

Electronic Supplementary Information

for

**Reactivity of cationic α -diimine cyclopentadienyl nickel complexes
towards AlEt_2Cl : Synthesis, characterisation and ethylene
polymerisation**

Clara S. B. Gomes,[†] Alejandro F. G. Ribeiro,[†] Anabela C. Fernandes,[†] Artur Bento,[†] M.

Rosário Ribeiro,[†] Gabriele Kociok-Köhn,[‡] Sofia I. Pascu,[‡] M. Teresa Duarte,[†]

Pedro T. Gomes^{*,†}

[†]Centro de Química Estrutural, Departamento de Engenharia Química, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade
de Lisboa, Av. Rovisco Pais, 1049-001 Lisboa, Portugal

[‡]Chemistry Department, University of Bath, Claverton Down, Bath, UK

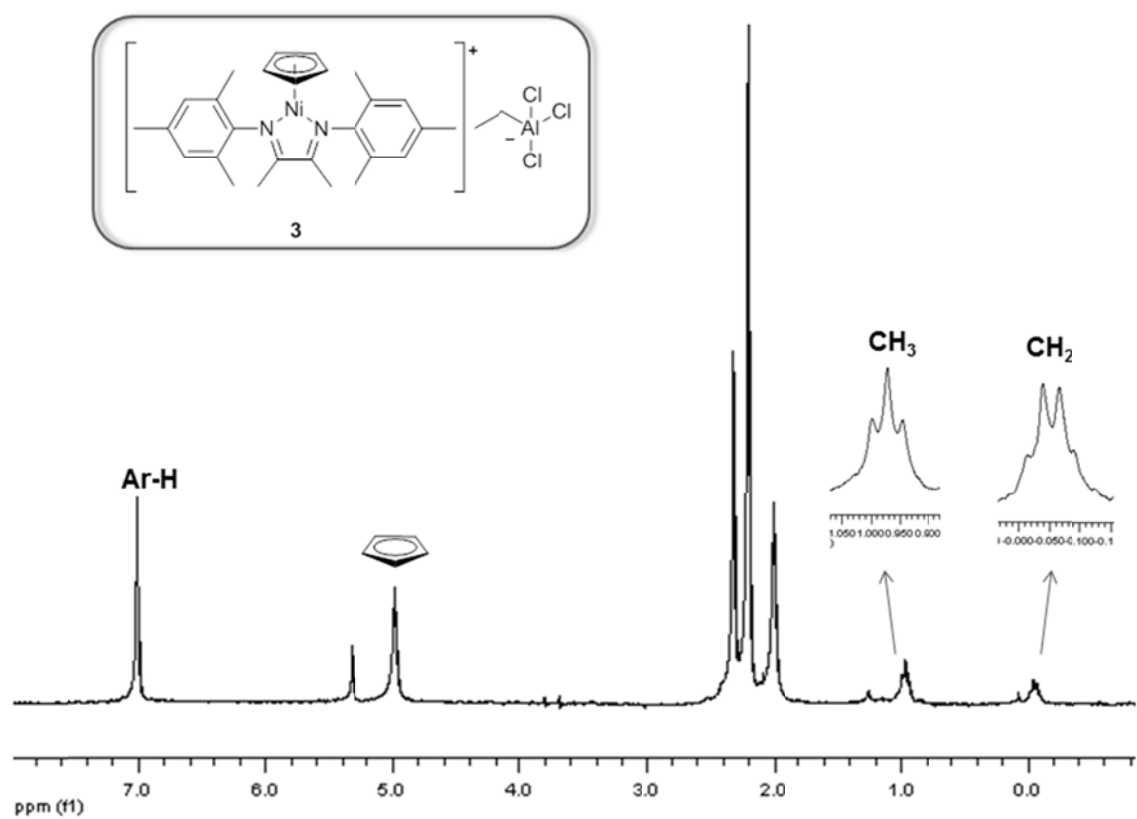


Figure S1. ^1H NMR spectrum (300 MHz) of $[\text{Ni}(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)(\text{Mes-Me}_2\text{DAD})][\text{AlEtCl}_3]$ (**3**), in CD_2Cl_2 , at room temperature.

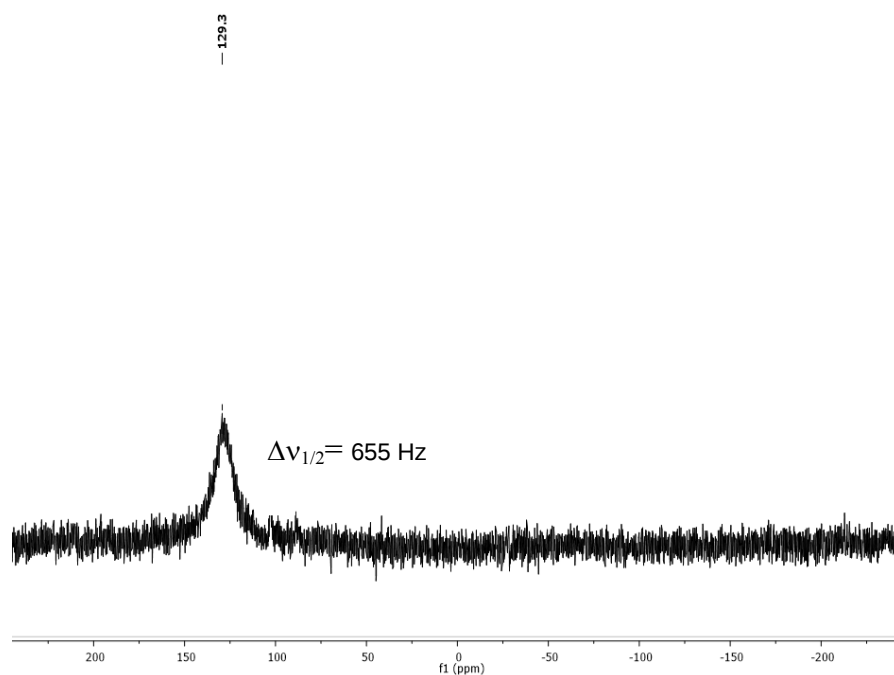


Figure S2. $^{27}\text{Al}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (78 MHz) spectrum of $[\text{Ni}(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)(\text{Mes-Me}_2\text{DAD})][\text{AlEtCl}_3]$ (**3**), in CD_2Cl_2 , at room temperature.

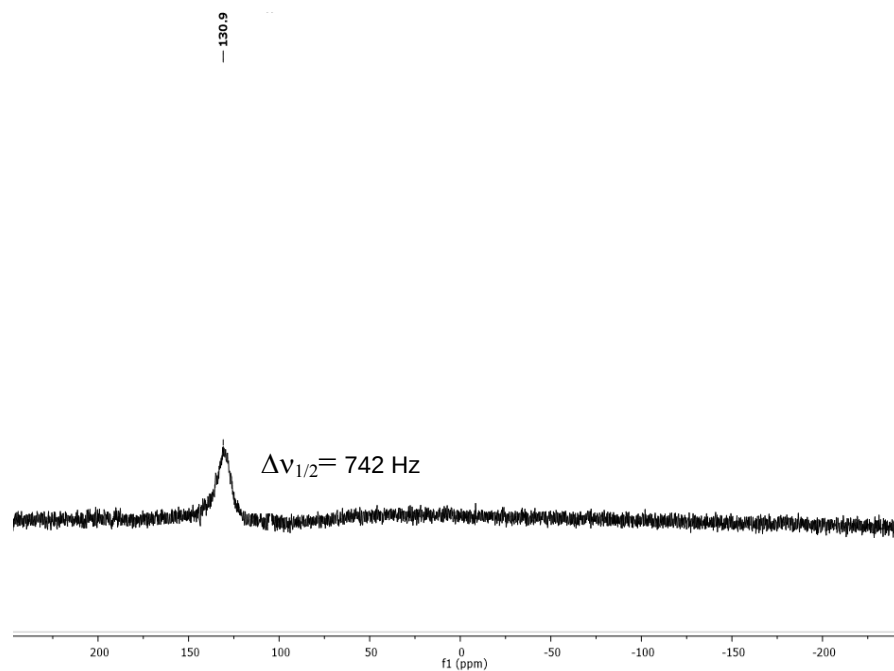


Figure S3. $^{27}\text{Al}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum (78 MHz) of $[\text{Ni}(\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5)(\text{Mes-BIAN})][\text{AlEtCl}_3]$ (**4**), in CD_2Cl_2 , at room temperature.

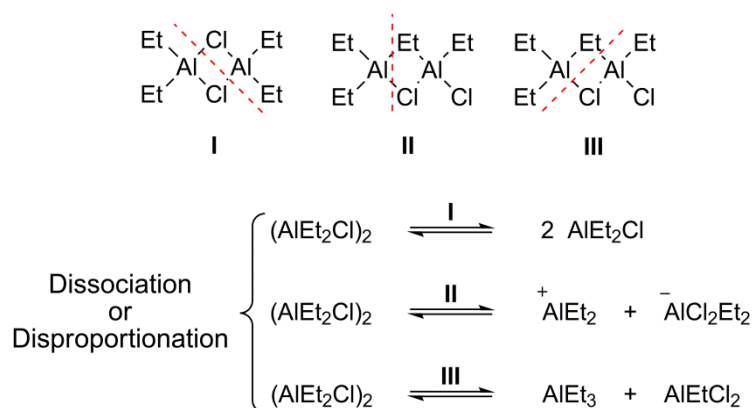


Figure S4. Dissociation or disproportionation modes for AlEt_2Cl :¹ (a) symmetric bridge cleavage; (b) asymmetric bridge cleavage of mixed chloro-alkyl-bridged dimers; and (c) asymmetric cleavage of the mixed chloro-ethyl-bridged dimers.

¹ M. F. Self, W. T. Pennington, J. A. Laske and G. H. Robinson, *Organometallics*, 1991, **10**, 36.

Assignment of the PE Branches by $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR Spectroscopy

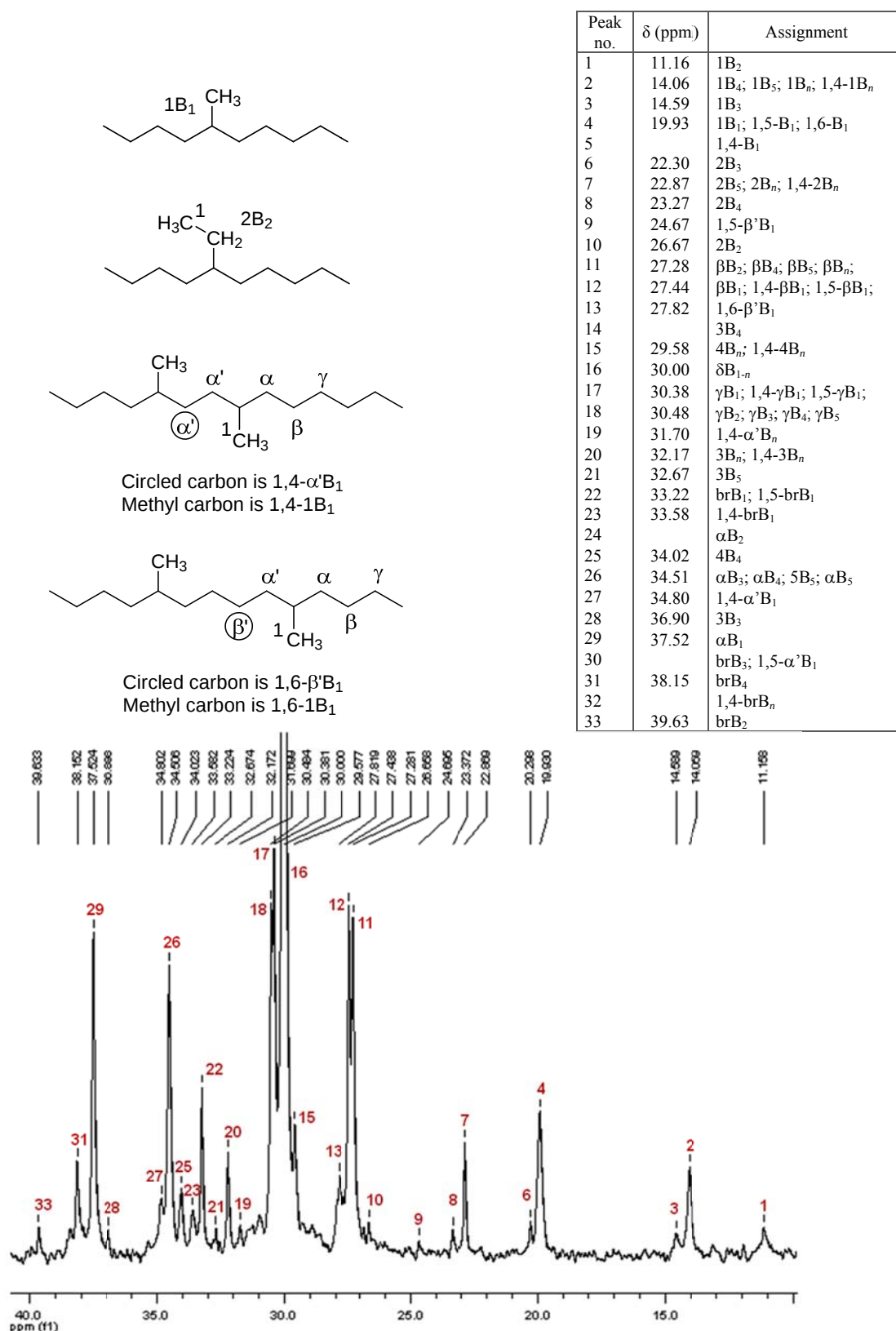


Figure S5. $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum (75 MHz, 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene/ C_6D_6 (75:25 v/v), 110 °C) of the polyethylene of entry 6 (see Table 3 of the article), showing the observed chemical shifts and the assignment of each type of branches.

The assignment of the resonances of Fig. S3, which allows the quantification of the different branches, such as methyl (N_M), ethyl (N_E), propyl (N_P), butyl (N_B), amyl (N_A), and longer ($n \geq 6$, N_L) branches, was performed according to the literature.²⁻⁴ In fact, for the polyethylene sample of entry 6 (see Table 3 in the main article text), the resonances at δ 19.93, 24.67, 27.82, 33.58 and 34.80 ppm (peaks 4, 9, 13, 23 and 27 in Fig. S4) correspond to methyl branches (N_M); δ 26.67 and 39.63 (peaks 10 and 33) to ethyl branches (N_E); δ 36.90 (peak 28) to a propyl branch (N_P); δ 23.27 and 34.02 (peaks 8 and 25) to butyl branches (N_B), δ 32.67 (peak 21) to an amyl branch (N_A); and δ 29.58, 31.70 and 32.17 (peaks 15, 19 and 20) to longer branches. The relative integration of these resonances allows the determination of the branching distribution. For this sample, it was possible to determine that, in 1000 carbon atoms, *ca.* 26 are methyl branches, 3 are ethyl, 6 are propyl, 11 are butyl, 4 are amyl, and 17 are longer branches. Therefore, it is possible to observe that the majority of the branches present in the polymer are methyl groups, following the order:

$$\text{methyl} > \text{long} > \text{butyl} > \text{propyl} > \text{amyl} \approx \text{ethyl}$$

For the polyethylene sample of entry 6, the branching number (N) is 67, as determined from ^1H NMR spectroscopy,⁵ whereas for entries 1 and 5 the branching degrees are 18 and 30, respectively (Table 3 of the article). In the case of entry 1, only *ca.* 13 methyl (δ 19.93 ppm) and 5 butyl (δ 34.1 ppm) branches are present in the polymer, while in entry 5 there are 18 methyl (δ 19.94 ppm) branches, 3 butyl (δ 34.03 ppm), 5 amyl (δ 32.72 ppm), and 4 longer (δ 32.17 ppm) branches.

² (a) G. B. Galland, R. F. Souza, R. S. Mauler, F. F. Nunes, *Macromolecules*, 1999, **32**, 1620; (b) L. C. Simon, J. B. P. Soares, R. F. Souza, *AIChE J.*, 2000, **46**, 1324.

³ D. E. Axelson, G. C. Levy and L. Mandelkern, *Macromolecules*, 1979, **12**, 41

⁴ F. A. Bovey, F. C. Schilling, F. L. McCrackin and H. L. Wagner, *Macromolecules*, 1976, **9**, 77.

⁵ A. C. Gottfried and M. Brookhart, *Macromolecules*, 2003, **36**, 3085.

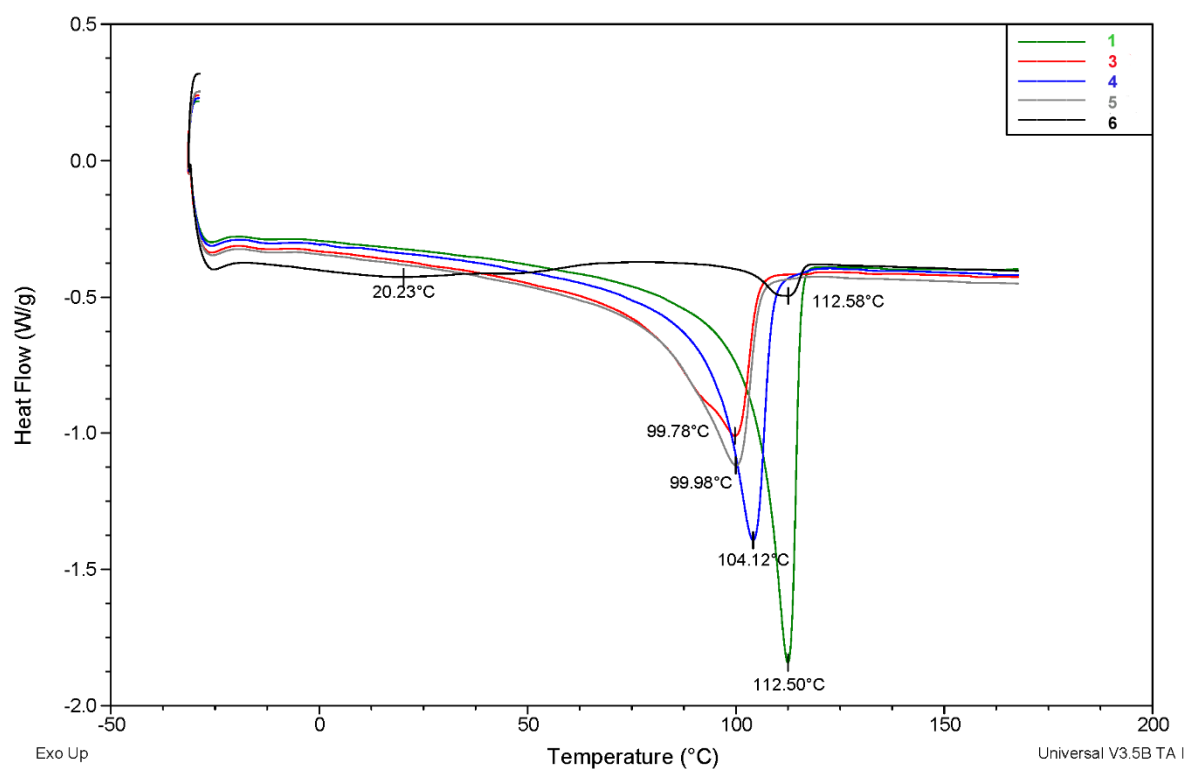


Fig. S6 DSC thermograms of the polyethylenes prepared using systems **3**/DEAC (Table 3 of the main article text, entries 1 and 3-5) and **5**/DEAC (entry 6, Table 3, main article text), showing the melting point for each sample.

Table S1. Selected bond distances (Å), angles (°) and other relevant structural parameters for [Ni(η^5 -C₅H₅)(Mes-DAD)][AlEtCl₃] (**3**).

	molecule 1	molecule 2
<i>Bond distances (Å)</i>		
Ni1-C1	2.096(13)	
Ni1-C2	2.101(14)	
Ni1-C3	2.129(15)	
Ni1-C4	2.028(16)	
Ni1-C5	2.105(14)	
Ni1-N1	1.874(11)	
Ni1-N2	1.848(11)	
C1-C2	1.44(2)	
C2-C3	1.47(2)	
C3-C4	1.40(2)	
C4-C5	1.42(2)	
C5-C1	1.38(2)	
Ni2-C31		2.124(16)
Ni2-C32		2.042(16)
Ni2-C33		2.143(17)
Ni2-C34		2.065(14)
Ni2-C35		2.071(14)
Ni2-N3		1.849(10)
Ni2-N4		1.858(11)
C31-C32		1.42(3)
C32-C33		1.37(3)
C33-C34		1.37(2)
C34-C35		1.39(2)
C35-C31		1.41(2)
Ni-Cp _{centroid}	1.707(8)	1.721(9)
Al1-Cl1	2.124(7)	
Al1-Cl2	2.141(8)	
Al1-Cl3	2.166(6)	
Al1-C28	1.92(2)	
Al1-Cl4		2.165(6)
Al1-Cl5		2.153(6)
Al1-Cl6		2.167(7)
Al1-C58		1.946(15)
Distance A ^a	0.07(2) (C4)	0.05(3) (C32)
<i>Bond Angles (°)</i>		
N1-Ni1-N2	83.9(5)	
N3-Ni2-N4		82.8(5)
N1-Ni1-Cp _c	139.6(6)	
N2-Ni1-Cp _c	136.4(6)	
N3-Ni2-Cp _c		139.6(7)
N4-Ni2-Cp _c		137.6(7)
Dihedral χ^b	92.1(6)	91.4(7)

^a Shortest distance between a carbon atom of the Cp ring (in brackets) and the plane(Ni1-N1-N2). ^b Dihedral χ = angle between the plane (N1-Ni1-N2) and the average plane of the Cp ring.

Table S2. Top view of complex **3** (molecules A and B) and a schematic representation of the corresponding delocalised Cp rings. The N-Ni-N planes are indicated by dashed lines (distances in Å).

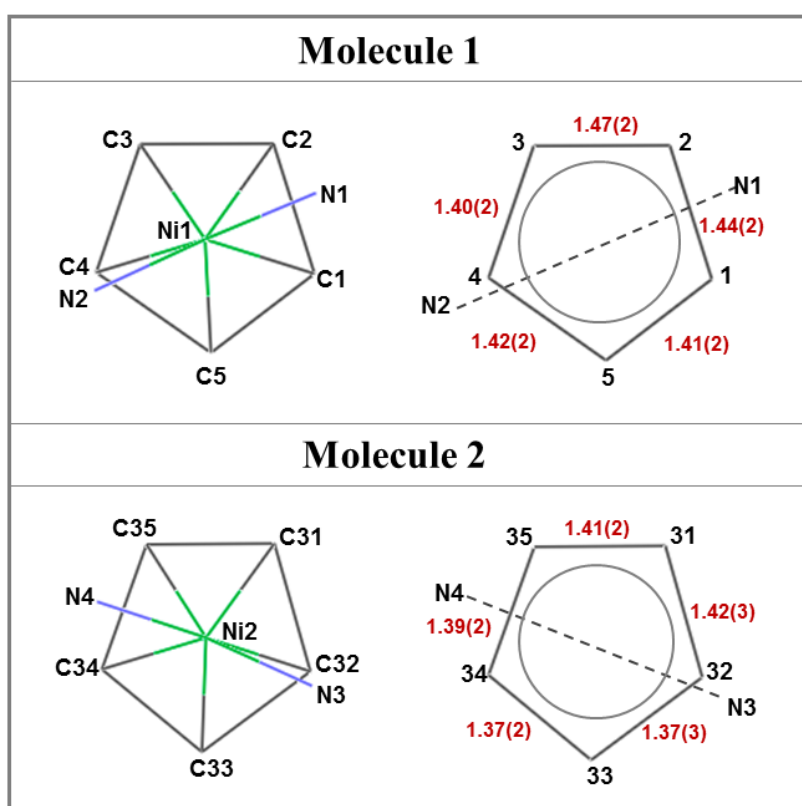


Table S3. Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (°) for complex **5**.

<i>Bond distances (Å)</i>				<i>Angles (°)</i>	
Ni1-Cl1	2.4363(18)	Ni1-N1	2.088(5)	N1-Ni1-N2	81.3(2)
Ni1-Cl2	2.4220(18)	Ni1-N2	2.087(5)	N3-Ni2-N4	80.9(2)
Ni1-Cl3	2.4520(17)	Ni2-N3	2.100(5)	N5-Ni3-N6	80.8(2)
Ni1-Cl4	2.4211(18)	Ni2-N4	2.099(5)	Cl2-Ni1-Cl4	160.02(6)
Ni2-Cl1	2.4772(18)	Ni3-N5	2.085(5)	Cl1-Ni2-Cl3	86.18(6)
Ni2-Cl2	2.3916(18)	Ni3-N6	2.093(5)	Cl2-Ni2-Cl5	160.18(7)
Ni2-Cl3	2.4389(17)	Al1-Cl6	2.337(6)	Cl1-Ni3-Cl3	86.83(7)
Ni2-Cl5	2.4035(18)	Al1-Cl7	2.141(4)	Cl4-Ni3-Cl5	160.97(6)
Ni3-Cl1	2.4380(17)	Al1-Cl8	2.274(5)	Cl1-Ni3-Cl3	86.79(6)
Ni3-Cl3	2.4489(18)	Al1-Cl9	2.216(8)		
Ni3-Cl4	2.4115(18)	Al1-Cl9a	2.088(10)		
Ni3-Cl5	2.4207(18)				

Table S4. Selected bond distances (Å) angles (°) for complex **6**.

<i>Bond distances (Å)</i>			<i>Angles (°)</i>		
	molecule A	molecule B		molecule A	molecule B
Ni1-Cl1	2.284(3)	2.286(3)	N1-Ni1-N2	79.5(3)	78.7(3)
Ni1-N1	2.059(7)	2.083(7)	N3-Ni1-N4	79.8(3)	78.1(3)
Ni1-N2	2.141(7)	2.092(7)	N1-Ni1-N3	98.6(3)	100.4(3)
Ni1-N3	2.137(7)	2.128(7)	N2-Ni1-N4	99.9(3)	100.3(3)
Ni1-N4	2.080(7)	2.093(7)	Cl1-Ni1-N1	103.89(19)	101.6(2)
Al1-Cl2	2.138(4)	2.115(4)	Cl1-Ni1-N2	93.8(2)	92.5(2)
Al1-Cl3	2.108(4)	2.108(5)	Cl1-Ni1-N3	91.42(19)	94.0(2)
Al1-Cl4	2.134(4)	2.125(4)	Cl1-Ni1-N4	100.00(19)	100.1(2)
Al1-Cl5	2.097(4)	2.150(5)	Cl2-Al1-Cl3	111.23(17)	111.9(2)
			Cl3-Al1-Cl4	108.27(18)	109.2(2)
			Cl4-Al1-Cl5	112.04(18)	108.35(19)
			Cl5-Al1-Cl2	109.98(18)	107.7(2)
τ parameter ⁶	0.311	0.252			

⁶ K.-N. Yeh and R. H. Barker, *Inorg. Chem.* 1967, **6**, 830.

Table S5. Crystallographic data and details about refinement for the structures of **3**, **5** and **6**.

	3	5	6
Formula	C _{34.25} H _{41.50} AlCl _{4.75} N ₂ Ni	C ₉₀ H ₈₄ AlCl ₉ N ₆ Ni ₃	C ₁₂₃ H ₁₁₈ Al ₂ Cl ₁₆ N ₈ Ni ₂
<i>M</i>	735.25	1771.79	2446.83
λ (Å)	0.67710	0.71073	0.71073
<i>T</i> (K)	150(2)	150(2)	150(2)
crystal system	Monoclinic	Triclinic	Monoclinic
space group	<i>P</i> 2 ₁	<i>P</i> -1	<i>P</i> 2 ₁
<i>a</i> (Å)	12.6520(1)	14.507(3)	16.975(8)
<i>b</i> (Å)	23.8430(1)	16.966(3)	15.547(6)
<i>c</i> (Å)	12.7390(2)	19.647(4)	24.680(12)
α (°)	90	112.115(9)	90
β (°)	100.8580(10)	101.465(10)	101.91(3)
γ (°)	90	100.432(11)	90
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	3774.07(7)	4212.4(14)	6373(5)
<i>Z</i>	4	2	2
ρ_{calc} (g.cm ⁻³)	1.294	1.397	1.275
μ (mm ⁻¹)	0.758	1.009	0.693
Crystal dimensions	0.10×0.10×0.20	0.12×0.09×0.01	0.10×0.20×0.26
Crystal colour	Brown	black	black
Crystal description	Block	plate	plate
θ_{max} (°)	20.892	25.20	26.05
total data	22526	68728	51553
unique data	9232	8407	11426
<i>R</i> _{int}	0.0495	0.1159	0.1089
<i>R</i> [<i>I</i> >2σ(<i>I</i>)]	0.0635	0.0621	0.0775
<i>R</i> _w	0.1655	0.1550	0.1814
Goodness of fit	1.033	0.978	0.920
ρ_{min}	-0.422	-1.382	-0.698
ρ_{max}	1.093	1.108	0.504