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Metal phthalocyanine organic thin-film transistors: changes in electrical performance and stability in response to temperature and environment

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Supplementary Information

Figures S1-S13 display baseline transfer and output curves and temperature response curves for CoPc, TiOPc, ZnPc, Fe(II)Pc, MgPc, and CuPc.

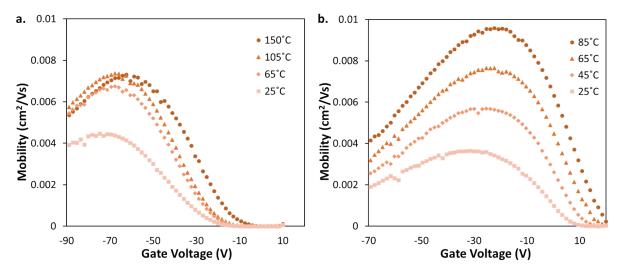


Figure S1. Field-effect mobility for CoPc BGBC devices, deposited at $T=140\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ and tested in a) vacuum, b) air, with respect to applied gate-source voltage (VGS) for characteristic devices at varied temperatures. This mobility was calculated between adjacent points in the transfer data using equation 2. Devices were tested in the range of $T=25\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $T=85\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ in air, and $T=25\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $T=150\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ in vacuum.

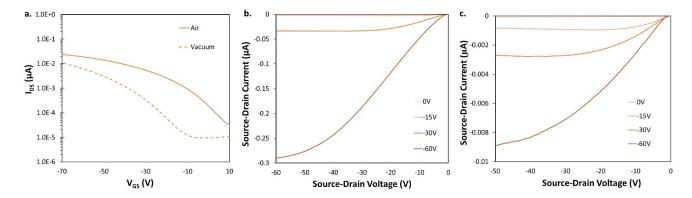


Figure S2. Characterization of CoPc OTFTs. (a) transfer curves for CoPc BGBC devices deposited at $T=140\,^{\circ}\text{C}$, and tested in air, and vacuum, at $T=25\,^{\circ}\text{C}$. Output curves for identical devices in air (b) and vacuum (c).

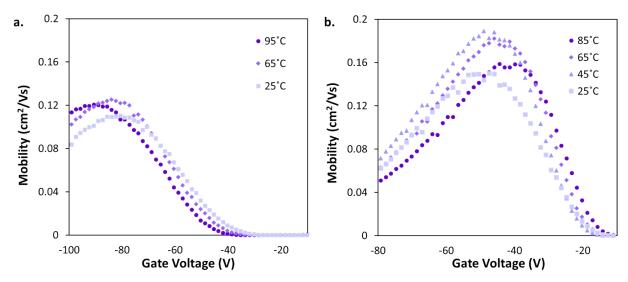


Figure S3. Field-effect mobility for TiOPc BGBC devices, deposited at $T=140~^{\circ}\text{C}$ and tested in a) vacuum, b) air, with respect to applied gate-source voltage (VGS) for characteristic devices at varied temperatures. This mobility was calculated between adjacent points in the transfer data using equation 2. Devices were tested in the range of $T=25~^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $T=85~^{\circ}\text{C}$ in air, and $T=25~^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $T=150~^{\circ}\text{C}$ in vacuum.

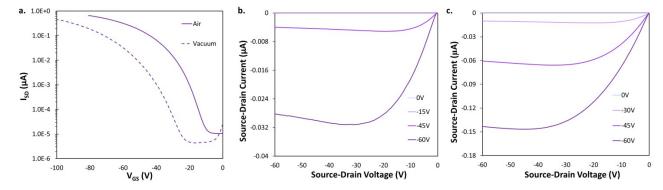


Figure S4. Characterization of TiOPc OTFTs. (a) transfer curves for TiOPc BGBC devices deposited at T=140 °C, and tested in air, and vacuum, at T=25 °C. Output curves for identical devices in vacuum (b) and air (c).

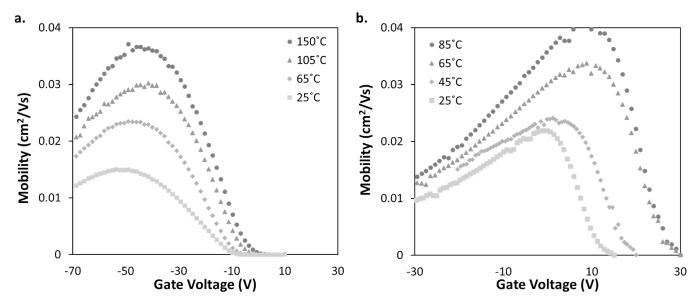


Figure S5. Field-effect mobility for ZnPc BGBC devices, deposited at T=140 °C and tested in a) vacuum, b) air, with respect to applied gate-source voltage (VGS) for characteristic devices at varied temperatures. This mobility was calculated between adjacent points in the transfer data using equation 2. Devices were tested in the range of T=25 °C to T=85 °C in air, and T=25 °C to T=150 °C in vacuum.

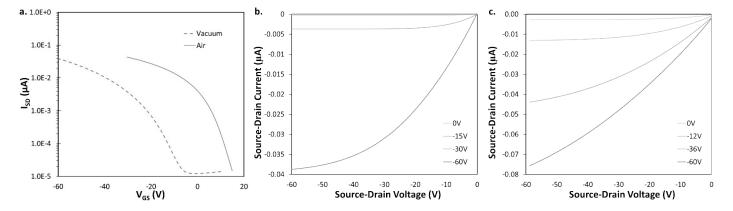


Figure S6. Characterization of ZnPc OTFTs. (a) transfer curves for ZnPc BGBC devices deposited at T = 140 °C, and tested in air, and vacuum, at T = 25 °C. Output curves for identical devices in b) air c) and vacuum.

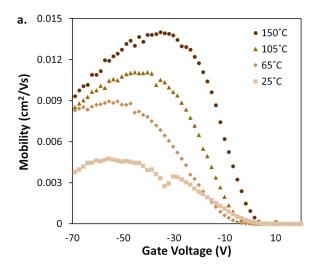


Figure S7. Field-effect mobility for FePc BGBC devices, deposited at $T=140\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ and tested in vacuum (a), with respect to applied gate-source voltage (VGS) for characteristic devices at varied temperatures. This mobility was calculated between adjacent points in the transfer data using equation 2. Devices were tested in the range $T=25\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ to $T=150\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ in vacuum.

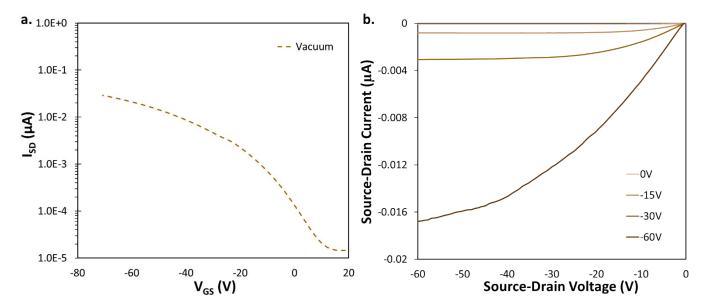


Figure S8. Characterization of FePc OTFTs. (a) transfer curves for FePc BGBC devices deposited at $T=140\,^{\circ}$ C. Tested in vacuum, at $T=25\,^{\circ}$ C. Output curves for same devices and vacuum (b).

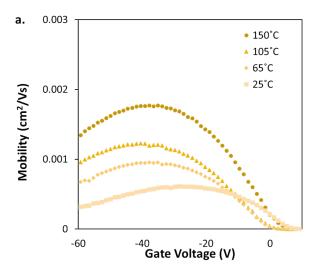


Figure S9. Field-effect mobility for MgPc BGBC devices, deposited at $T=140~^{\circ}\text{C}$ and tested in vacuum (a), with respect to applied gate-source voltage (VGS) for characteristic devices at varied temperatures. This mobility was calculated between adjacent points in the transfer data using equation 2. Devices were tested in the range $T=25~^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $T=150~^{\circ}\text{C}$ in vacuum.

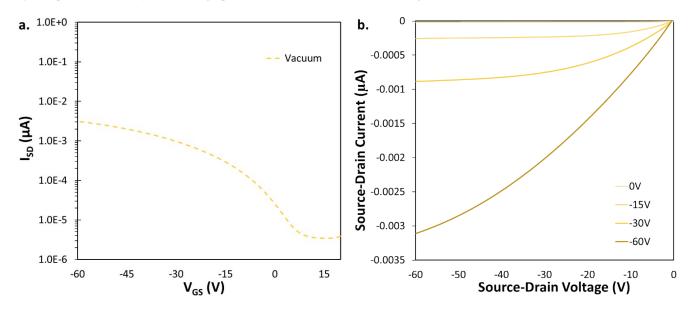


Figure S10. Characterization of MgPc OTFTs. (a) transfer curves for FePc BGBC devices deposited at T=140 °C. Tested in vacuum, at T=25 °C. Output curves for same devices and vacuum (b).

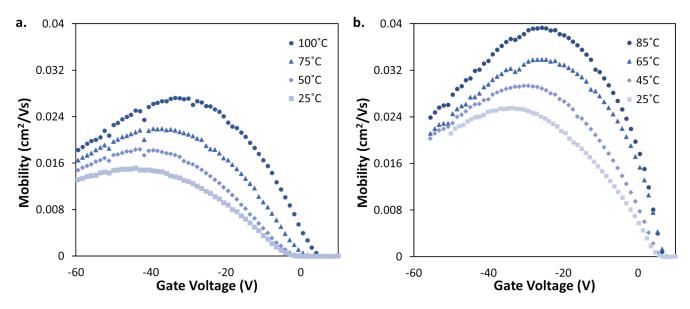


Figure S12. Field-effect mobility for CuPc BGBC devices, deposited at $T=140\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ and tested in vacuum (a) air (b), with respect to applied gate-source voltage (VGS) for characteristic devices at varied temperatures. This mobility was calculated between adjacent points in the transfer data using equation 2. Devices were tested in the range of $T=25\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ to $T=85\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ in air and $T=25\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ to $T=150\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ in vacuum. Data for CuPc devices was taken from a previous publication by our group.²⁴

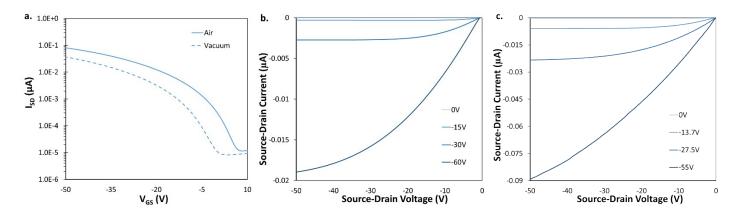


Figure S13. Characterization of CuPc OTFTs. (a) transfer curves for CuPc BGBC devices deposited at T = 140 °C, and tested in air, and vacuum, at T = 25 °C. Output curves for identical devices in vacuum (b) and air (c). Data for CuPc devices was taken from a previous publication by our group.²⁴

Figures S14-S20 show thermogravimetric analysis curves for each material in both air and nitrogen environments.

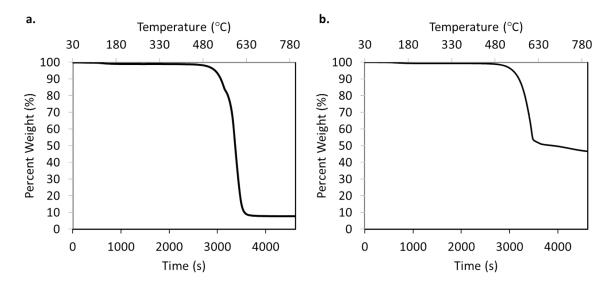


Figure S14. AICIPc TGA analysis in (a) air and (b) nitrogen environment from 30 °C to 800 °C at a 10 °C /minute ramp rate.

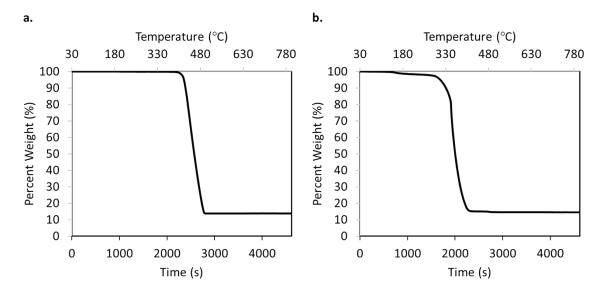


Figure S15. CoPc TGA analysis in (a) air and (b) nitrogen environment from 30 °C to 800 °C at a 10 °C /minute ramp rate.

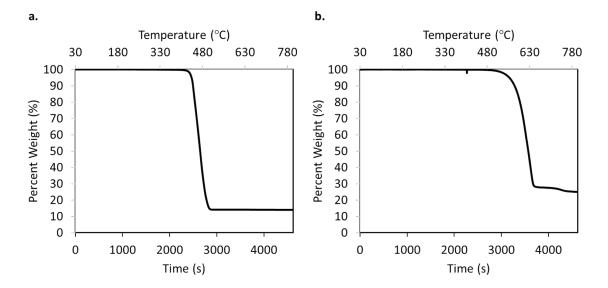


Figure S16. CuPc TGA analysis in (a) air and (b) nitrogen environment from 30 °C to 800 °C at a 10 °C/minute ramp rate.

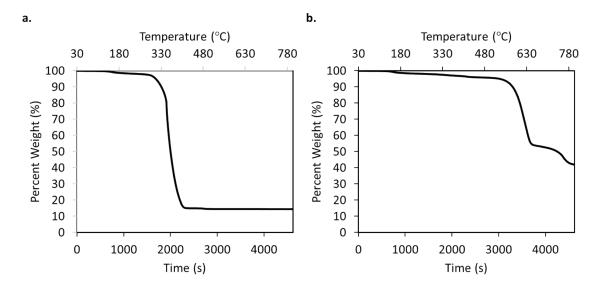


Figure S17. FePc TGA analysis in (a) air and (b) nitrogen environment from 30 °C to 800 °C at a 10 °C /minute ramp rate.

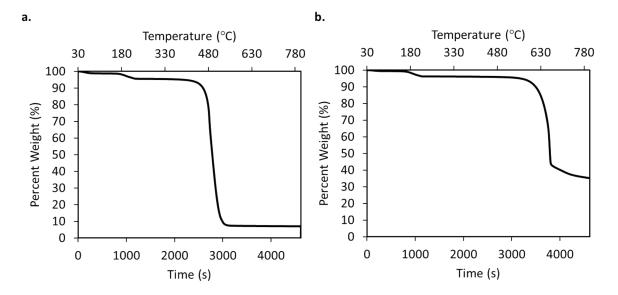


Figure S18. MgPc TGA analysis in (a) air and (b) nitrogen environment from 30 °C to 800 °C at a 10 °C /minute ramp rate.

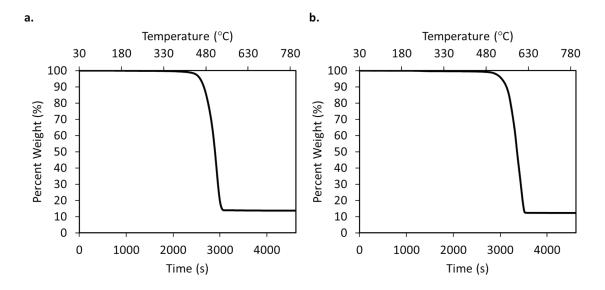


Figure S19. TiOPc TGA analysis in (a) air and (b) nitrogen environment from 30 °C to 800 °C at a 10 °C /minute ramp rate.

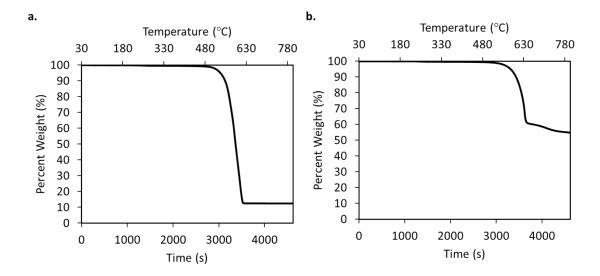


Figure S20. ZnPc TGA analysis in (a) air and (b) nitrogen environment from 30 °C to 800 °C at a 10 °C/minute ramp rate.