

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

V₂O₅ nanorod electrode material for enhanced electrochemical properties by facile hydrothermal method for supercapacitor applications

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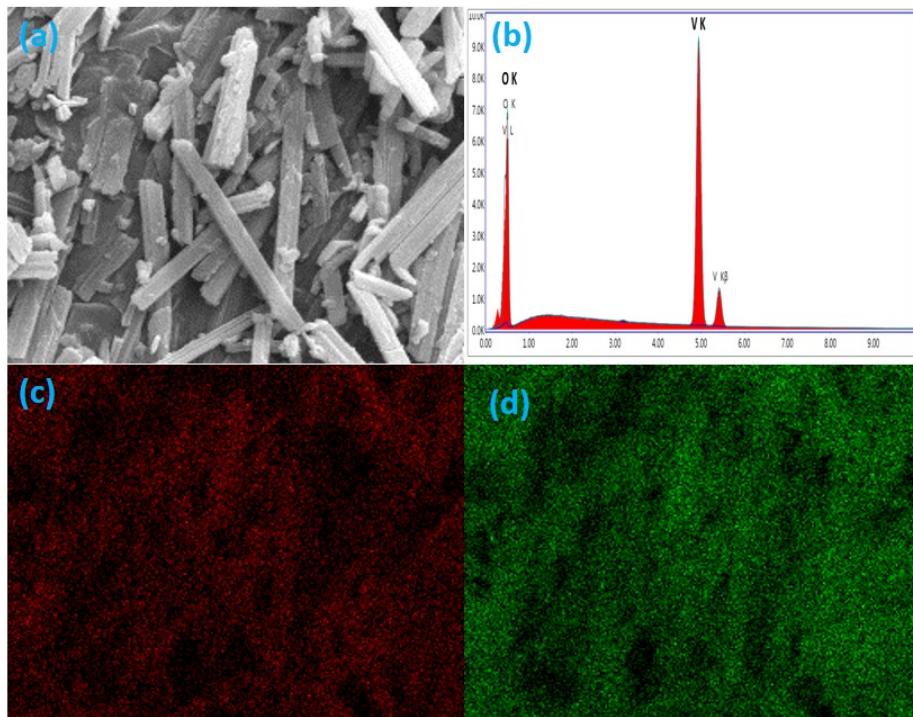


Fig. S1. (a) SEM image, (b) EDS spectrum, (c) Element mapping of V, (d) Element mapping of O for the V_2O_5 nanorods, indicating the homogeneous distribution of V and O in the nanorod.

The EDS spectrum and element mapping has performed during the SEM investigation, Fig. S1 shows the SEM, EDS spectrum and element mapping of V_2O_5 nanorods. The element mapping results clearly confirms the homogenous distributions of V and O in the V_2O_5 nanorod.

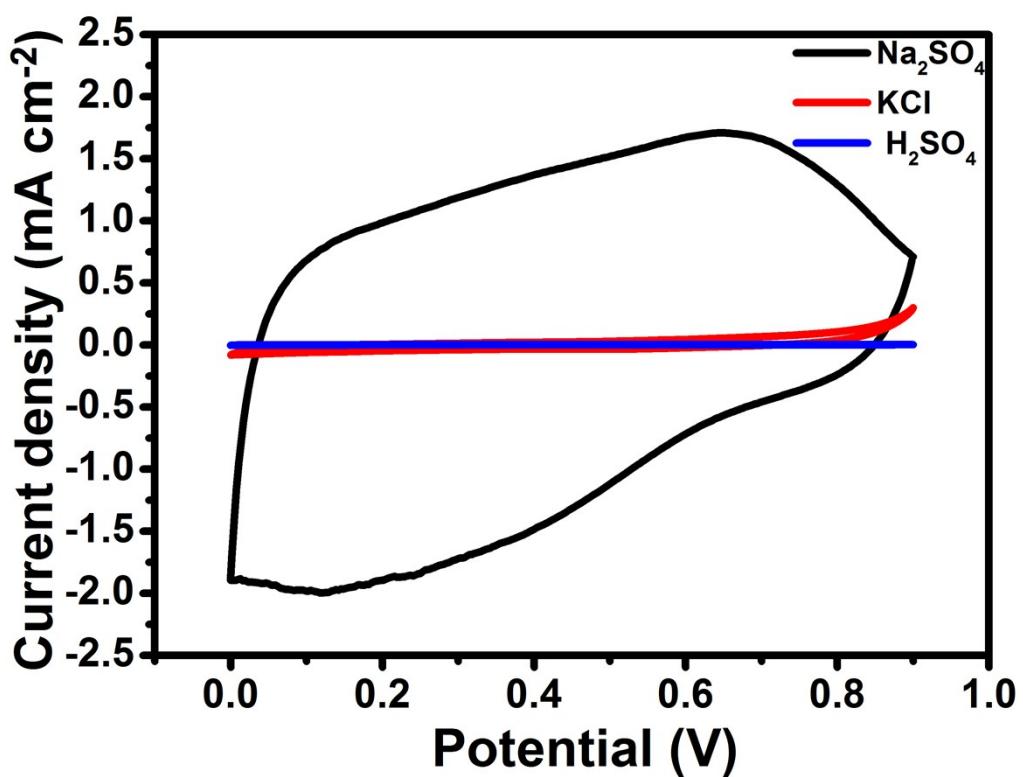


Fig. S2. CV analysis of V_2O_5 nanorod in different electrolyte measured at a scan rate of 25 mV s^{-1} .

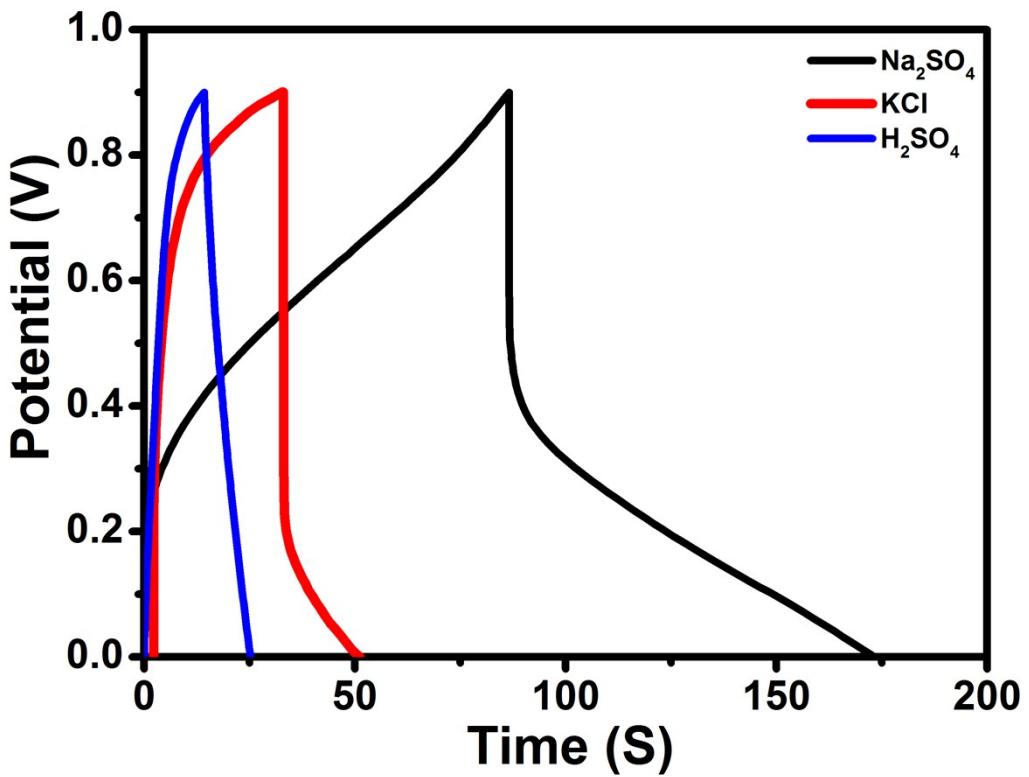


Fig. S3. CD analysis of V_2O_5 nanorod in different electrolyte measured at a current density of 0.3 mA cm^{-2} .

Table 1. Electrochemical properties of V₂O₅ nanorod with Na₂SO₄ electrolyte compare with some of the reported areal specific capacitance of supercapacitors.

Electrode material	Electrolyte	Areal Specific capacitance mF cm⁻²	Ref
V ₂ O ₅ -rGO electrodes	LiClO ₄	511	1
V₂O₅ nanorod	Na₂SO₄	417	Our work
MnO ₂ -PPy–carbon and V ₂ O ₅ –PANI– carbon fiber composites,	LiCl	613	2
V₂O₅ nanorod	Na₂SO₄	417	Our work
V ₂ O ₅ complex surface architecture	LiClO ₄	380	3
V₂O₅ nanorod	Na₂SO₄	417	Our work
Vanadium Oxide Nanowire–Carbon Nanotube	LiTFSI	38.5 F/g	4
V ₂ O ₅ nanorod	Na₂SO₄	417	Our work

Reference

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