## Supplementary Information: Nanoscale: Gate-tunable large spin polarization in few-layer black phosphorus based spintronic device

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Figure S1 Bond lengths between the trilayer BP and Ni electrode interface.



**Figure S2** The transmission coefficients  $T_{\sigma}$  versus energy when  $V_g = 0$  V,  $V_b = 0$  V (a) in PC and (b) in APC.



**Figure S3** The transmission coefficients  $T_{\sigma}(k_y)$  versus transverse momentum  $k_y$  when  $V_g = 0, 5$  V. (a) Spin up component in PC. (b) Spin down component in PC.



**Figure S4** (a) Isosurface plot of four scattering states of trilayer BP based spintronic device when  $V_g = 5V$  and momentum  $k_y = k_B$  denoted as B in figure 5(b) in the main text. (b) Isosurface plot of six scattering states of trilayer BP based spintronic device when  $V_g = 6V$  and momentum  $k_y = k_D$  denoted as D in figure 5(b) in the main text. (c) The transmission coefficient of the corresponding channel when momentum  $k_y$  is equal to  $k_B$ . (d) The transmission coefficient of the corresponding channel when momentum  $k_y$  is equal to  $k_D$ . Note that the isosurface value is fixed as 0.5 in (a,b).

$V_b(V)$	N <sub>real</sub>	$\Delta Q$
-0.05	4	5.1177E-03
-0.04	7	9.0088E-03
-0.03	2	9.4702E-03
-0.02	1	1.3602E-02
-0.01	1	1.5195E-02
0.01	1	1.5585E-02
0.02	1	1.3291E-02
0.03	2	7.3376E-03
0.04	3	5.2070E-03
0.05	4	3.7321E-03

**Table 1** The number of integration points  $N_{real}$  in the real energy axis under different bias voltage.