Supplementary information for

Amphiphilic polymers based on Polyoxazoline as relevant nanovectors for Photodynamic Therapy

Figure S1. Synthetic routes for CmPMMA and CmPOX.
**Figure S2.** $^1$H NMR spectra of CmOTs and CmPOX in CDCl$_3$.

**Figure S3.** SEC trace of CmPOX in DMF (RI detection).
Figure S4. Experimental set-up for the irradiation of self-assembly solutions

Figure S5. Zoom of $^1$H NMR spectra (300 MHz; CDCl$_3$) of CmMMA, CmPOX and CmPOX/CmMMA showing the evolution of coumarin protons upon irradiation
Figure S6. TEM images of CmPOX/CmMMA before and after irradiation/crosslinking
Figure S7. $^1$H NMR CmPOX/CmMMA after irradiation and polymerization. The water was removed by freeze-drying and the polymer redispersed in deuterated chloroform for characterization. Signals at 5.54 and 6.02 ppm are signs of residual monomer.
Figure S8. $^1$H NMR spectrum of CmPMMA

Figure S9. SEC traces of CmMMA (black line) and CmPMMA (brown line) in THF (dotted lines MALS detection, full lines RI detection)
Figure S10. Cryo-TEM images of CmPOX micelles (A), uncrosslinked CmPOX/CmPMMA micelles (B), and crosslinked CmPOX/CmPMMA micelles loaded in Pheo (C).

Figure S11. Typical image of Pheophorbide a nano-objects formed by dispersion of Pheo in water following the same process than for the nanovectors.
Figure S12. DLS analysis (intensity average, number average, and correlograms) of CmPOX/CmPMMA micelles, uncrosslinked, crosslinked and loaded with Pheo

Figure S13. Examples of large nano-objects observed by TEM.
**Figure S14.** CmPOX/CmPMMA cross-linked micelles (sample 10 times diluted with respect to the sample analyzed at 173°C): a) Correlation curve at 150° and relative weight average distribution function; b) plot of $I^*$ versus $Dq^2$.

**Figure S15.** Plots of $I^*$ versus $Dq^2$ of CmPOX/CmPMMA cross-linked micelles after 200μm filtration (sample 10 times diluted with respect to the sample analyzed at 173°).
Figure S16. Efficacy of Pheo-loaded (0.1µM or 0.5µM) nanovectors on cell viability after photodynamic therapy protocol assessed with the metabolic test PrestoBlue 24h after treatment. X: crosslinked nanovector; Pheo: pheophorbide Experiments were led two times independently, with 6 biological replicates at each experiment. Statistical analysis was led by one-way ANOVA followed by a Dunnett’s multiple comparisons test comparing each condition with the control one. Statistical significance was compared between pheo-loaded crosslinked and non-crosslinked nanovector using t-test. Statistical difference p value <0.05 = *; p<0.0001 = ****; ns = non-significant.