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## $\label{eq:supporting} Supporting information section \\ Oriented attachment of ultra-small Mn_{(1-x)}Zn_xFe_2O_4 \ nanoparticles \ during the \\ non-aqueous \ sol-gel \ synthesis \\ \end{array}$

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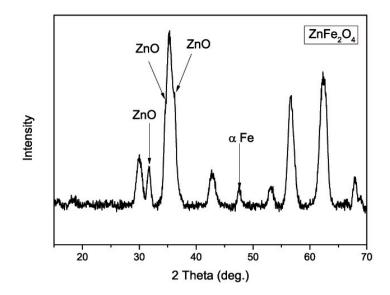


Figure 1: XRD pattern of  $ZnFe_2O_4$  particles synthesized with  $Zn(acac)_{hyd}$  as precursor.

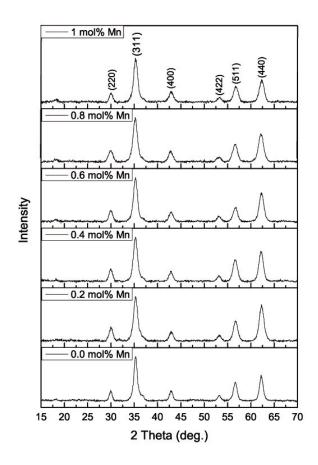


Figure 2: XRD patterns of the samples after calcination at  $400^{\circ}$ C for 2 h in a nitrogen atmosphere.

Table 1: Crystallite size of the dried particle samples calculated with the Scherrer equation.

sample	crystallite size [nm]
MnFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	5.56
$Mn_{0.8}Zn_{0.2}Fe_2O_4$	5.31
$Mn_{0.6}Zn_{0.4}Fe_2O_4$	4.85
$Mn_{0.4}Zn_{0.6}Fe_2O_4$	5.87
$Mn_{0.2}Zn_{0.8}Fe_2O_4$	6.02
ZnFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	8.77

sample	size calcinated [nm]
MnFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	8.59
$Mn_{0.8}Zn_{0.2}Fe_2O_4$	8.33
$Mn_{0.6}Zn_{0.4}Fe_2O_4$	8.96
$Mn_{0.4}Zn_{0.6}Fe_2O_4$	8.87
$Mn_{0.2}Zn_{0.8}Fe_2O_4$	8.41
ZnFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	11.11

Table 2: Crystallite size of the samples after calcination at  $400^{\circ}$ C for 2 h in a nitrogen atmosphere calculated with the Scherrer equation.

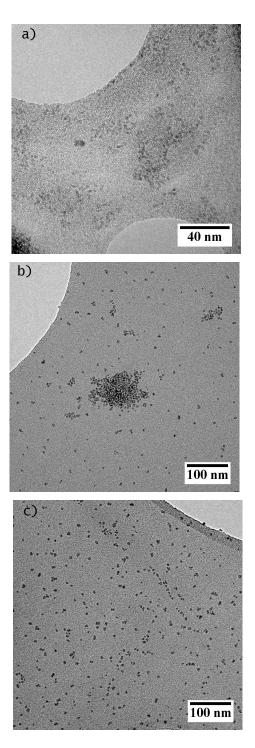


Figure 3: TEM images of the samples with  $t_R = 2 h$  (a),  $t_R = 8 h$  (b) and (c)  $t_R = 14 h$ .

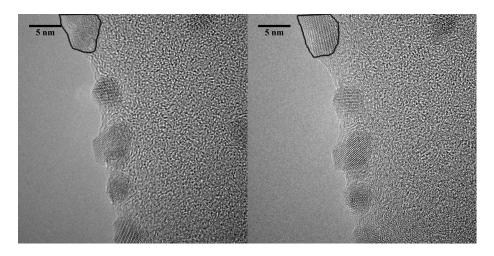


Figure 4: In situ TEM observation of oriented attachment of  $Mn_{0.6}Zn_{0.4}Fe_2O_4$  nanoparticles. The images were taken at an interval of 5 minutes.

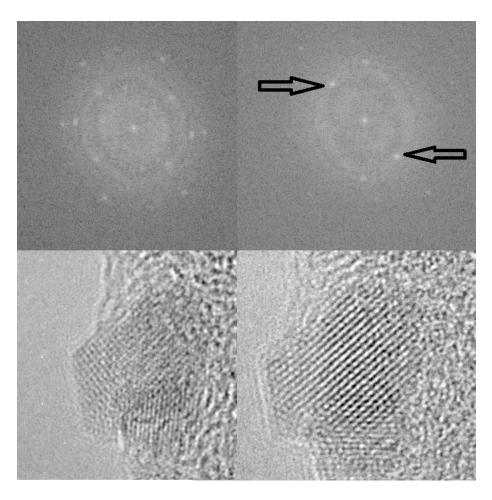


Figure 5: FFT images of the  $Mn_{0.6}Zn_{0.4}Fe_2O_4$  nanoparticles during the oriented attachment. The crystallographic plane 311 with the d-spacing of 0.25 nm shows an increased resolution after the oriented attachment of the particles. Therefore we inferred that the 311 plane is the preferred orientation direction.

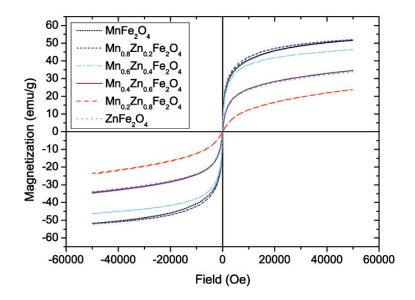


Figure 6: Hysteresis loops of the samples after calcination at  $400^{\circ}$ C for 2h in a nitrogen atmosphere.