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Electronic Supplementary Information ESI

Reactivity of an NHC-stabilized Pyramidal Hydrosilylene with

Electrophilic Boron Sources

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I. <u>NMR Spectra</u>



Figure S1. ¹H NMR of compound $1 \rightarrow$ BH₃ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



Figure S2. ¹¹B NMR spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow$ BH₃ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



Figure S3. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow BH_3$ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



Figure S4. ²⁹Si{¹H} NMR spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow BH_3$ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



100 80 -3(60 -60 -80 -100 f1 (ppm) -200 40 20 -20 -40 -120 -140 -160 -180 -220 -280 -240 -260 0

Figure S5. ²⁹Si{¹H} INEPT NMR spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow BH_3$ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



Figure S6. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2 in C₆D₆ at 25 °C. (*: tBu₃SiSiH₃, 2%)



Figure S7. ¹¹B NMR spectrum of compound **2** in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



Figure S8. ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ NMR spectrum of compound **2** in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



Figure S9. ²⁹Si{¹H} NMR spectrum of compound **2** in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



-80 -100 -120 f1 (ppm) -140

-160

-180

-200

-220

-240

-260

-280 -3(

Figure S10. ²⁹Si{¹H} INEPT NMR spectrum of compound **2** in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.

-60

100 80

60

40

20

0

-20

-40



Figure S11. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPh₃ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



Figure S12. ¹¹B NMR spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPh₃ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



Figure S13. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPh₃ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



Figure S14. ²⁹Si{¹H} NMR spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPh₃ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



Figure S15. ¹H-¹³C-HMBC NMR spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPh₃ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C.



Figure S16. ¹H NMR spectrum of the reaction of compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPh₃ with 1 equivalent of L^{Me4} in C₆D₆ at 25°C. (*: *t*Bu₃SiSi(H)L^{Me4}, 1)



Figure S17. ¹¹B NMR spectrum of the reaction of compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPh₃ with 1 equivalent of L^{Me4} in C₆D₆ at 25°C.



Figure S18. ¹H NMR spectrum of the compound $1 \cdot BF_3$ in C₆D₅F at 25 °C.



Figure S19. ¹¹B NMR spectrum of the compound $1 \cdot BF_3$ in C₆D₅F at 25 °C.



Figure S20. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of the compound $1 \cdot BF_3$ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C. (RT 1 h)

10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80



Figure S21. ¹H NMR spectrum of the compound 1·BF₃ in C₆D₅F at 25 °C after 20 hrs.



Figure S22. ¹¹B NMR spectrum of the compound $1 \cdot BF_3$ in C₆D₅F at 25 °C after 20 hrs.



Figure S23. ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of the compound $1 \cdot BF_3$ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C after heating 70 °C 1h.



Figure S24. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of the compound $1 \cdot BF_3$ in C₆D₆ at 25 °C after heating 70 °C 1h.



Figure S25. ²⁹Si{¹H} spectrum of the compound $1 \cdot BF_3$ in C₆D₅F at 25 °C after 20 hours.



Figure S26. Comparison of ¹H NMR spectrum for $1 \cdot BF_3$ in C₆D₅F at 25 °C after 15 min and 20 hours.



Figure S27. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound **1**·BCl₃ in CD₃Cl at 25 °C.



Figure S29. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of compound $1 \cdot BCl_3$ in CD₂Cl₂ at 25 °C.



Figure S30. ²⁹Si{¹H} INEPT spectrum of compound **1**·BCl₃ in CD₂Cl₂ at 25 °C.



Figure S31. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow BBr_3$ in CD₂Cl₂ at 25 °C.



Figure S32. ¹¹B NMR spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow$ BBr₃ in CD₂Cl₂ at 25 °C.



Figure S33. ¹³C{¹H} NMR spectrum of $1 \rightarrow BBr_3$ in CD₃Cl at 25 °C.



Figure S34. ²⁹Si{¹H} INEPT spectrum of compound $1 \rightarrow BBr_3$ in CD₃Cl at 25 °C.



Figure S35. ¹H NMR spectrum of the compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPhBr₂ in CD₃Cl at 25 °C.



Figure S36. ¹¹B NMR spectrum of the compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPhBr₂ in CD₃Cl at 25 °C.



Figure S37. ¹³C{¹H} NMR of spectrum of the compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPhBr₂ in CD₃Cl at 25 °C.



Figure S38. ²⁹Si{¹H} INEPT spectrum of the compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPhBr₂ in CD₃Cl at 25 °C.



II. Mass Spectra

Figure S39. APCI-HRMS of $[M - H]^+$ signal of $1 \rightarrow BH_3$. Top (theor.) Bottom (expt.)



Figure S40. APCI-HRMS of $[M - H]^+$ Signal of 2. Top (expt.) Bottom (theor.).



Figure S41. Scan of the original printout from the ESI measurement (positive mode) of $1 \cdot BCl_3$ (sample provided in CH₃CN solution). See Figure S42 for signal assignment.



Figure S42. Suggested molecular structures derived from the stoichiometries assigned to the mass spectrum signals in Figure S41.

III. <u>IR Spectrum</u>



Figure S43. IR spectrum (no matrix) of compound $1 \rightarrow BH_3$

IV. Single-Crystal X-ray structure determination

Data for the Single Crystal XRD structure were collected on a Bruker D8 Venture Duo IMS system equipped with a Helios optic monochromator and a Mo IMS microsource ($\lambda = 0.71073$ Å). The individual crystals were mounted on a glass capillary or a MiTiGen MicroMount microsampling tool in per-fluoropolyether oil and measured in a cold N₂ flow. The data of the compound **1**·BH₃ were collected on an Oxford Diffraction SuperNova at 150 K (Cu-K α radiation, $\lambda = 1.5418$ Å). The structures were solved by direct methods and refined on F² with the SHELX-97[3] software package. The H atoms at the silicon and boron centers were found in the electron density map while all other hydrogen atoms were calculated and considered isotropically according to a riding model.

CCDC numbers: 1896328 (1→BH₃), 1896329 (1→BBr₃), 1896330 (2), 1896331 (1→BPhBr₂)



Figure S44. Molecular structure of compound $1 \rightarrow BH_3$. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms except for the hydrogens at the silicon and at the boron have been omitted for clarity. Selected interatomic distances [Å] and angles [°]: Si1-Si2 2.401(1), Si2-C2 1.942(3), Si2-B1 2.009(5), Si1-Si2-B1 123.3(2), C2-Si2-B1 108.2(2), Si1-Si2-C2 111.3(2)

Empirical formula	$C_{19}H_{43}BN_2Si_2$	
Formula weight	366.54	
Temperature	150.00(10) K	
Wavelength	1.54184 Å	
Crystal system	Monoclinic	
Space group	I2/a	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 15.5684(6) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}.$
	b = 8.9172(5) Å	$\beta = 100.255(4)^{\circ}$
	c = 35.2491(17)	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}.$
Volume	4815.3(4) Å ³	
Ζ	8	
Density (calculated)	1.011 Mg/m ³	
Absorption coefficient	1.340 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	1632	
Crystal size	0.40 x 0.28 x 0.06 mm ³	
Theta range for data collection	2.55 to 67.49°.	
Index ranges	-18<=h<=18,-9<=k<=10,	
	-37<=l<=42	
Reflections collected	8677	
Independent reflections	4347[R(int) = 0.0413]	
Completeness to theta = 67.48°	99.9 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.9239 and 0.6136	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	4347 / 0 / 243	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.052	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0714, wR2 = 0.1743	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0844, wR2 = 0.1863	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.712 and -0.332 e.Å ⁻³	

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinement for compounds $1 \rightarrow BH_3$



Figure S45. Molecular structure of compound **2**. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms except for the hydrogens at the silicon, boron and nitrogen have been omitted for clarity. Selected interatomic distances [Å] and angles [°]: Si1-Si2 2.363(11), Si2-N3 1.703(3), B1-N3 1.542(4), B1-C1 1.635(4), Si1-Si2-N3 114.35(10), Si2-N3-B1 123.2(2), N3-B1-C1 110.2 (2).

Empirical formula	$C_{19}H_{44}BN_3Si_2$	
Formula weight	381.56	
Temperature	100(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	triclinic	
Space group	P -1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 8.3084(7) Å	$\alpha = 81.990(3)^{\circ}$
	b = 8.5790(7) Å	$\beta = 81.622(3)^{\circ}$
	c = 19.8196(16) Å	$\gamma = 61.427(2)^{\circ}$
Volume	1223.45(18) Å3	
Ζ	2	
Density (calculated)	1.036 g/cm^3	
Absorption coefficient	0.152 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	424	
Crystal size	0.377 x 0.399 x 0.581 mm	
Theta range for data collection	2.71 to 25.03°	
Index ranges	-9<=h<=9, -10<=k<=10,	
	-23<=l<=23	

Table S2. Crystal data and structure refinement for compound 2.

Reflections collected	34475	
Independent reflections	4326 [R(int) = 0.0648]	
Completeness to theta	96.5%	
Absorption correction	Multi-Scan	
Max. and min. transmission	0.9450 and 0.9170	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	4326 / 0 / 255	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.134	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0509, wR2 = 0.1179	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0584, wR2 = 0.1258	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.433 and -0.297 eÅ ⁻³	



Figure S46. Molecular structure of compound **1**·BCl₃ in the solid state. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms have been omitted for clarity. Data quality is insufficent for parameter discussion. Space Group: monoclinic, $P2_1/n$. Cell Parameters: a = 8.97 Å, b = 19.71 Å, c = 13.57 Å; $\alpha = 90^\circ$, $\beta = 91.9^\circ$, $\gamma = 90$.



Figure S47. Molecular structure of compound $[(1)BCl_2(SiH(SitBu_3)1)]^+[BCl_4]^-$ in the solid state (Ball&Stick Model). H atoms have been omitted for clarity. Data quality is insufficient for parameter discussion. Space Group: monoclinic, $P2_1/n$. Cell Parameters: a = 14.85 Å, b = 21.26 Å, c = 21.75 Å; $\alpha = 90^\circ$, $\beta = 104.6^\circ$, $\gamma = 90$.



Figure S48. Molecular structure of compound $1 \rightarrow BBr_3$. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms except for the hydrogens at the silicon have been omitted for clarity. Selected interatomic distances [Å] and angles [°]: Si1-Si2 2.428(2), Si1-C1 1.922(3), Si1-B1 2.045(3), Si2-Si1-B1 130.09(11), C1-Si1-B1 104.92(14), Si2-Si1-C1 113.56(10).

Empirical formula	$C_{19}H_{40}BBr_3N_2Si_2$	
Formula weight	603.25	
Temperature	100(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	monoclinic	
Space group	P 1 21/n 1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.131(5) Å	$\alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	b = 20.191(11) Å	$\beta = 93.274(17)^{\circ}$
	c = 14.376(8) Å	$\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	2646.(2) Å ³	
Ζ	4	
Density (calculated)	1.514 g/cm^3	
Absorption coefficient	4.672 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	1224	
Crystal size	0.263 x 0.286 x 0.344 mm	
Theta range for data collection	2.45 to 29.65°	
Index ranges	-12<=h<=12, -27<=k<=21,	
	-17<=l<=19	
Reflections collected	23398	
Independent reflections	7373 [R(int) = 0.0396]	
Absorption correction	Multi-Scan	
Max. and min. transmission	0.3730 and 0.2960	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	7373 / 331 / 380	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.048	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0396, wR2 = 0.0784	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0577, wR2 = 0.0837	
Largest diff. peak and hole	2.227 and -0.726 eÅ ⁻³	
	•	•

Table S3. Crystal data and structure refinement for compound $1 \rightarrow BBr_3$.



Figure S49. Molecular structure of compound $1 \rightarrow$ BPhBr₂. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms except for the hydrogen atom at the silicon atom have been omitted for clarity. Selected interatomic distances [Å] and angles [°]: Si1-Si2 2.421(1), Si1-C1 1.931(3), Si1-B1 2.074(3), Si2-Si1-B1 131.9(1), C1-Si1-B1 103.0(1), Si2-Si1-C1 113.1(1).

Empirical formula	$C_{25}H_{45}BBr_2N_2Si_2$	
Formula weight	600.42	
Temperature	100(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	triclinic	
Space group	P -1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 8.6853(5) Å	$\alpha = 85.276(2)^{\circ}$
	b = 9.0560(5) Å	$\beta = 89.604(2)^{\circ}$
	c = 20.7220(12) Å	$\gamma = 63.638(2)^{\circ}$
Volume	1454.61(15) Å ³	
Z	2	
Density (calculated)	1.371 g/cm ³	
Absorption coefficient	2.885 mm ⁻¹	
F(000)	624.0	
Crystal size	0.263 x 0.286 x 0.344 mm	

Table S4. Crystal data and structure refinement for compound 1. BPhBr2.

Theta range for data collection	2.52 to 25.79°	
Index ranges	-10<=h<=10, -11<=k<=11,	
	-25<=l<=25	
Reflections collected	61899	
Independent reflections	5567 [R(int) = 0.0338]	
Absorption correction	Multi-Scan	
Max. and min. transmission	0.7453 and 0.5649	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²	
Data / restraints / parameters	5567 / 1 / 306	
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.169	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0378, wR2 = 0.0937	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0395, wR2 = 0.0945	
Largest diff. peak and hole	2.222 and -0.745 eÅ ⁻³	