

Combinatorial synthesis and biological evaluations of (*E*)- β -trifluoromethyl vinylsulfones as antitumor agents

Haosha Tang,^a Yunyan Kuang,^b Julian Zeng,^c Xiaofang Li,^d Wei Zhou,^{*b} and Yuan Lu^{*a}

^a *Obstetrics and Gynecology Hospital, Fudan University, 419 Fangxie Road, Shanghai 200011, China.*

^b *Department of Chemistry, Fudan University, 2005 Songhu Road, Shanghai 200433, China*

^c *Department of Chemistry, Changsha University of Science and Technology, Changsha 410114, China*

^d *School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Hunan University of Science and Technology, Xiangtan 411201, China*

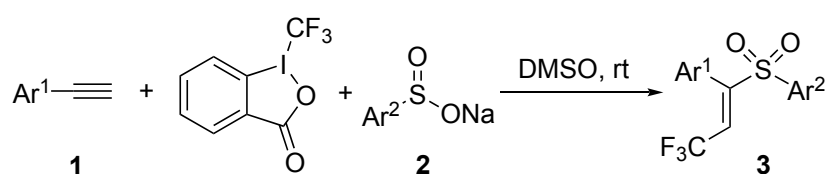
Supporting Information

1. General experimental methods (S2).
2. ¹H, ¹⁹F, and ¹³C NMR spectra of selected compounds **3** (S4-S15).

General experimental methods:

Unless otherwise stated, all commercial reagents were used as received. All solvents were dried and distilled according to standard procedures. Flash column chromatography was performed using silica gel (60-Å pore size, 32–63µm, standard grade). Analytical thin-layer chromatography was performed using glass plates pre-coated with 0.25 mm 230–400 mesh silica gel impregnated with a fluorescent indicator (254 nm). Thin layer chromatography plates were visualized by exposure to ultraviolet light. Organic solutions were concentrated on rotary evaporators at ~20 Torr at 25–35°C. Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra are recorded in parts per million from internal tetramethylsilane on the δ scale. ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded in CDCl_3 on a Bruker DRX-400 spectrometer operating at 400 MHz and 100 MHz, respectively. All chemical shift values are quoted in ppm and coupling constants quoted in Hz. High resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) spectra were obtained on Bruker micrOTOF II Instrument (ESI source, Ion polarity).

General experimental procedure for the combinatorial synthesis of (E)- β -trifluoromethyl vinylsulfones:



A mixture of alkyne **1** (0.2 mmol) and Togni reagent (0.22 mmol) in DMSO (1.0 mL) was stirred for several minutes. Then sodium benzenesulfinate **2** (0.4 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL) was added to the solution. The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. After completion of reaction as indicated by TLC, water (10 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted by EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (EtOAc/*n*-hexane, 1:8) to give the desired product **3**.

*Experimental procedure for the synthesis of (E)- β -trifluoromethyl vinylsulfone **3-1** on 10 mmol scale:*

A mixture of alkyne **1a** (10 mmol) and Togni reagent (11 mmol) in DMSO (50.0 mL) was stirred for several minutes. Then sodium benzenesulfinate **2a** (20 mmol) in DMSO (100.0 mL) was added to the solution. The mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. After completion of reaction as indicated by TLC, water (300 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted by EtOAc (3 x 200 mL). The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (EtOAc/*n*-hexane, 1:8) to give the desired (E)-1-Bromo-4-(3,3,3-trifluoro-1-(phenylsulfonyl)prop-1-en-1-yl)benzene **3-1** in 72.1% yield.

