Supporting information for:

**Anion-ordered chains in a d^1 perovskite oxynitride; NdVO$_2$N** by Judith Oró-Solé et al.

**Experimental Details**

NdVO$_2$N was prepared by ammonolysis at 700 °C of NdVO$_4$. The oxide precursor was prepared by solid state reaction in air between Nd$_2$O$_3$ (Aldrich, 99.9 %) and V$_2$O$_5$ (Aldrich, 99.99 %). Nd$_2$O$_3$ was previously treated at 900 °C for 12 hours. The binary oxides were mixed in the stoichiometric proportions, pelletized and treated at 900 °C for 15 hours. NdVO$_4$ was nitrided by two 40 hours treatments in flowing NH$_3$ (Carburos Metálicos, 99.9%) at a rate of 600 cm$^3$/min, with slow cooling to room temperature in the ammonia atmosphere and intermediate regrinding.

N contents were determined by combustion analysis using a Thermo Fisher Scientific instrument. X-ray diffraction data were collected on a Siemens D5000 diffractometer using Cu k$_\alpha$ radiation (λ = 1.5418 Å) (Figure S-1).

Electron diffraction patterns from individual microcrystallites of NdVO$_2$N were obtained using a JEOL 1210 transmission electron microscope operating at 120 kV equipped with a side entry 60/308 double-tilt GATHAN 646 specimen holder. The samples were prepared by dispersing the powders in hexane and depositing a droplet of this suspension on a carbon-coatedholey film supported on a copper grid.

Magnetic measurements were performed between 2 and 300 K in fields of 0.0025 and 1 T using a Quantum Design SQUID magnetometer.

Supplementary figure S-1. X-ray diffraction pattern of NdVO$_2$N.