

Supplementary Information for Rapid Diffusion of Cholesterol Along Polyunsaturated Membranes via Deep Dives

Matti Javanainen* and Hector Martinez-Seara

*Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry, the Czech Academy of Sciences, v.v.i.,
Flemingovo náměstí 2, CZ-166 10 Prague 6, Czech Republic*

E-mail: matti.javanainen@uochb.cas.cz

Simulated Systems & General Results

Table S1: List of all simulated CG systems and the calculated diffusion coefficients. Composition shows the total numbers of lipid components in the two leaflets (“CHOL” refers to cholesterol). Temp. shows simulation temperatures, and Time the unscaled simulation times. The numbers in names refer to the width of the flat-bottom potential which restrains CHOL flip-flops (see Methods). In the asymmetric membranes, the number of the non-DOPC lipid was adjusted when necessary to prevent the buckling of the membrane. For these asymmetric membranes, only the diffusion coefficient of the non-DOPC lipid is provided, yet the DOPC values are plotted in Fig. 7 in the main text. Also note that the “CG-DOPC-DOPC system” is symmetric, yet has the same size as the asymmetric membranes and therefore serves as a control for finite-size effects. The total simulation time of the CG systems was 600 μs .

| Name | Composition | Temp. (K) | Time (μs) | $D_{\text{Phospholipid}}$ ($10^{-7} \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$) | D_{CHOL} |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--|-------------------|
| (A) Free Cholesterol with Varying Level of Chain Unsaturation | | | | | |
| CG-DOPC | 520 DOPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 75 | 4.28 ± 0.14 | 5.35 ± 0.12 |
| CG-DLiPC | 520 DLiPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 75 | 7.03 ± 0.02 | 11.86 ± 0.52 |
| CG-DAPC | 520 DAPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 75 | 8.24 ± 0.00 | 17.91 ± 0.46 |
| CG-DDPC | 520 DDPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 75 | 8.27 ± 0.05 | 18.50 ± 0.68 |
| (B) Cholesterol Restrained by a Flat-Bottom Potential | | | | | |
| CG-DLiPC-FB-08 | 520 DOPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 10 | 7.29 ± 0.15 | 9.06 ± 0.51 |
| CG-DLiPC-FB-10 | 520 DOPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 10 | 7.30 ± 0.02 | 10.95 ± 0.90 |
| CG-DLiPC-FB-12 | 520 DOPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 10 | 6.82 ± 0.08 | 11.10 ± 0.26 |
| CG-DLiPC-FB-14 | 520 DOPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 10 | 6.98 ± 0.11 | 11.11 ± 0.15 |
| CG-DLiPC-FB-16 | 520 DOPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 10 | 7.33 ± 0.10 | 11.64 ± 0.24 |
| CG-DAPC-FB-08 | 520 DOPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 10 | 8.57 ± 0.12 | 12.81 ± 0.69 |
| CG-DAPC-FB-10 | 520 DOPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 10 | 8.31 ± 0.00 | 15.51 ± 0.82 |
| CG-DAPC-FB-12 | 520 DOPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 10 | 8.15 ± 0.09 | 16.43 ± 0.48 |
| CG-DAPC-FB-14 | 520 DOPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 10 | 8.23 ± 0.05 | 19.64 ± 0.97 |
| CG-DAPC-FB-16 | 520 DOPC + 56 CHOL | 298 | 10 | 8.22 ± 0.06 | 18.29 ± 0.97 |
| (C) Asymmetric Membranes with Varying Level of Chain Unsaturation | | | | | |
| CG-DOPC-DOPC | 1040 DOPC + 112 CHOL | 298 | 50 | 4.31 ± 0.09 | 5.02 ± 0.06 |
| CG-DOPC-DLiPC | 520 DOPC + 520 DLiPC + 112 CHOL | 298 | 50 | 7.44 ± 0.12 | 6.74 ± 0.59 |
| CG-DOPC-DAPC | 520 DOPC + 520 DAPC + 112 CHOL | 298 | 50 | 7.67 ± 0.07 | 6.64 ± 0.04 |
| CG-DOPC-DDPC | 520 DOPC + 468 DDPC + 112 CHOL | 298 | 50 | 6.74 ± 0.14 | 7.50 ± 0.28 |

Table S2: List of all simulated AA systems and the calculated diffusion coefficients. Composition shows the total numbers of lipid components in the two leaflets (“CHOL” refers to cholesterol). Temp. shows simulation temperatures, and Time the simulation times. In the last group, “C” refers to one of the cholesterols being maintained in the membrane core in a flat-lying conformation. For these systems, D_{CHOL} is the diffusion coefficient of the restrained cholesterol. In the asymmetric membranes, the number of the non-DOPC lipid was adjusted to compensate for the differing areas per lipid. For these asymmetric membranes, only the diffusion coefficient of the non-DOPC lipid is provided, yet the DOPC values are plotted in Fig. 7 in the main text. The total simulation time of the AA systems was 26 μs .

| Name | Composition | Temp. (K) | Time (μs) | $D_{\text{Phospholipid}}$ ($10^{-7} \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$) | D_{CHOL} |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--|-------------------|
| (A) Free Cholesterol with Varying Level of Chain Unsaturation | | | | | |
| AA-DOPC-310 | 260 DOPC + 28 CHOL | 310 | 1 | 0.88 ± 0.05 | 1.04 ± 0.01 |
| AA-DLiPC-310 | 260 DLiPC + 28 CHOL | 310 | 1 | 1.26 ± 0.14 | 1.56 ± 0.40 |
| AA-DAPC-310* | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 310 | 1 | 1.62 ± 0.07 | 2.14 ± 0.40 |
| AA-DDPC-310 | 260 DDPC + 28 CHOL | 310 | 1 | 1.80 ± 0.01 | 2.29 ± 0.05 |
| AA-DDPC-310-Large | 520 DDPC + 56 CHOL | 310 | 1 | 1.81 ± 0.01 | 2.44 ± 0.38 |
| (B) DAPC with Free Cholesterol at Varying Temperatures | | | | | |
| AA-DAPC-285 | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 285 | 1 | 0.58 ± 0.03 | 0.67 ± 0.06 |
| AA-DAPC-298 | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 298 | 1 | 1.01 ± 0.08 | 1.36 ± 0.10 |
| AA-DAPC-310* | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 310 | 1 | 1.62 ± 0.07 | 2.14 ± 0.40 |
| AA-DAPC-320 | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 320 | 1 | 2.28 ± 0.01 | 3.09 ± 0.74 |
| AA-DAPC-333 | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 333 | 1 | 3.24 ± 0.15 | 4.60 ± 0.52 |
| (C) One Cholesterol Restrained into the Interleaflet Region at Varying Temperatures | | | | | |
| AA-DAPC-C-285 | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 285 | 2 | 0.60 ± 0.02 | 4.27 ± 0.34 |
| AA-DAPC-C-298 | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 298 | 2 | 1.03 ± 0.08 | 3.80 ± 0.53 |
| AA-DAPC-C-310 | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 310 | 2 | 1.63 ± 0.03 | 11.41 ± 2.37 |
| AA-DAPC-C-320 | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 320 | 2 | 2.20 ± 0.18 | 12.01 ± 1.74 |
| AA-DAPC-C-333 | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 333 | 2 | 3.22 ± 0.14 | 17.59 ± 4.27 |
| (D) DAPC with Free Cholesterol with Varying Cholesterol Concentrations | | | | | |
| AA-DAPC-310* | 260 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 310 | 1 | 1.62 ± 0.07 | 2.14 ± 0.40 |
| AA-DAPC-20 | 232 DAPC + 56 CHOL | 310 | 1 | 1.43 ± 0.05 | 1.67 ± 0.08 |
| AA-DAPC-30 | 204 DAPC + 84 CHOL | 310 | 1 | 1.16 ± 0.05 | 1.30 ± 0.18 |
| AA-DAPC-40 | 176 DAPC + 112 CHOL | 310 | 1 | 0.97 ± 0.02 | 1.05 ± 0.05 |
| AA-DAPC-50 | 144 DAPC + 144 CHOL | 310 | 1 | 0.63 ± 0.01 | 0.65 ± 0.01 |
| (E) Asymmetric Membranes with Varying Level of Chain Unsaturation | | | | | |
| AA-DOPC-DLiPC | 130 DOPC + 125 DLiPC + 28 CHOL | 298 | 1 | 1.16 ± 0.03 | 1.25 ± 0.41 |
| AA-DOPC-DAPC | 130 DOPC + 120 DAPC + 28 CHOL | 298 | 1 | 1.55 ± 0.01 | 1.59 ± 0.55 |
| AA-DOPC-DDPC | 130 DOPC + 115 DDPC + 28 CHOL | 298 | 1 | 1.66 ± 0.01 | 1.61 ± 0.74 |

*The same simulation

Table S3: Numbers of flip-flops observed in different systems and the corresponding flip-flop rates. The error estimate shows standard error.

| System | Flip-Flops | Rate (μs^{-1}) |
|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| AA Simulations | | |
| AA-DAPC-285 | 3 | 0.12 ± 0.11 |
| AA-DAPC-298 | 10 | 0.35 ± 0.13 |
| AA-DAPC-310* | 29 | 1.04 ± 0.23 |
| AA-DAPC-320 | 38 | 1.36 ± 0.34 |
| AA-DAPC-333 | 80 | 2.86 ± 0.54 |
| AA-DOPC-310 | 0 | 0 |
| AA-DLiPC-310 | 3 | 0.11 ± 0.06 |
| AA-DAPC-310* | 29 | 1.04 ± 0.23 |
| AA-DDPC-310 | 51 | 1.82 ± 0.54 |
| AA-DDPC-310-L | 96 | 1.71 ± 0.40 |
| AA-DAPC-310* | 29 | 1.04 ± 0.23 |
| AA-DAPC-20 | 34 | 0.61 ± 0.13 |
| AA-DAPC-30 | 17 | 0.20 ± 0.06 |
| AA-DAPC-40 | 11 | 0.10 ± 0.04 |
| AA-DAPC-50 | 2 | 0.01 ± 0.01 |
| AA-DOPC-DLiPC | 1 | 0.04 ± 0.19 |
| AA-DOPC-DAPC | 8 | 0.29 ± 0.71 |
| AA-DOPC-DDPC | 8 | 0.29 ± 0.71 |
| CG Simulations | | |
| CG-DOPC | 29158 | 7.0 ± 0.1 |
| CG-DLiPC | 228585 | 55.2 ± 0.1 |
| CG-DAPC | 592099 | 142.9 ± 0.2 |
| CG-DDPC | 458686 | 110.7 ± 0.1 |
| CG-DOPC-DOPC | 37709 | 6.9 ± 0.42 |
| CG-DOPC-DLiPC | 78599 | 14.32 ± 0.74 |
| CG-DOPC-DAPC | 73660 | 13.42 ± 0.81 |
| CG-DOPC-DDPC | 101735 | 18.54 ± 0.13 |

*The same simulation

Results from Symmetric Coarse-Grained Simulations

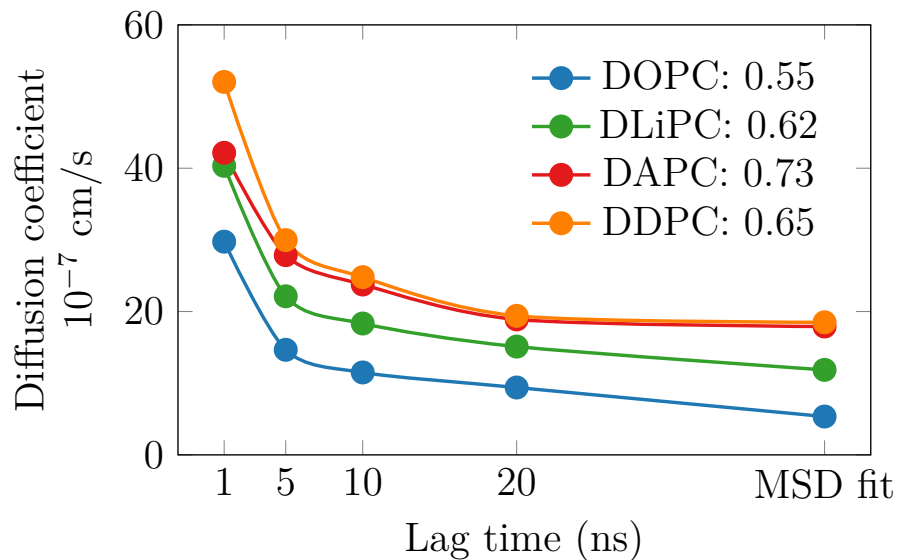


Figure S1: Diffusion coefficients extracted from displacement distributions over different lag times, as well as from long-time MSD fits assuming normal diffusion. This highlights the seemingly faster kinetics at short time scales. The inset shows values of the subdiffusion exponent α extracted from the displacement distribution fits at different lag times (see Methods).

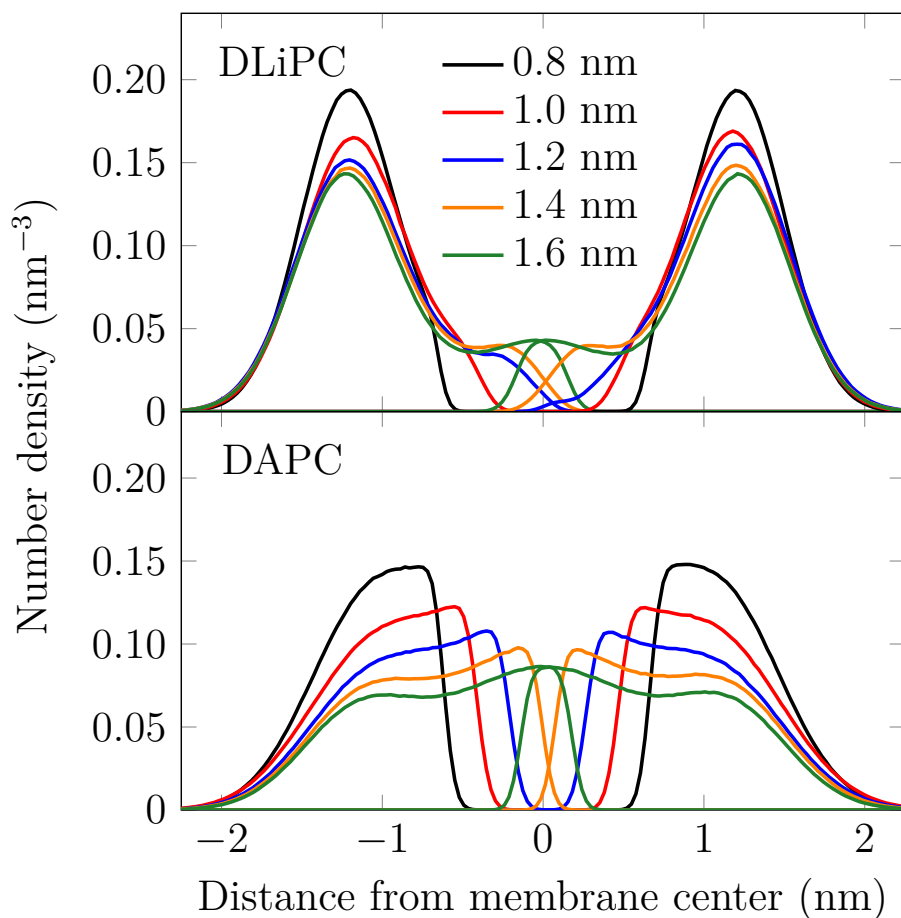


Figure S2: Number density of CHOL hydroxyl bead in CG simulations with flat-bottom potential applied to it (see Methods). Different colors correspond to different widths of the flat part of the potential. Profiles for both leaflets are drawn separately using the same color. It is evident that for values between 0.8 nm and 1.2 nm result in essentially no hydroxyl groups residing in the membrane core. For values of 1.4 nm and 1.6 nm, the core is populated but complete CHOL flip-flops cannot take place.

Results from Symmetric Atomistic Simulations

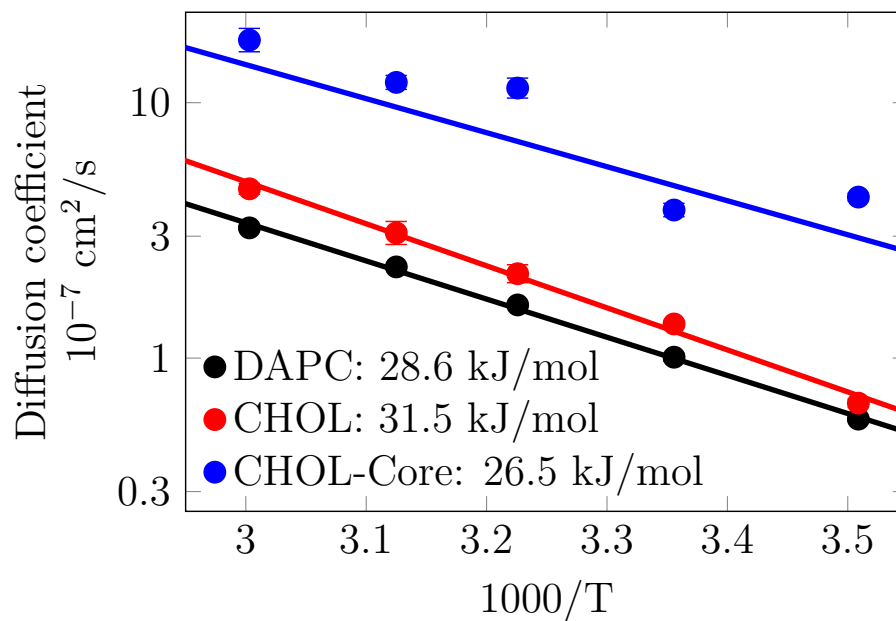


Figure S3: Diffusion coefficients of free DAPC, free CHOL, and CHOL restricted to the membrane core (CHOL-Core) as a function of inverse temperature. The data are shown in the Arrhenius manner (see Methods), and the activation energies are given in the legend.

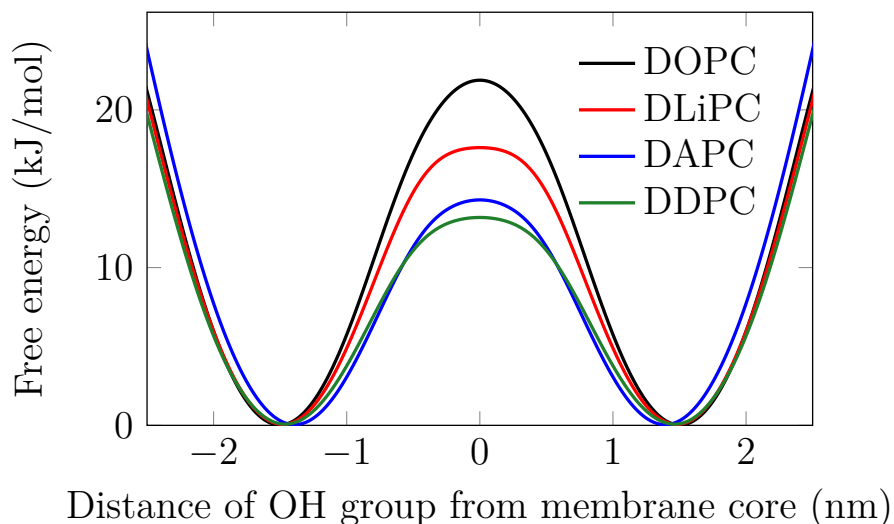


Figure S4: Free energy profiles of CHOL flip-flop extracted from the density profiles of its hydroxyl oxygen as a function of lipid chain unsaturation from the AA simulations (see Methods). The region of highest density is assigned a value of zero.

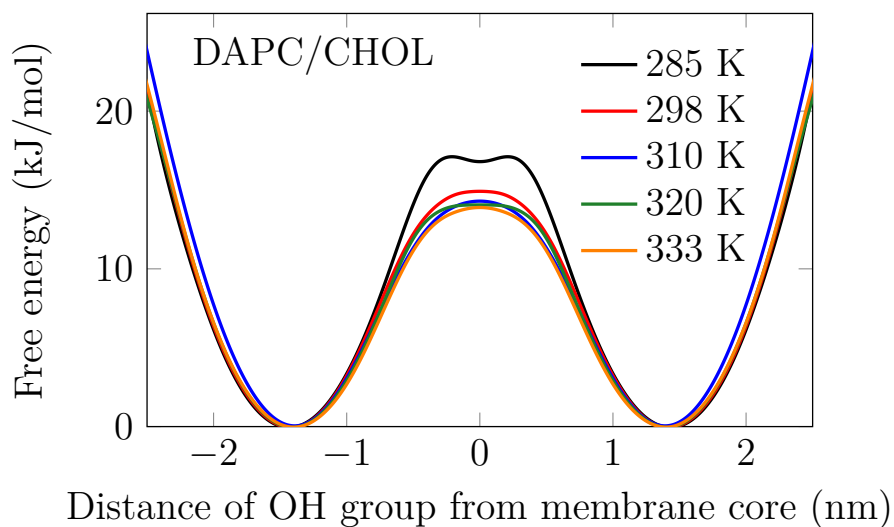


Figure S5: Free energy profiles of CHOL flip-flop extracted from the density profiles of its hydroxyl oxygen as a function of temperature from the AA DAPC/CHOL simulations (see Methods). The region of highest density is assigned a value of zero.

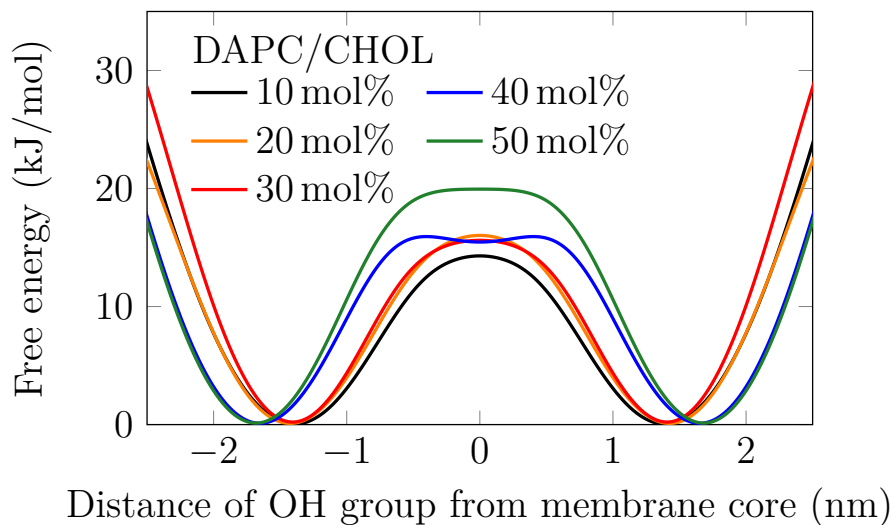


Figure S6: Free energy profiles of CHOL flip-flop extracted from the density profiles of its hydroxyl oxygen as a function of cholesterol concentration from the AA DAPC/CHOL simulations (see Methods). The region of highest density is assigned a value of zero.

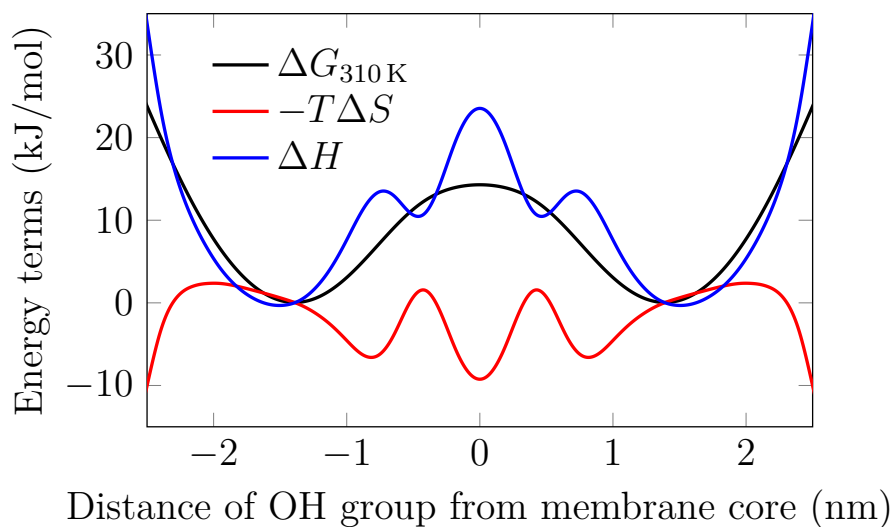


Figure S7: The decomposition of CHOL flip-flop free energy profiles into entropic and enthalpic components (see Methods).

Results from Asymmetric Membranes

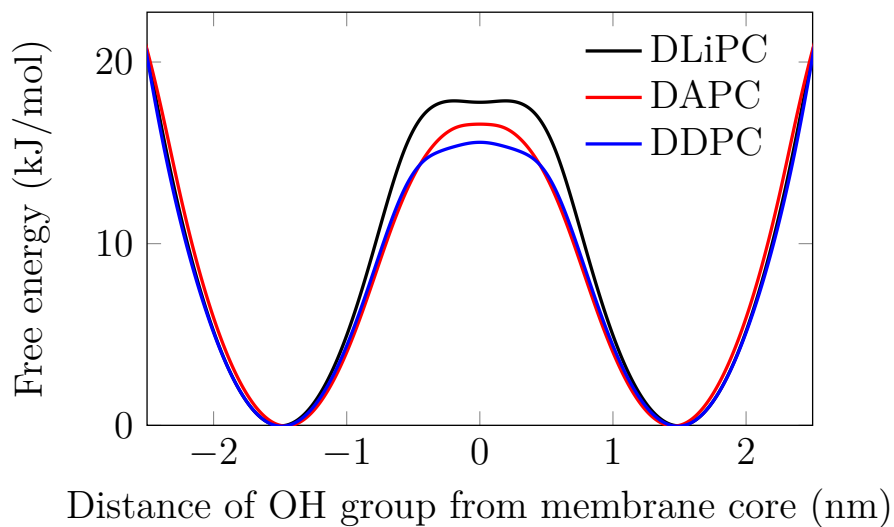


Figure S8: Free energy profiles of CHOL flip-flop extracted from the density profiles of its hydroxyl oxygen from the asymmetric atomistic membranes. The legend refers to the non-DOPC phospholipid in the membrane. The region of highest density is assigned a value of zero. As discussed in the text, the CHOL concentrations in the leaflets have likely not equilibrated during the 1 μ s simulations.