Electronic Supporting Information for

Aromatization Modulates the Activity of Small Organic Molecules as Promoters for Carbon-Halogen Bond Activation

Huan Yang, De-Zhao Chu, and Lei Jiao*

Center of Basic Molecular Science (CBMS), Department of Chemistry, Tsinghua University, Beijing 100084, China

Leijiao@mail.tsinghua.edu.cn

Contents

1.	Gene	eral Information	3
2.	The	Model Coupling Reaction Employing Different Promoters	4
	2.1	Procedure for the model reaction employing N-methylaniline derivatives	
		(2a-h) as the promoter	4
	2.2	General procedure for the model reactions employing indoline (2i) as the	Э
		promoter	4
	2.3	Procedure for the BHAS reactions of various haloarenes employing	
		indoline (2i) as the promoter	5
	2.4	Results	7
3.	Com	parison of Different Promoters	. 11
4.	Effe	ct of Promoter Structure on Activity	. 12
	4.1	Effect of alkyl substitution	12
	4.2	Effect of stereochemistry	12
	4.3	Effect of electronic substituent	13
5.	The	Kinetic Profiles for the Indoline-Promoted Reactions	. 14
6.	Effe	ct of Oxygen on the Initiation	. 17
	6.1	Comparison of the reactions conducted under trace O_2 and O_2 -free	
		conditions	17
	6.2	Kinetic profiles for the reaction of ArCl $1d$: the effect of O_2	17
7.	Mec	nanistic Study Employing Cyclopropyl-Substituted Indoline as a Probe.	. 21
	7.1	The model reaction employing 2-cyclopropylindoline (2m) as the probe	
		molecule	21
	7.2	The model reaction employing 3-cyclopropylindoline (2n) as the probe	
		molecule	22
	7.3	The background reaction of 2-cyclopropylindoline (2m) and 3-	
		cyclopropylindoline (2n)	23
	7.4	Competition experiment	24
8.	The	Reduction Reaction by Using the Indoline/ <i>t</i> -BuOK/O ₂ System	. 25
	8.1	The reduction of benzophenone	25
	8.2	The reduction of diphenylaceylene	28
	8.3	The reductive cleavage of diphenyl sulfone	28
	8.4	The reductive cleavage of benzyl trityl ether	29
	8.5	The reduction reaction employing different promoters	31
9.	DFT	Computational Study	. 32
	9.1	General Procedure	32
	9.2	The Results of SET process between Int-1 and PhBr, PhCI	33
	9.3	Coordinates and Energies of Stationary Points	33
10.	NMR	Spectra of the Products of BHAS Reactions	. 50
Ref	erence	es	. 58

1. General Information

Experimental. Air- and moisture-sensitive reactions were carried out in oven-dried glassware sealed with rubber septa under a positive pressure of dry argon or oven-driven sealed tube (with a Teflon screw cap). Air- and moisture-sensitive liquids and solutions were transferred by syringe. Reactions were stirred using Teflon-coated magnetic stir bars. Elevated temperatures were maintained using Thermostat-controlled silicone oil baths. Organic solutions were concentrated using a rotary evaporator with a diaphragm vacuum pump. Analytical TLC was performed on silica gel GF₂₅₄ plates. The TLC plates were visualized by either ultraviolet light ($\lambda = 254$ nm). Purification of products was accomplished by flash column chromatography on silica gel (InnochemSilicaFlashP60, 230-400 mesh).

Chemicals. Reagent grade benzene was purchased from Aladdin and was distilled over sodiumpotassium alloy under an argon atmosphere. The distilled benzene was further deoxygenated by three freeze-pump-thaw cycles before use. Indoline and *t*-BuOK was purchased from J&K Scientific and TCI respectively and used without further purification. 4-iodoanisole, 4-bromoanisole, chlorobenzene, which stored in glove box before use. Other chemicals were purchased from various commercial sources and were used as received. Other chemicals were synthesized following the published procedures.

Analytical. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AVANCE III HD 400 (¹H at 400 MHz, ¹³C at 100 MHz) nuclear magnetic resonance spectrometer. The ¹H NMR spectra were calibrated against the peak of tetramethylsilane (TMS, 0 ppm) and the ¹³C NMR spectra were calibrated against the peak of CDCl₃ (77.16 ppm). GC analysis was performed on a Shimadzu GC-2010 instrument equipped with a FID detector using nitrogen as the carrier gas. GC-MS analysis was performed on a Shimadzu GCMS-QO2010SE instrument equipped with an EIS detector using helium as the carrier gas.

2. The Model Coupling Reaction Employing Different Promoters

A variety of additives were employed in the coupling reaction to find an effective molecule to achieve the activation of carbon-bromide bond in bromoarene **1a**. For those promoters employed in this test, PhNHCH₃ (**2a**) and *p*-MeOPhNHCH₃ (**2b**) were purchased from J&K Scientific; *p*-HOPhNHCH₃ (**2c**),^[1] *p*-Me₂NPhNHCH₃ (**2d**),^[2] *p*-PhPhNHCH₃ (**2e**),^[1] *N*-methyl-1-naphthylamine (**2f**),^[3] *N*-methyl-2-naphthylamine (**2g**),^[4] and 5-methoxy-*N*-methyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-amine (**2h**)^[5] were synthesized following the published procedure.

2.1 Procedure for the model reaction employing *N*-methylaniline derivatives (2a-h) as the promoter



To a 10 mL Schlenk tube charged with 1a (93.5 mg, 0.50 mmol) and *t*-BuOK (168 mg, 1.50 mmol) and additives (0.10 mmol) was added dry benzene (4 mL) under argon. The reaction mixture was stirred in an oil bath at 85 °C for 19 h. After cooled to room temperature, a solution of *n*-dodecane (4 mL, specific concentration) in toluene was added as the standard, followed by water. After stirred for 2 min, the organic layer was separated and analyzed by GC to obtain both conversion and yield of the reaction.

2.2 General procedure for the model reactions employing indoline (2i) as the promoter



To a 10 mL Schlenk tube charged with aryl halides (0.50 mmol) and *t*-BuOK (168 mg, 1.50 mmol) and indoline (0.10 mmol) was added dry benzene (4 mL) under argon. The reaction mixture was stirred in an oil bath at 85 °C for 12 h. After cooled to room temperature, a solution of *n*-dodecane (4 mL, specific concentration) in toluene was added as the standard, followed by water. After stirred for 2 min, the organic layer was separated and analyzed by GC to obtain both conversion and yield of the reaction.

2.3 Procedure for the BHAS reactions of various haloarenes employing indoline (2i) as the promoter



To a 10 mL Schlenk tube charged with aryl halides (0.50 mmol) and *t*-BuOK (168 mg, 1.50 mmol) and indoline (0.10 mmol) was added dry benzene (4 mL) under argon. The reaction mixture was stirred in an oil bath at 85 °C for 12 h. After cooled to room temperature, a solution of *n*-dodecane (4 mL, specific concentration) in ether was added as the standard, followed by water. After stirred for 2 min, an aliquot of the organic layer was taken and analyzed by GC to obtain the conversion of the substrate. Then the rest organic phase was separated, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated. After purification by flash column chromatography, the product was obtained. The spectroscopic data were consistent with those reported in literature.^[6]



Figure S1. Representative GC trace of the model reaction mixture of **1b** as substrate. GC conditions: capillary column (0.25 mm \times 30 m), constant pressure mode (160 kPa), inlet temperature 250 °C, split ratio 30:1, FID temperature 300 °C, initial temperature 50 °C, keep for 1.5 min, temperature elevation rate 25 °C/min, final temperature 260 °C, keep for 2 min.



Figure S2. Retention times for identified components in the model reaction under the specified GC conditions. The retention times were determined by GC analysis of authentic samples.

2.4 Results

Table S1. Conversion and yield data for the model reaction employing *N*-methylaniline derivatives

 (2a-h) as the promoter

\sim	promoter (25.0 mM)		> + MeC	
1a	<i>t</i> -BuOK (375 mM) PhH, 80 °C	3a	//	4
(125.0 mN	Л)			
Entry	Promoters	Conversion (%)	Yield	(%)
		1a	3a	4
1	Me (2a)	6	3	<1
2	MeO H (2b)	17	9	3
3	HO HO HO	20	10	3
4	Me ₂ N H Me (2d)	30	15	6
5	Ph HN Me	13	8	2
6	(2f)	5	0.7	0.2
7	(2g)	10	3	0.6
8	Ph (2h)	10	1	1.7

Table S2. Conversion and yield data for the model reactions employing indoline (2i) as the promoter.

R	25.0 mM) = Br, R = C = I, R = ON = CI, R = H	indoline 2i (25.0 mM) <i>t</i> -BuOK (375 mM) PhH, 80 °C Me ∕e	► R-√	> + F (R = H)	4 (R = OMe)
	Entry	Substrate	Conversion (%)	Yield	d (%)
				3a/3c	4
	1 IV	leO	>99	79	15
	2 N	leOBr (1a)	>99	74	13
	3	CI (1c)	70	56	N/A

Entry	Substrate	Product	Conversion	Isolated yield (GC yield)
1	MeO-CI	MeO-Ph	66%	36% (40%)
2		3a Me	64%	45% (52%)
3		Me Ph	65%	53% (59%)
4	1f Cl	3f Ph	89%	53% (61%)
5	1g	3g ∕Ph	98%	74% (79%)
6	MeBr	3c Me	89%	78% (83%)
7	Me Me Me	Me Me	75%	53% (57%)
8	1j Br	3j Ph	99%	65% (70%)
9	1k Br Me	3g Ph Me	50%	26% (30%)
10		3I Ph Me	35%	11% (20%)
11		Ph Bh 3n	35%	19% (23%)

Table S3. Conversion and yield data for the BHAS reactions of various haloarenes employing indoline (2i) as the promoter.

Note: For the reactions employing the substrates with an *ortho*-substitution, the yields were generally low (entries 9-11).

4-methoxybiphenyl (3a):

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.54 (m, 4H), 7.42 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* 159.3, 141.0, 133.9, 128.9, 128.3, 126.9, 114.4, 55.5.

4-methylbiphenyl (3e):

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.61 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 141.3, 138.5, 137.2, 129.6, 128.9, 127.1, 21.2.

3-methylbiphenyl (3f):

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.35 (m, 6H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* 141.5, 141.4, 138.5, 128.8, 127.3, 126.6, 124.4, 21.7.

2-phenylnaphthalene (3g):

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.986-7.83 (m, 3H), 7.71-7.76 (m, 3H), 7.46-7.53 (m, 4H), 7.36-7.40 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMP (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 141 3, 120 0, 128 6, 128 3, 127 8, 127 6, 127 5, 126 4, 126 1, 126 0

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* 141.3, 129.0, 128.6, 128.3, 127.8, 127.6, 127.5, 126.4, 126.1, 126.0, 125.7.

Biphenyl (3h):

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* 7.64-7.67 (m, 4H), 7.48-7.53 (m, 4H), 7.37-7.42 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* 141.4, 128.9, 127.4, 127.3.

3,5-Dimethyl-1,1'-biphenyl (3j):

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.24 (br s, 2H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 2.38 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* 141.6, 141.4, 138.4, 129.0, 128.8, 127.3, 127.2, 125.2, 21.6.

2-methylbiphenyl (31):

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.47-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.31-7.26 (m, 4H), 2.30 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* 142.1, 135.5, 130.4, 130.0, 129.3, 128.2, 127.4, 126.9, 125.9, 20.6.

1-phenylnaphthalene (3n):

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* 7.92-7.85 (m, 3H), 7.55-7.40 (m, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* 140.8, 140.4, 133.9, 131.7, 130.2, 128.4, 127.8, 127.4, 127.1, 126.2, 126.1, 126.0, 125.9, 125.5.

3. Comparison of Different Promoters



Following the experimental procedure described in section 2.2, a variety of promoters which have been reported to furnish the activation of carbon-bromide bonds were employed in the model coupling reactions (shown above) to compare with the reactivity of the indoline/*t*-BuOK system. For those promoters employed in this test, 2-pyrididyl carbinol, ethylene glycol, and 1,10-phenanthroline were purchased from J&K Scientific; quinolone-1-amino-2-carboxylic acid^[7] was synthesized following the published procedure. The results were summarized in Table S4.

promoters		() NOH	NH2 O	²⁷ но Он (
conversion of 1a (%)	99	89	33	11	8
yield of 3a (%)	74	37	22	0.6	1
yield of 4 (%)	18	19	4	0.5	0.5
conversion of 1c (%)	70	18	4	4	4
yield of 3c (%)	56	0.6	<1	<1	<1

Table S4. Conversion and yield data for the model reaction employing different promoters.

Note: For the reaction employing 2-pyrididyl carbinol as the promoter, the original publication reported 81% yield of **3a** when **1a** was used as the substrate. However, under identical conditions we only obtained 37% yield of **3a** after repeating for several times.

4. Effect of Promoter Structure on Activity

Following the experimental procedure described in Section 2.2, a variety of indoline derivatives were employed in the BHAS reaction as promoters to gain insight into the relationship between structure on reactivity. For those promoters employed in this study, 1,2,3,4-tertrahydroquinoline (**2k**) and 2-methylindoline (**2p**) were purchased from J&K Scientific; 3,3-dimethylindoline (**2j**),^[8] *N*-isobutylaniline (**2l**),^[9] 1-methylindoline (**2o**),^[10] 3-methylindoline (**2q**),^[11] cis-(2,3)-dimethylindoline (**2r**),^[12] trans-(2,3)-dimethylindoline (**2s**),^[13] 5-methylindoline (**2w**), ^[14] and *N*,*N*-dimethylindolin-5-amine (**2x**)^[15] were synthesized following the published procedure.

4.1 Effect of alkyl substitution

First, indoline derivatives bearing methyl substitution at different positions were employed as promoters (Table S5). The results indicated that the first step might be the deprotonation process between indoline and *t*-BuOK to afford *N*-centered anion, which was similar to the *N*-methylaniline/*t*-BuOK system in the initiation mechanism.

Table S5. Conversion and yield data for the model reaction employing various promoters.



4.2 Effect of stereochemistry

Second, 2,3-dimethyl substituted indoline with either cis or trans stereochemistry were employed as promoters (Table S6). The results indicated that the generated *N*-centered radical (Int-2) is then deprotonated by *t*-BuOK to form a radical anion (Int-3), which was agreement with proposed mechanism.

R → (1:	25.0 mM)	promoter (25 <i>t</i> -BuOK (37 PhH, 80 °C	5.0 mM) 5 mM) C, 12 h	R—⟨		+	R-{	
1a X = 1c X =	= Br, R = ON = CI, R = H	le			3a R = 3c R =	OMe H	4 R = (OMe
Entry	Entry ArX			Ме У — м	_{le} (2r)	Me Me Me (2s)		
		-	conv.(%)	yie	ld(%)	conv.(%)	yiel	d(%)
			-	3	4		3	4
1	MeO-	Br(1a)	57	47	7	30	21	7
2		CI (1c)	23	15	N/A	10	1	N/A

Table S6. Conversion and yield data for the model reaction employing various promoters considering stereochemistry effect.

4.3 Effect of electronic substituent

Third, indoline derivatives with different electronic substituents were employed as promoters (Table S7). The results indicated that the activity of the model reaction had no obvious improvements by employing indoline derivatives baring electron-donating substituents on its benzene cycle. The reason might that the rate of the side reaction where the indoline was directly oxidized to indole without the participation of substrate might be improved compared to the main initiation cycle, which was known as side reaction.

 Table S7. Conversion and yield data for the model reaction employing various promoters considering electronic effect.



5. The Kinetic Profiles for the Indoline-Promoted Reactions



Kinetic profiles of the BHAS reactions of ArI (**1b**), ArBr (**1a**), and ArCl (**1d**) were acquired by GC. A 25 mL Schlenk tube equipped with magnetic stirrer was charged with *t*-BuOK (336 mg, 3.00 mmol), and diphenyl (77.0 mg, 0.50 mmol, as internal standard) in a glove box. Dry benzene (6.0 mL) taken by a Hamilton syringe was added under a balloon pressure of argon. The reaction mixture was stirred in an oil bath at 85 °C for 5 minutes. To another 25 mL Schlenk flask charged with the indoline as additive (0.60 mmol) was added dry benzene (3.0 mL) under argon, and then 2.0 mL of the resulting solution was transferred by another Hamilton syringe to the former flask to start the reaction. Aliquots (ca. 0.1 mL) were taken from the reaction mixture at an interval of some mixture. Each aliquot was placed into a sample bottle containing an aqueous solution of water (ca. 0.8 mL) and ether (ca. 0.5 mL). After shaking, the organic phases were separated and analyzed by GC to measure the concentrations of indoline and its related end-product. The kinetic data are summarized at Table S8 and were used to construct Figure S3, S4, S5.

		(A)				(B)					(C)			
entry	time (min)	[1b] (mM)	[3a] (mM)	[4] (mM)	time (min)	[1a] (mM)	[3a] (mM)	[4] (mM)	(time min)	[1d] (mM)	[3a] (mM)	[4] (mM)	
1	10	112.4	6.3	3.9	10	118.0	6.8	2.8		10	124.6	0	0	
2	20	106.4	9.5	5.5	20	104.5	13.7	6.1		20	123.9	1.2	0	
3	30	100.7	13.0	7.2	30	95.0	19.5	7.1		30	123.9	1.3	0.4	
4	40	88.1	20.2	10.7	40	85.9	25.1	10.2		40	122.5	0.9	0.6	
5	50	75.9	29.0	14.2	50	77.8	30.7	11.8		50	121.4	1.5	0.9	
6	60	64.5	35.4	16.6	60	70	35.3	13.4		60	117.2	4.5	1.8	
7	70	56	40.9	18.5	70	61.6	41	14.8		70	111	7.7	3.4	
8	80	47.7	51.5	22.1	80	54.2	45.4	15.9		80	105	10.5	5.3	
9	90	40.7	51.5	22.1	90	47.9	50.1	17.0		90	99.8	13.4	5.8	
10	100	34.8	56	23.2	100	41.1	55.9	18.2		100	95.7	15.7	6.8	
11	110	29.3	60.2	24.4	110	35.7	59.5	18.9		110	91.3	18.7	7.9	
12	120	23.8	65.1	25.4	120	32	63.2	19.9		120	86.9	19.5	8.6	
13	135	18.5	68.6	26.5	130	27.3	65.9	20.4		130	83	23	9.5	
14	150	14.8	72	27.1	140	23.4	69.8	20.8		140	77.7	28	10.6	
15	165	11.8	74.5	27.5	150	22.5	71.9	21.1		150	67.7	33.7	12.4	
16	180	8.9	76.5	28	165	17.9	73.4	19		180	67.7	33.7	12.4	
17	195	6.4	77.6	28.2	180	15.6	74.7	21.5		195	62.6	37.2	13.1	
18	225	1.56	81.1	29.1	195	14	76.3	22	2	210	58.3	40.6	14	
19	255	0.4	81.4	29.4	225	12.5	78.3	22.2	2	225	53.8	43	14.5	
20	285	0	82.6	29.4	255	11.1	79.6	22.4	2	240	49.9	46.5	14.5	
21					290	10	80.8	22.3	2	255	47.3	49	15.5	
22					310	9.4	80.6	22.4	2	270	45.2	51.2	16.1	
23					330	8.8	81.3	22.4	2	285	41.7	52.9	16.2	
24					405	7.7	81.6	22.6	1	315	38.8	55.2	16.2	
25					495	6.2	82.7	22.5		845	37.4	56.7	16.6	
26									3	875	36.4	56.7	16.6	
27									4	105	36	57.4	17	
28									4	150	36.1	57.5	16.8	

Table S8. Kinetic data for the model reaction employing indoline (2i) as promoter



Figure S3. The kinetic profile of the conversion and yield for the model reaction between 4-iodoanisole (1b) and benzene.



Figure S4. The kinetic profile of the conversion and yield for the model reaction between 4-bromoanisole (1a) and benzene.



Figure S5. The kinetic profile of the conversion and yield for the model reaction between 4-chloroanisole (1d) and benzene.

6. Effect of Oxygen on the Initiation

Indoline was employed as promoter in the model reaction between aryl halides and benzene to gain insight into the differences of the reactivity under trace oxygen and oxygen free conditions. And kinetic detection also was conducted to judge whether the induction period would be affected by the amount of oxygen for the activation of carbon-chloride bonds.

6.1 Comparison of the reactions conducted under trace O₂ and O₂-free conditions

(1) The reactions of ArI **1b**, ArBr **1a**, and ArCl **1c** employing indoline as promoter were tested under normal argon-protected atmosphere (referred to as "trace O_2 " condition) and rigorous oxygen-free atmosphere (referred to as " O_2 -free" condition).



The experiments were conducted following the experimental procedure described in Section 2.2, except that:

For "O₂-free" condition, the freshly distilled anhydrous benzene (from sodium/benzophenone under Ar) was deoxygenated by three freeze-pump-thaw cycles before use, and the reactions were set up in a reaction tube sealed with a Teflon screw valve under argon;

For "Trace O_2 " condition, the distilled benzene was used without further degas procedure and the reactions were set up using a Schlenk tube with a rubber septum under argon.

The results were summarized in Scheme 2 in the main text.

(2) The background reaction, i.e. the conversion of indoline under the reaction conditions without haloarene substrate, was tested under both "Trace O_2 " and " O_2 -free" conditions following the experimental procedure was described in Section 2.2 (except that no haloarene substrate was added). The results were shown in Scheme 2 in the main text.



6.2 Kinetic profiles for the reaction of ArCl 1d: the effect of O2



(1) Acquisition of the kinetic profile in the presence of O₂: A 25 mL Schlenk tube equipped with magnetic stirrer was charged with 4-chloroanisole (143 mg, 1.0 mmol), *t*-BuOK (336 mg, 3.00

mmol), and diphenyl (77.0 mg, 0.50 mmol, as internal standard) in a glove box. Dry benzene (6.0 mL) taken by a Hamilton syringe was added under a balloon pressure of argon. The reaction mixture was stirred in an oil bath at 85 °C for 5 minutes. To another 25 mL Schlenk flask charged with the indoline as additive (0.60 mmol) was added dry benzene (3.0 mL) under argon, and then 2.0 mL of the resulting solution was transferred by another Hamilton syringe to the former flask to start the reaction. After that, a balloon of oxygen was attached to the reaction flask. During the reaction progress, aliquots (ca. 0.1 mL) were taken from the reaction mixture at an interval of ca. 5 min. Each aliquot was placed into a sample bottle containing a mixture of water (ca. 0.8 mL) and ether (ca. 0.5 mL). After shaking, the organic phases were separated and analyzed by GC. The acquired kinetic data were shown in Table S9, which were used to construct Figure 2A in the main text.

(2) Acquisition of the kinetic profile with injection of O_2 during the induction period: A 25 mL Schlenk tube equipped with magnetic stirrer was charged with 4-chloroanisole (143 mg, 1.0 mmol), *t*-BuOK (336 mg, 3.00 mmol), and diphenyl (77.0 mg, 0.50 mmol, as internal standard) in a glove box. Dry benzene (6.0 mL) taken by a Hamilton syringe was added under a balloon pressure of argon. The reaction mixture was stirred in an oil bath at 85 °C for 5 minutes. To another 25 mL Schlenk flask charged with the indoline as additive (0.60 mmol) was added dry benzene (3.0 mL) under argon, and then 2.0 mL of the resulting solution was transferred by another Hamilton syringe to the former flask to start the reaction. Aliquots (ca. 0.1 mL) were taken from the reaction mixture at an interval of ca. 5 min. Each aliquot was placed into a sample bottle containing a mixture of water (ca. 0.8 mL) and ether (ca. 0.5 mL). After shaking, the organic phases were separated and analyzed by GC. After reacting for 30 minutes (still during the induction period), pure oxygen (10 mL) was injected to the reaction by a syringe. Sampling and GC analysis were continued for ca. 5 h. The acquired kinetic data were shown in Table S9, which were used to construct Figure 2B in the main text.

		(/	4)					(E	3)	
Entry	time (min)	[1d] (mM)	[3a] (mM)	[4] (mM)	time (min)	[1d] (mM)	[3a] (mM)	[4] (mM)	[indoline] (mM)	[indole] (mM)
1	10	122.2	7.6	2.0	5	125	0	0	43	1.8
2	20	108.3	18	4.5	13	125.4	0.18	0	43.5	1.8
3	30	97.4	27.6	6.6	20	125	0.15	0	43.5	1.8
4	40	86.3	37.5	8.3	28	123.9	0.4	0	43.4	1.8
5	50	78.7	44.8	9.3	35	117	2.9	1.1	26.5	16.6
6	60	73.4	49.8	9.9	45	113.3	6.4	1.9	14.7	24.7
7	70	71.8	54.3	10.2	55	108.9	8.4	2.3	9.3	29.3
8	80	69.7	55.4	10.2	65	108.5	9.1	2.4	6.3	35.7
9	90	69.5	56.1	10.4	75	107.6	8.9	2.3	4.4	36.4
10	100	66.7	55.7	10.4	85	108.8	9.3	2.3	3.4	38.9
11	110	69.4	56.1	10.3	100	108	8.9	2.3	2.3	38.4
12	120	67.2	56.1	10.3	115	107.8	9.1	2.3	1.6	38.2
13	135	66.9	56.6	10.5	130	108.8	9	2.4	1.6	37.1
14	160	69.4	56	10.3	145	108.7	9.2	2.3	1.4	36.7
15	210	69.2	56	10.4	165	108.8	9.3	2.4	1.1	37.4
16	300	68.5	55.5	10.2	210	108.6	9.1	2.2	0.7	36.8
					285	108.8	9.3	2.4	0	38.6

Table S9. Kinetic data for the 4-chloroanisole (1d). (A) In the presence of O₂; (B) With injection of oxygen at 30 minutes.



Figure S6. Kinetic profile for the model reaction between **1d** and benzene under Ar in the presence of O₂.



Figure S7. Kinetic profile for the model reaction between **1d** and benzene under Ar with injection of O₂.

7. Mechanistic Study Employing Cyclopropyl-Substituted Indoline as a Probe

Aiming to gain insight into possible radical intermediate(s) involved in the reaction, 2cyclopropylindoline (2m) and 3-cyclopropylindoline (2n) were employed in the BHAS reaction as mechanistic probes. Generation of radical intermediate with the radical centered on C2 or C3 position of indoline could induce radical ring-opening of the cyclopropane ring, producing the corresponding end-product. whether the related *N*-centered radical anion was existed in the initiation mechanism and further competition experiments were conducted to verify whether it could be a direct electron donor for substrate. 2-cyclopropylindoline and 3-cyclopropylindoline were synthesized following published procedure.^[16]

7.1 The model reaction employing 2-cyclopropylindoline (2m) as the probe molecule



Following the experimental procedure described in Section 2.2, the reaction employing indoline **2m** as the promoter were conducted. GC-MS and NMR analysis disclosed the formation of both **5m** and **5m**' as the end-product of indoline **2m**. The results were given in Table S10.



Table S10. Conversion and yield data for the model reaction employing 2-cyclopropylindoline (2m) as promoter under trace O₂ and O₂ free condition.

	ArX	_		trace O ₂	2			_	O ₂ free					
Entry	AIX	conv	.(%)		yield	d(%)		C	onv.(%)		yield	d(%)		
		1a-1c	2m	3a/3c	4	5m	5m'	1a-	1c 2m	3a/3c	4	5m	5m	
1	MeO-	90	95	65	26	65	7	91	21	67	17	6	2	
	1a (5 mM)													
2	MeO-	98	95	76	18	86	2	45	5 20	29	10	8	<1	
	1a (125 mM)													
3	MeO-	41	99	20	5	82	4	10) 23	1	<1	1	<1	
	1b (125 mM)													
4	С	21	97	11	N/A	74	6	1	I 13	1	N/A	1	<1	
	1c (125 mM)													

7.2 The model reaction employing 3-cyclopropylindoline (2n) as the probe molecule



Following the experimental procedure described in Section 2.2, the reaction employing indoline **2n** as the promoter were conducted. GC-MS and NMR analysis disclosed the formation of **5n** as the end-product of indoline **2n**. The results were given in Table S11. The ring opening end-product **5n**' was never observed, indicating that no indoline-derived radical species with the radical locating at C3-position was generated in the reaction.



Table S11. Conversion and yield data for the model reaction employing 3-cyclopropylindoline (2n) as promoter under trace O₂ and O₂ free condition.

Entry	ArX			trace O	2					O ₂ free			
		conv	.(%)		yiel	d(%)		conv	.(%)		yield	(%)	
		1a-1c	2n	3a/3c	4	5n	5n'	1a-1c	2n	3a/3c	4	5n	5n'
1	MeO	98	99	75	18	70	<1	36	40	15	5	24	<1
2	MeO	87	95	63	15	70	<1	19	30	4	2	15	<1
3	1b (125 mM)	20	99	7	N/A	71	<1	10	6	<1	N/A	4	<1

7.3 The background reaction of 2-cyclopropylindoline (2m) and 3-cyclopropylindoline (2n)



The background reaction, i.e. the conversion of indoline probe molecules 2m and 2n under the standard reaction conditions without haloarene substrate, was tested under both "Trace O₂" and "O₂-free" conditions following the experimental procedure was described in Section 2.2 (except that no haloarene substrate was added).



The results indicated that, the same as their behaviors in the model reactions, 2-cyclopropylindoline 2m could produce a mixture of indole end-product 5m and 5m', while 3-cyclopropylindiline 2n could only produce indole 5n as the end-product. This indicated that trace oxygen played an important role in the conversion of indole to indoline, and the involved radical intermediate has the radical locating at the C2 position of indoline.

7.4 Competition experiment



To probe whether the C2-centered radical species involves in the electron transfer process, a series of reactions were conducted employing bromoarene **1a** with different concentrations. The results of this competition experiment (Table S12) showed that, the ratio of **5m/5m'** increased as the concentration of haloarene **1a** increased (Scheme 4b in the main text). This clearly indicated that the radical species arising from the oxidation of indoline acted as an electron donor to participate in the SET-initiated activation of haloarenes.

Table S12. Conversion and yield data for the model reaction of different concentration of substrate employing 2-cyclopropylindoline (**2m**) as promoter.

Entry	[MeOPhBr] 1a	conversion of 1a (%)	yield of 3a (%)	yield of 4 (%)	yield of 5m (%)	yield of 5m' (%)	5m/5m'
1	10 mM	88	51	9	70	29	2.41
2	25 mM	60	21	9	81	15	5.41
3	50 mM	47	24	6	85	10	8.50
4	100 mM	36	17	5	65	6	10.8
5	125 mM	30	19	4	88	6	14.7

8. The Reduction Reaction by Using the Indoline/t-BuOK/O2 System

8.1 The reduction of benzophenone



To a 10 mL Schlenk tube charged with benzophenone (0.5 mmol), *t*-BuOK (336 mg, 3.0 mmol), and indoline (1.0 mmol) was added dry benzene (4 mL) under argon. The reaction mixture was stirred in an oil bath at 85 °C for 15 h. After cooled to room temperature, a solution of *n*-dodecane (4 mL, with a specific concentration) in ether was added as the standard, followed by water. After stirred for 2 min, the organic layer was separated and analyzed by GC, GC-MS, and NMR to obtain the conversion and yield of diphenylmethanol.

It was observed that, during the reduction reaction of benzophenone a deep blue color gradually developed, which was the iconic color of the benzophenone radical anion. EPR experiment was conducted for the diluted reaction mixture, and the results showed that benzophenone radical anion indeed formed in the reduction. The measured EPR spectrum and the simulated one were shown in Figure S8. The experimental EPR parameters obtained from simulation, as well as those reported in literature,^[17] were summarized in the Table S13. The result confirmed that the indoline/*t*-BuOK/O₂ system had a potent reductive power.





Figure S8. Experimental (red) and simulated (black) EPR spectra of the benzophenone anion radical measured at room temperature.

Table S13.	. EPR spe	ctroscopic	parameters	of the l	benzophen	one ani	on radical	observed	in the
reduction o	of benzop	henone.							

		Hyperfine coupling constants (MHz)			_
	g factor	<i>a</i> (2H,p)	<i>a</i> (4H,o)	<i>a</i> (4H,m)	Line width (mT)
Experimental	2.0037	9.72	7.68	2.72	0.0057
Reported	2.0033	9.83	8.01	2.93	-

The isolated product, benzhydrol (7), exhibited identical spectroscopic data to those the reported in literature.^[18]

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.43-7.35 (m, 8H), 7.32-7.27 (m, 2H), 5.88 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.24 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 143.9, 128.6, 127.7, 126.6, 76.4.

¹H NMR:



210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 ppm

8.2 The reduction of diphenylaceylene

8		ti (2 equiv.) µOK (6 equiv) H, 80 °C, 15 h trace O ₂	(E)-9	+
	Condition	Conversion	Yield (GC)	
		70%	36% Z 32% E	
	without 2i	1.0%	N.D.	

The experiment was conducted following the experimental procedure described above (except that diphenylacetylene as substrate was added).

8.3 The reductive cleavage of diphenyl sulfone



The experiment was conducted following the experimental procedure described above (except that diphenyl sulfone as substrate was added). And after cooled to room temperature, a solution of *n*-dodecane (4 mL, with a specific concentration) in ether was added as the standard, followed by sodium acetate aqueous solution (4 mL, with a specific concentration). After stirred for 2 min, the organic layer was separated and analyzed by GC and GC-MS to obtain the conversion and the yield of biphenyl, and the water phase was analyzed by NMR to obtain the yield of the benzenesulfinite and benzenesulfonate salts.

Water-peak-suppressed ¹H NMR of the water phase for the reductive cleavage of diphenyl sulfone, showing the production of both potassium benzenesulfinite and potassium benzenesulfonate:



8.4 The reductive cleavage of benzyl trityl ether

Ĺ	Ph Ph Ph 11	2i (2 equi <i>t-</i> BuOK (6 e PhH, 80 °C, trace O	v.) quiv) 15 h 2	Ph H ^{Ph} Ph 12
	Promoter	Conversion	Yield	
		50%	38% GC 30% isolate	ed
	without 2i	5.0%	<1.0%	

The experiment was conducted following the experimental procedure described above (except that trityl ether **11** was used as substrate). After cooled to room temperature, a solution of *n*-dodecane and 1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene (4 mL, with specific concentrations) in ether was added as the standards, followed by water. After stirred for 2 min, the organic layer was separated and analyzed by GC, GC-MS, NMR to obtain the conversion and yield.

The product triphenylmethane (12) was obtained by flash column chromatography. The spectroscopic data were consistent with those reported in literature.^[19]

¹H NMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* 7.33-7.13 (m, 15H), 5.58 (s, 1H).

¹H NMR:



8.5 The reduction reaction employing different promoters

Following the experimental procedure described above, the reduction reactions employing different small molecules as reductants were conducted. The yields of products from reduction or reductive cleavage were listed in Table S14 for comparison. The results indicated that the indoline/*t*-BuOK/O₂ system exhibited best performance in single electron reduction.

Table S14. Yields for the reduction reactions employing various small organic molecules as reductants.

Substrate Promoter	Ph Ph	PhSO ₂ Ph	PhPh	Ph~O-CPh3
Me N.Me	48%	6.5% PhPh <1.0% PhSO ₂ K 13% PhSO ₃ K	1.1% Z 2.0% E	4.4%
	N.D.	51% PhPh 48% PhSO ₂ K <1.0% PhSO ₃ K	N.D.	N.D.
CN OH	80%	15% PhPh 85% PhSO ₂ K <1.0% PhSO ₃ K	9.2% Z 3.6% E	3.0%
	61% GC 57% isolated	26% PhPh 58% PhSO ₂ K 28% PhSO ₃ K	36% Z 32% E	38% GC 30% isolated

9. DFT Computational Study

9.1 General Procedure

All calculations were performed using the Gaussian 09 program.^[20] Geometry optimization and vibrational analysis were performed with the B3LYP method using 6-31G(d) basis set for all atoms except iodine, which used the LANL2DZ basis set (referred to as BS1). Single point energies were calculated at the M06- $2X^{[21]}/6-311+G(d,p)$ level (LANL2DZ for iodine) with the solvent effects modeled using the CPCM solvation model (solvent = benzene, referred to as BS2). Gibbs free energies in benzene at 298.15 K were calculated by adding the zero-point vibrational energy obtained from the B3LYP frequency calculation to the M06-2X solution-phase electronic potential energies. Exception: **Int-6** and **Int-7** were optimized at M062X/6-31G(d) level of the theory due to failure to optimize these structures under the B3LYP/6-31G(d) level of the theory.

In this DFT computational study, *t*-BuOK was considered as a tetramer,^[16] and the byproduct *t*-BuOH and KX were considered as a dimer complex in the form of (t-BuOH·KX)₂.

The calculated zero-point correction, thermal correction to energy, thermal correction to enthalpy, thermal correction to Gibbs free energy (under BS1), and electric energy E (under BS2) were summarized in the table below.

	Zero-point	Thermo correction to (BS1)			
Structure	correction (BS1)	energy	enthalpy	Gibbs free energy	<i>E</i> (BS2)
PhI	0.090079	0.095984	0.096928	0.058305	-242.934879
PhBr	0.090906	0.096593	0.097538	0.060037	-2805.773029
PhCl	0.091255	0.096749	0.097693	0.061475	-691.801292
Ph•	0.087653	0.092022	0.092966	0.059610	-231.514350
O ₂	0.003775	0.006138	0.007082	-0.016204	-150.307681
(<i>t</i> -BuOK) ₄	0.500961	0.538007	0.538951	0.432418	-3332.130561
(t-BuOK) ₃ •KO ₂	0.379669	0.412825	0.413769	0.311622	-3249.430231
<i>t</i> -BuOH	0.13616	0.142898	0.143842	0.107144	-233.634106
(t-BuOH•KI) ₂	0.275951	0.299956	0.300900	0.214434	-1690.083536
(t-BuOH•KBr) ₂	0.276811	0.300586	0.301530	0.216733	-6815.756461
(t-BuOH•KCI) ₂	0.277145	0.300720	0.301664	0.215154	-2587.800403
Int-1	0.401899	0.428611	0.429555	0.341257	-2031.004736
Int-2	0.389548	0.416662	0.417607	0.324314	-2030.359841
Int-3	0.389446	0.416213	0.417157	0.328193	-2030.364026
Int-4	0.378971	0.405622	0.406566	0.314500	-2029.791237
Int-5	0.380633	0.406904	0.407848	0.319322	-2029.825702
Int-6	0.227961	0.244023	0.244967	0.182419	-3639.343873
Int-7	0.228563	0.244363	0.245307	0.183990	-1525.371512
TS-1	0.385303	0.411451	0.412395	0.324794	-2030.357349

9.2 The Results of SET process between Int-1 and PhBr, PhCl



9.3 Coordinates and Energies of Stationary Points

PhI, G_{sol} = -242.8765744 Hatree

С	-2.66014800	-1.20814900	0.00000000
С	-1.26084000	-1.21577500	0.00000100
С	-0.57430900	-0.00002500	-0.00000400
С	-1.26082500	1.21576300	-0.0000300
С	-2.66010600	1.20817400	0.00000400
С	-3.36238300	0.00000900	-0.00000100
Н	-3.19687100	-2.15354700	0.00000400
Н	-0.72049300	-2.15684300	-0.00000100
Н	-0.72042200	2.15680000	-0.00000500
Н	-3.19684500	2.15356300	0.00000900
Н	-4.44898200	0.00004300	-0.00000400
I	1.56519400	0.0000000	0.0000000

PhBr, $G_{sol} = -2805.7129918$ Hatree

С	-2.18131200	-1.20787800	0.00000100
С	-0.78483200	-1.21598400	0.00000600
С	-0.10278100	-0.00002000	-0.00001900
С	-0.78482300	1.21597600	-0.00000400
С	-2.18127700	1.20789900	0.00001100
С	-2.88180300	0.00000600	-0.00000500
Н	-2.71877600	-2.15225600	0.0000400
Н	-0.23389500	-2.15019700	0.00000600
Н	-0.23383200	2.15015900	-0.00000500

Н	-2.71876000	2.15226700	0.00001600
Н	-3.96799700	0.00003500	-0.00001000
Br	1.81069200	0.00000000	0.00000100

PhCl, $G_{sol} = -691.7398165$ Hatree

С	-1.57446700	-1.20778900	0.0000200
С	-0.17825400	-1.21642300	0.0000600
С	0.50423500	-0.00001400	-0.00001300
С	-0.17824900	1.21641800	-0.00000500
С	-1.57444200	1.20780600	0.00001200
С	-2.27509500	0.0000300	-0.00000700
Н	-2.11248200	-2.15180400	0.0000300
Н	0.37483200	-2.14971700	0.0000400
Н	0.37487900	2.14968800	-0.00000800
Н	-2.11247600	2.15181000	0.00001500
Н	-3.36124600	0.00002500	-0.00001400
Cl	2.26436100	0.00000000	0.00000200

Ph·, $G_{sol} = -231.4547402$ Hatree

С	-1.21448400	0.63274300	-0.00000600
С	-1.22666100	-0.77198600	0.00002200
С	-0.00001200	-1.40033000	-0.00001000
С	1.22666400	-0.77197700	-0.00000800
С	1.21449700	0.63271600	0.00001800
С	-0.0000300	1.32501700	-0.00000500
Н	-2.15494700	1.17922700	-0.00002800
Н	-2.16313400	-1.32355400	-0.00000900
Н	2.16310700	-1.32359900	-0.00002600
Н	2.15493900	1.17923900	0.00001100
Н	0.00002700	2.41158300	-0.00002200

O_2 , $G_{sol} = -150.3238852$ Hatree

0	0.0000000	0.00000000	0.60710800
0	0.0000000	0.00000000	-0.60710800

$(t-BuOK)_4, G_{sol} = -3331.698143$ Hatree



0	1.31832400	1.31832400	-1.31832400
0	1.31832400	-1.31832400	1.31832400
0	-1.31832400	1.31832400	1.31832400
0	-1.31832400	-1.31832400	-1.31832400
K	-1.31549400	-1.31549400	1.31549400
K	1.31549400	1.31549400	1.31549400
K	1.31549400	-1.31549400	-1.31549400
K	-1.31549400	1.31549400	-1.31549400
С	-2.11660100	-2.11660100	-2.11660100
С	-3.02897800	-1.25127700	-3.02897800
С	-1.25127700	-3.02897800	-3.02897800
С	-3.02897800	-3.02897800	-1.25127700
Н	-3.67168400	-0.60827200	-2.41070900
Н	-2.41070900	-0.60827200	-3.67168400
Н	-3.68195500	-1.84584300	-3.68195500
Н	-0.60827200	-3.67168400	-2.41070900
Н	-1.84584300	-3.68195500	-3.68195500
Н	-0.60827200	-2.41070900	-3.67168400
Н	-3.68195500	-3.68195500	-1.84584300
Н	-2.41070900	-3.67168400	-0.60827200
Н	-3.67168400	-2.41070900	-0.60827200
С	-2.11660100	2.11660100	2.11660100
С	-3.02897800	3.02897800	1.25127700
С	-3.02897800	1.25127700	3.02897800
С	-1.25127700	3.02897800	3.02897800
Н	-2.41070900	3.67168400	0.60827200
Н	-3.67168400	2.41070900	0.60827200
Н	-3.68195500	3.68195500	1.84584300
Н	-2.41070900	0.60827200	3.67168400
Н	-3.68195500	1.84584300	3.68195500
Н	-3.67168400	0.60827200	2.41070900
Н	-1.84584300	3.68195500	3.68195500
Н	-0.60827200	2.41070900	3.67168400
Н	-0.60827200	3.67168400	2.41070900
С	2.11660100	-2.11660100	2.11660100
С	3.02897800	-1.25127700	3.02897800
С	1.25127700	-3.02897800	3.02897800
С	3.02897800	-3.02897800	1.25127700
Н	3.67168400	-0.60827200	2.41070900
Н	2.41070900	-0.60827200	3.67168400
Н	3.68195500	-1.84584300	3.68195500
Н	0.60827200	-3.67168400	2.41070900
Н	1.84584300	-3.68195500	3.68195500
Н	0.60827200	-2.41070900	3.67168400

Н	3.68195500	-3.68195500	1.84584300
Н	2.41070900	-3.67168400	0.60827200
Н	3.67168400	-2.41070900	0.60827200
С	2.11660100	2.11660100	-2.11660100
С	3.02897800	1.25127700	-3.02897800
С	1.25127700	3.02897800	-3.02897800
С	3.02897800	3.02897800	-1.25127700
Н	3.67168400	0.60827200	-2.41070900
Н	2.41070900	0.60827200	-3.67168400
Н	3.68195500	1.84584300	-3.68195500
Н	0.60827200	3.67168400	-2.41070900
Н	1.84584300	3.68195500	-3.68195500
Н	0.60827200	2.41070900	-3.67168400
Н	3.68195500	3.68195500	-1.84584300
Н	2.41070900	3.67168400	-0.60827200
Н	3.67168400	2.41070900	-0.60827200

$(t-BuOK)_3 \cdot KO_2, G_{sol} = -3249.118609$ Hatree



0	-2.02357300	-0.80550900	-0.17062500
0	0.34458600	2.04223900	-0.32974400
0	1.65026300	-1.42128700	-0.15592900
K	2.05784900	0.79598000	1.27124700
K	-1.69654100	1.42571900	1.25550900
K	-0.01611900	-0.11854000	-1.73942800
K	-0.36865700	-2.17340400	1.31841100
С	2.68065900	-2.23797200	-0.58457200
С	2.49464400	-3.68787600	-0.05789400
С	2.73611000	-2.29378700	-2.13618000
С	4.05168600	-1.71410400	-0.07452400
Н	2.47420900	-3.68589300	1.04145800
Н	1.54122900	-4.09708800	-0.42238600
Н	3.29278600	-4.37259600	-0.37455200
Н	2.88898700	-1.28264700	-2.53969300
Н	3.54342500	-2.93152000	-2.52067400
Н	1.78667400	-2.68446600	-2.52963700
Н	4.90039200	-2.33602900	-0.38915800
Н	4.22663200	-0.69730900	-0.45481800
Н	4.05220300	-1.68047300	1.02437200
С	0.56053000	3.31259600	-0.83168900

С	-0.55393800	4.29049700	-0.36654000
С	1.92533800	3.87715100	-0.34840400
С	0.57034100	3.30003400	-2.38543100
Н	-1.53319100	3.93225000	-0.71601300
Н	-0.57226500	4.34071100	0.73132600
Н	-0.42051100	5.31311200	-0.74427600
Н	2.74035500	3.21962700	-0.68431900
Н	2.13601000	4.88640600	-0.72686900
Н	1.94341400	3.92229200	0.74962700
Н	0.74308300	4.29022300	-2.82838300
Н	1.36350400	2.63000400	-2.74726100
Н	-0.39447300	2.93007800	-2.76135100
С	-3.26179900	-1.25450700	-0.59217300
С	-3.32948100	-1.31907500	-2.14274000
С	-3.55383200	-2.67693900	-0.03864800
С	-4.39135500	-0.30772700	-0.10042100
Н	-3.14764200	-0.32056100	-2.56510100
Н	-2.55470500	-2.00127100	-2.52097200
Н	-4.29803900	-1.67079400	-2.52280700
Н	-3.53316000	-2.66095200	1.06058600
Н	-4.53061000	-3.07322300	-0.34700200
Н	-2.78444100	-3.37923800	-0.39111000
Н	-5.39459400	-0.62729600	-0.41245600
Н	-4.38435000	-0.25816500	0.99792100
Н	-4.22713100	0.70498500	-0.49587800
0	-0.02726800	-0.08952900	2.75237200
0	0.18282700	1.17343000	3.15838600

t-BuOH, G_{sol} = -233.5269675 Hatree

0	-0.01453700	0.00008800	1.45195500
Н	-0.94488600	-0.00084000	1.72916400
С	0.00543900	0.00001700	0.01451000
С	-0.68897200	-1.26637400	-0.51026400
С	-0.69176600	1.26478900	-0.51042200
С	1.49078100	0.00159300	-0.35653800
Н	-0.20860400	-2.15997300	-0.09817300
Н	-1.74671700	-1.28063400	-0.21483200
Н	-0.65072500	-1.32319800	-1.60449300
Н	-0.21305500	2.15957000	-0.09896700
Н	-0.65421700	1.32123800	-1.60469400
Н	-1.74939200	1.27700500	-0.21446400
Н	1.62247300	0.00175700	-1.44388200
Н	1.98332100	0.88855800	0.05550800

<i>t</i> -Bu	⊣ `Bu- <i>t</i>		
Н	-2.46240100	0.37454400	-0.07908300
С	-3.34419300	-1.44469100	0.00071400
С	-4.55232200	-0.83957700	-0.72523300
Н	-5.42470900	-1.49767700	-0.63816200
Н	-4.82206600	0.13601300	-0.30178800
Н	-4.33380200	-0.70143000	-1.79025600
С	-2.94081600	-2.78905100	-0.60715100
Н	-2.79863900	-2.69700000	-1.69066400
Н	-2.00256600	-3.14780900	-0.17096000
Н	-3.72071100	-3.53887000	-0.43155400
С	-3.62367400	-1.58344500	1.50492100
Н	-2.76307600	-2.03331000	2.01529600
Н	-3.83392300	-0.60481000	1.95449700
Н	-4.49119500	-2.22898500	1.68625400
0	-2.19306000	-0.56816200	-0.17850200
К	0.00412200	0.03460900	1.79214700
I	-1.37726100	2.74104600	-0.00442800
Н	2.46017300	-0.37484900	0.07330700
С	3.34474700	1.44314700	-0.00697300
С	3.62899300	1.58052800	-1.51042000
Н	4.49813500	2.22450800	-1.68949600
Н	3.83892900	0.60127900	-1.95877900
Н	2.77070100	2.03145400	-2.02373800
С	2.94183400	2.78856000	0.59890000
Н	2.00518200	3.14846500	0.16025500
Н	2.79680700	2.69765400	1.68212900
Н	3.72329700	3.53706600	0.42466000
С	4.54964400	0.83642900	0.72293800
Н	4.32775800	0.69917900	1.78738800
Н	4.81911400	-0.13980500	0.30083100
Н	5.42331600	1.49311500	0.63818200
0	2.19157400	0.56852000	0.16909500
К	-0.00233300	-0.03207800	-1.79179800
I	1.37617300	-2.74068900	0.00922300

$(t-BuOH \cdot KI)_2$, $G_{sol} = -1689.869102$ Hatree

$(t-BuOH \cdot KBr)_2$, $G_{sol} = -6815.539728$ Hatree



С	4.60485700	-0.67320800	-0.76879800
С	3.63032200	0.25383800	-0.03053800
Н	4.51443700	-1.70569200	-0.40944900
Н	4.39648400	-0.66620200	-1.84442600
Н	5.64226200	-0.35345100	-0.61842700
С	3.72638800	1.69283500	-0.54297100
С	3.86884200	0.19587200	1.48733300
Н	2.92284100	2.30330600	-0.11722400
Н	4.69205400	2.13662600	-0.27720100
Н	3.62854200	1.71887300	-1.63463600
Н	4.89453800	0.48707800	1.74076100
Н	3.19056300	0.88381800	2.00776500
Н	3.70500800	-0.82036500	1.86723000
0	2.27285200	-0.16314900	-0.30799200
К	0.00178600	-0.00052700	1.68650700
К	-0.00054800	0.00149200	-1.80816800
0	-2.27311400	0.16256500	-0.30734400
С	-3.63065600	-0.25411100	-0.03012700
С	-4.60491800	0.67380100	-0.76768100
С	-3.72720800	-1.69270900	-0.54361700
С	-3.86908800	-0.19721200	1.48779700
Н	-4.51412000	1.70599500	-0.40759400
Н	-4.39656800	0.66750900	-1.84331800
Н	-5.64243100	0.35429400	-0.61751000
Н	-2.92404400	-2.30380200	-0.11805000
Н	-4.69314800	-2.13625100	-0.27843500
Н	-3.62906700	-1.71801900	-1.63527300
Н	-4.89484300	-0.48836800	1.74105100
Н	-3.19087900	-0.88565000	2.00764000
Н	-3.70502000	0.81871100	1.86844700
Н	2.16138100	-1.13112500	-0.15173900
Н	-2.16105000	1.13017000	-0.14920600
Br	-0.38829700	2.68462500	0.06259900
Br	0.38802300	-2.68478900	0.06184300

(*t*-BuOH·KCl)₂, G_{sol} = -2587.585249 Hatree



С	-4.55417500	0.80020200	-0.91753600
С	-3.71462500	-0.13823700	-0.03911100
Н	-4.37419000	1.84934900	-0.65383400
Н	-4.29772300	0.66426900	-1.97425600
Н	-5.62509100	0.60021600	-0.79679600
С	-3.91665300	-1.60099100	-0.44001700
С	-4.04374400	0.07274100	1.44780600
Н	-3.23972800	-2.25160400	0.12306300
Н	-4.94859600	-1.91610400	-0.25020500
Н	-3.70714300	-1.73923300	-1.50680500
Н	-5.10293400	-0.12036600	1.65296400
Н	-3.45253200	-0.61033400	2.07056000
Н	-3.82502500	1.10391400	1.75133800
0	-2.31216200	0.13574300	-0.25331600
K	0.00011000	0.00239500	1.73335700
K	-0.00022500	0.00246700	-1.75036400
0	2.31181600	-0.13334300	-0.25112100
С	3.71586300	0.13447900	-0.03914000
С	4.54967300	-0.80427800	-0.92269300
С	3.92282800	1.59773600	-0.43558900
С	4.04754400	-0.08291000	1.44625900
Н	4.36572100	-1.85359800	-0.66245600
Н	4.29170700	-0.66337100	-1.97839900
Н	5.62167000	-0.60928300	-0.80339400
Н	3.25082800	2.24938200	0.13217100
Н	4.95678800	1.90772500	-0.24828600
Н	3.71010500	1.74068000	-1.50110600
Н	5.10784400	0.10589700	1.64968800
Н	3.46001200	0.59989800	2.07277600
Н	3.82599000	-1.11438000	1.74665600
Cl	0.45563500	-2.48859900	0.09323000
Cl	-0.45854700	2.49272500	0.09290900
Н	-2.12140000	1.09640300	-0.11507600
Н	2.11789600	-1.09363900	-0.11421400

Int-1, G_{sol} = -2030.663479 Hatree



С	2.89996800	-1.92976300	-0.19991600
С	1.60692900	-1.39375600	-0.46929000
С	0.47543300	-2.10670900	-0.00506300
С	0.66023100	-3.29274700	0.72545900
С	1.93372900	-3.79363200	0.99945300
С	3.06249100	-3.09706000	0.52353200
С	3.91351600	-0.95606800	-0.76193600
С	3.00881500	-0.06553100	-1.66075300
Н	-0.53647100	-1.77641500	-0.24634800
Н	-0.21715800	-3.84829400	1.05509300
Н	2.05443600	-4.72261900	1.54968000
Н	4.06066300	-3.48309600	0.72571000
Н	4.37638100	-0.36708000	0.04655300
Н	3.33228000	0.98463800	-1.66928300
Н	4.72923900	-1.42940500	-1.32035400
Н	3.07733700	-0.42185500	-2.70456700
Ν	1.62345100	-0.19970200	-1.16245500
K	-0.89405400	0.68958200	-1.86378500
0	0.63730300	1.64791400	0.40296600
С	1.28972100	2.91045900	0.55562200
С	2.68811600	2.71255200	1.16577000
Н	3.31903400	2.10673600	0.50669100
Н	3.19201200	3.67246300	1.33160600
Н	2.61183600	2.19523300	2.12941400
С	1.39803500	3.60897400	-0.81328200
Н	0.39818700	3.76838600	-1.23844000
Н	1.88582700	4.58756600	-0.73137600
Н	1.98154900	2.99911300	-1.51280100
С	0.41144100	3.74302200	1.49954300
Н	0.82195300	4.74874500	1.64512500
Н	-0.60260100	3.83875400	1.09427800
Н	0.34389400	3.26346400	2.48472800
0	-2.46078100	-0.06114700	-0.04513900
K	-0.83211600	-0.02362400	1.83946000
С	-3.78477500	-0.44231500	-0.15751000
С	-4.10680500	-1.60014300	0.82560500
Н	-3.44161500	-2.45022300	0.62867600
Н	-3.93901500	-1.26823500	1.86128200
Н	-5.14486200	-1.95312500	0.75745300
С	-4.72508600	0.74853300	0.15832200

-4.51773100	1.57921100	-0.52926100
-5.79057700	0.49294900	0.07612600
-4.53841400	1.11025300	1.17829800
-4.09047900	-0.93975500	-1.59772500
-5.12348000	-1.28903700	-1.72889100
-3.92919600	-0.12330300	-2.31878600
-3.41522900	-1.76604600	-1.85520600
1.18494600	0.96540600	-0.20565300
	-4.51773100 -5.79057700 -4.53841400 -4.09047900 -5.12348000 -3.92919600 -3.41522900 1.18494600	-4.517731001.57921100-5.790577000.49294900-4.538414001.11025300-4.09047900-0.93975500-5.12348000-1.28903700-3.92919600-0.12330300-3.41522900-1.766046001.184946000.96540600

Int-2, $G_{sol} = -2030.035527$ Hatree



С	-3.82705800	1.42264100	-0.11394500
С	-2.63653400	0.68624000	0.18769400
С	-2.35206800	-0.54017300	-0.47794600
С	-3.26950400	-0.98910700	-1.41840900
С	-4.43913000	-0.26129100	-1.71182700
С	-4.72091800	0.95132700	-1.05864500
С	-3.84141200	2.65832000	0.74668700
С	-2.51127200	2.50995500	1.54111300
Н	-1.43978000	-1.10565400	-0.25393400
Н	-3.08434700	-1.92732300	-1.93536800
Н	-5.13640700	-0.64329400	-2.45270100
Н	-5.62856900	1.50075900	-1.29639900
Н	-3.86468500	3.57852500	0.14973500
Н	-1.82165900	3.34535900	1.35707100
Н	-4.71590700	2.68908600	1.40891200
Н	-2.67441600	2.48098200	2.62738100
N	-1.85827800	1.26359200	1.12710300
K	0.76631400	0.21380400	1.49135700
0	2.28291400	1.11401600	-0.33427500
С	3.18011400	2.15883800	-0.30373300
С	2.62243800	3.38568900	-1.07121700
Н	1.66937700	3.69831200	-0.62550300
Н	3.30504300	4.24720200	-1.06801500
Н	2.42425300	3.11045600	-2.11573000
С	3.47195000	2.59231800	1.16140000
Н	3.86445600	1.73685500	1.72848400
Н	4.19879000	3.41265100	1.23898200
Н	2.54155700	2.92846000	1.64296100
С	4.52893300	1.74196900	-0.95305900

Н	5.29151000	2.53281400	-0.92671500
Н	4.92915000	0.86069600	-0.43489700
Н	4.36560400	1.47232200	-2.00688200
0	0.47901800	-1.94307200	0.08402300
K	1.79587600	-0.84087700	-1.76052500
С	0.58634600	-3.24479000	0.53671300
С	-0.68242000	-4.06233500	0.18507700
Н	-1.56395800	-3.60201400	0.64777400
Н	-0.83502100	-4.05735000	-0.90224000
Н	-0.62625300	-5.10800100	0.51820600
С	1.81459000	-3.94954900	-0.10540700
Н	2.72892800	-3.38127800	0.11747400
Н	1.96343800	-4.97875400	0.24852300
Н	1.69114800	-3.99251200	-1.19821000
С	0.77381900	-3.27509500	2.07982900
Н	0.85658700	-4.29078400	2.49009500
Н	1.68771500	-2.72929300	2.35724700
Н	-0.08292300	-2.78626600	2.56428000





С	-2.87499800	-2.01530800	0.24427600
С	-1.58087200	-1.45245000	0.45360500
С	-0.44572700	-2.12738500	-0.05517700
С	-0.63053500	-3.30938100	-0.78596800
С	-1.90665200	-3.83572200	-1.01798800
С	-3.03385200	-3.18186600	-0.48350000
С	-3.87171600	-1.13635800	0.97185800
С	-2.96566100	-0.00494500	1.41721700
Н	0.56478300	-1.77198900	0.15606700
Н	0.24419400	-3.84125300	-1.15832500
Н	-2.02546200	-4.75631800	-1.58262600
Н	-4.02568400	-3.60507800	-0.63630700
Н	-4.71234300	-0.81174400	0.33516100
Н	-4.34306200	-1.67496100	1.81947300
Ν	-1.61874800	-0.26893500	1.16795900
K	0.88211700	0.63678200	1.91191400
0	-0.61008700	1.76504400	-0.37389800
С	-1.35042200	2.99420900	-0.51756600
С	-2.71155000	2.69809700	-1.16411800

Н	-3.27681000	1.99331600	-0.54219500
Н	-3.30261800	3.61407500	-1.28263500
Н	-2.57454500	2.24955100	-2.15574600
С	-1.54107200	3.63325400	0.86830200
Н	-0.56713400	3.83052400	1.33496400
Н	-2.07961700	4.58552600	0.79916000
Н	-2.11732000	2.96542500	1.51849300
С	-0.49529700	3.89577900	-1.41275500
Н	-0.96820300	4.87392600	-1.55228900
Н	0.49577700	4.05061500	-0.97068100
Н	-0.36319600	3.44269500	-2.40358900
0	2.41768800	-0.05309100	0.04358000
K	0.79878800	0.03770500	-1.84646300
С	3.74525400	-0.42794000	0.14601400
С	4.07367300	-1.56118400	-0.86273700
Н	3.41584100	-2.42079900	-0.68366600
Н	3.90159900	-1.20806700	-1.89066900
Н	5.11456300	-1.90720800	-0.80408100
С	4.67631700	0.77639100	-0.14396500
Н	4.46416400	1.58998500	0.56231600
Н	5.74358400	0.52642400	-0.06878400
Н	4.48587700	1.15955100	-1.15534800
С	4.05615700	-0.95511400	1.57444600
Н	5.09098100	-1.30221500	1.69556900
Н	3.89397500	-0.15543200	2.31412300
Н	3.38578400	-1.79027600	1.81561700
Н	-1.13853000	1.09319400	0.16859800
Н	-3.23164400	0.70173900	2.19898600

Int-4, G_{sol} = -2029.476737 Hatree



H	-3.07009700	-1.80474900	-2.01027000
Н	-5.07249900	-0.44647500	-2.51599600
Н	-5.54049300	1.64646500	-1.25814600
Н	-3.66921400	3.59589200	0.40016400
Н	-4.58874200	2.67140200	1.58471300
N	-1.84467100	1.24431900	1.28443900
К	0.80153900	0.14891900	1.53863100
0	2.19442100	1.14830500	-0.32746800
С	3.07499400	2.20731600	-0.30368200
С	2.46895800	3.44305800	-1.01836300
Н	1.52693200	3.72560900	-0.53116200
Н	3.13581100	4.31681500	-1.01631000
Н	2.23892900	3.19129500	-2.06229900
С	3.41382900	2.60979100	1.16037000
Н	3.84175100	1.74789500	1.69108900
Н	4.12932500	3.44056300	1.23205600
Н	2.49621800	2.91764400	1.68364900
С	4.40521100	1.82974400	-1.01235200
Н	5.15497700	2.63300200	-0.99417300
Н	4.83888900	0.94284900	-0.53225000
Н	4.20726000	1.58298300	-2.06579700
0	0.48247200	-1.95634900	0.07607900
K	1.63217700	-0.74733800	-1.80851800
С	0.61717700	-3.26898200	0.48783100
С	-0.66529500	-4.08223600	0.17954400
Н	-1.52405900	-3.63611200	0.69595300
Н	-0.87173100	-4.05144600	-0.89832200
Н	-0.59017500	-5.13548200	0.48385500
С	1.81389900	-3.94900200	-0.23439500
Н	2.73513000	-3.38065500	-0.04335200
Н	1.98500200	-4.98669400	0.08310500
Н	1.63499400	-3.96196500	-1.32008500
С	0.88255000	-3.33895400	2.01829900
Н	0.99244400	-4.36445300	2.39649600
Н	1.80580100	-2.79360700	2.26407300
Н	0.04784800	-2.87061300	2.55871200
Н	-2.04843900	2.94883500	2.44984900

Int-5, G_{sol} = -2029.476737 Hatree



С	-2.81225600	-2.04711000	0.28944600
С	-1.50187300	-1.50675200	0.53270900
С	-0.35841200	-2.16464600	0.03215200
С	-0.52807300	-3.31280800	-0.74344200
С	-1.81671100	-3.82724200	-1.00915100
С	-2.95020500	-3.21070600	-0.49110000
С	-3.71396600	-1.17668600	0.97419000
С	-2.92119000	-0.20241900	1.55608100
Н	0.64693500	-1.80342700	0.25937400
Н	0.34717900	-3.84179700	-1.11655000
Н	-1.91790900	-4.73122200	-1.60519000
Н	-3.93574200	-3.63170200	-0.68151800
N	-1.57273000	-0.35452800	1.29985900
К	0.90571200	0.66489200	1.94926800
0	-0.71777500	1.72164300	-0.32945800
С	-1.55594200	2.87715800	-0.53884000
С	-2.87211800	2.44287100	-1.20221000
Н	-3.39874300	1.71015500	-0.58048600
Н	-3.53522200	3.30096100	-1.36299300
Н	-2.67430800	1.97985000	-2.17653800
С	-1.82675500	3.55836400	0.81296600
Н	-0.88209200	3.85441300	1.28603700
Н	-2.44025800	4.45817100	0.68927100
Н	-2.35851600	2.87891800	1.48853800
С	-0.75866100	3.80847400	-1.45676000
Н	-1.30867900	4.73606900	-1.64861500
Н	0.20541500	4.06423400	-1.00292900
Н	-0.56589600	3.32635600	-2.42344200
0	2.40427900	0.03851000	0.03650300
K	0.72234700	-0.01190100	-1.80500900
С	3.75388700	-0.26087500	0.08429700
С	4.10647400	-1.36543300	-0.94814000
Н	3.50421600	-2.26179200	-0.75387300
Н	3.87737100	-1.01349000	-1.96541100
Н	5.16624100	-1.65380300	-0.93190000
С	4.60384700	0.99644500	-0.22862700
Н	4.37430700	1.79090700	0.49391000
Н	5.68548700	0.80623600	-0.19709100
Н	4.35253800	1.37675900	-1.22765100
С	4.14853500	-0.78163900	1.49412900
Н	5.20509100	-1.07072700	1.57246600
Н	3.96996300	0.00123400	2.24790900
Н	3.53571400	-1.65511500	1.75186900
Н	-3.25923100	0.63210700	2.16554800

Н	-1.19780200	1.04322400	0.23801100
Н	-4.79159300	-1.26481900	1.03876900

Int-6 (PhBr·K·t-BuOH), $G_{sol} = -3639.161454$ Hatree

Br H K t-Bu			
С	-3.18507700	-1.37516400	0.46319800
С	-2.21275500	-1.11728400	1.49217000
С	-1.40908900	0.05841200	1.33387400
С	-1.37860900	0.69428700	0.12094100
С	-2.11559800	0.25832000	-1.02583300
С	-3.14354900	-0.70625400	-0.73762100
Н	-2.33016800	-1.55053600	2.47829100
Н	-0.81581300	0.43332000	2.16233400
Н	1.16776700	0.34153000	-0.84224700
Н	-2.15579800	0.87216500	-1.91580200
Н	-3.88977400	-0.91681200	-1.50050800
Н	-3.96364600	-2.11337200	0.64024100
С	2.66694900	-0.53249800	0.07884100
С	3.62252000	0.59217400	-0.31241500
Н	4.49578400	0.61250300	0.34692500
Н	3.96188700	0.45638500	-1.34355500
Н	3.11629900	1.56128400	-0.23665800
С	2.13997700	-0.33130900	1.49866200
Н	1.60993300	0.62362100	1.57553000
Н	1.43973600	-1.13163000	1.76791600
Н	2.95991000	-0.33393000	2.22418600
С	3.33873000	-1.89198300	-0.06635000
Н	2.64298000	-2.69537600	0.20599500
Н	3.66413900	-2.04700700	-1.09929200
Н	4.20876100	-1.96447400	0.59266800
0	1.56624400	-0.54954900	-0.84176500
K	-0.51785400	-2.10338800	-0.63646100
Br	-0.24982000	2.23773900	-0.09434100

Int-7 (PhCl·K·t-BuOH), $G_{sol} = -1525.187522$ Hatree

CI-CI-K H-O-K *t*-Bu

С	3.24683300	-0.87810300	0.47495200
С	3.16917900	-0.26215600	-0.75216000
С	2.09998200	0.64624000	-1.07242300
С	1.35135900	1.09827100	0.06091900
С	1.41217500	0.50923700	1.29595300
С	2.27156500	-0.62015500	1.49968500
Н	3.91790300	-0.47465000	-1.51191900
Н	2.12629000	1.24348700	-1.97496300
Н	-1.12948900	0.60959300	-0.87691400
Н	0.79918000	0.88768500	2.10860200
Н	2.41779600	-1.00221500	2.50293300
Н	4.05634400	-1.57599600	0.67550800
С	-2.61939400	-0.25130500	0.07300500
С	-2.11074900	0.04076900	1.48324700
Н	-2.93736000	0.05612200	2.20096400
Н	-1.39250600	-0.72484500	1.80096600
Н	-1.60603200	1.01193100	1.51375600
С	-3.60323200	0.82203800	-0.38616600
Н	-3.12772700	1.80917900	-0.35721200
Н	-3.92705400	0.62210000	-1.41182400
Н	-4.48371600	0.85058300	0.26310300
С	-3.25033700	-1.63568100	-0.00314700
Н	-3.55655100	-1.85775500	-1.02969300
Н	-2.53571100	-2.40149300	0.32299000
Н	-4.12725200	-1.69621800	0.64783300
0	-1.51042700	-0.28728200	-0.83723800
К	0.61795100	-1.76892600	-0.57552700
Cl	0.23787800	2.45502400	-0.19320000

TS-1, G_{sol} = -2030.032555 Hatree

t-Bu-OKKOBu	t_]		
С	-2.49049900	-1.80210500	-0.00690500
С	-1.43041900	-1.80304200	0.95195500
С	-0.41012000	-2.77662000	0.86011600
С	-0.43703000	-3.68367500	-0.20187500
С	-1.45730100	-3.64940600	-1.16760300
С	-2.49815000	-2.70536900	-1.05974700
С	-3.43093500	-0.69118300	0.38766800
С	-2.54571000	0.07173000	1.39384900
Н	0.39472600	-2.79648200	1.58954900

Н	0.35048700	-4.42923100	-0.28401300
Н	-1.45741500	-4.36756900	-1.98292800
Н	-3.30089600	-2.69604500	-1.79499700
Н	-3.77829000	-0.08079900	-0.45518700
Н	-4.33223200	-1.10183900	0.87534200
Ν	-1.50792700	-0.76515000	1.84565600
K	0.75336500	0.89439800	1.90811500
0	-1.00038300	1.51675900	-0.14503300
С	-1.35669700	2.81846100	-0.58009400
С	-2.79696300	2.83038000	-1.12852100
Н	-3.51534000	2.56689600	-0.34376900
Н	-3.07249600	3.81674700	-1.52143100
Н	-2.89735600	2.09902900	-1.93958100
С	-1.23932200	3.81460200	0.59385800
Н	-0.20504500	3.84866700	0.96293900
Н	-1.51933800	4.83411200	0.30134500
Н	-1.89288600	3.50890000	1.42010800
С	-0.37321500	3.21796500	-1.69546800
Н	-0.55451900	4.23940900	-2.05270200
Н	0.65974900	3.15606200	-1.33374400
Н	-0.47616700	2.54074700	-2.55397800
0	2.23796700	-0.01674000	0.13600700
К	0.29063100	-0.53662100	-1.35577400
С	3.59037400	-0.09719300	-0.12119600
С	4.31172600	1.19926000	0.33789800
Н	3.86473300	2.06698300	-0.16411900
Н	4.18357400	1.33157700	1.42215200
Н	5.39043300	1.19715100	0.12849000
С	4.22118000	-1.30319200	0.62169700
Н	3.72851600	-2.23200300	0.30717700
Н	5.30027100	-1.40698700	0.44120600
Н	4.06527500	-1.19545900	1.70345900
С	3.85217500	-0.27433800	-1.64418400
Н	4.91876300	-0.33040600	-1.90143700
Н	3.37889700	-1.20243400	-1.99865500
Н	3.41621100	0.57028600	-2.19612200
Н	-1.84263400	0.97279000	0.60161200
Н	-3.04271400	0.65038100	2.17873000

10. NMR Spectra of the Products of BHAS Reactions

¹H NMR of **3a**



¹H NMR of **3e**





¹H NMR of **3**g



210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 ppm



210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 ppm



55



¹H NMR of 3n



References

[1] V. Blanco, D. A. Leigh, V. Marcos, J. A. Morales-Serna, A. L. Nussbaume, *J. Am. Chem.* Soc. **2014**, *136*, 4905-4908.

[2] P. Garcia, Y. Y. Lau, M. R. Perry, L. Schafer, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2013**, *52*, 9144-9148; *Angew. Chem.* **2013**, *125*, 9314-931.

[3] R. A. Green, J. F. Hartwigs, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2015, 54, 3768-3772; Angew. Chem. 2015, 127, 3839-3843.

[4] P. Ji, C. Jang, K. Manna, Z. Lin, X. Feng, A. Urban, Y. Song, W. Bin, *Asian. J. Am. Chem.* Soc. **2017**, *139*, 7004-7011.

[5] a) T. Kiguchi, N. Kuninobu, Y. Takahashi, Y. Yoshida, T. Naito, I. Ninomiya, *Synthesis* 1989, *10*, 778-781; b) C. Suzuki, K. Hirano, T. Satoh, M. Miura, *Org. Lett.* 2013, *15*, 3990-3993.

[6] a) H. Yang, L. Zhang, L. Jiao, *Chem. Eur. J.* **2017**, 23, 65-59; b) W. Hao, Z. Xi, M. Cai, *Synthetic. Communication*, **2012**, *42*, 2396-2406.

[7] Y. Qiu, Y. Liu, K. Yang, W. Hong, Z. Li, Z. Wang, Z. Yang, S. Jiang, *Org. Lett.* **2011**, *13*, 3556-3559.

[8] K. Takamatsu, K. Hirano, T. Satoh, M. Miura, J. Org. Chem. 2015, 80, 3242-3249.

[9] G. Zhang, Z. Yin, S. Zheng, Org. Lett. 2016, 18, 300-303.

[10] X. Jiang, C. Wang, Y. Wei, D. Xue, Z. Liu, J. Xiao, Chem. -Eur. J. 2014, 20, 58-63.

[11] S. R. Kandukuri, J. A. Schiffner, M. Oestreich, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2012**, *51*, 1265-1269; *Angew. Chem.* **2012**, *124*, 1291-1295.

[12] D. Robinson, T. Bertrand, J. –C. Carry, F. Halley, A. Karlsson, M. Mathieu, H. Minoux, M. A. Perrin, B. Robert, L. Schio, W. Sherman, J. Chem. Inf. Model. 2016, 56, 886-894.

[13] F. Chen, A. -E. Surkus, L. Hi, M. M. Pohl, J. Radnik, C. Topf, K. Junge, M. Beller, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2015, 137, 11718-11724.

[14] D. Yang, S. Mao, Y. -R. Gao, D. -D. Gao, S. -H. Guo, B. Li, Y.-Q. Yang, *RSC*. Adv. **2015**, *5*, 23727-23736.

[15] a) C. Helgen, C. G. Bochet, J. Org. Chem. 2003, 68, 2483-2486; b) S. M. Bromidge, S. Dabbs,
D. T. Davies, D. M. Duckworth, L. T. Forbes, P. Ham, G. E. Jones, F. D. King, D. V. Saunders, S. Starr, K. M. Thewlis, P. A. Wyman, F. E. Blaney, C. B. Naylor, F. Bailey, T. P. Blakbum, V. Holland,
G. A. Kennett, G. J. Riley, M. D. Wood, J. Med. Chem. 1998, 41, 1598-1612; c) S. Miltsov, V. Karavan, A. Misharev, J. Alonsochamarro, M. Puyol, Tetrahedron Lett. 2016, 57, 641-644.

[16] W.-B. Liu, D. P. Schuman, Y.-F. Yang, A. A. Toutov, Y. Liang, H. F. T. Klare, N. Nesnas, M. Oestreich, D. G. Blackmond, S. C. Virgil, S. Banerjee, R. N. Zare, R. H. Grubbs, K. N. Houk, B. M. Stoltz, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2017**, *139*, 6867-6879.

[17] J. Säuberlich, O. Brede, D. Beckert, J. Phys. Chem. 1996, 100, 18101-18107.

[18] M. Kuriyama, R. Shimazawa, R. Shirai, J. Org. Chem. 2008, 73, 1597-1600.

[19] J. J. Eisch, S. Dutta, Organometallics 2005, 24, 3355-3358.

[20] Full citation of Gaussian 09: Frisch, M. J.; Trucks, G. W.; Schlegel, H. B.; Scuseria, G. E.; Robb, M. A.; Cheeseman, J. R.; Scalmani, G.; Barone, V.; Mennucci, B.; Petersson, G. A.; Nakatsuji, H.; Caricato, M.; Li, X.; Hratchian, H. P.; Izmaylov, A. F.; Bloino, J.; Zheng, G.; Sonnenberg, J. L.; Hada, M.; Ehara, M.; Toyota, K.; Fukuda, R.; Hasegawa, J.; Ishida, M.; Nakajima, T.; Honda, Y.; Kitao, O.; Nakai, H.; Vreven, T.; Montgomery, J. A., Jr.; Peralta, J. E.; Ogliaro, F.; Bearpark, M.; Heyd, J. J.; Brothers, E.; Kudin, K. N.; Staroverov, V. N.; Keith, T.; Kobayashi, R.; Normand, J.; Raghavachari, K.; Rendell, A.; Burant, J. C.; Iyengar, S. S.; Tomasi, J.; Cossi, M.; Rega, N.; Millam, J. M.; Klene, M.; Knox, J. E.; Cross, J. B.; Bakken, V.; Adamo, C.; Jaramillo, J.; Gomperts, R.; Stratmann, R. E.; Yazyev, O.; Austin, A. J.; Cammi, R.; Pomelli, C.; Ochterski, J. W.; Martin, R. L.; Morokuma, K.; Zakrzewski, V. G.; Voth, G. A.; Salvador, P.; Dannenberg, J. J.; Dapprich, S.; Daniels, A. D.; Farkas, O.; Foresman, J. B.; Ortiz, J. V.; Cioslowski, J.; Fox, D. J.; *Gaussian 09, revision B.01*; Gaussian Inc.: Wallingford, CT, 2010.

[21] a) Y. Zhao, D. G. Truhlar, *Theor. Chem. Acc.* **2008**, *120*, 215-241; b) Y. Zhao, D. G. Truhlar, *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2008**, *41*, 157-167.