

Stereoselective ozonolysis of TMS-substituted allylic alcohol derivatives and synthesis of 14*R*,15*S*- and 14*S*,15*S*-diHETE

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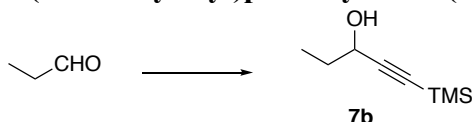
Experimental

General methods for ESI

The ^1H (300 and 400 MHz) and ^{13}C NMR (75 and 100 MHz) spectroscopic data were recorded in CDCl_3 using Me_4Si ($\delta = 0$ ppm) and the centerline of the triplet ($\delta = 77.1$ ppm), respectively, as internal standards. Signal patterns are indicated as br s (broad singlet), s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet) and m (multiplet). Coupling constants (J) are given in Hertz (Hz). Chemical shifts of carbons are accompanied by minus (for C and CH_2) and plus (for CH and CH_3) signs of the attached proton test (APT) experiments. High-resolution mass spectroscopy (HRMS) was performed with a double-focusing mass spectrometer with EI and FAB ionization modes. The solvents that were distilled prior to use were THF (from Na/benzophenone), Et_2O (from Na/benzophenone) and CH_2Cl_2 (from CaH_2). The reaction products were purified by chromatography on silica gel (Kanto, spherical silica gel 60N). Following reactions are described in the ESI: synthesis of **9b**, **9c**, **13b** and **13c**; ozonolysis and subsequent conversion to diols **11b**, **11c**, **15b** and **15c**; synthesis of **24** and **25**.

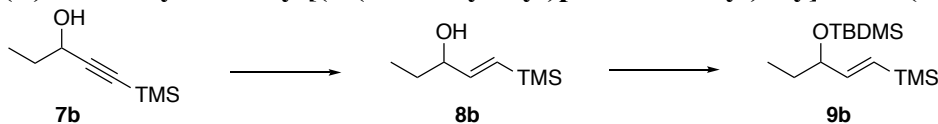
Preparation of **9b,c** and **13b,c**

1-(Trimethylsilyl)pent-1-yn-3-ol (**7b**)



According to the procedure for the synthesis of **7a**, a solution of propionaldehyde (467 mg, 8.04 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in THF (10 mL) was added to a solution of trimethylsilylacetylene (1.66 mL, 12.0 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and $n\text{-BuLi}$ (6.0 mL, 1.6 M in hexane, 9.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in THF (16 mL) at -78°C and the solution was warmed to rt over 3 h to afford alcohol **7b** (1.09 g, 87%): colorless liquid; R_f 0.38 (hexane/ EtOAc 9:1); ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.17 (s, 9 H), 1.00 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 3 H), 1.64–1.77 (m, 2 H), 1.80 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1 H), 4.31 (dt, $J = 5.7, 6.3$ Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ –0.15, 9.4, 30.6, 63.8, 89.0, 106.9. The ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were identical with those reported.^{S1}

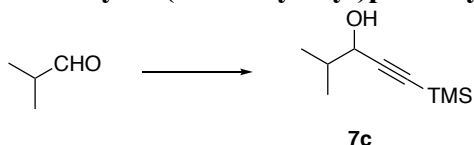
(*E*)-*tert*-Butyldimethyl[(1-(trimethylsilyl)pent-1-en-3-yl)oxy]silane (**9b**)



According to the procedure for the synthesis of **9a** from **7a**, Red-Al (1.90 mL, 3.6 M in toluene, 6.84 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to an ice-cold solution of alcohol **7b** (527 mg, 3.37 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in Et_2O (7 mL), and the solution was stirred at rt for 3 h to afford allylic alcohol **8b** (465 mg, 87%). A solution of **8b** (197 mg, 1.24 mmol, 1.0 equiv), TBDMSCl (294 mg, 1.95 mmol, 1.6 equiv) and imidazole (175 mg, 2.57 mmol, 2.1 equiv) in DMF (2.5 mL) was stirred at rt for 3 h to afford silyl ether **9b** (309 mg, 91%): colorless

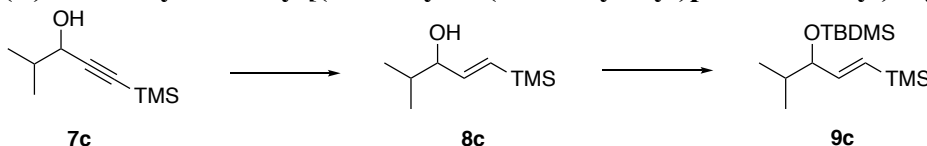
liquid; R_f 0.90 (hexane/EtOAc 9:1); ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.02 (s, 3 H), 0.04 (s, 3 H), 0.05 (s, 9 H), 0.86 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H), 0.89 (s, 9 H), 1.48 (quint., $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2 H), 3.98 (q, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1 H), 5.74 (d, $J = 18.9$ Hz, 1 H), 5.95 (dd, $J = 18.9, 5.7$ Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C -APT NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -4.7 (+), -4.2 (+), -1.2 (+), 9.9 (+), 18.5 (-), 26.1 (+), 30.8 (-), 77.2 (+), 128.6 (+), 149.3 (+); HRMS (EI^+) calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{32}\text{OSi}_2$ [M^+] 272.1992, found 272.1992.

4-Methyl-1-(trimethylsilyl)pent-1-yn-3-ol (**7c**)



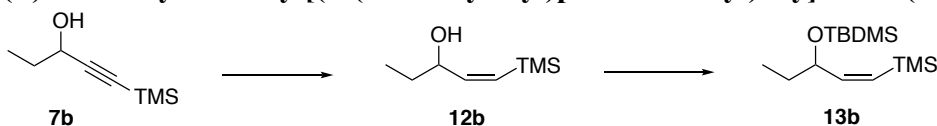
According to the procedure for the synthesis of **7a**, a solution of isobutyraldehyde (580 mg, 8.06 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in THF (10 mL) was added to a solution of trimethylsilylacetylene (1.66 mL, 12.0 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and $n\text{-BuLi}$ (6.0 mL, 1.6 M in hexane, 9.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in THF (16 mL) at -78°C and the solution was warmed to rt over 3 h to afford alcohol **7c** (1.28 g, 93%): colorless liquid; R_f 0.45 (hexane/EtOAc 9:1); ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.17 (s, 9 H), 0.98 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H), 1.00 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 1.77 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1 H), 1.80–1.94 (m, 1 H), 4.15 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -0.1, 17.4, 18.1, 34.3, 68.1, 89.9, 105.8. The ^1H NMR spectrum was revised. The ^{13}C NMR spectrum was identical with that reported.^{S2}

(*E*)-*tert*-Butyldimethyl[(4-methyl-1-(trimethylsilyl)pent-1-en-3-yl)oxy]silane (**9c**)



According to the procedure for the synthesis of **9a** from **7a**, Red-Al (2.00 mL, 3.6 M in toluene, 7.20 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to an ice-cold solution of alcohol **7c** (605 mg, 3.55 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in Et_2O (7 mL), and the solution was stirred at rt for 3 h to produce allylic alcohol **8c** (491 mg, 80%). A solution of **8c** (172 mg, 0.995 mmol, 1.0 equiv), TBDMSCl (230 mg, 1.53 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and imidazole (141 mg, 2.07 mmol, 2.1 equiv) in DMF (2 mL) was stirred at rt for 3 h to afford silyl ether **9c** (237 mg, 83%): colorless liquid; R_f 0.88 (hexane/EtOAc 9:1); ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -0.02 (s, 3 H), 0.02 (s, 3 H), 0.06 (s, 9 H), 0.83 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H), 0.87 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H), 0.89 (s, 9 H), 1.64 (d of sept., $J = 5.7, 6.9$ Hz, 1 H), 3.76 (t, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1 H), 5.73 (d, $J = 18.9$ Hz, 1 H), 5.94 (dd, $J = 18.9, 6.0$ Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C -APT NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -4.8 (+), -4.0 (+), -1.2 (+), 18.0 (+), 18.4 (-), 18.7 (+), 26.0 (+), 34.4 (+), 81.1 (+), 129.9 (+), 148.2 (+); HRMS (EI^+) calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{34}\text{OSi}_2$ [M^+] 286.2148, found 286.2155.

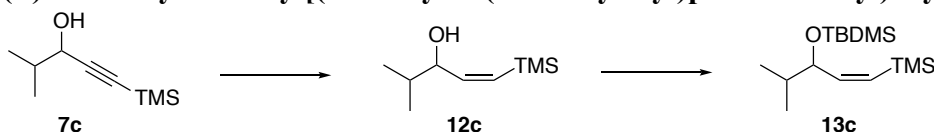
(*Z*)-*tert*-Butyldimethyl[(1-(trimethylsilyl)pent-1-en-3-yl)oxy]silane (**13b**)



According to the procedure for the synthesis of **13a** from **7a**, alcohol **7b** (536 mg, 3.43

mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (2 mL) was added to a mixture of Ni(OAc)₂·4H₂O (1.03 g, 4.14 mmol, 1.2 equiv), NaBH₄ (158 mg, 4.18 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and ethylenediamine (0.47 mL, 6.96 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in MeOH (5 mL), and the mixture was stirred at rt for 5 h under hydrogen to afford allylic alcohol **12b** (433 mg, 80%). A solution of **12b** (202 mg, 1.28 mmol, 1.0 equiv), TBDMSCl (291 mg, 1.93 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and imidazole (176 mg, 2.59 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in DMF (2.5 mL) was stirred at rt for 3 h to afford silyl ether **13b** (319 mg, 91%): colorless liquid; *R*_f 0.85 (hexane/EtOAc 9:1); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.03 (s, 3 H), 0.05 (s, 3 H), 0.12 (s, 9 H), 0.88 (s, 9 H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.31–1.60 (m, 2 H), 4.15 (dt, *J* = 5.4, 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.44 (d, *J* = 14.7 Hz, 1 H), 6.21 (dd, *J* = 14.7, 8.4 Hz, 1 H); ¹³C–APT NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –4.4 (+), –3.9 (+), 0.5 (+), 10.1 (+), 18.3 (–), 26.0 (+), 31.9 (–), 74.6 (+), 127.4 (+), 152.4 (+); HRMS (EI⁺) calcd for C₁₄H₃₂OSi₂ [M⁺] 272.1992, found 272.1997.

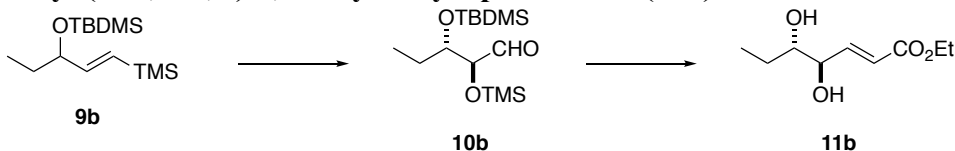
(*Z*)-tert-Butyldimethyl[(4-methyl-1-(trimethylsilyl)pent-1-en-3-yl)oxy]silane (13c)



According to the procedure for the synthesis of **13a** from **7a**, alcohol **7c** (498 mg, 2.92 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (2 mL) was added to a mixture of Ni(OAc)₂·4H₂O (883 mg, 3.54 mmol, 1.2 equiv), NaBH₄ (134 mg, 3.54 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and ethylenediamine (0.40 mL, 5.92 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in MeOH (4 mL), and the mixture was stirred at rt for 8 h under hydrogen to afford allylic alcohol **12c** (384 mg, 76%). A solution of **12c** (340 mg, 1.97 mmol, 1.0 equiv), TBDMSCl (448 mg, 2.97 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and imidazole (271 mg, 3.98 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in DMF (4 mL) was stirred at rt for 3 h to afford silyl ether **13c** (521 mg, 92%): colorless liquid; *R*_f 0.85 (hexane/EtOAc 9:1); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 0.00 (s, 3 H), 0.04 (s, 3 H), 0.12 (s, 9 H), 0.879 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3 H), 0.88 (s, 9 H), 0.884 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 1.60 (d of sept., *J* = 4.8, 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.00 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.48 (d, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.22 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 9.0 Hz, 1 H); ¹³C–APT NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ –4.5 (+), –3.7 (+), 0.6 (+), 16.9 (+), 18.4 (–), 19.5 (+), 26.0 (+), 35.7 (+), 77.4 (+), 128.4 (+), 151.3 (+); HRMS (EI⁺) calcd for C₁₅H₃₄OSi₂ [M⁺] 286.2148, found 286.2147.

Ozonolysis and conversion to 11b,c and 15b,c

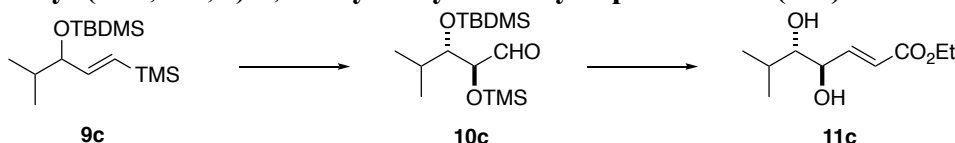
Ethyl (4*R,5*S**,*E*)-4,5-dihydroxyhept-2-enoate (11b)**



According to the procedure for the synthesis of **11a** from **9a**, a solution of **9b** (*E/Z* 94:6 by ¹H NMR, 154 mg, 0.565 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in EtOAc (8 mL) at –78 °C was gently bubbled with O₃ in O₂ and then the product was treated with Ph₃P (713 mg, 2.72 mmol, 5 equiv) to afford aldehyde **10b**, which was dissolved in THF (1 mL) and added to a mixture of NaH (60 wt %, 30 mg, 0.75 mmol, 1.3 equiv) and (EtO)₂P(O)CH₂CO₂Et (0.160 mL,

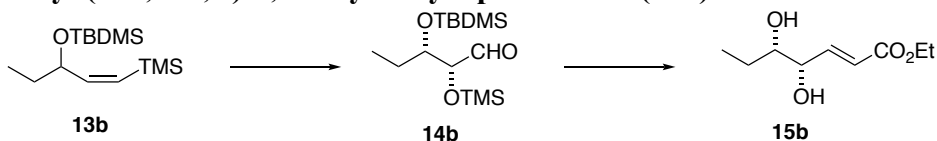
0.799 mmol, 1.4 equiv) in THF (2 mL). The mixture was stirred at rt for 1 h to afford the silyl ether of **11b**. A solution of the silyl ether of **11b** and TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 2.75 mL, 2.75 mmol, 5 equiv) in THF (6 mL) was stirred at rt for 1 h to afford a mixture of diol **11b** and the *syn* isomer **15b** (*anti*/*syn* 80:20 by ^1H NMR, 49 mg, 47% over three steps): colorless liquid; R_f 0.33 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1). The *anti* isomer **11b**: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.98 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3 H), 1.28 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3 H), 1.46 (quint., $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H), 2.62 (br s, 1 H), 2.98 (br s, 1 H), 3.62–3.71 (m, 1 H), 4.19 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H), 4.27–4.34 (m, 1 H), 6.09 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1 H), 6.96 (dd, $J = 15.6, 5.1$ Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C -APT NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.3 (+), 14.2 (+), 25.0 (–), 60.7 (–), 74.0 (+), 75.7 (+), 122.4 (+), 146.0 (+), 166.6 (–). The ^1H NMR spectrum was identical with that of the minor component in the diol derived from *Z*-olefin **13b**.

Ethyl (4*R**,5*S**,*E*)-4,5-dihydroxy-6-methylhept-2-enoate (**11c**)



According to the procedure for the synthesis of **11a** from **9a**, a solution of silyl ether **9c** (*E*/*Z* 91:9 by ^1H NMR, 151 mg, 0.527 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in EtOAc (7 mL) at -78°C was gently bubbled with O_3 in O_2 and then the product was treated with Ph_3P (674 mg, 2.57 mmol, 5 equiv) to afford aldehyde **10c**, which was dissolved in THF (1 mL) and added to a mixture of NaH (60 wt %, 29 mg, 0.725 mmol, 1.4 equiv) and $(\text{EtO})_2\text{P}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2\text{Et}$ (0.150 mL, 0.749 mmol, 1.4 equiv) in THF (2 mL). The mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h to afford the silyl ether of **11c**. A solution of the silyl ether of **11c** and TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 2.60 mL, 2.60 mmol, 5 equiv) in THF (5 mL) was stirred at rt for 1 h to afford a mixture of diol **11c** and the *syn* isomer **15c** (*anti*/*syn* 82:18 by ^1H NMR, 61 mg, 58% over three steps): colorless liquid; R_f 0.45 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1). The *anti* isomer **11c**: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.89 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H), 0.97 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 3 H), 1.26 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3 H), 1.66 (octet, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 1 H), 2.88 (br s, 1 H), 3.28–3.46 (m, 2 H), 4.16 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H), 4.30–4.39 (m, 1 H), 6.08 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1 H), 6.99 (dd, $J = 15.6, 5.7$ Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C -APT NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 14.2 (+), 18.8 (+), 18.9 (+), 30.4 (+), 60.7 (–), 72.0 (+), 79.5 (+), 122.8 (+), 145.8 (+), 166.6 (–). The ^1H NMR spectrum was identical with that of the minor component in the diol derived from *Z*-olefin **13c**.

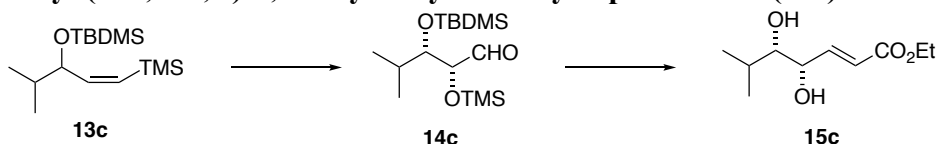
Ethyl (4*S**,5*S**,*E*)-4,5-dihydroxyhept-2-enoate (**15b**)



According to the procedure for the synthesis of **11a** from **9a**, a solution of silyl ether **13b** (*Z*/*E* 96:4 by ^1H NMR, 153 mg, 0.561 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in EtOAc (8 mL) at -78°C was gently bubbled with O_3 in O_2 and then the product was treated with Ph_3P (714 mg, 2.72 mmol, 5 equiv) to afford aldehyde **14b**, which was dissolved in THF (1 mL) and added to a mixture of NaH (60 wt %, 30 mg, 0.75 mmol, 1.3 equiv) and $(\text{EtO})_2\text{P}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2\text{Et}$ (0.160 mL, 0.799 mmol, 1.4 equiv) in THF (2 mL). The mixture was stirred at rt for 1 h to afford

the silyl ether of **15b**. A solution of the silyl ether of **15b** and TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 2.75 mL, 2.75 mmol, 5 equiv) in THF (6 mL) was stirred at rt for 1 h to afford a mixture of diol **15b** and the *anti* isomer **11b** (*syn/anti* 84:16 by ^1H NMR, 46 mg, 44% over three steps): colorless liquid; R_f 0.33 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1). The *syn* isomer **15b**: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.97 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3 H), 1.27 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3 H), 1.39–1.67 (m, 2 H), 3.03 (br s, 2 H), 3.45 (dt, $J = 8.8, 4.4$ Hz, 1 H), 4.11 (t, $J = 5.1$ Hz, 1 H), 4.17 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H), 6.10 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1 H), 6.91 (dd, $J = 15.6, 5.1$ Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C -APT NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.0 (+), 14.2 (+), 26.0 (–), 60.7 (–), 73.8 (+), 75.4 (+), 122.2 (+), 147.3 (+), 166.7 (–). The reported ^1H NMR spectrum was updated from that reported. The ^{13}C NMR spectrum was identical with that reported.^{S3}

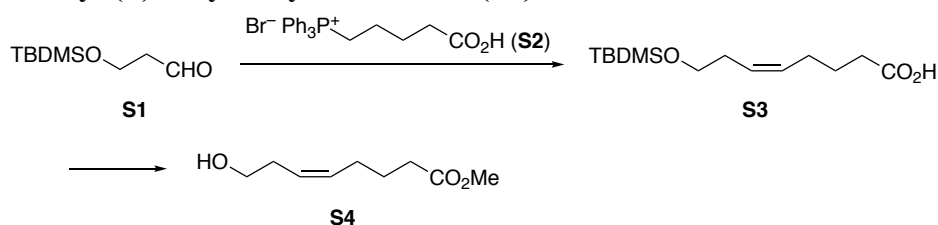
Ethyl (4*S**,5*S**,*E*)-4,5-dihydroxy-6-methylhept-2-enoate (**15c**)



According to the procedure for the synthesis of **11a** from **9a**, a solution of silyl ether **13c** (*Z/E* 94:6 by ^1H NMR, 152 mg, 0.530 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in EtOAc (7 mL) at -78°C was gently bubbled with O_3 in O_2 and then the product was treated with Ph_3P (681 mg, 2.60 mmol, 5 equiv) to afford aldehyde **14c**, which was dissolved in THF (1 mL) and added to a mixture of NaH (60 wt %, 28 mg, 0.70 mmol, 1.3 equiv) and $(\text{EtO})_2\text{P}(\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2\text{Et}$ (0.150 mL, 0.749 mmol, 1.4 equiv) in THF (2 mL). The mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h to afford the silyl ether of **15c**. A solution of the silyl ether of **15c** and TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 2.60 mL, 2.60 mmol, 5 equiv) in THF (5 mL) was stirred at rt for 1 h to afford a mixture of diol **15c** and the *anti* isomer **11c** (*syn/anti* 90:10 by ^1H NMR, 39 mg, 37% over three steps): colorless liquid; R_f 0.45 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1). The *syn* isomer **15c**: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 0.98 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 0.99 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 3 H), 1.30 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3 H), 1.85 (octet, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 1 H), 2.75 (br s, 1 H), 3.13 (br s, 1 H), 3.29 (t, $J = 5.1$ Hz, 1 H), 4.20 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H), 4.27–4.35 (m, 1 H), 6.13 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1 H), 6.94 (dd, $J = 15.6, 5.1$ Hz, 1 H); ^{13}C -APT NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 14.3 (+), 17.1 (+), 19.7 (+), 30.0 (+), 60.7 (–), 71.9 (+), 78.7 (+), 122.1 (+), 147.7 (+), 166.6 (–). The ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were identical with those reported.^{S4}

Preparation of phosphonium salt **24**

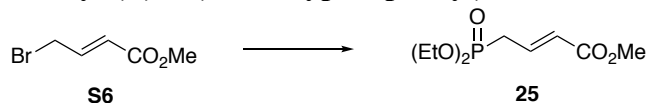
Methyl (*Z*)-8-hydroxyoct-5-enoate (**S4**)



To an ice-cold suspension of phosphonium salt **S2** (4.20 g, 9.47 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in THF (50 mL) was added NaHMDS (1.0 M in THF, 9.50 mL, 9.50 mmol, 1.5 equiv). The resulting reddish-orange mixture was stirred at 0°C for 1 h and cooled to -90°C . A

Preparation of phosphonate **25**

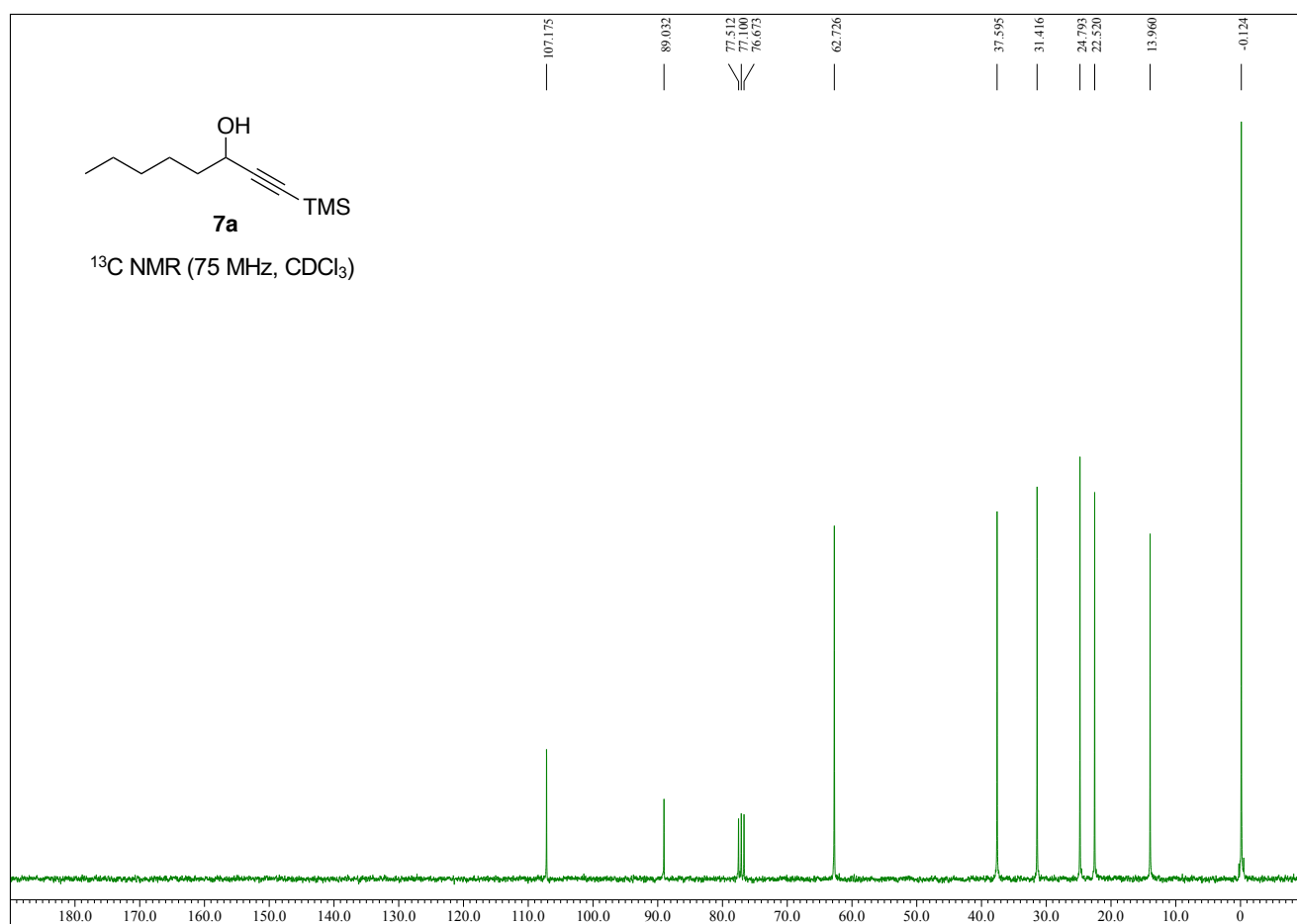
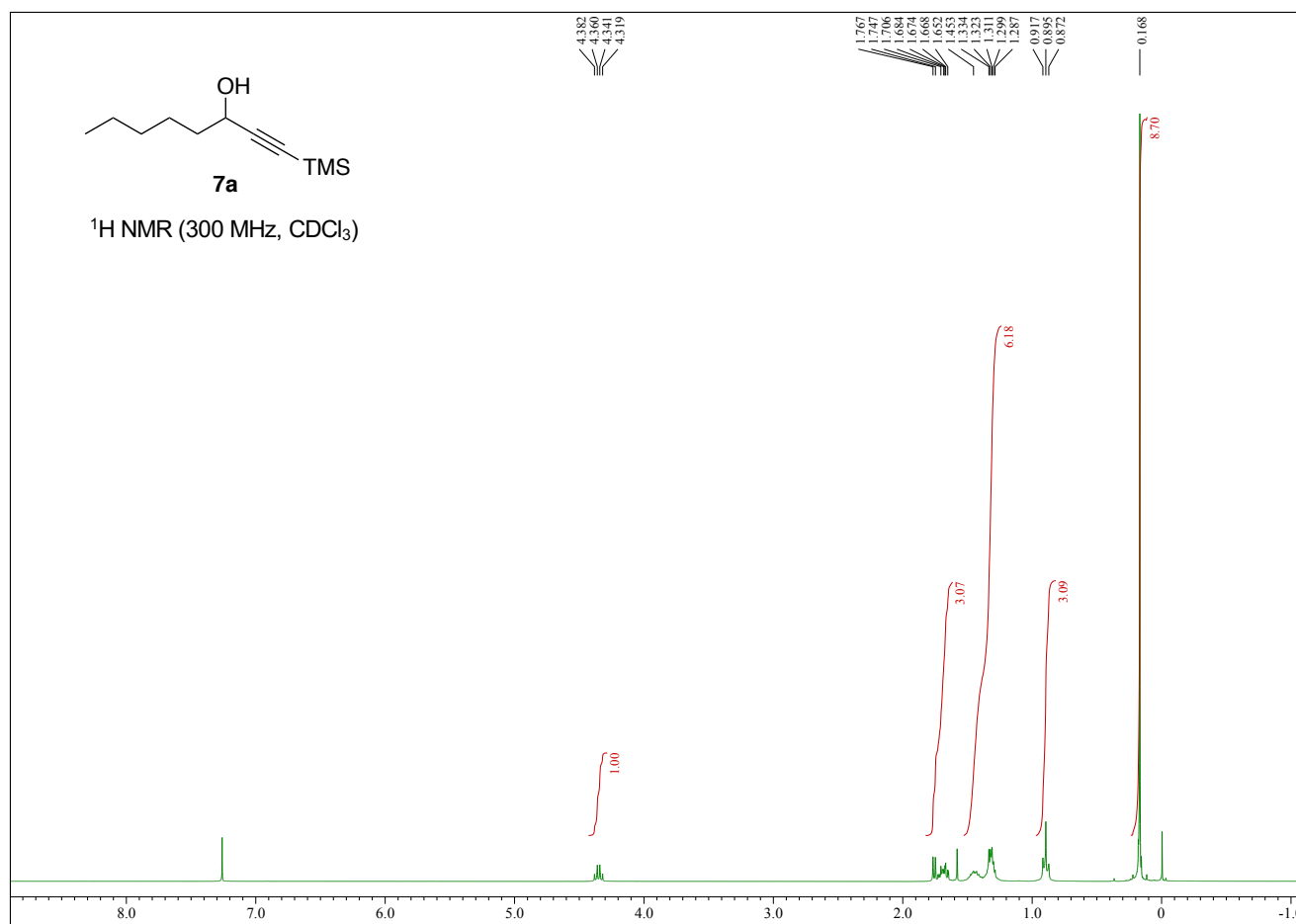
Methyl (*E*)-4-(diethoxyphosphoryl)but-2-enoate (**25**)

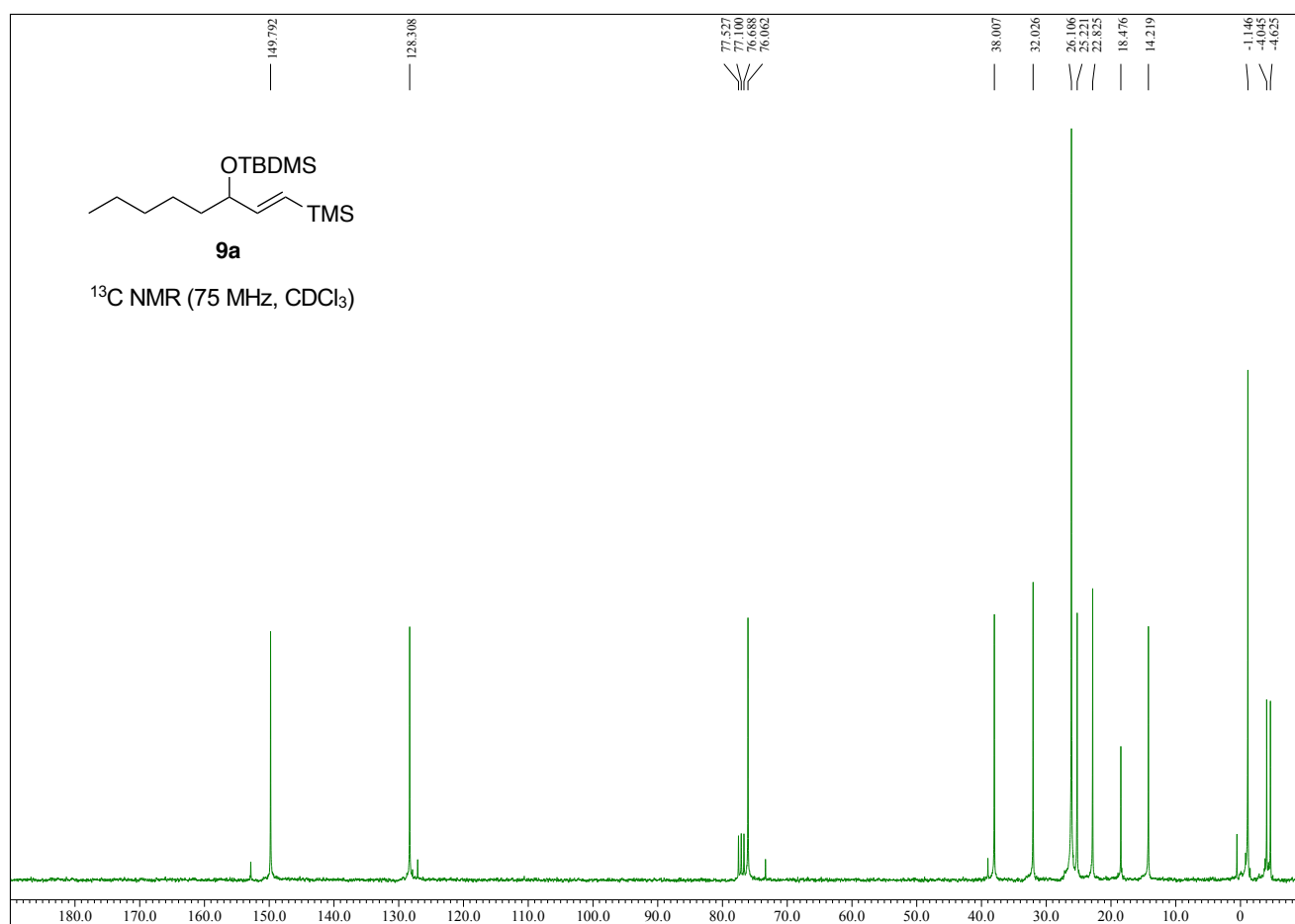
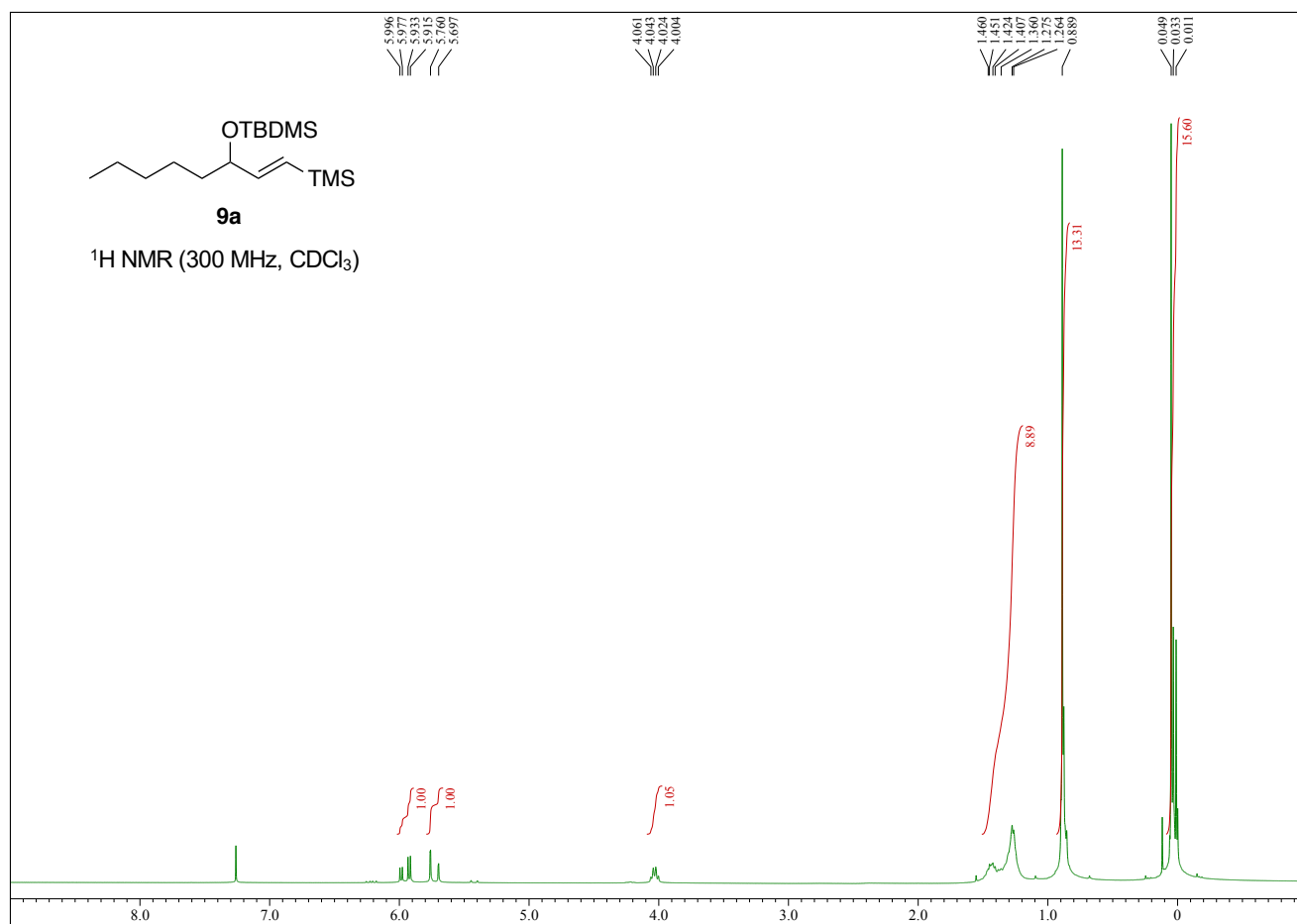


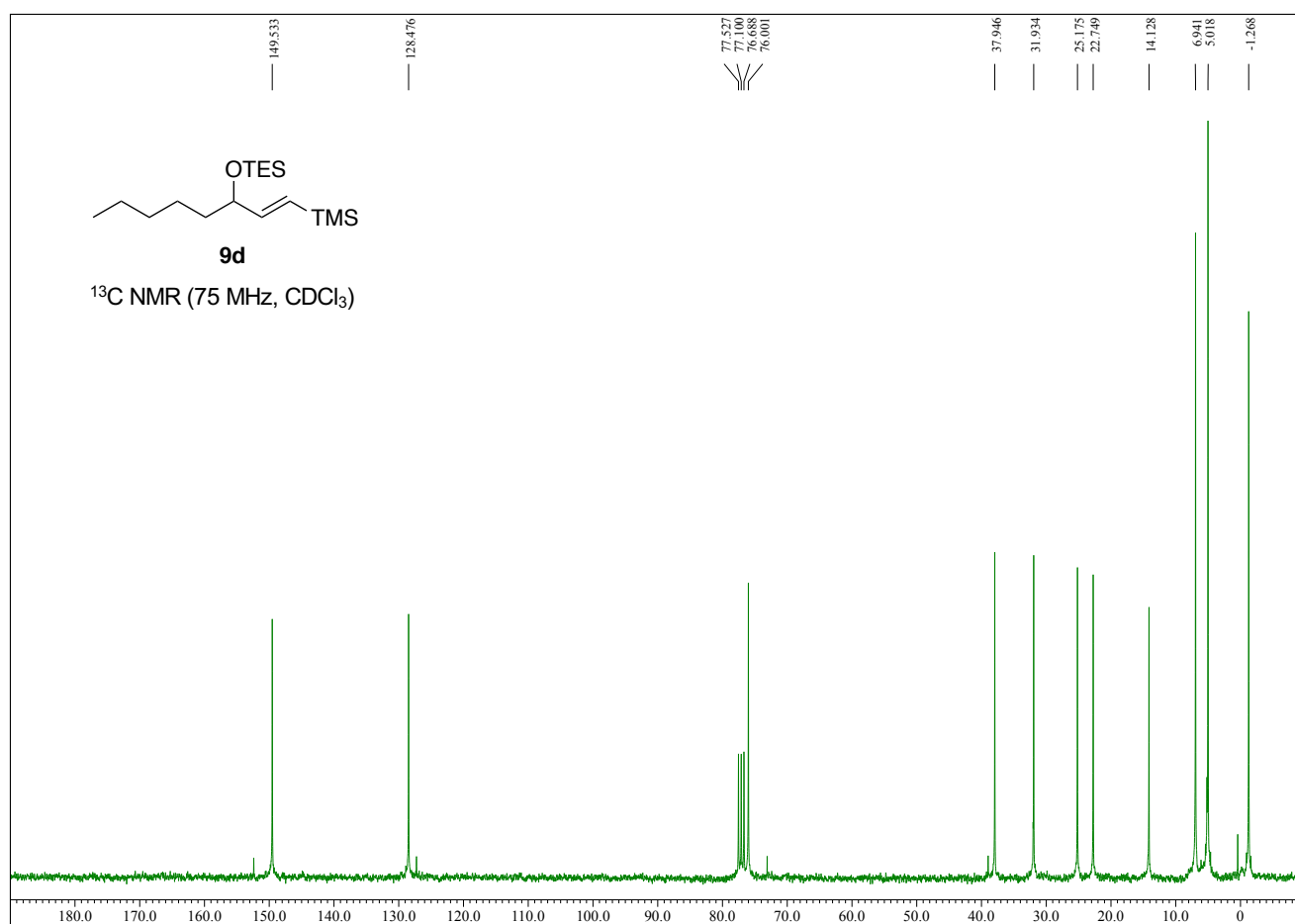
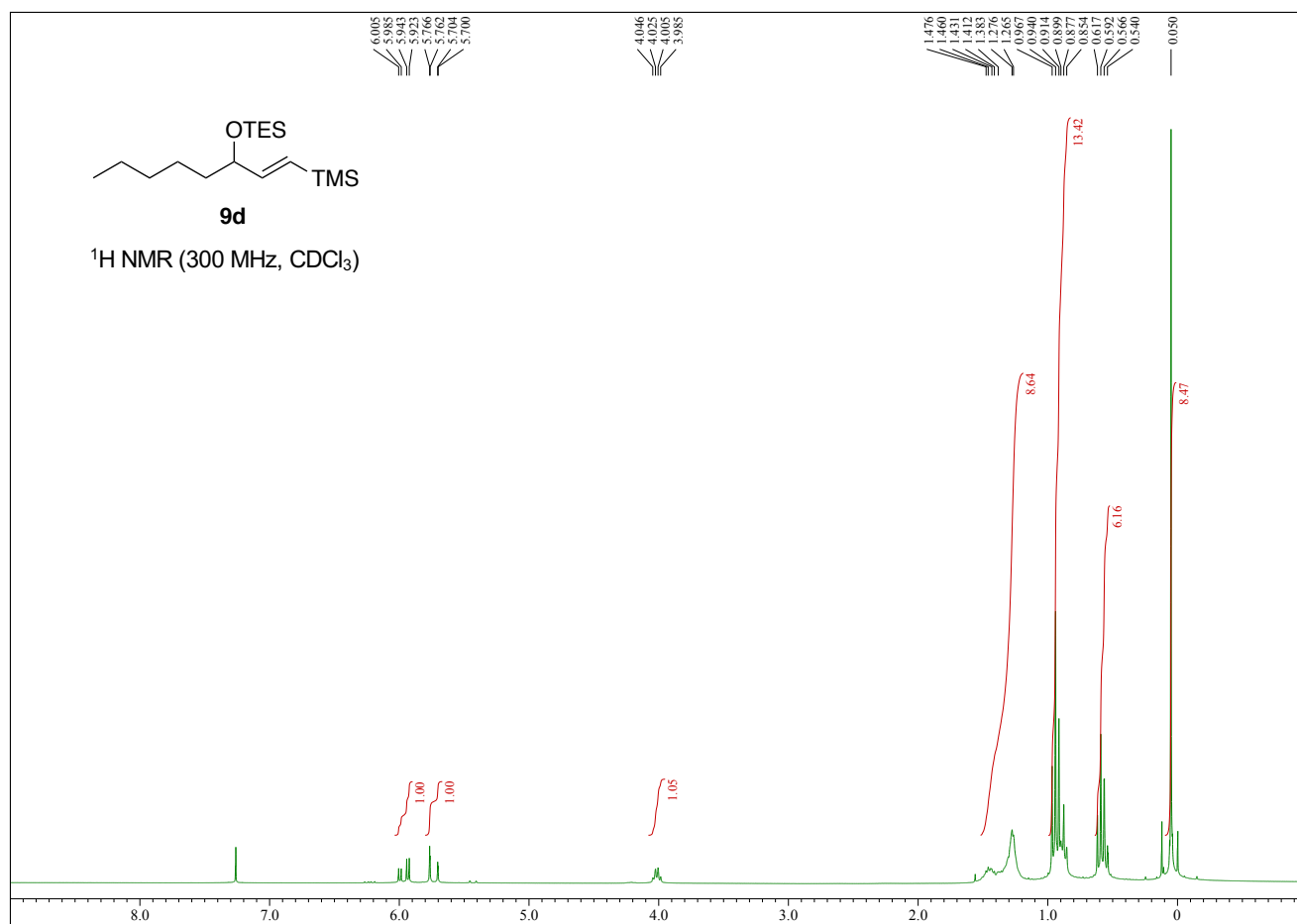
According to the literature procedure,^{S7} a mixture of methyl 4-bromocrotonate (**S6**) (3.97 g, 22.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and (EtO)₃P (4.64 mL, 26.8 mmol, 1.2 equiv) was stirred at 120 °C for 1 h, cooled to rt and purified by chromatography on silica gel (CH₂Cl₂/THF 19:1) to give phosphonate **25** (4.73 g, 90%): yellow oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.31 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 6 H), 2.73 (dd, *J* = 22.8, 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 3.73 (s, 3 H), 4.03–4.17 (m, 4 H), 5.96 (dd, *J* = 15.6, 5.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.88 (sextet, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 16.3 (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 30.5 (d, *J* = 137 Hz), 51.4, 62.1, 125.2 (d, *J* = 14 Hz), 137.7 (d, *J* = 11 Hz), 165.9. The ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were identical with those reported.^{S7}

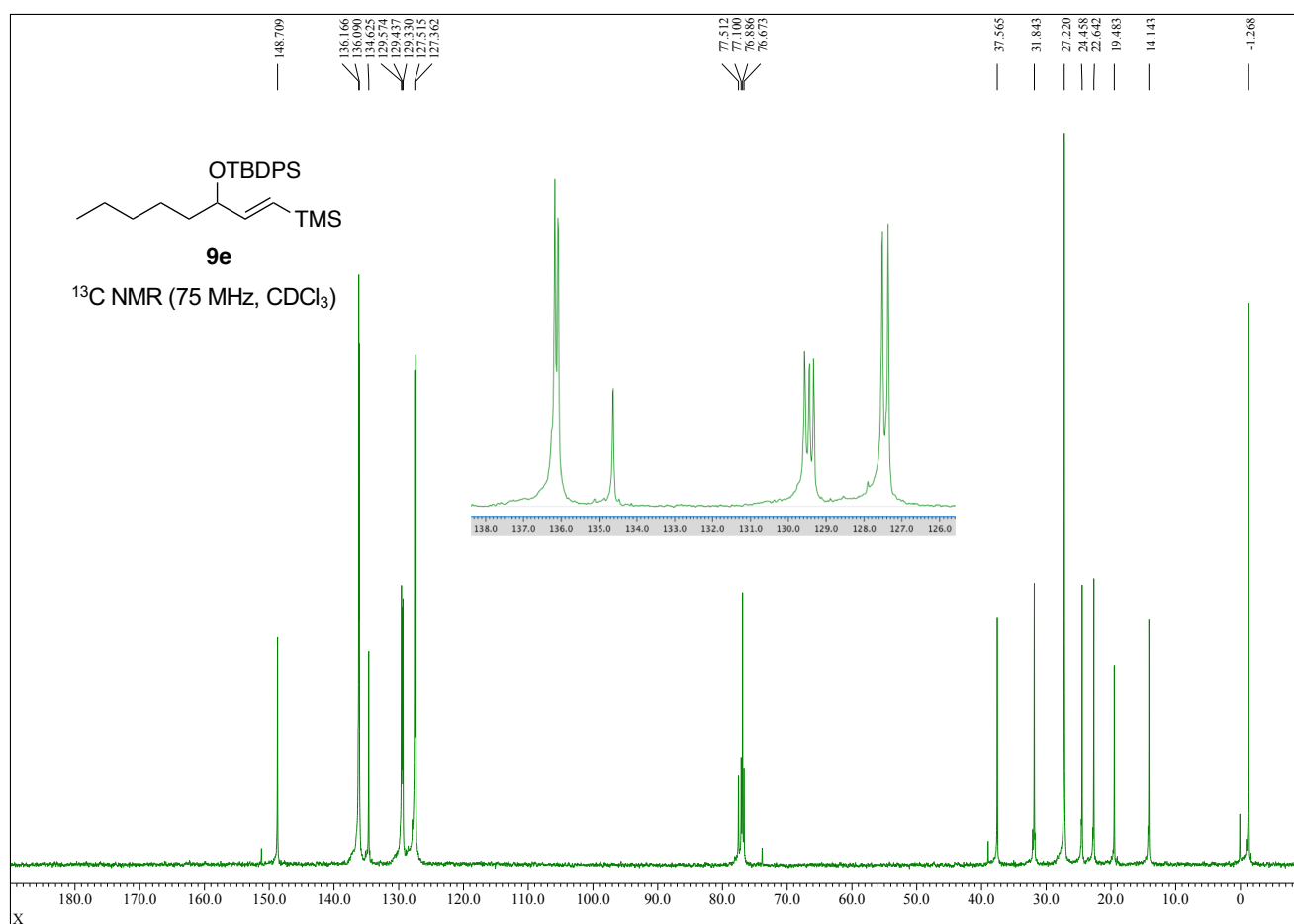
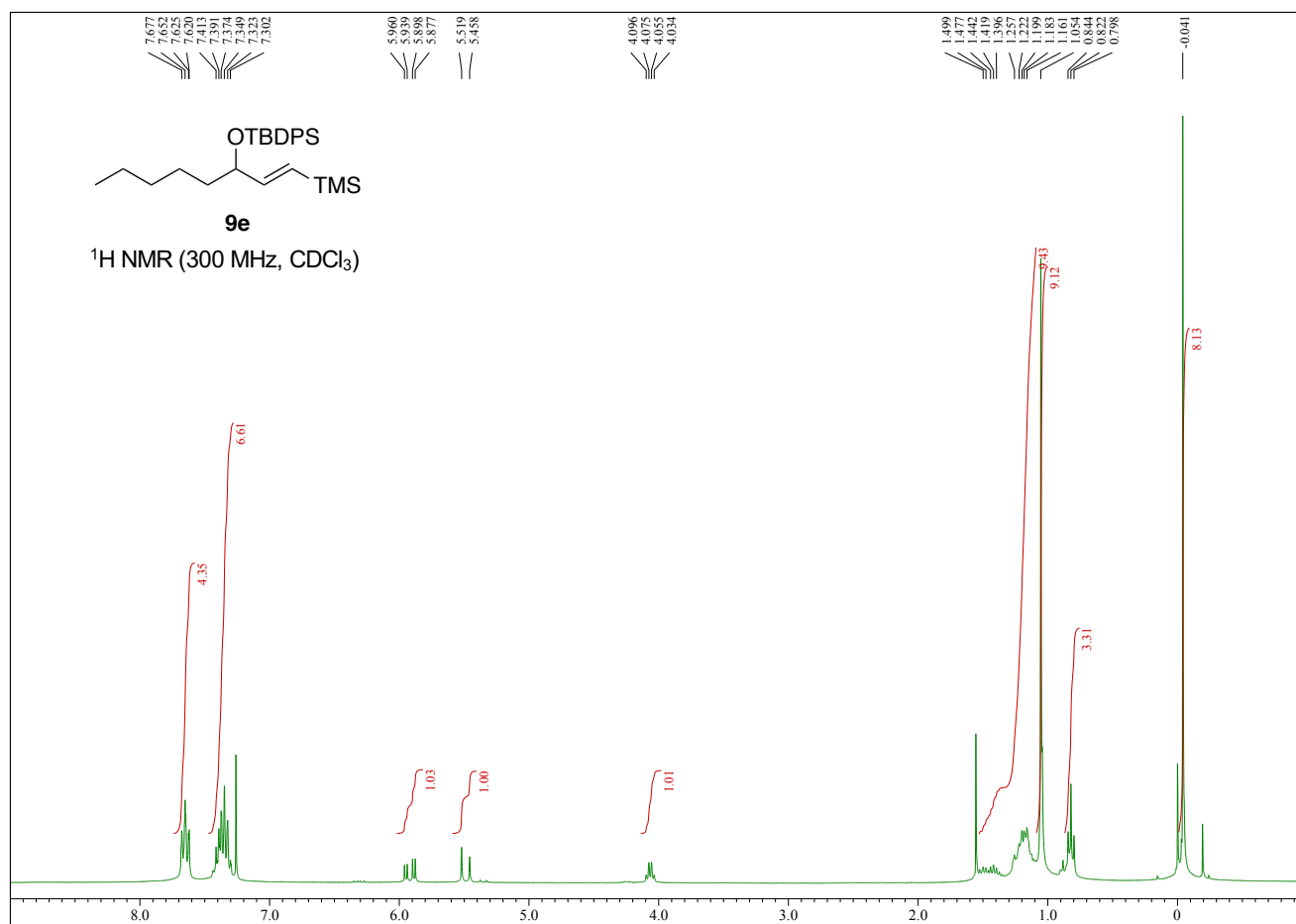
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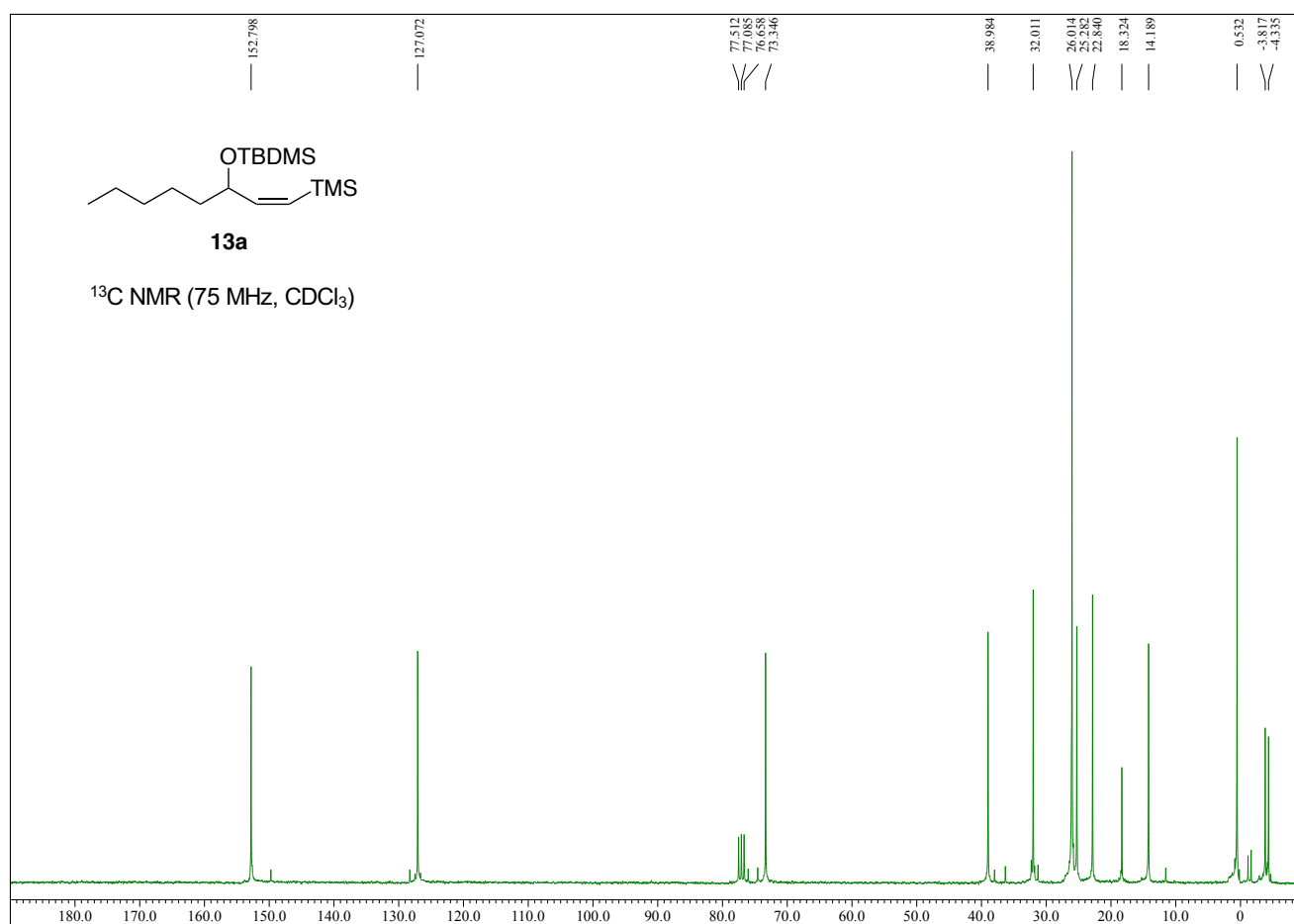
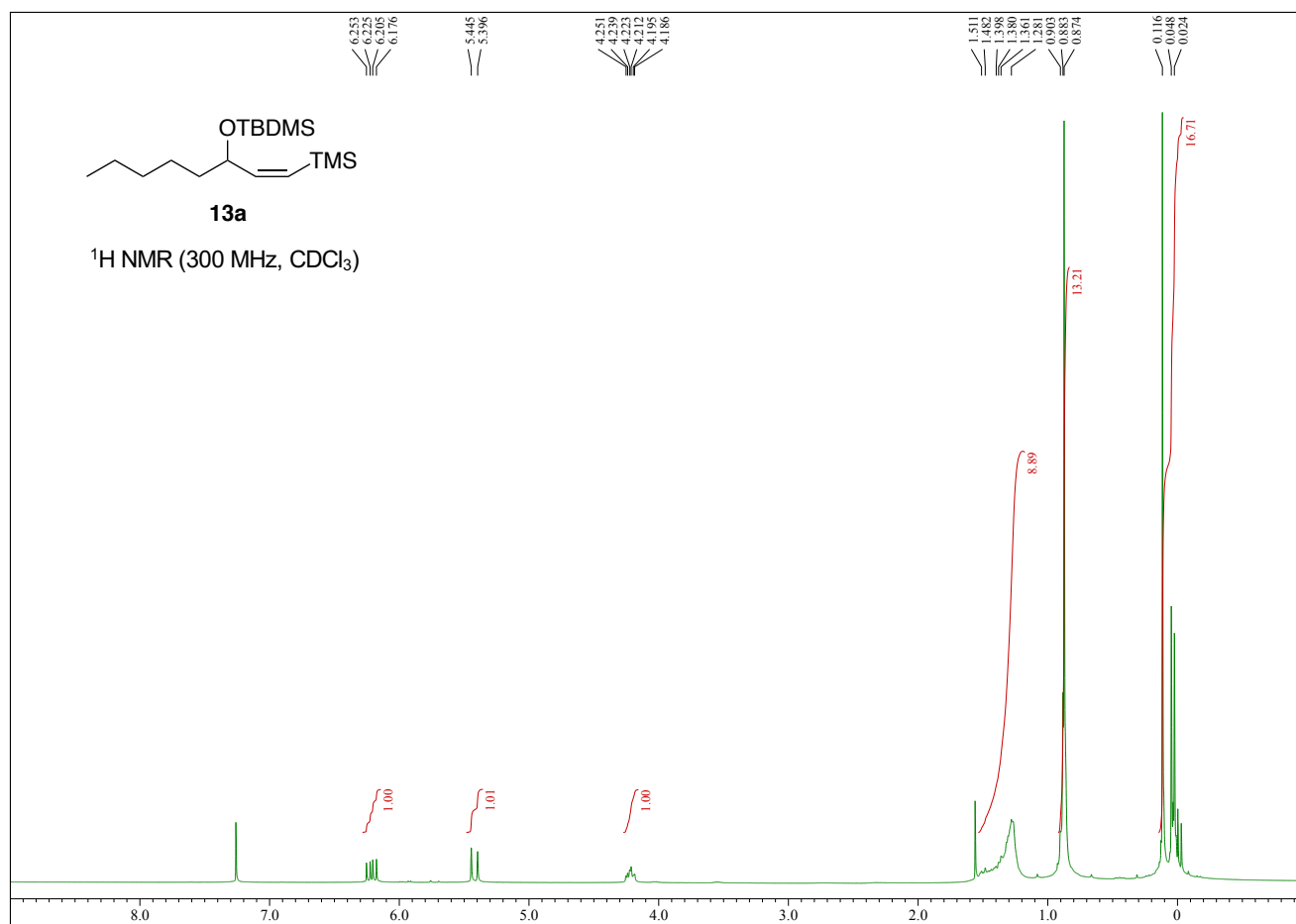
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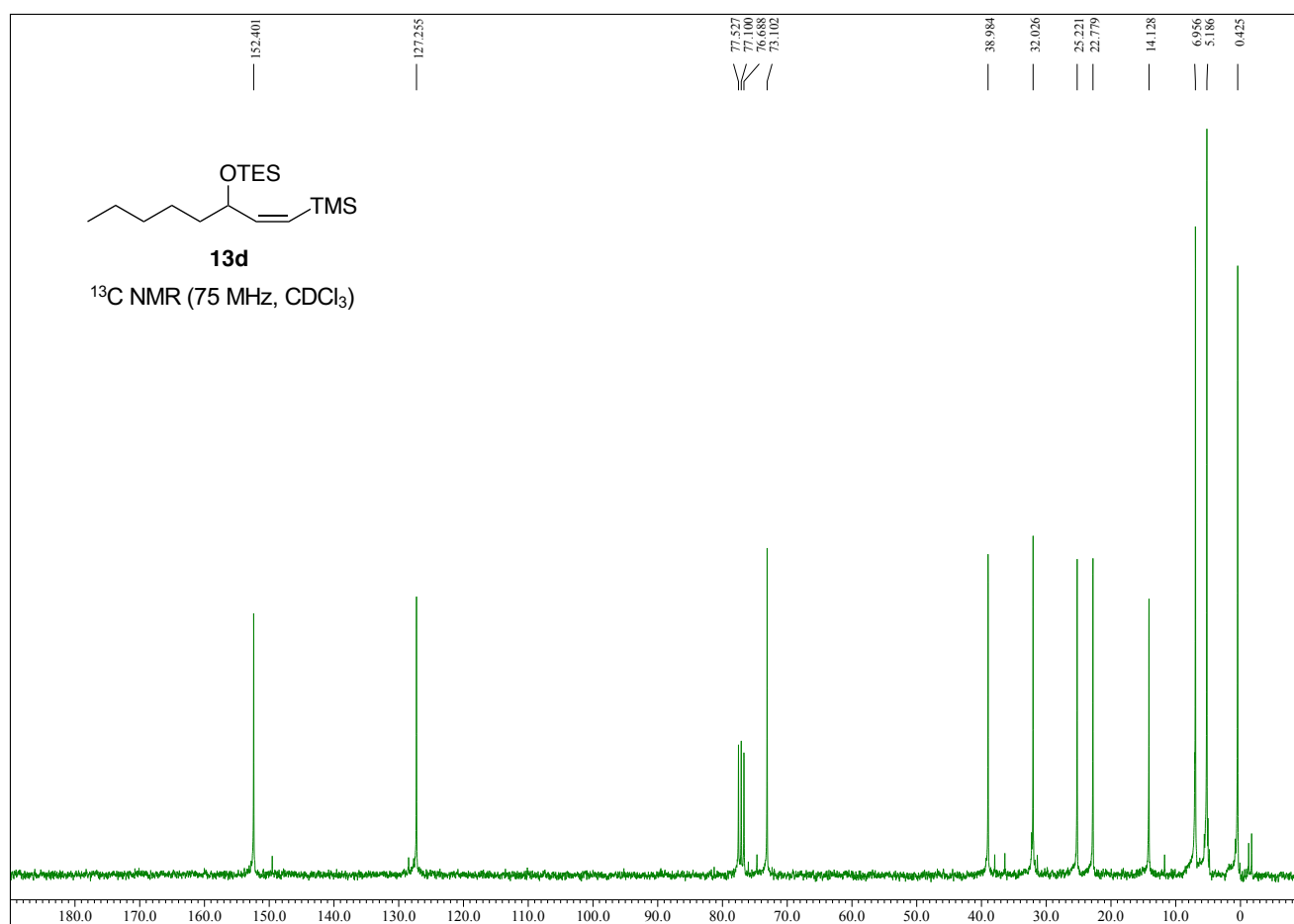
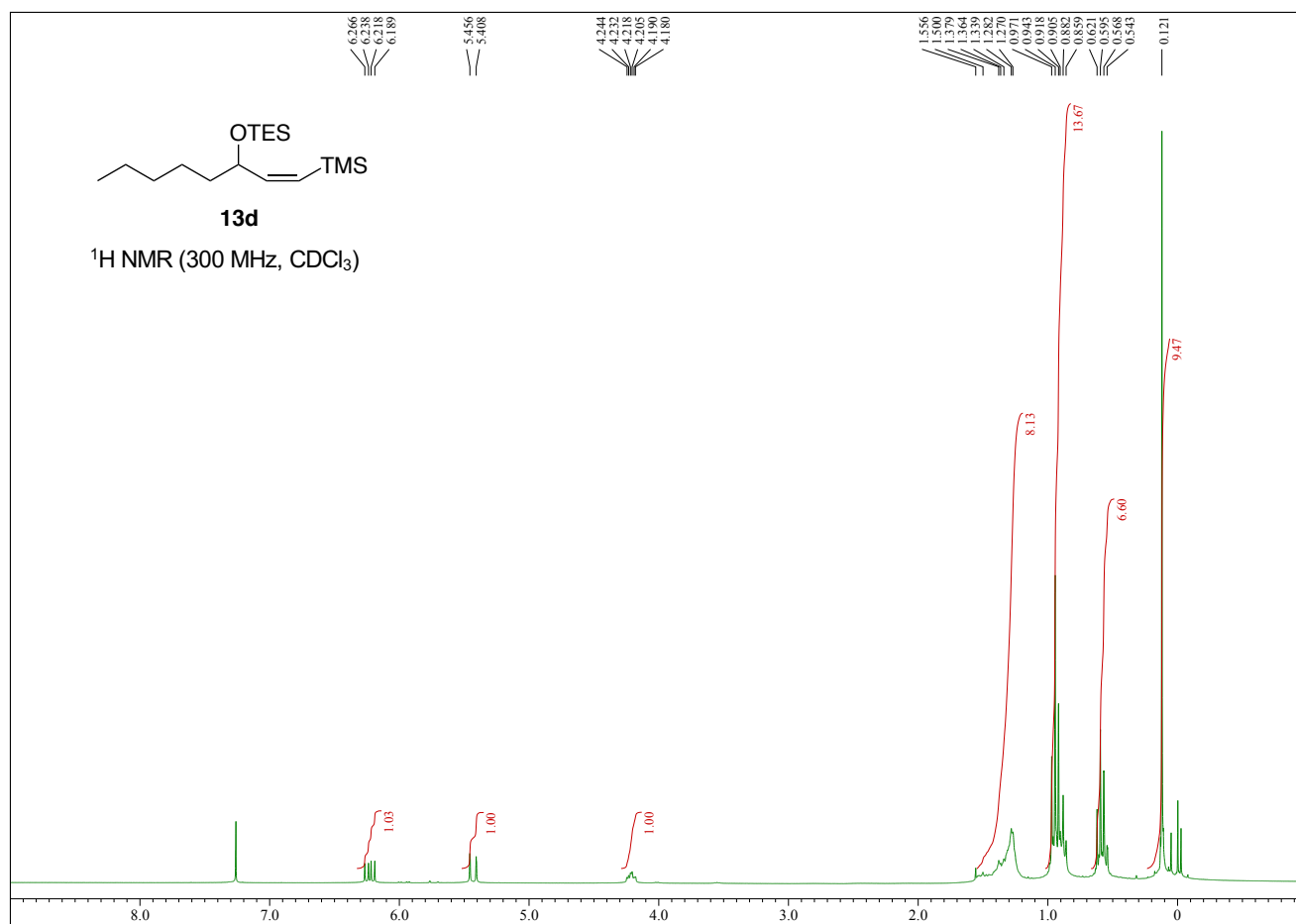


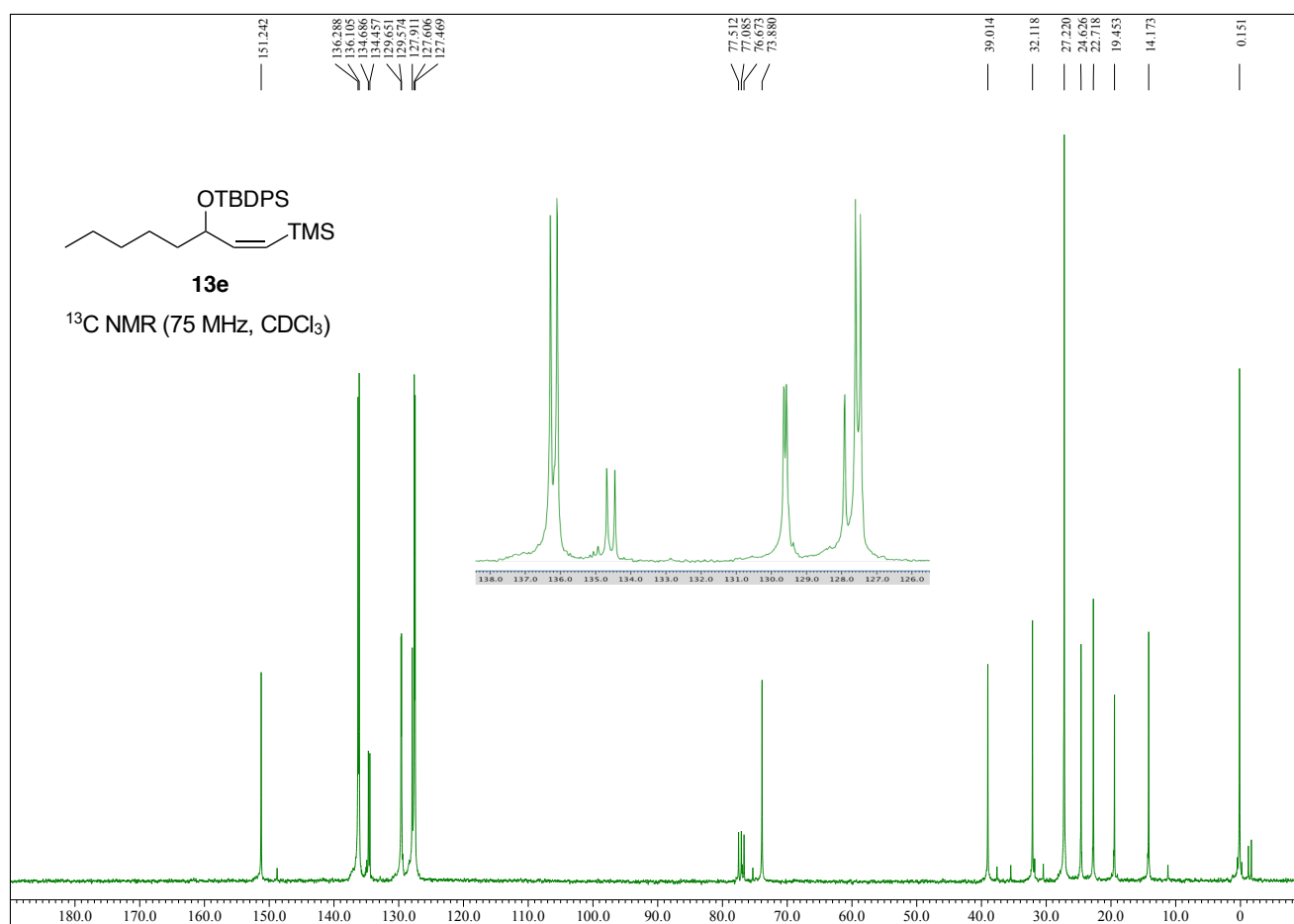
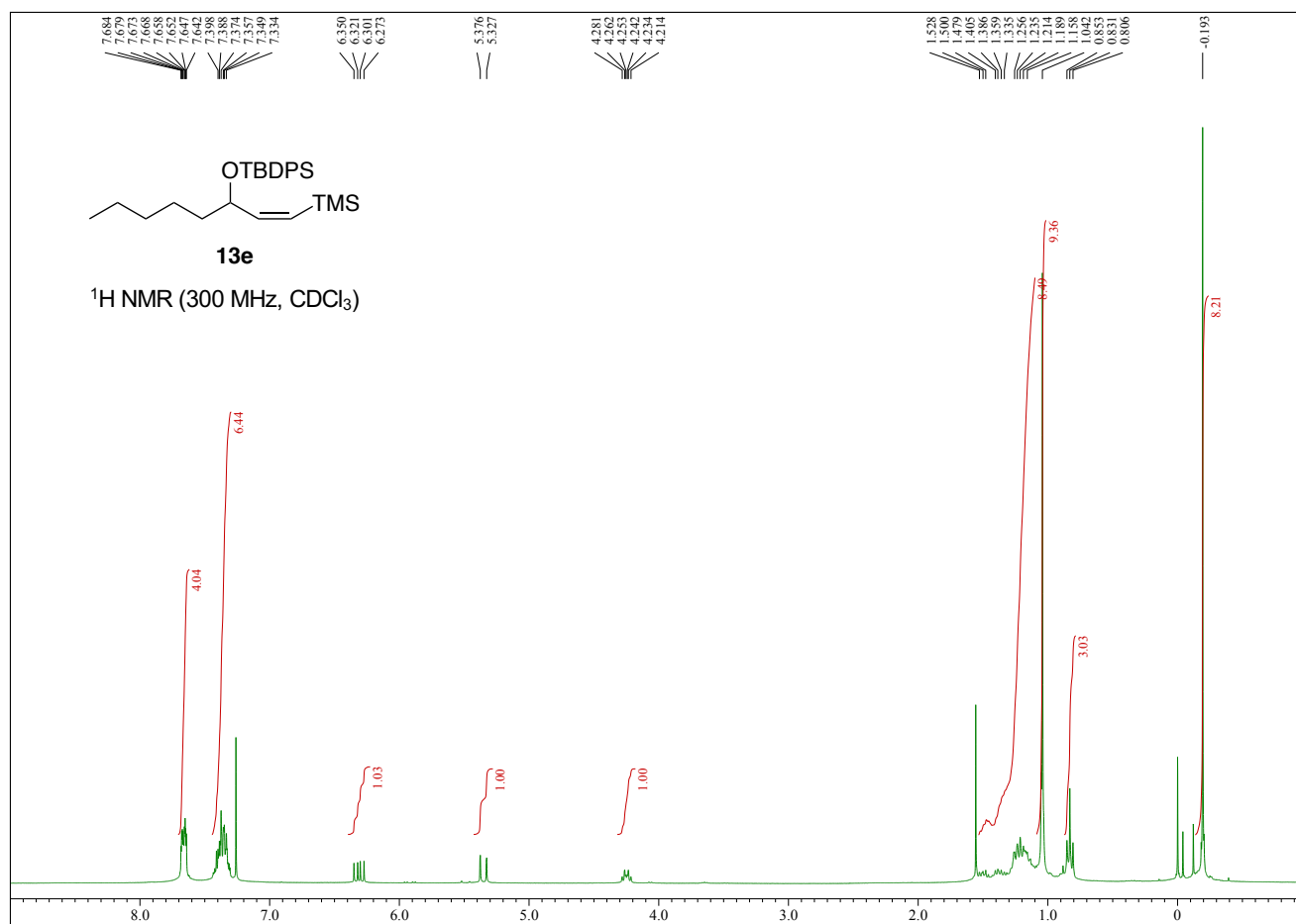


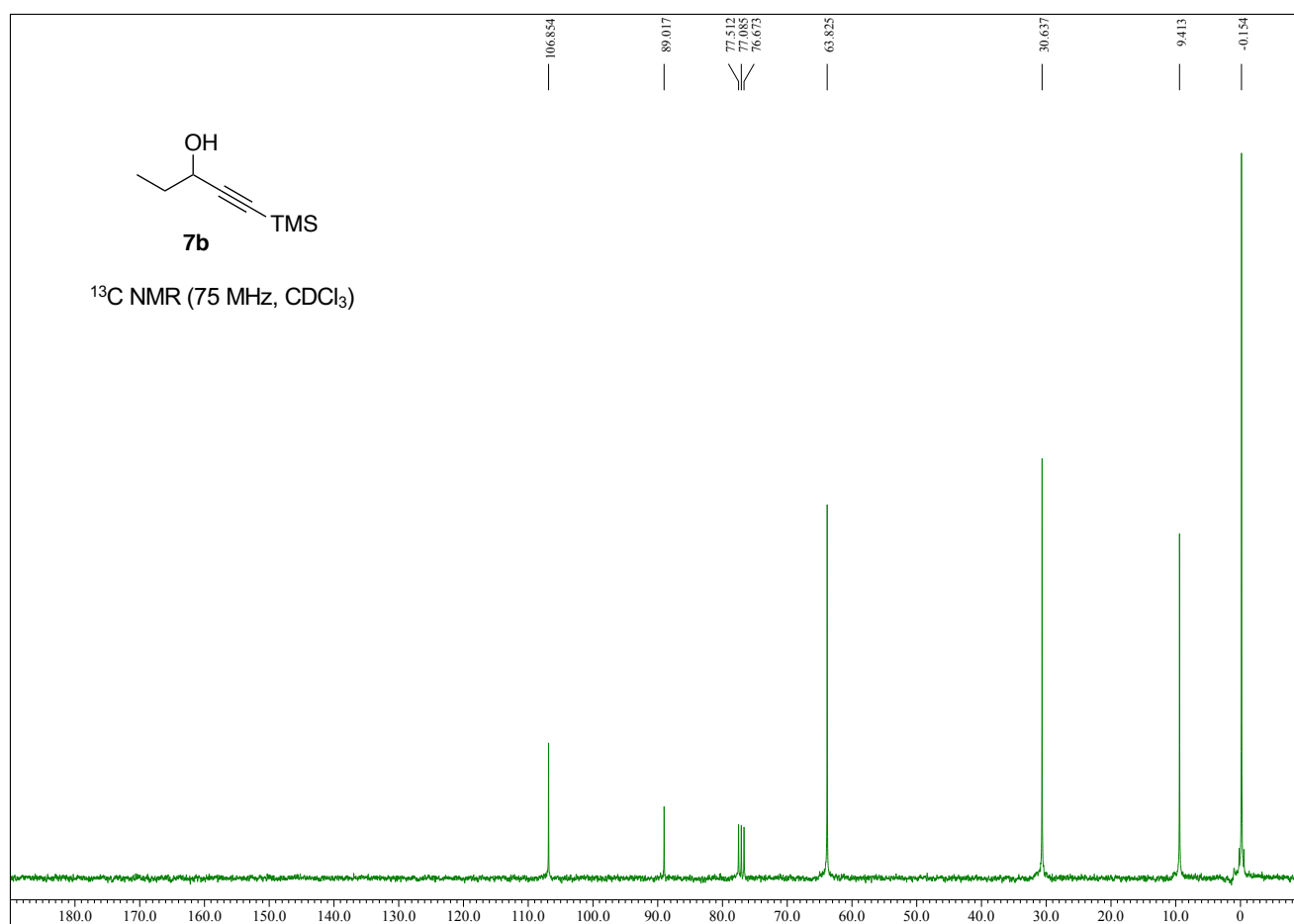
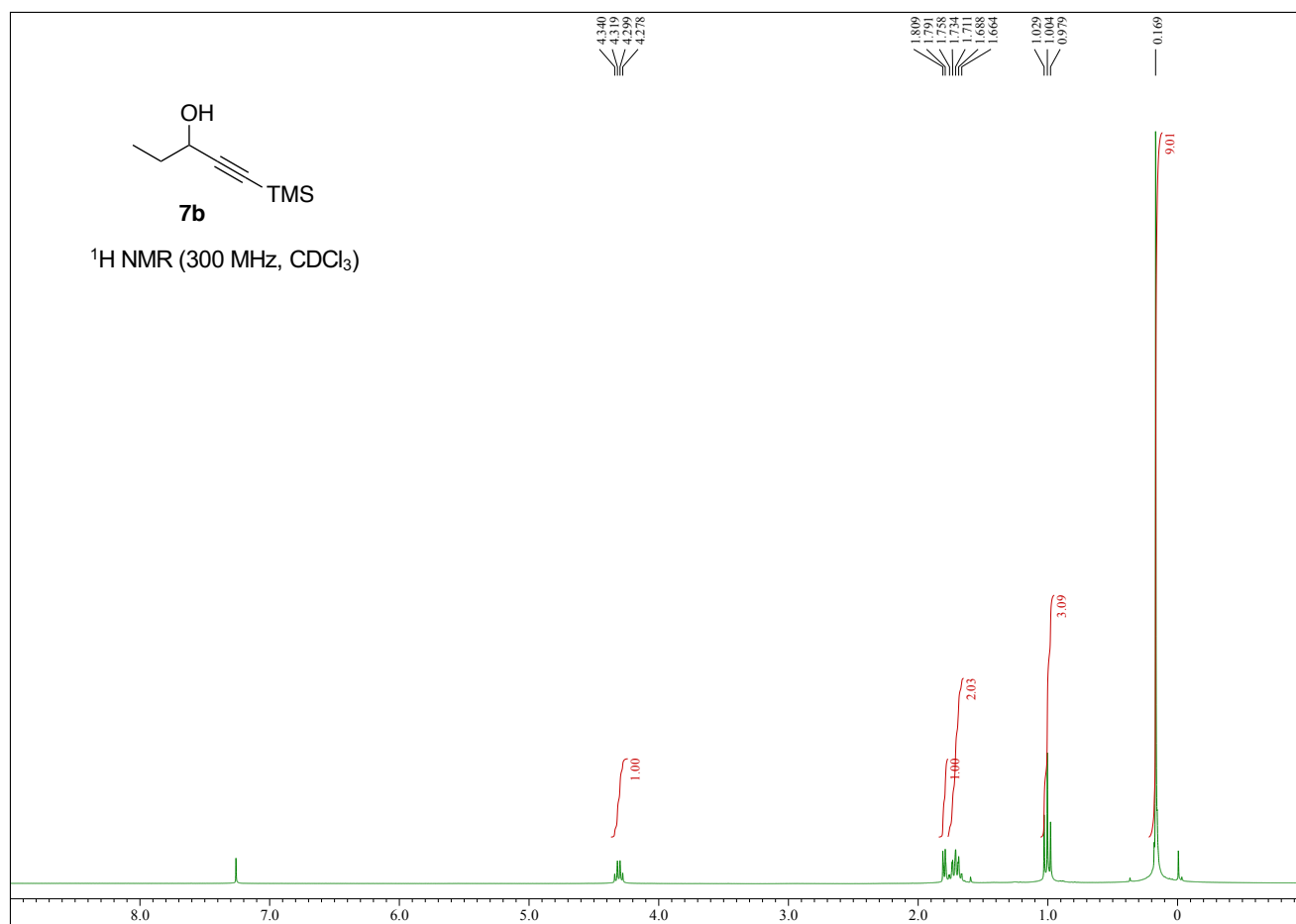


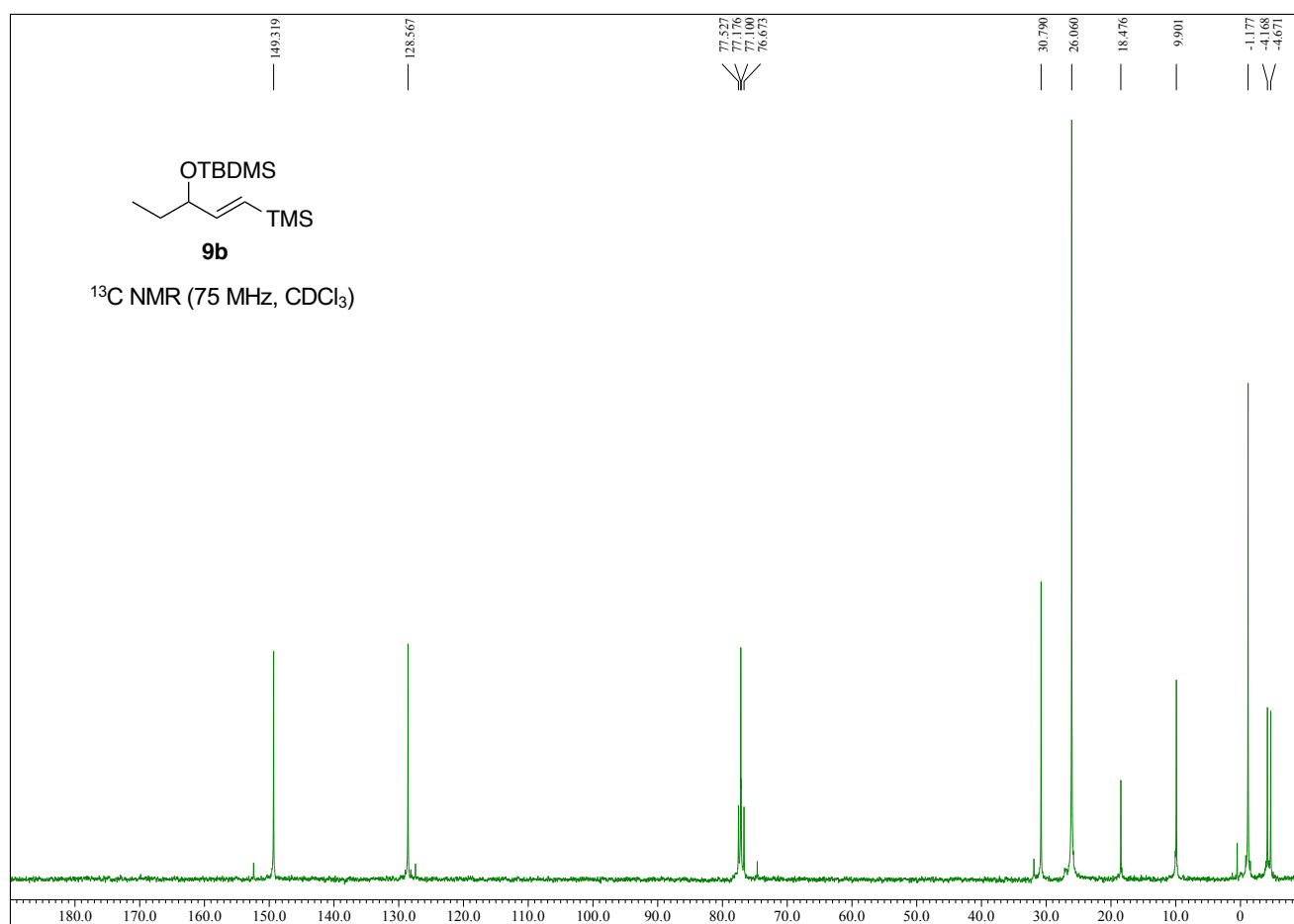
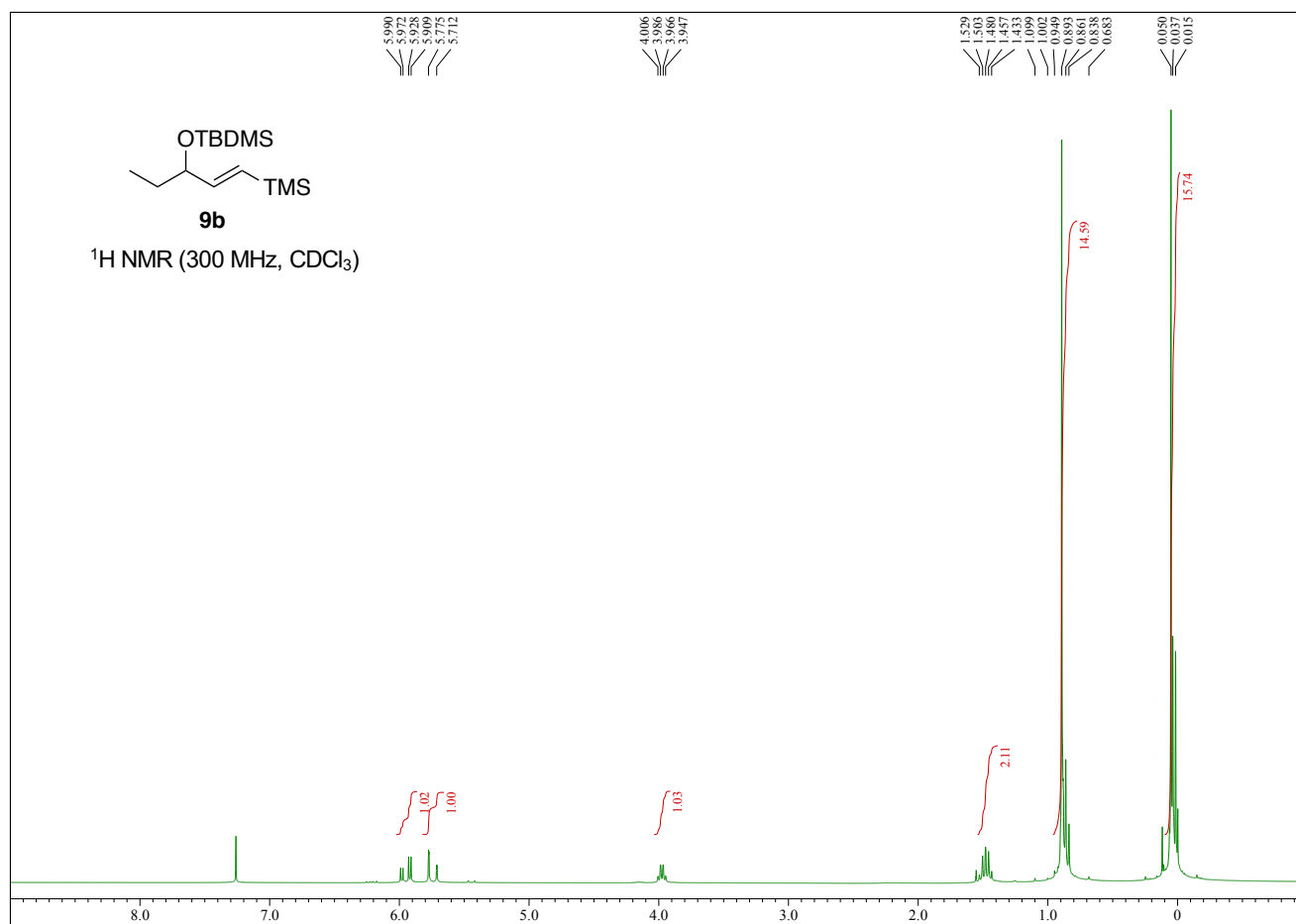


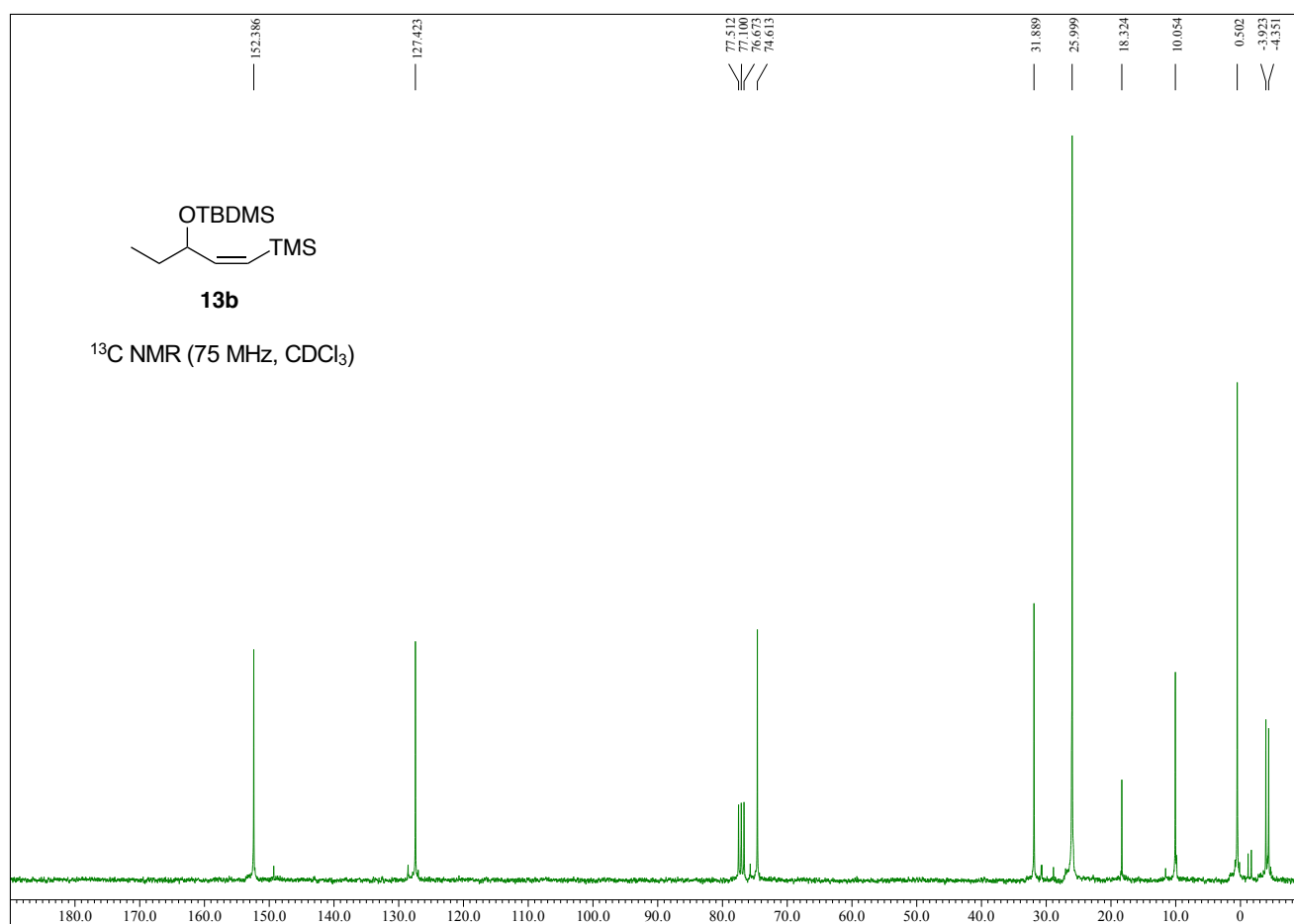
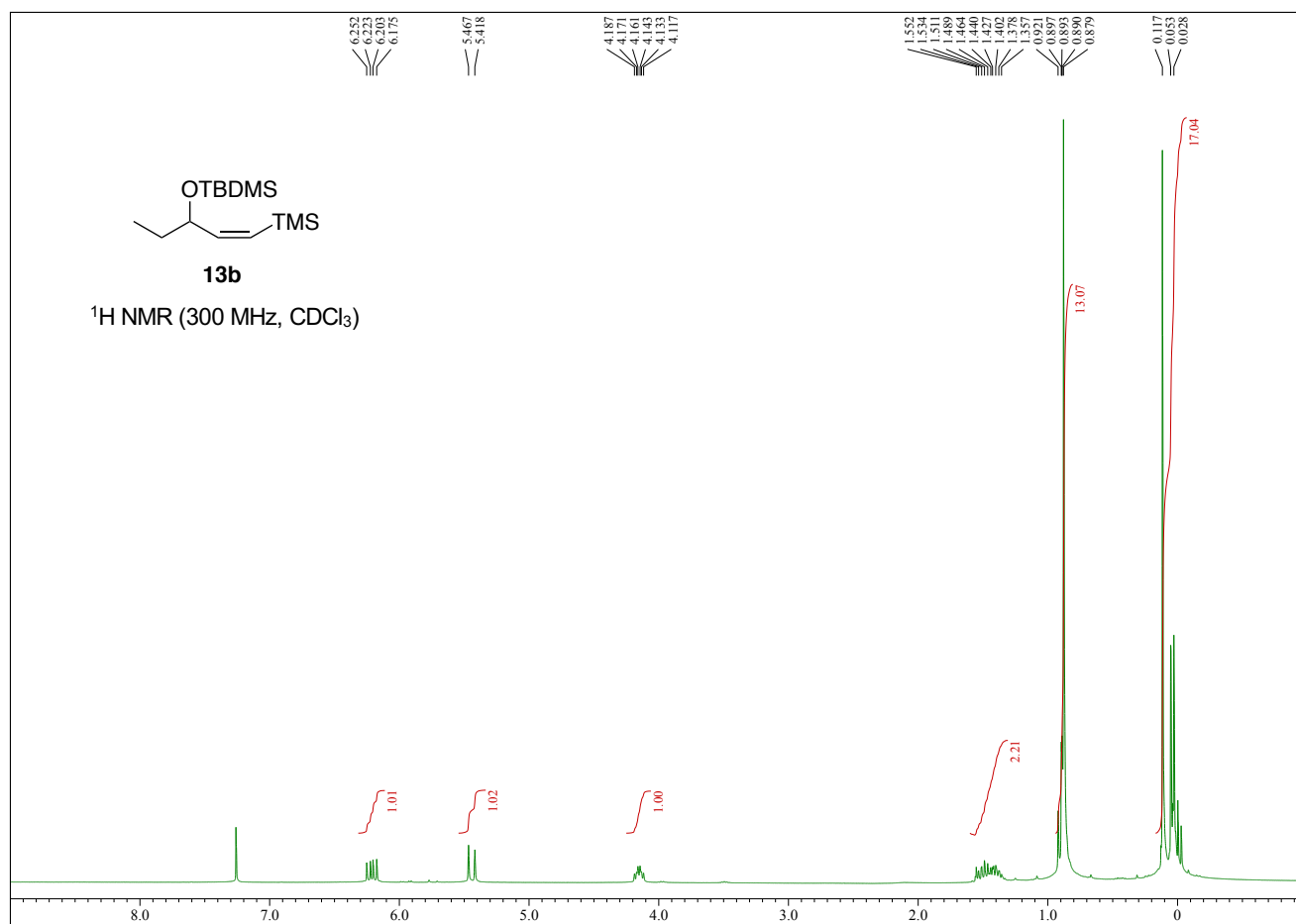


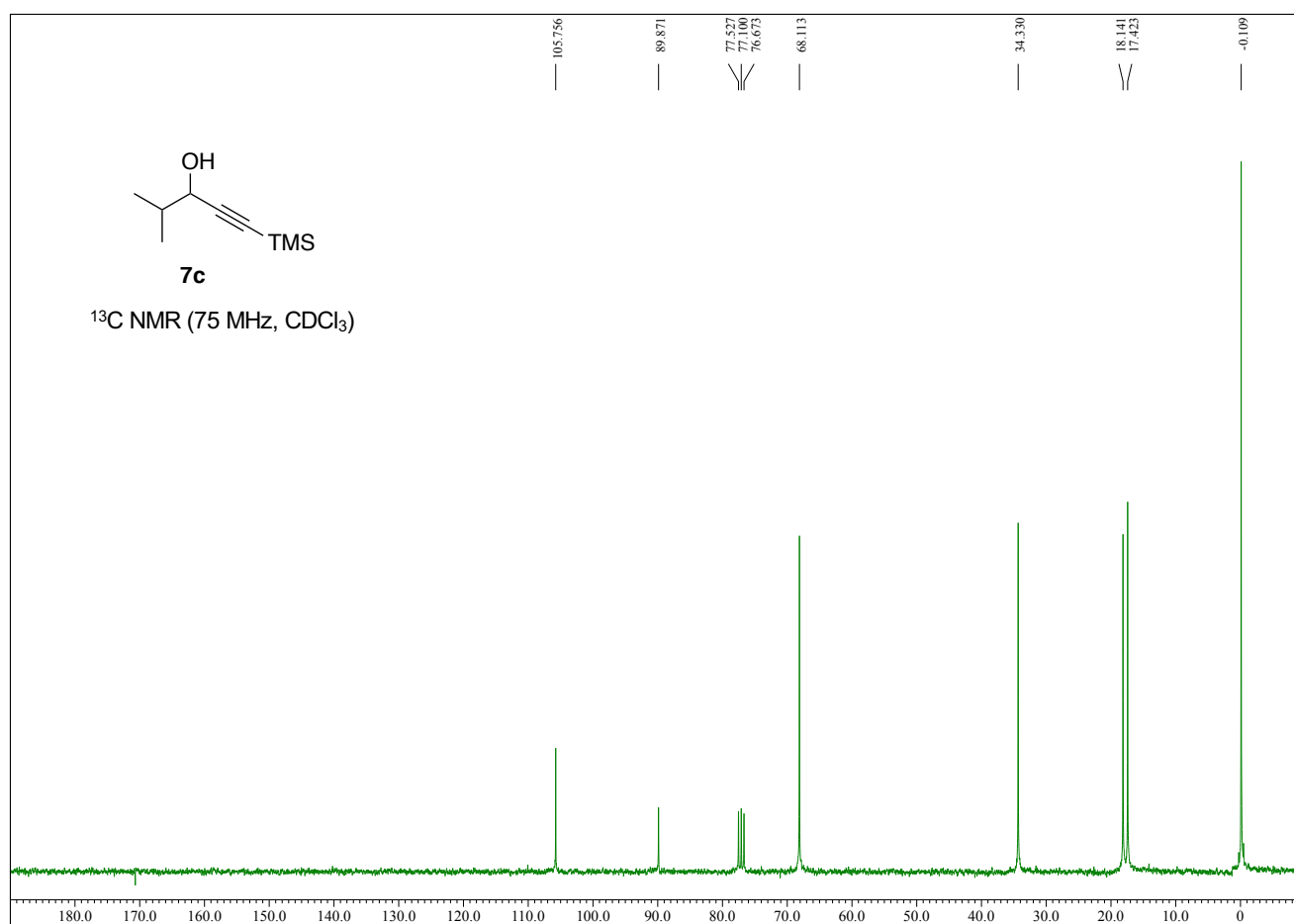
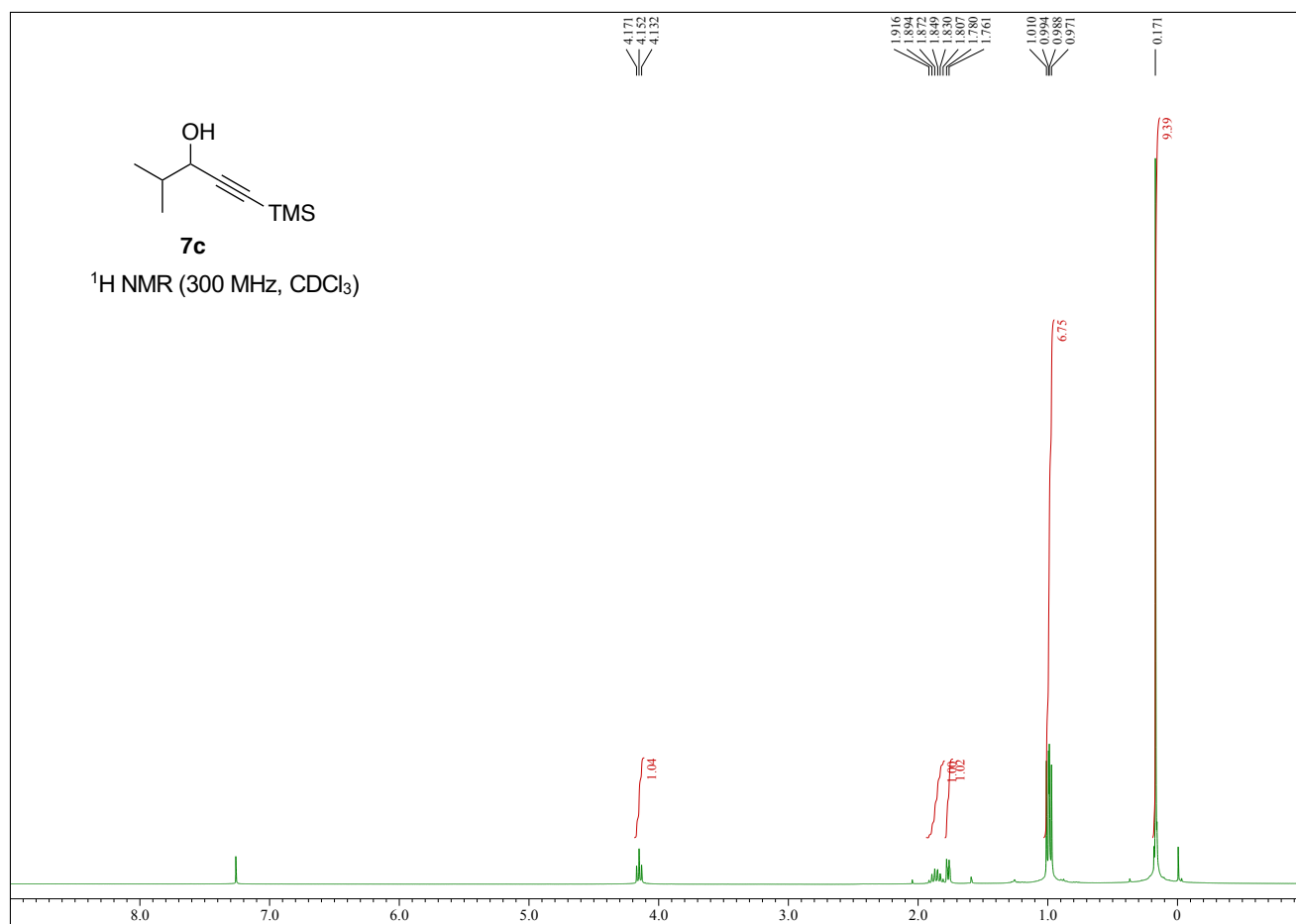


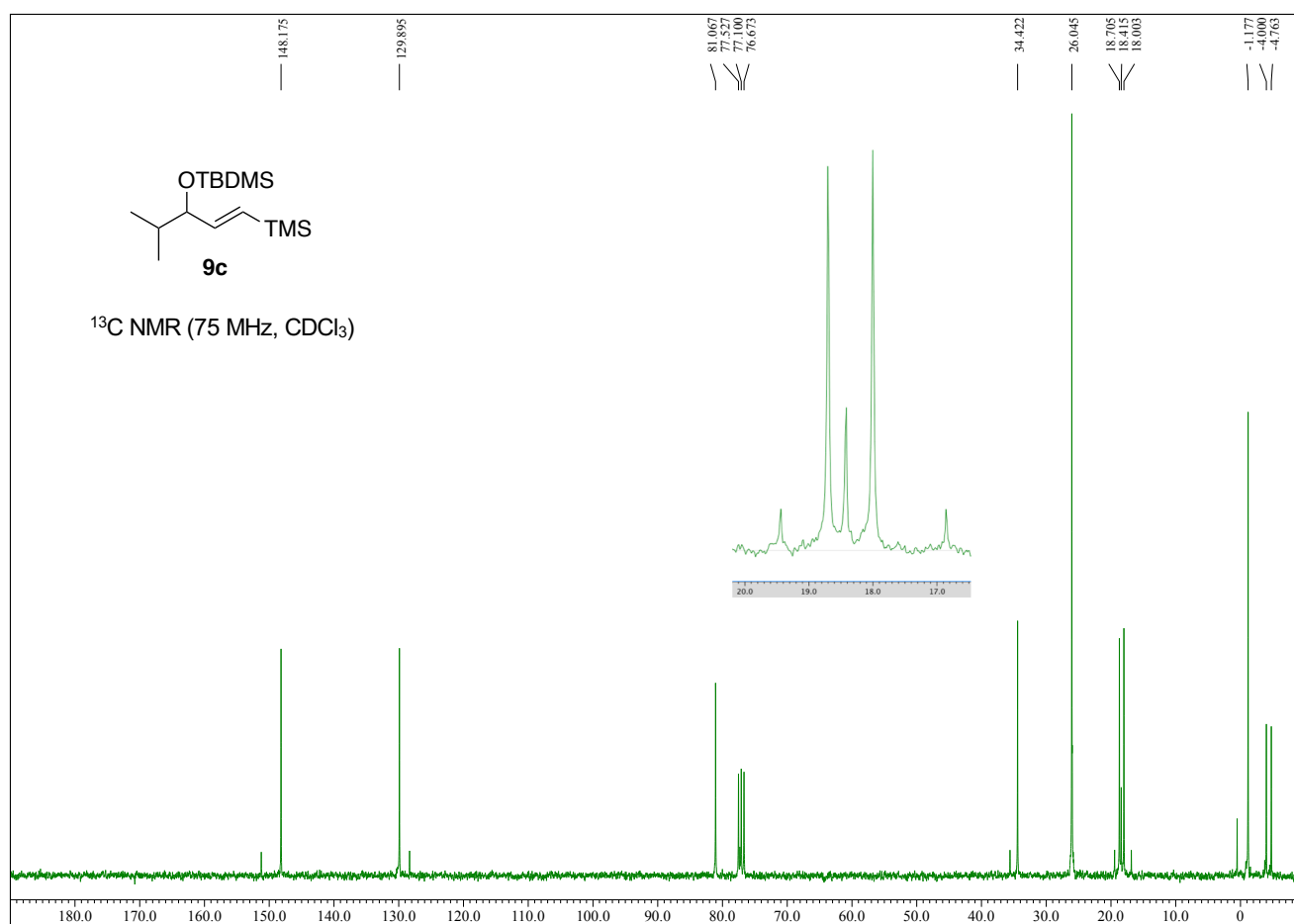
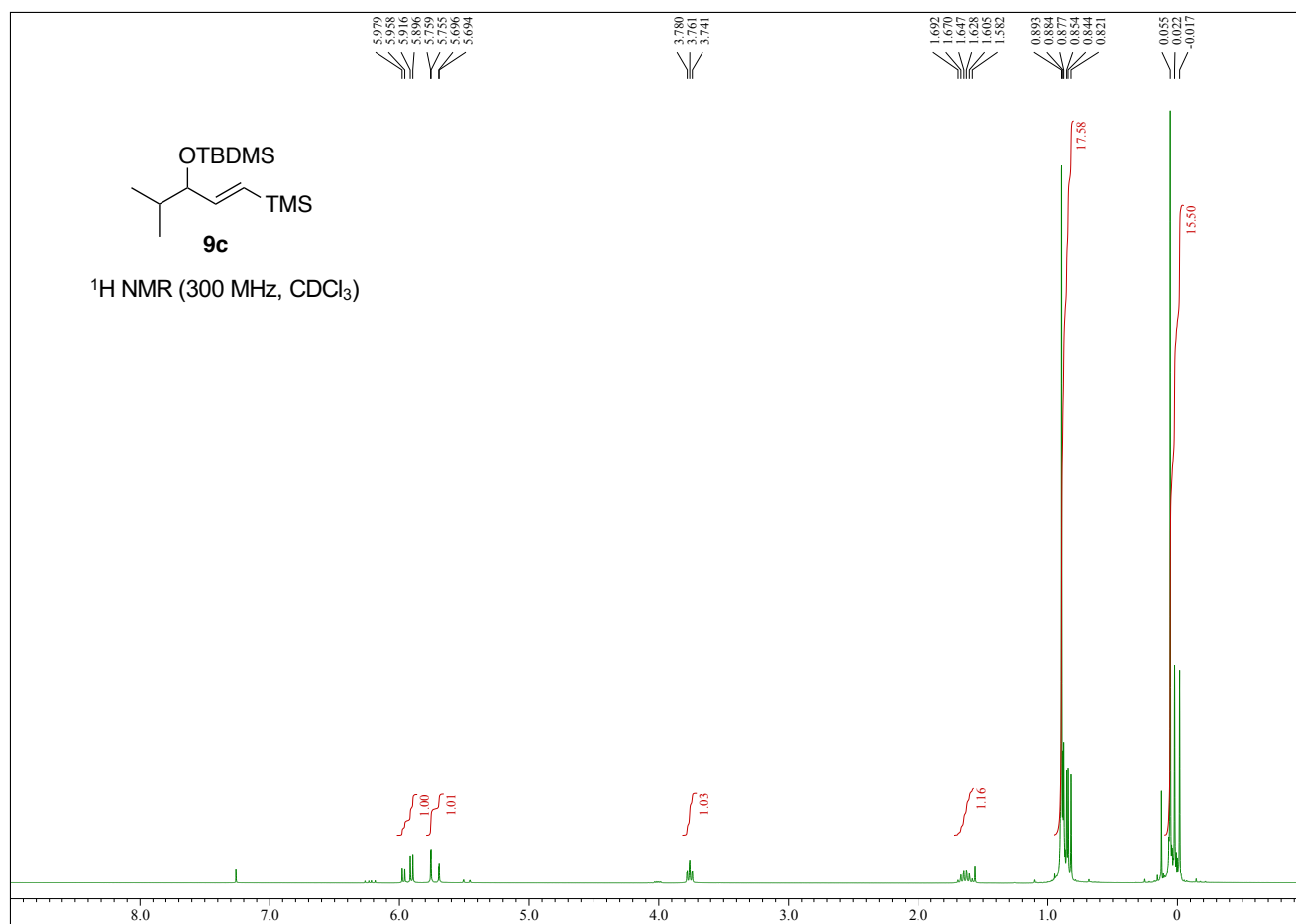


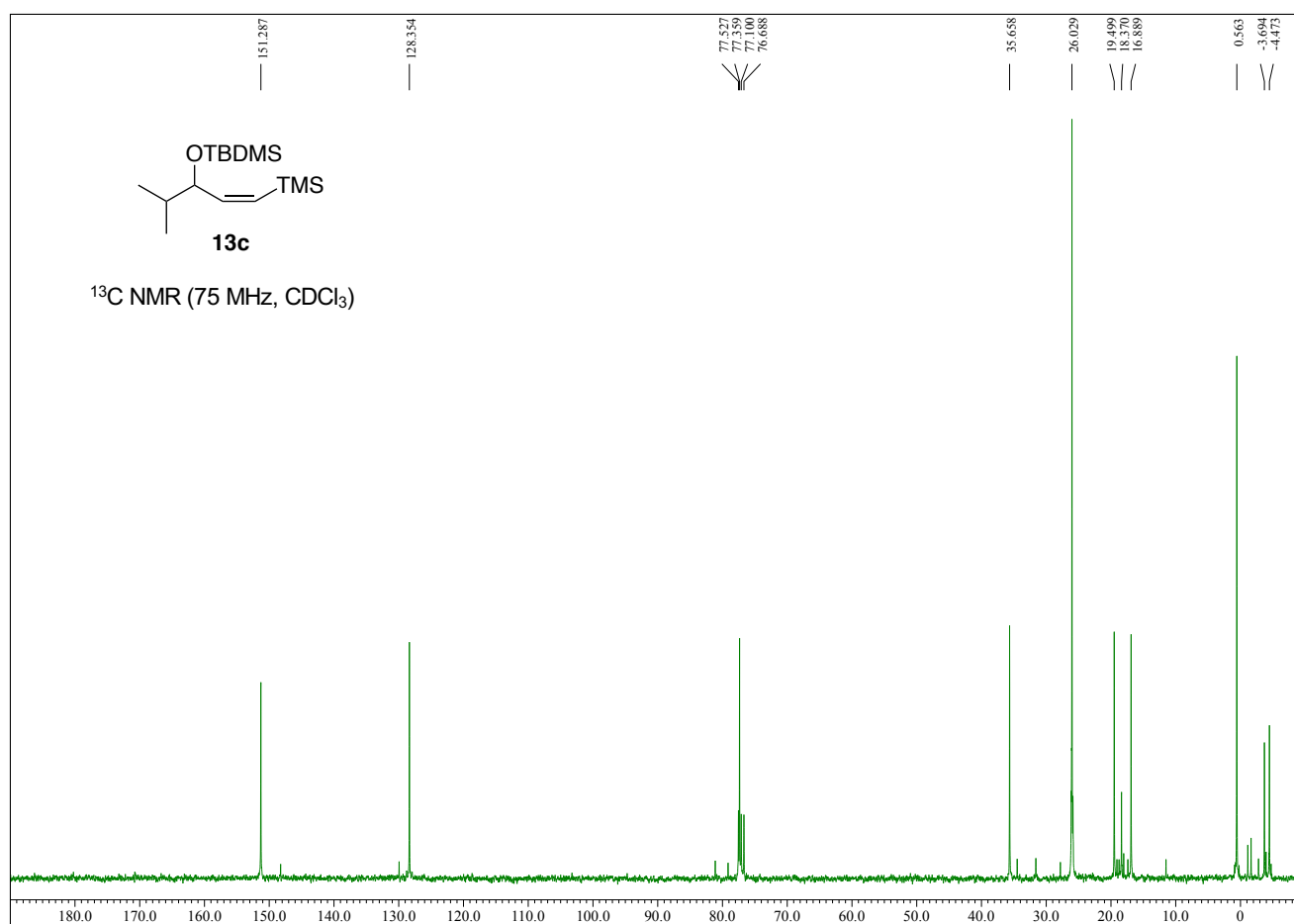
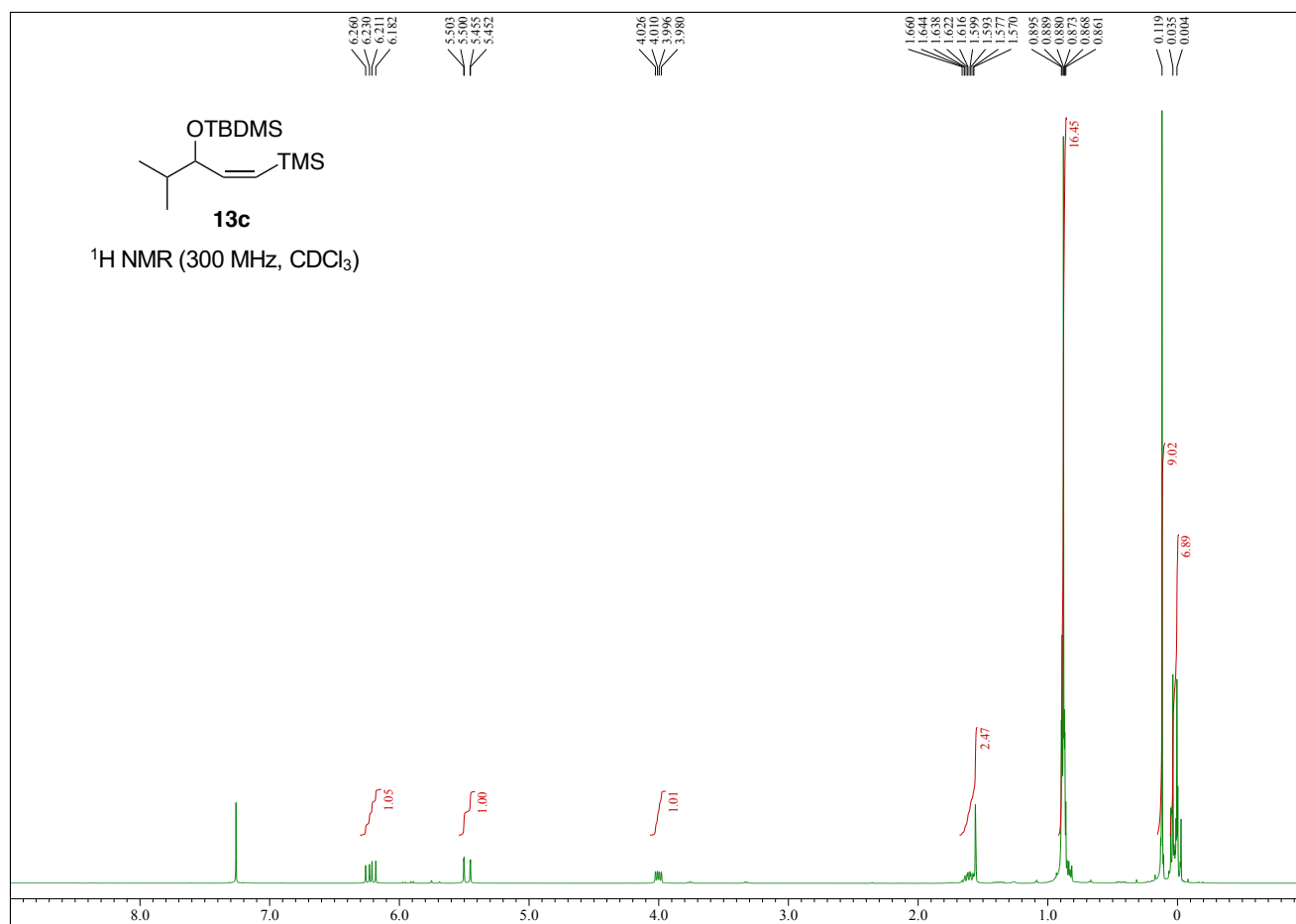


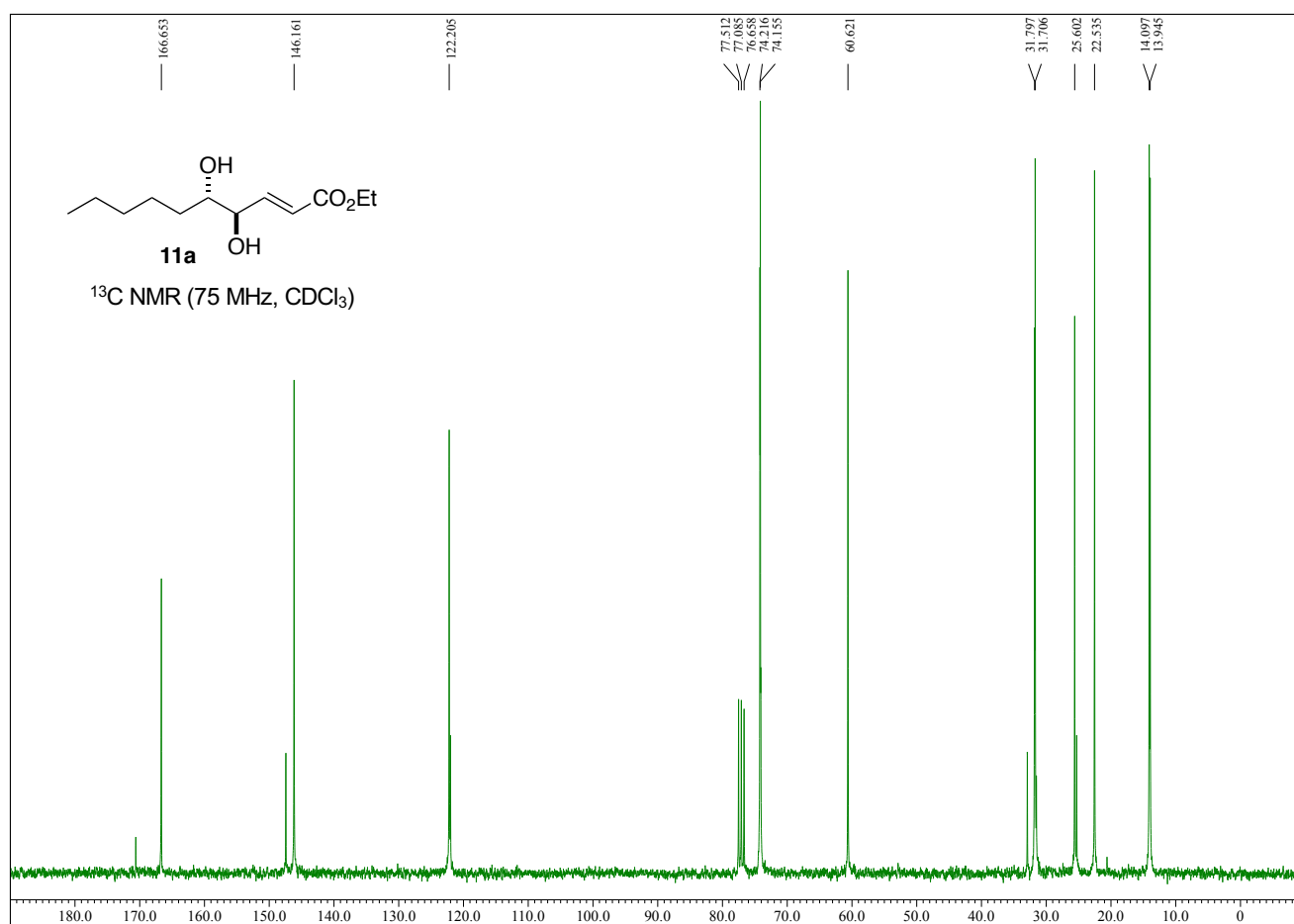
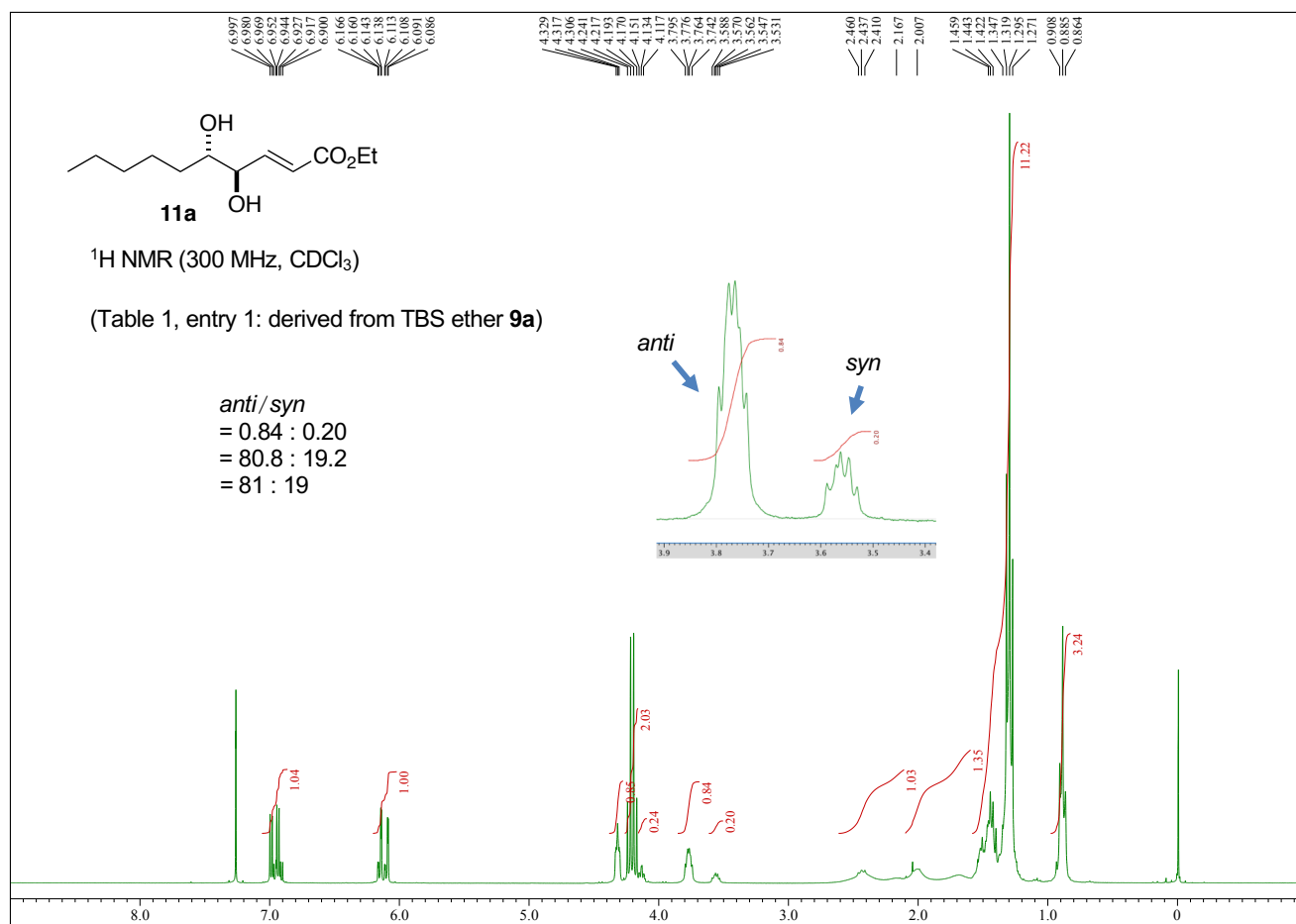


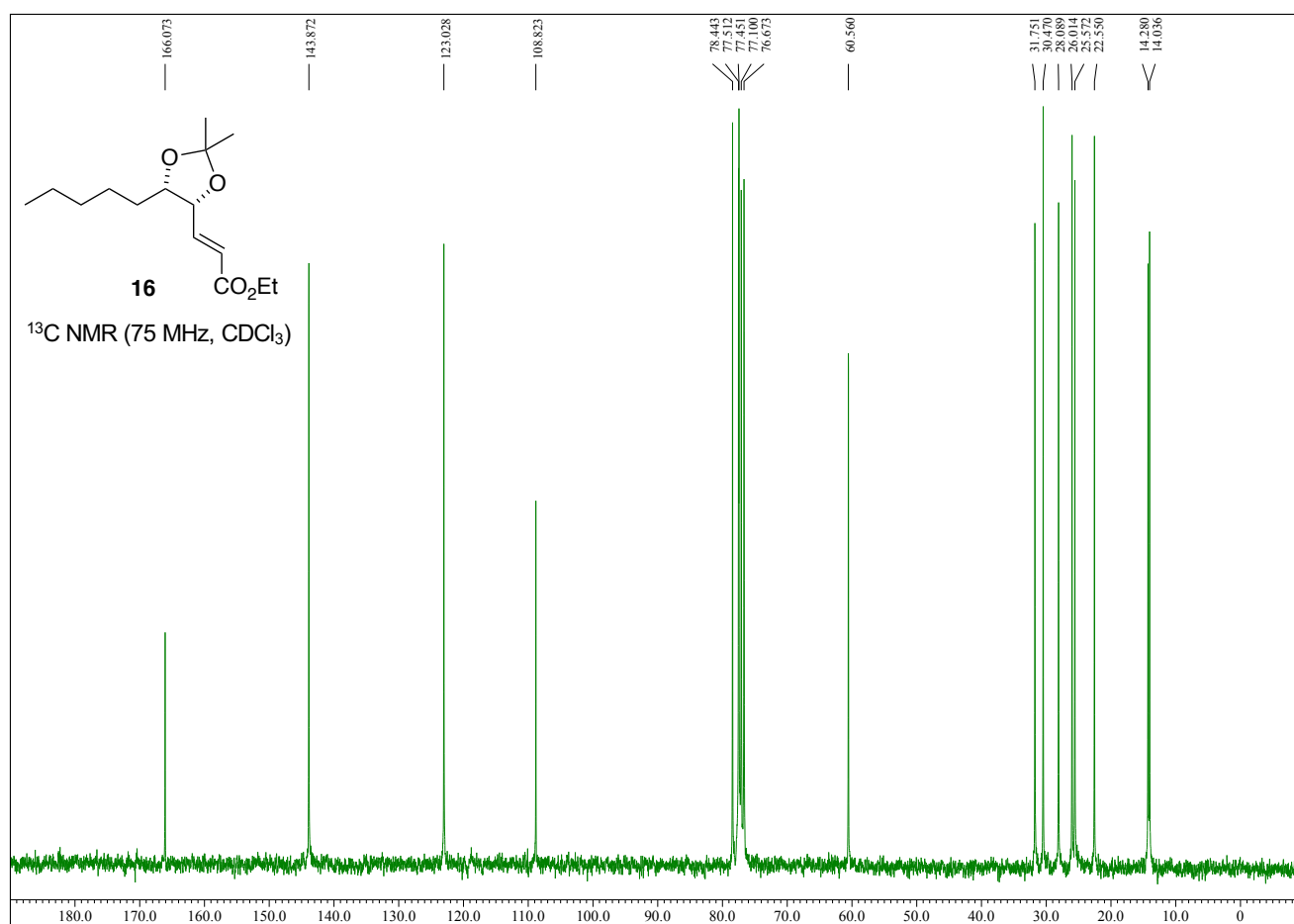
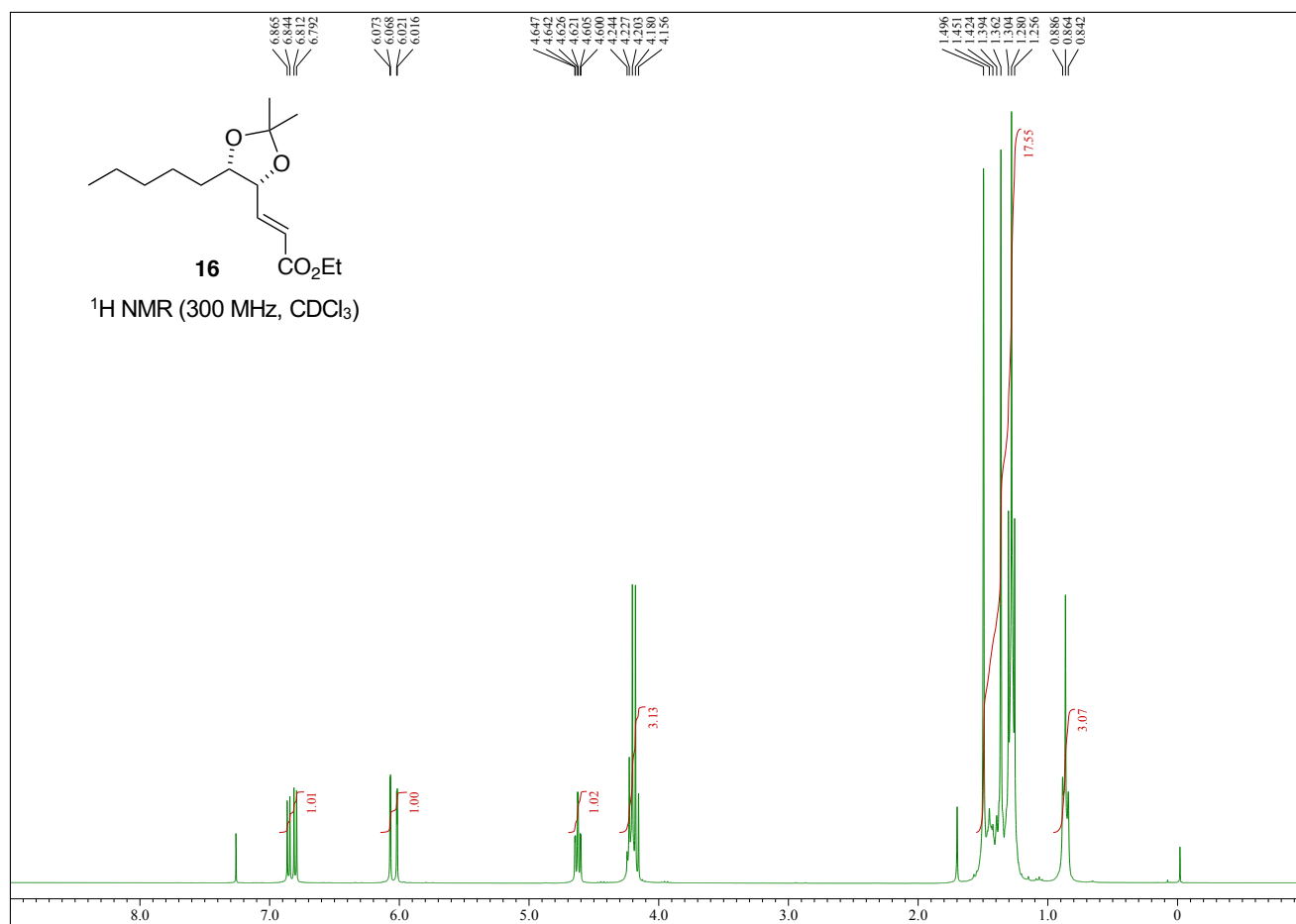


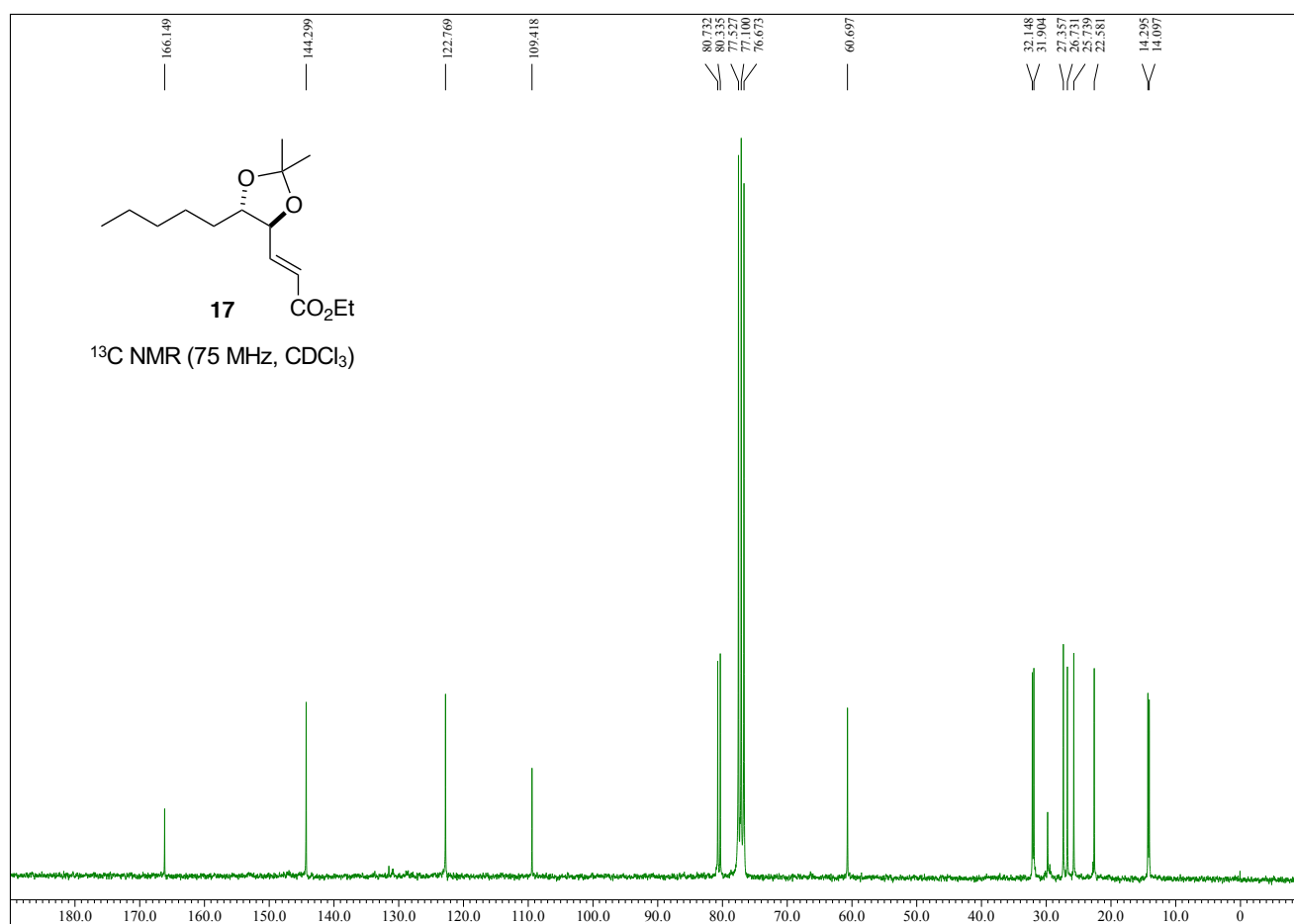
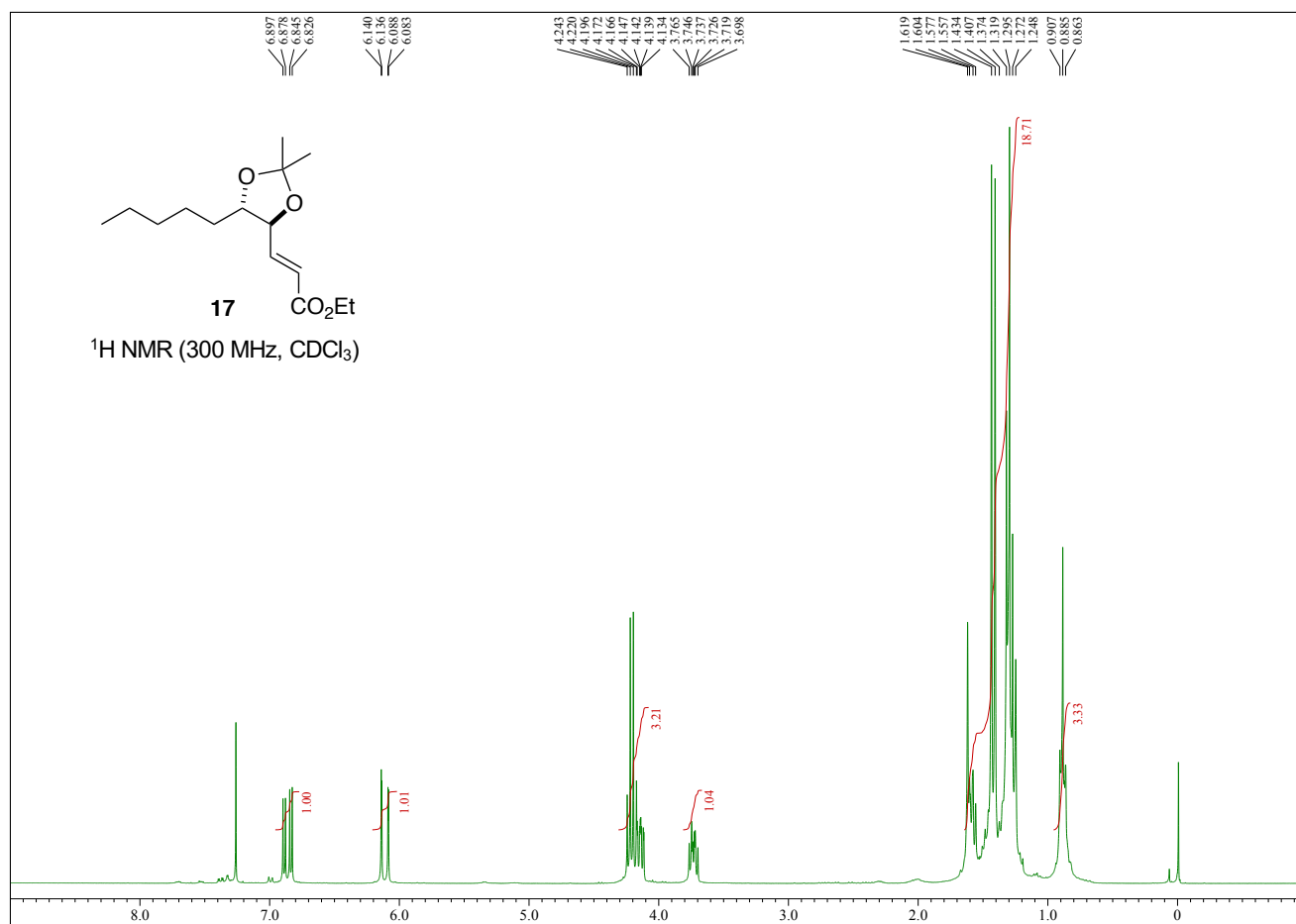


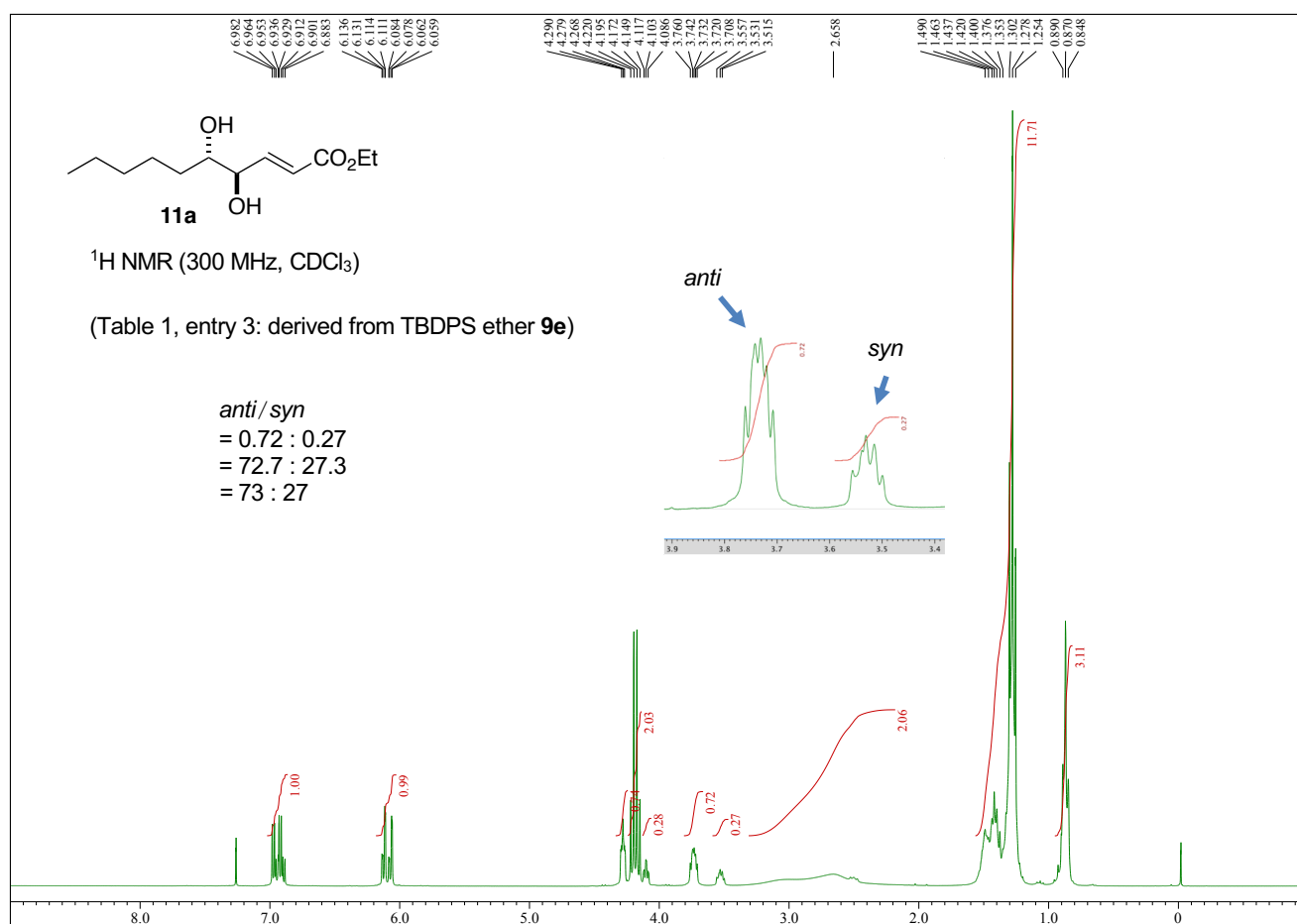
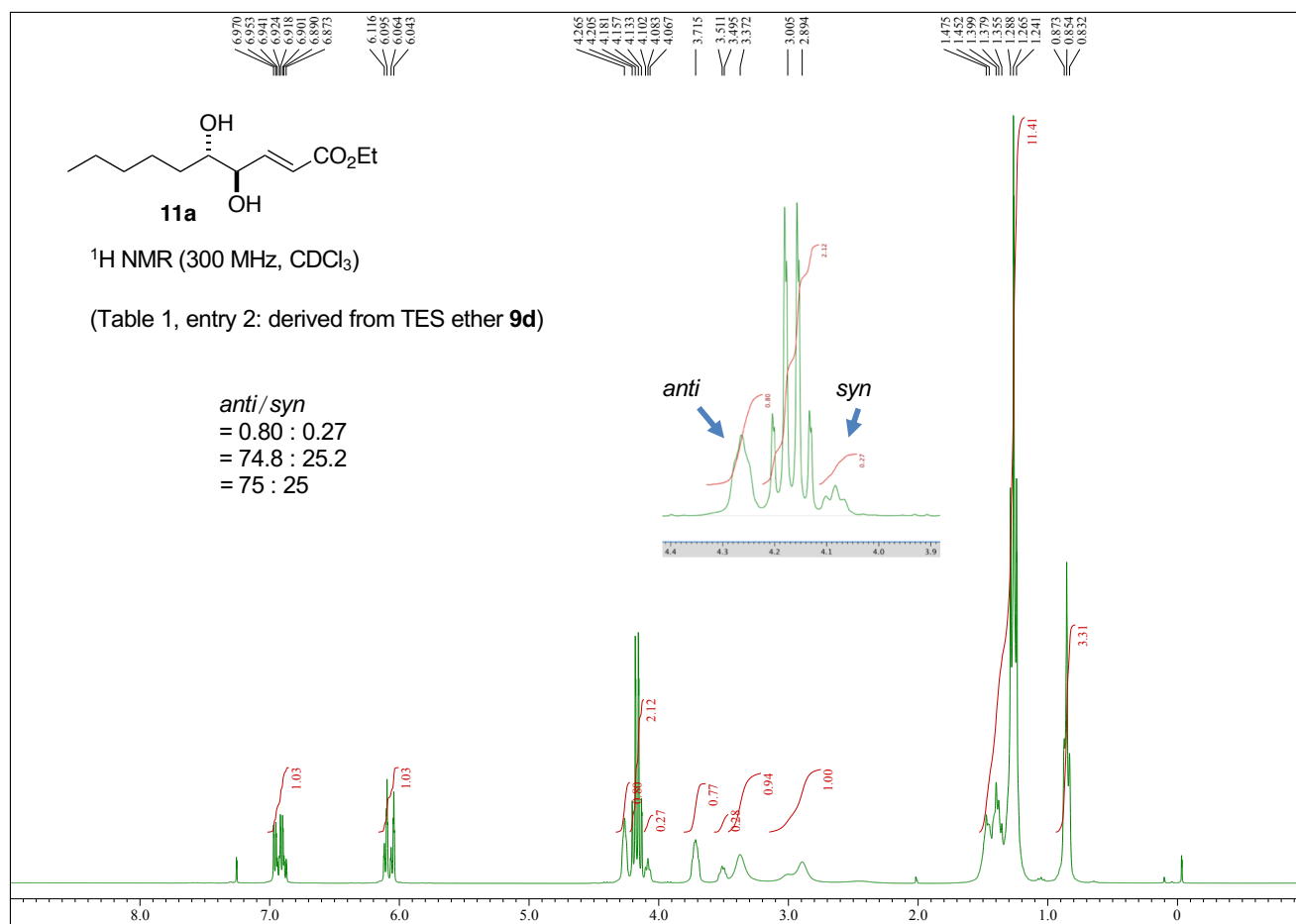


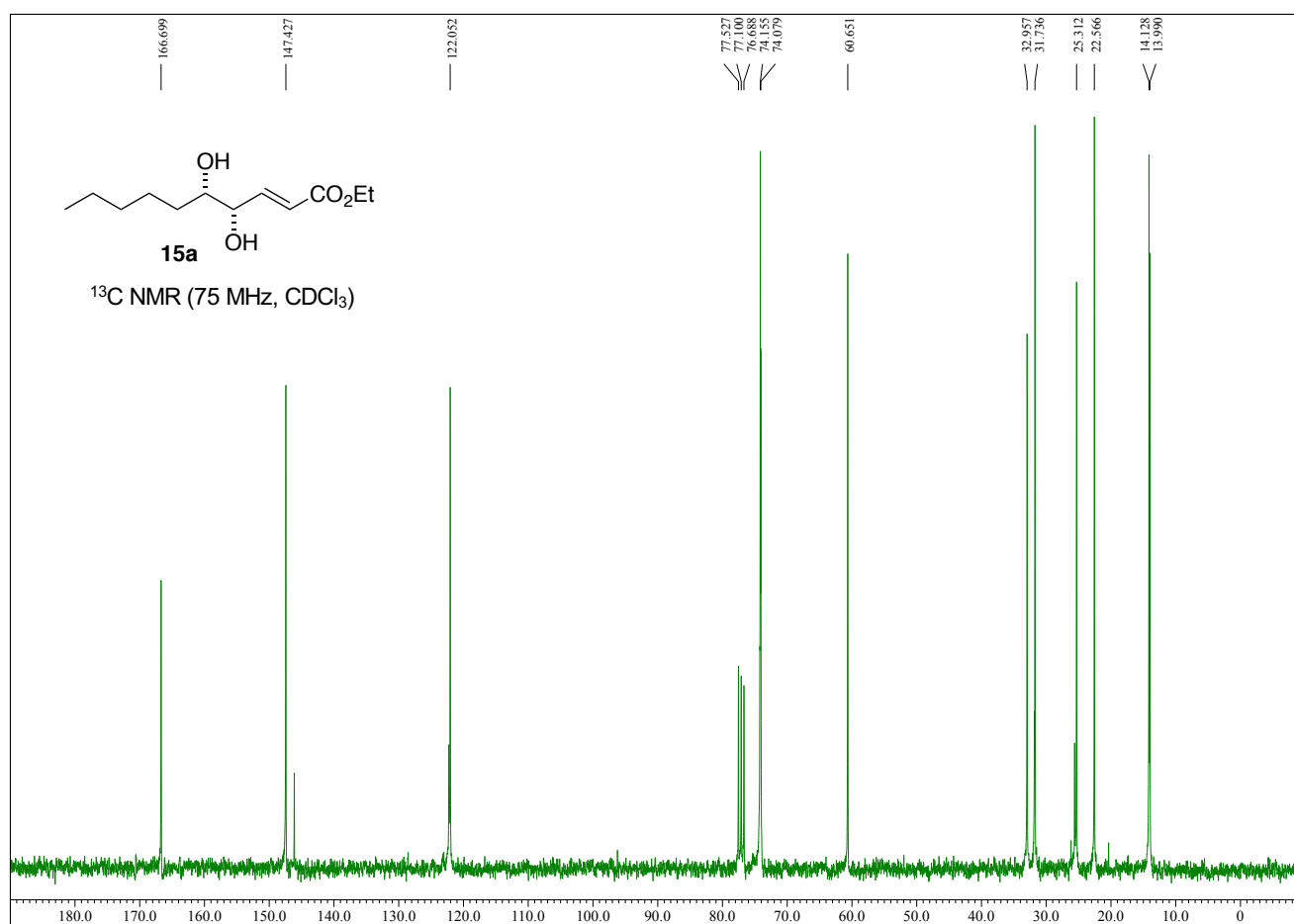
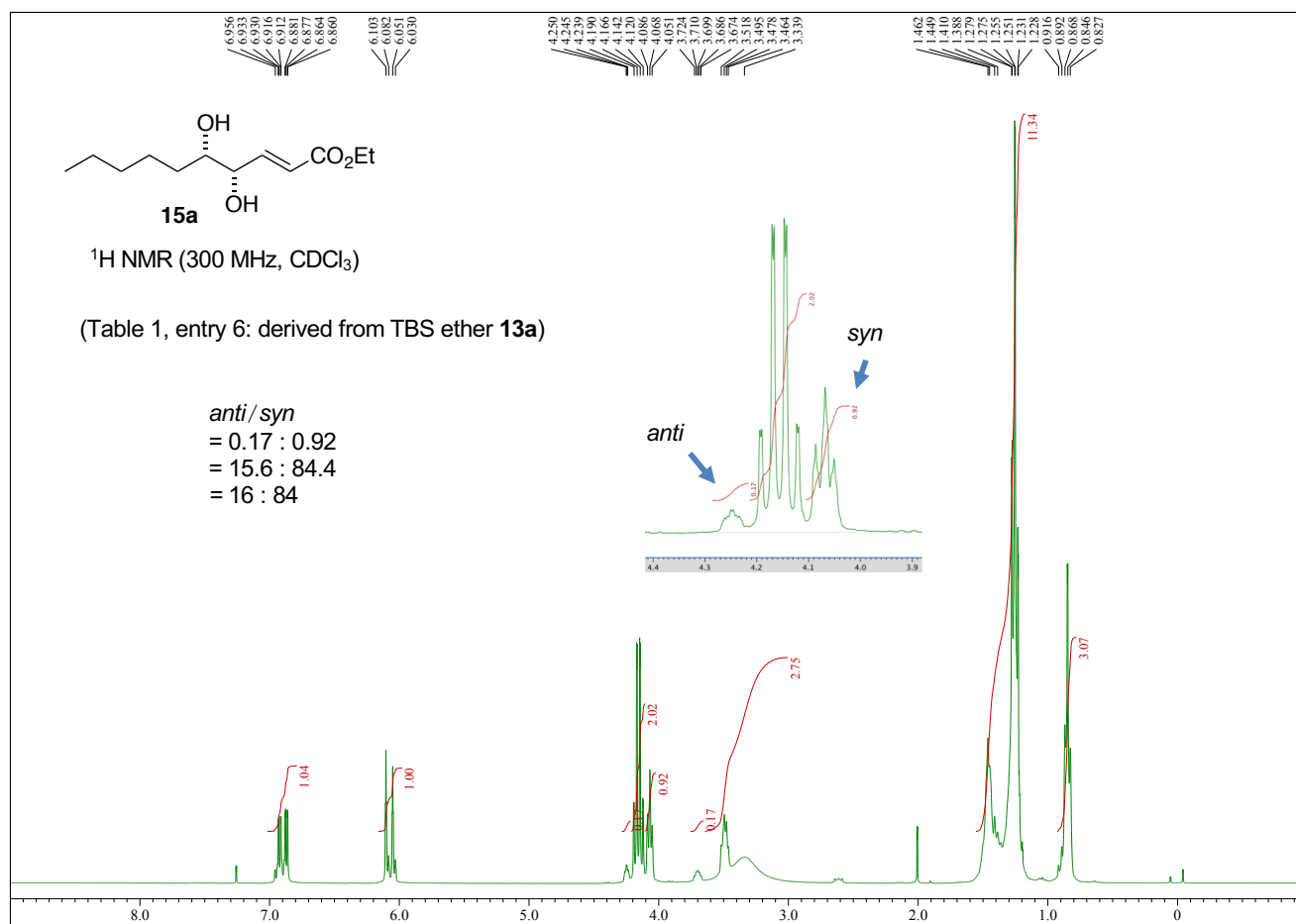


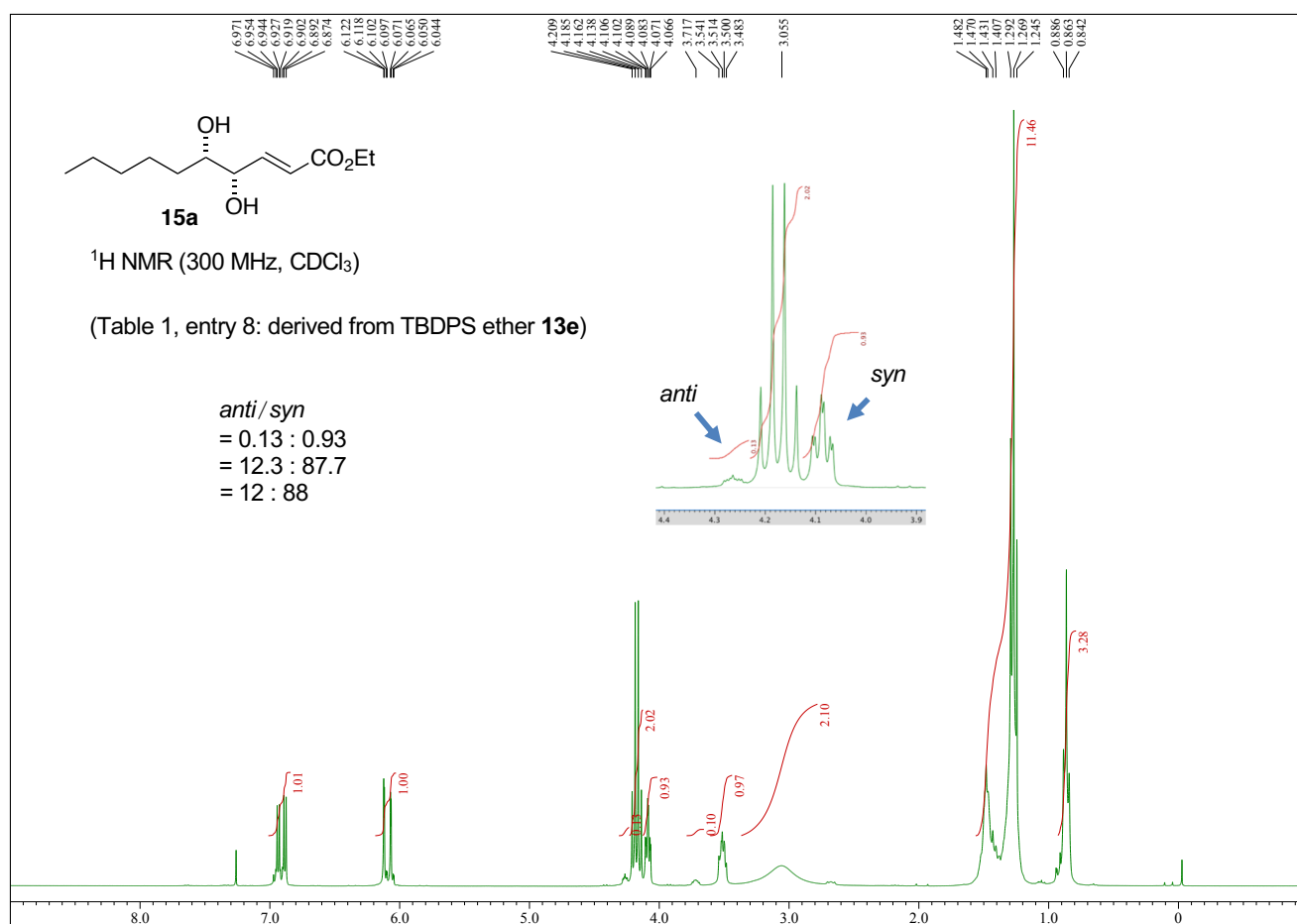
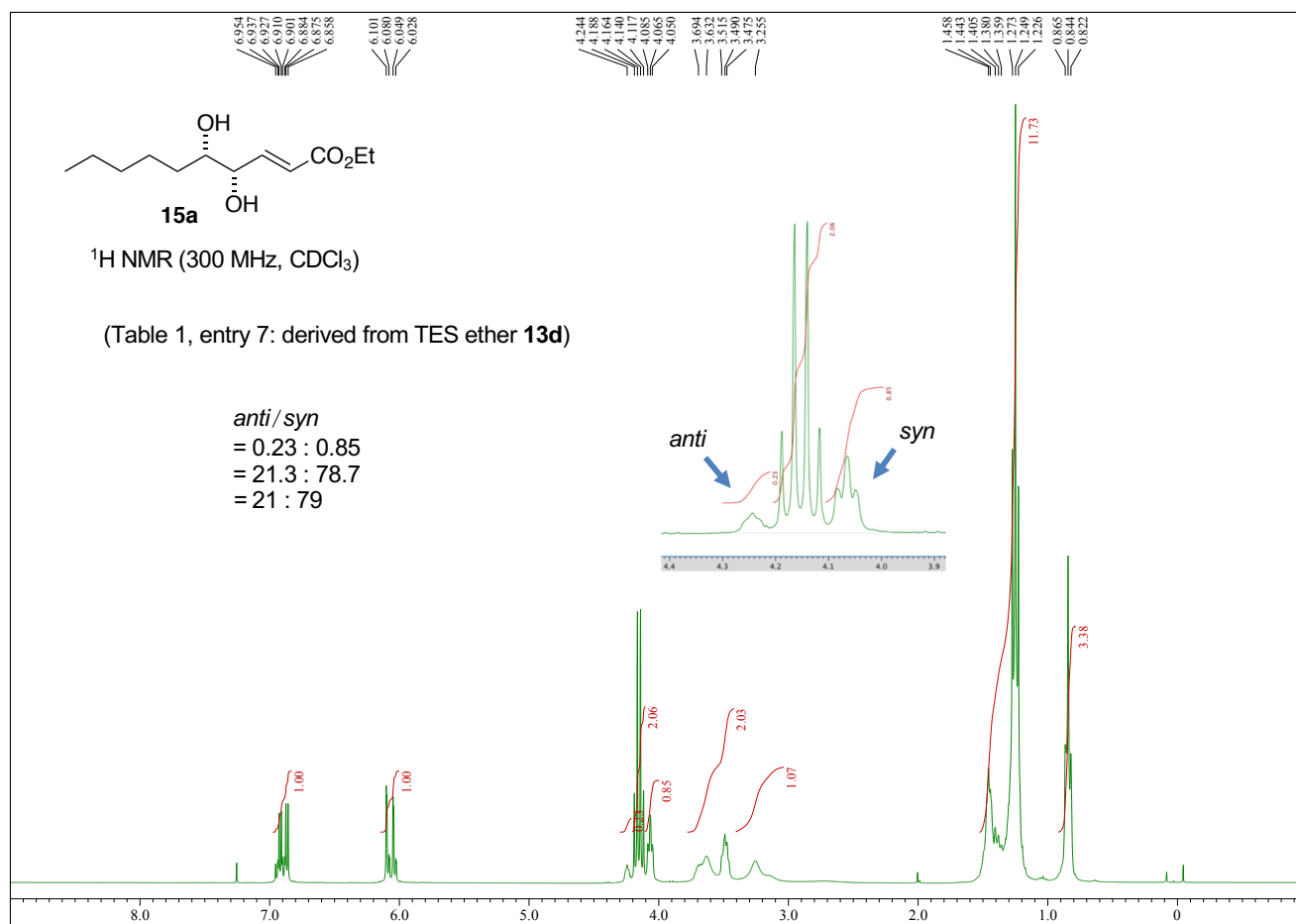


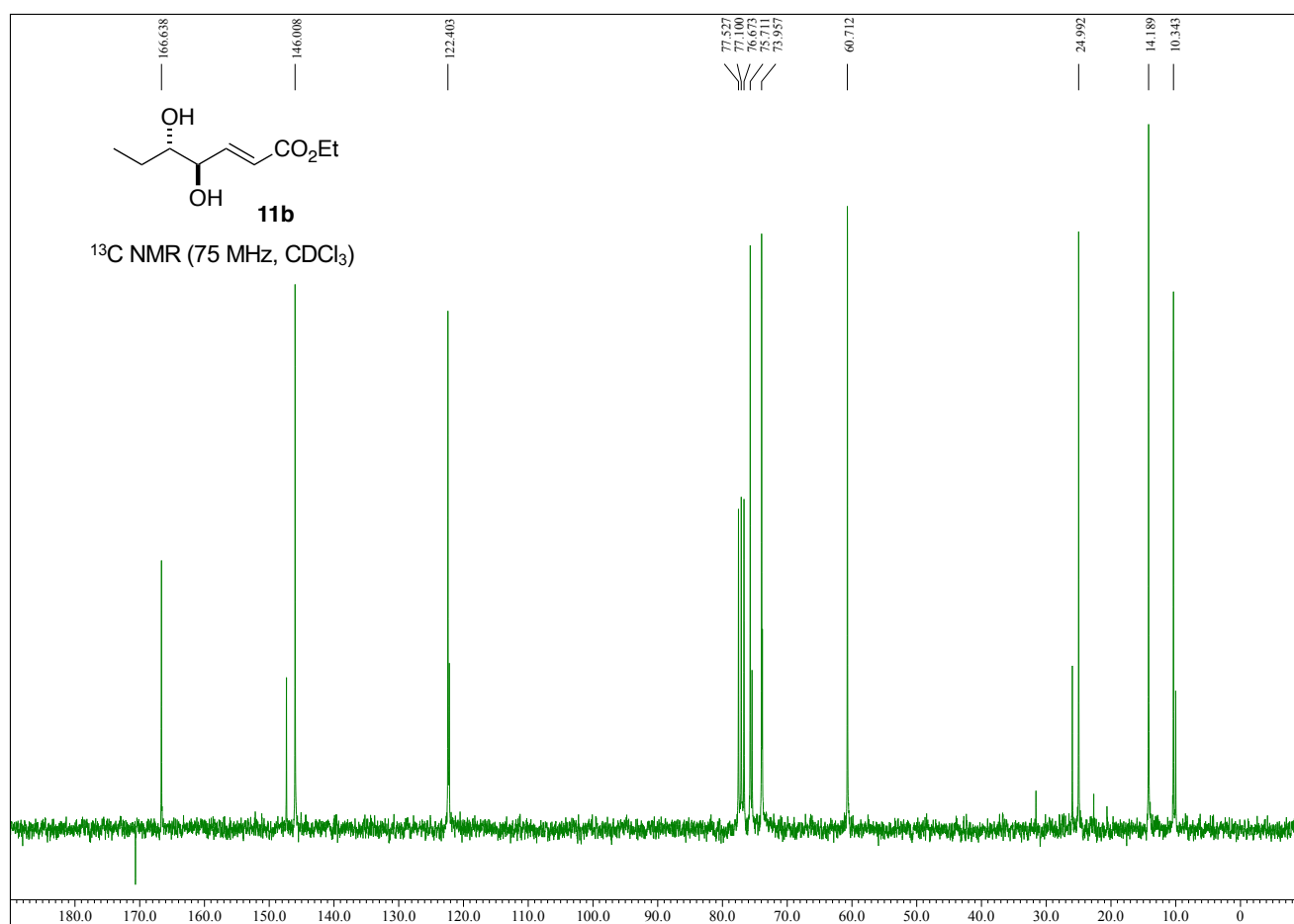
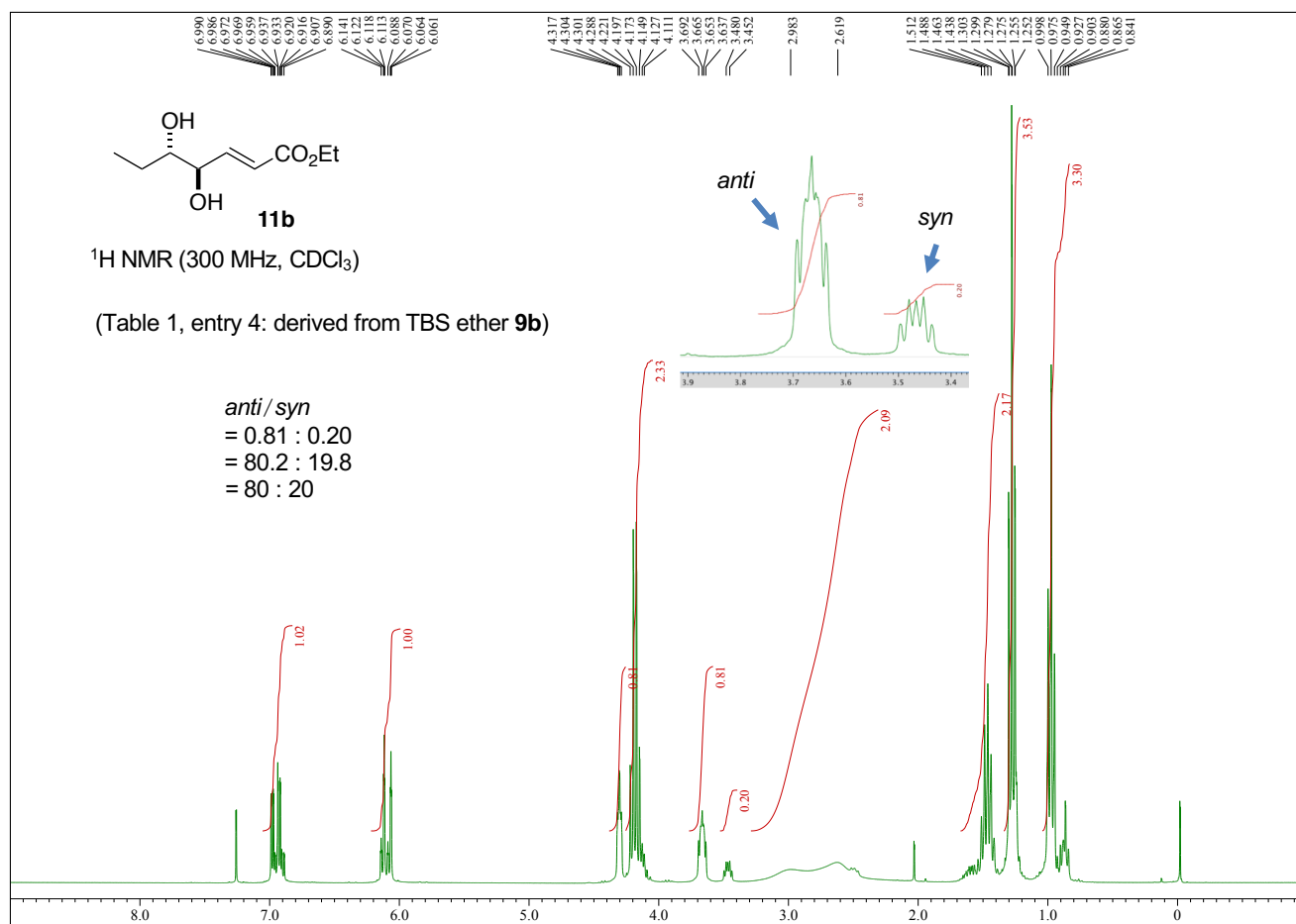


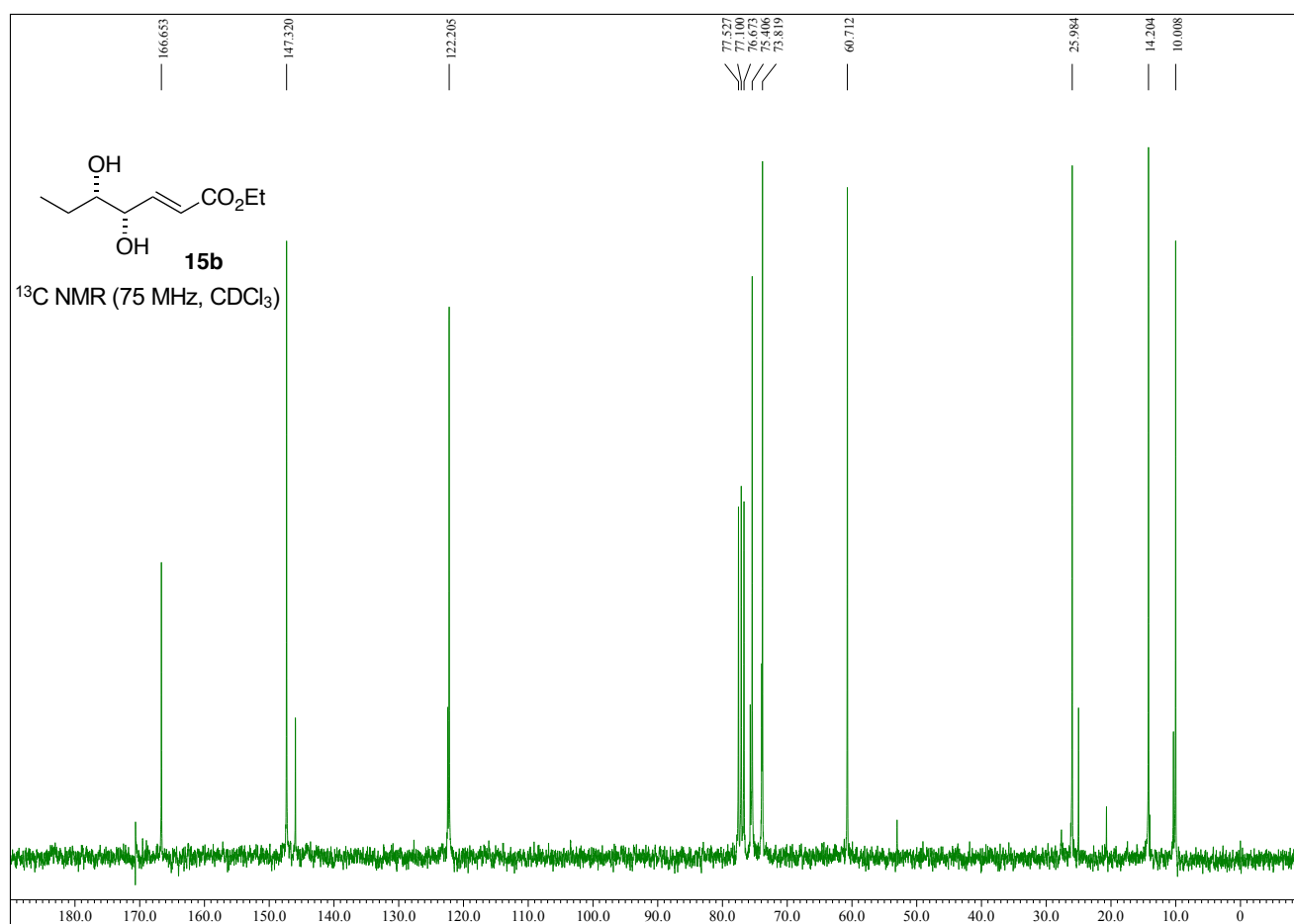
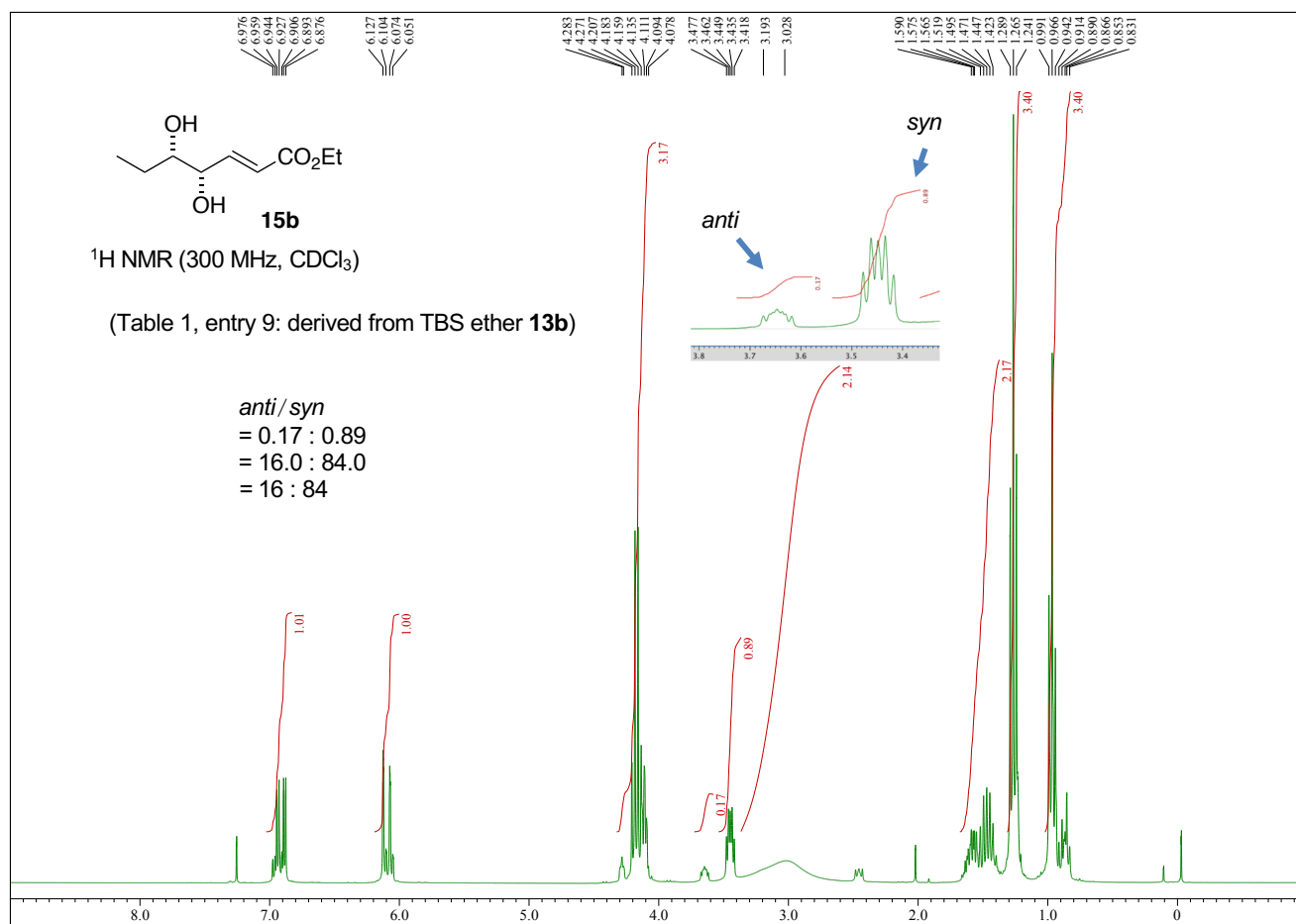


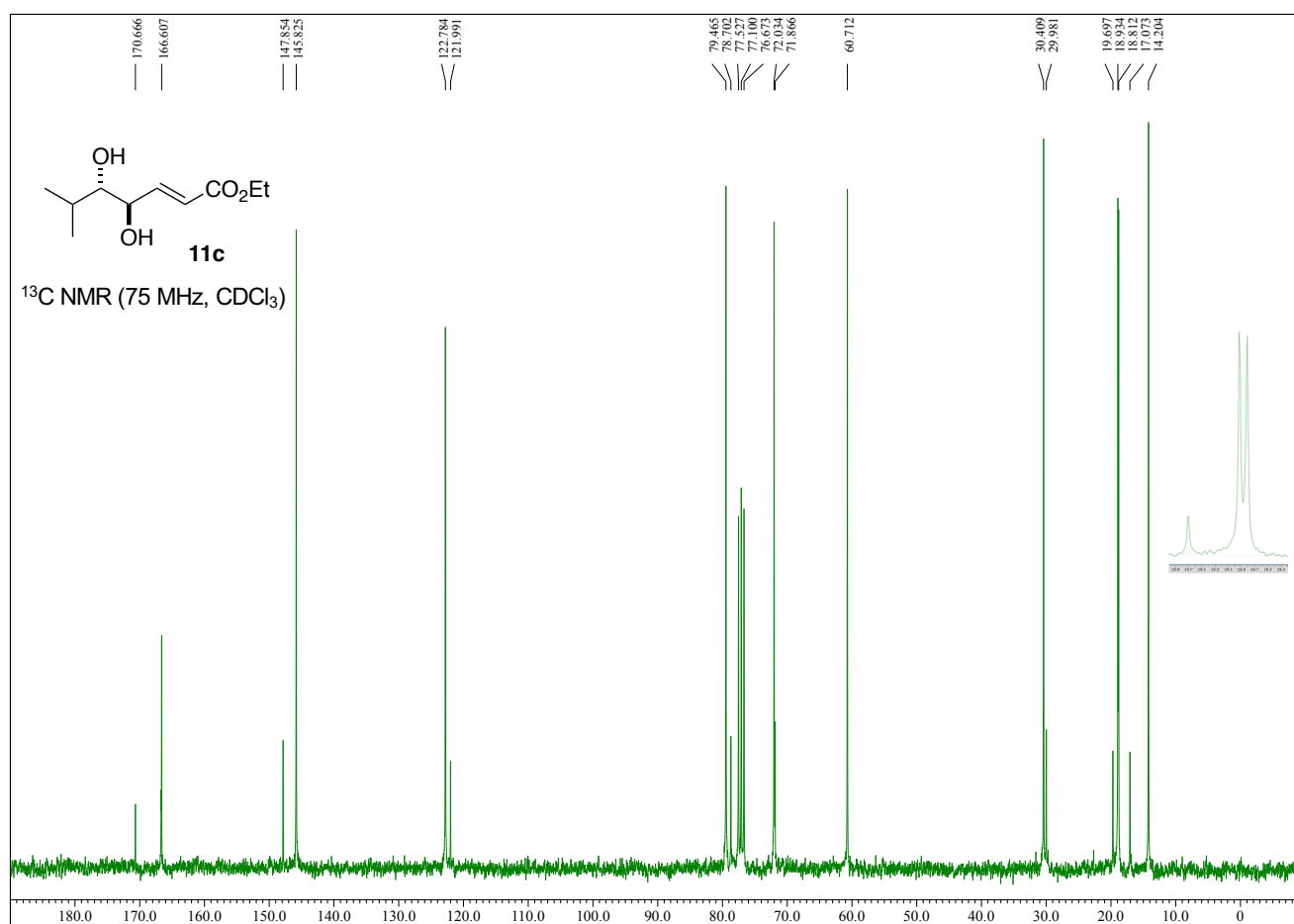
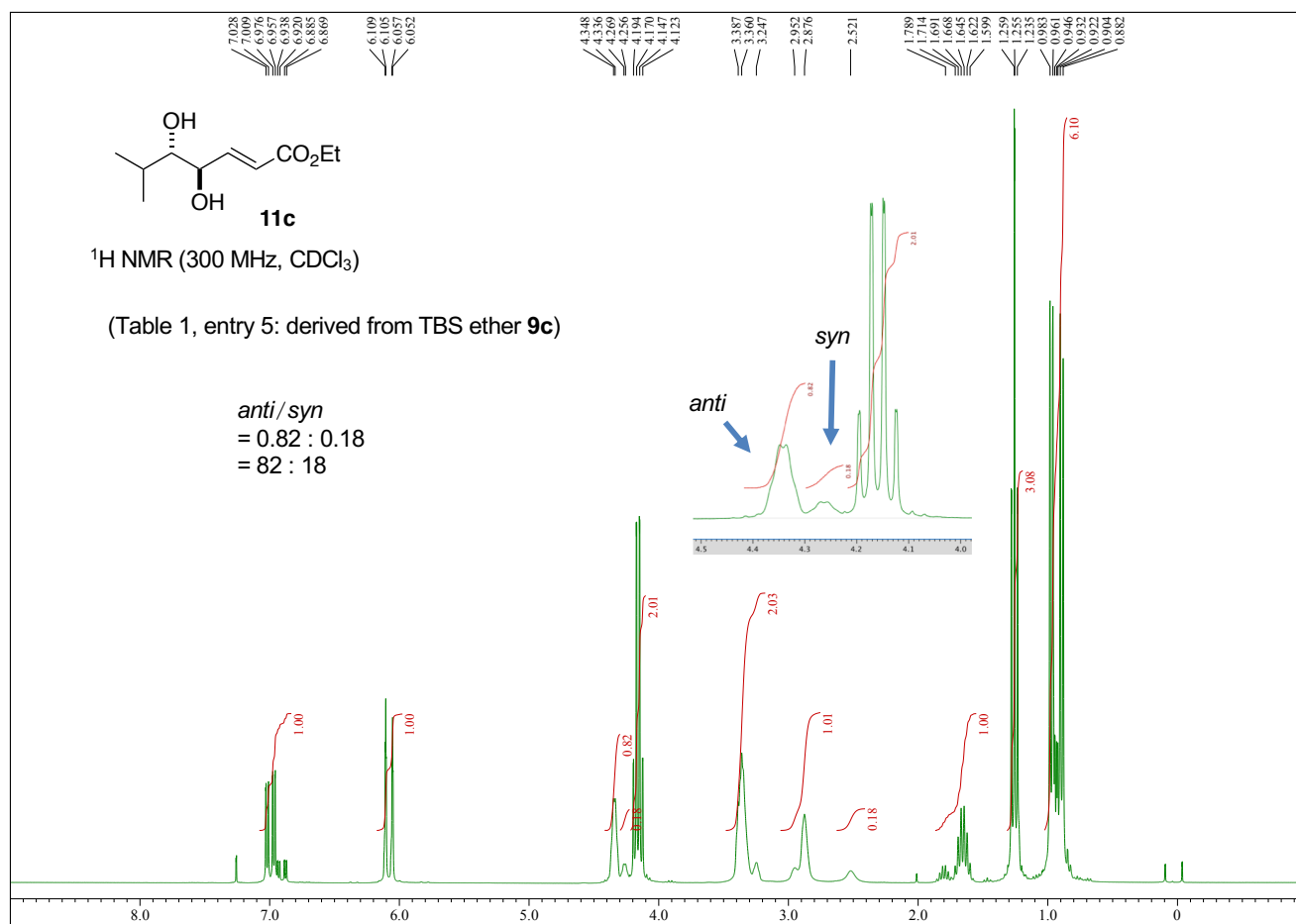


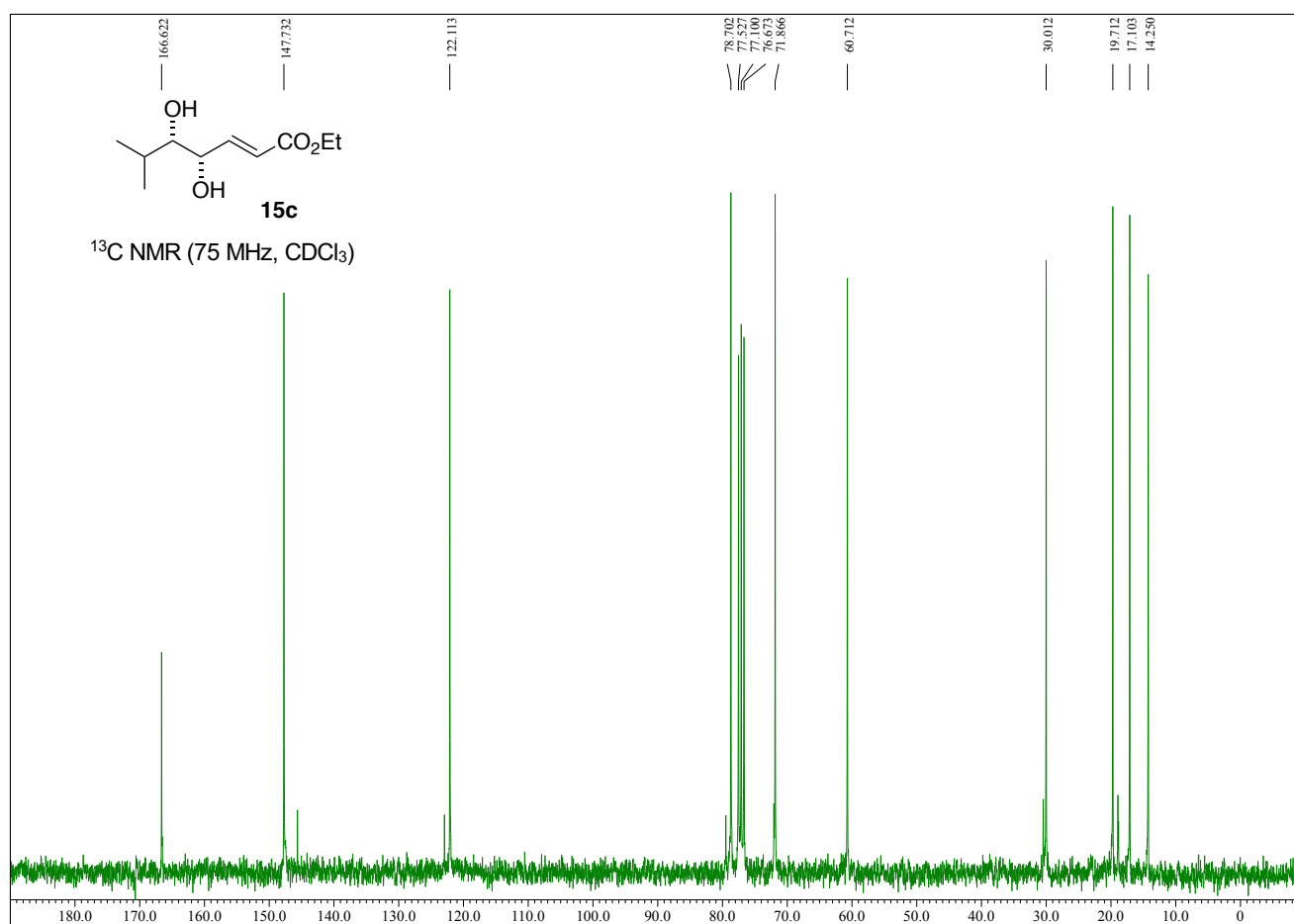
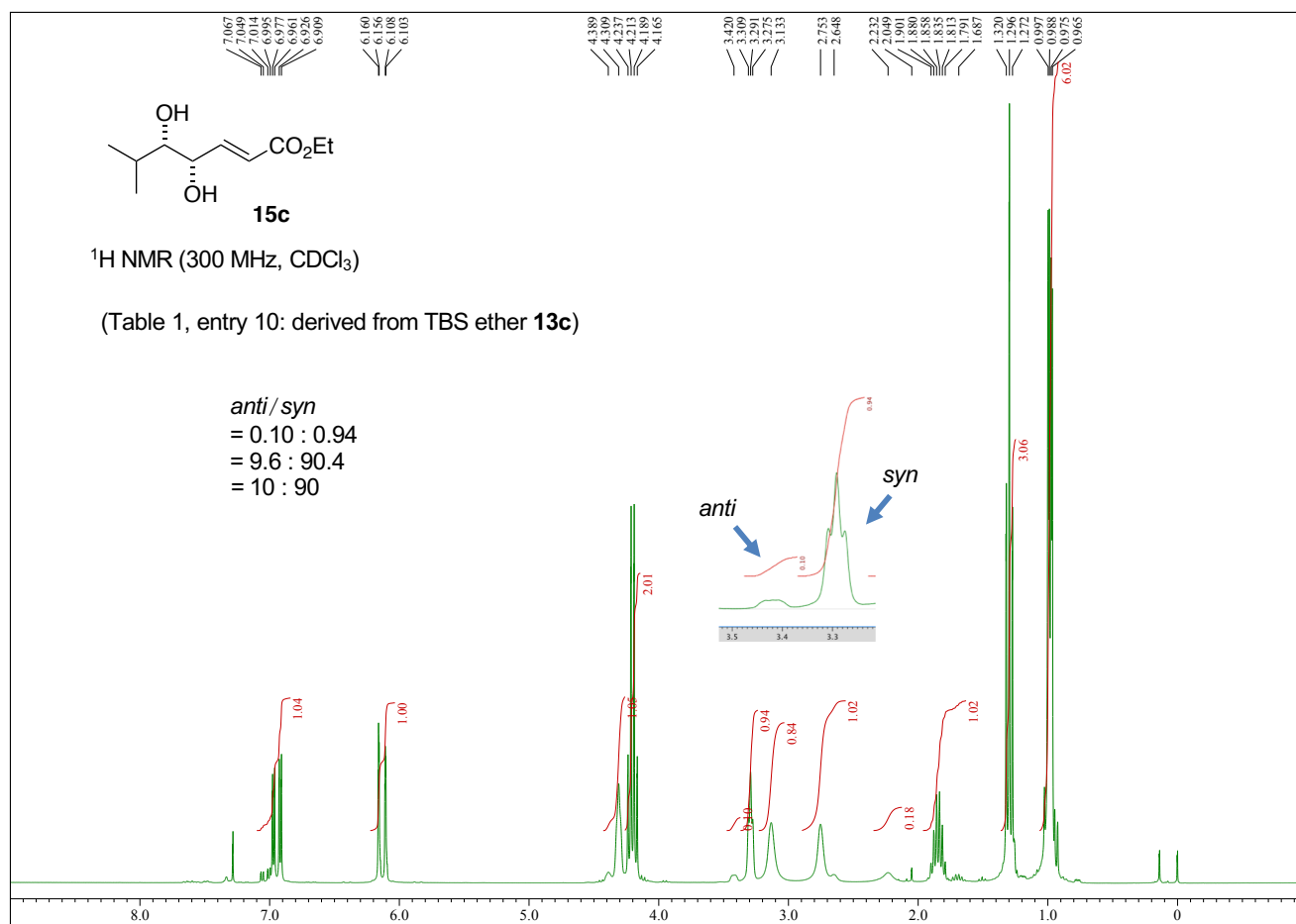


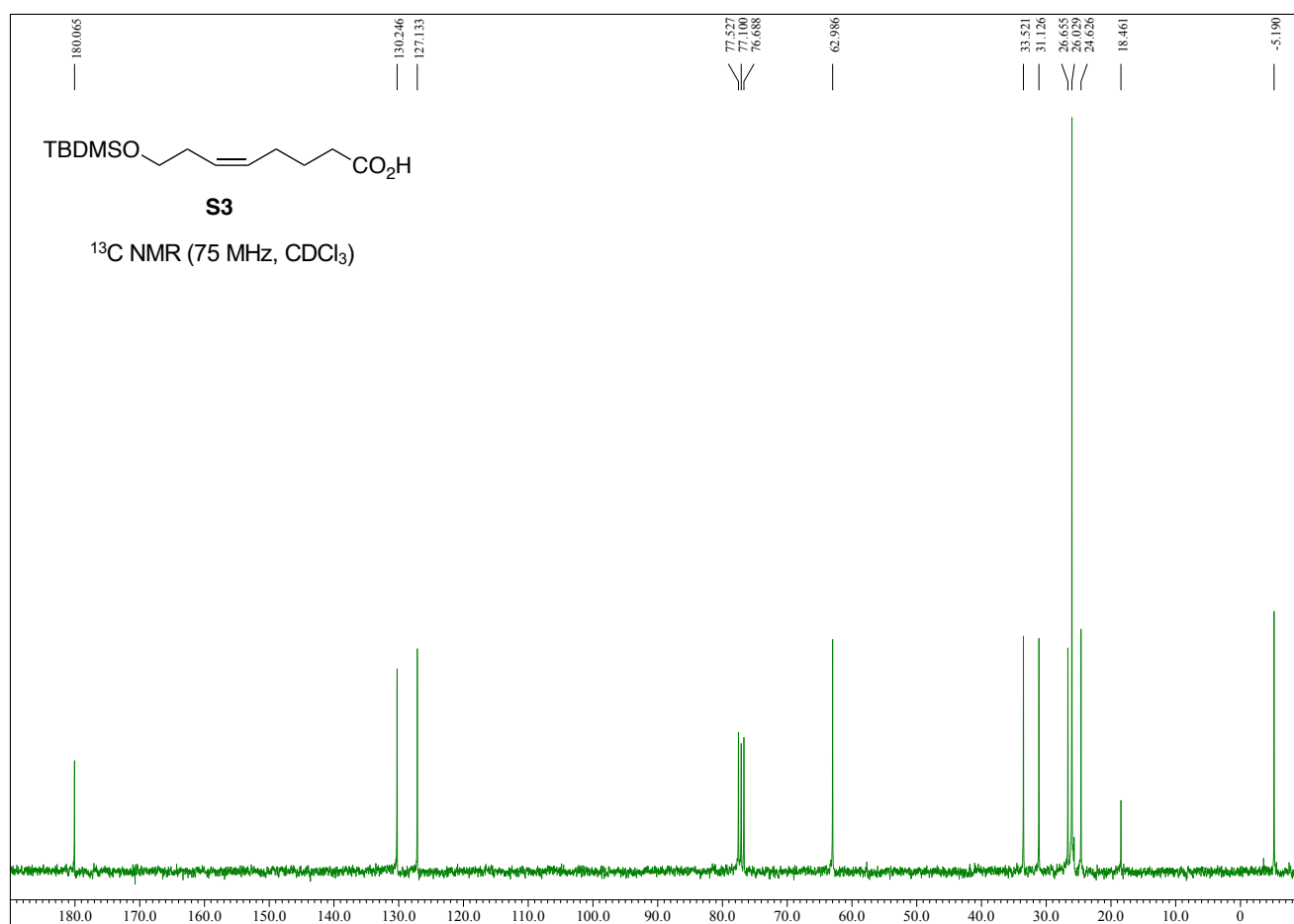
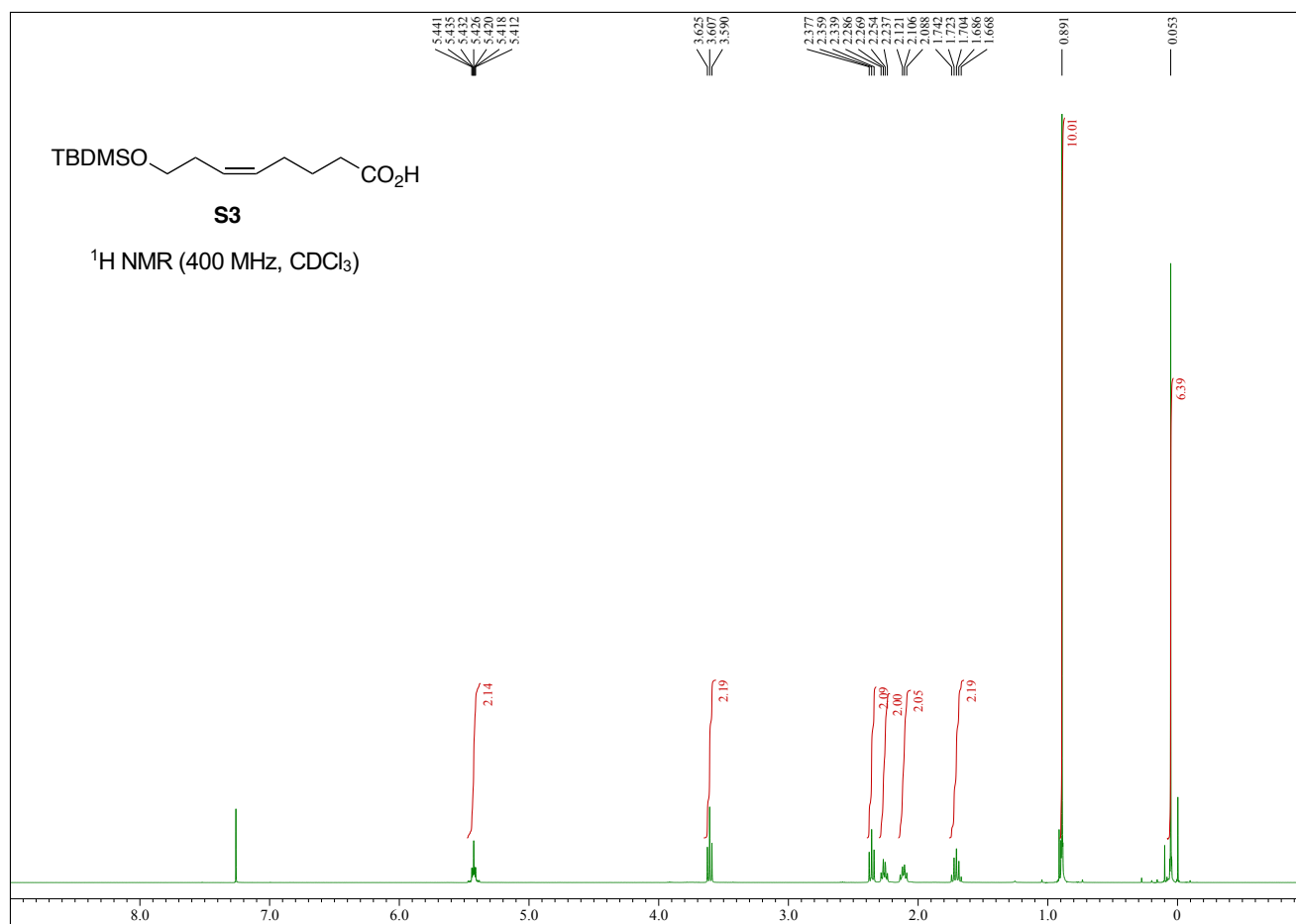


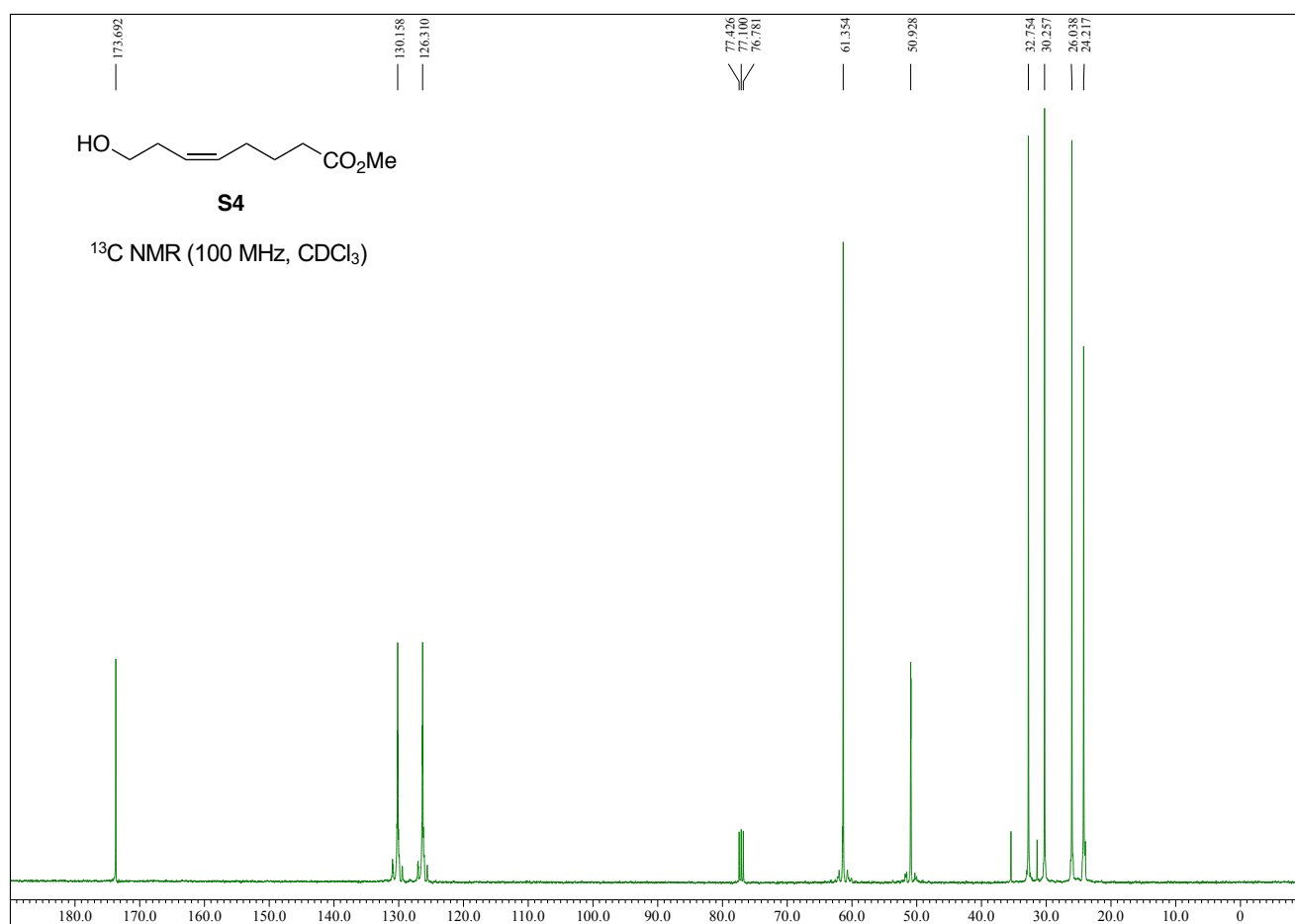
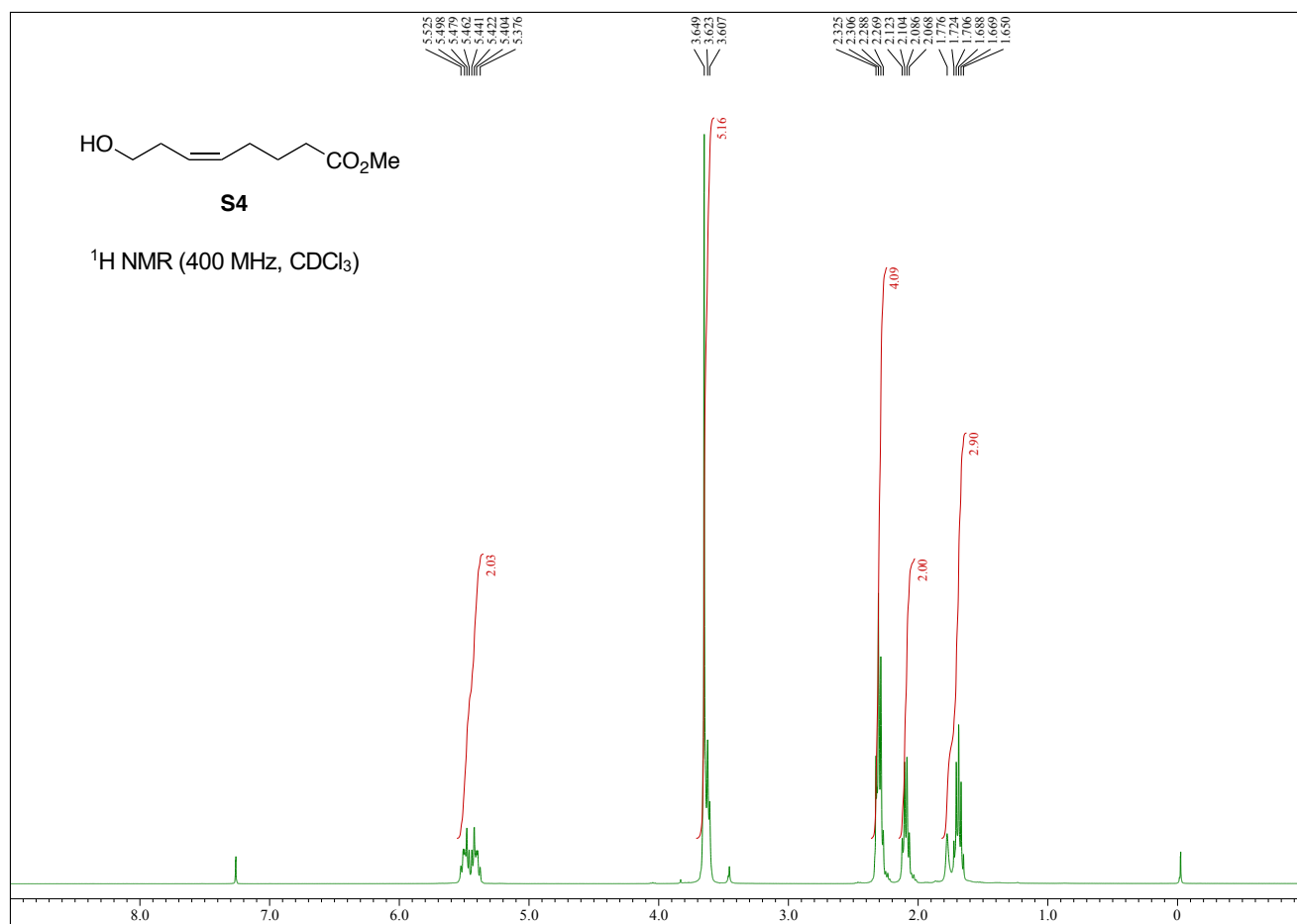


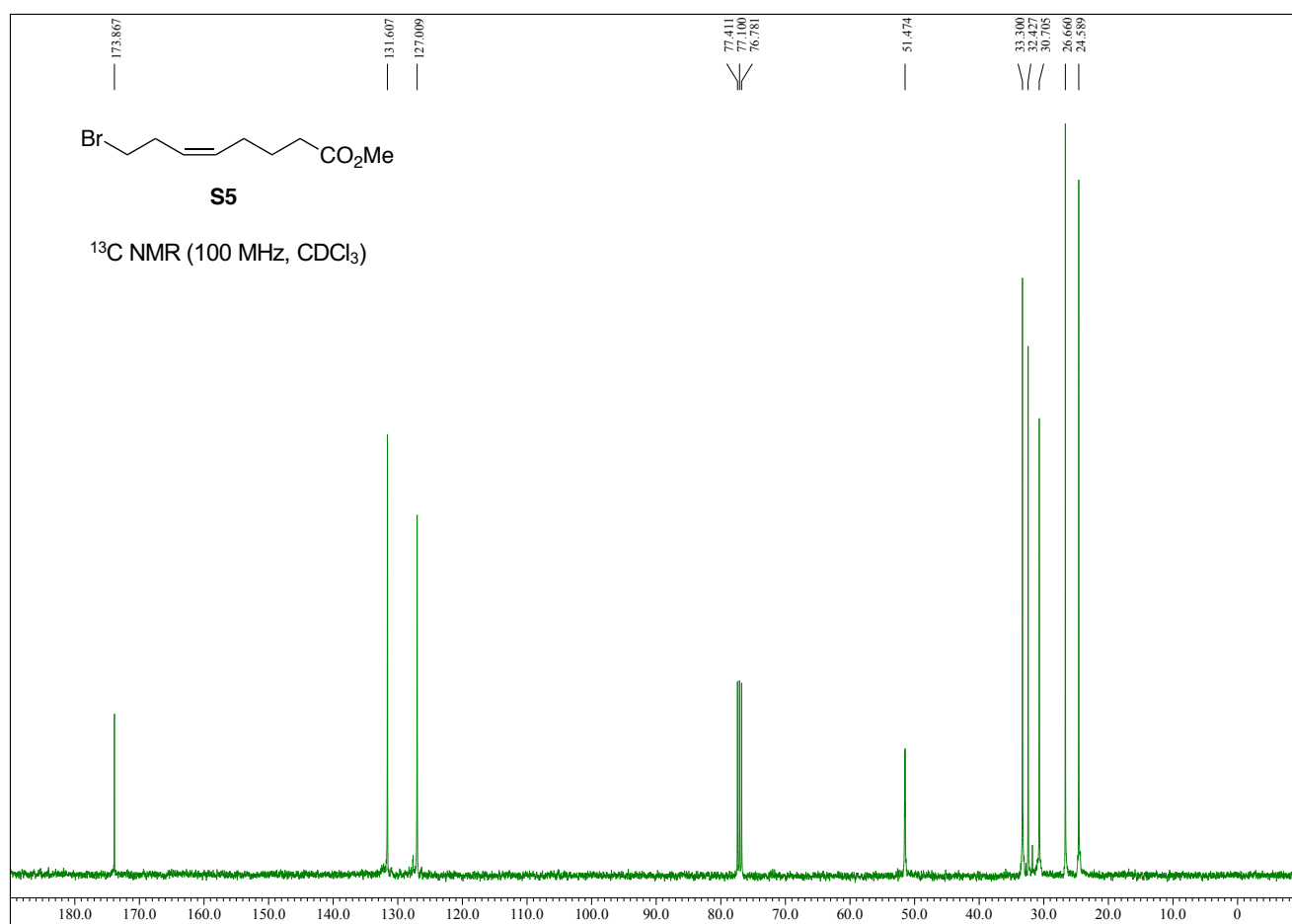
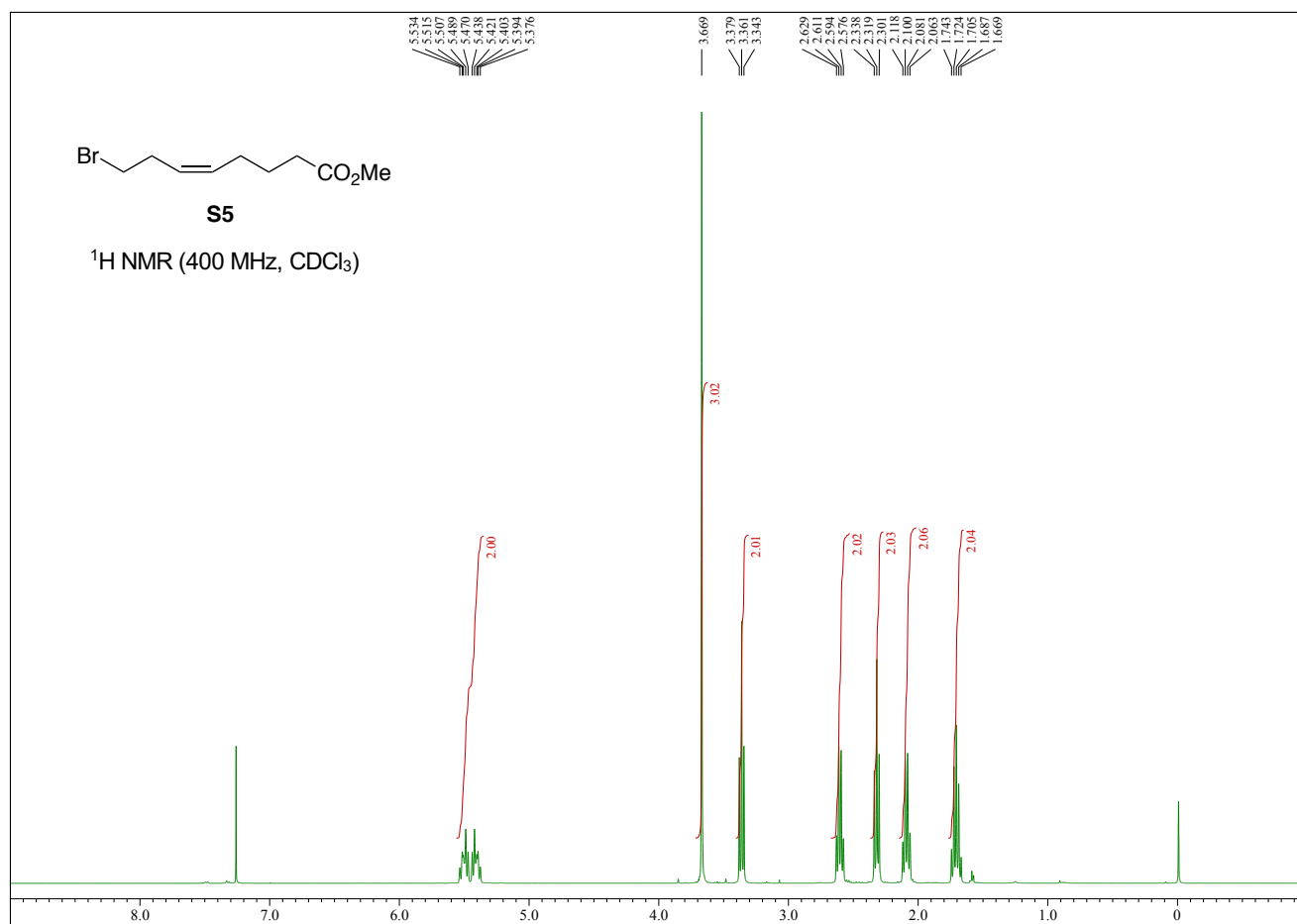


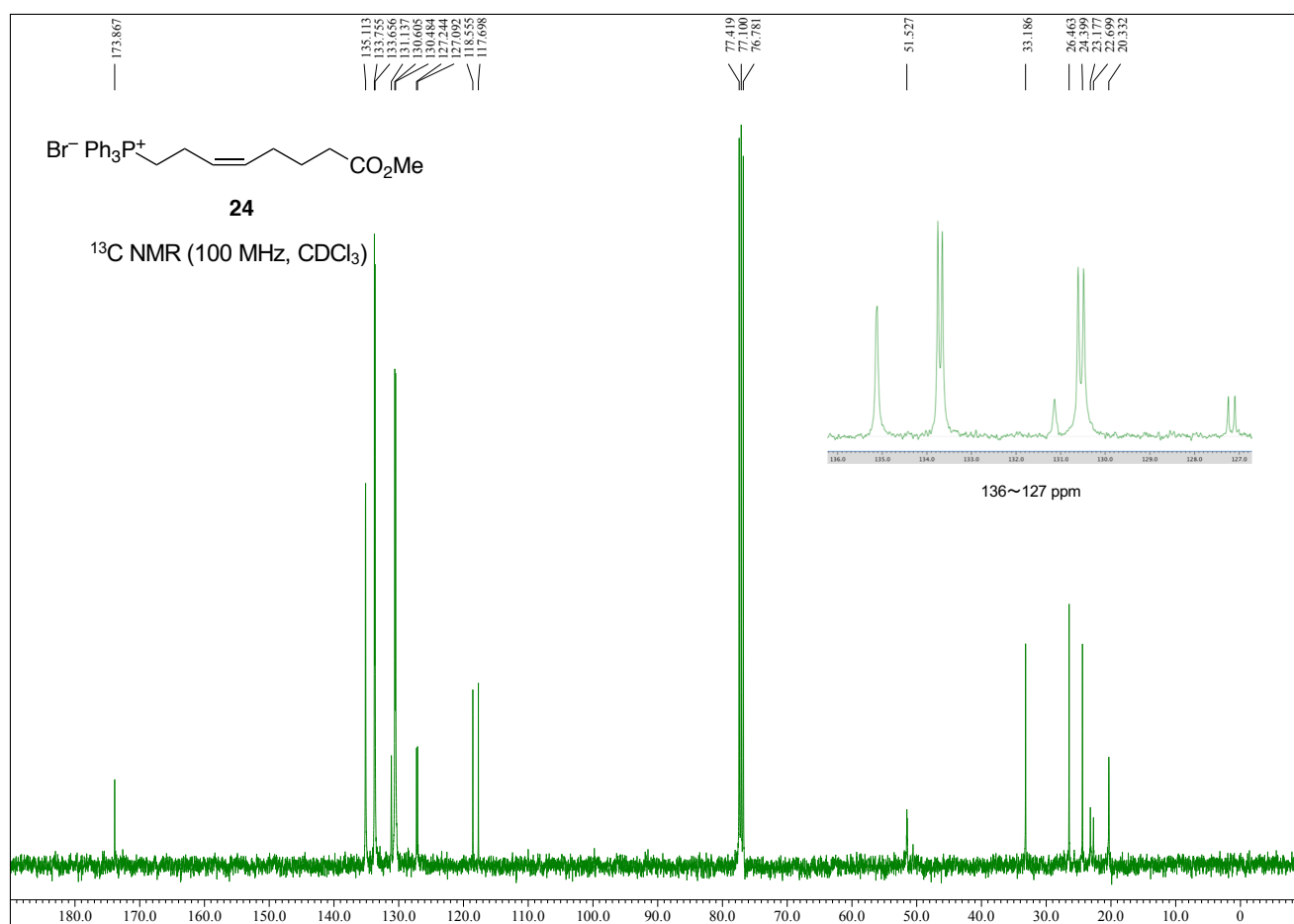
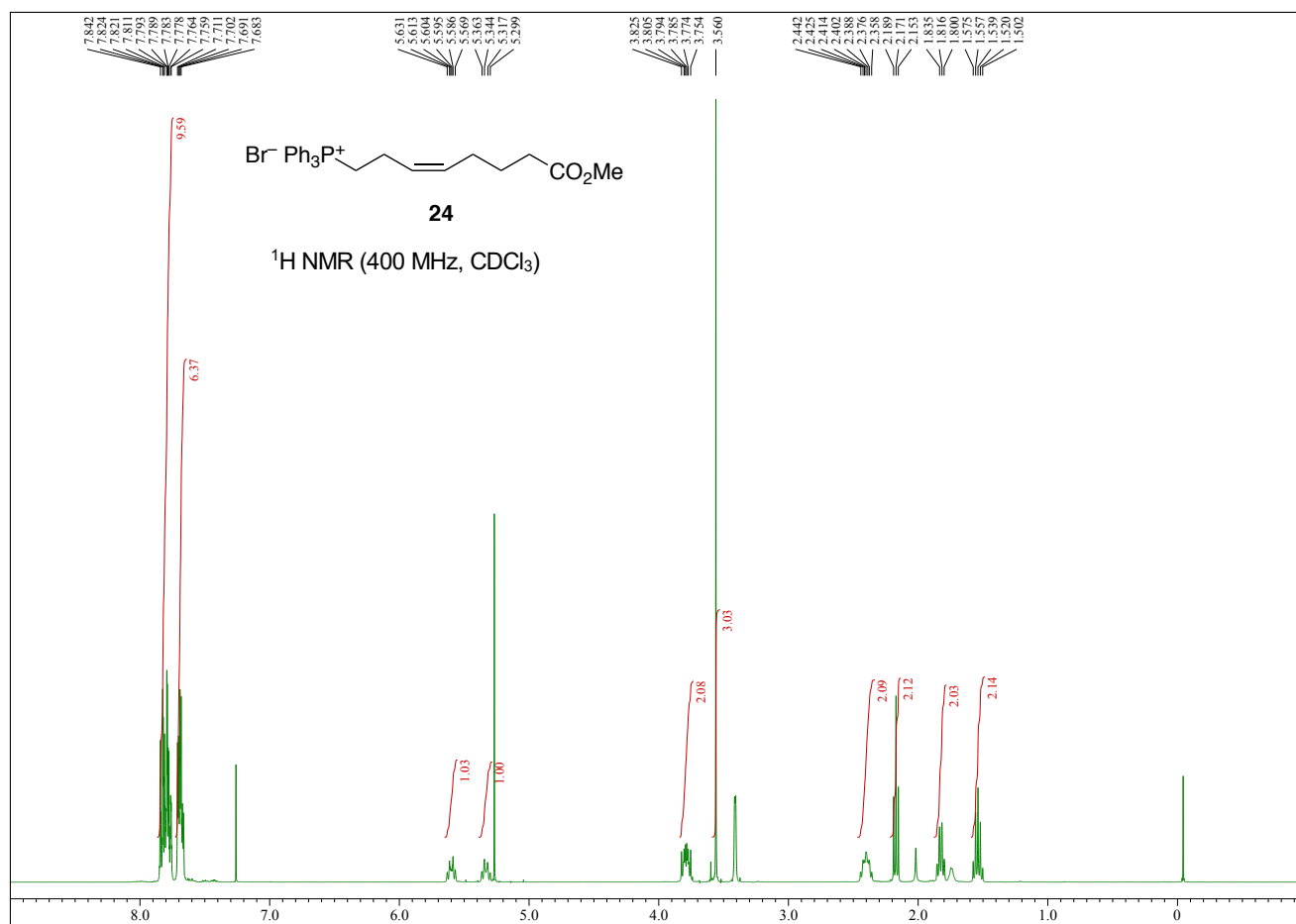


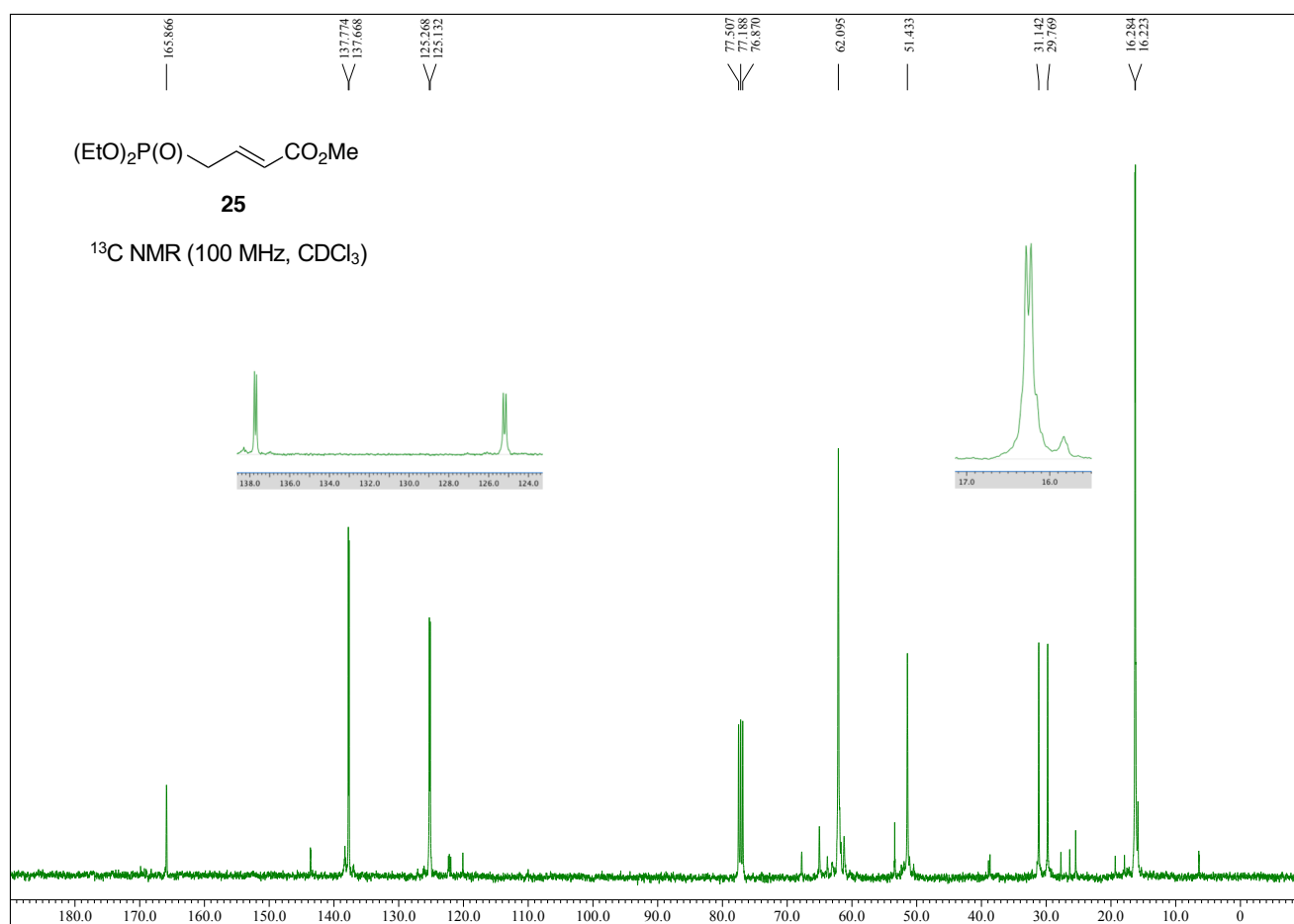
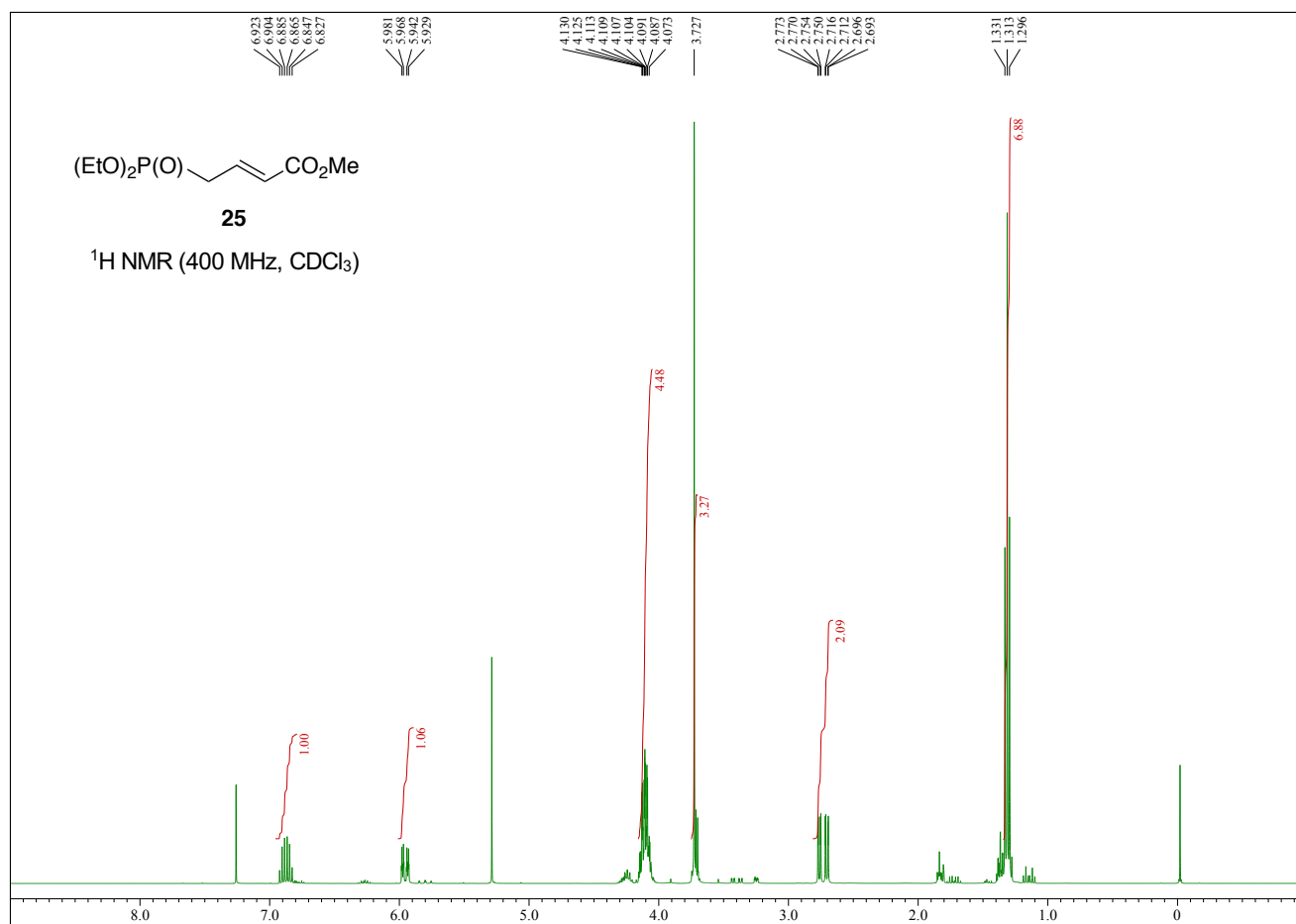




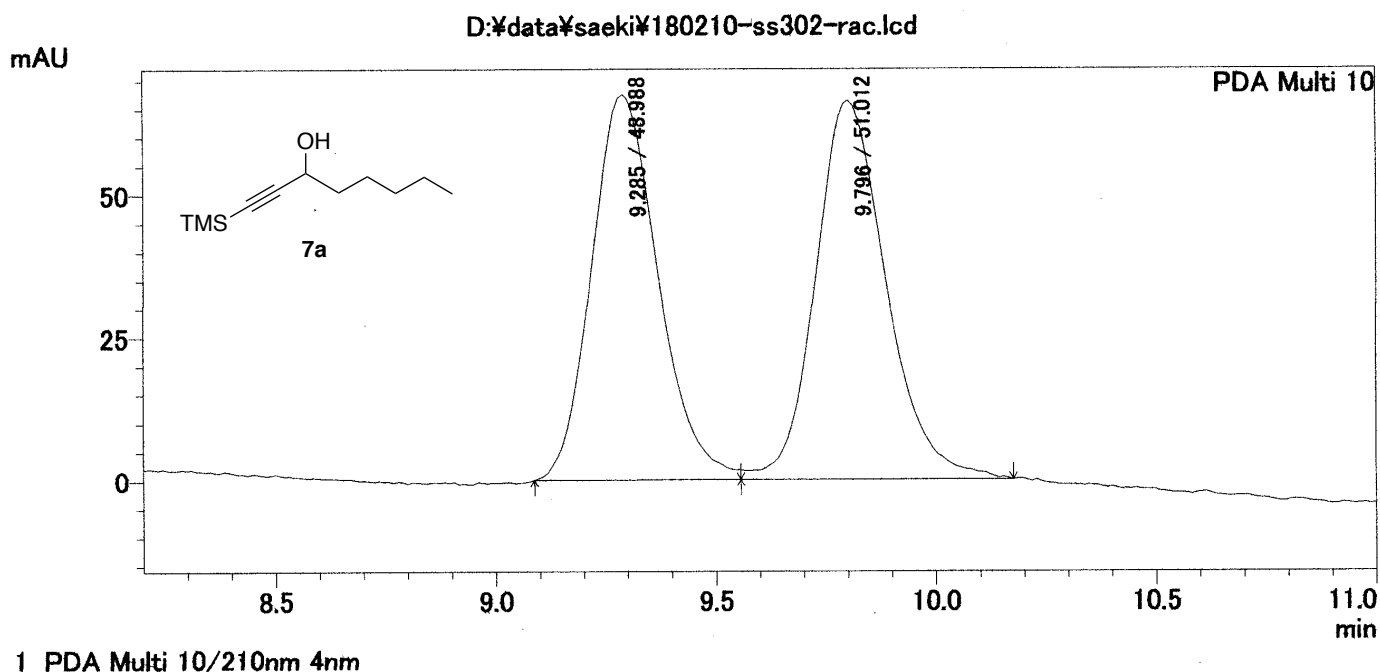
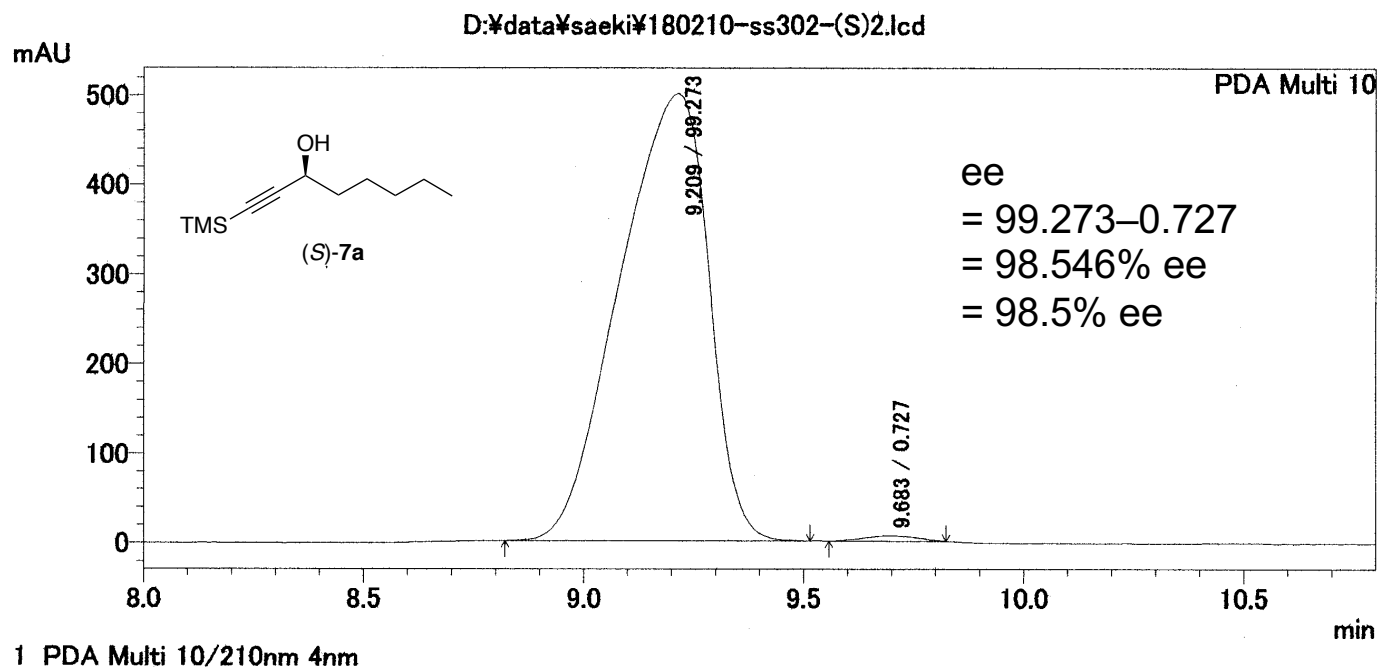




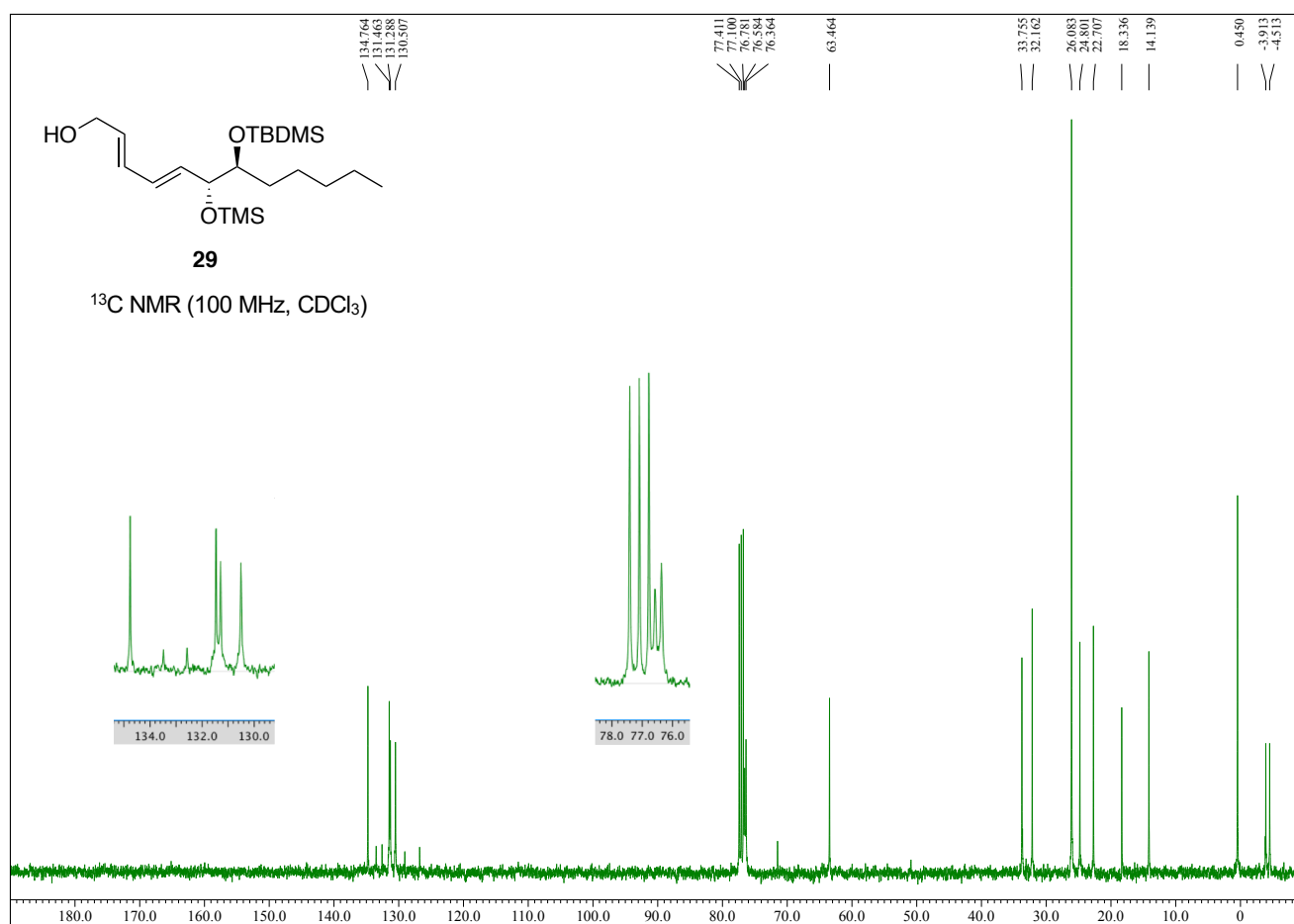
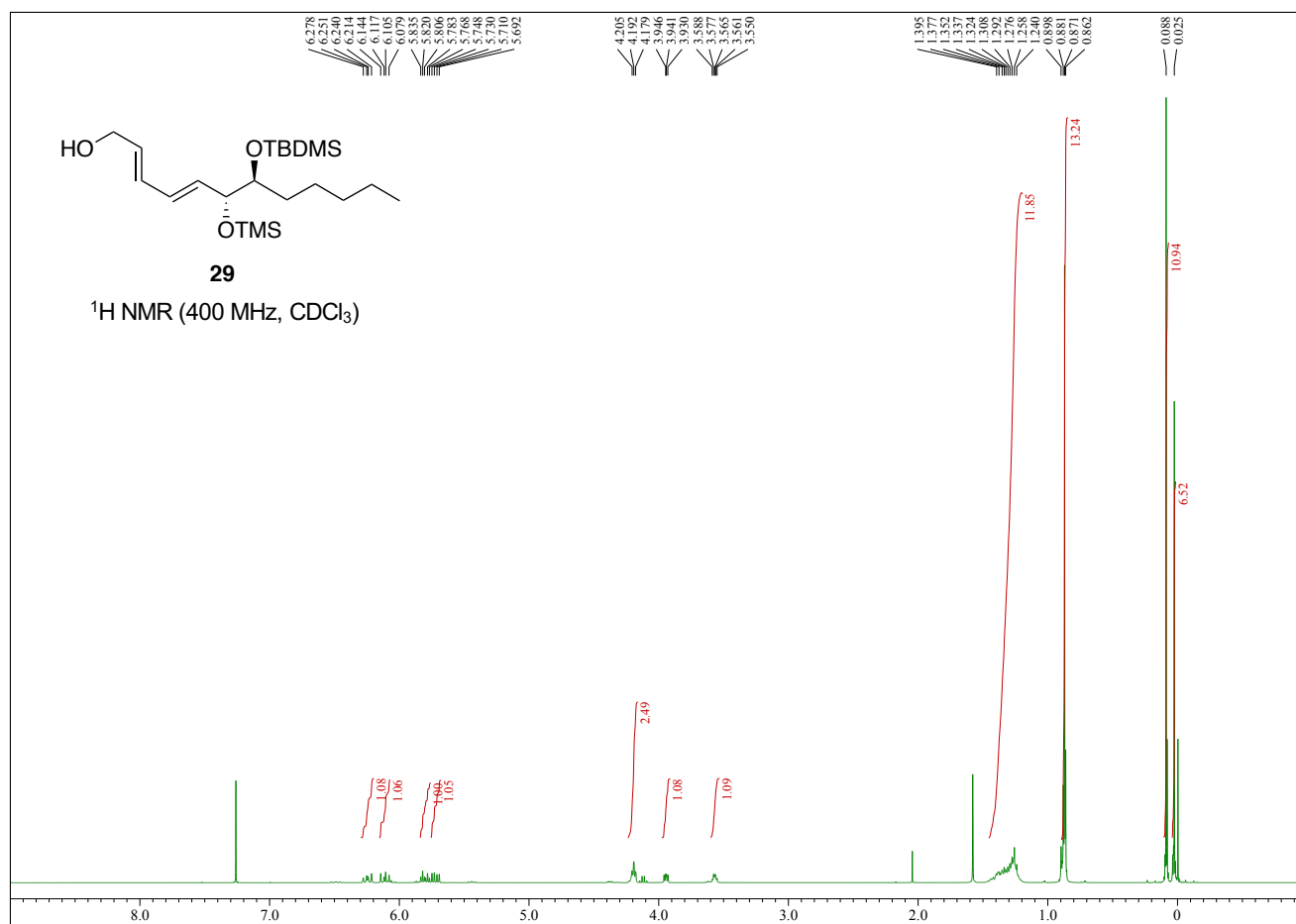


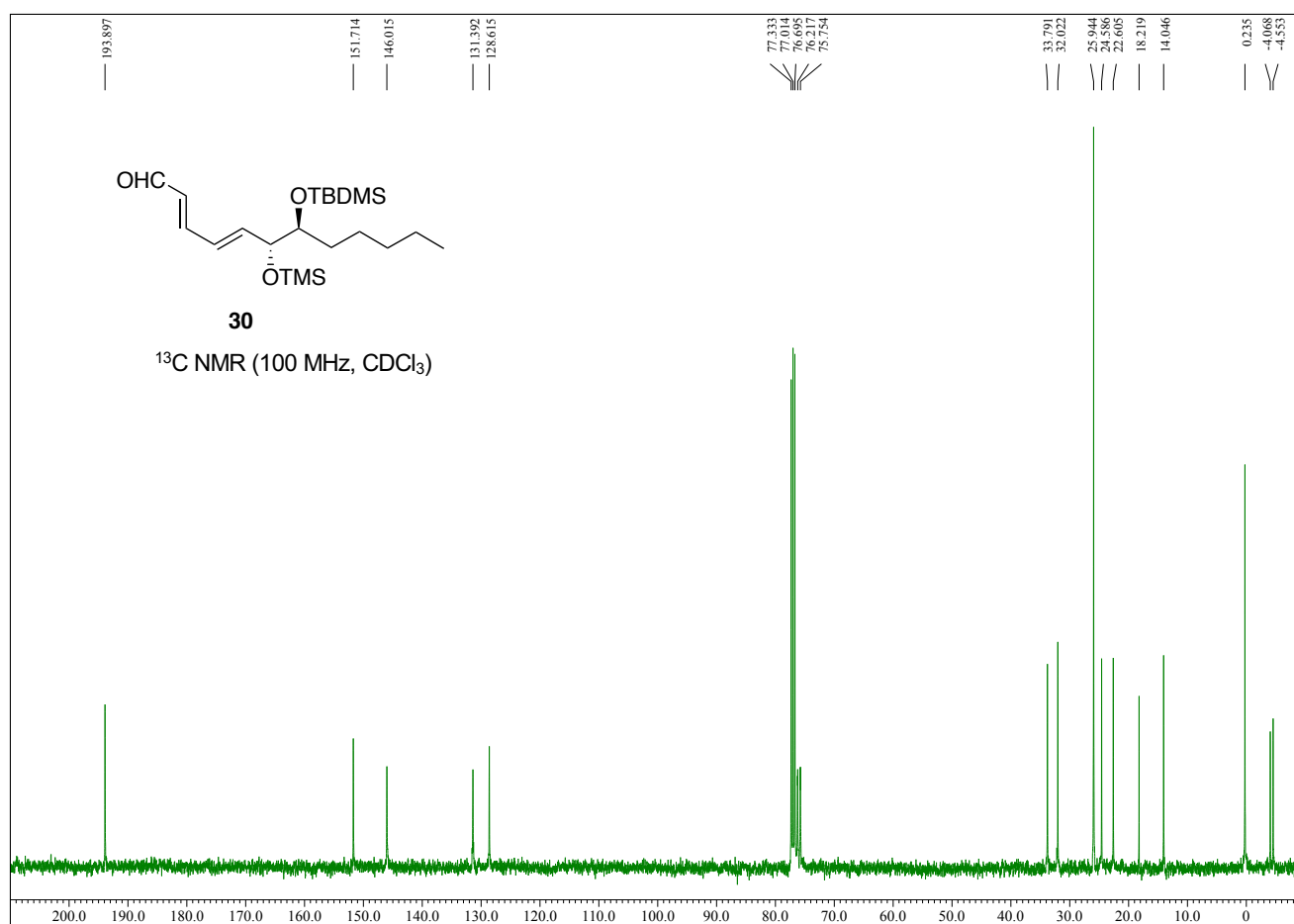
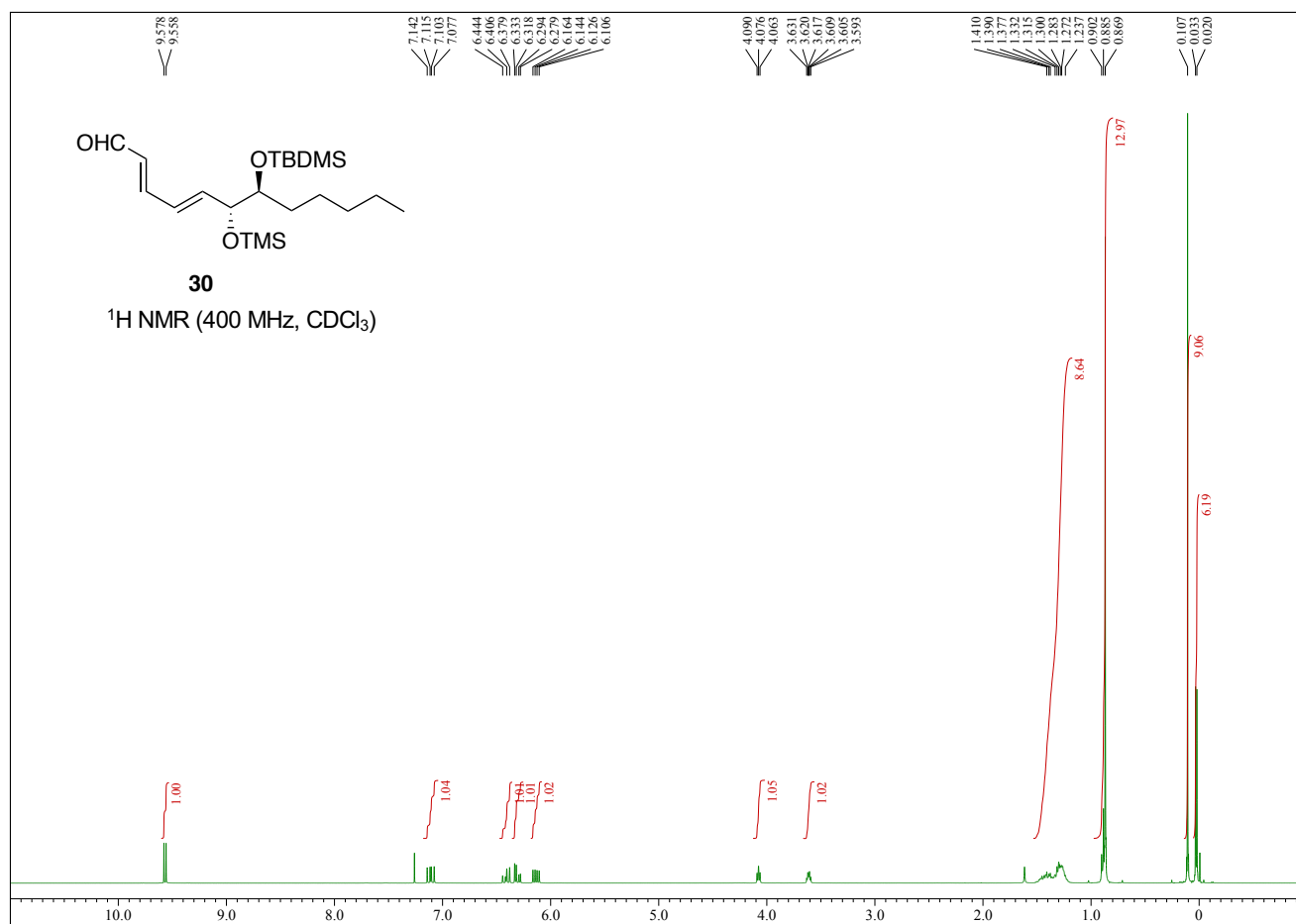


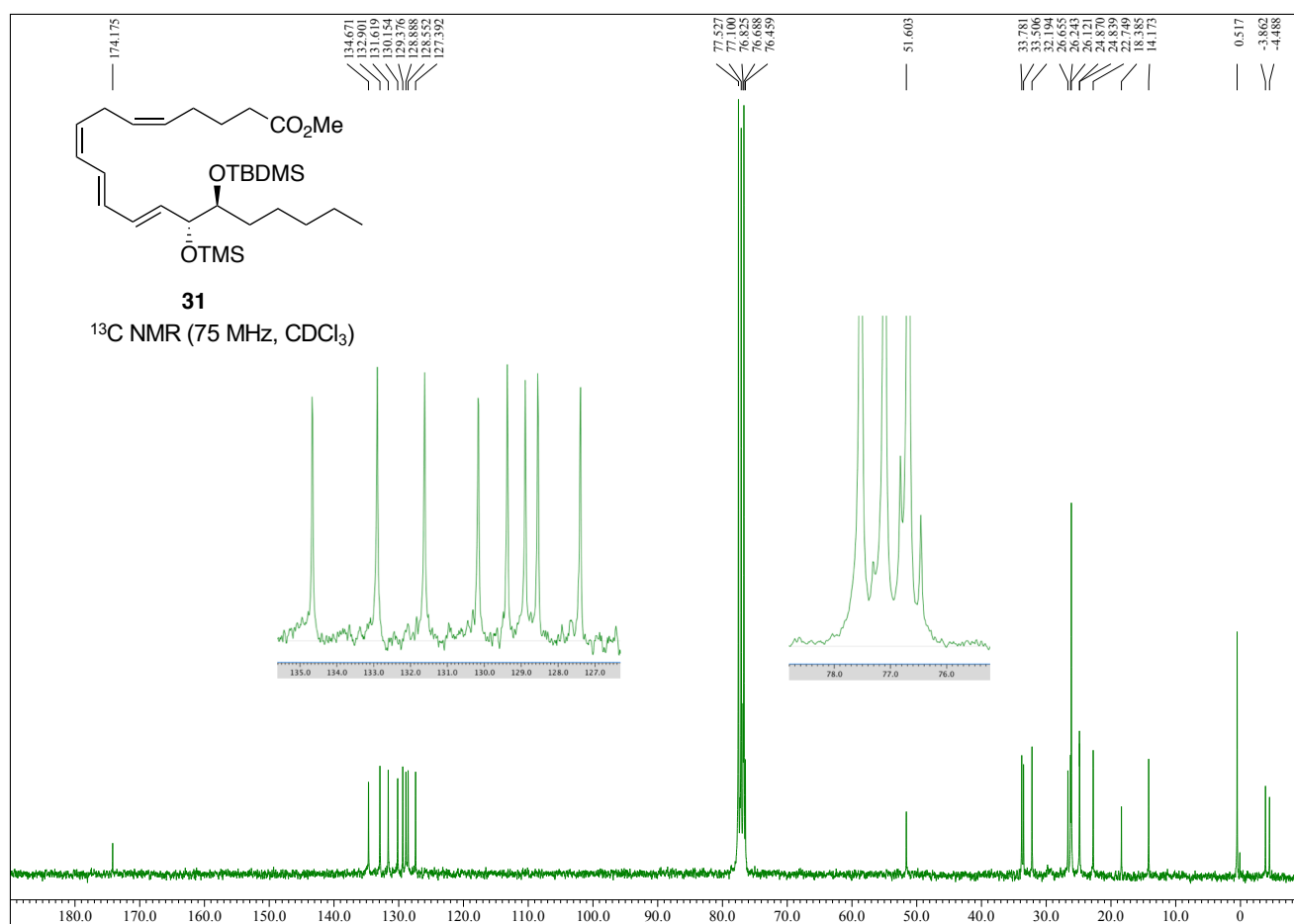
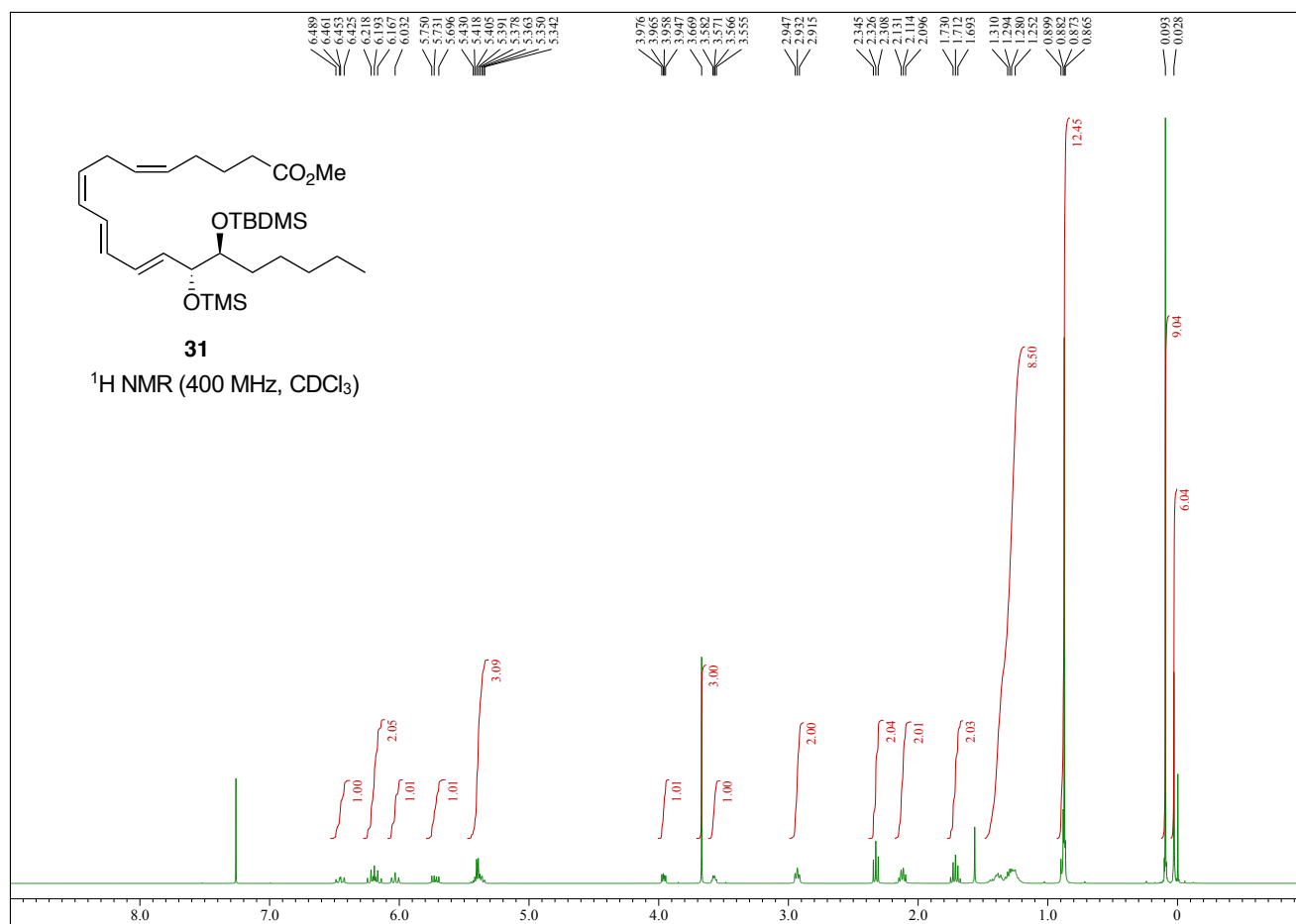
Determination of the enantiomeric purity of (S)-7a for
the synthesis of 14*R*,15*S*-diHETE (22)

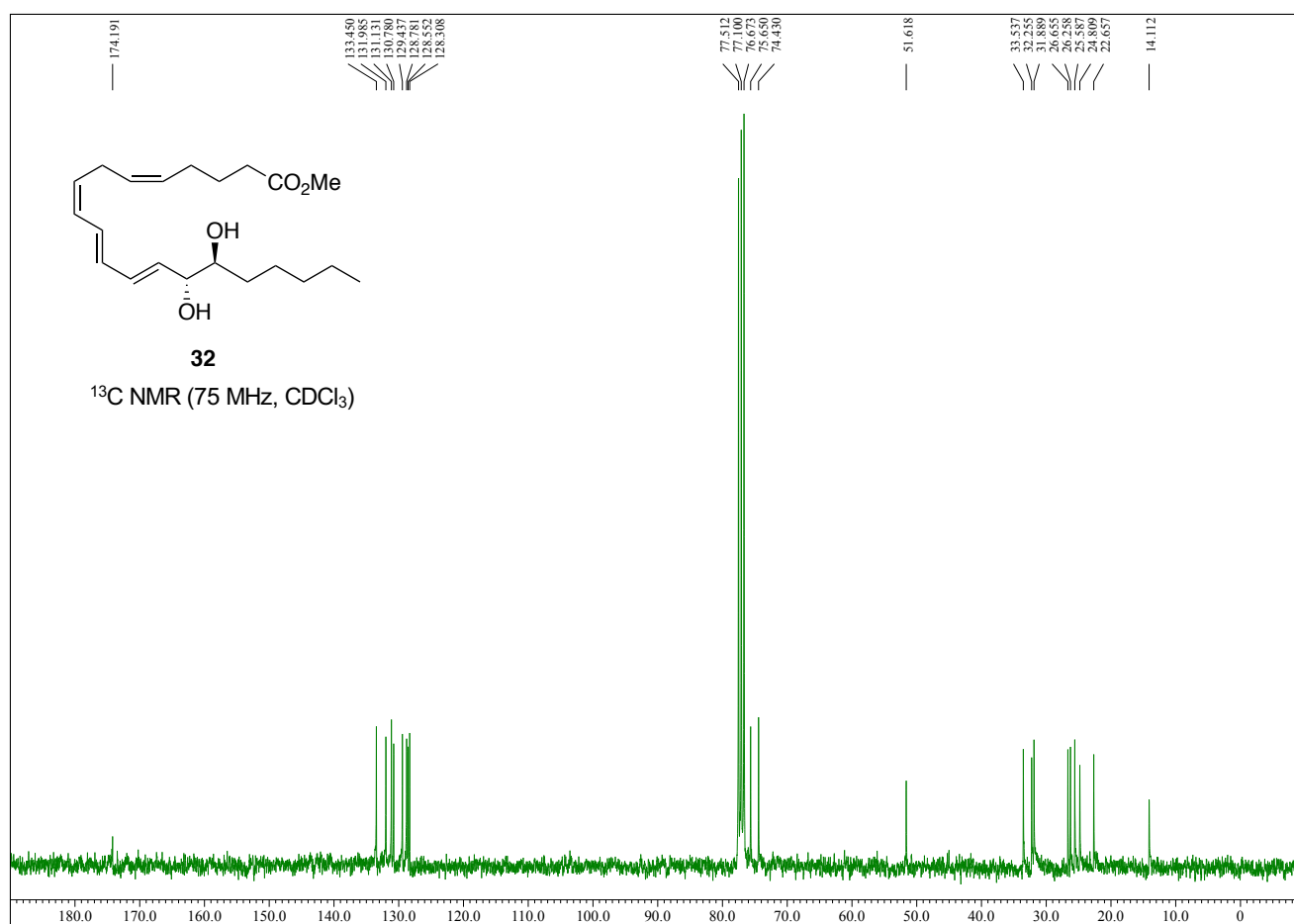
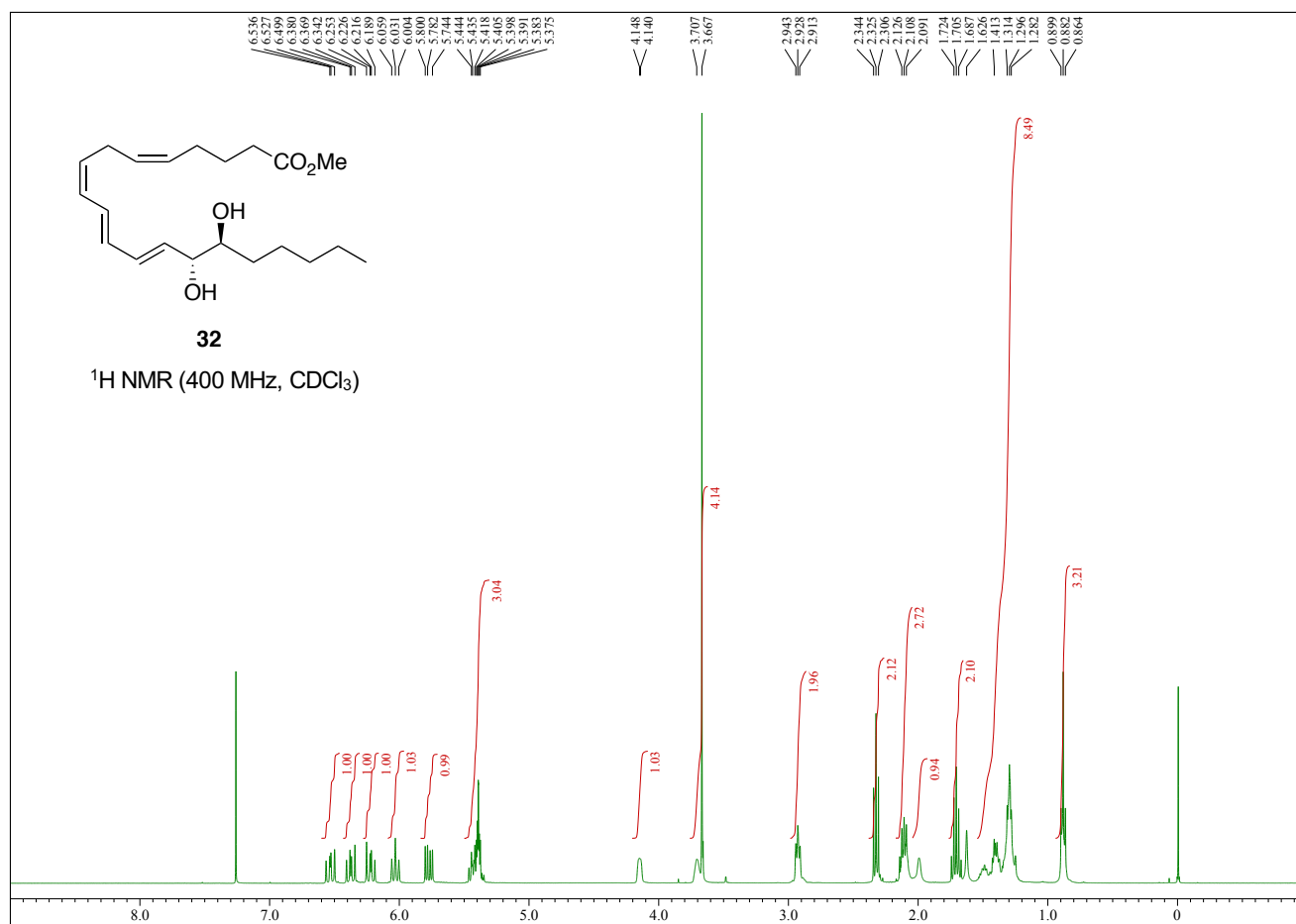


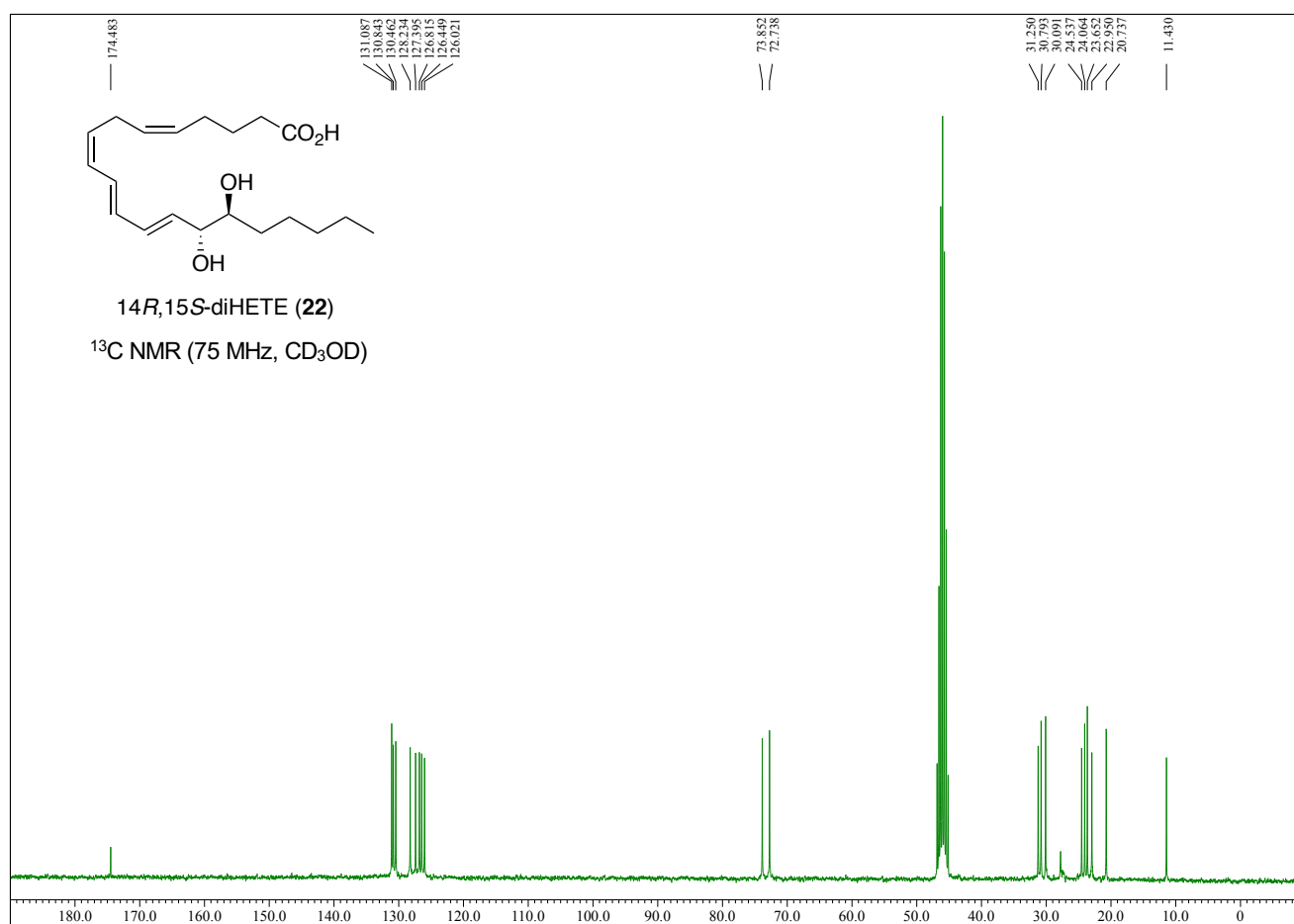
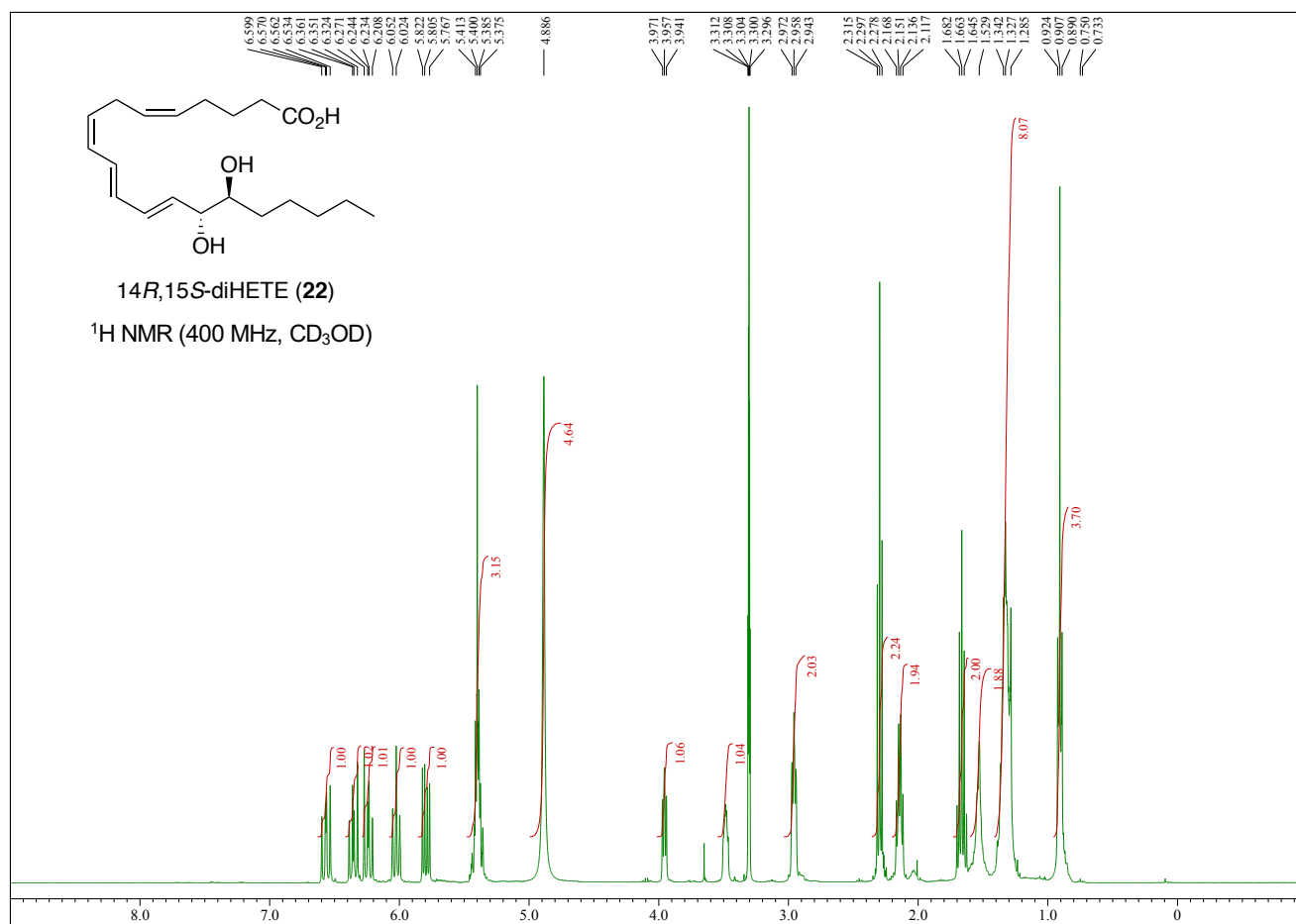
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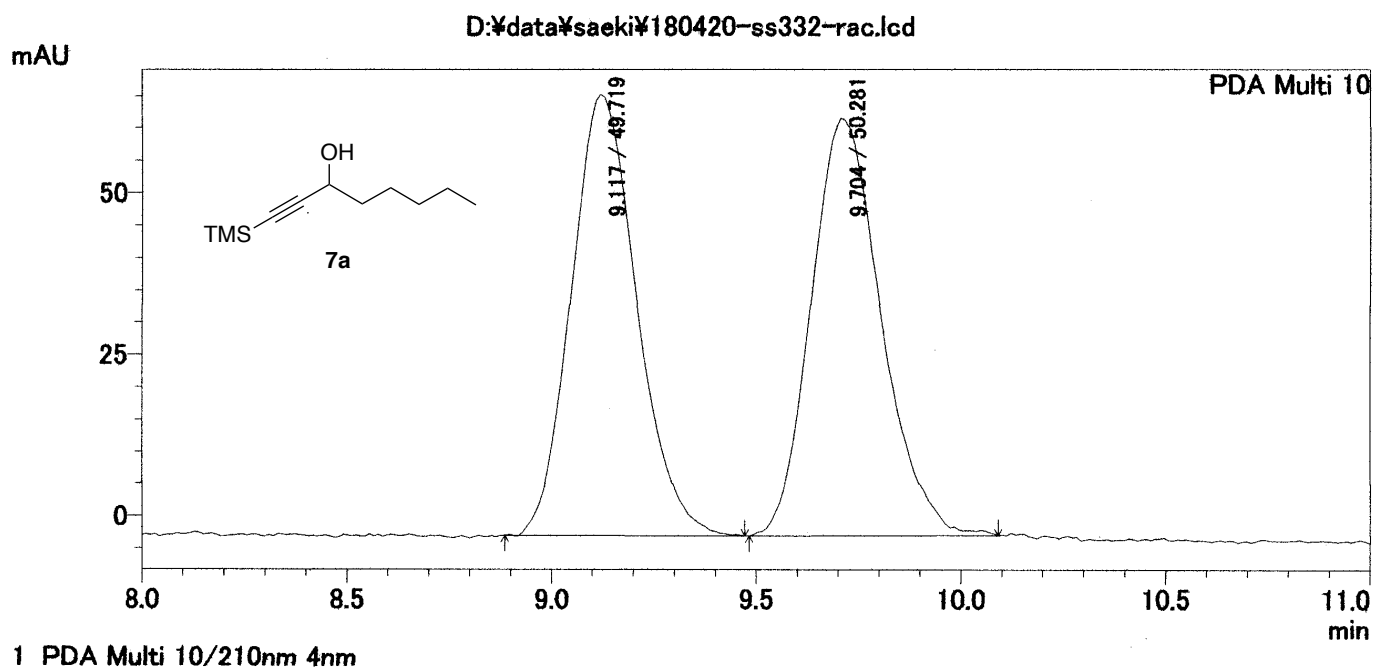
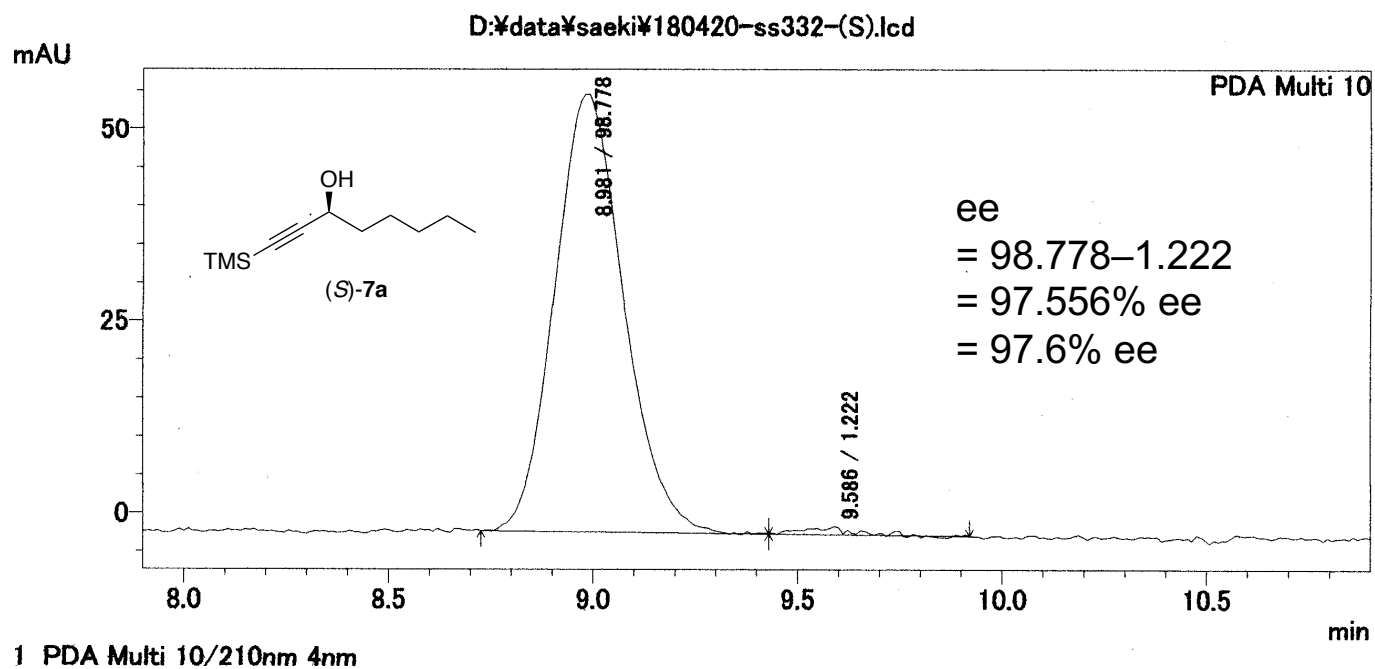








Determination of the enantiomeric purity of (S)-7a for
the synthesis of 14S,15S-dihETE (23)



Conditions : Chiralpak AD-H, hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99/1, 1.0 mL/min, 35 °C

