Supporting Information for

Effects of graphene substrate on structure and property of atomically thin metal sheets

Gang Zhou

School of Science, Hubei University of Technology, Wuhan 430068, People’s Republic of China
Department of Physics, Tsinghua University, Beijing 100084, People’s Republic of China

Corresponding Author
E-mail: 995372896@qq.com
Figure S1  Top and side views of the rhombohedral supercell of Rh/G bilayer, in which the cell of the Rh monolayer is rotated with respect to that of the graphene support by 16.996°. It contains a (10 x 10) graphene cell and a single-layer (√79 x √79) Rh(111) cell, with a lattice mismatch of 2.1%. The red and black lattices depict the Rh layer and graphene, respectively. Left: before relaxation, right: after relaxation.

The corresponding magnet moments of TS and DF in the supercell decrease to be 0.33 and 0.56 μB, respectively.