Electronic Supporting Information

A Straightforward Synthesis of Man₉, the relevant epitope of the High-Mannose Oligosaccharide


[a] Glycosystems Laboratory, Instituto de Investigaciones Químicas (IIQ), CSIC – Universidad de Sevilla, Av. Américo Vespucio 49, 41092 Seville, Spain, E-mail: josejuan.reina@usc.es, javier.rojo@iiq.csic.es
[b] Departamento de Química, Instituto de Ciencias Exactas e Biológicas, Universidade Federal de Ouro Preto, Rua Costa Sena, 171, Centro, 35400-000 Ouro Preto, Minas Gerais, Brazil.
[c] Centro Singular de Investigación en Química Biolóxica e Materiais Moleculares (CIQUS), Universidad de Santiago de Compostela, Campus Vida, Rúa de Jenaro de la Fuente, s/n, 15782 Santiago de Compostela, La Coruña, Spain.

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General. Reagents and solvents were purchased as reagent grade and used without further purification. p-Tolyl 4,6-O-benzylidene-1-thio-α-D-mannopyranoside (21),¹ p-tolyl 4,6-O-
benzylidene-3-O-p-methoxybenzyl-1-thio-α-D-mannopyranoside (22),\(^2\) compound 6,\(^3\) compound 7\(^4\) and compounds 10-11\(^5\) were prepared according to the literature. Silica gel 60n (230-400 mesh, 0.015-0.04 mm) for column chromatography was purchased from Merck and Sephadex G25 from GE Healthcare (Barcelona, Spain) for gel filtration. Thin Layer Chromatography (TLC) was performed on aluminum sheets coated with silica gel 60 F\(_{254}\) purchased from Merck and visualized by UV light. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AC 400 with solvent peaks as reference. \(^1\)H and \(^13\)C NMR spectra were obtained from solutions in CDCl\(_3\) and D\(_2\)O at 298K. Coupling constants (\(J\)) are reported in Hz. Splitting patterns are described by using the following abbreviations: s, singlet; br s, broad singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; dd, doublet of doublet; ddd, doublet of doublet of doublet; td, triplet of doublet; dt, doublet of triplet; m, multiplet. \(^1\)H-NMR spectra are reported in this order: chemical shift; multiplicity; coupling constant(s); number(s) of proton. All the assignments were confirmed by one- and two-dimensional NMR experiments (COSY and HSQC). Coupled HSQC NMR experiments were used to verify the stereochemistries of newly created linkage which were unambiguously confirmed by the magnitude of the \(J_{C,H}\) coupling constant.\(^6\) ESI-mass spectra were recorded with an Esquire 6000 ESI-Ion Trap from Bruker Daltonics using CH\(_2\)Cl\(_2\)/MeOH or MeOH/H\(_2\)O as solvent system.

Synthesis and characterization.

SYNTHESIS OF KEY INTERMEDIATE 5.

**Stepwise synthesis.**

To a solution of compound 22 (3.7 g, 7.49 mmol) in dry DMF (60 mL) cooled to 0 °C, NaH (450 mg, 11.23 mmol) was added in different portions (30 min). The reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min at 0 °C, and then propargyl bromide (1.25 mL, 11.23 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h and quenched with methanol. The solvent was removed and the resulting crude was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and washed with NaHCO₃ sat. aq. soln. The organic layer was dried with anh. MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/n-hexane 1:8), to give compound 3 (3.59 g, 6.75 mmol, 90%) as a colourless oil. [α]D°²⁰ : +145 (c 1.00, CHCl₃);

**1H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 7.54 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 7.44-7.30 (m, 8H, H-Ar, H-tolyl), 7.14 (d, J = 8.1, 2H, H-tolyl), 6.90 (d, J = 8.7, 2H, H-Ar), 5.64 (s, 1H, H-acetal), 5.56 (d, J₁,₂ = 1.3, 1H, H-1), 4.76 (AB system, 2H, CH₂,PMB), 4.42 (AB system, 2H, C₆H₄CCH), 4.32 (td, J₅,₄ = 9.7, J₅,₆ = 4.7, 1H, H-5), 4.27-4.18 (m, 3H, H-2, H-4, H₆a), 5.00 (dd, J₃,₄ = 9.8, J₃,₂ = 3.2, 1H, H-3), 4.88 (t, J₆b,₆b = J₆b,₅ = 10.2, 1H, H-6b), 3.82 (s, 3H, CH₃,PMB), 2.46 (t, J₇CCH₂ = 2.4, 1H, CCH), 2.35 (s,
3H, CH₃(tolyl); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 159.4 (C_ipso-Ar), 138.1 (C_ipso-Ar), 137.7 (C_ipso-Ar), 132.4 (C-Ar), 130.3 (C_ipso-Ar), 130.0 (C-Ar), 129.9 (C_ipso-Ar), 129.5 (C-Ar), 129.0 (C-Ar), 128.3 (C-Ar), 126.2 (C-Ar), 113.9 (C-Ar), 101.6 (C_acetal), 87.8 (C-1), 79.6 (C(CH)), 79.2 (C-4), 77.7 (C-2), 75.8 (C(CH)), 75.3 (C-3), 73.0 (CH₂(PMB)), 68.6 (C-6), 65.4 (C-5), 58.9 (CH₂(CCH)), 55.4 (CH₃(PMB)), 21.2 (CH₃(tolyl)); ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C₃₁H₃₂O₆S: 532.2; found: 555.4 [M+Na]⁺; ESI-HRMS m/z calcd. for C₃₁H₃₂O₆SNa [M+Na]⁺: 555.1812; found: 555.1803.

2-Bromoethyl 4,6-O-benzylidene-2-O-(prop-2-ynyl)-3-O-p-methoxybenzyl-β-D-mannopyranoside (4).

To a solution of donor 3 (1 g, 1.88 mmol), BSP (487 mg, 2.26 mmol), TTBP (722 mg, 2.82 mmol), and 4 Å molecular sieves in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL), at -60 ºC, Tf₂O (411 μL, 2.44 mmol) was added. After 30 min of stirring at -60 ºC, 2-bromoethanol (421 μL, 5.64 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for further 2 h at -60 ºC, and allowed to reach room temperature. Then, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with CH₂Cl₂ and NaHCO₃ sat. aq. soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over anh. MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane 1:5 → 1:4) to give the compound 4 (780 mg, 1.47 mmol, 78%) as a white amorphous solid. [α]D²⁰: -56 (c 0.80, CHCl₃); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.49 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 7.42-7.29 (m, 5H, H-Ar), 6.85 (d, J = 8.6, 2H, H-Ar), 5.59 (s, 1H, H_acetal), 4.75 (AB system, 2H, CH₂(PMB)), 4.58 (AB system, 2H, CH₂(CCH)), 4.56 (d, J₁,₂ = 0.8, 1H, H-1), 4.30 (dd, 1H, J₆a,₆b = 10.4, J₆a,₅ = 4.9, H-6a), 4.21 (dd, 1H, J₁ₐ,₁₉ = 11.0, J₁ₐ,₂ = 5.5, H-1'ₐ), 4.17 (m, 1H, H-H), 4.10 (t, J₄,₃ = J₄,₅ = 9.6, 1H, H-4), 3.90 (t, J₆b,₆a = J₆b,₅ = 10.3, 1H, H-6b), 4.84-3.76 (m, 4H, H-1'ₐ, CH₃(PMB)), 3.61 (dd, 1H, J₃₄ = 10.0, J₃,₂ = 3.2, H-3), 3.50 (m, 2H, H-2'), 3.32 (td, J₅,₄ = 9.9, J₅,₆ = 4.7, 1H, H-5), 2.48 (t, J_CCH,H = 2.4, 1H, C(CH)); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 159.0 (C_ipso-Ar), 137.4 (C_ipso-Ar), 130.0 (C_ipso-Ar), 129.1 (C-Ar), 128.7 (C-Ar), 128.0 (C-Ar), 125.9 (C-Ar), 113.6 (C-Ar), 101.7 (C-1), 101.2 (C_acetal), 80.0 (C(CH)), 78.0 (C-4), 76.5 (C-3), 75.0 (C(CH)), 74.9 (C-2), 71.9 (CH₂(PMB)), 69.5 (C-1'), 68.2 (C-6), 67.3 (C-5), 60.0 (CH₂(CCH)), 55.1 (CH₃(PMB)), 30.2 (C-2'); ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C₂₆H₂₅BrO₇: 532.1; found: 555.3 [M+Na]⁺; ESI-HRMS m/z calcd. for C₂₆H₂₅BrO₇Na [M+Na]⁺: 555.0989; found: 555.0981.
2-Azidoethyl 4,6-0-benzylidene-2-O-(prop-2-ynyl)-3-O-p-methoxybenzyl-β-D-mannopyranoside (23).

To a solution of bromo derivative 4 (560 mg, 1.13 mmol) in DMF (10 mL), NaN₃ (368 mg, 5.65 mmol) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 h. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was diluted with CH₂Cl₂, and washed with water. The organic phase was dried over anh. MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum, to give compound 23 (560 mg, 1.13 mmol, quant.) as a colourless oil. [α]D²⁰: -75 (c 0.70, CHCl₃); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.49 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 7.42-7.29 (m, 5H, H-Ar), 6.85 (d, J = 8.6, 2H, H-Ar), 5.59 (s, 1H, Hacetal), 4.75 (AB system, 2H, CH₂PMB), 4.56 (AB system, 2H, CH₂CCH), 4.55 (m, 1H, H-1), 4.30 (dd, 1H, J₆a,₆b = 10.4, J₆a,₅ = 4.9, H-6a), 4.17 (d, 1H, J₂,₃ = 3.2, H-2), 4.15-4.05 (m, 2H, H-3, H-1‘a), 3.90 (t, J₆b,₆a = J₆b,₅ = 10.3, 1H, H-6b), 3.80 (s, 3H, CH₃PMB), 3.70-3.59 (m, 2H, H-2H, H-1‘b), 3.54 (m, 1H, H-2‘a), 3.38 (m, 2H, H-5, H-2‘b), 2.48 (t, JCH₂HH = 2.4, 1H, CCH); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 159.0 (Cipso-Ar), 137.3 (Cipso-Ar), 129.9 (Cipso-Ar), 129.0 (C-Ar), 128.6 (C-Ar), 127.9 (C-Ar), 125.8 (C-Ar), 113.4 (C-Ar), 101.5 (C-1), 101.0 (Cacetal), 79.8 (CCH), 77.9 (C-4), 76.5 (C-3), 75.0 (CCH), 74.8 (C-2), 71.7 (CH₂PMB), 68.5 (C-1‘), 68.1 (C-6), 67.2 (C-5), 59.9 (CH₂CCH), 54.9 (CH₃PMB), 50.4 (C-2‘); ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C₂₆H₂₉N₃O₇: 495.2; found: 518.4 [M+Na]⁺; ESI-HRMS m/z calcd. for C₂₆H₂₉N₃O₇Na [M+Na]⁺: 518.1898; found: 518.1889.

2-Azidoethyl 4,6-O-benzylidene-2-O-allenyl-3-O-p-methoxybenzyl-β-D-mannopyranoside (24).

To a stirred solution of azide derivative 23 (1.00 g, 2.02 mmol) in dry THF (15 mL), KO'Bu (254 mg, 2.22 mmol) was added and stirring was continued at room temperature for 45 min. The reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over anh. MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/n-hexane 1:4), to give compound 24 (910 mg, 1.84 mol, 91%) as a colourless oil. [α]D²⁰: -70 (c 0.70, CHCl₃); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.49 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 7.42-7.34 (m, 3H, H-Ar), 7.30 (d, J = 8.6, 2H, H-Ar), 6.94 (t, J = 6.0, 1H, CHallene), 6.85 (d, J = 8.6, 2H, H-Ar), 5.60 (s, 1H, Hacetal), 5.51 (AB system, 2H, CH₂allene), 4.69
(s, 2H, CH₂(PMB)), 4.58 (d, 1H, J₁,₂ = 1.0, H-1), 4.35-4.28 (m, 2H, H-2, H-6a), 4.12 (t, 1H, J₄,₃ = J₄,₅ = 9.6, H-4), 4.09 (m, 1H, H-1’a), 3.91 (t, J₆b,₆a = J₆a,₅ = 10.3, 1H, H-6b), 3.80 (s, 3H, CH₃(PMB)), 3.71-3.63 (m, 2H, H-3, H-1'b), 3.54 (dd, 1H, J₂a,₂b = 13.3, J₂a,₁b = 8.7, J₂a,₁’a = 3.5, H-2’a), 3.36 (dd, 1H, J₅a,₆b = 10.1, J₅a,₅a = 4.9, H-5), 3.30 (dd, 1H, J₂b,₂a = 13.3, J₂b,₁’a = 4.5, J₂b,₁b = 3.3, H-2'b); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 201.2 (C allene), 159.4 (C ipso-Ar), 137.5 (C ipso-Ar), 130.0 (C ipso-Ar), 129.4 (C-Ar), 129.0 (C-Ar), 128.3 (C-Ar), 126.1 (C-Ar), 124.0 (C allene), 113.9 (C-Ar), 101.6 (C acetal), 100.9 (C-1), 92.1 (C₂, allene), 78.3 (C-4), 76.3 (C-3), 75.5 (C-2), 72.1 (C₂(PMB)), 68.9 (C-1'), 68.5 (C-6), 67.6 (C-5), 55.3 (CH₃(PMB)), 50.7 (C-2'); ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C₂₆H₂₉N₃O₇: 495.2; found: 518.1 [M+Na]+; ESI-HRMS m/z calcd. for C₂₆H₂₉N₃O₇Na [M+Na]+: 518.1898; found: 518.1895.

2-Azidoethyl 2-O-benzoyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-3-O-p-methoxybenzyl-β-D-mannopyranoside (25).

A solution of allenyl ether 24 (800 mg, 1.62 mmol) in acetone/water (4:1, 25 mL) was treated with OsO₄ (41.5 mg, 0.16 mmol) and N-methyl morpholine N-oxide (390 mg, 3.23 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 45 min at room temperature. After completion of the reaction, acetone was removed under vacuum and the residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ and washed with NaHSO₃ sat. aq. soln. The organic phase was separated, dried over anh. MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. To the resulting mixture containing 4,6-O-benzylidene-3-O-p-methoxybenzyl derivative in CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) was subsequently added, Bz₂O (769 mg, 3.23 mmol), Et₃N (450 μL, 3.23 mmol) and a catalytic amount of DMAP and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The reaction mixture was washed with HCl 1 M, NaHCO₃ sat. aq. soln. and brine. The organic phase was dried over anh. MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/n-hexane 1:4), to give compound 25 (870 mg, 1.55 mmol, 96%) as a colourless oil. [α]D²⁰: -114 (c 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.13 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 7.62-7.34 (m, 8H, H-Ar), 7.28 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 6.82 (d, J = 8.7, 2H, H-Ar), 5.89 (dd, 1H, J₂,₃ = 3.4, J₂,₁ = 1.1, H-2), 5.66 (s, 1H, H acetal), 4.74 (d, 1H, J₁,₂ = 1.3, H-1), 4.66 (AB system, 2H, CH₂(PMB)), 4.39 (dd, 1H, J₆a,₆b = 10.5, J₆a,₅a = 4.9, H-6a), 4.12 (t, 1H, J₁,₃ = J₄,₅ = 9.6, H-4), 4.05-3.93 (m, 2H, H-6b, H-1’a), 3.82 (dd, 1H, J₅a,₆b = 10.1, J₅a,₅a = 4.9, H-5), 3.38 (dd, 1H, J₂b,₂a = 13.3, J₂b,₁’a = 3.9, H-2’a), 3.30 (dd, 1H, J₂b,₂a = 13.3, J₂b,₁’a = 3.9, J₂b,₁b = 3.9, H-2'b); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ: 165.7 (CO), 159.1 (C ipso-Ar), 137.3 (C ipso-Ar), 132.9 (C ipso-Ar), 129.8 (C-Ar), 129.6 (C-Ar), 129.2 (C-Ar), 128.8 (C-Ar), 129.3 (C-Ar), 128.2 (C-Ar), 128.1 (C-Ar), 126.0 (C-Ar), 113.6 (C-Ar), 101.4 (C acetal), 99.7 (C-1), 78.0 (C-4), 75.2 (C-3), 71.1 (CH₂(PMB)), 69.1 (C-2), 68.6 (C-1’), 68.4 (C-6),
67.2 (C-5), 55.0 (CH$_2$PMB), 50.4 (C-2'); ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C$_{30}$H$_{31}$N$_3$O$_8$: 561.6; found: 584.2 [M+Na]$^+$; ESI-HRMS m/z calcd. for C$_{30}$H$_{31}$N$_3$O$_8$Na [M+Na]$^+$: 584.2003; found: 584.1998.

2-Azidoethyl 2-O-benzoyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-β-D-mannopyranoside (5).

To a stirred solution of the β-mannoside derivative 25 (500 mg, 0.89 mmol) in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (45 mL) and water (1.8 mL) was added DDQ (619 mg, 2.67 mmol) at room temperature. After 2 h, NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. was added, and the mixture was extracted with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The extract was washed several times with NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and then dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane 1:2 → 1:1) to give the compound 5 (372 mg, 0.84 mmol, 95%) as a white solid. [α]$^D_{20}$: -13 (c 0.50, CHCl$_3$); $^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ: 8.12 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 7.58 (m, 1H, H-Ar), 7.53-7.43 (m, 4H, H-Ar), 7.42-7.35 (m, 3H, H-Ar), 5.76 (dd, 1H, $J_{2,3} = 3.5$, $J_{2,1} = 1.2$, H-2), 5.63 (s, 1H, H-acetal), 4.76 (d, 1H, $J_{1,2} = 1.2$, H-1), 4.40 (dd, 1H, $J_{6b,6b} = 10.5$, J$_{6a,5} = 5.0$, H-6a), 4.09 (dt, 1H, J$_{3,4} = 9.8$, J$_{3,2} = 3.7$, H-3), 4.04-3.92 (m, 3H, H-4, H-6b, H-1’a), 3.75 (ddd, 1H, $J_{1'b,1'a} = 10.8$, J$_{1'b,2'a} = 7.1$, J$_{1'b,2'b} = 3.9$, H-1’b), 3.49 (ddd, 1H, J$_{5,4} = 10.0$, J$_{5,6b} = 9.1$, J$_{5,6a} = 4.9$, H-5), 3.38 (ddd, 1H, J$_{2'a,2'b} = 13.2$, J$_{2'a,1'a} = 3.9$, H-2’a), 3.31 (ddd, 1H, J$_{2'b,2'a} = 13.3$, J$_{2'b,1'a} = 5.7$, J$_{2'b,1'b} = 3.9$, H-2’b), 2.98 (d, 1H, J$_{OH,3} = 3.9$, OH); $^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ: 166.1 (CO), 137.1 (C$_{ipso}$-Ar), 132.9 (C$_{ipso}$-Ar), 129.8 (C-Ar), 129.0 (C-Ar), 128.1 (C-Ar), 126.2 (C-Ar), 101.6 (C-acetal), 99.4 (C-1), 78.5 (C-4), 71.6 (C-2), 69.1 (C-3), 68.5 (C-1’), 68.2 (C-6), 66.7 (C-5), 50.3 (C-2’); ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C$_{22}$H$_{23}$N$_3$O$_8$: 441.2; found: 464.2 [M+Na]$^+$; ESI-HRMS m/z calcd. for C$_{22}$H$_{23}$N$_3$O$_8$Na [M+Na]$^+$: 464.1428; found: 464.1422.

Consecutive approach.
To a suspension of S-tolyl α-D-mannopyranose (2) (1 g, 3.50 mmol) in CH₂CN (10 mL), CSA (206 mg, 0.87 mmol) and benzaldehyde dimethyl acetal (0.58 mL, 2.84 mmol) were added at room temperature. The reaction mixture became solidified during addition of the reagent, which indicates the progress of the reaction. After 30 min the reaction mixture was quenched with Et₃N (0.3 mL) and dissolved in excess of EtOAc and water. The reaction mixture was extracted twice with EtOAc and the combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over anh. MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. After being dissolved in dry toluene (35 mL), dibutyltin oxide (0.96 g, 3.84 mmol) was added to the resulting mixture containing the 4,6-O-benzylidene derivative. The reaction mixture was kept under reflux at 110 °C for 4 h, cooled to room temperature and PMBCl (0.52 mL, 3.84 mmol) and TBAI (1.44 g, 3.84 mmol) were added to it under Ar atmosphere. The reaction mixture was kept under reflux at 110 °C for 1 h. After removal the solvent, the crude was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and washed with NaHCO₃ sat. aq. soln. The organic layer was dried with anh. MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (EtOAc/n-
hexane 1:8), to give compound 3 (1.40 g, 2.63 mol, 75%) as a colourless oil. To a solution of donor 3 (1 g, 1.88 mmol), BSP (487 mg, 2.26 mmol), TTBP (722 mg, 2.82 mmol), and 4 Å molecular sieves in dry CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (20 mL), at -60 ºC, Tf$_2$O (411 μL, 2.44 mmol) was added. After 30 min of stirring at -60 ºC, 2-bromoethanol (421 μL, 5.64 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for further 2 h at -60 ºC, and allowed to reach room temperature. Then, the reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with CH$_2$Cl$_2$ and NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. The organic layer was separated, dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane 1:5 → 1:4) to give the compound 4 (780 mg, 1.47 mmol, 78%) as a white amorphous solid. To a solution of bromo derivative 4 (330 mg, 0.62 mmol) in DMF (4 mL), NaN$_3$ (202 mg, 3.10 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 h. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was diluted with CH$_2$Cl$_2$, and washed with water. The organic phase was dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. To a stirred solution of azide derivative in dry THF (4 mL), KO'Bu (78 mg, 0.68 mmol) was added and stirring was continued at room temperature for 45 min. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The organic phase was separated, washed with water, dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum to give the allenyl ether. A solution of allenyl ether in acetone/water (4:1, 5 mL) was treated with OsO$_4$ (15.6 mg, 0.06 mmol) and N-methyl morpholine N-oxide (150 mg, 1.24 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 45 min at room temperature. After completion of the reaction, acetone was removed under vacuum and the residue was dissolved in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ and washed with NaHSO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. The organic phase was separated, dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. To the resulting mixture containing 4,6-O-benzylidene-3-O-p-methoxybenzyl derivative in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (10 mL) was subsequently added, Bz$_2$O (296 mg, 1.24 mmol), Et$_3$N (172 μL, 1.24 mmol) and a catalytic amount of DMAP and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The reaction mixture was washed with HCl 1M, NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and brine. The organic phase was dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. Finally, to a stirred solution of the β-mannoside derivative in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (10 mL) and water (0.4 mL) was added DDQ (430 mg, 1.86 mmol) at room temperature. After 2 h, NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. was added, and the mixture was extracted with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The extract was washed several times with NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and then dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane 1:2 → 1:1) to give the compound 5 (203 mg, 0.46 mmol, 74%) as a white solid.

**SYNTHESIS OF KEY INTERMEDIATE 6.**
To a solution of $S$-tolyl $\alpha$-D-mannopyranose (2) (1 g, 3.50 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (10 mL) was added TBDMSCl (1.63 g, 10.49 mmol) and imidazole (1.43 g, 20.97 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 h. The resulted mixture was diluted with CH$_2$Cl$_2$, quenched with NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and washed with H$_2$O, and the organic layer was dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated. To the resulting mixture containing 3,6-di-O-di-tert-butyldimethylsilyl derivative in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (15 mL), Bz$_2$O (3.33 g, 13.98 mmol), Et$_3$N (1.95 mL, 13.98 mmol) and a catalytic amount of DMAP were subsequently added and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The reaction mixture was washed with HCl 1M, NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and brine. The organic phase was dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. To the resulting mixture containing 2,4-di-O-benzoyl-3,6-di-O-di-tert-butyldimethylsilyl protected mannospyranoside and AcOH (0.5 mL) in THF (10 mL) was slowly added a cold solution of HF-pyridine complex (2 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight and the solvent was removed under vacuum. The reaction mixture was diluted with CH$_2$Cl$_2$ and washed successively with NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and water. The organic layer was dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane 1:2) to give the key intermediate 6 (1.21 g, 2.45 mmol, 70%) as a white solid. Spectroscopic and physical data matched those reported in the literature.

**SYNTHESIS OF DISACCHARIDE 8 AND TRISACCHARIDE 9.**
Consecutive approach.

\[ \text{S-Tolyl} \ (3,4,6\text{-tri-}O\text{-benzoyl-}\alpha\text{-d-mannopyranosyl})\text{-(}1\rightarrow2\text{)-3,4,6\text{-tri-}O\text{-benzoyl-}\alpha\text{-d-mannopyranoside} \ (8)} \text{ and } \text{S-Tolyl} \ (3,4,6\text{-tri-}O\text{-benzoyl-}\alpha\text{-d-mannopyranosyl})\text{-(}1\rightarrow2\text{)-(3,4,6\text{-tri-}O\text{-benzoyl-}\alpha\text{-d-mannopyranosyl})-(}1\rightarrow2\text{-3,4,6\text{-tri-}O\text{-benzoyl-}\alpha\text{-d-mannopyranoside}} \ (9). \]
To a solution of compound 7 (16 g, 26.75 mmol) in dry CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (160 mL) was added 4 Å molecular sieves and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. Then, reaction mixture was cooled at -40 °C and NIS (4.12 g, 17.39 mmol) and TfOH (482 μL, 5.35 mmol) were added and the reaction was stirred for 1 h. Then, the reaction was quenched with NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and filtered over a pad of celite. The organic layer was washed with Na$_2$S$_2$O$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane 1:3 → 2:5) to give the disaccharide 8 (6.3 g, 5.88 mmol, 44%) as a white amorphous solid and the trisaccharide 9 (3.3 g, 2.13 mmol, 24%) as a white amorphous solid.

**Compound 8.** $[a]_D^{20}$: +89 (c 1.00, CHCl$_3$); $^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 8.06-7.89 (m, 12H, H$_{\text{Bz}}$), 7.49 (m, 6H, H$_{\text{Bz}}$), 7.43-7.29 (m, 14H, H$_{\text{Bz}}$, H$_{\text{tolyl}}$), 6.95 (d, $J = 8.1$, 2H, H$_{\text{tolyl}}$), 6.03 (t, $J_{4,3} = J_{4,5} = 9.8$, 1H, H-4), 5.94 (t, $J_{4',3'} = J_{4',5'} = 9.8$, 1H, H-4'), 5.83 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 9.8$, $J_{3,2} = 3.1$, 1H, H-3), 5.81-5.76 (m, 2H, H-1, H-3'), 5.20 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.6$, 1H, H-1'), 4.98 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 9.8$, $J_{3,5} = 5.9$, $J_{5,6} = 3.1$, 1H, H-5), 4.70 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.1$, $J_{2,1} = 1.9$, 1H, H-2), 4.66-4.39 (m, 6H, H-2', H-5', H-6', H-6), 2.26 (s, 3H, CH$_3$tolyl);

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 166.3 (CO), 166.2 (CO), 165.6 (CO), 165.6 (CO), 165.4 (CO), 165.3 (CO), 138.2 (C-Ar), 133.5 (C-Ar), 133.4 (C-Ar), 133.3 (C-Ar), 133.2 (C-Ar), 133.0 (C-Ar), 132.9 (C-Ar), 132.5 (C-Ar), 130.1-129.7 (C-Ar), 129.5 (C-Ar), 129.2 (C-Ar), 128.9 (C-Ar), 128.8 (C-Ar), 128.7 (C-Ar), 128.7 (C-Ar), 128.6 (C-Ar), 128.4-128.2 (C-Ar), 101.5 (C-1'), 77.3 (C-2), 72.2 (C-3'), 71.6 (C-3), 69.9 (C-2'), 69.8 (C-5), 69.3 (C-5'), 67.7 (C-4), 67.0 (C-4'), 63.7 (C-6), 63.5 (C-6'), 21.1 (CH$_3$tolyl);

ESI-MS $m/z$ calcd. for C$_{61}$H$_{52}$O$_{16}$S: 1072.3; found: 1095.2 [M+Na]$^+$. ESI-HRMS $m/z$ calcd. for C$_{61}$H$_{52}$O$_{16}$SNa [M+Na]$^+$: 1095.2868; found: 1095.2860.

**Compound 9.** $[a]_D^{20}$: +9 (c 1.00, CHCl$_3$); $^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 8.09-7.85 (m, 18H, H$_{\text{Bz}}$), 7.48 (m, 6H, H$_{\text{Bz}}$), 7.43-7.26 (m, 23H, H$_{\text{Bz}}$, H$_{\text{tolyl}}$), 6.96 (d, $J = 7.9$, 2H, H$_{\text{tolyl}}$), 6.01 (t, $J_{4,3} = J_{4,5} = 9.9$, 1H, H-4), 5.96 (t, $J_{4,3} = J_{4,5} = 9.7$, 1H, H-4), 5.89 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 10.0$, $J_{3,2} = 3.2$, 1H, H-3), 5.82-5.78 (m, 3H, H-1, H-3, H-4), 5.68 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 9.9$, $J_{3,2} = 3.0$, 1H, H-3), 5.51 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.6$, 1H, H-1), 4.97 (m, 1H, H-5), 4.94 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.5$, 1H, H-1), 4.65-4.46 (m, 7H, H-2, H-2, H-6, H-6), 4.39 (m, 2H, H-5, H-5), 4.20 (dd, $J_{6a,5} = 12.1$, $J_{6a,5} = 3.0$, 1H, H-6a), 4.05 (dd, $J_{6b,6a} = 12.1$, $J_{6b,5} = 5.0$, 1H, H-6b), 2.26 (s, 3H, CH$_3$tolyl);

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 166.3 (CO), 166.3 (CO), 165.9 (CO), 165.7 (CO), 165.5 (CO), 165.4 (CO), 165.3 (CO), 165.2 (CO), 133.5 (C-Ar), 133.4 (C-Ar), 133.4 (C-Ar), 133.3 (C-Ar), 133.3 (C-Ar), 133.1 (C-Ar),
133.0 (C-Ar), 132.9 (C-Ar), 132.5 (C-Ar), 130.1 (C-Ar), 129.9 (C-Ar), 129.7 (C-Ar), 129.6 (C-Ar), 129.6 (C-Ar), 129.5 (C-Ar), 129.3 (C-Ar), 128.9 (C-Ar), 128.8 (C-Ar), 128.7 (C-Ar), 128.6 (C-Ar), 128.4 (C-Ar), 128.3 (C-Ar), 101.9 (C-1), 100.0 (C-1), 87.1 (C-2, C-2), 77.3 (C-2, C-2), 72.3 (C-3), 71.3 (C-3), 70.7 (C-3), 69.7 (C-2, C-5), 69.5 (C-5), 69.2 (C-5), 67.8 (C-4), 67.3 (C-4), 67.0 (C-4), 63.7 (C-6), 63.7 (C-6), 63.7 (C-6), 21.1 (CH$_3$, tolyl); ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C$_{88}$H$_{74}$O$_{24}$S: 1546.4; found: 1569.2 [M+Na$^+$].

$S$-Tolyl (2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzoyl-$\alpha$-D-mannopyranosyl)-(1→2)-3,4,6-tri-O-benzoyl-$\alpha$-D-mannopyranoside (13).

To a solution of compound 8 (5.1 g, 4.76 mmol) in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (70 mL), Bz$_2$O (2.2 g, 9.51 mmol), Et$_3$N (1.3 mL, 9.51 mmol) and a catalytic amount of DMAP was subsequently added and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The reaction mixture was washed with HCl 1M, NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and brine. The organic phase was dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane, 1:2) to give the disaccharide 13 (5.6 g, 4.76 mmol, quant.) as a white amorphous solid. $[\alpha]_D^20$: +13 (c 1.00, CHCl$_3$); $^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 8.14-7.86 (m, 14H, H$_{Bz}$), 7.61-7.27 (m, 23H, H$_{Bz}$, H$_{tolyl}$), 7.00 (d, $J= 8.0$, 2H, H$_{tolyl}$), 6.17 (t, $J_{4',3'}= J_{4',5'}= 10.0$, 1H, H-4’), 6.09 (t, $J_{4,3}= J_{4,5}= 9.8$, 1H, H-4), 6.06 (dd, $J_{3,4',}= 10.0$, $J_{5,2'}= 3.2$, 1H, H-3’), 5.98-5.92 (m, 2H, H-2’, H-3), 5.85 (d, $J_{1,2}= 1.5$, 1H, H-1), 5.36 (d, $J_{1,2'}= 1.7$, 1H, H-1’), 5.04 (dd, $J_{5,4}= 9.8$, $J_{5,6a}= 5.9$, $J_{5,6b}= 3.0$, 1H, H-5), 4.73 (dd, $J_{2,3}= 3.0$, $J_{2,1}= 1.5$, 1H, H-2), 4.72-4.59 (m, 4H, H-5’, H-6’a, H-6), 4.47 (dd, $J_{6,b,6',a}= 12.3$, $J_{6,b,5'}= 4.3$, 1H, H-6’b), 2.28 (s, 3H, CH$_3$, tolyl); $^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 166.4 (CO), 166.2 (CO), 165.7 (CO), 165.6 (CO), 165.4 (CO), 165.2 (CO), 165.0 (CO), 138.5 (C-Ar), 133.5 (C-Ar), 133.4 (C-Ar), 133.2 (C-Ar), 133.1 (C-Ar), 133.1 (C-Ar), 132.7 (C-Ar), 130.2 (C-Ar), 130.1 (C-Ar), 130.0 (C-Ar), 129.9-129.8 (C-Ar), 129.2 (C-Ar), 129.1 (C-Ar), 128.9 (C-Ar), 128.8 (C-Ar), 128.7 (C-Ar), 128.7 (C-Ar), 128.6 (C-Ar), 128.5 (C-Ar), 128.4 (C-Ar), 99.6 (C-1’), 87.3 (C-1), 77.9 (C-2), 71.2 (C-3), 70.2 (C-3’), 70.0 (C-2’), 70.0 (C-5), 69.8 (C-5’), 67.9 (C-4), 66.8 (C-4’), 63.8 (C-6), 62.9 (C-6’), 21.2 (CH$_3$, tolyl); ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C$_{68}$H$_{56}$O$_{17}$S: 1176.3; found: 1199.4 [M+Na$^+$]; ESI-HRMS m/z calcd. for C$_{68}$H$_{56}$O$_{17}$SNa $[M+Na]^+$: 1199.3130; found: 1199.3135.

$S$-Tolyl (2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzoyl-$\alpha$-D-mannopyranosyl)-(1→2)-(3,4,6-tri-O-benzoyl-$\alpha$-D-mannopyranosyl)-(1→2)-3,4,6-tri-O-benzoyl-$\alpha$-D-mannopyranoside (15).
To a solution of compound 9 (3.2 g, 2.07 mmol) in CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (50 mL), Bz$_2$O (986 mg, 4.14 mmol) and a catalytic amount of DMAP were subsequently added and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The reaction mixture was washed with HCl 1M, NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and brine. The organic phase was dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane, 1:2) to give the trisaccharide 15 (3.4 g, 2.06 mmol, quant.) as a white amorphous solid. $\alpha$$_D$$^0$: -4 (c 1.00, CHCl$_3$); $^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 8.13-7.82 (m, 20H, H$_{Bz}$), 7.65-7.26 (m, 30H, H$_{Bz}$, H$_{tolyl}$), 7.14 (m, 2H, H$_{tolyl}$), 7.00 (m, 2H, H$_{tolyl}$), 6.05 (t, $J_{4,3}$ = $J_{4,5}$ = 9.8, 1H, H-4), 6.00-5.89 (m, 4H, H-3, H-3, H-4, H-4), 5.79-5.71 (m, 3H, H-1, H-2, H-3), 5.49 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.5, 1H, H-1), 5.02-4.93 (m, 2H, H-1, H-5), 4.69 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.67-4.44 (m, 7H, H-2, H-2, H-5, H-5, H-6, H-6), 4.33 (m, 1H, H-6a), 4.17 (dd, $J_{6b,6a}$ = 12.3, $J_{6b,5}$ = 4.3, 1H, H-6b), 2.27 (s, 3H, CH$_3$$_{tolyl}$); $^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 166.3 (CO), 166.2 (CO), 165.8 (CO), 165.6 (CO), 165.5 (CO), 165.4 (CO), 165.3 (CO), 165.0 (CO), 164.7 (CO), 138.3 (C-Ar), 133.5 (C-Ar), 133.4 (C-Ar), 133.3 (C-Ar), 133.3 (C-Ar), 133.1 (C-Ar), 133.0 (C-Ar), 132.9 (C-Ar), 132.6 (C-Ar), 130.1 (C-Ar), 130.0 (C-Ar), 129.9 (C-Ar), 129.9-129.6 (C-Ar), 129.6 (C-Ar), 129.5 (C-Ar), 129.1 (C-Ar), 129.0 (C-Ar), 128.9 (C-Ar), 128.8 (C-Ar), 128.7 (C-Ar), 128.6 (C-Ar), 128.5 (C-Ar), 128.4-128.3 (C-Ar), 128.2 (C-Ar), 99.9 (C-1), 99.6 (C-1), 87.0 (C-1), 77.8 (C-2), 76.8 (C-2), 71.6 (1C), 70.2 (1C), 70.0 (1C), 69.8 (2C), 69.7 (1C), 69.6 (1C), 67.7 (C-4), 67.4 (C-4), 66.6 (C-4), 63.7 (C-6), 63.6 (C-6), 63.0 (C-6), 21.1 (CH$_3$$_{tolyl}$); ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C$_{95}$H$_{78}$O$_{25}$S: 1651.7; found: 1674.2 [M+Na]$^+$.

*Baker’s yeast approach.*

**S-Tolyl 2,3,4,6-Tetra-O-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→2)-3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranoside** (12).

To a solution of peracetylated O-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→2)-α-D-mannopyranoside 10 (600 mg, 0.88 mmol) in dry CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (15 mL) cooled at 0 ºC, TolSH (335 mg, 2.64 mmol) and BF$_3$·Et$_2$O (55 μL, 0.44 mmol) were added. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature, and stirred overnight. Then, the reaction mixture was washed with water and a NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. The organic layer was dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane, 1:1) to give the thiomannoside 12 (564 mg, 0.76 mmol, 86%) as a white amorphous solid. [α]$_D^{20}$: +94 (c 1.00, CHCl$_3$); $^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ: 7.37 (d, $J = 8.1$, 2H, H$_{toly}$), 7.12 (d, $J = 8.1$, 2H, H$_{toly}$), 6.57 (d, $J_{1',2'} = 1.9$, 1H, H-1'), 4.48 (ddd, $J_{5,4} = 9.9$, $J_{5,6a} = 4.9$, $J_{5,6b} = 2.3$, 1H, H-5), 4.32 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.1$, $J_{2,1} = 1.9$, 1H, H-2), 4.25 (dd, $J_{6a,6b} = 12.3$, $J_{6a,5} = 4.9$, 1H, H-6a), 4.21-4.09 (m, 3H, H-6b, H-5'), H-6'a), 4.03 (m, 1H, H-6'b), 2.32 (s, 3H, CH$_3$tolyl), 2.14 (s, 3H, CH$_3$ of OAc), 2.06 (s, 3H, CH$_3$ of OAc), 2.03 (s, 3H, CH$_3$ of OAc), 2.00 (s, 3H, CH$_3$ of OAc), 1.83 (s, 3H, CH$_3$ of OAc); $^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ: 170.5 (CO), 170.3 (CO), 170.1 (CO), 169.6 (CO), 169.5 (CO), 169.3 (CO), 169.2 (CO), 138.2 (C$_{ipso-toly}$), 132.3 (C$_{toly}$), 129.9 (C$_{toly}$), 128.9 (C$_{ipso-toly}$), 99.0 (C-1'), 86.6 (C-1), 78.2 (C-2), 70.3 (C-2'), 69.5 (C-5), 69.3 (C-3), 69.5 (C-5'), 68.2 (C-3'), 66.1 (C-4), 64.9 (C-4'), 62.3 (C-6'), 62.0 (C-6), 20.9
(CH₃OAc), 20.6 (CH₃ of OAc), 20.4 (CH₃ of OAc), 20.1 (CH₃ of OAc); ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C₃₃H₄₂O₁₇S: 742.2; found: 765.2 [M+Na]^+; ESI-HRMS m/z calcd. for C₃₃H₴₂O₁₇SNa [M+Na]^+: 765.2035; found: 765.2028.

S-Tolyl (2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl)-(1→2)-(3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl)-(1→2)-(3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl)-(1→2)-3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-α-D-mannopyranoside (14).

To a solution of peracetylated O-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→2)-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→2)-α-D-mannopyranoside 11 (500 mg, 0.52 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) cooled at 0 ºC, TolSH (198 mg, 1.56 mmol) and BF₃·Et₂O (35 μL, 0.28 mmol) were added. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature, and stirred overnight. Then, the reaction mixture was washed with water and a NaHCO₃ sat. aq. soln. The organic layer was dried over anh. MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane, 3:2) to give the thiomannoside 14 (429 mg, 0.42 mmol, 80%) as a white amorphous solid. [α]D²⁰: +40 (c 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 7.37 (d, J = 8.1, 2H, H-tolyl), 7.14 (d, J = 8.1, 2H, H-tolyl), 5.57 (d, J = 2.2, 1H, H-1), 5.38 (dd, J = 9.9, 3.3, 1H, H-3), 5.34 (t, J = 9.5, 1H, H-4), 5.32-5.23 (m, 4H, H-2, H-3, H-3, H-4), 5.12 (d, J = 2.1, 1H, H-1), 4.94 (d, J = 1.8, 1H, H-1), 4.47 (ddd, J = 9.6, J = 5.0, J = 2.6, 1H, H-5), 4.30 (m, 1H, H-6a), 4.26 (dd, J = 5.0, 1H, H-6a), 4.20 (dd, J = 5.4, 1H, H-6b), 4.17-4.06 (m, 6H, H-2, H-5, H-6, H-6), 2.33 (s, 3H, CH₃(tolyl)), 2.15 (s, 3H, CH₃ of OAc), 2.10 (s, 3H, CH₃ of OAc), 2.08 (s, 6H, CH₃ of OAc), 2.07 (s, 3H, CH₃ of OAc), 2.06 (s, 3H, CH₃ of OAc), 2.04 (s, 3H, CH₃ of OAc), 2.02 (s, 3H, CH₃ of OAc), 2.00 (s, 3H, CH₃ of OAc), 1.92 (s, 3H, CH₃ of OAc); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 170.7 (CO), 170.7 (CO), 170.4 (CO), 170.0 (CO), 169.9 (CO), 169.7 (CO), 169.7 (CO), 169.4 (CO), 169.4 (CO), 169.3 (CO), 138.4 (C(tolyl)), 132.3 (C(tolyl)), 130.0 (C(tolyl)), 129.0 (C(tolyl)), 99.8 (C-1), 99.3 (C-1), 86.7 (C-1), 77.9 (C-2), 77.4 (C-2), 70.5 (C-2), 69.6, 69.5, 69.4, 69.4 (C-3, C-3, C-3, C-3, C-3, C-3, C-3, C-3, C-3, C-3, C-3, C-3, C-3), 66.4 (C-4), 66.3 (C-4), 66.0 (C-4), 62.6 (C-6), 62.1 (C-6), 21.1 (CH₃(tolyl)), 20.8 (CH₃ of OAc), 20.6 (CH₃ of OAc), 20.5 (CH₃ of OAc), 20.3 (CH₃ of OAc); ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C₄₅H₅₆O₂₅S: 1030.3; found: 1053.2 [M+Na]^+; ESI-HRMS m/z calcd. for C₄₅H₅₆O₂₅SNa [M+Na]^+: 1053.2880; found: 1053.2871.
\[ S\text{-Tolyl} \quad (2,3,4,6\text{-tetra-}O\text{-benzoyl-}\alpha\text{-D-mannopyranosyl})\text{-(1→2)}\text{-3,4,6-tri-}O\text{-benzoyl-}\alpha\text{-D-mannopyranoside} \ (13). \]

\[ S\text{-Tolyl} \quad (2,3,4,6\text{-tetra-}O\text{-benzoyl-}\alpha\text{-D-mannopyranosyl})\text{-(1→2)-(3,4,6-tri-}O\text{-benzoyl-}\alpha\text{-D-mannopyranoside} \ (15). \]

Sodium methoxide in methanol (1 M, 0.1 eq. per acetyl group) was added to a solution of the acetylated derivative 12 (500 mg, 0.67 mmol) in MeOH (≈0.05 M). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h and, then was neutralized with Amberlite IR-120H\(^+\), filtered and concentrated. To a solution of the resulting deprotected derivative and a catalytic amount of DMAP in dry pyridine (10 mL) cooled at 0 °C, was slowly added BzCl (817 \(\mu\)L, 7.03 mmol). The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature, and stirred overnight. After removal the solvent, the resulting crude was diluted with CH\(_2\)Cl\(_2\) and washed with HCl 1M, NaHCO\(_3\) sat. aq. soln. and brine. The organic phase was dried over anh. MgSO\(_4\), filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane, 1:2) to give the trisaccharide 13 (780 mg, 0.66 mmol, 99%) as a white amorphous solid.

Sodium methoxide in methanol (1 M, 0.1 eq. per acetyl group) was added to a solution of the acetylated derivative 14 (400 mg, 0.39 mmol) in MeOH (≈0.05 M). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h and, then was neutralized with Amberlite IR-120H\(^+\), filtered and concentrated. To a solution of the resulting deprotected derivative and a catalytic amount of DMAP in dry pyridine (8 mL) cooled at 0 °C, was slowly added BzCl (679 \(\mu\)L, 5.85 mmol). The
mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature, and stirred overnight. After removal the solvent, the resulting crude was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ and washed with HCl 1M, NaHCO₃ sat. aq. soln. and brine. The organic phase was dried over anh. MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane, 1:2) to give the trisaccharide 15 (631 mg, 0.38 mmol, 98%) as a white amorphous solid.

**SYNTHESIS OF PENTASACCHARIDE 17.**

2,3,4,6-Tetra-O-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranosyl-(1→2)-3,4,6-tri-O-benzoyl-α-D-mannopyranoside trichloroacetimidate (16).

To a solution of compound 13 (3 g, 2.55 mmol) in a mixture of acetone/water (9:1, 60 mL), NBS (1.38 g, 7.65 mmol) was added at 0 °C for 1 h when TLC indicated the complete hydrolysis of the thioglycoside. The reaction mixture was quenched with NaHCO₃ sat. aq. soln. and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was dried over anh. MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane, 2:3 → 1:1) to give the corresponding hemiacetal (2.73 g, 2.55 mmol, quant.) as a white solid. The hemiacetal was dissolved in dry CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL) and the solution was cooled at 0 °C. Then, trichloroacetonitrile (1.3 mL, 12.7 mmol) and DBU (152 μL, 1.02 mmol) were added to the solution and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h.
After removal the solvent, the crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane, 2:3) to give the trichloroacetimidate 16 (2.76 g, 2.27 mmol, 89%) as a white solid. [$\alpha$]$_{D}^{20}$: -30 (c 1.00, CHCl$_3$); $^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 8.71 (s, 1H, NH), 8.09 (m, 4H, H$_{Bz}$), 8.03 (m, 2H, H$_{Bz}$), 7.96 (m, 6H, H$_{Bz}$), 7.88 (m, 2H, H$_{Bz}$), 6.65 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 2.0, 1H, H-1), 6.16 (t, $J_{4',3'}$ = $J_{4',5'}$ = 10.1, 1H, H-4'), 6.15 (t, $J_{4,3}$ = $J_{4,5}$ = 9.8, 1H, H-4), 6.03 (dd, $J_{3',4'}$ = 10.1, $J_{3',2'}$ = 3.2, 1H, H-3'), 5.98-5.92 (m, 2H, H-2', H-3), 5.35 (d, $J_{1,2'}$ = 1.6, 1H, H-1'), 4.73 (dd, $J_{6'a,6'b}$ = 12.4, $J_{6'a,5'}$ = 2.3, 1H, H-6'a), 4.70-4.61 (m, 4H, H-2, H-5, H-5', H-6a), 4.58 (dd, $J_{6b,6a}$ = 11.8, $J_{6b,5}$ = 5.2, 1H, H-6b), 4.49 (dd, $J_{6'b,6'a}$ = 12.4, $J_{6'b,5'}$ = 4.4, 1H, H-6'b); $^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 166.1 (CO), 166.0 (CO), 165.5 (CO), 165.4 (CO), 165.1 (CO), 165.0 (CO), 164.8 (CO), 159.9 (CN), 133.4 (C-Ar), 133.3 (C-Ar), 133.1 (C-Ar), 132.0 (C-Ar), 129.9 (C-Ar), 129.8 (C-Ar), 129.7 (C-Ar), 129.6 (C-Ar), 129.5 (C-Ar), 129.0 (C-Ar), 128.8 (C-Ar), 128.7 (C-Ar), 128.5 (C-Ar), 128.4 (C-Ar), 128.3 (C-Ar), 128.3 (C-Ar), 99.4 (C-1'), 96.1 (C-1), 90.5 (CCl$_3$), 74.2 (C-2), 71.8 (C-5'), 70.4 (C-5), 70.0 (C-2'), 69.9 (C-3), 69.7 (C-3'), 66.6 (C-4), 66.4 (C-4'), 63.0 (C-6), 62.5 (C-6'); ESI-MS $m/z$ calcd. for C$_{63}$H$_{50}$Cl$_3$NO$_{18}$: 1213.2; found: 1236.2 [M+Na]$^+$; ESI-HRMS $m/z$ calcd. for C$_{63}$H$_{50}$Cl$_3$NO$_{18}$Na [M+Na]$^+$: 1236.1986; found: 1236.1970.

**Pentasaccharide 17.**

A solution of acceptor 6 (368 mg, 0.74 mmol), donor 16 (2.4 g, 1.94 mmol) and 4 Å molecular sieves in dry CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (30 mL) was stirred at -10 ºC for 30 min. Then, TMSOTf (41 μL, 0.22 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred for 15 min at -10 ºC. The reaction was quenched with Et$_3$N (300 μL), and the mixture was diluted with CH$_2$Cl$_2$, filtered through Celite and washed with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. After removal the solvent, the crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane, 2:3 → 4:5) to give the pentasaccharide 17 (1.72 g, 0.67 mmol, 90%) as a white solid. [$\alpha$]$_{D}^{20}$: -29 (c 1.00, CHCl$_3$); $^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 8.31-7.77 (m, 32H, H$_{Bz}$), 7.62-7.22 (m, 47H, H$_{Bz}$, H$_{sub}$), 7.11 (m, 2H, H$_{sub}$), 6.96 (m, 2H, H$_{Bz}$), 6.80 (m, 1H, H$_{Bz}$), 6.12-5.84 (m, 8H), 5.81-5.76 (m, 2H, H-1), 5.71 (dd, $J = 9.9, J = 3.2$, 1H), 5.61 (m, 1H), 5.52 (m, 1H, H-1), 5.19 (m, 1H, H-1), 4.97 (m, 1H, H-1), 4.76 (m, 1H), 4.66 (m,
S20

1H), 4.63-4.47 (m, 6H, H-1), 4.44-4.26 (m, 8H), 4.20 (m, 1H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.68 (m, 1H), 2.17 (s, 3H, CH₃, tolyl); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 166.4 (CO), 166.1 (CO), 166.1 (CO), 165.9 (CO), 165.9 (CO), 165.5 (CO), 165.4 (CO), 165.3 (CO), 165.2 (CO), 165.1 (CO), 165.0 (CO), 164.9 (CO), 164.7 (CO), 164.5 (CO), 138.3 (C-Ar), 133.5-132.9 (C-Ar), 132.0 (C-Ar), 131.5 (C-Ar), 130.1 (C-Ar), 129.9-129.6 (C-Ar), 129.1 (C-Ar), 129.0 (C-Ar), 128.9 (C-Ar), 128.8 (C-Ar), 128.7 (C-Ar), 128.6-128.0 (C-Ar), 100.1 (C-1), 99.9 (C-1), 99.4 (C-1), 98.7 (C-1), 86.5 (C-1), 78.0, 77.6, 77.4, 75.6, 73.4, 72.7, 70.7, 70.3, 70.0, 69.9-69.4, 68.8, 67.1, 67.1, 66.7, 66.6, 66.4, 63.7, 63.3, 62.7, 62.4, 20.9 (CH₃, tolyl); ESI-MS m/z calc. for C_{140}H_{122}O_{41}S: 2598.7; found: 2622.3 [M+Na]+, 1322.6 [M+2Na]⁺².

SYNTHESIS OF TETRASACCHARIDE 19.

Tetrasaccharide 18.

To a solution of acceptor 5 (253 mg, 0.57 mmol), donor 15 (1.23 g, 0.75 mmol) and 4 Å molecular sieves in dry CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) was stirred at -20 °C for 30 min. Then, NIS (177 mg, 0.75 mmol) and TfOH (10.4 μL, 0.11 mmol) were added and the reaction was stirred at -20 °C for 15 min. The reaction was quenched with NaHCO₃ sat. aq. soln. The reaction mixture was filtered through Celite and washed several times with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed
with Na$_2$S$_2$O$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and then dried over anh. MgSO$_4$, filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (Toluene/Acetone 15:1) to give the tetrasaccharide 18 (1.03 g, 0.52 mmol, 91%) as a white solid. $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -40 (c 1.00, CHCl$_3$); $^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 8.29-8.20 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 8.19-8.14 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 7.77-7.70 (m, 2H, H-Ar), 7.63-7.20 (m, 32H, H-Ar), 7.20-6.98 (m, 5H, H-Ar), 6.80 (m, 1H, H-Ar), 6.03-5.83 (m, 6H), 5.76 (m, 1H), 5.58 (dd, $J = 9.4$, $J = 3.1$, 1H), 5.55 (s, 1H, H-1), 5.53 (s, 1H, H-1), 5.31 (s, 1H, H$_{\text{acetal}}$), 4.93 (s, 1H, H-1), 4.82 (m, 1H), 4.74 (dd, $J = 12.2$, $J = 2.7$, 1H), 4.65 (dd, $J = 12.2$, $J = 5.4$, 1H), 4.60 (m, 1H, H-1$\beta$), 4.42 (m, 1H), 4.39-4.13 (m, 6H), 4.13-3.95 (m, 4H), 3.93-3.77 (m, 2H), 3.70 (ddd, $J = 10.7$, $J = 6.8$, $J = 4.2$, 1H), 3.46-3.27 (m, 3H); $^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 166.2 (CO), 165.7 (CO), 165.6 (CO), 165.4 (CO), 165.3 (CO), 165.2 (CO), 165.1 (CO), 165.0 (CO), 164.7 (CO), 136.8 (C-Ar), 133.4 (C-Ar), 133.2 (C-Ar), 133.1 (C-Ar), 133.0 (C-Ar), 132.8 (C-Ar), 132.7 (C-Ar), 130.1 (C-Ar), 129.8-129.5 (C-Ar), 129.1 (C-Ar), 129.0 (C-Ar), 128.9 (C-Ar), 128.8 (C-Ar), 128.7 (C-Ar), 128.5-128.1 (C-Ar), 101.5 (C-1), 99.7 (C-1), 99.6 (C-1$\beta$, C$_{\text{acetal}}$), 99.4 (C-1), 78.6, 77.4, 75.5, 73.0, 70.8, 70.3, 69.9, 69.7, 69.6 (2C), 69.5, 69.4 (2C), 68.9, 68.4, 67.0, 66.9, 66.3, 63.7, 63.1, 62.5, 50.5; ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C$_{110}$H$_{93}$N$_3$O$_{32}$: 1967.6; found: 1990.9 [M+Na]$^+$.  

Tetrasaccharide 19.

$p$-Toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (70 mg, 0.36 mmol) was added to a stirred solution of tetrasaccharide 18 (470 mg, 0.24 mmol) in CH$_3$CN (18 mL) at room temperature. After 8 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with Et$_3$N (75 $\mu$L) and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane 3:2) to give the tetrasaccharide 19 (413 mg, 0.22 mmol, 92%) as a white amorphous solid. $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -37 (c 1.00, CHCl$_3$); $^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 8.21-8.14 (m, 2H, H$_{\text{Bz}}$), 8.08-7.94 (m, 13H, H$_{\text{Bz}}$), 7.93-7.88 (m, 2H, H$_{\text{Bz}}$), 7.87-7.79 (m, 4H, H$_{\text{Bz}}$), 7.60-7.14 (m, 34H, H$_{\text{Bz}}$), 6.13 (t, $J = 10.1$, 1H), 6.01-5.87 (m, 3H), 5.84-5.73 (m, 3H), 5.63-5.54 (m, 2H, H-1), 5.49 (s, 1H, H-1), 5.07 (br s, 1H, H-1), 4.77-4.64 (m, 3H), 4.63 (s, 1H, H-1$\beta$), 4.54-4.40 (m, 4H), 4.34-4.21 (m, 3H), 4.18-3.92 (m, 6H), 3.70 (ddd, $J = 10.6$, $J = 6.1$, $J = 4.6$, 1H), 3.41-3.28 (m, 3H), 2.31 (m, 1H); $^{13}$C-NMR (100}
MHz, CDCl$_3$ $\delta$: 166.3 (CO), 166.2 (CO), 166.0 (CO), 165.9 (CO), 165.7 (CO), 165.4 (CO),
165.3 (CO), 165.2 (CO), 165.1 (CO), 164.9 (CO), 164.7 (CO), 133.3 (C-Ar), 133.0 (C-Ar),
129.9 (C-Ar), 129.7 (C-Ar), 129.6 (C-Ar), 129.5 (C-Ar), 129.4 (C-Ar), 129.0 (C-Ar), 128.9 (C-
Ar), 128.7 (C-Ar), 128.6 (C-Ar), 128.4 (C-Ar), 128.3 (C-Ar), 128.2 (C-Ar), 128.1 (C-Ar), 100.3
(C-1), 99.3 (C-1, C-1$\beta$), 99.0 (C-1), 78.0, under CDCl$_3$ (1C), 76.4, 71.1, 70.3, 70.0, 69.7 (2C),
69.5, 69.4, 69.2, 68.4 (2C), 68.1, 67.4, 66.3, 63.5, 63.4, 62.4, 62.0 (2C), 50.4; ESI-MS $m/z$
calcd. for C$_{103}$H$_{89}$N$_3$O$_{32}$: 1872.5; found: 1902.9 [M+Na]$^+$.  

**SYNTHESIS OF MAN$_9$ (I).**

Nonasaccharide 20.
To a solution of acceptor 19 (390 mg, 0.21 mmol), donor 17 (701 mg, 0.27 mmol) and 4 Å molecular sieves in dry CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (15 mL) was stirred at -20 ºC for 30 min. Then, NIS (63.9 mg, 0.27 mmol) and TfOH (3.7 μL, 41.50 μmol) were added and the reaction was stirred at -20 ºC for 15 min. The reaction was quenched with NaHCO$_3$ sat. aq. soln. The reaction mixture was filtered through Celite and washed several times with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The organic layer was washed with Na$_2$S$_2$O$_3$ sat. aq. soln. and then dried over anh. MgSO$_4$. filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The crude was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/n-hexane 4:5 → 1:1) to give the nonasaccharide 20 (885 mg, 0.20 mmol, 98%) as a white solid. $\left[\alpha\right]_D^0$ : -33 (c 1.00, CHCl$_3$); $^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 8.29-7.67 (m, 52H, H$_{Bz}$), 7.64-7.01 (m, 80H, H$_{Bz}$), 6.96 (t, J = 7.8, 2H, H$_{Bz}$), 6.79 (t, J = 7.5, 1H, H$_{Bz}$), 6.17-5.74 (m, 16H), 5.68 (dd, J = 9.9, J = 3.3, 1H), 5.65-5.51 (m, 3H, H-1), 5.48 (s, 1H, H-1), 5.43-5.36 (m, 2H, 2xH-1), 5.33 (s, 1H, H-1), 5.02 (s, 1H, H-1), 4.96 (s, 1H, H-1), 4.85-3.92 (m, 36H, H-1, H-1), 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.79 (m, 1H), 3.58 (m, 1H), 3.35 (m, 1H), 3.25 (m, 1H); $^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$: 166.5 (CO), 166.4 (CO), 166.3 (CO), 166.2 (CO), 166.1 (CO), 166.0 (CO), 165.9 (CO), 165.8 (CO), 165.6 (CO), 165.5 (CO), 165.4 (CO), 165.3 (CO), 165.2 (CO), 165.1 (CO), 165.0 (CO), 164.9 (CO), 164.8 (CO), 164.7 (CO), 164.6 (CO), 164.5 (CO), 133.5 (C$_{Bz}$), 133.4 (C$_{Bz}$), 133.3 (C$_{Bz}$), 133.2 (C$_{Bz}$), 130.1-129.4 (C$_{Bz}$), 129.3-128.0 (C$_{Bz}$), 100.7 (C-1), 100.6 (C-1), 100.0 (C-1), 99.5 (C-1), 99.4 (C-1), 99.3 (C-1), 98.7 (C-1), 97.6 (2xC-1), 78.4, 78.1, under CDCl$_3$ (2C), 76.1, 75.5, 72.0, 71.3, 70.8, 70.4, 70.1-69.4, 68.9, 68.7, 68.0, 67.7, 67.6, 67.2, 67.1, 66.5, 66.4, 65.6, 63.7, 63.5, 63.3, 62.4, 62.3, 50.5; ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C$_{245}$H$_{203}$N$_3$O$_{73}$: 4354.2; found: 2200.9 [M+2Na]$^+$, 1474.7 [M+3Na]$^+$.

Nonasaccharide Man$_6$ (1).
To a solution of compound 20 (750 mg, 0.17 mmol) in MeOH/Toluene (4:1, 7.5 mL), NaOMe (50 mg, 0.93 mmol) was added and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. Then, a NaOH 1M solution (3 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was heated at 50 °C for 7 h. After neutralization with Amberlite IR-120H⁺, the solution was filtered and concentrated. The crude was purified by size-exclusion chromatography (Sephadex G-25, H₂O/MeOH 9/1), furnishing Man₉ (1) (266 mg, 0.17 mmol, quant.) as a white amorphous solid. [α]D²⁰: +58 (c 1.00, H₂O); ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ: 5.41 (d, J₁,₂ = 1.2, 1H, H-1), 5.35 (br s, 1H, H-1), 5.31 (d, J₁,₂ = 1.2, 1H, H-1), 5.16 (d, J₁,₂ = 1.3, 1H, H-1), 5.07-5.03 (m, 3H, 3xH-1), 4.88 (m, 1H, H-1), 4.74 (d, J₁,₂ = 0.5, 1H, H-1), 4.19 (m, 1H), 4.16 (m, 1H), 4.13-4.09 (m, 3H), 4.09-4.06 (m, 3H), 4.05-3.94 (m, 8H), 3.93-3.68 (m, 36H), 3.68-3.60 (m, 4H), 3.59-3.45 (m, 4H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ: 102.3 (C-1), 102.1 (2xC-1), 100.7 (2xC-1), 100.5 (C-1), 99.9 (C-1), 99.5 (C-1), 97.9 (C-1), 81.0, 78.9, 78.6, 78.5, 78.4, 74.0, 73.2-73.1, 72.6, 71.1, 70.3-69.9, 69.4, 68.4, 66.9-66.8, 65.6-65.4, 61.1-60.9, 50.3; ESI-MS m/z calcd. for C₅₆H₉₅N₃O₄₆: 1545.5; found: 1568.9 [M+Na]⁺, 795.5 [M+2Na]⁺².

¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra and selected HSQC and MS spectra
$^1\text{H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl}_3$): compound 3

$^{13}\text{C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl}_3$): compound 3
$^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 4

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 4

$^1$H-$^{13}$C Coupled HSQC-NMR (CDCl$_3$): compound 4
$^1$H-RMN (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compuesto 23

$^{13}$C-RMN (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compuesto 23
$^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 24

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 24
$^{1}H$-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 25

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 25
$\text{H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl}_3\text{): compound 5}$

$\text{C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl}_3\text{): compound 5}$
\[ ^1H\text{-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl}_3\text{): compound 8} \]

\[ ^{13}\text{C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl}_3\text{): compound 8} \]
$\text{BzO}$

$\text{BzO}$

$\text{BzO}$

$\text{BzO}$

$\text{BzO}$

$\text{BzO}$

$\text{OH}$

$\text{H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl}_3\text{): compound 9}$

$\text{C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl}_3\text{): compound 9}$
$^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 12

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 12
$^{1}$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 14

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 14
$^{1}H$-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 13

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 13
$^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 15

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 15
$^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 16

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 16
$^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 17

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 17
$^1$H-$^{13}$C Coupled HSQC-NMR (CDCl$_3$): compound 17

ESI-MS: compound 17
\[ ^1\text{H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl}_3\text{): compound 18} \]

\[ ^{13}\text{C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl}_3\text{): compound 18} \]
$^1$H-$^{13}$C Coupled HSQC-NMR (CDCl$_3$): compound 18

ESI-MS: compound 18
$^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 19

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl$_3$): compound 19
\(^1\)H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)): compound 20

\(^{13}\)C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)): compound 20
$^1$H-$^{13}$C Coupled HSQC-NMR (CDCl$_3$): compound 20

ESI-MS: compound 20
$^1$H-NMR (400 MHz, D$_2$O): compound 1

$^{13}$C-NMR (100 MHz, D$_2$O): compound 1
$^1$H-$^1$C Coupled HSQC-NMR (CDCl$_3$): compound 1

ESI-MS: compound 1