

Supporting information

Disulphide Crosslinked Star Block Copolypeptide Hydrogels: Influence of Block Sequence Order on Hydrogel Properties

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Table S1. Molecular weight and polydispersity of polypeptides.

polymer	M_n^{SEC}	$M_n^{\text{theor.}}$	dispersity \mathcal{D}^{SEC}
32-PZLL₄₀-b-OBLC₅	321 kDa	366 kDa	1.17
32-OBLC₅-b-PZLL₄₀	346 kDa	366 kDa	1.11
64-OBLC₅-b-PZLL₄₀	714 kDa	733 kDa	1.13
64-PZLL₄₀	640 kDa	671 kDa	1.13
1-PBLC₅₀-b-PZLL₄₀₀	103 kDa	114 kDa	1.32

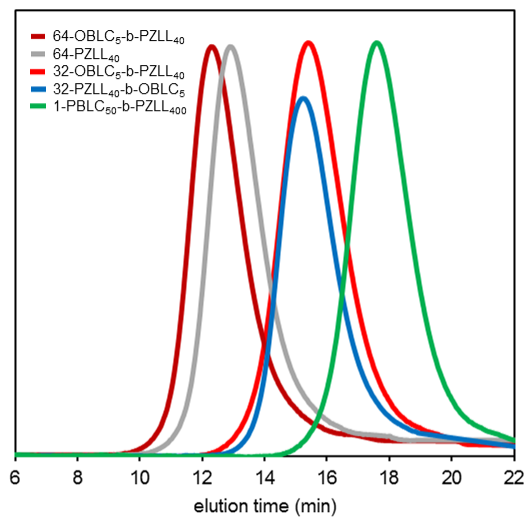


Fig. S1. SEC traces of homopolyptide and copolypeptides.

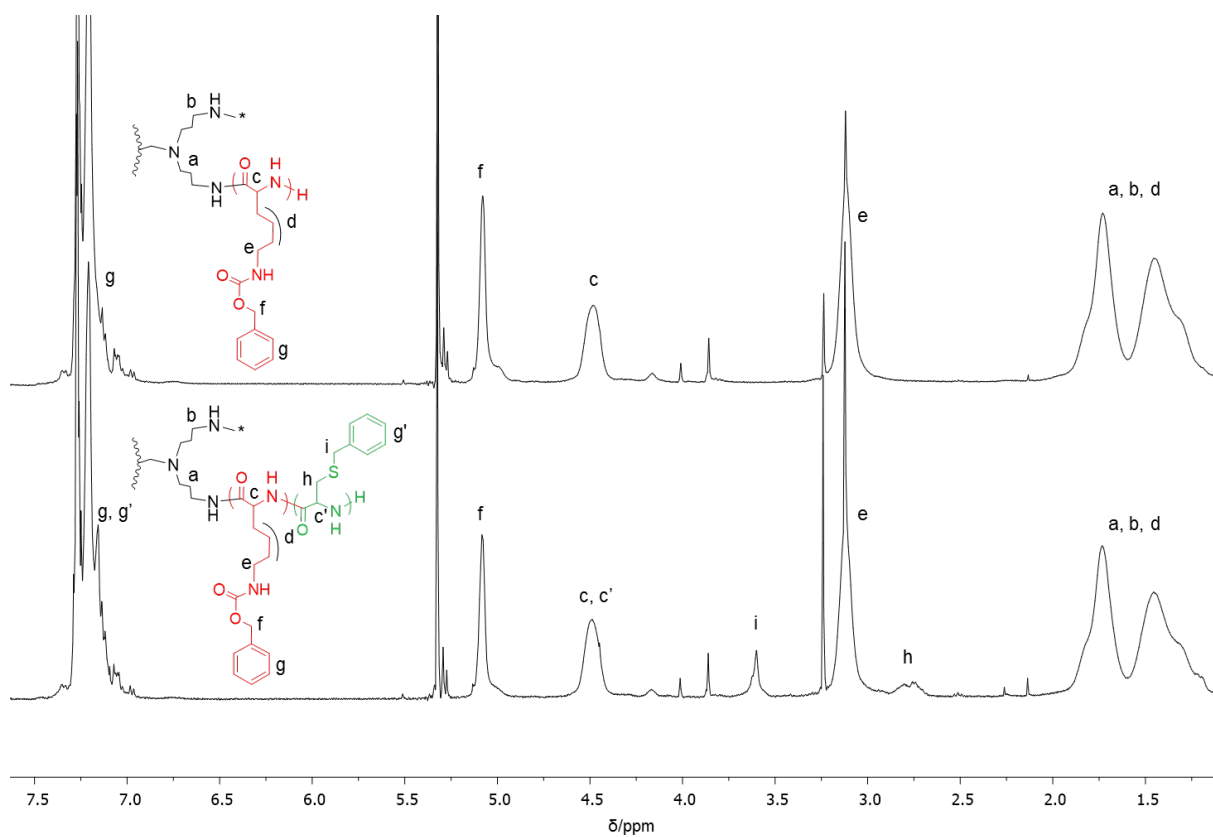


Fig. S2. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectra of 32-PZLL₄₀ and 32-PZLL₄₀-b-OBLC₅ in TFA-d.

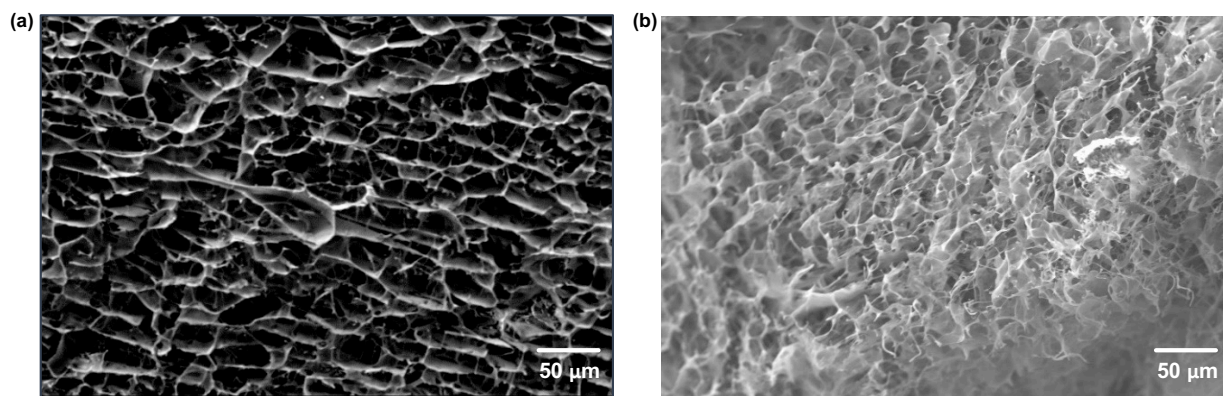


Fig. S3. Scanning electron microscope (SEM) micrograph from cross section of (a) 32-OLC₅-b-PLL₄₀ hydrogel and (b) 32-PLL₄₀-b-OLC₅

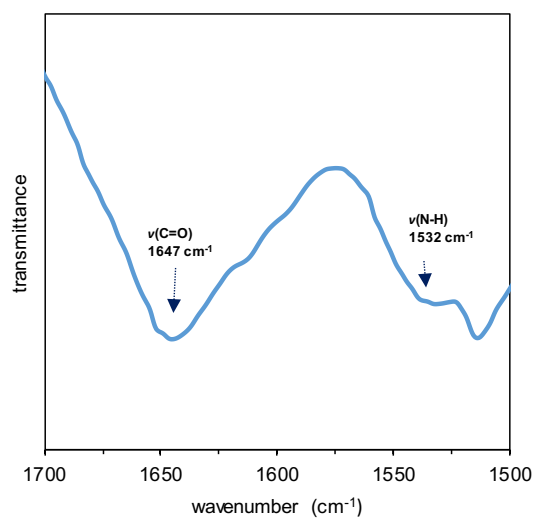


Fig. S4. FT-IR spectra of lyophilised 64-PLL₄₀ star polypeptide.

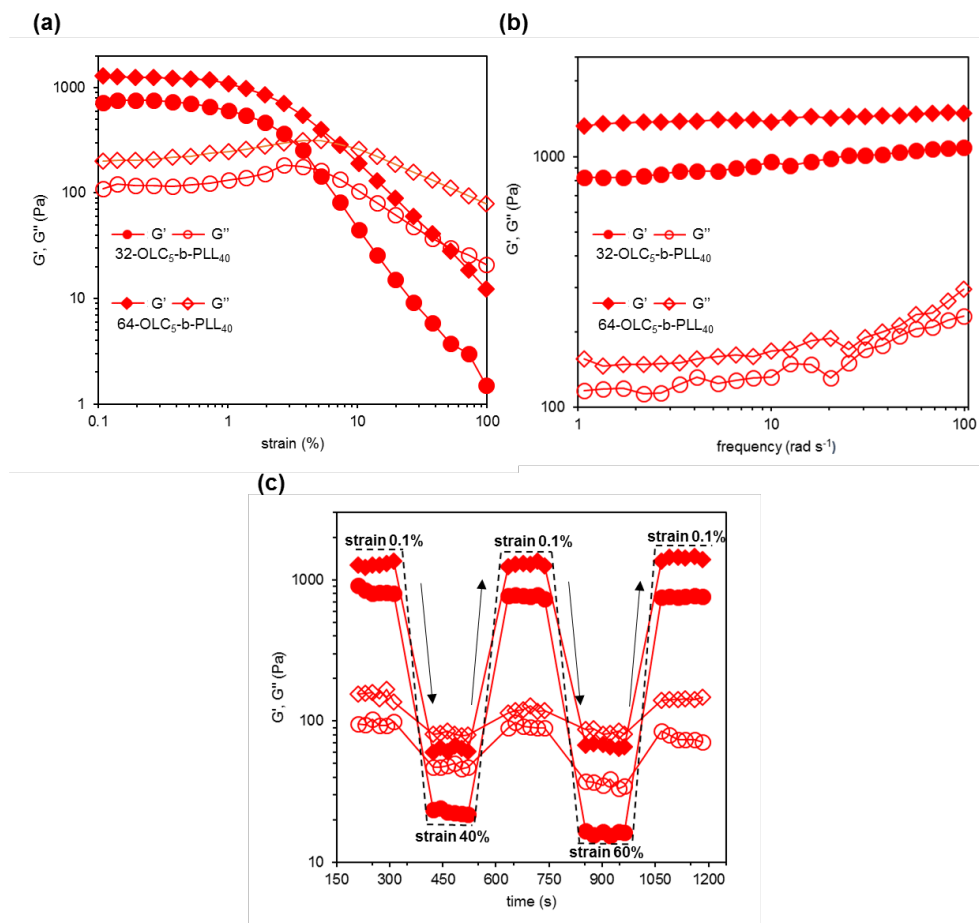


Fig. S5. Rheological properties of 64 and 32 arm core crosslinked copolypeptides hydrogels. Amplitude sweep (a) of core disulphide crosslinked star copolypeptides hydrogels with storage and loss modulus as a function of increasing strain and constant frequency (sheared at $\gamma = 0.1\text{--}100$, $\omega = 1 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$). Frequency sweep (b) of core disulphide crosslinked star copolypeptides hydrogels with storage and loss modulus as a function of increasing angular frequency and constant strain (sheared at $\gamma = 0.1$, $\omega = 1\text{--}100 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$). Stepping strain sweep (c) of core disulphide crosslinked star copolypeptides (at constant frequency $\omega = 1 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$).