

Supplementary Information

Cd-reduced Hybrid Buffer Layer of CdS/Zn(O,S) for Environment-friendly CIGS Solar Cell

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Table S1. Electrical parameters of solar cells with Zn(O,S) buffers fabricated by using different rf powers to the ZnO and ZnS targets; 40 W (A), 30W (B), 20W (C) and 15W (D) were applied for ZnO targets and rf power for ZnS target was kept constant at 15W.

Samples	V _{oc} (V)	J _{sc} (mA/cm ²)	F.F (%)	η (%)
A	0.21	26.12	49.90	2.72
B	0.29	18.79	56.27	3.09
C	0.44	23.65	50.37	5.34
D	0.58	22.05	44.83	5.73

Table S2. Defect levels in CIGS solar cell reported in articles.

Defect energy (meV)	Characterization method	Assignments	References
73	DLTS	In _{Cu}	1
8.4	DLTS	Cd _{Cu}	1
440	DLTS	Foreign impurity	1
470, 340, 340	DLTS	In _{Cu} (+/+++)	2
320, 250, 240	DLTS	In _{Cu} (0/++)	2
300	AS	V _{Se} +V _{Cu}	3
300	TPC	V _{Se} +V _{Cu}	4
25	AS	V _{Cu}	5
110	AS	(In, Ga) _{Cu}	5
60, 70	AS	V _{Se}	6
250	AS	In _{Cu} (0/++)	6

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Crystal structure of fabricated ZnO, ZnS and Zn(O,S) thin films. Here, thin films were deposited on soda lime glass for longer time to get thick films (~500nm) for XRD and Raman signal.

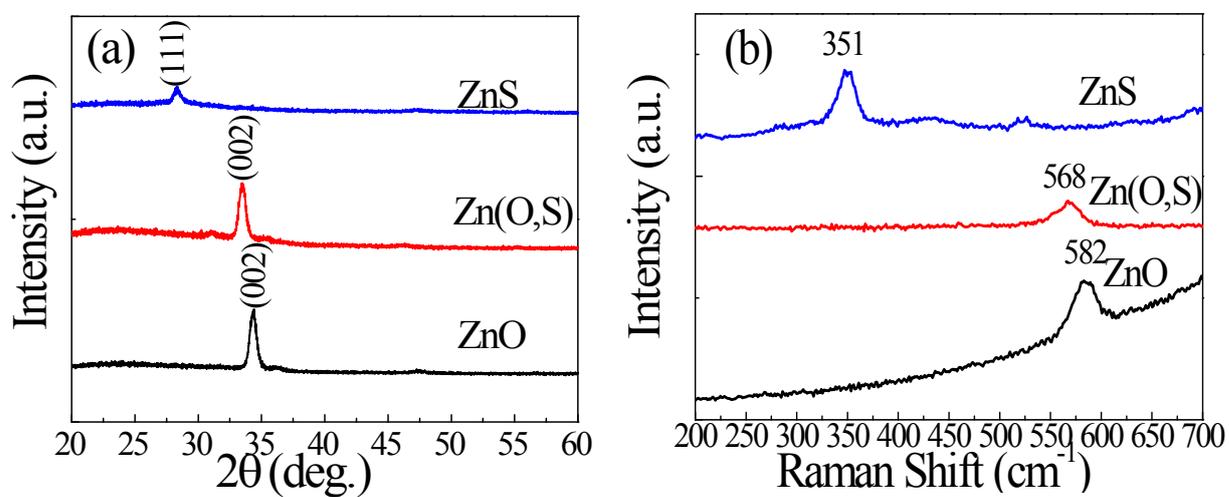


Figure S1. XRD spectra of thin films deposited by sputtering of ZnO, ZnS and Co-sputtering of both targets (a) and their Raman spectra (b).

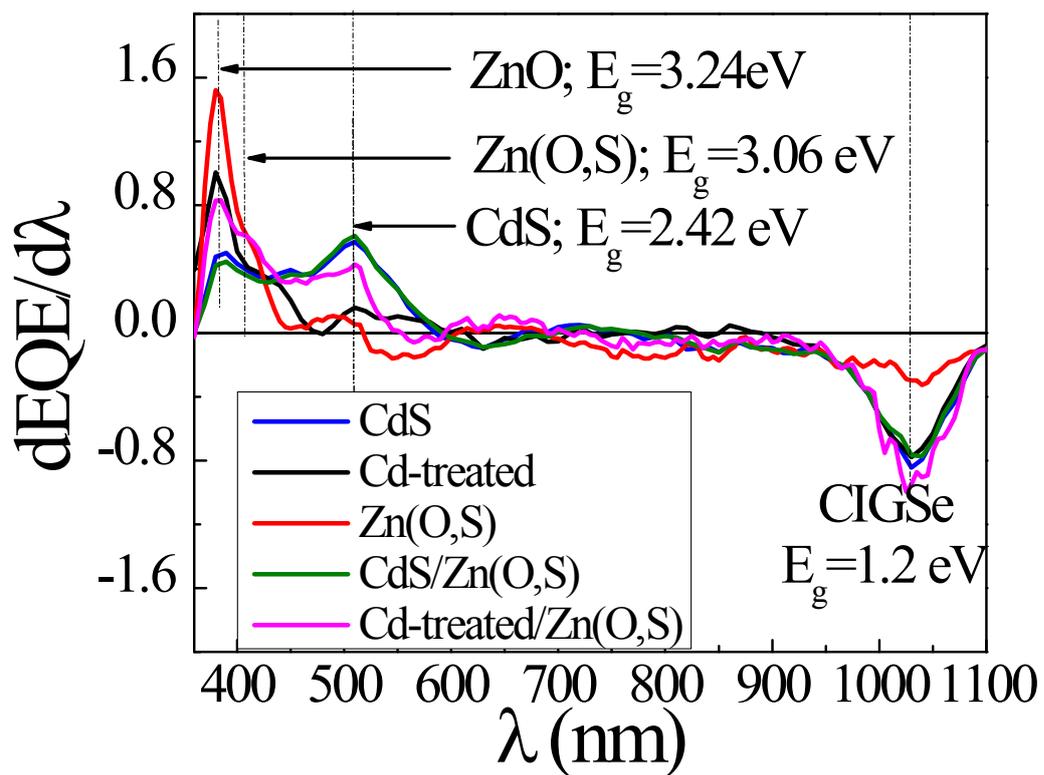


Figure S2. The first derivative of the EQE spectra with respect to wavelength.

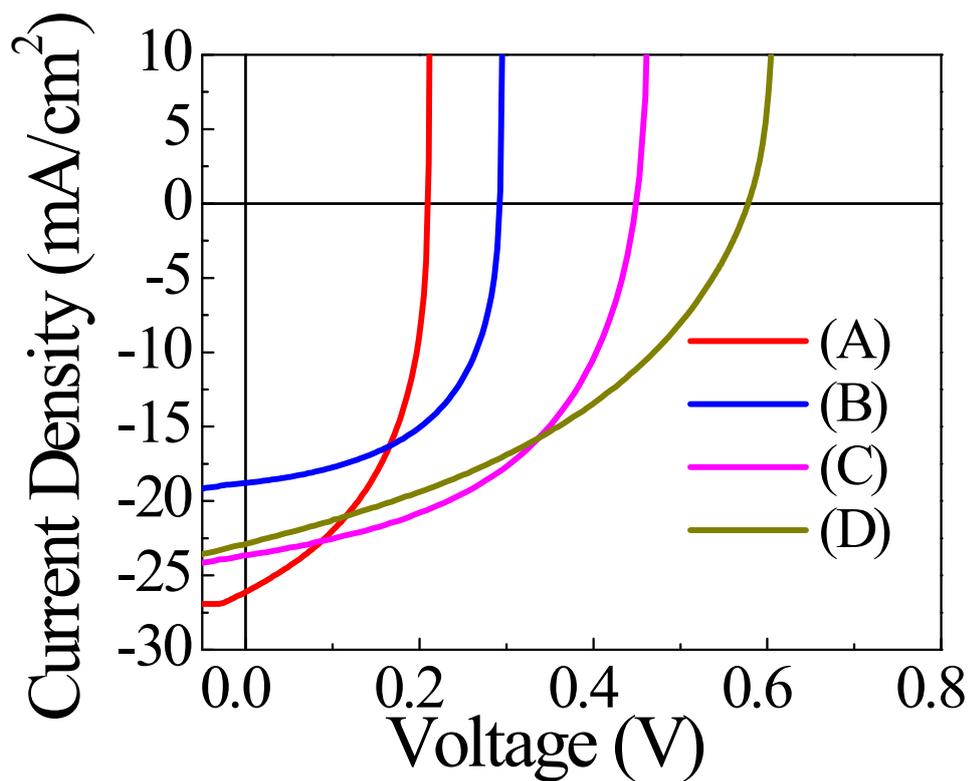


Figure S3. J-V characteristics of solar cells with Zn(O,S) buffer fabricated by using different rf powers; 40 W (A), 30W (B), 20W (C) and 15W (D) were applied for ZnO targets and rf power for ZnS target was kept constant at 15W.

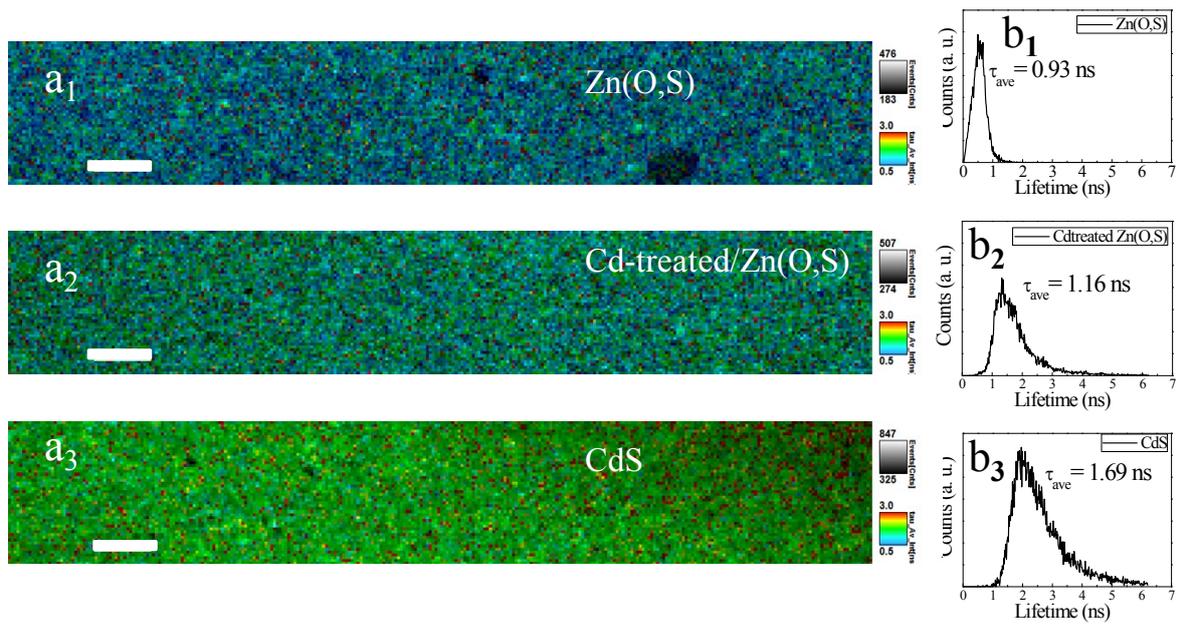


Fig. S4 Results of carrier lifetime measurement for CIGS/Zn(O,S)/i-ZnO, CIGS/Cd-treated/Zn(O,S)/i-ZnO and CIGS/CdS/i-ZnO: (a₁-a₃) TRPL life time mapping and (b₁-b₃) histograms of average life time. The scale bar in TRPL mapping image is 20 μm.