SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Tracking Precursor Degradation During the Photo-induced Formation of Amorphous Metal Oxide Films

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Figure S1. Photographs of FeO$_x$-UV-air, FeO$_x$-NIR-air, FeO$_x$-UV-N$_2$, and FeO$_x$-NIR-N$_2$ deposited on FTO. Images were taken against white paper and have been cropped to the edges of the samples.
Figure S2. FTIR spectrographs recorded during the NIRDD and UVDD of Fe(eh)₃ performed in air. Data for the formation of FeOₓ-NIR-air was recorded at: 5 (red), 7 (orange), 10 (green), 12 (purple) and 15 min (blue). Data for the formation of FeOₓ-UV-air was recorded at: 5 (red); 15 (orange); 30 (green); 60 (purple); and 120 min (blue). Both samples showed a diminution of C-H and C-O stretch peaks as a function of time.
Figure S3. Grazing incidence X-ray diffraction (GIXRD) data recorded for FeO$_x$-NIR-air (red), FeO$_x$-UV-air (blue), FeO$_x$-NIR-N$_2$ (orange), and FeO$_x$-UV-N$_2$ (teal) deposited on glass. Peaks corresponding to crystalline phases of iron oxide were not observed. Hematite is shown for reference (pdf number: 089-8104). The angle of incidence = 0.35°.
**Figure S4.** X-ray photoelectron spectra detailing the Fe 2p region for FeO$_x$-NIR-air (red), FeO$_x$-UV-air (blue), FeO$_x$-NIR-N$_2$ (orange), and FeO$_x$-UV-N$_2$ (teal) deposited on glass. The data for both FeO$_x$-NIR-air and FeO$_x$-UV-air displayed Fe(III) satellite peaks (circled in black) consistent with surface ferric sites. The data for FeO$_x$-NIR-N$_2$ and FeO$_x$-UV-N$_2$ lacked observable Fe(III) satellite peaks. These satellite peaks have shifted to higher binding energies and are obscured by the leftmost Fe 2p peak which is an indication that the surface contains both ferrous and ferric sites.$^1$
Figure S5. Scanning electron micrographs for FeO$_x$-UV-air, FeO$_x$-NIR-air, FeO$_x$-UV-N$_2$, and FeO$_x$-NIR-N$_2$ deposited on FTO showing both surface and profile views. The profile of FeO$_x$-UV-air was made by imaging existing cracks in the film. Profiles of the other samples were made by scratching the sample with a metal stylus and then imaging sections of the film that had detached from the underlying FTO. The red lines indicate the upper and lower edges of the profile. Profiles were imaged at a tilt angle of 52° and the images were corrected for tilt.
Figure S6. Gas chromatogram trace for the headspace of a sealed cuvette containing Fe(eh)$_3$/FTO heated to 200 °C. This trace is similar to a trace obtained from the headspace of a cuvette containing Fe(eh)$_3$/FTO that was exposed to NIR radiation (Figure 4).
**Figure S7.** Gas chromatogram traces for the headspace of a sealed cuvette containing Fe(eh)$_3$/FTO heated to 100 °C.
Figure S8. Cyclic voltammograms recorded on FeO$_x$-UV-N$_2$ (blue) and FeO$_x$-NIR-N$_2$ (red) at a scan rate of 10 mV s$^{-1}$ in 0.1 M KOH show similar but not superimposable oxidative behavior. Inset: Tafel plots collected by staircase voltammetry (10-mV intervals) show similar onsets of water oxidation ($\eta = 0.51$ V, 0.55 V respectively) but different Tafel slopes (65 mV/dec and 40 mV/dec, respectively).
Table S1. Listing of Mass Spectra and the Corresponding Assignments for all Identified Products from the Decomposition of Iron(III) tris-(2-ethylhexanoate) by UV and NIR Light Exposure.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>product</th>
<th>mass spectrum*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a heptane</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Mass Spectrum" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b 2-heptene</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Mass Spectrum" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c 3-heptene</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Mass Spectrum" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
d  4-heptanone

e  3-heptanone

f  2-heptanone
g  3,6-heptanedione

h  5,6-diethyldecane

i  acetone
j  butanone

k  acetic acid

l  butanoic acid
m 1-hepten-3-one

n 3-heptanol

o 2-ethylhexanoic acid
p 3-butyldihydro-2(3H)-furanone

q methyl 2-ethylhexanoate

r pentyl 2-ethylhexanoic acid

*Listed masses refer to signature fragments of the identified species, as recorded in the Agilent NIST05a library. Masses in bold represent the parent ion.
Supplemental references