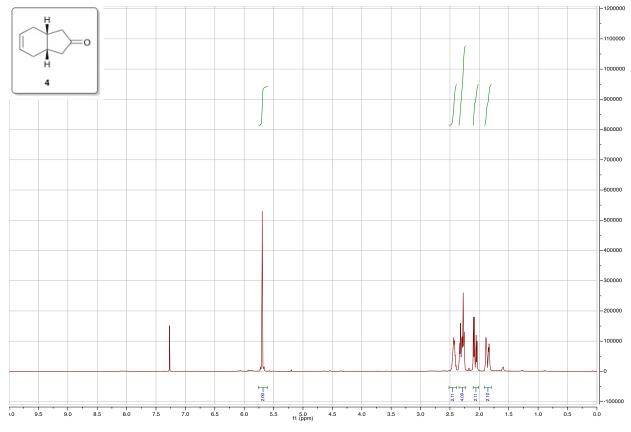


Figure S-4 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 11.





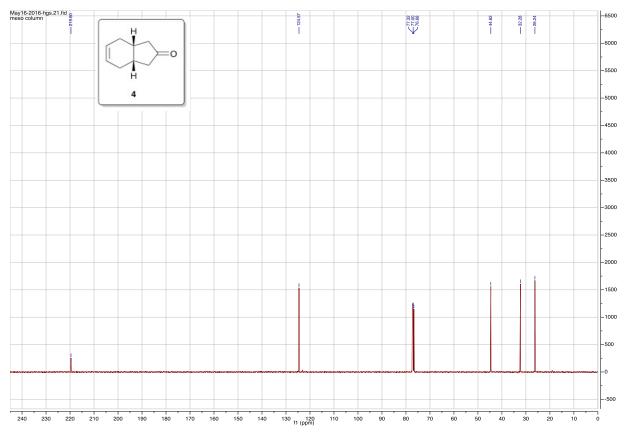


Figure S-6¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound **4**.

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%

Page 1

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron lons

44 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

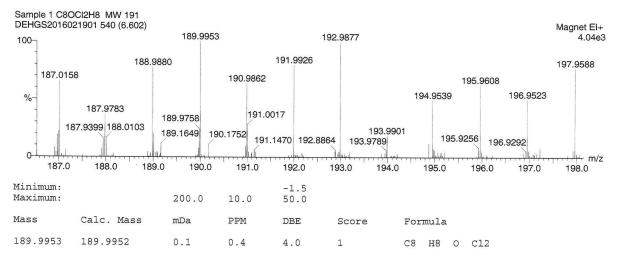


Figure S-7 HRMS of compound 10.

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%



Page 1

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron lons 48 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

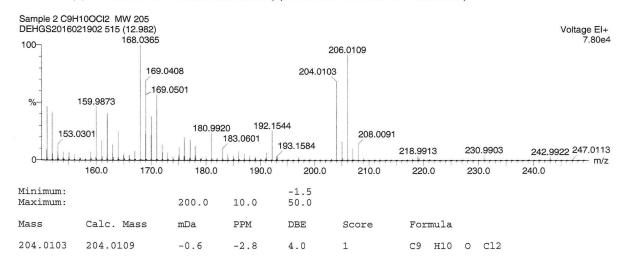


Figure S-8 HRMS of compound 11.

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0% Page 1

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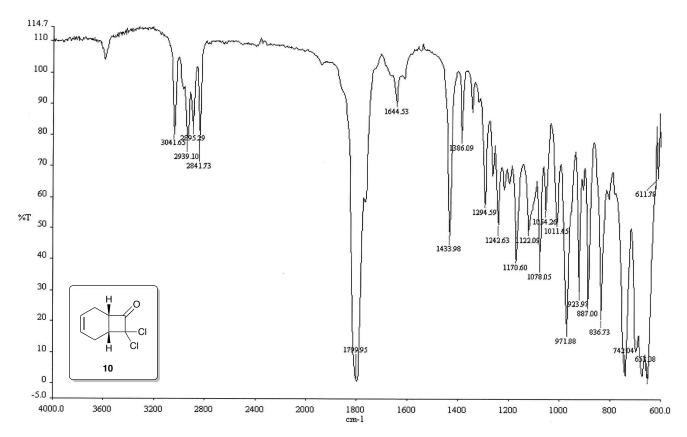
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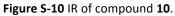
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Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions 11 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

Meso DE201605200	3 515 (10.482) 135.0831 7					Mag	net El+ 4.60e3
	136. 135.0254 135.1199 34.1111 136.0502 135.0 136	0893 137.0235 .0 137.0	138.07 138.0178	139.0232	79 140.1586 	142.0175 143.0095 144.0383	4.0595 m/z 14.0
Minimum: Maximum:		200.0	10.0	-1.5 50.0			
Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	Score	Formula	
136.0893	136.0888	0.5	3.6	4.0	1	C9 H12 O	

Figure S-9 HRMS of compound 4.





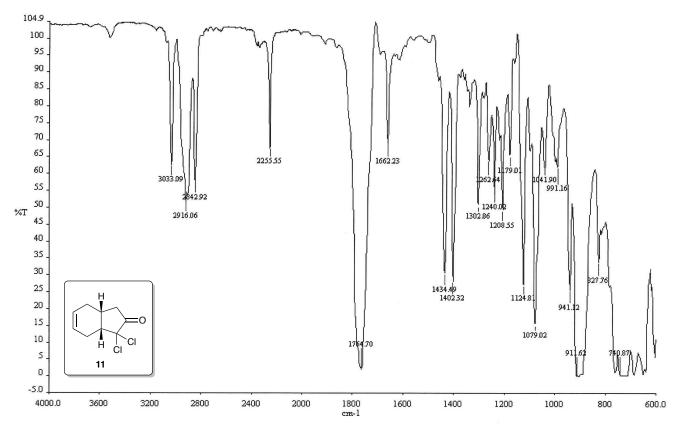


Figure S-11 IR of compound 11.

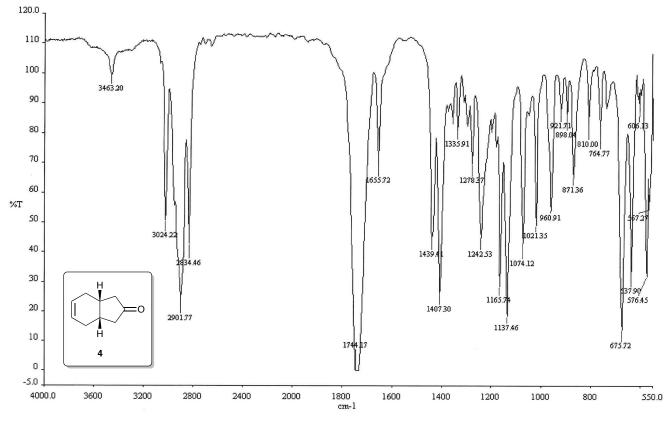
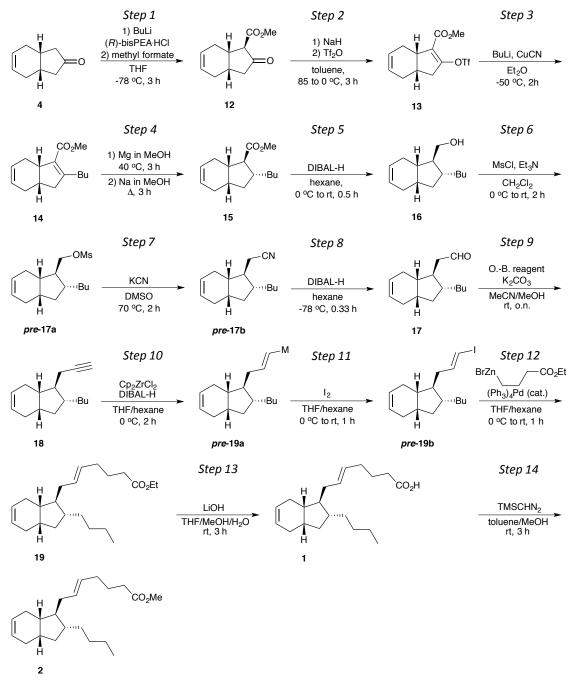
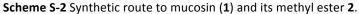
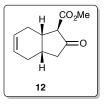


Figure S-12 IR of compound 4.

Preparation of mucosin (1) and the methyl ester (2):

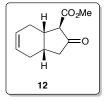






(+)-Bis[(R)-1-phenylethyl]amine hydrochloride (2.5 g, 9.60 mmol, 1.6 equiv.) was added in one portion to dry THF (10 mL) at room temperature and stirred for 5 min. The stirring suspension was then cooled to -78 °C and BuLi (2.5 M in hexane, 7.67 mL, 19.2 mmol, 3.2 equiv.) was added dropwise. The suspension changed colour from cloudy white to pale orange. After stirring at -78 °C for 15 min the suspension was warmed to room temperature whereby a transparent yellow solution was formed. This was then cooled to -78 °C again and meso-(15,6R)-bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene-8-one 4 (826 mg, 6.07 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added dropwise over 10 min in dry THF (10 mL). This mixture was then stirred for 45 min whereby a purple colour evolved. Methyl cyanoformate (0.96 mL, 12.1 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) was then added dropwise over 5 min. and the mixture immediately turned bright yellow in colour. This mixture was left stirring for 2.5 h and then quenched by addition of H₂O (2 mL) at -78 °C. The mixture was then warmed to room temperature and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The resulting organic layer was then washed with H_2O (2 x 100 mL), 0.5 M HCl (1 x 100 mL) and brine (1 x 100 mL). The organic layer was then dried over $MgSO_4$, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting crude keto-ester was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 5:1) to form a colourless oil. This oil was then recrystallised from hexane at 0°C, filtered and air dried to obtain the title compound as white crystals. All spectroscopic and physical data were in full agreement with those reported in the literature.⁷ Yield: 812 mg (69%); $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ -161.2 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.73-5.66 (m, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.04 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 2.88-2.83 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.38 (m, 3H), 2.33-2.21 (m, 2H), 2.04 (dd, J = 1.9, 18.2 Hz, 1H), 1.67-1.61 (m, 1H); 13 C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 211.6, 169.7, 124.9, 123.9, 57.7, 52.4, 46.6, 37.3, 29.7, 26.8, 25.3; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3034 (w), 2945 (m), 2908 (m), 2837 (w), 1751 (s), 1718 (s) 1656 (w) 1433 (s) 1404 (m); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₁₁H₁₄O₃ [*M*]⁺: 194.9033, found 194.0943; m.p.: 59-61 °C; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 4:1, KMnO₄ stain): R_f = 0.42.

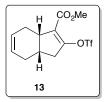
rac-Methyl (15,65,7R)-8-oxobicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene-7-carboxylate (12).



LDA (1M in THF/Hexanes, 1.65 mL, 1.65 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) was added dropwise to dry THF (5 mL) at -78 °C and stirred for 30 min. Then *meso*-(1*S*,6*R*)-bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene-8-one **4** (150 mg, 1.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added dropwise in dry THF (5 mL) over 5 min and left to stir for 45 min. To the resulting yellow solution was added methyl cyanoformate (0.174 mL, 2.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) dropwise over 5 min and the reaction changed from yellow to colourless. After 30 min and monitoring the reaction via TLC the reaction was quenched at -78 °C by sat. aq. NH₄Cl (2 mL) and the reaction mixture was left to slowly warm to room temperature. The reaction mixture was then poured over H₂O (1 x 20 mL) and the organic phase separated. The aqueous phase was then extracted with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL). The organic phases were then combined, washed with H₂O (2 x 50 mL), brine (1 x 50 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to from a crude yellow oil. This yellow oil was purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc, 5:1) to afford the racemic keto-ester. This was recrystallised in the same fashion as the optically active ketoester to afford pure white crystals. Yield: 166 mg, (78%).

The material was used in the preparation of racemic reference material for chiral GLC analysis.

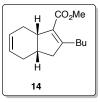
Methyl (15,65)-8-(((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)oxy)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3,7-diene-7-carboxylate (13).



NaH (60% disp. in min. oil, 148 mg, 3.71 mmol, 1.8 equiv.) was added to dry toluene (10 mL). The suspension was stirred for 5 min and then methyl (15,65,7R)-8-oxobicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene-7-carboxylate 12 (400 mg, 2.06 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), dissolved in dry toluene (7 mL), was added dropwise over 10 min during which bubbling occurred. After the full addition of 12 the reaction mixture was heated to 85 °C for 1.5 h during which time the mixture turned to a brown colour. The reaction mixture was then cooled to 0 °C and the triflic anhydride (0.52 mL, 3.09 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), was added dropwise. The reaction mixture changed colour from brown to a pale yellow/white slurry. After stirring at 0 °C for 1 h and monitoring by TLC the reaction mixture was quenched carefully with H₂O (10 mL). The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (1 x 150 mL), brine (1 x 150 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. This afforded a brown oil, which was purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc 95:5) to afford the unsaturated triflate as a colourless oil. Yield: 527 mg (83%); $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ +100.8 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.95-5.89 (m, 1H), 5.86-5.81 (m, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.10 (q, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.84-2.77 (m, 1H), 2.72-2.63 (m, 1H), 2.57-2.42 (m, 2H), 2.34-2.26 (m, 1H), 2.05-1.96 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.6, 153.9, 127.9, 127.3, 126.6, 118.3 (q, J_{CF} = 320 Hz), 51.8, 39.5, 38.9, 32.0, 27.3, 26.2; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3036 (w), 2953 (m), 2845 (w), 1723 (s), 1662 (m), 1425 (s); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for $C_{12}H_{13}O_5SF_3$ [M]⁺: 326.0436, found 326.0438; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 4:1, KMnO₄ stain): R_f = 0.75.

Following the same procedure as above, racemic synthesis was performed to obtain reference material for chiral GLC analysis.

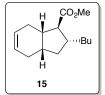
Methyl (15,65)-8-butylbicyclo[4.3.0]non-3,7-diene-7-carboxylate (14).



Solid Cu(I)CN (1.45 g, 16.18 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) was added to dry Et₂O (5 mL) at room temperature. This was stirred for 5 min, cooled to -50 °C and then BuLi (2.5 M in hexane, 6.47 mL, 16.18 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) was added dropwise over 5 min. This mixture was stirred for 1 h at -50 °C and a dark brown suspension occurred. Methyl (15,6S)-8-(((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)oxy)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3,7-diene-7-carboxylate 13 (1.98 g, 6.47 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was then added via cannula at -50 °C in dry Et₂O (5 mL). The reaction changed from a dark brown suspension to black slurry and was left to stir for 1 h whilst monitoring by TLC. Once the reaction was finished sat. aq. NH₄Cl (5 mL) was added dropwise. The reaction turned from black to dark purple and was left to warm to room temperature. The subsequent ethereal slurry was filtered through celite and the celite filter washed with EtOAc (3 x 15 mL). The organic layer was then separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (2 x 15 mL). The organic layers were then combined, washed with H₂O (1 x 100 mL), brine (1 x 100 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. This afforded a crude yellow oil, which was purified by column chromatography in silica (hexane/EtOAc 98:2) to afford the unsaturated butyl diene as a colourless oil. Yield: 1.33 g (88%); $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{26}$ +124.5 (c = 3.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.88-5.83 (m, 1H), 5.79-5.73 (m, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 2.94 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.64-2.54 (m, 1H), 2.52-2.38 (m, 4H) 2.32-2.23 (m, 2H), 1.97-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.84-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.46-1.28 (m, 4H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.6, 159.9, 132.5, 127.9, 126.4, 50.8, 43.7, 42.3, 34.2, 30.1, 29.8, 27.5, 27.2, 22.7, 13.9; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3025 (w), 2926 (s), 1709 (s), 1630 (w), 1433 (s); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for $C_{15}H_{22}O_2$ [*M*]⁺: 234.1620, found 234.1628; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 9:1, KMnO₄ stain): $R_f = 0.85$.

Following the same procedure as above, racemic synthesis was performed to obtain reference material for chiral GLC analysis.

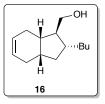
Methyl (15,65,75,8R)-8-butylbicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene-7-carboxylate (15).



1) Methyl (15,65)-8-butylbicyclo[4.3.0]non-3,7-diene-7-carboxylate **14** (1.33 g, 5.68 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in MeOH (5 mL) at room temperature. This was stirred for 5 min then magnesium turnings (3.75 g, 156 mmol, 28 equiv.) were added in one portion. The turnings were stirred at room temperature for 10 min and then heated to 40 °C. A violent reaction occurs with lots of bubbling. After all the magnesium turnings had been consumed the addition of 27.5 equiv. of magnesium turnings in one portion was repeated at 40 °C. After 3 h the reaction was then cooled to room temperature to give a white cloudy mixture. Glacial AcOH (5mL) was added dropwise until the cloudy suspension had dissolved to leave a colourless solution. The reaction mixture was then concentrated *in vacuo* to leave a white slurry, which was poured over EtOAc/H₂O 1:1 (100 mL). The organic phase was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted again with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The organic phases were combined and washed with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (1 x 100 mL), brine (1 x 100 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*, to give a crude product. This crude product was analysed by ¹H and ¹³C NMR to show the reaction had gone to completion by the formation of two unconjugated diastereomeric esters in a 2:1 ratio, no further purification was carried out. The crude diastereomeric esters were then equilibrated with NaOMe as shown below.

2) To MeOH (10 mL) at room temperature was added sodium metal (760 mg, 33.1 mmol, 6.0 equiv.). This was left to stir until all the sodium metal had dissolved. The crude diastereomeric esters were then added dropwise in MeOH (5 mL) and the reaction mixture was heated to 70 °C and monitored by TLC. After 3 h the reaction had gone to completion, was cooled to room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo* but not to dryness. The crude mixture was then poured over Et_2O (50 mL) and H_2O (50 mL). The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et_2O (2 x 50 mL). The organic layers were then combined, washed with H_2O (1 x 50 mL), brine (1 x 50 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to form a crude yellow oil. This crude yellow oil was purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc 98:2) to give the title compound as a colourless oil. Yield: 1.24 g (93%); $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ -4.32 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.73-5.66 (m, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.32-2.22 (m, 1H) 2.22-2.14 (m, 5H), 2.09-2.02 (m, 1H), 1.91-1.77 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.49 (m, 1H), 1.36-1.21 (m, 5H), 1.15-1.09 (m, 1H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 177.2, 126.3, 125.5, 55.5, 51.5, 42.7, 41.2, 38.3, 36.9, 35.4, 30.6, 28.0, 26.5, 22.8, 14.0; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3024 (m), 2927 (s), 2856 (s), 1726 (s), 1657 (w), 1628 (w), 1541 (w), 1520 (w), 1458 (m), 1434 (s); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₁₅H₂₄O₂ [*M*]⁺: 236.1776, found 236.1783; TLC (hexanes/EtOAc 9:1, KMnO₄ stain): R_f = 0.85.

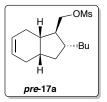
Following the same procedure as above, racemic synthesis was performed to obtain reference material for chiral GLC analysis.



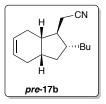
Methyl (15,65,75,8R)-8-butylbicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene-7-carboxylate 15 (1.24 g, 5.25 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in hexane (20 mL) at room temperature and stirred for 5 min. The solution was then cooled to 0 °C and DIBAL-H (1 M in hexane, 10.5 mL, 10.51 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) was added dropwise over 5 min. The reaction was then left to warm to room temperature. After 30 min the reaction was cooled back to 0 °C and guenched with sat. aq. NH₄Cl (6 mL). The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature whereby a cloudy suspension occurred. This suspension was poured over sat. aq. NH₄Cl (30 mL) and the organic layer separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 25 mL) and the organic layers combined, washed with H_2O (1 x 100 mL), brine (1 x 100 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to give a crude cloudy oil. This was then purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc 95:5) to afford the title compound as a colourless oil. Yield: 1.01 g, (93%); $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ -10.33 (c = 8.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.70-5.64 (m, 2H), 3.61-3.52 (m, 2H), 2.24-2.03 (m, 3H), 1.92-1.81 (m, 4H), 1.57-1.42 (m, 4H), 1.33-1.22 (m, 5H), 1.18-1.11 (m, 1H), 0.89 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 126.0, 125.8, 65.7, 54.0, 41.0, 37.8, 37.7, 37.4, 35.0, 31.0, 27.7, 27.3, 22.9, 14.1; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3316 (br.), 3020 (m), 2918 (s), 1657 (m), 1464 (m), 1433 (m); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for $C_{14}H_{24}O[M-H_2O]^+$: 190.1722, found 190.1723; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 4:1, KMnO₄ stain): R_f = 0.35. The enantiomeric excess was determined by chiral GLC analysis (CP-Chirasil-DEX CB, using the following program: 80 °C (30 min) - 3 degrees/min to 150 °C - 150 °C (5 min)): $t_r(e_1, \text{ major}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_2, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ min and } t_r(e_3, \text{ minor}) = 38.97 \text{ minor}$ 39.95 min; ee: > 99%.

Following the same procedure as above, racemic synthesis was made to obtain reference material for chiral GLC analysis.

(15,65,75,8R)-8-Butyl-7-((methylsulfonyl)oxymethyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene (pre-17a).

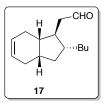


To a stirring solution of (1*S*,6*S*,7*S*,8*R*)-8-butyl-7-(hydroxymethyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene **16** (1.01 g, 4.81 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) at room temperature, was added Et₃N (1.34 mL, 9.62 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) dropwise. This solution was left stirring for 5 min then cooled to 0 °C. Then methanesulfonyl chloride (1.12 mL, 14.43 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) was added dropwise and the reaction was left at 0 °C for 10 min then warmed to room temperature and left for 2 h. The reaction mixture turned colourless to yellow. After 2 h brine (5 mL) was added dropwise and the volatiles concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a yellow liquid. This was poured over EtOAc (50 mL) and sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (50 mL) was added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer extracted with EtOAc (2 x 50 mL). The organic layers were combined and washed with brine (1 x 50 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a crude yellow oil. This was then purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc 95:5) to afford the title compound as a colourless oil. Yield: 1.30 g, (94%); $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ -11.65 (c = 8.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.69-5.62 (m, 2H), 4.18-4.10 (m, 2H), 2.99 (s, 3H), 2.24-2.07 (m, 3H), 1.94-1.79 (m, 4H), 1.68-1.50 (m, 3H), 1.33-1.22 (m, 5H), 1.19-1.12 (m, 1H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 126.0, 125.2, 72.0, 50.3, 40.9, 38.0, 37.5, 37.2, 36.8, 34.9, 30.7, 27.2, 27.1, 22.7, 14.0; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3024 (w), 2926 (s), 1657 (w), 1464 (m) 1435 (w); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₁₅H₂₆O₃S₂ [*M*]⁺: 286.1603, found 286.1606; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 4:1, KMnO₄ stain): R_f = 0.45.

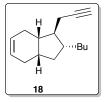


To a stirring solution of (15,65,75,8R)-8-butyl-7-((methylsulfonyl)oxymethyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene **pre-17a** (1.30 g, 4.55 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry DMSO (10 mL) was added solid KCN (1.77 g, 27.3 mmol, 6.0 equiv.) in one portion. The reaction mixture was then heated to 70 °C for 2 h. The reaction mixture changed from colourless to yellow. After 2 h the reaction was cooled to room temperature and H₂O (5 mL) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture turned from yellow to colourless. This was then poured over EtOAc (20 mL) and the organic layer separated. The aqueous layer was then extracted with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL) and the organic layers combined. They were then washed with brine (1 x 50 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a crude brown oil. This was then purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc 98:2) to give the title compound as a colourless oil. Yield: 906 mg, (92 %); $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ -19.15 (c = 8.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.73-5.65 (m, 2H), 2.41 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.27-2.14 (m, 3H), 2.04-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.93-1.76 (m, 3H), 1.67-1.49 (m, 3H), 1.36-1.19 (m, 5H), 1.15-1.08 (m, 1H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H) ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 126.5, 125.4, 119.0, 46.4, 43.9, 41.3, 37.9, 36.0, 34.6, 30.6, 27.9, 26.3, 22.8, 21.0, 14.0; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3024 (m), 2921 (s), 1658 (w), 1465 (m) 1436 (m); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₁₅H₂₃N [*M*]⁺: 217.1830, found 217.1827; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 4:1, KMnO₄ stain): R_f = 0.82.

(15,65,75,8R)-8-Butyl-7-(formylmethyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene (17).

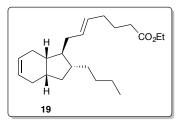


A stirring solution of (15,65,75,8R)-8-butyl-7-(cyanomethyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene **pre-17b** (906 mg, 4.18 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in hexane (10 mL) was cooled to -78 °C. Then DIBAL-H (1M in hexane, 6.26 mL, 6.26 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) was added dropwise over 5 min and the reaction left to stir for 20 min. Then sat. aq. Rochelle salt (5 mL) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture and then left to warm to room temperature. The resulting cloudy suspension was poured over EtOAc (20 mL) and sat. aq. Rochelle salt (20 mL). The organic layer was separated and the aqueous phase extracted with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL). The organic phases were combined and washed with brine (1 x 50 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a crude cloudy oil. This was then purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc, 95:5) to afford the aldehyde as a colourless oil. Yield: 813 mg, (88%); $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ -14.40 (c = 8.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.77 (t, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.71-5.64 (m, 2H), 2.44 (dd, *J* = 2.5, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.22-2.08 (m, 3H), 1.96-1.91 (m, 1H), 1.89-1.67 (m, 4H), 1.55-1.49 (m, 2H), 1.33-1.15 (m, 5H), 1.13-1.08 (m, 1H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 203.0, 126.3, 125.6, 49.5, 45.3, 45.0, 41.8, 37.9, 36.4, 34.9, 30.8, 27.7, 27.1, 22.8, 14.0; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3023 (m), 2923 (s), 2718 (m), 1720 (s), 1657 (w), 1465 (m), 1434 (m); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₁₅H₂₄O [*M*]⁺: 220.1827, found 220.1828; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 4:1, KMnO₄ stain): R_f = 0.82.

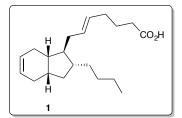


To a stirring solution of (15,65,75,8R)-8-Butyl-7-(formylmethyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene **17** (300 mg, 1.36 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry MeOH (15 mL) at 0 °C was added solid K₂CO₃ (451 mg, 3.27 mmol, 2.4 equiv.) in one portion and Ohira-Bestmann reagent (10% w/w in MeCN, 4.9 mL, 3.9 g, 2.05 mmol, 1.5 equiv.). The suspension was then warmed to room temperature and left stirring overnight. After analysis by TLC the mixture was treated with sat. aq. NaHCO₃ (20 mL), and the resulting mixture poured over CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL). The organic phase was separated and the aqueous phase was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 10 mL). The organic phases were then combined, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a crude oil. This was purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc, 95:5) to afford title compound as a colourless oil. Yield: 253 mg, (86%); $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ -16.95 (c = 8.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.73-5.66 (m, 2H), 2.28 (dd, *J* = 2.6, 5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.23-2.08 (m, 3H), 1.97-1.79 (m, 5H), 1.70-1.53 (m, 2H), 1.44-1.38 (m, 1H), 1.36-1.16 (m, 5H), 1.13-1.06 (m, 1H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ; 126.4, 126.0, 83.6, 68.6, 49.0, 43.5, 40.6, 38.2, 36.6, 34.8, 30.9, 28.1, 27.0, 22.9, 22.3, 14.1; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3310 (m), 3021 (m), 2954 (s), 2915 (s), 1657 (w), 1465 (m), 1435 (m); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₁₆H₂₄ [*M*]⁺: 216.1878, found 216.1870; TLC (hexane, KMnO₄ stain and anisaldehyde dip): R_f = 0.24.

(15,65,75,8R)-8-Butyl-7-((E)-7'-ethoxy-7'-oxohept-2'-enyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene (19).

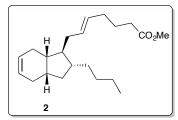


To a stirring solution of Cp₂ZrCl₂ (95 mg, 0.324 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in dry THF (2 ml) at 0 °C was added DIBAL-H (1M in hexane, 0.32 mL, 0.324 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) via dropwise addition. The resulting homogenous mixture was then protected from light and stirred at 0 °C for 1 h after which time a colourless heterogeneous mixture formed. Then (15,65,75,8R)-8-butyl-7-(prop-2'-yn-1'-yl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene 18 (35 mg, 0.162 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) dissolved in dry THF (2 mL) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture at 0 °C. After 1 h at 0 °C iodine (63 mg, 0.248 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) was added in one portion to the homogeneous yellow reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was then warmed to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. To the preformed vinyl iodide was successively added 4-ethoxy-4-oxobutylzinc bromide solution (0.5M in THF) (0.648 mL, 0.324 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) dropwise and (Ph₃P)₄Pd (19 mg, 0.016 mmol, 0.01 equiv.) in one portion. The resulting tea brown mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h and monitored by TLC. Once the reaction had gone to completion 1M HCl (10 mL) was added dropwise and the reaction poured over Et_2O (15 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with Et₂O (3 x 15 mL) and the organic phases combined, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated in vacuo to form a crude brown oily mixture. This oily mixture was purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc, 95:5) to afford the title compound as a colourless oil. Yield: 27 mg, (51%); $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{26}$ -11.15 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.70-5.64 (m, 2H), 5.47-5.33 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 2.29 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.22-2.15 (m, 1H), 2.12- 2.01 (m, 6H), 1.89-1.76 (m, 3H), 1.73-1.66 (m, 3H), 1.53-1.47 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.16 (m, 9H), 1.12-1.04 (m, 1H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.8, 130.3, 129.9, 126.2, 126.1, 60.2, 51.0, 44.0, 40.3, 38.1, 37.7, 37.1, 34.9, 33.7, 31.9 31.0, 27.8, 27.7, 24.8, 22.9, 14.2, 14.1; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3021 (m), 2920 (s), 1734 (s), 1657 (w), 1438 (m); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₂₂H₃₆O₂ [*M*]⁺: 332.2715, found 332.2722; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 95:5, KMnO₄ stain): $R_f = 0.65$.

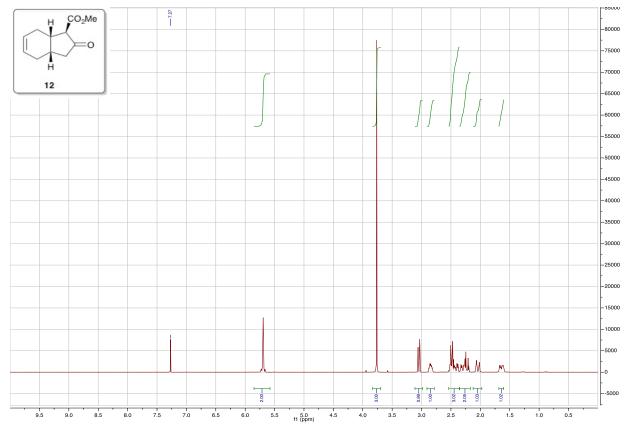


To a stirring solution of the (1*S*,6*S*,7*S*,8*R*)-8-butyl-7-((*E*)-7'-ethoxy-7'-oxohept-2'-enyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene **18** (27 mg, 0.081 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in THF/MeOH/H₂O (2:2:1) (5 mL) at room temperature was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (119 mg, 2.84 mmol, 35.0 equiv.) in one portion. The reaction mixture was left stirring and monitored by TLC. After 3 h the reaction had gone to completion and was acidified to pH 2 by 1M HCl (5 mL). The reaction mixture was then poured over EtOAc (5 mL) and the aqueous phase extracted with EtOAc (3 x 5 mL). The organic phases were then combined and washed with brine (1 x 20 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to form a colourless oil. This was then purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc, 3:2) to afford the title compound as a colourless oil. Yield: 24 mg, (97%); [α]_D²⁶ -10.19 (c = 2.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.24 (br, 1H), 5.71-5.64 (m, 2H), 5.48-5.33 (m, 2H), 2.35 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.23-2.14 (m, 1H), 2.13-2.02 (m, 6H), 1.89-1.75 (m, 3H), 1.73-1.65 (m, 3H), 1.55-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.15 (m, 6H), 1.12-1.05 (m, 1H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 180.3, 130.6, 129.7, 126.2, 126.0, 51.0, 44.0, 40.3, 38.1, 37.7, 37.1, 34.9, 33.3, 31.8, 31.0, 27.8, 27.7, 24.4, 22.9, 14.1; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3021 (m), 2920 (s), 1708 (s), 1457 (m), 1436 (m), 1412 (m); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₂₀H₃₂O₂ [*M*]⁺: 304.2402, found 304.2391; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 3:2, KMnO₄ stain): R_f = 0.40.

(1*S*,6*S*,7*S*,8*R*)-8-Butyl-7-((*E*)-7'-methoxy-7'-oxohept-2'-enyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene (2).



To a stirring solution of (15,65,75,8R)-8-butyl-7-((*E*)-7'-hydroxy-7'-oxohept-2'-enyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene **1** (24 mg, 0.079 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in toluene/MeOH (3:2) (5 mL) at room temperature was added TMS diazomethane solution (2M in hexane) (0.06 mL, 0.119 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) dropwise over 2 min. The reaction mixture bubbled and turned transparent yellow. The reaction was monitored by TLC and after 1 h had gone to completion. The reaction mixture was then concentrated *in vacuo* and directly purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc, 95:5) to afford the title compound as a colourless oil. Yield: 23 mg, (92%); $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ -9.8 (c = 0.8, hexane); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.70-5.64 (m, 2H), 5.46-5.33 (m, 2H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 2.31 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.22-2.15 (m, 1H), 2.12-2.01 (m, 6H), 1.89-1.75 (m, 3H), 1.73-1.65 (m, 3H), 1.54-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.16 (m, 6H), 1.12-1.04 (m, 1H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ ; 174.2, 130.4, 129.9, 126.3, 126.1, 51.4, 51.0, 44.0, 40.3, 38.1, 37.7, 37.1, 34.9, 33.4, 31.9, 31.0, 27.8, 27.7, 24.8, 22.9, 14.1; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3020 (w), 2952 (m), 2923 (s), 1741 (s), 1657 (w), 1603 (w), 1541 (w), 1508 (w), 1458 (m), 1436 (m); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₂₁H₃₄O₂ [*M*]⁺: 318.2559, found 318.2544; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 95:5, KMnO₄ stain): R_f = 0.65.





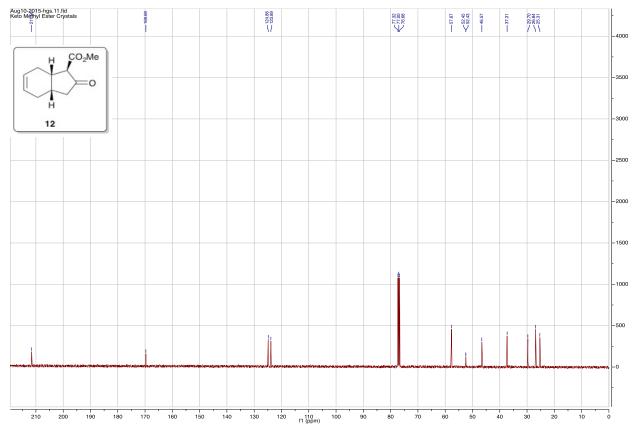
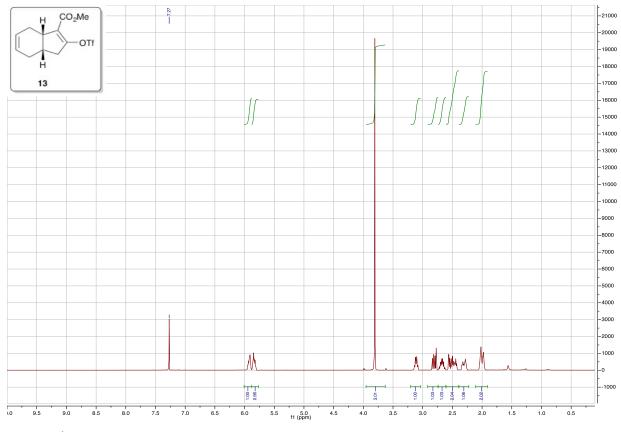
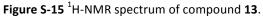
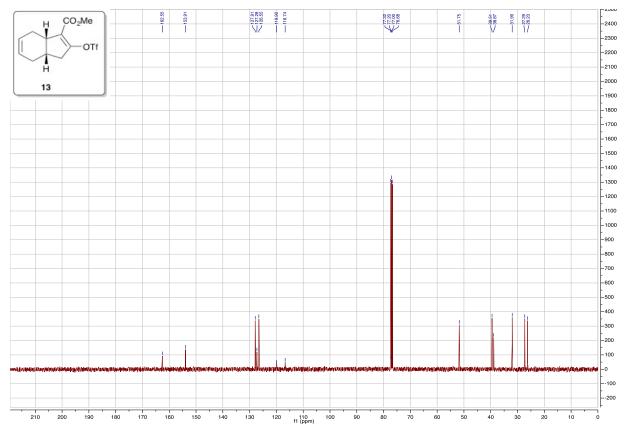


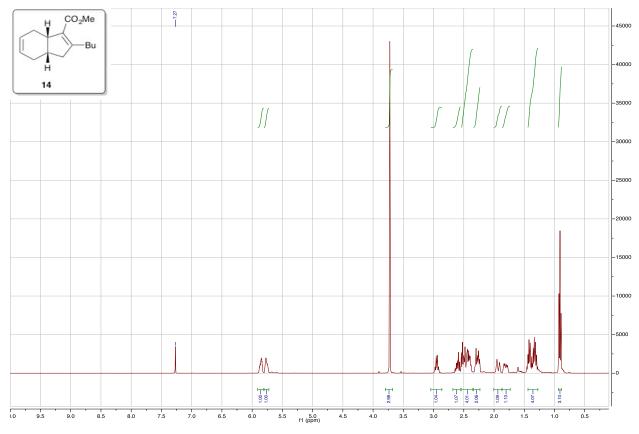
Figure S-14 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound **12**.



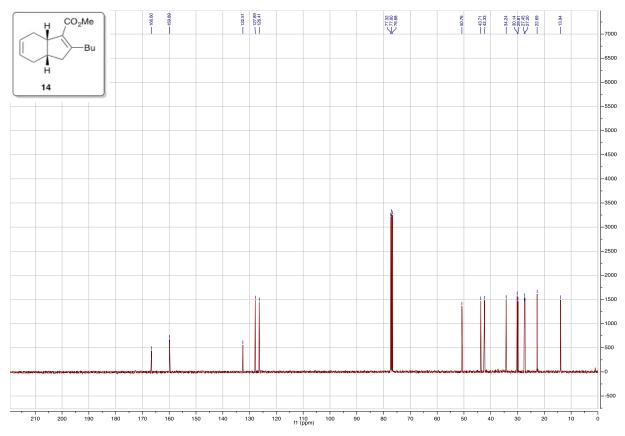


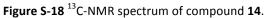


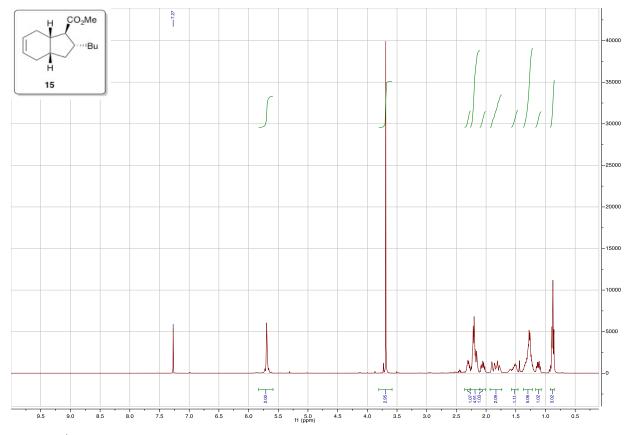


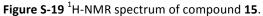












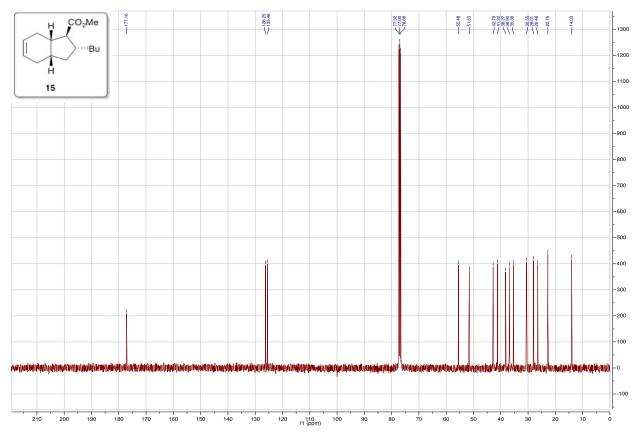
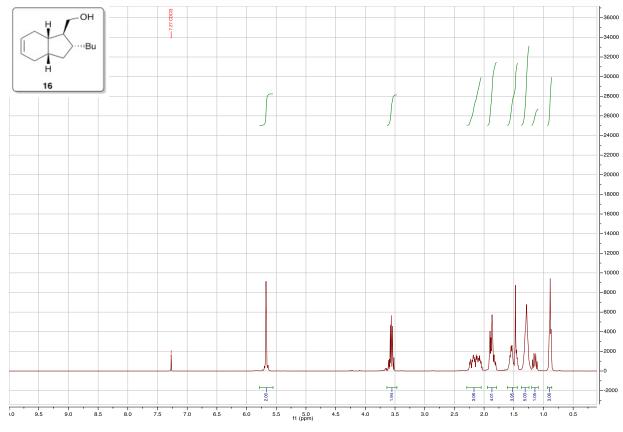
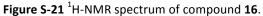
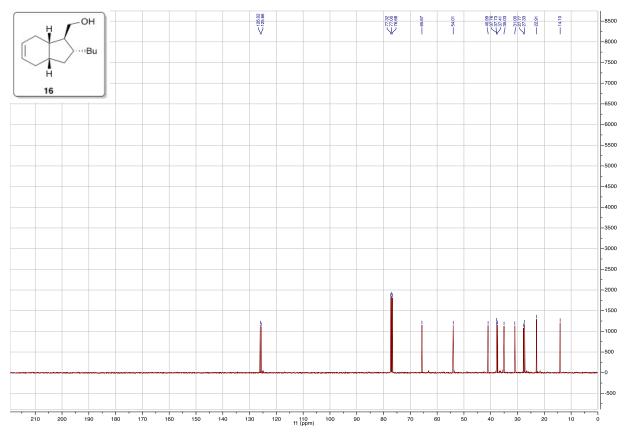


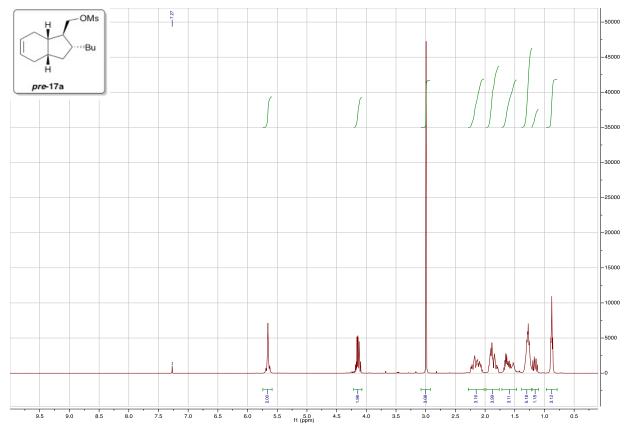
Figure S-20 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 15.



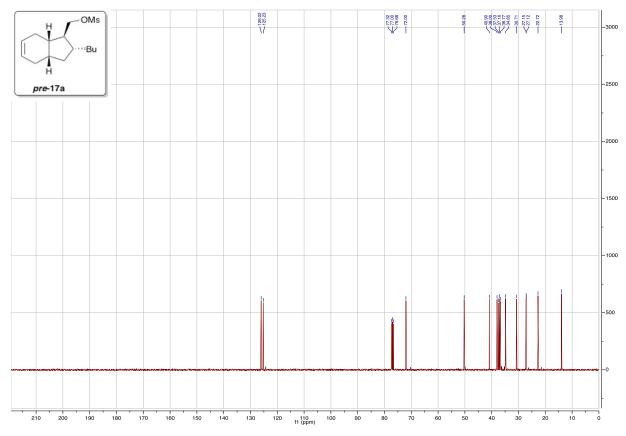


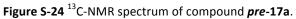


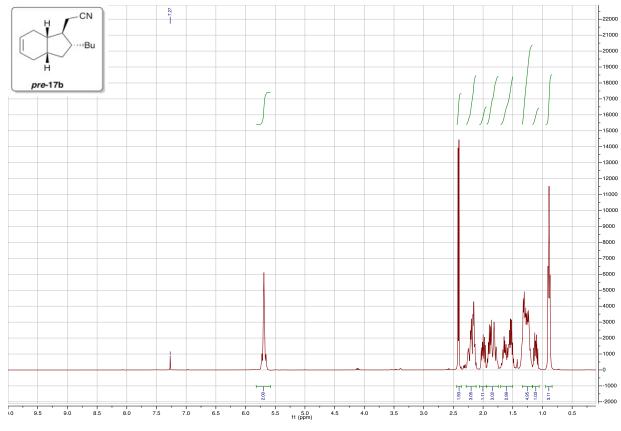


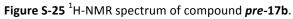


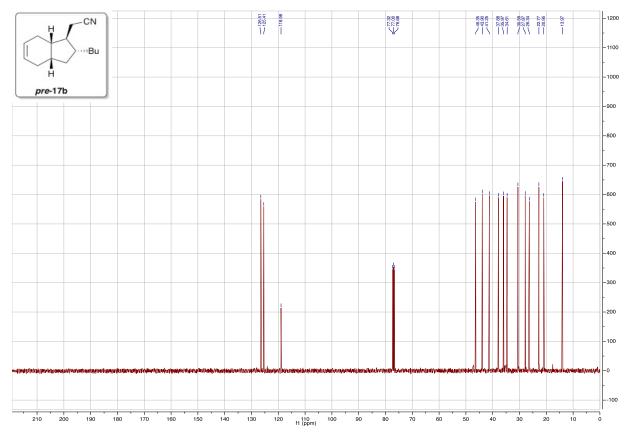


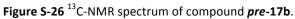


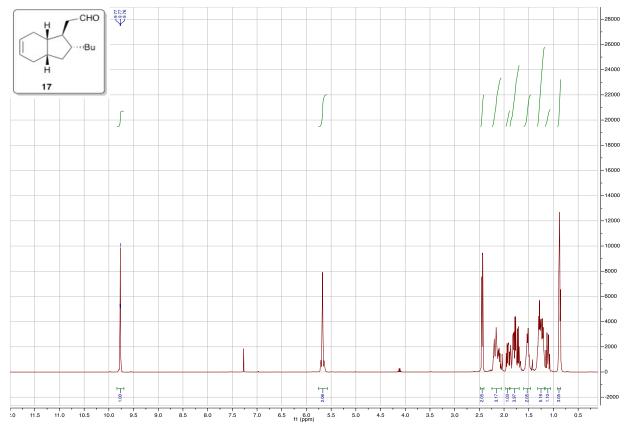














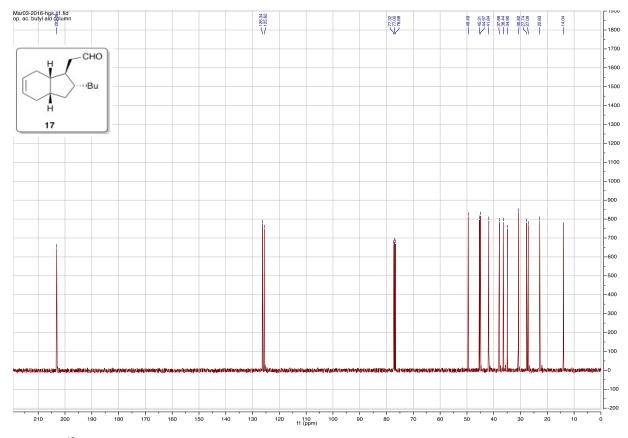
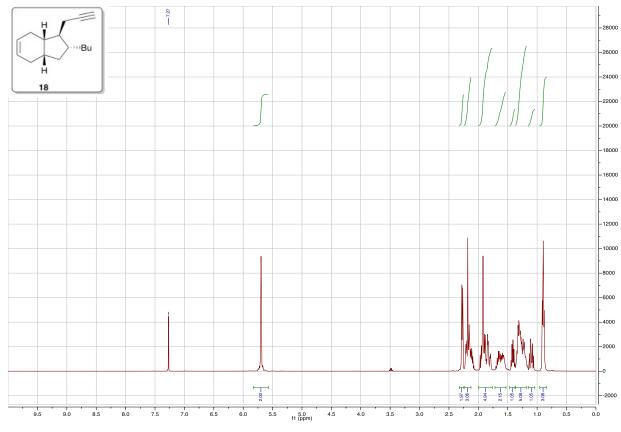
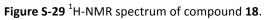


Figure S-28 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 17.





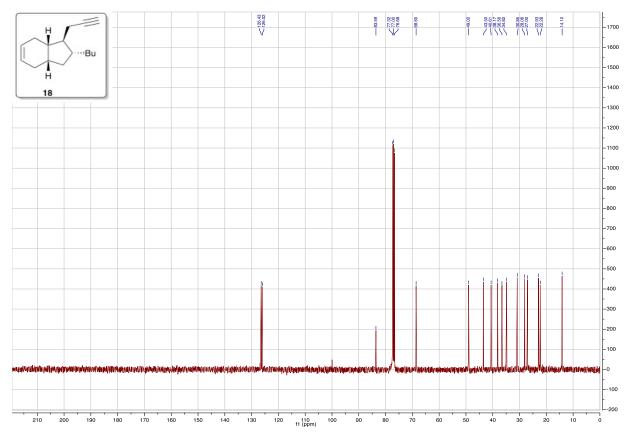
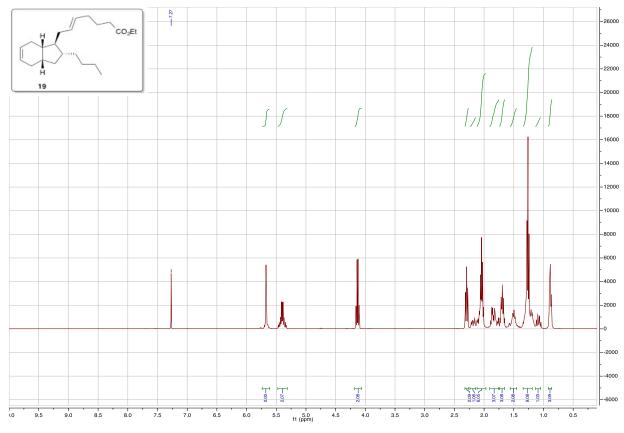


Figure S-30 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 18.





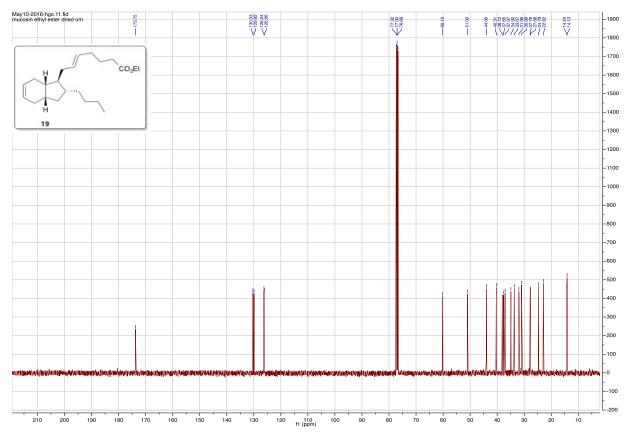
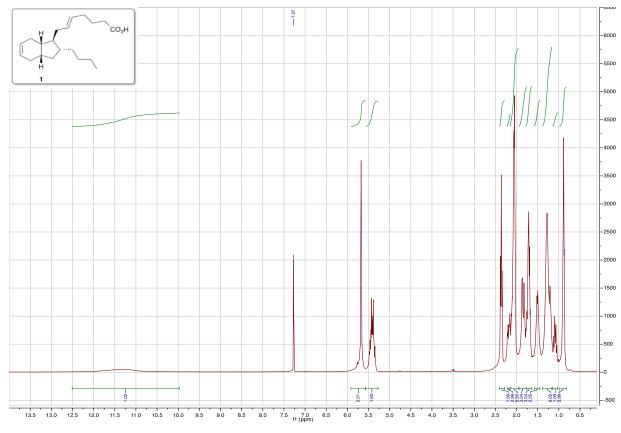


Figure S-32 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 19.





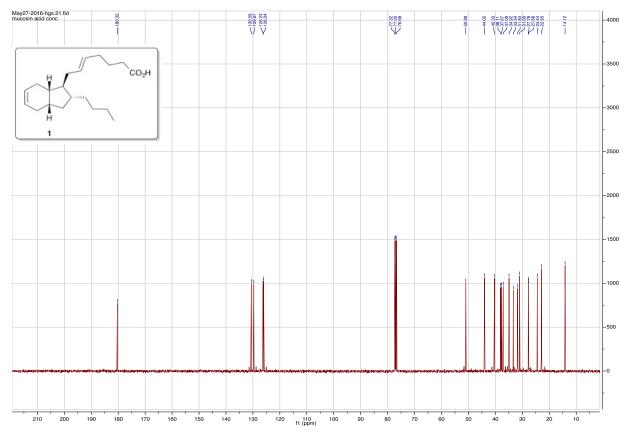
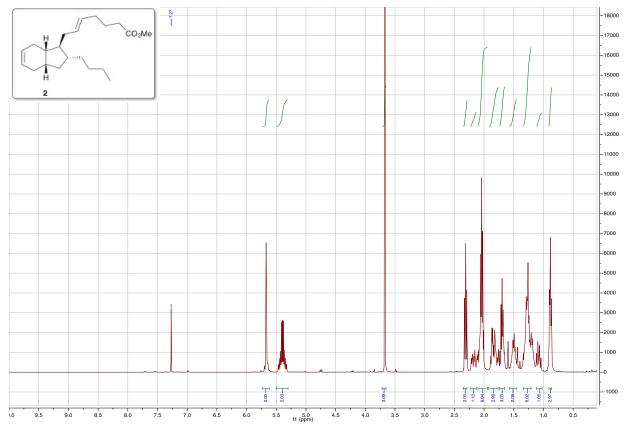
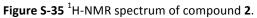
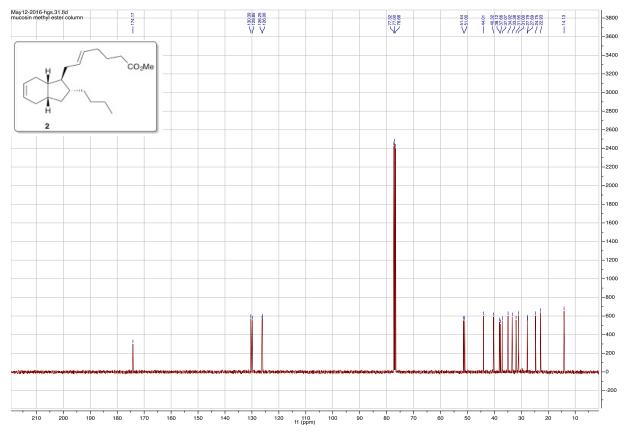
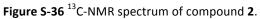


Figure S-34 ¹³C-NMR spectrum of compound 1.









Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%

47 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

 $\begin{array}{c}
 H \\
 H \\
 H \\
 H
 \end{array}$

Page 1

Voltage EI+

6.72e3

Sample 3 C11H14O3 MW 194 DEHGS2016021903 65 (2.723) 100

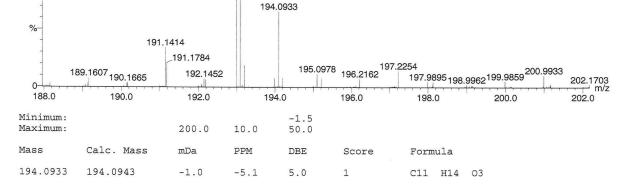
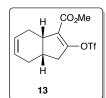


Figure S-37 HRMS of compound 12.

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%



Page 1

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions 287 formula(e) evaluated with 3 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

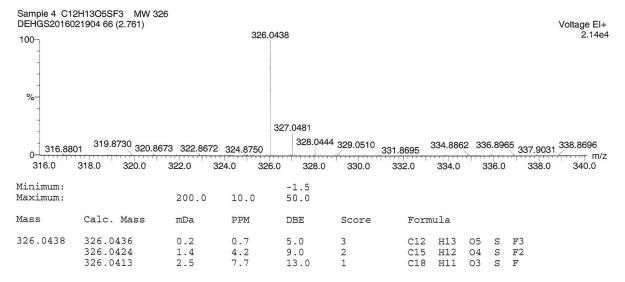


Figure S-38 HRMS of compound 13.

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0% Page 1

CO₂Me

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14

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

30 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

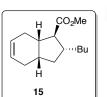
C15H22O2 HRMS MW 3234,1620 DEHarry2016030401 547 (11.014) 100-180.1128									Voltage El+ 4.10e4
%-									
180.9881			234.	1628					
181.1183 202.13 185.9892 ^{192.9883}	361 204.9885	218.9859 ² 223.	230.9867 9855	242.9845	2	254.983	7261.9850	268.9815	278.9802
190.0 200.0	210.0	220.0	230.0	240.0	250.0		260.0	270.0	11/2
Minimum: Maximum:	200.0	10.0	-1.5 50.0						
Haximum.	200.0	10.0	50.0						
Mass Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	Score	Form	ula			

Figure S-39 HRMS of compound 14.

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%



Page 1

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions 31 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

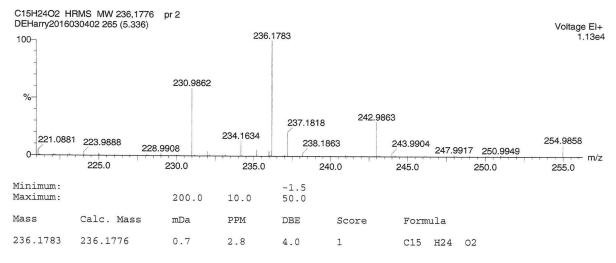


Figure S-40 HRMS of compound 15.

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%

H OH H H 16

Page 1

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

21 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

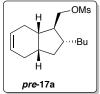
C14H24O HR DEHarry20160	MS MW 208,1827 p 30403 222 (4.505) 180.9882	r 3						Voltage El+ 2.24e4
~ ~ ~	190.1	723						
	332 189.1617 180.0 190	192.9891	204.9888	7.0328 208.0327	218.9854	228.9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	242.9844 245.2248 m/z
Minimum: Maximum:	100	200.0	10.0	-1.5 50.0	220.0		230.0	240.0
Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	Score	Form	ula	
190.1723	190.1722	0.1	0.8	4.0	1	C14	H22	

Figure S-41 HRMS of compound 16.

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%



Page 1

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions 234 formula(e) evaluated with 5 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

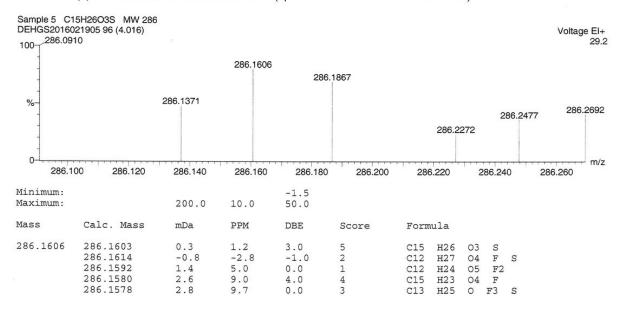


Figure S-42 HRMS of compound pre-17a.

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron lons

51 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

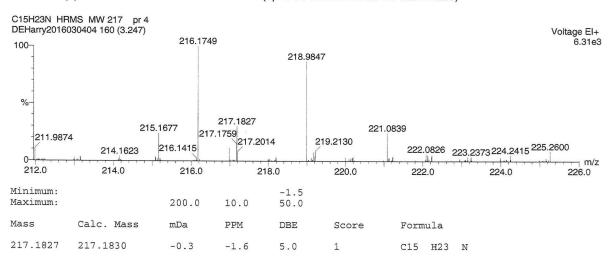
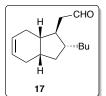


Figure S-43 HRMS of compound pre-17b.

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%



Page 1

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions 53 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

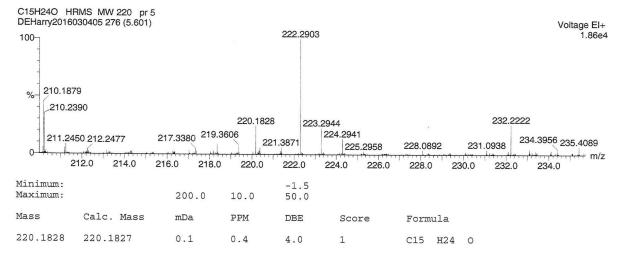


Figure S-44 HRMS of compound 17.

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pre-17b

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions 6 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

A1K3 DE2016052001 596 (9.271) Magnet EI+ 201.1630 933 100-216.1870 207.0309 230.9881 218.9872 % 215.1830 202,1622 209.0233 213.1649 203.1807 228.1756 229.1970 220,1727 222,9907 0 m/z200.0 202.5 205.0 207.5 210.0 212.5 215.0 217.5 220.0 222.5 225.0 227.5 230.0 Minimum: -1.5 Maximum: 200.0 10.0 50.0 Mass Calc. Mass mDa PPM DBE Score Formula 216.1870 216.1878 -0.8 -3.7 5.0 1 C16 H24

Figure S-45 HRMS of compound 18.

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron lons 32 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

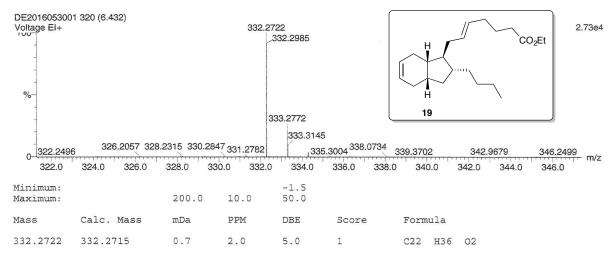


Figure S-46 HRMS of compound 19.

Page 1

Page 1

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron lons

29 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

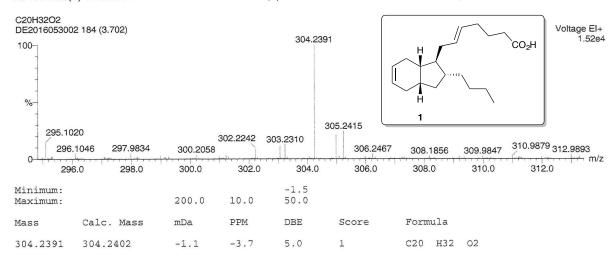
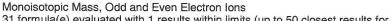


Figure S-47 HRMS of compound 1.

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%



31 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

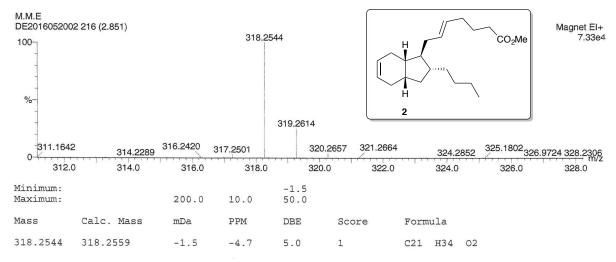
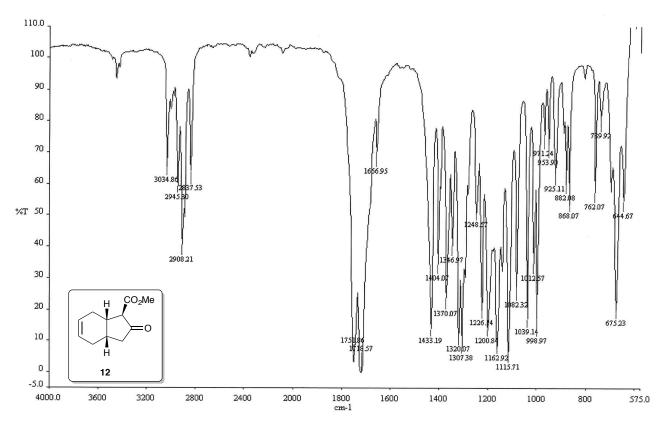
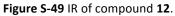


Figure S-48 HRMS of compound 2.





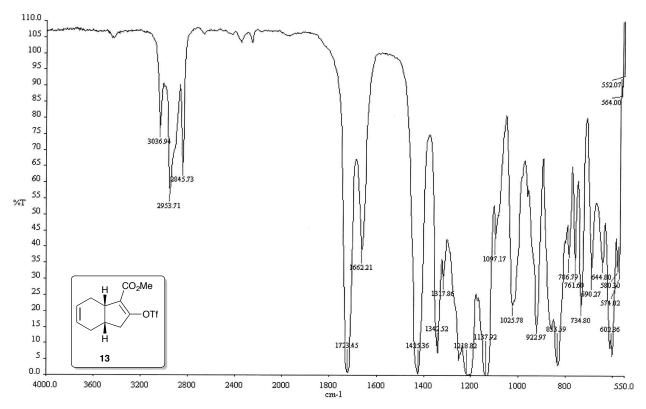


Figure S-50 IR of compound 13.

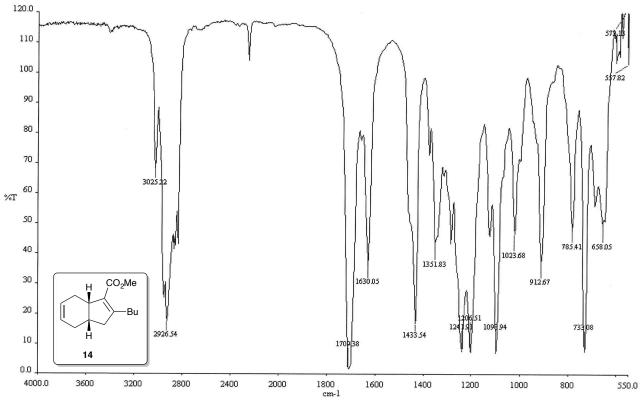


Figure S-51 IR of compound 14.

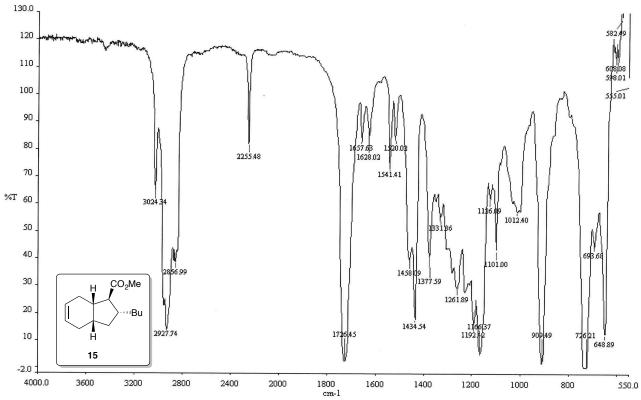
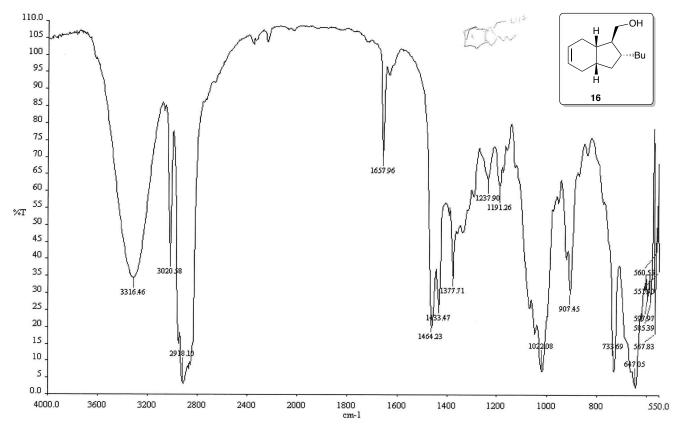
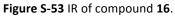


Figure S-52 IR of compound 15.





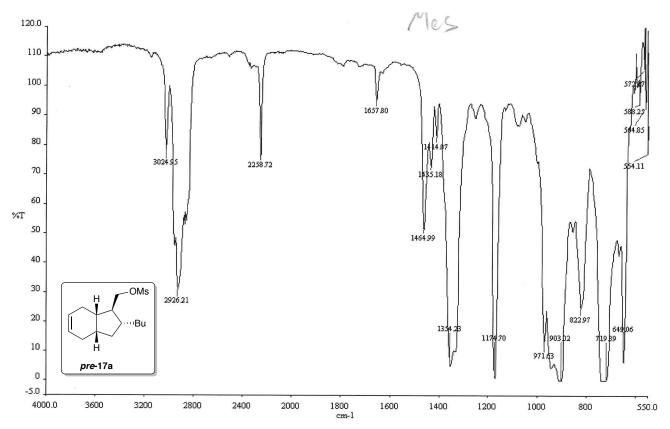
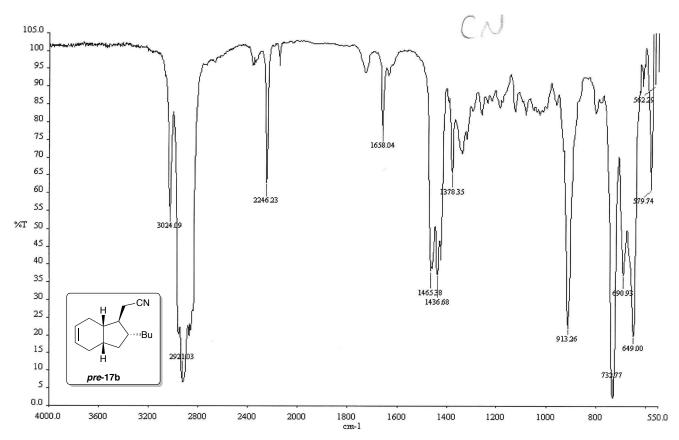


Figure S-54 IR of compound pre-17a.





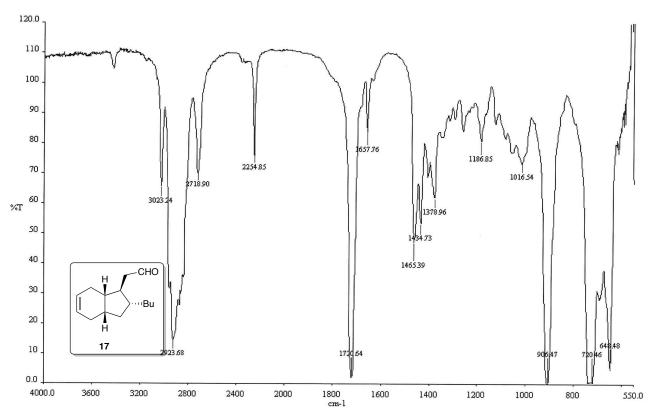
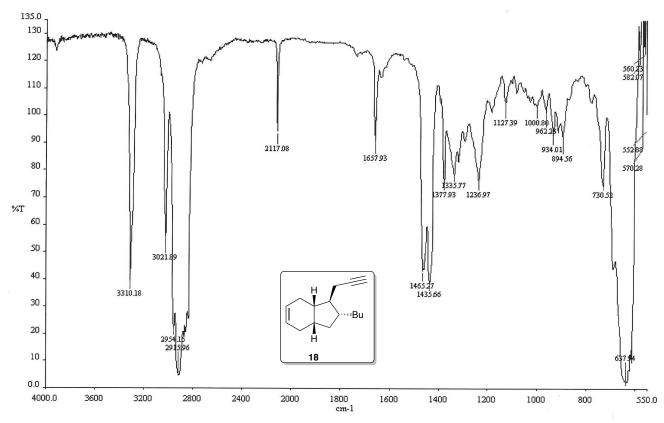
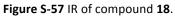


Figure S-56 IR of compound 17.





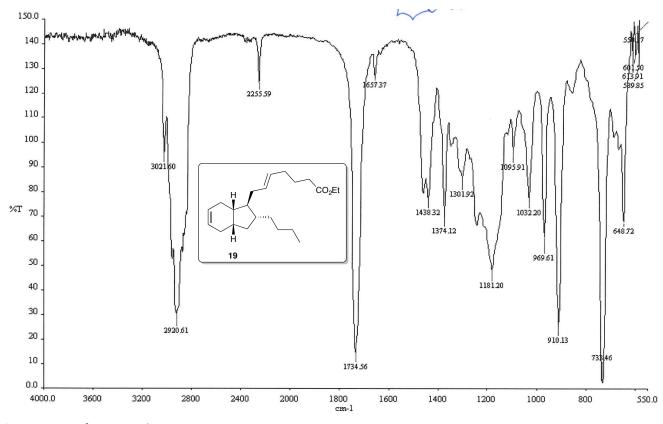
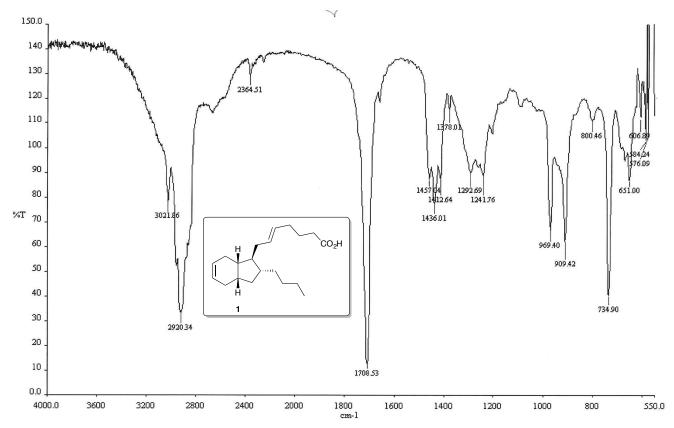
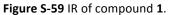


Figure S-58 IR of compound 19.





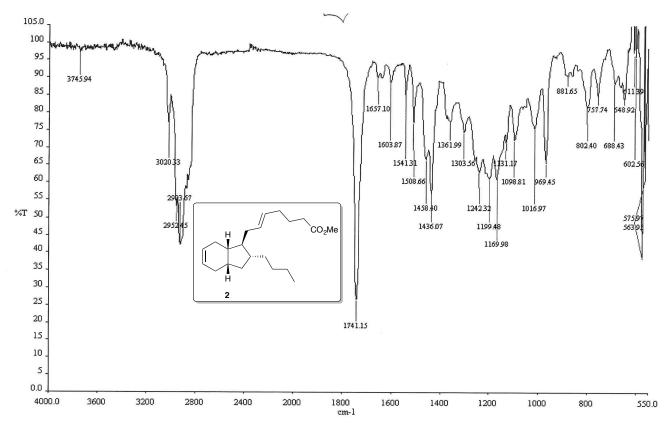
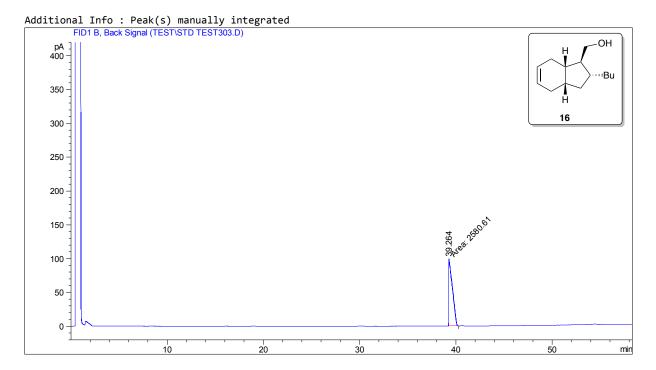


Figure S-60 IR of compound 2.

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\TEST\STD TEST303.D Sample Name: RAC

Acq. Operator : SYSTEM Sample Operator : SYSTEM Acq. Instrument : 7820 GC Location : Vial 1 Injection Date : 5/2/2016 15:28:06 Inj Volume : Manually Method : C:\CHEM32\1\METHODS\CP7502\CP7502.M Last changed : 5/2/2016 14:05:55 by SYSTEM Sample Info : 80 grader 30 min, 3 grader/min til 150 grader, 5 min hold time



External Standard Report

Sorted By	:	Signal
Calib. Data Modified	:	Tuesday, August 20, 201311:04:49
Multiplier	:	1.0000
Dilution	:	1.0000
Do not use Multiplier	& Dilu	tion Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: FID1 B, Back Signal

RetTime [min]	Туре	Area [pA*s]	Amt/Area	Amount [ng/ul]	Grp	
3.710		-	-	-		tridekan
4.351		-	-	-		tetradekan
4.970		-	-	-		pentadekan
5.557		-	-	-		hexadekan
Totals :				0.00000		

7820 GC 5/2/2016 16:37:50 SYSTEM

Figure S-61 Chiral GLC of compound 16.

Page 1 of 2

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\TEST\STD TEST303.D Sample Name: RAC

1 Warnings or Errors : Warning : Calibrated compound(s) not found _____ _____ Area Percent Report _____ Sorted By : Signal Calib. Data Modified : Tuesday, August 20, 201311:04:49 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: FID1 B, Back Signal Peak RetTime Type Width Area Area Name [min] [pA*s] % # [min]

 1
 3.710
 0.0000
 0.00000
 0.00000
 tridekan

 2
 4.351
 0.0000
 0.00000
 0.00000
 tetradekan

 3
 4.970
 0.0000
 0.00000
 0.00000
 pentadekan

 4
 5.557
 0.0000
 0.00000
 0.00000
 hexadekan

 5
 39.264 MM
 0.4356
 2580.60645
 1.000e2
 ?

 Totals : 2580.60645 1 Warnings or Errors : Warning : Calibrated compound(s) not found _____ *** End of Report ***

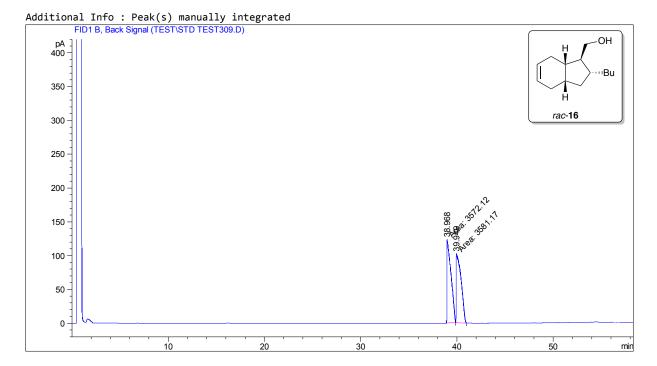
7820 GC 5/2/2016 16:37:50 SYSTEM

Page 2 of 2

Figure S-62 Report from chiral GLC of compound 16.

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\TEST\STD TEST309.D Sample Name: Rac fort 1:5

Acq. Operator : SYSTEM Sample Operator : SYSTEM Acq. Instrument : 7820 GC Location : Vial 1 Injection Date : 5/10/2016 14:46:51 Inj Volume : Manually Method : C:\CHEM32\1\METHODS\CP7502\CP7502.M Last changed : 5/2/2016 14:05:55 by SYSTEM Sample Info : 80 grader 30 min, 3 grader/min til 150 grader, 5 min hold time



External Standard Report

Sorted By	:	Signal
Calib. Data Modified	:	Tuesday, August 20, 201311:04:49
Multiplier	:	1.0000
Dilution	:	1.0000
Do not use Multiplier	& Dilu	tion Factor with ISTDs

Signal 1: FID1 B, Back Signal

RetTime [min]	Туре	Area [pA*s]	Amt/Area	Amount [ng/ul]	Grp	
3.710		-	-	-		tridekan
4.351		-	-	-		tetradekan
4.970		-	-	-		pentadekan
5.557		-	-	-		hexadekan
Totals :				0.00000		

7820 GC 5/10/2016 15:48:48 SYSTEM

Figure S-63 Chiral GLC of compound rac-16.

Page 1 of 2

Data File C:\CHEM32\1\DATA\TEST\STD TEST309.D Sample Name: Rac fort 1:5

1 Warnings or Errors : Warning : Calibrated compound(s) not found _____ _____ Area Percent Report _____ Sorted By : Signal Calib. Data Modified : Tuesday, August 20, 201311:04:49 Multiplier : 1.0000 Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000 Do not use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: FID1 B, Back Signal Peak RetTime Type Width Area Area Name [min] [pA*s] % # [min]

 1
 3.710
 0.0000
 0.00000
 0.00000
 tridekan

 2
 4.351
 0.0000
 0.00000
 0.00000
 tetradekan

 3
 4.970
 0.0000
 0.00000
 0.00000
 pentadekan

 4
 5.557
 0.0000
 0.00000
 0.00000
 hexadekan

 5
 38.968
 MM
 0.4812
 3572.11621
 49.93671
 ?

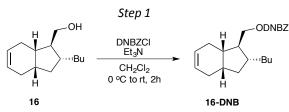
 6 39.949 MM 0.5835 3581.17065 50.06329 ? Totals : 7153.28687 1 Warnings or Errors : Warning : Calibrated compound(s) not found _____ *** End of Report ***

7820 GC 5/10/2016 15:48:48 SYSTEM

Page 2 of 2

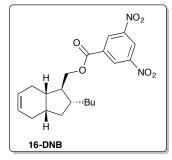
Figure S-64 Report from chiral GLC of compound rac-16.

Preparation 3,5-dinitrobenzoate derivative of (16).

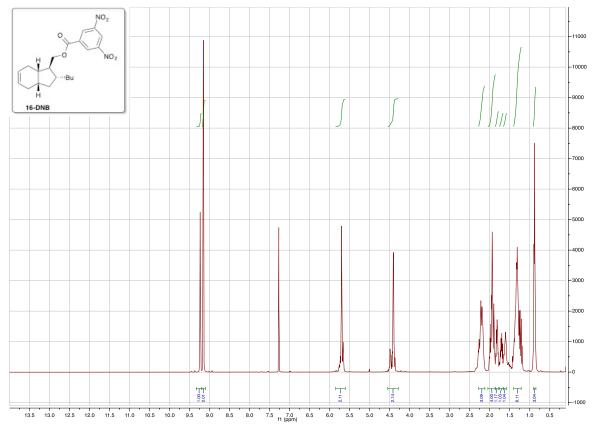


Scheme S-3 Derivatization of advanced intermediate 16 to 2,5-dinitrobenzoate 16-DNB.

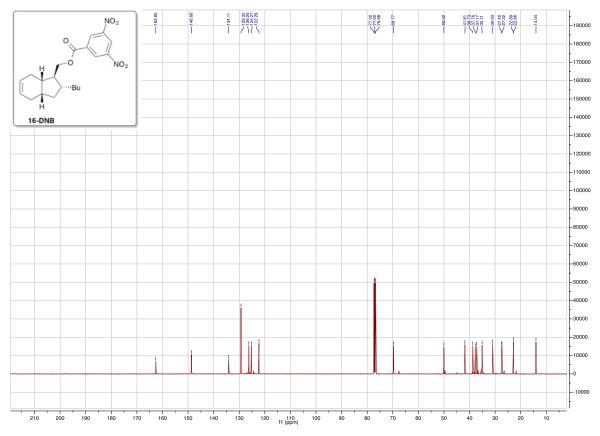
(15,65,75,8R)-8-Butyl-7-((3,5-dinitrobenzoyl)oxymethyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene (16-DNB).

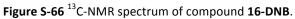


A stirring solution of (1*S*,6*S*,7*S*,8*R*)-8-butyl-7-(hydroxymethyl)bicyclo[4.3.0]non-3-ene **16** (120 mg, 0.577 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in dry DCM (10 mL) was added Et₃N (0.241 mL, 1.73 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) dropwise. The solution was then cooled to 0 °C and 3,5-dinitrobenzoyl chloride (173 mg, 0.75 mmol, 1.3 equiv.) was added in one portion. The reaction was slowly warmed to room temperature and monitored by TLC until completion. After 2h, the reaction mixture was poured over H₂O (10 mL) and the organic layer separated. The aqueous layer was then extracted with DCM (2 x 10 mL) and the organic layers combined. The organic layers were then washed with H₂O (1 x 30 mL), brine (1 x 30 mL), dried with MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo* to form a crude orange oil. This was purified by column chromatography on silica (hexane/EtOAc, 95:5) to afford the title compound as a slightly off-white powder. Yield: 185 mg, (82%), $[\alpha]_D^{26}$ -3.67 (c = 0.1, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.25-9.24 (m, 1H), 9.16-9.15 (m, 2H), 5.74-5.67 (m, 2H), 4.45-4.37 (m, 2H), 2.27-2.14 (m, 3H), 2.01-1.90 (m, 4H), 1.85-1.79 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.68 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.60 (m, 1H), 1.42-1.19 (m, 6H), 0.89-0.88 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.6, 148.6, 134.1, 129.3 (2C), 126.2, 125.2, 122.3, 69.7, 50.0, 41.8, 38.7, 37.7, 37.2, 35.1, 30.9, 27.4, 27.3, 22.8, 14.0; IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3012 (m), 3022 (m), 2922 (s), 1728 (s), 1628 (m), 1597 (w), 1540 (s), 1460 (m); HRMS (EI+): Exact mass calculated for C₂₁H₂₆N₂O₆ [*M*]⁺: 402.1791, found 402.1788; m.p.: 45-47 °C; TLC (hexane/EtOAc 9:1, KMnO₄ stain): R_f =0.55.









Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Isotope cluster parameters: Separation = 1.0 Abundance = 1.0%

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions

23 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass)

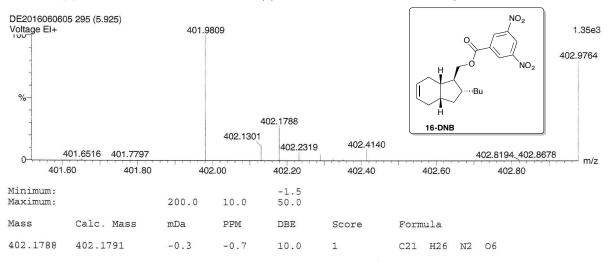


Figure S-67 HRMS spectrum of compound 16-DNB.

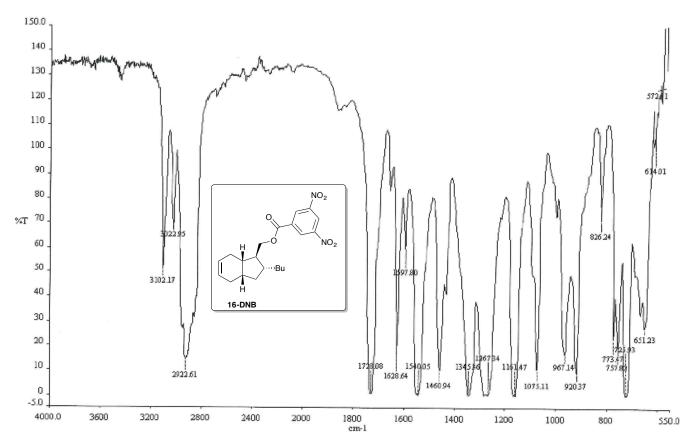


Figure S-68 IR spectrum of compound 16-DNB.

X-ray crystallography on compound (16-DNB):

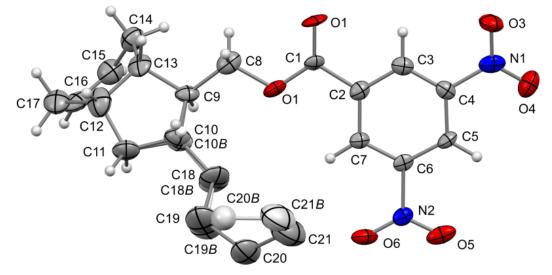


Figure S-69 Single crystal X-ray structure of the 3,5-dinitrobenzoate of alcohol **16** at 110 K. The disordered n-butyl group (H-atoms omitted) has a major orientation [occupancy 0.74(3)] with *trans,trans,gauche+* torsion angles along C9-C10-C18-C19-C20-C21, while the minor orientation (atoms in lighter tone) is *trans,gauche–,gauche–*.

Table S-1 Crystal data for	3,5-dinitrobenzoate of alcohol 16 .*
----------------------------	---

	(1)
Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$C_{21}H_{26}N_2O_6$
<i>M</i> _r	402.44
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, P21
<i>a</i> (Å)	10.866(5)
b (Å)	5.196(2)
<i>c</i> (Å)	18.617(10)
eta (°) V (Å ³)	106.703(11)
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	1006.8(9)
Ζ	2
Radiation	Μο Κα
Wavelength (Å)	0.71073
μ (mm ⁻¹)	0.098
Temperature (K)	110(2)
Crystal size (mm)	0.21 × 0.19 × 0.01
T _{min} , T _{max}	0.692, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and	
observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	5899, 2089, 1718
R _{int}	0.140
$ heta_{max}$ (°)	20.86
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.085, 0.225, 1.03
No. of reflections	2089
No. of parameters	278
$\Delta ho_{max}, \Delta ho_{min} \ (e \ \AA^{-3})$	0.30, -0.28
CCDC	1484546

* Bruker D8 Venture diffractometer with InCoatec ImuS Microfocus radiation source and Photon 100 CMOS detector. Data collection with Apex2,¹ data integration and cell refinement with SAINT,¹ absorption correction by SADABS,¹ structure solution with SHELXT,² structure refinement with SHELXL.³ Molecular graphics from Mercury.⁴

First total synthesis of mucosin based on its structural assignment

Harrison C. Gallantree-Smith, Simen. G Antonsen, Carl Henrik Görbitz,* Trond V. Hansen, Jens M. J. Nolsøe and Yngve H. Stenstrøm

Experimental

Very fragile, small platelets were obtained by slow evaporation from a methanol/pentane mixture.

Refinement

Two disorder positions, with occupancies 0.74 (3) and 0.26 (3) were refined for the C18—C21 n-butyl group attached to C10. Their covalent geometries were restrained by a SHELXL SAME 0.004 0.008 command, additional restraints were imposed on the C—C bond lengthes in this substituent. Corresponding atoms in the two conformations shared the same displacement parameteres, except that a fixed value was used for C20B, which is separated from C20 by 1.38 Å.

name

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{21}H_{26}N_{2}O_{6} \\ M_{r} = 402.44 \\ \text{Monoclinic, } P_{2_{1}} \\ a = 10.866 \ (5) \ \text{\AA} \\ b = 5.196 \ (2) \ \text{\AA} \\ c = 18.617 \ (10) \ \text{\AA} \\ \beta = 106.703 \ (11)^{\circ} \\ V = 1006.8 \ (9) \ \text{\AA}^{3} \\ Z = 2 \end{array}$

Data collection

Bruker D8 Venture with Photon 100 CMOS detector diffractometer
Radiation source: InCoatec ImuS Microfocus
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 8.3 pixels mm⁻¹
Sets of exposures each taken over 0.5° ω rotation scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan *SADABS* (Bruker, 2014)

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.085$ $wR(F^2) = 0.225$ S = 1.032089 reflections 278 parameters 77 restraints

YS.cif

$$\begin{split} F(000) &= 428\\ D_x &= 1.327 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}\\ \text{Mo } K\alpha \text{ radiation}, \lambda &= 0.71073 \text{ Å}\\ \text{Cell parameters from } 2295 \text{ reflections}\\ \theta &= 2.3-20.9^{\circ}\\ \mu &= 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}\\ T &= 110 \text{ K}\\ \text{Plate, colourless}\\ 0.21 \times 0.19 \times 0.01 \text{ mm} \end{split}$$

 $T_{\min} = 0.692, T_{\max} = 1.000$ 5899 measured reflections
2089 independent reflections
1718 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.214$ $\theta_{max} = 20.9^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.3^{\circ}$ $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $k = -5 \rightarrow 5$ $I = -18 \rightarrow 18$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0936P)^2 + 2.6032P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $\begin{array}{l} (\Delta \! / \! \sigma)_{max} \! < \! 0.001 \\ \Delta \rho_{max} \! = \! 0.30 \mbox{ e } \mbox{ Å}^{-3} \end{array}$

 $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.28 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Two disorder positions refined for n-butyl group attached to C10. Occupancies 0.74 (3) and 0.26 (3).

Fractional atomic coordinates	and isotropic or equivale	nt isotropic displacemen	t parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$	Occ. (<1)
01	0.4965 (7)	0.0115 (19)	0.3931 (4)	0.034 (2)	
N1	0.7700 (10)	0.288 (2)	0.6525 (7)	0.034 (3)	
C1	0.5467 (10)	0.212 (3)	0.3832 (7)	0.023 (3)	
O2	0.5244 (7)	0.3323 (19)	0.3180 (5)	0.032 (2)	
N2	0.8755 (9)	0.896 (2)	0.4771 (7)	0.025 (2)	
C2	0.6411 (11)	0.353 (3)	0.4451 (7)	0.028 (3)	
O3	0.7262 (8)	0.077 (2)	0.6594 (5)	0.040(2)	
C3	0.6602 (11)	0.265 (2)	0.5163 (7)	0.028 (3)	
H31	0.6121	0.1220	0.5254	0.033*	
C4	0.7491 (10)	0.382 (3)	0.5752 (6)	0.025 (3)	
O4	0.8317 (8)	0.420(2)	0.7046 (5)	0.044 (2)	
C5	0.8206 (10)	0.596 (2)	0.5648 (7)	0.024 (3)	
H51	0.8798	0.6815	0.6053	0.029*	
05	0.9445 (7)	1.0018 (19)	0.5311 (5)	0.039(2)	
C6	0.7990 (10)	0.672 (2)	0.4921 (7)	0.021 (3)	
O6	0.8619 (7)	0.9540 (18)	0.4128 (5)	0.036(2)	
C7	0.7120 (10)	0.562 (2)	0.4316(6)	0.023 (3)	
H71	0.7003	0.6265	0.3823	0.028*	
C8	0.4292 (12)	0.208 (3)	0.2553 (7)	0.036(3)	
H81	0.3491	0.1772	0.2692	0.044*	
H82	0.4626	0.0397	0.2445	0.044*	
C12	0.3164 (15)	0.342 (3)	0.0499 (8)	0.055 (4)	
H121	0.3329	0.1800	0.0253	0.066*	
C13	0.2879 (13)	0.270 (3)	0.1245 (7)	0.041 (4)	
H131	0.2890	0.0776	0.1285	0.049*	
C14	0.1617 (12)	0.364 (3)	0.1326 (8)	0.046 (4)	
H141	0.0929	0.2417	0.1076	0.055*	
H142	0.1663	0.3703	0.1865	0.055*	
C15	0.1292 (13)	0.625 (3)	0.0990 (9)	0.050(4)	
H151	0.0928	0.7505	0.1241	0.059*	
C16	0.1501 (12)	0.682 (3)	0.0365 (10)	0.049 (4)	
H161	0.1334	0.8508	0.0167	0.059*	
C17	0.2006 (14)	0.483 (3)	-0.0052 (8)	0.053 (4)	
H171	0.2286	0.5653	-0.0458	0.063*	
H172	0.1321	0.3573	-0.0281	0.063*	
C9	0.4010 (11)	0.375 (3)	0.1869 (7)	0.032 (3)	0.74 (3)
H91	0.3797	0.5522	0.2003	0.038*	0.74 (3)
C11	0.4409 (12)	0.494 (3)	0.0739 (8)	0.048 (4)	0.74 (3)
H111	0.4230	0.6802	0.0769	0.058*	0.74 (3)

H112	0.4911	0.4696	0.0377	0.058*	0.74 (3)
C10	0.5144 (12)	0.391 (4)	0.1509 (8)	0.044 (4)	0.74 (3)
H10	0.5419	0.2108	0.1440	0.053*	0.74 (3)
C18	0.6307 (14)	0.537 (6)	0.1938 (9)	0.060 (6)	0.74 (3)
H181	0.6668	0.4529	0.2431	0.072*	0.74 (3)
H182	0.6039	0.7130	0.2033	0.072*	0.74 (3)
C19	0.7354 (15)	0.558 (7)	0.1554 (11)	0.084 (7)	0.74 (3)
H191	0.7465	0.3889	0.1335	0.101*	0.74 (3)
H192	0.7092	0.6839	0.1139	0.101*	0.74 (3)
C20	0.8620 (16)	0.641 (4)	0.2089 (12)	0.067 (8)	0.74 (3)
H201	0.8470	0.8021	0.2333	0.081*	0.74 (3)
H202	0.9211	0.6827	0.1787	0.081*	0.74 (3)
C21	0.932 (4)	0.453 (7)	0.271 (2)	0.096 (13)	0.74 (3)
H211	1.0170	0.5212	0.2964	0.145*	0.74 (3)
H212	0.9403	0.2862	0.2482	0.145*	0.74 (3)
H213	0.8819	0.4328	0.3066	0.145*	0.74 (3)
C9B	0.4010 (11)	0.375 (3)	0.1869(7)	0.032 (3)	0.26 (3)
H91B	0.3750	0.5474	0.2013	0.038*	0.26 (3)
C11B	0.4409 (12)	0.494 (3)	0.0739 (8)	0.048 (4)	0.26 (3)
H11B	0.4217	0.6809	0.0720	0.058*	0.26 (3)
H12B	0.4929	0.4588	0.0392	0.058*	0.26 (3)
C10B	0.5162 (13)	0.418 (5)	0.1535 (9)	0.044 (4)	0.26 (3)
H10B	0.5570	0.2473	0.1510	0.053*	0.26 (3)
C18B	0.619 (2)	0.598 (8)	0.1954 (11)	0.060 (6)	0.26 (3)
H18B	0.6533	0.5355	0.2476	0.072*	0.26 (3)
H19B	0.5803	0.7695	0.1975	0.072*	0.26 (3)
C19B	0.730 (3)	0.630 (9)	0.162 (3)	0.084 (7)	0.26 (3)
H20B	0.6960	0.6514	0.1073	0.101*	0.26 (3)
H21B	0.7786	0.7876	0.1829	0.101*	0.26 (3)
C20B	0.820 (3)	0.402 (9)	0.179 (3)	0.050*	0.26 (3)
H22B	0.8733	0.4081	0.1438	0.060*	0.26 (3)
H23B	0.7673	0.2438	0.1673	0.060*	0.26 (3)
C21B	0.911 (13)	0.37 (3)	0.258 (5)	0.096 (13)	0.26 (3)
H24B	0.9659	0.2227	0.2605	0.145*	0.26 (3)
H25B	0.8605	0.3521	0.2939	0.145*	0.26 (3)
H26B	0.9645	0.5281	0.2714	0.145*	0.26 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.026 (4)	0.016 (5)	0.058 (6)	-0.013 (4)	0.011 (4)	-0.002 (4)
N1	0.017 (6)	0.025 (7)	0.061 (9)	0.008 (5)	0.014 (6)	0.009 (6)
C1	0.011 (5)	0.026 (5)	0.034 (6)	0.001 (5)	0.008 (4)	0.002 (5)
O2	0.020 (4)	0.027 (5)	0.047 (6)	-0.008 (4)	0.005 (4)	-0.005 (4)
N2	0.017 (4)	0.019 (5)	0.037 (5)	0.006 (4)	0.005 (4)	0.001 (5)
C2	0.021 (5)	0.023 (5)	0.037 (6)	0.004 (5)	0.005 (5)	0.000 (5)
O3	0.045 (5)	0.031 (6)	0.047 (6)	-0.004 (5)	0.017 (5)	0.012 (4)
C3	0.024 (5)	0.023 (5)	0.038 (6)	0.006 (4)	0.013 (5)	0.004 (5)
C4	0.022 (5)	0.025 (5)	0.030 (6)	0.009 (5)	0.011 (5)	0.007 (5)
O4	0.039 (5)	0.043 (6)	0.043 (6)	0.002 (5)	0.000 (5)	-0.012 (5)
C5	0.017 (5)	0.017 (5)	0.035 (6)	-0.001(4)	0.003 (4)	-0.004(5)

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O5	0.023 (5)	0.024 (5)	0.073 (7)	0.001 (4)	0.019 (5)	-0.007 (5)
C6	0.011 (5)	0.019 (5)	0.034 (6)	0.007 (4)	0.007 (4)	0.000 (4)
O6	0.021 (4)	0.026 (5)	0.062 (7)	0.001 (4)	0.013 (4)	0.015 (4)
C7	0.018 (5)	0.019 (5)	0.033 (6)	0.003 (4)	0.008 (5)	0.003 (5)
C8	0.029(7)	0.028 (7)	0.051 (9)	0.006 (6)	0.009 (7)	-0.006(7)
C12	0.072 (12)	0.044 (9)	0.045 (9)	0.003 (9)	0.011 (9)	-0.014(7)
C13	0.057 (10)	0.018 (7)	0.044 (8)	-0.005 (6)	0.009 (7)	-0.010 (6)
C14	0.040 (8)	0.052 (9)	0.046 (9)	-0.001 (7)	0.012(7)	-0.007(8)
C15	0.045 (9)	0.042 (10)	0.059 (11)	0.004 (7)	0.011 (9)	-0.001 (8)
C16	0.038 (9)	0.022 (8)	0.075 (12)	-0.005 (7)	-0.004 (8)	0.006 (8)
C17	0.067 (10)	0.029 (8)	0.057 (9)	-0.006 (7)	0.010 (8)	0.000 (8)
C9	0.029(7)	0.021 (7)	0.047 (8)	0.001 (6)	0.014 (7)	0.005 (7)
C11	0.035 (8)	0.060 (9)	0.057 (10)	-0.008 (8)	0.023 (7)	0.002 (8)
C10	0.034 (8)	0.048 (9)	0.056 (10)	0.001 (7)	0.021 (8)	0.006 (8)
C18	0.029 (8)	0.089 (15)	0.071 (10)	-0.013 (9)	0.028 (8)	-0.007 (10)
C19	0.041 (10)	0.132 (19)	0.087 (13)	-0.005 (12)	0.031 (9)	0.019 (13)
C20	0.026 (12)	0.099 (19)	0.078 (17)	0.002 (12)	0.016 (11)	0.021 (14)
C21	0.09(2)	0.10(3)	0.104 (19)	0.00(2)	0.029 (14)	0.045 (19)
C9B	0.029(7)	0.021 (7)	0.047 (8)	0.001 (6)	0.014 (7)	0.005 (7)
C11B	0.035 (8)	0.060 (9)	0.057 (10)	-0.008 (8)	0.023 (7)	0.002 (8)
C10B	0.034 (8)	0.048 (9)	0.056 (10)	0.001 (7)	0.021 (8)	0.006 (8)
C18B	0.029 (8)	0.089 (15)	0.071 (10)	-0.013 (9)	0.028 (8)	-0.007 (10)
C19B	0.041 (10)	0.132 (19)	0.087 (13)	-0.005 (12)	0.031 (9)	0.019 (13)
C21B	0.09 (2)	0.10(3)	0.104 (19)	0.00 (2)	0.029 (14)	0.045 (19)

Geometric parameters (Å, °) for (I)

01—C1	1.213 (14)	C17—H171	0.9900
N1—O3	1.218 (13)	C17—H172	0.9900
N1	1.219 (12)	C9—C10	1.565 (17)
N1—C4	1.474 (15)	C9—H91	1.0000
C1—O2	1.326 (14)	C11—C10	1.524 (18)
C1—C2	1.498 (16)	C11—H111	0.9900
O2—C8	1.467 (14)	C11—H112	0.9900
N2—O5	1.202 (11)	C10-C18	1.495 (19)
N2—O6	1.202 (11)	C10—H10	1.0000
N2—C6	1.502 (15)	C18—C19	1.512 (17)
C2—C3	1.361 (16)	C18—H181	0.9900
C2—C7	1.397 (16)	C18—H182	0.9900
C3—C4	1.377 (16)	C19—C20	1.51 (2)
C3—H31	0.9500	C19—H191	0.9900
C4—C5	1.403 (15)	C19—H192	0.9900
C5—C6	1.364 (16)	C20—C21	1.53 (2)
C5—H51	0.9500	C20—H201	0.9900
C6—C7	1.368 (15)	C20—H202	0.9900
C7—H71	0.9500	C21—H211	0.9800
C8—C9	1.497 (17)	C21—H212	0.9800
C8—H81	0.9900	C21—H213	0.9800
C8—H82	0.9900	C10B-C18B	1.50 (2)
C12-C11	1.52 (2)	C10B—H10B	1.0000
C12—C13	1.55 (2)	C18B-C19B	1.512 (18)

C12—C17	1.558 (19)	C18B—H18B	0.9900
C12—H121	1.0000	C18B—H19B	0.9900
C13—C14	1.504 (19)	C19B—C20B	1.51 (2)
C13—C9	1.530 (17)	C19B—H20B	0.9900
C13—H131	1.0000	C19B—H21B	0.9900
C14—C15	1.49 (2)	C20B—C21B	1.53 (2)
C14—H141	0.9900	C20B—H22B	0.9900
C14—H142	0.9900	C20B—H23B	0.9900
C15—C16	1.28 (2)	C21B—H24B	0.9800
C15—H151	0.9500	C21B—H25B	0.9800
C16—C17	1.49 (2)	C21B—H26B	0.9800
C16—H161	0.9500	6210 11200	0.9000
C10—11101	0.9500		
O3—N1—O4	124.5 (11)	C13—C9—C10	104.6 (10)
03—N1—C4	116.4 (11)	C8—C9—H91	109.0
04—N1—C4	119.0 (10)	C13—C9—H91	109.0
01-C1-02	125.0 (11)	С10—С9—Н91	109.0
01	122.8 (11)	C12-C11-C10	105.9 (11)
02-C1-C2	112.2 (10)	C12_C11_H111	110.5
C1—O2—C8	112.2 (10)	C10—C11—H111	110.5
O5—N2—O6	125.9 (10)	C12—C11—H112	110.5
O5—N2—C6	116.5 (10)	C10—C11—H112	110.5
05—N2—C6	117.7 (10)	H111—C11—H112	10.5
C3—C2—C7	120.0 (11)	C18—C10—C11	117.2 (12)
C3—C2—C1	117.6 (11)	C18—C10—C9	117.2 (12)
C3—C2—C1 C7—C2—C1	122.3 (11)	C11—C10—C9	99.0 (10)
C7—C2—C1 C2—C3—C4	122.3 (11)	C18—C10—H10	107.8
C2—C3—C4 C2—C3—H31	119.9	C11—C10—H10	107.8
C2—C3—H31 C4—C3—H31	119.9	C9—C10—H10	107.8
C4—C3—II31 C3—C4—C5	122.0 (11)	C10—C18—C19	114.7 (13)
C3—C4—N1	122.6 (11)	C10-C18-H181	108.6
C5-C4-N1	117.5 (10)	C19—C18—H181	108.6
C5-C4-N1 C6-C5-C4	117.5 (10)	C19—C18—H181 C10—C18—H182	108.6
C6—C5—H51	122.5	C19—C18—H182	108.6
C4—C5—H51	122.5	H181—C18—H182	108.6
C5—C6—C7	122.3	C20—C19—C18	
C5—C6—N2	117.5 (10)	C20—C19—H191	112.0 (14) 109.2
C3—C6—N2 C7—C6—N2	117.2 (10)	C18—C19—H191	109.2
C/C0N2 C6C7C2	117.5 (11)	C20—C19—H192	109.2
Сб-С7-Н71	121.2	C18—C19—H192	109.2
Соще / — П/П С2—С7—Н71	121.2	H191—C19—H192	109.2
02-08-09	110.3 (10)	C19—C20—C21	118 (2)
O2—C8—H81	109.6	C19—C20—C21 C19—C20—H201	107.8
C9—C8—H81	109.6	C21—C20—H201	107.8
O2—C8—H82	109.6	C19—C20—H202	107.8
C9—C8—H82	109.6	C19—C20—H202 C21—C20—H202	107.8
	109.0		107.8
H81—C8—H82 C11—C12—C13	108.1	H201—C20—H202 C20—C21—H211	107.1
C11—C12—C13 C11—C12—C17	104.7 (10) 115.6 (12)	C20—C21—H211 C20—C21—H212	109.5
C11C12C17 C13C12C17		H211—C21—H212	109.5
	111.8 (12) 108.2		
C11—C12—H121	100.2	C20—C21—H213	109.5

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C13-C12-H121	108.2	H211—C21—H213	109.5
C17-C12-H121	108.2	H212—C21—H213	109.5
C14—C13—C9	111.3 (10)	C18B-C10B-H10B	107.8
C14—C13—C12	115.6 (11)	C10B-C18B-C19B	114.8 (15)
C9-C13-C12	105.6 (11)	C10B-C18B-H18B	108.6
C14—C13—H131	108.0	C19B-C18B-H18B	108.6
C9—C13—H131	108.0	C10B-C18B-H19B	108.6
C12-C13-H131	108.0	C19B-C18B-H19B	108.6
C15-C14-C13	111.5 (12)	H18B-C18B-H19B	107.5
C15-C14-H141	109.3	C20B-C19B-C18B	112.1 (16)
C13—C14—H141	109.3	C20B-C19B-H20B	109.2
C15—C14—H142	109.3	C18B-C19B-H20B	109.2
C13—C14—H142	109.3	C20B-C19B-H21B	109.2
H141—C14—H142	108.0	C18B-C19B-H21B	109.2
C16—C15—C14	120.3 (14)	H20B—C19B—H21B	107.9
C16—C15—H151	119.9	C19B—C20B—C21B	118 (2)
C14—C15—H151	119.9	C19B—C20B—H22B	107.8
C15—C16—C17	120.2 (13)	C21B—C20B—H22B	107.8
C15—C16—H161	119.9	C19B—C20B—H23B	107.8
C17—C16—H161	119.9	C21B—C20B—H23B	107.8
C16—C17—C12	109.4 (11)	H22B—C20B—H23B	107.1
C16—C17—H171	109.8	C20B—C21B—H24B	109.5
C12—C17—H171	109.8	C20B—C21B—H25B	109.5
C16—C17—H172	109.8	H24B—C21B—H25B	109.5
C12—C17—H172	109.8	C20B—C21B—H26B	109.5
H171—C17—H172	109.3	H24B—C21B—H26B	109.5
C8—C9—C13	111.3 (10)	H25B—C21B—H26B	109.5
C8-C9-C10	113.6 (10)	1123D-C21D-1120D	109.5
68-69-610	115.0 (10)		
01-C1-O2-C8	1.1 (15)	C17—C12—C13—C9	-128.2 (11)
C2-C1-O2-C8	-178.0(8)	C9-C13-C14-C15	83.5 (14)
01-C1-C2-C3	-6.8 (16)	C12-C13-C14-C15	-37.0 (16)
02-C1-C2-C3	172.3 (10)	C13—C14—C15—C16	40.9 (18)
01-C1-C2-C7	170.7 (10)	C14—C15—C16—C17	3 (2)
02-C1-C2-C7	-10.2(14)	C15-C16-C17-C12	-47.5 (18)
C7-C2-C3-C4	0.2 (14)	C11—C12—C17—C16	-74.5 (15)
$C_{1} - C_{2} - C_{3} - C_{4}$	177.7 (10)	C13-C12-C17-C16	45.1 (15)
C2-C3-C4-C5	1.2 (16)	02-C8-C9-C13	-171.4(9)
C2—C3—C4—C3 C2—C3—C4—N1	179.8 (10)	02-C8-C9-C10	70.8 (13)
03—N1—C4—C3	14.6 (14)	C14—C13—C9—C8	86.1 (13)
03-N1-C4-C3	-167.3(10)	C12—C13—C9—C8	-147.7(10)
03—N1—C4—C5	-166.7(9)	C12_C13_C9_C10	-150.8(11)
03—N1—C4—C5 04—N1—C4—C5	-100.7 (9) 11.4 (14)	C14—C13—C9—C10 C12—C13—C9—C10	-24.6(13)
C3—C4—C5—C6	. ,	C12—C13—C9—C10 C13—C12—C11—C10	. ,
	-2.4(14)		29.4 (14)
N1-C4-C5-C6	179.0 (9)	C17 - C12 - C11 - C10	152.9(12)
C4-C5-C6-C7	2.5(15)	C12-C11-C10-C18	-169.6(13) -42.5(14)
C4C5C6N2	-178.4(8)	C12—C11—C10—C9	-43.5 (14)
O5—N2—C6—C5	-4.6 (13)	C8-C9-C10-C18	-70.5 (16)
06—N2—C6—C5	175.9 (9)	C13—C9—C10—C18	167.9 (14)
O5—N2—C6—C7	174.6 (9)	C8—C9—C10—C11	163.0 (11)
O6—N2—C6—C7	-4.8 (13)	C13—C9—C10—C11	41.4 (13)

C5—C6—C7—C2	-1.2 (15)	C11-C10-C18-C19	-60 (2)
N2-C6-C7-C2	179.6 (8)	C9-C10-C18-C19	-177.4 (19)
C3—C2—C7—C6	-0.2 (15)	C10-C18-C19-C20	-164 (2)
C1—C2—C7—C6	-177.7 (10)	C18-C19-C20-C21	68 (4)
C1—O2—C8—C9	173.8 (9)	C9B-C10B-C18B-C19B	178 (2)
C11-C12-C13-C14	121.2 (13)	C10B-C18B-C19B-C20B	-76 (4)
C17-C12-C13-C14	-4.7 (16)	C18B-C19B-C20B-C21B	-75 (10)
C11—C12—C13—C9	-2.3 (14)		

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