

Electronic Supplementary Information for

Single source precursor driven phase selective synthesis of Au-CuGaS₂ heteronanostructures: an observation of plasmon enhanced photocurrent efficiency

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Table S1 Crystallographic data for [Ga(acda)₃] (**1**) and [Ga(acda)₃Cu(PPh₃)₂]NO₃ (**2**).

	[Ga(acda) ₃](1)	[Ga(acda) ₃ Cu(PPh ₃) ₂]NO ₃ (2)
Empirical formula	C ₁₈ H ₂₄ GaN ₃ S ₆	C ₅₄ H ₅₄ CuGaN ₄ O ₃ P ₂ S ₆
Formula weight	544.48	1194.57
<i>T</i> , K	150(2)	296(2)
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Triclinic
Space group	<i>P2(1)/c</i>	<i>P-1</i>
<i>a</i> / Å	12.6050(17)	13.2940(11)
<i>b</i> / Å	10.5038(15)	14.7257(12)
<i>c</i> / Å	17.814(2)	15.9249(13)
<i>α</i> / deg	90.00	64.196(2)
<i>β</i> / deg	98.654(3)	80.020(2)
<i>γ</i> / deg	90.00	78.737(3)
<i>V</i> / Å ³	2331.7(6)	2738.8(4)
<i>Z</i>	4	2
<i>μ</i> , mm ⁻¹	1.728	1.214
<i>λ</i> , Å	0.71073	0.71073
<i>F</i> (000)	1120	1232
Crystal size, mm ³	0.13 × 0.06 × 0.04	0.20 × 0.18 × 0.16
<i>D</i> _{calc} / g cm ⁻³	1.551	1.449
No. of data/ restraints /params	10411/ 0 / 253	32361/ 0 / 664
No. of reflns [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)]	4474	10019
GOF on <i>F</i> ²	1.092	1.008
Final <i>R</i> indices [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)]	R1 ^{<i>a</i>} = 0.0779, wR2 ^{<i>b</i>} = 0.1318	R1 ^{<i>a</i>} = 0.0429, wR2 ^{<i>b</i>} = 0.0876
<i>R</i> indices (all data)	R1 ^{<i>a</i>} = 0.1189, wR2 ^{<i>b</i>} = 0.1454	R1 ^{<i>a</i>} = 0.0695, wR2 ^{<i>b</i>} = 0.1002

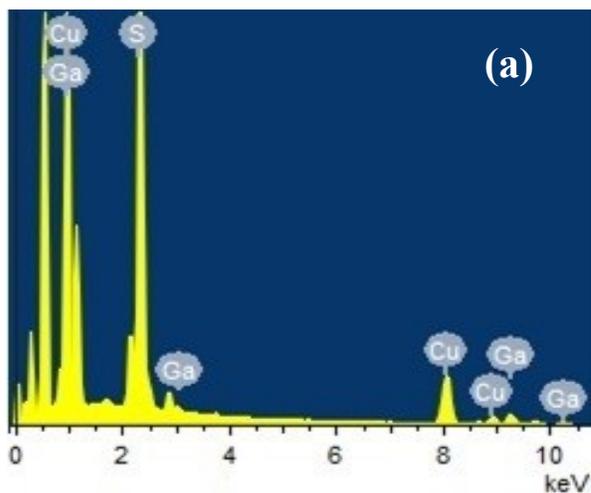
$$R1(F) = \sum ||F_o| - |F_c|| / \sum |F_o|. \quad ^b \text{wR2}(F^2) = [\sum w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2 / \sum w(F_o^2)^2]^{1/2}.$$

Table S2 Selected interatomic distances (Å) for the complex [Ga(acda)₃] (**1**) and [Ga(acda)₃Cu(PPh₃)₂]NO₃ (**2**).

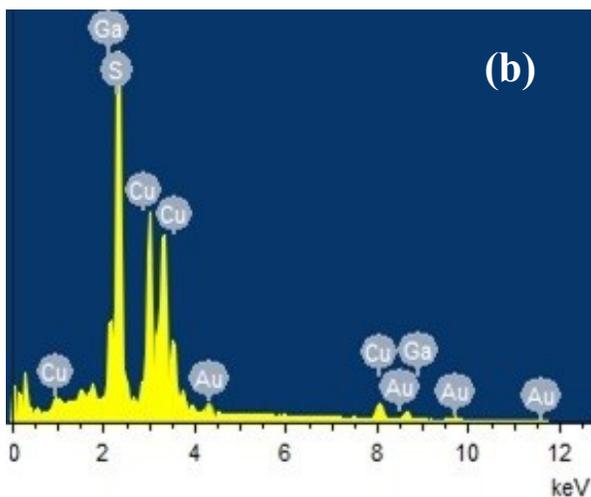
[Ga(acda) ₃] (1)		[Ga(acda) ₃ Cu(PPh ₃) ₂]NO ₃ (2)	
Ga–S(1)	2.264(2)	Cu–P(1)	2.316(1)
Ga–S(2)	2.669(2)	Cu–P(2)	2.299(1)
Ga–S(3)	2.482(1)	Cu–S(3)	2.353(1)
Ga–S(4)	2.302(1)	Cu–S(5)	2.571(1)
Ga–S(5)	2.266(2)	Ga–S(1)	2.381(1)
		Ga–S(2)	2.372(1)
		Ga–S(4)	2.277(1)
		Ga–S(5)	2.343(1)
		Ga–S(6)	2.589(1)

Table S3 Selected bond angles (deg) for the complex [Ga(acda)₃] (**1**) and [Ga(acda)₃Cu(PPh₃)₂]NO₃ (**2**).

[Ga(acda) ₃]		[Ga(acda) ₃ Cu(PPh ₃) ₂]NO ₃	
S(1)–Ga–S(2)	71.89(6)	P(1)–Cu–P(2)	123.36(4)
S(1)–Ga–S(3)	101.74(6)	P(1)–Cu–S(3)	102.55(4)
S(1)–Ga–S(4)	121.34(7)	P(1)–Cu–S(5)	103.73(4)
S(1)–Ga–S(5)	127.71(4)	P(2)–Cu–S(3)	112.97(4)
S(2)–Ga–S(3)	154.59(6)	P(2)–Cu–S(5)	113.11(4)
S(2)–Ga–S(4)	87.58(6)	S(3)–Cu–S(5)	97.57(4)
S(2)–Ga–S(5)	96.98(6)	S(1)–Ga–S(2)	74.97(4)
S(3)–Ga–S(4)	74.66(6)	S(1)–Ga–S(4)	113.08(4)
S(3)–Ga–S(5)	105.74(6)	S(1)–Ga–S(5)	100.67(4)
S(4)–Ga–S(5)	108.53(7)	S(1)–Ga–S(6)	151.05(4)
		S(2)–Ga–S(4)	106.75(4)
		S(2)–Ga–S(5)	135.16(4)
		S(2)–Ga–S(6)	90.09(4)
		S(4)–Ga–S(5)	115.44(4)
		S(4)–Ga–S(6)	94.80(4)
		S(5)–Ga–S(6)	72.46(4)



Element	Weight%	Atomic%
S	31.61	49.00
Cu	33.44	26.17
Ga	34.95	24.83
Totals	100.00	



Element	Weight%	Atomic%
S	26.05	46.80
Cu	26.10	23.69
Ga	29.22	24.17
Au	18.63	5.34
Totals	100.00	

Fig S1 EDX spectra of (a) CuGaS_2 , (b) Au-Wz CuGaS_2 (left panel) and corresponding atomic percentage in tabular form (right panel).

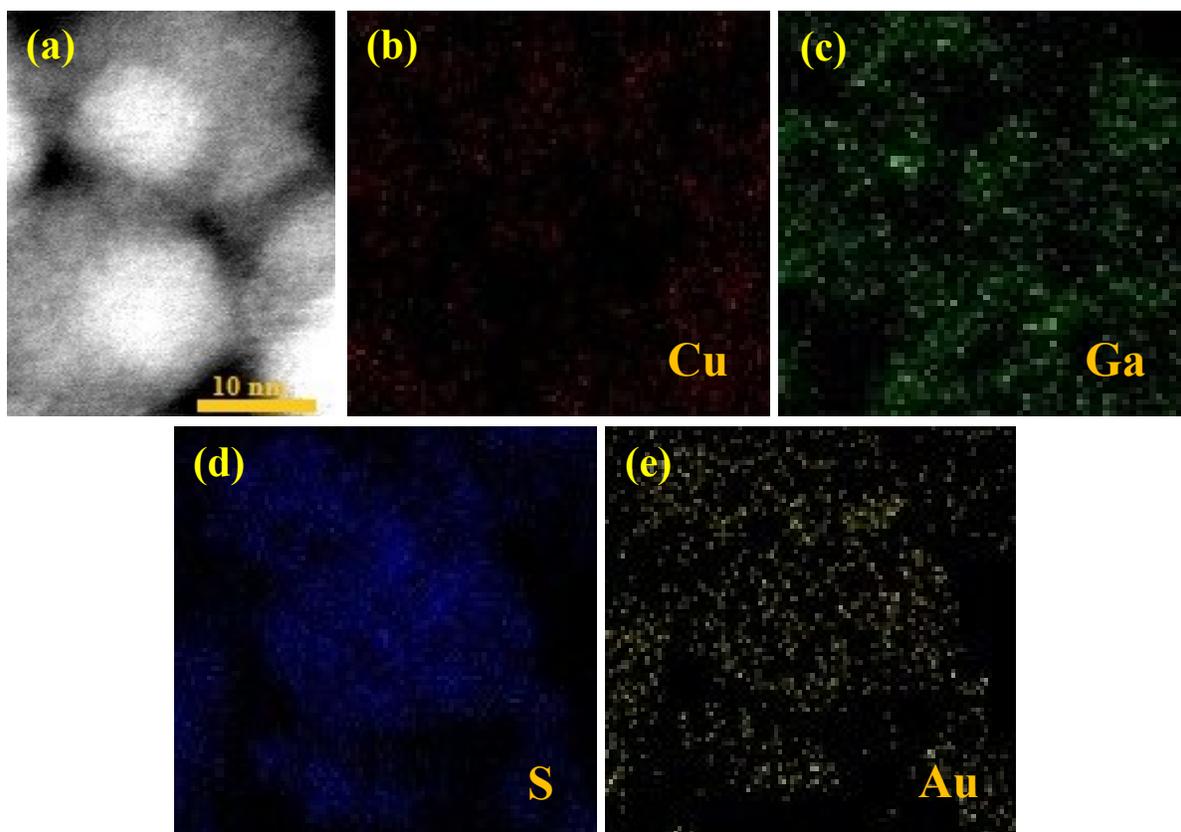


Fig S2. (a) Dark-field STEM image of Au-Wz CuGaS₂. Elemental mapping of (b) Cu, (c) Ga, (d) S and (e) Au in a single heterostructure of Au-Wz CuGaS₂.

Preparation of colloidal solution of metallic Au nanoparticle for spectroscopic measurement:

Au nanoparticle was prepared by following a modified method from the prior literature.^{1,2} In a 25 mL two-necked round bottom flask gold (III) chloride (0.085 g, 0.25 mmol) was dissolved in 3 mL OAm. The mixture was then stirred and then heated to 80 °C for 10 min under argon flow during which the orange colored solution became colorless. Then the temperature was raised to 260 °C and kept at this condition for 1 h during which the color of the solution became dark purple. After cooling to room temperature, the product was centrifuged and dispersed in toluene. The UV-vis absorption spectrum was recorded with the toluene dispersion of the nanoparticle.

[1. B. K. Patra, A. Shit, A. K. Guria, S. Sarkar, G. Prusty, N. Pradhan, *Chem Mater.*, 2015, **27**, 650.

2. B. K. Patra, S. Khilari, D. Pradhan, N. Pradhan, *Chem. Mater.*, 2016, **28**, 4358.]

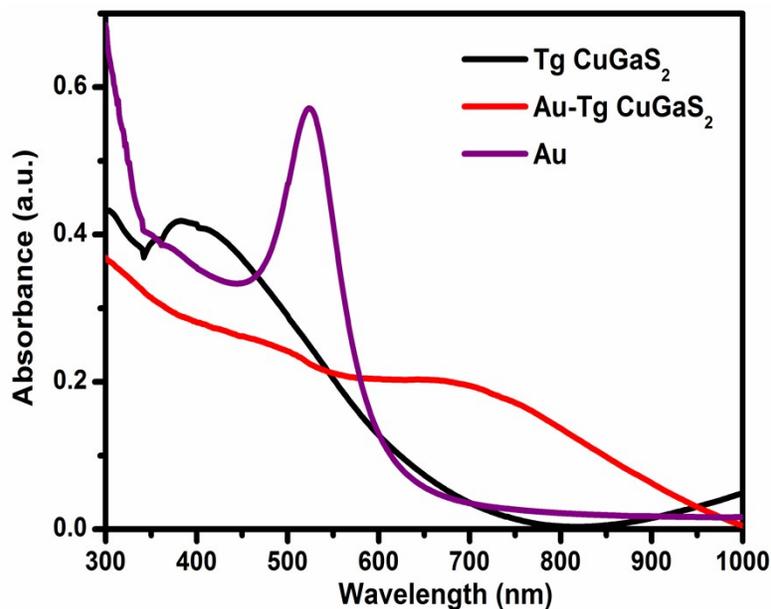


Fig S3. Absorption spectra of Au, Tg CuGaS₂ and Au-Tg CuGaS₂.

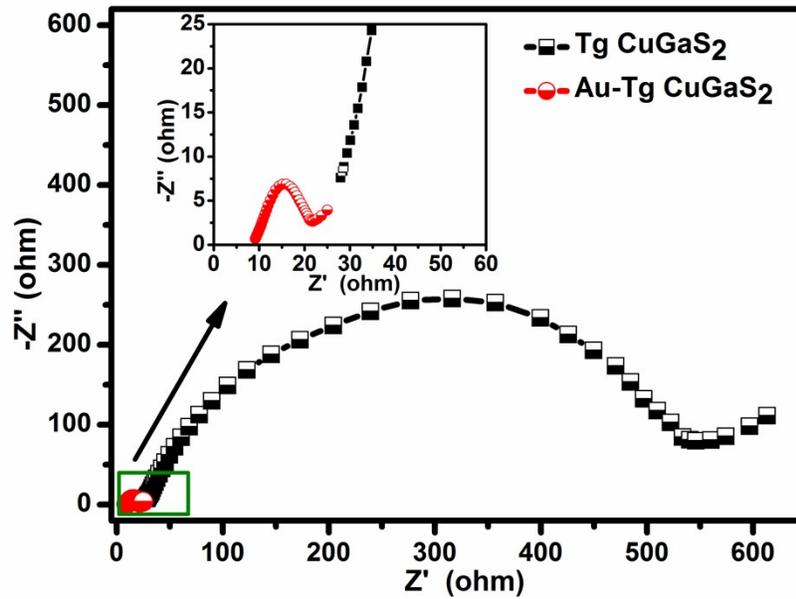


Fig S4. Nyquist plot of Tg CuGaS₂ and Au-Tg CuGaS₂ under illumination.

Table S4 Variation of impedance parameters of CuGaS₂ and Au- CuGaS₂ in Wz and Tg phases obtained from the equivalent circuit fitting

<i>Sample</i>	<i>R_s (ohm)</i>	<i>R_{Ct} (ohm)</i>	<i>CPE (μF)</i>
Wz-CuGaS ₂	29.2	313.7	0.7
Au-Wz-CuGaS ₂	9.8	10.8	16.5
Tg-CuGaS ₂	31.9	523.7	0.6
Au-Tg-CuGaS ₂	9.9	18.4	15.3

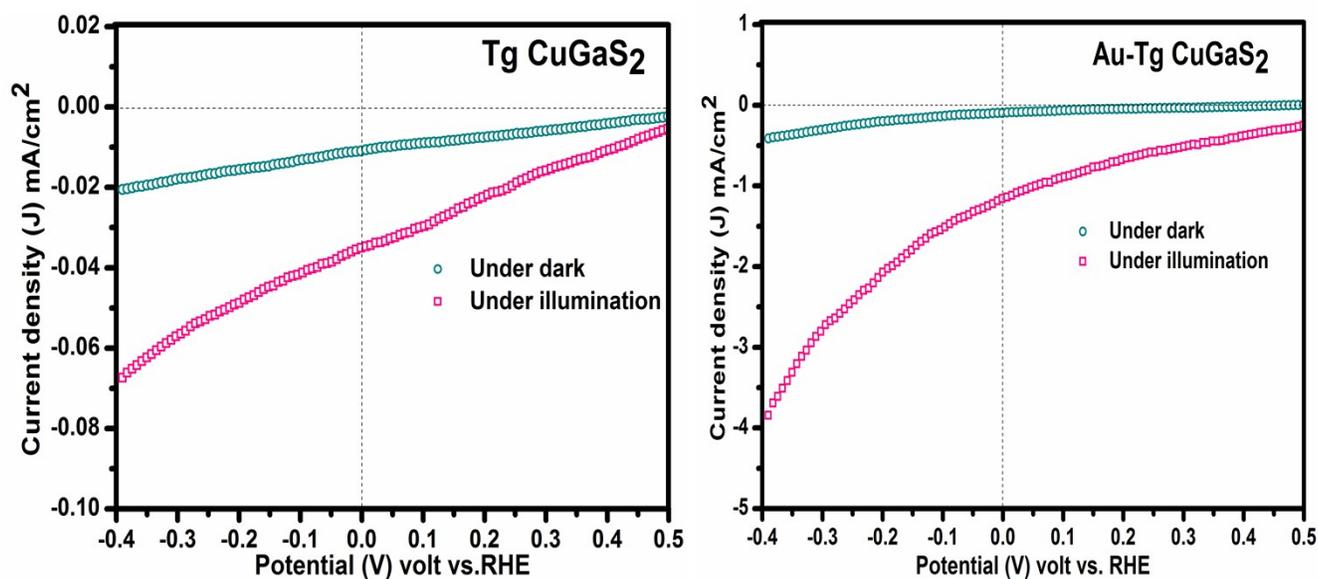


Fig S5. Current density versus voltage plots for (a) Tg CuGaS₂ and (b) Au-Tg CuGaS₂ and under dark and under illuminations.

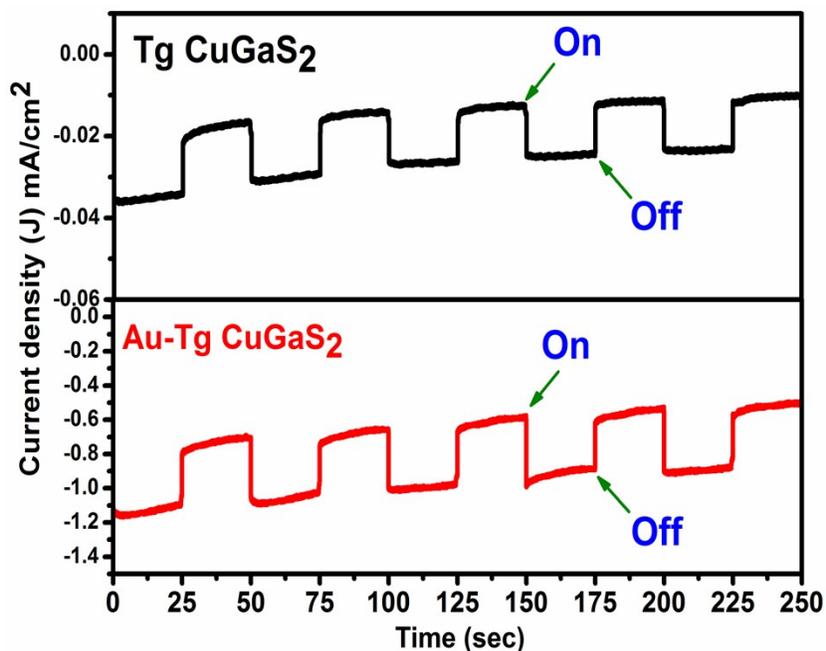


Fig S6. Current density versus time plots during successive on and off cycles of light for Tg CuGaS₂ and Au-Tg CuGaS₂ at 0 V vs RHE.

Table S5 Summary of photocurrent data of pure and heterostructured CuGaS₂

<i>Sample</i>	<i>Current density under illumination at 0 V vs RHE (mA/cm²)</i>	<i>I_{light}/I_{dark}</i>
Wz CuGaS₂	-0.043	4.8
Au-Wz CuGaS₂	-1.57	13.2
Tg CuGaS₂	-0.035	3.5
Au-Tg CuGaS₂	-1.16	12.2