## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

## Understanding of Simultaneous Pyridine and Selenophene-containing

## **Copolymers and their Polarity Conversion in Transistors**

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**Chart S1.** The charge carrier transports of PyDPP-containing and Se-containing polymers in OFET devices.

**Table S1.** The charge carrier transports of PyDPP-containing and Se-containing polymers in OFET devices.

Name	unit	$\mu_{e} (cm^{2} V^{-1} s^{-1})$	$\mu_{h} (cm^{2} V^{-1} s^{-1})$	ref
PDBPyTT	PyDPP	3.36	1.26	11
DPPPy-BT2CN	PyDPP	0.3	-	2 <sup>2</sup>
PDBPyDT2FBT	PyDPP	0.65	0.24	3 <sup>3</sup>
PDBPyBT	PyDPP	6.3	2.78	44
PPyDPP1-BT	PyDPP	1.05	0.86	5 <sup>5</sup>
PPyDPP1-4FBT	PyDPP	1.02	-	5 <sup>5</sup>
PPyDPP2-4FBT	PyDPP	2.45	-	5 <sup>5</sup>
PPyDPP1-4FTVT	PyDPP	1.19	-	5 <sup>5</sup>
PPyDPP2-4FTVT	PyDPP	1.35	-	5 <sup>5</sup>
PDPP[Py] <sub>2</sub> -T	PyDPP	0.63	-	66
PDPP[Py] <sub>2</sub> -TF2	PyDPP	0.15	-	66
PPyDPP-T	PyDPP	0.004	0.0008	77
PPyDPP-2FT	PyDPP	0.021	0.0003	77
PPyTDPP-TT	PyDPP	0.48	0.18	88
PPyTDPP-BT	PyDPP	0.08	0.55	88
PNDIBS	Se	0.07	-	9 <sup>9</sup>

PNDI-SVS	Se	2.4	-	1010
PTDPPSe-SiC4	Se	3.07	6.16	$11^{11}$
PTDPPSe-SiC5	Se	4.34	8.84	$11^{11}$
PTDPPSe-SiC6	Se	2.2	3.97	$11^{11}$
P-24-DPPDBSE	Se	-	4.4	1212
P-29-DPPDBSE	Se	-	12.04	1212
PNBS	Se	8.3	1.6	1313
PNBSF	Se	3	-	1313
PDPPDTSE	Se	-	4.97	1414
PCDSeBT	Se	-	0.001	15 <sup>15</sup>
PDPP(SE)-E-C8C15	Se	2.25	12.25	1616
eNDIBS	Se	0.24	-	1717
PNBDO-STS	Se	2.68	0.27	1818
PNBDO-SSS	Se	0.012	0.0084	1818
P(DPP-alt-DTBSe)	Se	-	1.5	19 <sup>19</sup>



Fig. S1 The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectroscopy of 5PyDPP.





Fig. S3 The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy of P2.



Fig. S4 (a) UV-vis absorption spectra at different concentrations of the polymers in chlorobenzene and (b) calibration plots of the concentration of chlorobenzene-polymer solutions according to the measured absorbances at each  $\lambda_{max}$ .

Table S2. Solubility of the Polymers in Chlorobenzene (mg/mL).

	P1	P2
Solubility [mg/ mL]	5.80	2.24



**Fig. S5** Cyclic voltammograms of the polymer films in n-Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>/CH<sub>3</sub>CN solution (scan rate, 100 mVs<sup>-1</sup>).

Vector		or Dipole Mome		E <sub>HOMO</sub> <sup>DFT</sup>	$E_{\rm LUMO}^{DFT}$		
	X	У	Z	[D]	[eV]	[eV]	
T1	1.4123	3.4552	2.3629	4.4178	-5.11	-3.51	
T2	1.4103	4.1109	1.1614	4.4986	-5.08	-3.49	

Table S3. Calculated dipole moments and energy levels of the BT units by DFT.



**Fig. S6** AFM phase images of annealed polymer films. The polymer films were formed by spin casting on SiO<sub>2</sub>/Si substrates.



Fig. S7 1D out-of-plane XRD patterns of spin-casted (a) P1 and (b) P2 films on  $SiO_2$  substrates at different annealing condition.

**Table S4.** Crystallographic parameters of spin-cast polymer films obtained from XRD at different annealing condition.

polymer film	Temperature [°C]	2 <i>θ</i> [°]	d-spacing [Å]
	100	4.115	21.46
P1	200	4.3429	20.33
	300	4.3718	20.20
	100	3.3305	26.51
Р2	200	3.4173	25.83
	300	3.7355	23.63

Polymer film	$T_{a}$ [°C]	Lamellar spacing <sup>b</sup>			π	$\pi$ - $\pi$ spacing <sup>c</sup>		
		$q_{ m z}$ [Å <sup>-1</sup> ]	$d_{\rm z}$ [Å]	$L_{\rm c}$ [Å]	$q_{ m xy}$ [Å <sup>-1</sup> ]	$d_{\mathrm{xy}}\left[\mathrm{\AA}\right]$	$L_{\rm c}$ [Å]	
P1	As-cast	0.274	22.90	122.2	1.741	3.61	90.7	
	100	0.284	22.15	162.6	1.747	3.60	108.3	
	200	0.303	20.77	309.0	1.743	3.61	121.9	
	300	0.311	20.22	387.1	1.738	3.62	136.0	
P2	As-cast	0.230	27.36	167.1	1.758	3.57	150.3	
	100	0.231	27.18	217.5	1.758	3.57	170.0	
	200	0.232	27.06	242.5	1.754	3.58	182.5	
	300	0.261	24.09	425.8	1.754	3.58	201.8	

**Table S5.** 2D-GIXD crystallographic parameters of spin-cast polymer films at different annealing conditions.<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>The parameters were calculated from GIXD profiles; The parameters for <sup>b</sup>the lamellar spacing and <sup>c</sup>the  $\pi$ - $\pi$  spacing were derived from the peaks along  $q_z$  and  $q_{xy}$  axis, respectively.



**Fig. S8** (a,b) Transfer and (c,d) output characteristics of the *n*-type and *p*-type devices of a low molecular weight P1 at different annealing conditions: 100 °C (black), 200 °C (red) and 300 °C (blue).

**Table S6.** Electrical characteristics of a low molecular weight P1 OFET Devices at different annealing conditions.

	Ta	<i>n</i> -channel			<i>p</i> -channel			
	[°C]	$\mu_{ m e}$	$V_{ m th}$	Ion	$\mu_{ m e}$	$V_{ m th}$	Ion	
		$[cm^2 V^{-1} s^{-1}]$	[V]	$/I_{\rm off}$	$[cm^2 V^{-1} s^{-1}]$	[V]	$/I_{\rm off}$	
	100	0.4	47	10	0.41	-26	102	
<b>P1</b> (16.2 kDa)	100	$(\pm 0.1)$	$(\pm 8)$		$(\pm 0.2)$	(± 4)		
	200	0.4	45	102	0.65	-35	102	
		$(\pm 0.02)$	(±2)		$(\pm 0.03)$	$(\pm 0.1)$		
	200	0.14	36	104	0.19	-35	104	
	300	$(\pm 0.03)$	(±1)		$(\pm 0.01)$	$(\pm 0.2)$		

4 devices for each condition were fabricated and used for mobility calculation.



Fig. S9 Hole and electron mobilities of a low molecular weight P1 at different annealing conditions. References

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