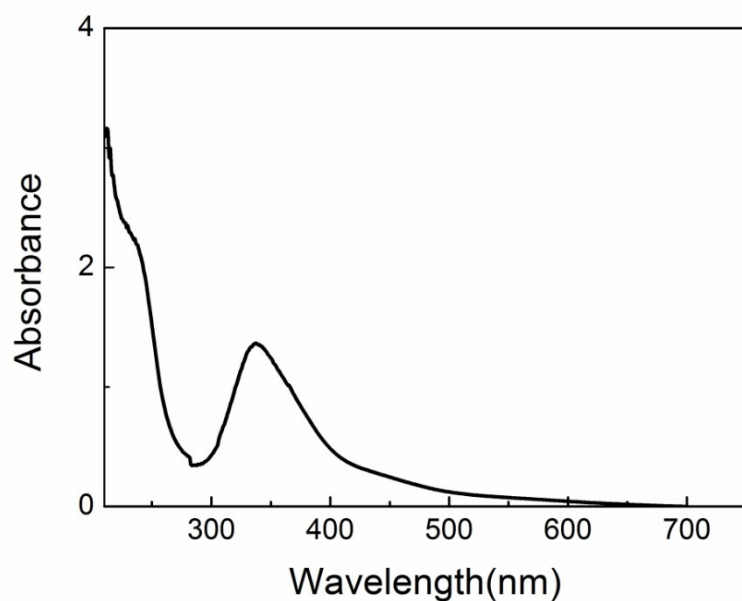
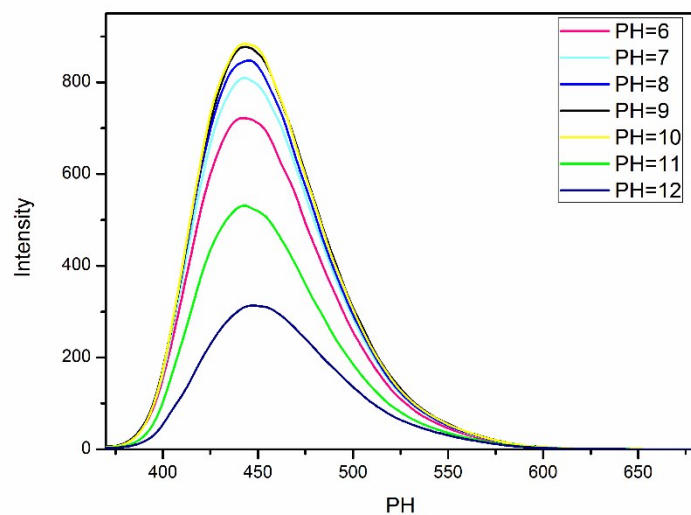
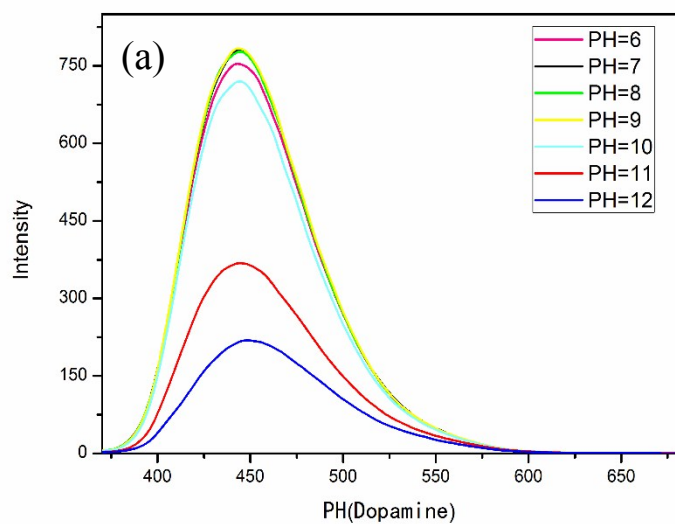


Supporting information for fluorescent detection of dopamine based on nitrogen-doped graphene quantum dots and visible paper based test strips

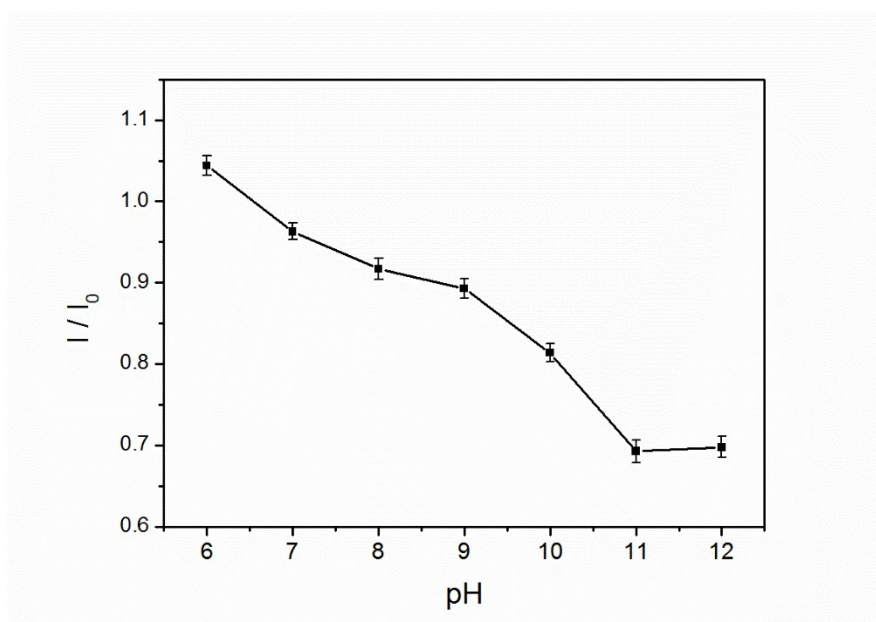
Xueqian Chen, Na zheng, Shufan Chen and Qiang Ma\*



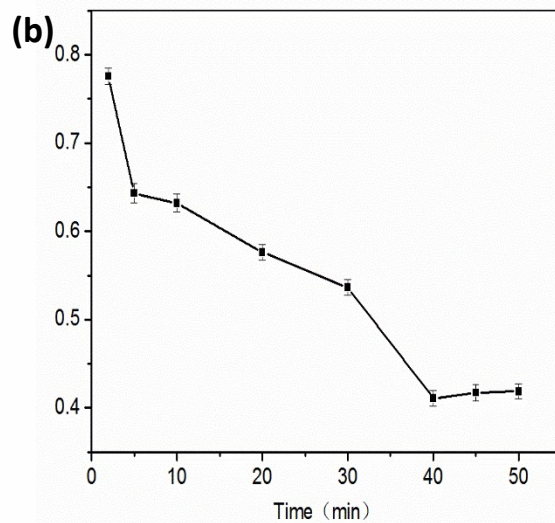
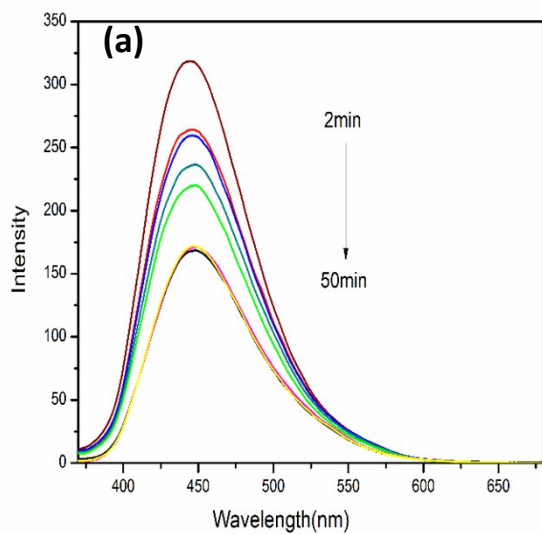
**Fig.S1** absorption spectrum of the N-GQDs.



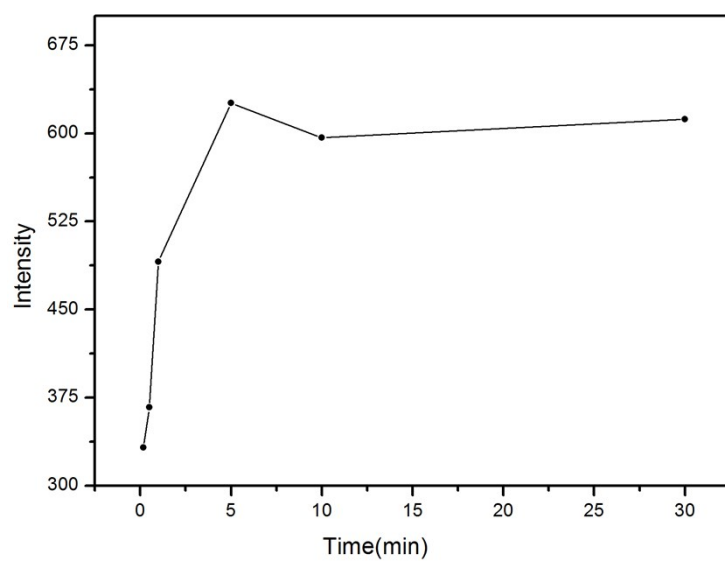
**Fig.S2(a)** the effect of pH on the fluorescence intensity of the N-GQDs. **Fig.S2(b)** the effect of pH on the fluorescence intensity of the N-GQDs/AD system.



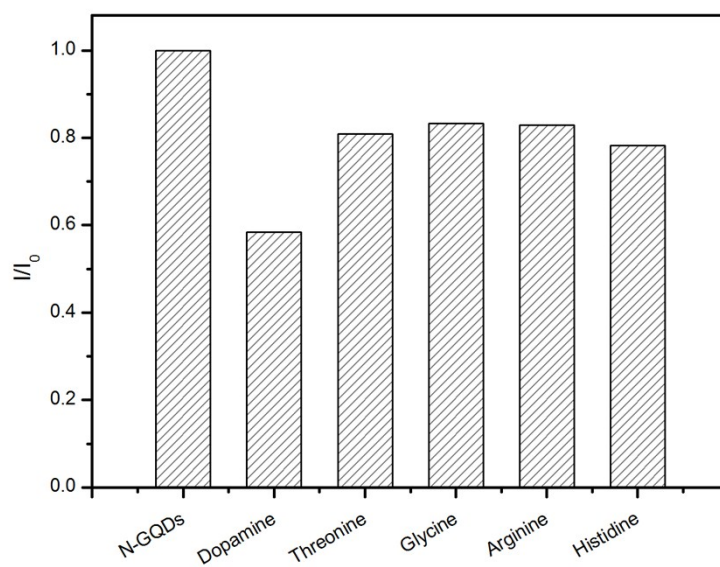
**Fig.S3** the effect of pH. The pH values were 6.0, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0, 10.0, 11.0, 12.0, respectively.  $I_0$  was the fluorescence intensity of the N-GQDs and  $I$  was the fluorescence intensity of the N-GQDs with DA. The concentration of DA was 100  $\mu\text{M}$ .



**Fig.S4** the effect of reaction time. The time were 2 min, 5 min, 10 min, 20 min, 30 min, 40 min, 45 min, 50 min, respectively.  $I_0$  was the fluorescence intensity of the N-GQDs and  $I$  was the fluorescence intensity of the N-GQDs with DA. The concentration of DA was 100  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ .



**Fig.S5** Fluorescence intensity of filter paper immersed in N-GQDs solution for different time.



**Fig.S6** the effect of reaction substance on fluorescence intensity of N-GQDs.

**Table.S1** the interference of coexisting substances in the DA determination.

Coexisting substance	concentration ( $\mu\text{M}$ )	$\Delta I / I_0(\%)$
Threonine	3000	+0.94
Arginine	3000	-3.17
Histidine	3000	+7.09
$\text{Mg}^{2+}$	3000	+0.69
$\text{K}^+$	3000	+0.95
$\text{Na}^+$	3000	+0.72

Note: 1.  $\Delta I = I - I_0$   $I$  and  $I_0$  was the fluorescence intensity of the N-GQDs/DA system in the absence and presence of coexisting substance, respectively.

2. The concentration of DA is 30  $\mu\text{M}$ .