ESI

Chiral Magnetic Metal-Organic Frameworks of MnII with Achiral Tetrazolate-Based Ligand by Spontaneous Resolution

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Materials and Physical Measurements. All the reagents for synthesis were purchased from commercial sources and used as received. Elemental analyses (C, H, and N) were performed on a Perkin-Elmer 240C analyzer, and IR spectra were measured on a Tensor 27 OPUS (Bruker) FT-IR spectrometer with KBr pellets. The X-ray powder diffraction (XRPD) was recorded on a Rigaku D/Max-2500 diffractometer at 40 kV, 100 mA for a Cu-target tube and a graphite monochromator. Simulation of the XRPD spectra was carried out by the single-crystal data and diffraction-crystal module of the Mercury (Hg) program available free of charge via the Internet at http://www.iucr.org. Magnetic data were collected at Nankai University using crushed crystals of the sample on a Quantum Design MPMS XL-7 SQUID magnetometer. The diamagnetic corrections were evaluated from Pascal's constants. The solid-state circular dichroism (CD) spectra were recorded on a Jasco J-715 spectropolarimeter with KCl pellets.

The procedure for getting the CD spectra for the enantiomorphs 1a and 1b, is as follows: firstly we chose a large crystal and measured it on the SCX-Mini diffractometer to determine its absolute structure, then we used the same crystal (after removing the glue which used to mount it on a glass fiber for X-ray diffraction measurement) to measure its CD spectra on a Jasco J-715 spectropolarimeter. The same procedures were done repeatedly to find the crystal with another space group, and then measured its CD spectra using the same crystal.

Synthesis of 1 (1a and 1b). A buffer layer of methanol/water (10 mL, v: v=1:1) was carefully layered over a water solution (3 mL) of MnCl2·4H2O (0.1 mmol). Then a solution of HL (0.1 mmol) in methanol (3 mL) was layered on the buffer layer. Pale purple block crystals were obtained after three weeks and washed with water and ethanol and dried in air (ca. 30% yield based on HL). Anal. Calcd for C16H12MnN10O2: C, 44.56; H, 2.80; N, 32.48. Found: C, 44.28; H, 2.95; N, 32.05. IR (KBr pellet, cm−1): ʋ = 3432w, 3227w, 1666s, 1590s, 1568s, 1449m, 1243m, 1019w, 929w, 897m, 826m, 706s, 659m.

X-ray Crystallography. Complexes 1 (1a and 1b) were collected on a computer-controlled on a SCX-Mini diffractometer equipped with a graphite crystal monochromator situated in the incident beam. The determinations of unit cell parameters and data collections were performed with Mo-Kα radiation (λ = 0.71073 Å) at 293(2) K and unit cell dimensions were obtained with least-squares refinements. The program SAINT [1] was used for integration of the diffraction profiles. All the structures were solved by direct methods using the SHELXS program of the SHELXTL package and refined by full-matrix least-squares methods with SHELXL [2]. Metal atoms in the complexes (1a and 1b) were located from the E-maps and other non-hydrogen atoms were located in successive difference Fourier syntheses.
and refined with anisotropic thermal parameters on $F^2$. The hydrogen atoms of the ligand were generated geometrically; and the hydrogen atoms of the water molecules were located from difference maps and refined with isotropic temperature factors.


The excited-state crystal wave functions $\Psi^\pi_\Gamma$ corresponding to the ligand excited states $\phi^\pi_i$ ($p = 1,2$) for the unit cell.

\[
\begin{align*}
\Psi^\pi_A &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} (\phi^\pi_1 + \phi^\pi_2 + \phi^\pi_3 + \phi^\pi_4 + \phi^\pi_5 + \phi^\pi_6 + \phi^\pi_7 + \phi^\pi_8) \\
\Psi^\pi_B &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} (\phi^\pi_1 - \phi^\pi_2 + \phi^\pi_3 - \phi^\pi_4 + \phi^\pi_5 - \phi^\pi_6 + \phi^\pi_7 - \phi^\pi_8) \\
\Psi^\pi_C &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} (\phi^\pi_1 - \phi^\pi_2 - \phi^\pi_3 + \phi^\pi_4 - \phi^\pi_5 + \phi^\pi_6 - \phi^\pi_7 + \phi^\pi_8) \\
\Psi^\pi_D &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} (\phi^\pi_1 + \phi^\pi_2 + \phi^\pi_3 + \phi^\pi_4 - \phi^\pi_5 - \phi^\pi_6 - \phi^\pi_7 - \phi^\pi_8) \\
\Psi^\pi_E &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{16}} (\phi^\pi_1 - \phi^\pi_2 + \phi^\pi_3 - \phi^\pi_4 + \phi^\pi_5 - \phi^\pi_6 + \phi^\pi_7 - \phi^\pi_8) \\
\Psi^\pi_F &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{16}} (\phi^\pi_1 + \phi^\pi_2 + \phi^\pi_3 + \phi^\pi_4 - \phi^\pi_5 - \phi^\pi_6 - \phi^\pi_7 - \phi^\pi_8) \\
\Psi^\pi_G &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{16}} (\phi^\pi_1 - \phi^\pi_2 - \phi^\pi_3 + \phi^\pi_4 - \phi^\pi_5 + \phi^\pi_6 - \phi^\pi_7 + \phi^\pi_8) \\
\Psi^\pi_H &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{16}} (\phi^\pi_1 + \phi^\pi_2 + \phi^\pi_3 + \phi^\pi_4 - \phi^\pi_5 - \phi^\pi_6 - \phi^\pi_7 - \phi^\pi_8) \\
\end{align*}
\]
Fig.S1. XRPD patterns for 1
Fig. S2. a) Space-filling views and capped sticks representations of the 3D chiral framework of 1a. b) Space-filling views of the right-handed helix in 1a. c) The $4_1$ helical axis corresponding to the right-handed helix in 1a. d) Space-filling views of the left-handed helix in 1a. e) The $2_1$ helical axis corresponding to the left-handed helix in 1a.
**Fig. S3** Curie plot for complex 1. The solid line is the best fit to the Curie-Weiss law.
Fig. S4 The $d(\chi_m T)/dT$ vs $T$ derivative curve.
Fig. S5 The solid-state CD spectra for complexes 1a (red) and 1b (black).
Table S1. Calculated Excitation Energies, Oscillator and Rotational Strengths.

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