

# High Curie temperature and carrier mobility of novel Fe, Co and Ni carbide MXenes

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## Calculation of the high-order three-spin coupling parameters

The spin Hamiltonian including the Heisenberg exchange terms and the three-spin interactions is written as

$$H = -\sum_{i,j} J_1 M_i M_j - \sum_{k,l} J_2 M_k M_l - \sum_{i,i',j} J_1' (M_i M_j)(M_{i'} M_j) - \sum_{k,k',l} J_2' (M_k M_l)(M_{k'} M_l)$$

where  $J_1$ ,  $J_2$  are the nearest neighboring (NN), second NN exchange constants,  $J_1'$  and  $J_2'$  are the interlayer and intralayer three-spin coupling parameters.  $J_1$ ,  $J_2$ ,  $J_1'$  and  $J_2'$  are calculated via the energy difference between the FM and AFM states shown in Fig. S10 as.

$$J_1 = \frac{E_{AFM1} - E_{FM}}{24M^2}$$

$$J_2 = \frac{E_{AFM4} - E_{AFM3}}{-8M^2}$$

$$J_1 - 2J_2' M^2 = \frac{E_{AFM3} - E_{AFM2}}{8M^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} J_1 + J_2 + \frac{1}{4} J_1' M^2 + J_2' M^2 = \frac{E_{AFM2} - E_{FM}}{32M^2}$$

Table S1. The calculated elements of 2D elastic constants matrix and the in-plane stiffness for MXenes M<sub>2</sub>C and M<sub>2</sub>CT<sub>2</sub> (M= Fe, Co, Ni; T=F, O, OH).

	$C_{11}$ (J·m <sup>-2</sup> )	$C_{22}$ (J·m <sup>-2</sup> )	$C_{66}$ (J·m <sup>-2</sup> )	$C_{12}$ (J·m <sup>-2</sup> )	$C_{21}$ (J·m <sup>-2</sup> )	$E_x$ (J·m <sup>-2</sup> )	$E_y$ (J·m <sup>-2</sup> )
Fe <sub>2</sub> C	52.61	52.61	23.05	6.51	6.51	51.80	51.80
Co <sub>2</sub> C	72.50	72.50	38.61	-4.72	-4.72	72.19	72.19
Ni <sub>2</sub> C	77.70	77.70	35.96	5.77	5.77	77.27	77.27
Fe <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub>	150.67	150.67	46.50	57.68	57.68	128.59	128.59
Fe <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub>	221.16	221.16	75.18	70.81	70.81	198.49	198.49
Fe <sub>2</sub> C(OH) <sub>2</sub>	203.58	203.58	68.30	66.99	66.99	181.54	181.54
Co <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub>	172.90	172.90	63.85	45.21	45.21	161.08	161.08
Co <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub>	192.80	192.80	61.90	69.00	69.00	168.11	168.11
Co <sub>2</sub> C(OH) <sub>2</sub>	205.32	205.32	60.49	84.34	84.34	170.67	170.67
Ni <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub>	154.68	154.68	45.50	63.68	63.68	128.46	128.40
Ni <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub>	106.47	106.47	44.93	16.62	16.62	103.88	103.88
Ni <sub>2</sub> C(OH) <sub>2</sub>	62.69	62.69	45.38	-28.07	-28.07	50.12	50.12

Table S2. The calculated lattice constants (a1 and a2), distances between the M atoms and its nearest neighboring C atoms (M-C), and T groups (M-T), distance between nearest neighboring (NN), second NN and third NN magnetic coupling pairs (d<sub>1</sub>, d<sub>2</sub> and d<sub>3</sub>), the formation energies (E<sub>form-M<sub>2</sub>C</sub>) for M<sub>2</sub>C and adsorption energies of T-groups (E<sub>adsor-T</sub>) for M<sub>2</sub>CT<sub>2</sub>.

	Fe <sub>2</sub> C	Co <sub>2</sub> C	Ni <sub>2</sub> C	Fe <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub>	Fe <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub>	Fe <sub>2</sub> C(OH) <sub>2</sub>	Co <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub>	Co <sub>2</sub> C(OH) <sub>2</sub> Ni <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub>	
a1=a2 (Å)	2.84	2.93	2.94	2.93	2.83	2.87	2.94	2.96	2.93
M-C (Å)	1.92	1.90	1.91	1.94	2.02	1.92	1.84	1.85	1.97
M-T(Å)	-	-	-	1.97	1.94/1.93*	2.06	1.94	1.98	2.07
d <sub>1</sub> (Å)	2.00	2.42	-	2.57	2.59	2.62	-	-	-
d <sub>2</sub> (Å)	2.84	2.93	-	2.93	2.83	2.87	-	-	-
d <sub>3</sub> (Å)	3.84	3.80	-	3.92	3.94	3.94	-	-	-
E <sub>form-M<sub>2</sub>C</sub> rich condition	-0.38	-0.34	-0.47	-	-	-	-	-	-
(eV/atom)poor condition	-2.41	-2.45	-2.54	-	-	-	-	-	-
E <sub>adsor-T</sub> (eV/atom)	-	-	-	-1.276	-0.669	-1.423	-1.145	-1.412	-1.049

\* distance between the M atoms and its nearest neighboring T atoms locating on the B sites.

Table S3. The calculated nearest neighboring (NN), second NN and third NN magnetic coupling parameters ( $J_1$ ,  $J_2$  and  $J_3$ ) at the HSE06 level, Curie temperature/Neel temperature ( $T_{C/N}^{MC}$ ) for  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C}$ ,  $\text{Co}_2\text{C}$ ,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CF}_2$ ,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CO}_2$  and  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C(OH)}_2$ .

	$\text{Fe}_2\text{C}$	$\text{Co}_2\text{C}$	$\text{Fe}_2\text{CF}_2$	$\text{Fe}_2\text{CO}_2$	$\text{Fe}_2\text{C(OH)}_2$
$J_1$ (meV)	6.07	14.22	21.38	26.35	3.78
$J_2$ (meV)	5.82	3.87	5.71	-16.83	2.93
$J_3$ (meV)	0.25	0.26	0.23	-0.88	0.32
$T_{C/N}^{MC}$ (K)	590	170	920	40	290

Table S4. The calculated nearest neighboring (NN), second NN exchange constantes, as well as the interlayer and intralayer three-spin coupling constants ( $J_1$ ,  $J_2$ ,  $J_1'$  and  $J_2'$ ) at the HSE06 level,

Curie temperature/Neel temperature ( $T_{C/N}^{MC}$ ) based on the extended Heisenberg model for  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C}$ ,  $\text{Co}_2\text{C}$ ,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CF}_2$ ,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CO}_2$  and  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C(OH)}_2$ .

	$\text{Fe}_2\text{C}$	$\text{Co}_2\text{C}$	$\text{Fe}_2\text{CF}_2$	$\text{Fe}_2\text{CO}_2$	$\text{Fe}_2\text{C(OH)}_2$
$J_1$ (meV)	6.32	14.48	21.61	25.47	4.10
$J_2$ (meV)	4.86	2.27	4.12	-16.73	2.37
$J_1'$ (meV)	0.59	4.84	1.25	4.88	0.08
$J_2'$ (meV)	0.13	0.52	0.12	-1.76	0.16
$T_{C/N}^{MC}$ (K)	570	150	880	40	270

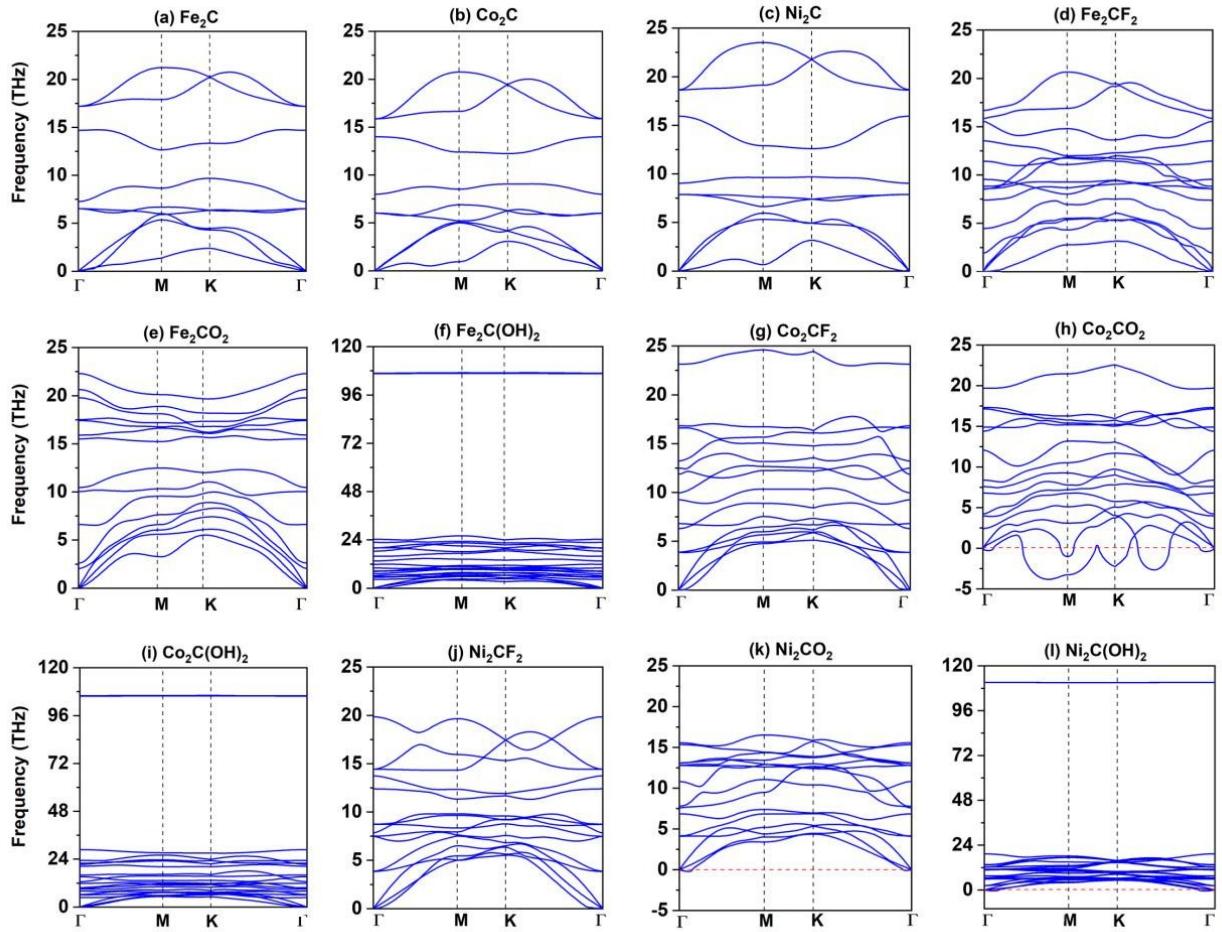


Fig. S1. The phonon spectrums for MXenes  $\text{M}_2\text{C}$  and  $\text{M}_2\text{CT}_2$  ( $\text{M} = \text{Fe}, \text{Co}, \text{Ni}; \text{T} = \text{F}, \text{O}, \text{OH}$ ).

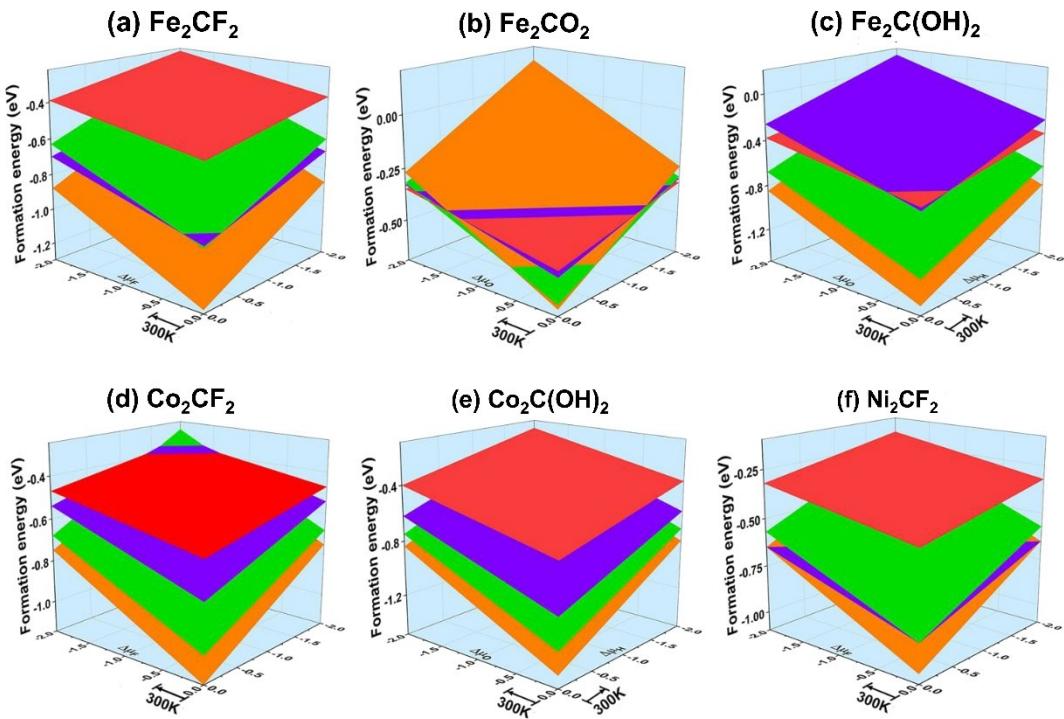


Fig. S2. Adsorption energies of terminal groups T (F, O, OH) for  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CF}_2$ ,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CO}_2$ ,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C(OH)}_2$ ,  $\text{Co}_2\text{CF}_2$ ,  $\text{Co}_2\text{C(OH)}_2$  and  $\text{Ni}_2\text{CF}_2$  at 25% (red), 50% (purple), 75% (green) and 100% (orange) coverage as a function of  $\Delta\mu = \mu - (1/2)E(T_2)$ ,  $\mu$  is the chemical potential of F, O and H,  $E(T_2)$  is the energy of  $T_2$  molecule in gas phase for T being F, O and H.

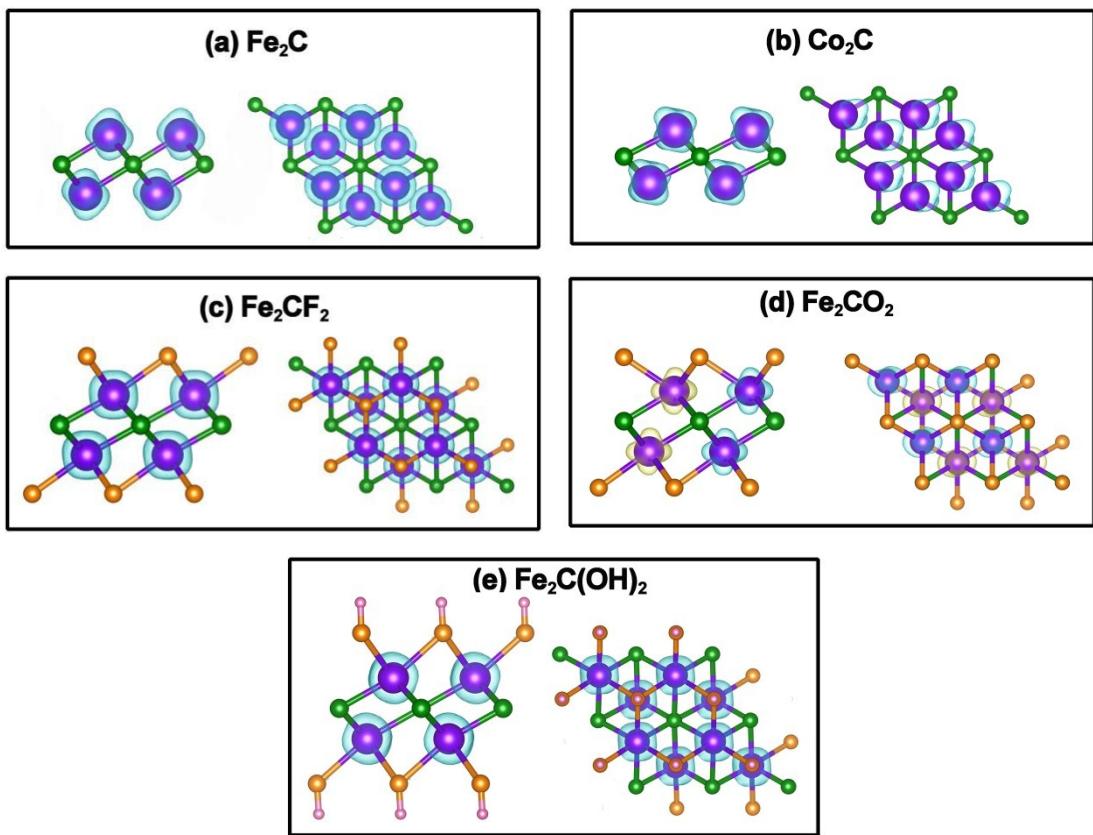


Fig. S3. Side and top views of spin-resolved charge densities (SCD) for (a)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C}$ , (b)  $\text{Co}_2\text{C}$ , (c)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CF}_2$ , (d)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CO}_2$  and (e)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C}(\text{OH})_2$ . Blue and orange areas represent positive and negative SCD. The isosurface value is  $0.02 \text{ e}\text{\AA}^{-3}$ .

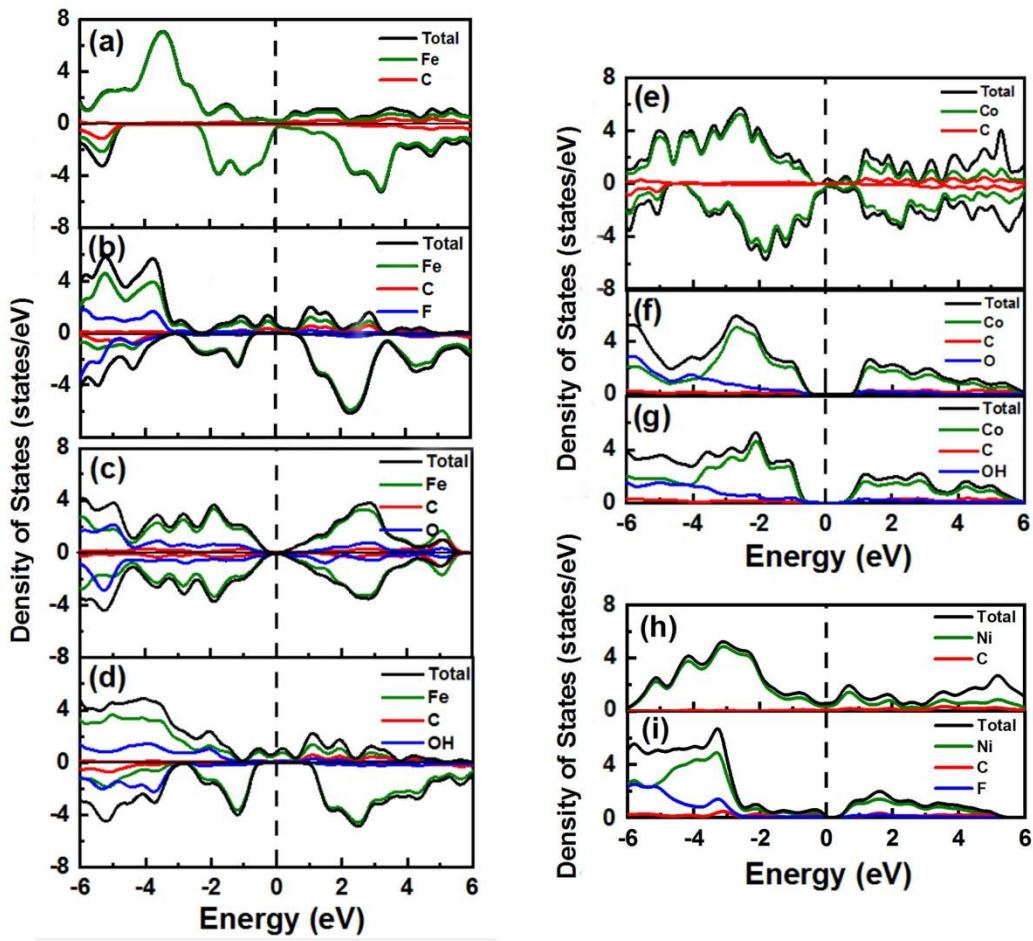


Fig. S4. Density of states for (a)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C}$ , (b)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CF}_2$ , (c)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CO}_2$ , (d)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C}(\text{OH})_2$ , (e)  $\text{Co}_2\text{C}$ , (f)  $\text{Co}_2\text{CF}_2$ , (g)  $\text{Co}_2\text{C}(\text{OH})_2$ , (h)  $\text{Ni}_2\text{C}$  and (i)  $\text{Ni}_2\text{CF}_2$ . The Fermi level is set as 0 eV.

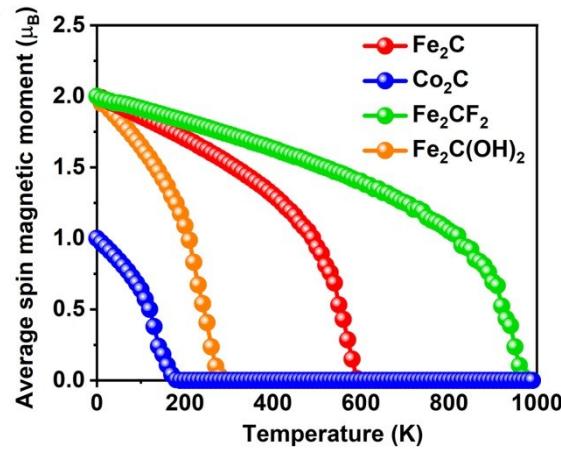


Fig. S5. On-site magnetic moments of M atoms as a function of temperature for ferromagnetic MXenes  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C}$ ,  $\text{Co}_2\text{C}$ ,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CF}_2$  and  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C}(\text{OH})_2$ .

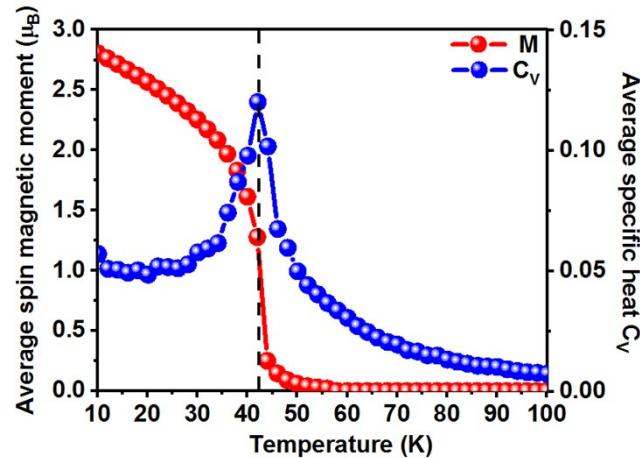


Fig. S6. Average specific heat and on-site magnetic moments of Cr atoms as a function of temperature for  $\text{CrI}_3$  monolayer, the value of  $J$  and  $A$  are obtained from Ref. S1.

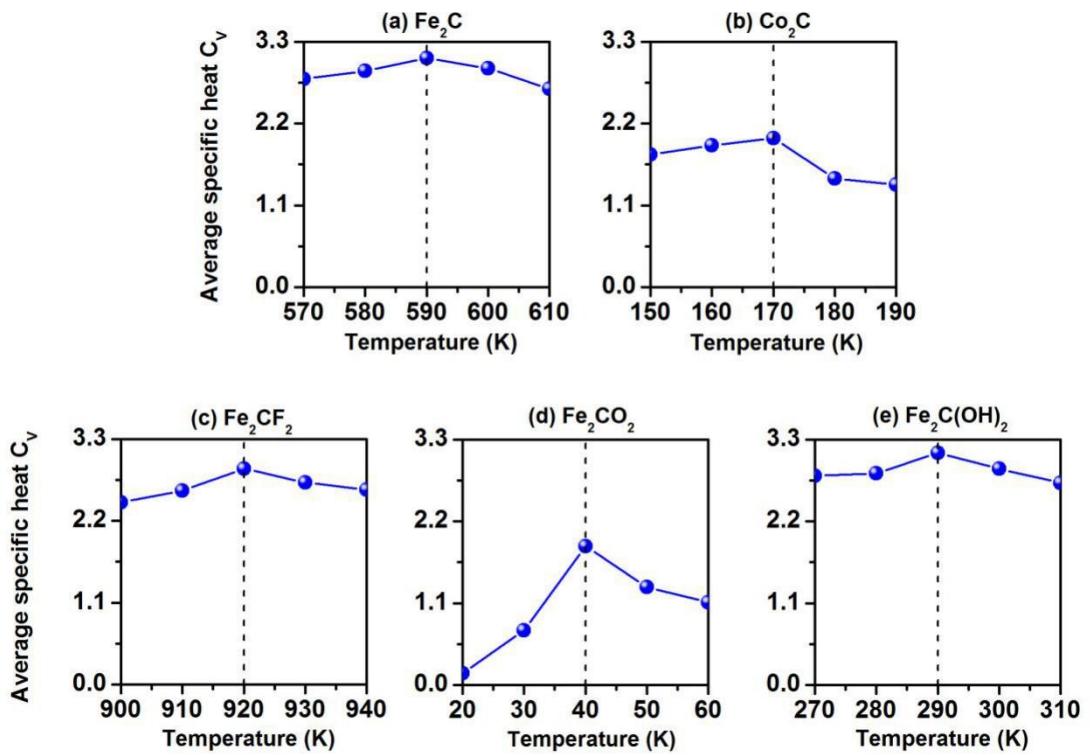


Fig. S7. Average specific heat for ferromagnetic (a)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C}$ , (b)  $\text{Co}_2\text{C}$ , (c)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CF}_2$ , (e)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C}(\text{OH})_2$ , and (d) anti-ferromagnetic  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CO}_2$  as functions of temperature. The magnetic coupling parametres ( $J_1$ ,  $J_2$  and  $J_3$ ) were obtained by adopting the HSE06 method.

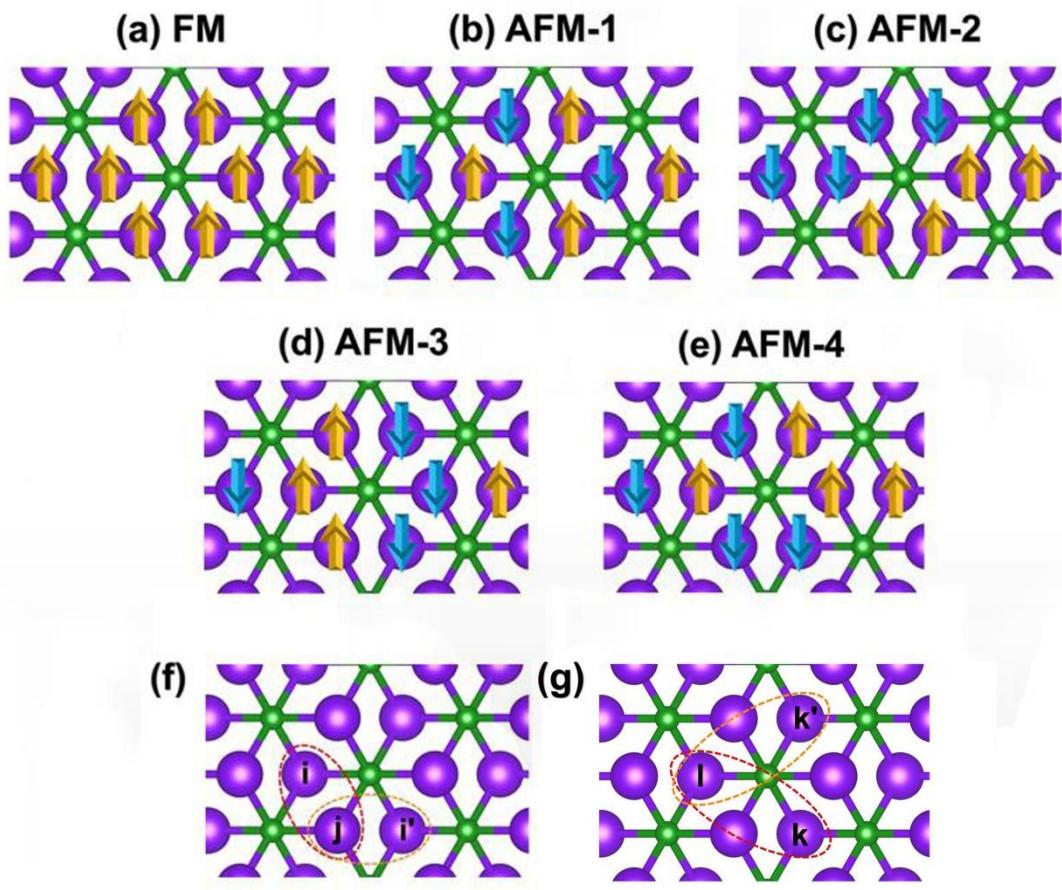


Fig. S8. Schematic diagrams for MXenes  $M_2C$  and  $M_2CT_2$  ( $M = Fe, Co, Ni$ ;  $T = F, O, OH$ ) in (a) ferromagnetic (FM), (b) anti-ferromagnetic (AFM-1), (c) AFM-2, (d) AFM-3 and (e) AFM-4 states in  $2 \times 2 \times 1$  supercell, (f) and (g) shows the three-spin interactions. The yellow and blue arrows represent spin-up and spin-down states of M atoms, respectively.

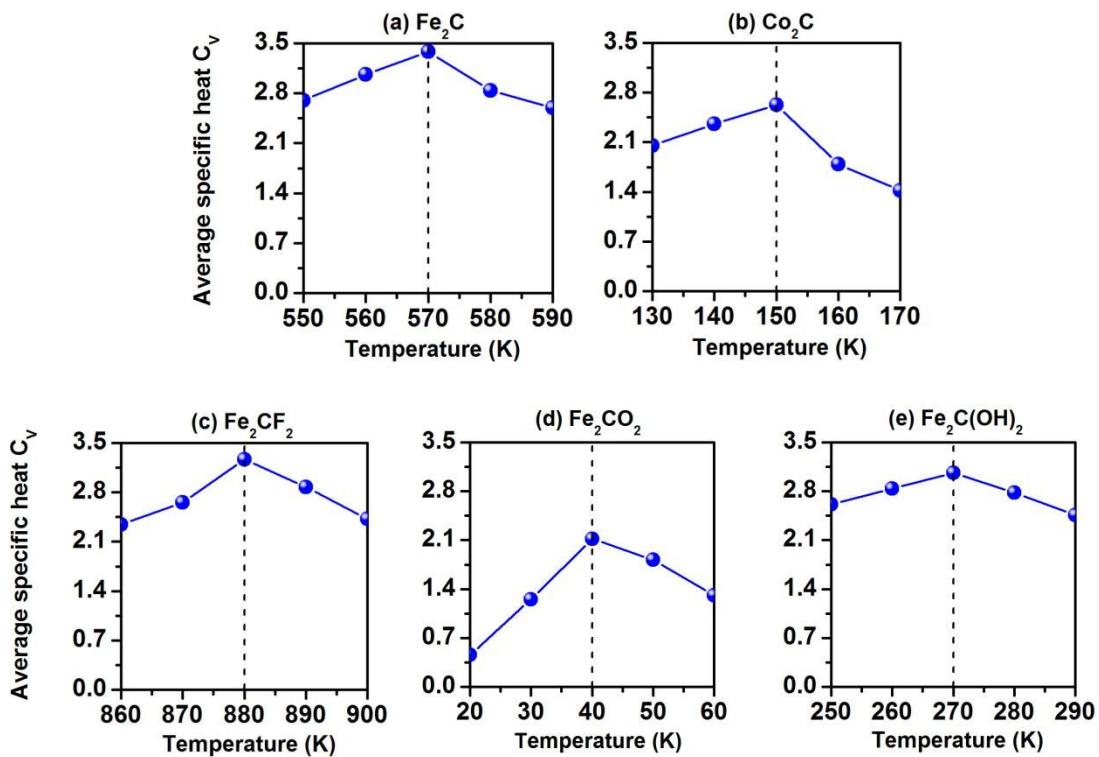


Fig. S9. Average specific heat for ferromagnetic (a)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C}$ , (b)  $\text{Co}_2\text{C}$ , (c)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CF}_2$ , (e)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{C(OH)}_2$ , and (d) anti-ferromagnetic  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CO}_2$  as functions of temperature based on extended Heisenberg model with considering the three-spin interactions at HSE06 level.

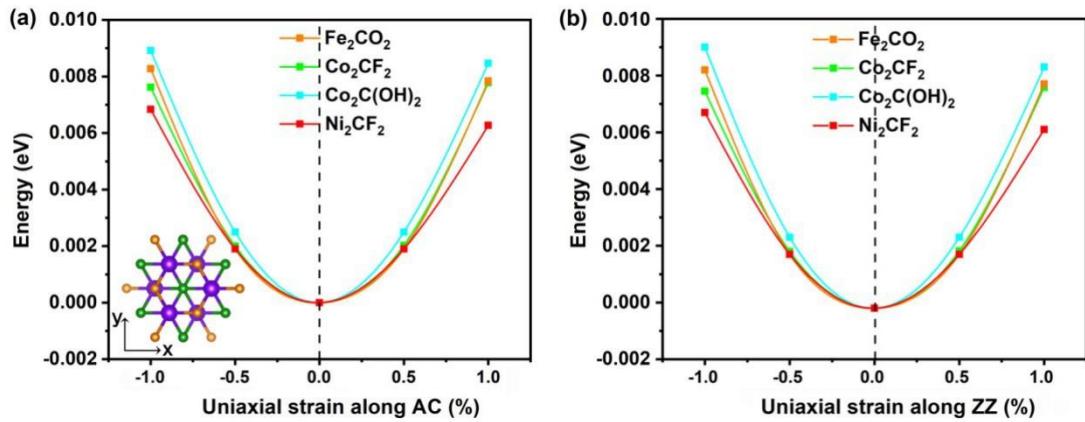


Fig. S10. Changes of total energies for semiconducting MXenes  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CO}_2$ ,  $\text{Co}_2\text{CF}_2$ ,  $\text{Co}_2\text{C(OH)}_2$  and  $\text{Ni}_2\text{CF}_2$  with respect to uniaxial strain along (a) armchair (AC) and (b) ziazag (ZZ) directions.

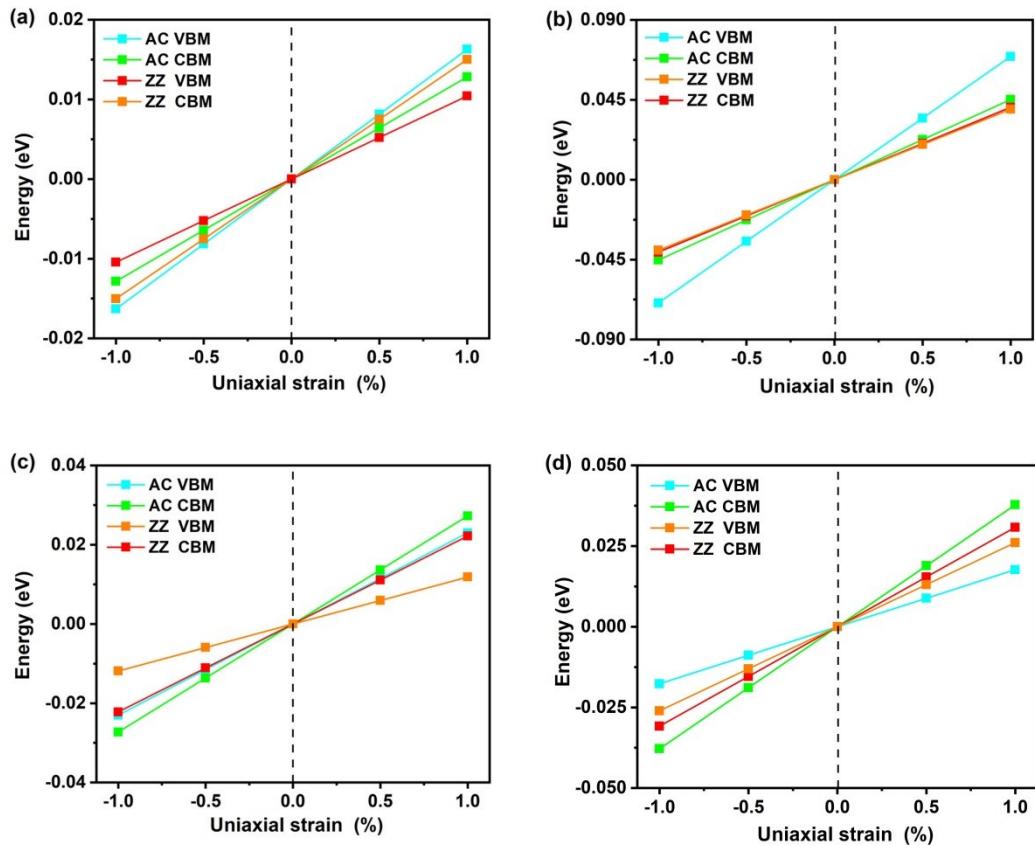


Fig. S11. Shift of valence band maximum (VBM) and conduction band minimum (CBM) with respect to uniaxial strain along the armchair (AC) and ziazag (ZZ) directions for semiconducting MXenes (a)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{CO}_2$ , (b)  $\text{Co}_2\text{CF}_2$ , (c)  $\text{Co}_2\text{C(OH)}_2$  and (d)  $\text{Ni}_2\text{CF}_2$ .

## References

1. W. B. Zhang, Q. Qu, P. Zhu, and C. H. Lam, *J. Mater. Chem. C*, 2015, **3**, 12457.