

Electronic Supplementary Information

The seeming lack of CF \cdots HO intramolecular hydrogen bonds in linear aliphatic fluoroalcohols in solution

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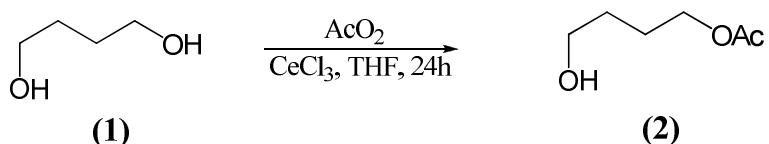
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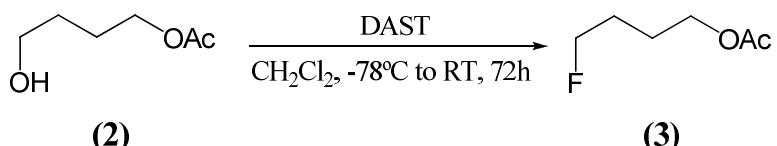
Synthesis of 4-fluorobutanol.

1. Mono acylation



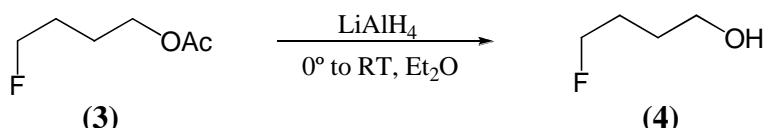
226 mmol (25.2 mL) of Acetic anhydride was added to a stirred solution of 1,4-butanediol (222 mmol; 19.7 mL) and 1g of CeCl₃ in 500 mL of THF under nitrogen atmosphere. When judged complete by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether at 40:60 ratio), the reaction was diluted with 200 mL of Et₂O and washed twice with 50 mL of brine. The organics were dried with MgSO₄ and the solvent was evaporated, obtaining **2** as a crude product. The product was purified via flash column chromatography (EtOAc/petrol ether in 40:60 ratio) to provide the pure mono-acetate **2** in 55% yield.

2. DAST Fluorination



161.19 mmol (12.18 mL) of DAST was added dropwise to a stirred solution of **2** (30.74 mmol; 3.93 mL) in 300 mL of dichloromethane under nitrogen atmosphere and at -78°C. The reaction mixture was warmed up to RT and was allowed to react for 72h. The workout was done by adding the reaction solution on water (50 mL) and extracted 3x with EtOAc (100 mL) before use of MgSO₄ as drying agent and careful solvent evaporation, since the product is volatile. The fluorinated product **3** was obtained in 81% yield after column chromatography (DCM/Et₂O in 50:50 ratio).

3. LiAlH₄ Reduction



82.8 mmol (3.14 g) of LiAlH₄ was added carefully to a stirred solution of **3** (20.7 mmol; 2.95 mL) in 200 mL of Et₂O at 0°C. The reaction mixture was warmed up to RT and

achieved completion after 1h as judged by TLC (100% Et₂O). The workup followed the procedure below:

- 1- The solution was diluted with ether (100 mL) and cooled down to 0°C.
- 2- It was slowly added 3 mL of H₂O.
- 3- It was added 3 mL of NaOH
- 4- It was added 10 mL of H₂O
- 5- The mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 15 min.
- 6- MgSO₄ was added to the reaction mixture.
- 7- The reaction mixture was filtered.

The crude product **4** obtained in quantitative yield was purified by column chromatography (100% Et₂O), achieving 25% yield after careful solvent evaporation.

4: Colourless liquid; IR (0.03 M CCl₄ solution): $\nu = \sim 3639\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 83.1; medium), $\sim 2962\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 70.2; strong), $\sim 2900\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 79.8; strong), $\sim 2877\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 83.8; medium), $\sim 1474\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 93.3; weak), $\sim 1445\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 91.7; weak), $\sim 1434\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 93.0; weak), $\sim 1388\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 88.7; weak), $\sim 1043\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 65.1; strong), $\sim 1008\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 74.9; strong), $\sim 977\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 85.1; medium), $\sim 945\text{ cm}^{-1}$ (%T = 83.4; medium). ¹H NMR (600.17 MHz, CD₂Cl₂ solution): $\delta = 4.52$ (2H, dt, $^3J_{\text{HF}} = 47.4$ Hz, $^3J_{\text{HH}} = 6.05$ Hz), $\delta = 3.69$ (2H, m), $\delta = 1.81$ (2H, m), $\delta = 1.69$ (2H, m). ¹³C (150.9 MHz, CD₂Cl₂ solution): $\delta = 83.52$ (d, $^1J_{\text{FC}} = 163.5$ Hz), $\delta = 62.73$ (s), $\delta = 29.10$ (d, $^3J_{\text{FC}} = 5.01$), $\delta = 27.51$ (d, $^2J_{\text{FC}} = 20.01$).

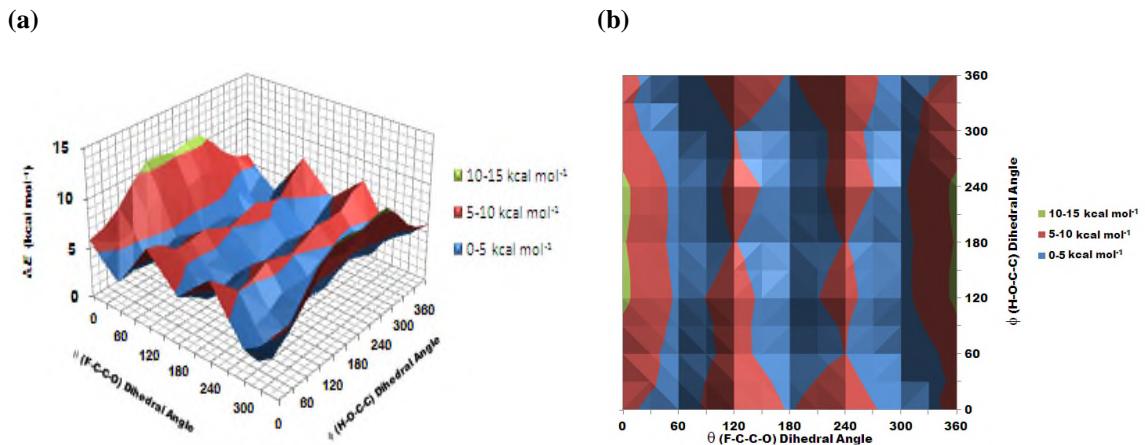


Figure S1: **a)** PES built by scanning the ϕ (H-O-C-C) and θ (F-C-C-O) dihedral angles of **FE** at the B3LYP/cc-pVDZ level. **b)** Contour map in the plane of ϕ and θ dihedral angles.

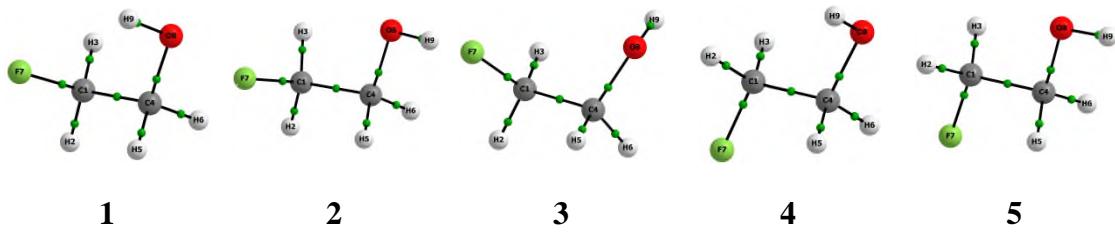


Figure S2: Molecular graphs for FE conformers obtained with the QTAIM. Green points represent BCPs.

Table S1: Relative energies of **FE** conformer (kcal mol⁻¹) obtained at different levels. If not otherwise stated, the aug-cc-pVDZ basis set was used.

	1	2	3	4	5
B3LYP	0.00	1.88	2.33	2.29	2.14
B3LYP-D3	0.00	2.10	2.47	2.39	2.28
B97D	0.00	2.16	2.29	2.34	2.58
MP2	0.00	2.05	2.58	2.38	2.19
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ//MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	0.00	1.96	2.46	2.34	2.17
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ//MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	0.00	2.03	2.45	2.24	2.14

Table S2: Relative energies (ΔE) of **FE** conformer obtained for MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ optimised geometries. Thermal corrections to enthalpies (ΔH) and Gibbs free energies (ΔG) were obtained from B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ frequency calculations. Conformer populations (%P) are given for each case. Energies and populations are given separately for isolated molecule and by using the implicit IEF-PCM implicit solvent model for acetonitrile dielectric constant value.

Isolated					
	1	2	3	4	5
ΔE (kcal mol⁻¹)	0.00	2.05	2.58	2.19	2.38
%P (ΔE)	92.0	2.9	1.2	2.3	1.7
ΔH (kcal mol⁻¹)	0.00	1.92	2.43	2.40	2.20
%P (ΔH)	91.2	3.6	1.5	1.6	2.2
ΔG (kcal mol⁻¹)	0.00	1.78	2.27	2.16	1.92
%P (ΔG)	88.0	4.3	1.9	2.3	3.4
Acetonitrile					
	1	2	3	4	5
ΔE (kcal mol⁻¹)	0.00	0.59	0.72	1.85	2.10
%P (ΔE)	57.5	21.2	17.1	2.5	1.7
ΔH (kcal mol⁻¹)	0.00	0.55	0.69	1.95	2.15
%P (ΔH)	56.4	22.4	17.6	2.1	1.5
ΔG (kcal mol⁻¹)	0.00	0.58	0.71	1.83	1.94
%P (ΔG)	56.7	21.4	17.2	2.6	2.1

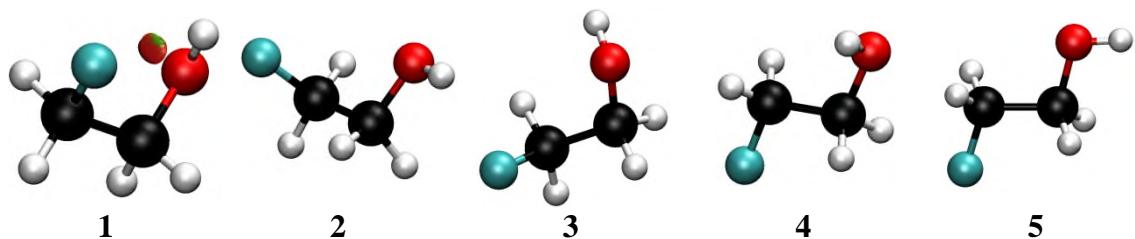


Figure S3: FE NCI plots. The red/green NCI surface indicates a repulsive interaction between F and the OH group. The figures were obtained with a reduced density gradient (RDG) value of 0.6 au and the blue-green-red values ranging from -0.02 to 0.02.

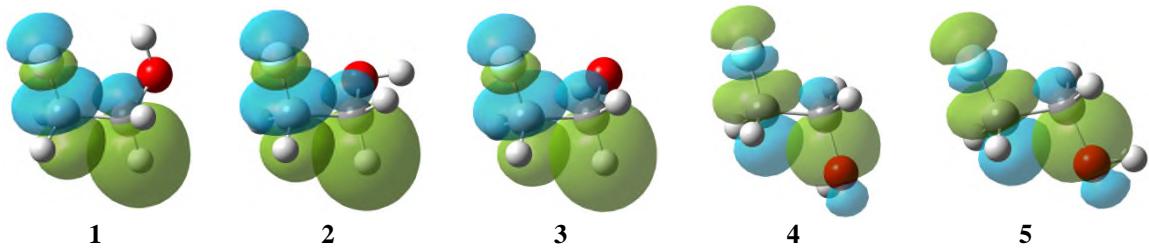


Figure S4: NBOs involved in $\sigma_{\text{CH}} \rightarrow \sigma^*_{\text{CF}}$ (conformers **1-3**) and $\sigma_{\text{CO}} \rightarrow \sigma^*_{\text{CF}}$ (conformers **4** and **5**) hyperconjugative interaction in **FE** (obtained at the B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ level; isosurface values 0.04 au).

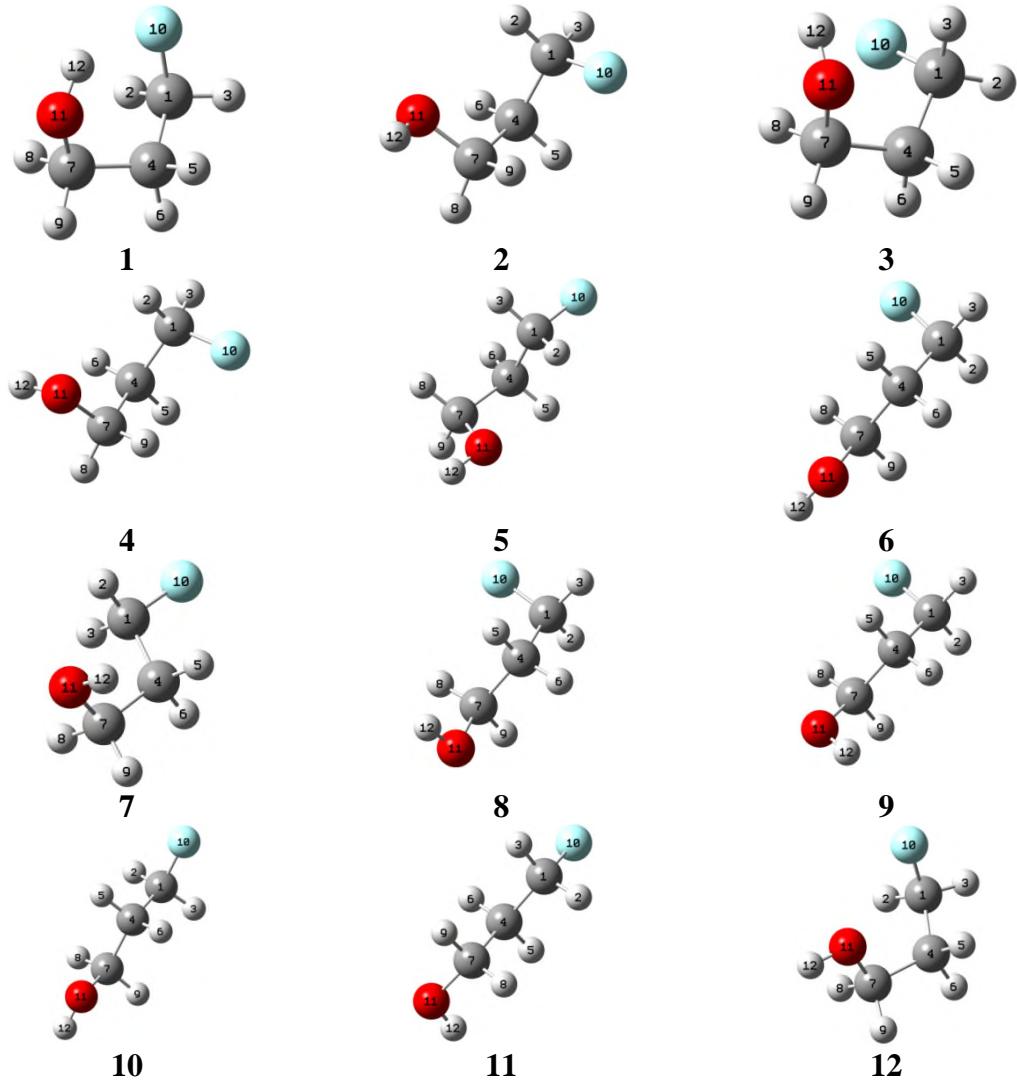


Figure S5: Geometrical representations of the FP conformers obtained at the MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ level.

Table S3: Relative energies of **FP** conformers (kcal mol⁻¹) obtained at different levels. If not otherwise stated, the aug-cc-pVDZ basis set was used. BHandH/EPR-III and SOPPA(CCSD)/EPR-III ¹hJ_{F,H} SSCCs values (Hz) obtained for MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ geometries are also indicated in the table bottom.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
B3LYP	0.05	0.00	0.63	0.68	0.81	0.71	1.08	1.02	1.26	1.74	1.90	3.25
B3LYP-D3	0.00	0.19	0.65	0.80	1.10	1.06	1.28	1.30	1.54	2.19	2.27	3.66
B97D	0.00	0.34	0.45	0.68	1.19	1.06	1.14	1.11	1.29	2.12	2.00	3.44
MP2	0.17	0.00	0.61	0.81	1.00	1.08	1.40	1.41	1.65	2.28	2.46	3.66
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ//MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	0.17	0.00	0.56	0.78	0.95	1.02	1.31	1.33	1.56	2.14	2.31	3.56
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ//MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	0.00	0.02	0.44	0.70	0.94	0.98	1.19	1.20	1.44	2.07	2.15	3.47
¹ hJ _{F,H} (BHandH/EPR-III)	-12.67	-0.41	0.38	-0.32	-0.42	-0.50	-0.26	-0.19	-0.05	1.34	-0.77	-0.15
¹ hJ _{F,H} [SOPPA(CCSD)/EPR-III]	-11.39	-0.24	0.23	-0.05	-0.38	-0.40	0.06	-0.04	0.33	1.78	-0.61	-0.10

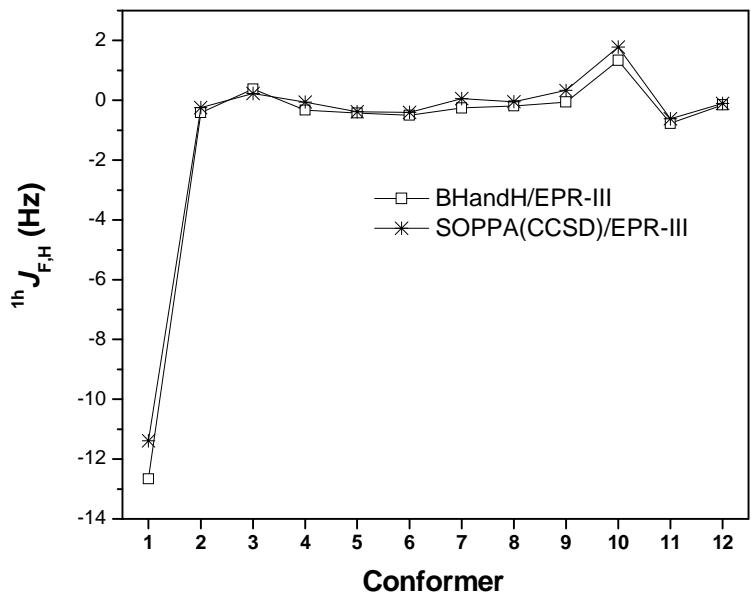


Figure S6: Comparison between SOPPA(CCSD)/EPR-III and BHandH/EPR-III calculated $^1\text{h}J_{\text{F},\text{H}}$ SSCC values for **FP** conformers. BHandH/EPR-III $^1\text{h}J_{\text{F},\text{H}}$ mean absolute deviation (MAD) from $^1\text{h}J_{\text{F},\text{H}}$ SOPPA(CCSD)/EPR-III is of 0.29 Hz.

Table S4: Relative energies (ΔE) of **FP** conformer obtained for MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ optimised geometries. Thermal corrections to enthalpies (ΔH) and Gibbs free energies (ΔG) were obtained from B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ frequency calculations. Conformer populations (%P) are given for each case. Energies and populations are given separately for the isolated molecule and by using the implicit IEF-PCM implicit solvent model for cyclohexane and dichloromethane dielectric constant value.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
	ΔE	0.17	0.00	0.61	0.81	1.00	1.08	1.40	1.41	1.65	2.28	2.46	3.66
	%P (ΔE)	25.2	33.3	11.9	8.5	6.2	5.3	3.1	3.1	2.1	0.7	0.5	0.1
Isolated	ΔH	0.22	0.00	0.65	0.80	1.04	1.09	1.42	1.41	1.64	2.34	2.51	3.52
	%P (ΔH)	23.7	34.6	11.6	9.0	5.9	5.5	3.1	3.2	2.2	0.7	0.5	0.1
	ΔG	0.55	0.00	0.56	0.83	0.94	0.96	1.27	1.26	1.51	2.05	2.21	3.39
	%P (ΔG)	14.0	35.7	13.9	8.8	7.3	7.1	4.2	4.2	2.8	1.1	0.8	0.1
	ΔE	0.11	0.00	0.58	0.60	0.85	0.91	1.14	1.13	1.32	1.95	2.08	3.10
	%P (ΔE)	23.6	28.6	10.8	10.3	6.9	6.2	4.2	4.2	3.1	1.1	0.9	0.2
Cyclohexane	ΔH	0.19	0.00	0.61	0.60	0.90	0.92	1.18	1.17	1.33	2.02	2.14	2.98
	%P (ΔH)	22.0	30.1	10.7	10.9	6.6	6.3	4.1	4.2	3.2	1.0	0.8	0.2
	ΔG	0.53	0.00	0.54	0.63	0.80	0.82	1.02	1.06	1.23	1.75	1.83	2.84
	%P (ΔG)	12.6	30.8	12.5	10.6	8.0	7.7	5.5	5.1	3.9	1.6	1.4	0.3
	ΔE	0.01	0.00	0.53	0.23	0.66	0.66	0.84	0.80	0.81	1.48	1.57	2.14
	%P (ΔE)	21.1	21.5	8.8	14.6	7.0	7.0	5.2	5.6	5.4	1.8	1.5	0.6
CH₂Cl₂	ΔH	0.08	0.00	0.55	0.24	0.72	0.68	0.88	0.84	0.86	1.58	1.66	2.05
	%P (ΔH)	19.7	22.7	9.0	15.1	6.7	7.1	5.1	5.5	5.4	1.6	1.4	0.7
	ΔG	0.41	0.00	0.49	0.26	0.61	0.58	0.71	0.75	0.77	1.30	1.34	1.98
	%P (ΔG)	11.4	22.6	9.9	14.7	8.1	8.5	6.8	6.4	6.1	2.5	2.3	0.8

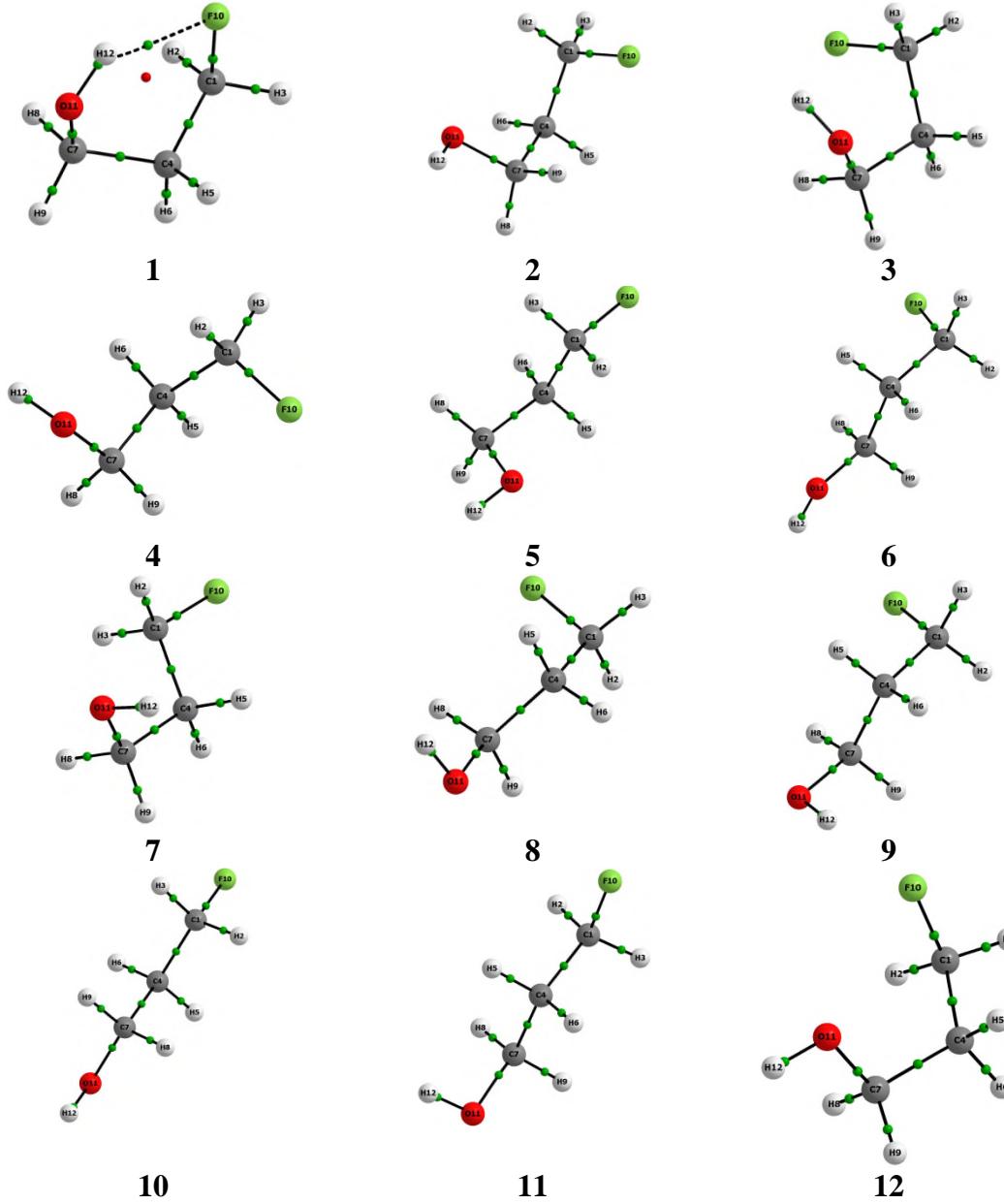


Figure S7: Molecular graphs of **FP** conformers obtained with the QTAIM. Green points represent BCPs; for conformer **1** the red point denotes a RCP.

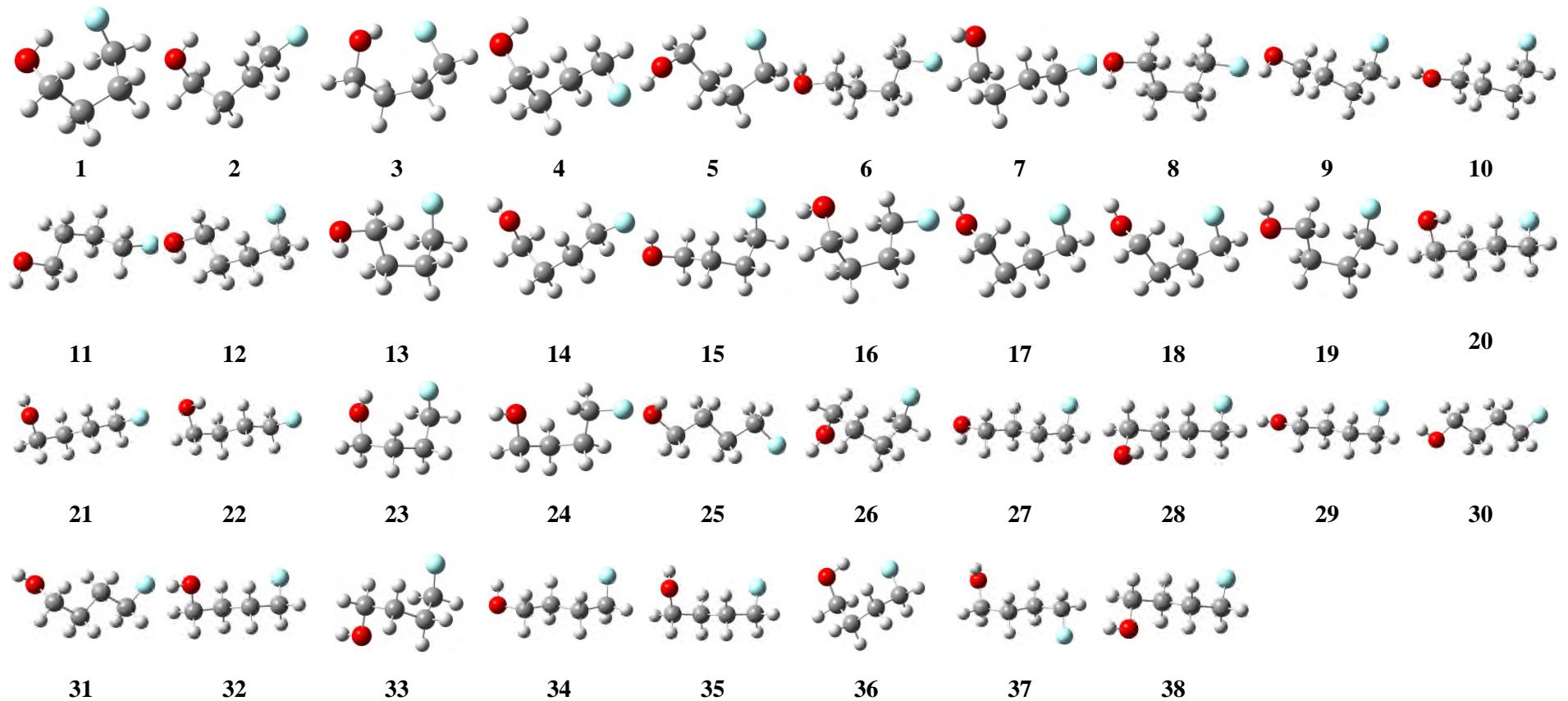


Figure S8: Geometrical representations of the FB conformers.

Table S5: Relative energies of FB conformer (kcal mol⁻¹) obtained at different levels. If not otherwise stated, the aug-cc-pVDZ basis set was used.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
B3LYP	0.12	2.39	2.48	1.95	2.01	2.15	1.93	2.04	1.85	1.68	1.82	1.78	1.74	1.70	1.61	1.70	1.42	1.53	1.30
B3LYP-D3	0.00	2.48	2.36	1.91	2.11	2.54	2.09	2.42	2.16	2.06	2.28	2.00	1.94	1.96	1.90	1.72	1.58	1.71	1.58
B97D	0.14	1.82	2.29	1.29	1.86	2.05	1.71	1.92	1.63	1.76	1.99	1.76	1.64	1.80	1.44	1.58	1.62	1.79	1.54
MP2	0.17	2.48	2.39	1.82	2.12	2.53	1.93	2.40	2.07	1.83	2.16	2.11	2.02	1.59	1.80	1.81	1.46	1.49	1.55
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ//MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	0.12	2.32	2.22	1.71	2.04	2.38	1.87	2.24	1.95	1.77	2.04	1.99	1.91	1.51	1.70	1.75	1.37	1.42	1.48
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ//MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	0.06	2.36	2.16	1.79	2.07	2.41	1.95	2.28	2.01	1.90	2.16	1.97	1.91	1.71	1.74	1.76	1.50	1.56	1.56
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
B3LYP	1.34	1.14	1.20	1.25	1.27	1.10	0.95	0.96	0.89	0.76	0.81	0.78	0.66	0.66	0.70	0.53	0.57	0.38	0.00
B3LYP-D3	1.67	1.62	1.59	1.02	1.43	1.74	1.01	1.52	1.20	1.41	1.53	1.35	1.14	0.75	1.26	0.90	0.10	0.76	0.47
B97D	1.27	1.42	1.18	0.89	1.54	1.46	0.64	1.27	0.87	1.36	1.47	1.39	1.22	0.63	1.04	0.79	0.00	0.64	0.59
MP2	1.63	1.58	1.57	1.06	1.33	1.71	0.64	1.49	1.14	1.28	1.40	1.11	0.89	0.20	1.21	0.86	0.00	0.68	0.19
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ//MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	1.50	1.40	1.35	1.03	1.28	1.46	0.64	1.31	1.00	1.13	1.19	0.94	0.81	0.19	1.03	0.76	0.00	0.58	0.11
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ//MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	1.55	1.48	1.43	1.02	1.40	1.53	0.77	1.36	1.07	1.27	1.33	1.14	1.01	0.45	1.10	0.84	0.00	0.67	0.33

Table S6: MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ calculated populations (%) and dipole moments (μ) of **FB** conformers, obtained for the isolated molecule and by using the implicit IEF-PCM implicit solvent model for cyclohexane and dichloromethane dielectric constant values. BHandH/EPR-III calculated ${}^1\text{H}$ -SSCCs obtained for isolated MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ geometries are also indicated (in Hz). Calculated SOPPA(CCSD)/EPR-III ${}^1\text{H}$ -SSCC values for conformers **1**, **3**, **23** and **36** are shown in parenthesis (Hz).

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
	%P	11.9	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.2	
Isolated	μ	3.4	1.8	3.7	1.6	3.4	1.8	3.5	1.9	3.5	2.9	2.1	3.2	3.5	3.7	1.8	3.7	1.4	3.6	1.3
	${}^1\text{H}$ -J _{F,H}	-30.26 (-22.58)	0.09 (0.39)	-17.24 (-12.04)	-0.19 (0.07)	1.21 (1.35)	-0.26 (-0.19)	-0.06 (-0.11)	-0.01 (-0.04)	-0.07 (-0.19)	-0.05 (-0.15)	0.36 (0.24)	-0.23 (-0.27)	1.95 (1.25)	-0.19 (-0.23)	0.02 (0.06)	-0.63 (-0.48)	-0.01 (-0.03)	-0.07 (-0.26)	-0.11 (-0.25)
	%P	10.9	0.4	---	1.0	0.5	0.4	1.0	0.5	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	
Cyclohexane	μ	3.84	1.99	---	1.79	3.86	1.92	3.85	2.00	3.80	3.30	2.22	3.54	3.85	4.00	1.95	3.96	1.73	3.89	1.51
	%P	6.8	0.6	---	1.2	0.7	0.7	1.2	0.8	1.2	1.3	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.8	1.2
CH₂Cl₂	μ	4.42	2.19	---	2.03	4.54	2.11	4.25	2.14	4.27	3.83	2.41	4.01	4.29	4.40	2.17	4.32	2.37	4.37	1.72
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	
	%P	1.0	1.1	1.1	2.7	1.7	0.9	5.4	1.3	2.3	1.8	1.5	2.4	3.6	11.4	2.1	3.7	15.9	5.0	11.5
Isolated	μ	3.3	3.5	1.8	2.3	3.9	1.8	2.4	3.3	1.6	3.3	2.2	3.7	3.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	3.4	1.7	2.1
	${}^1\text{H}$ -J _{F,H}	-0.08 (-0.01)	-0.14 (-0.10)	0.03 (0.12)	-0.93 (0.12)	0.07 (0.00)	-0.27 (-0.21)	0.30 (0.11)	-0.08 (-0.09)	-0.18 (-0.05)	-0.05 (-0.23)	1.05 (0.82)	0.01 (-0.12)	-0.16 (-0.34)	0.10 (-0.00)	0.13 (0.09)	0.02 (0.05)	-11.99 (-8.26)	-0.32 (-0.25)	0.55 (0.26)
	%P	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.7	5.5	2.4	3.5	2.9	2.5	3.4	4.3	9.3	3.5	4.9	13.9	6.6	11.8
Cyclohexane	μ	3.67	3.83	2.03	2.49	4.17	1.92	2.55	3.62	1.76	3.68	2.29	3.96	3.81	1.77	1.89	2.12	3.83	1.83	2.26
	%P	2.6	3.0	2.5	1.0	1.4	2.7	3.7	3.7	4.0	3.9	3.0	3.6	4.5	4.8	4.3	4.7	8.2	6.4	8.0
CH₂Cl₂	μ	4.18	4.25	2.26	2.79	4.50	2.11	2.78	4.10	2.01	4.17	2.44	4.38	4.32	1.91	2.15	2.41	4.32	2.08	2.40

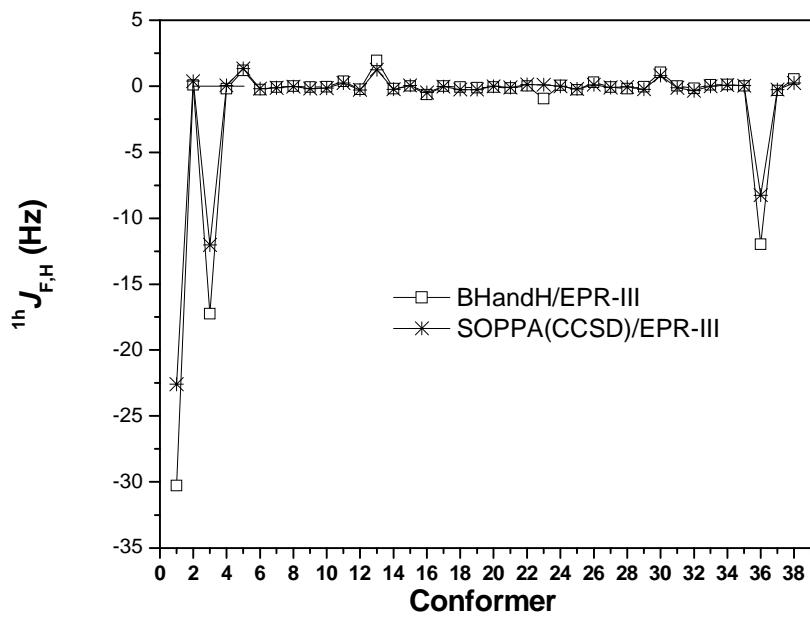


Figure S9: Comparison between SOPPA(CCSD)/EPR-III and BHandH/EPR-III calculated $^1\text{h}J_{\text{F},\text{H}}$ SSCC values for **FB** conformers. BHandH/EPR-III $^1\text{h}J_{\text{F},\text{H}}$ mean absolute deviation (MAD) from $^1\text{h}J_{\text{F},\text{H}}$ SOPPA(CCSD)/EPR-III is of 0.58 Hz.

Table S7: Relative energies (ΔE) of **FB** conformers obtained for MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ optimised geometries for the isolated molecule. Thermal corrections to enthalpies (ΔH) and Gibbs free energies (ΔG) were obtained from B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ frequency calculations. Conformer populations (%P) are given for each case.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
ΔE	0.17	2.48	2.39	1.82	2.12	2.53	1.93	2.40	2.07	1.83	2.16	2.11	2.02	1.59	1.80	1.81	1.46	1.49	1.55
%P (ΔE)	11.9	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.5	1.1	0.8	0.8	1.3	1.3	1.2
ΔH	0.15	2.39	2.31	1.73	1.99	2.46	1.87	2.34	2.00	1.75	2.09	1.97	1.88	1.55	1.76	1.69	1.32	1.39	1.42
%P (ΔH)	10.7	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.7	0.8	1.5	1.3	1.2
ΔG	0.96	2.19	2.66	1.68	2.12	2.37	1.70	2.27	1.91	1.54	1.99	1.96	2.02	1.41	1.66	1.91	1.30	1.54	1.54
%P (ΔG)	3.4	0.4	0.2	1.0	0.5	0.3	1.0	0.4	0.7	1.3	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.6	1.0	0.7	1.9	1.3	1.3
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
ΔE	1.63	1.58	1.57	1.06	1.33	1.71	0.64	1.49	1.14	1.28	1.40	1.11	0.89	0.20	1.21	0.86	0.00	0.68	0.19
%P (ΔE)	1.0	1.1	1.1	2.7	1.7	0.9	5.4	1.3	2.3	1.8	1.5	2.4	3.6	11.4	2.1	3.7	15.9	5.0	11.5
ΔH	1.44	1.44	1.47	1.03	1.21	1.63	0.59	1.33	0.95	1.12	1.32	0.98	0.70	0.25	1.07	0.72	0.02	0.48	0.00
%P (ΔH)	1.2	1.2	1.1	2.4	1.8	0.9	5.1	1.5	2.8	2.1	1.5	2.7	4.2	9.1	2.3	4.1	13.4	6.1	13.8
ΔG	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42
%P (ΔG)	1.5	1.8	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.4	7.5	2.0	3.8	3.1	2.3	4.2	4.8	7.7	3.1	4.2	3.8	7.6	17.0

Table S8: Relative energies (ΔE) of **FB** conformer obtained for MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ optimised geometries for the IEF-PCM implicit solvent model using the cyclohexane dielectric constant value. Thermal corrected enthalpy (ΔH) and Gibbs free energies (ΔG) were obtained from B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ frequency calculations. Conformer populations (%P) are given for each case.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
ΔE	0.15	2.09	---	1.53	1.92	2.06	1.58	1.92	1.67	1.53	1.78	1.78	1.66	1.36	1.48	1.51	1.45	1.47	1.35
%P (ΔE)	9.7	0.4	---	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.9	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.8	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.3
ΔH	0.26	2.14	---	1.59	1.92	2.13	1.69	2.01	1.73	1.61	1.84	1.75	1.65	1.48	1.55	1.54	1.40	1.48	1.33
%P (ΔH)	8.2	0.2	---	0.9	0.5	0.40	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.4
ΔG	1.11	2.26	---	1.81	2.14	2.19	1.83	2.12	1.76	1.74	1.94	1.92	1.90	1.66	1.63	1.87	1.59	1.78	1.58
%P (ΔG)	2.6	0.4	---	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.1	0.7	1.2	0.8	1.2
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
ΔE	1.24	1.16	1.16	1.17	1.17	1.23	0.55	1.05	0.81	0.93	1.02	0.83	0.70	0.24	0.82	0.62	0.00	0.44	0.10
%P (ΔE)	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	4.9	2.1	3.2	2.6	2.2	3.1	3.8	8.3	3.1	4.4	12.4	5.9	10.6
ΔH	1.18	1.15	1.19	1.20	1.15	1.27	0.65	1.04	0.74	0.88	1.06	0.81	0.60	0.36	0.80	0.58	0.15	0.36	0.00
%P (ΔH)	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.5	4.3	2.2	3.7	2.9	2.1	3.3	4.7	7.0	3.3	4.8	9.9	7.0	12.8
ΔG	1.11	1.22	1.59	1.36	1.12	0.89	1.09	0.76	0.91	0.92	0.77	0.66	0.69	0.80	0.67	0.97	0.37	0.00	1.11
%P (ΔG)	2.3	2.6	2.1	1.1	1.7	2.5	3.7	2.7	4.7	3.6	3.6	4.5	5.5	5.3	4.3	5.4	3.2	9.0	16.8

Table S9: Relative energies (ΔE) of **FB** conformer obtained for MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ optimised geometries for the IEF-PCM implicit solvent model using the dichloromethane dielectric constant value. Thermal corrected enthalpy (ΔH) and Gibbs free energies (ΔG) were obtained from B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ frequency calculations. Conformer populations (%P) are given for each case.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
ΔE	0.12	1.59	---	1.12	1.49	1.49	1.14	1.37	1.12	1.08	1.32	1.36	1.19	1.05	1.12	1.19	1.32	1.38	1.13
%P (ΔE)	6.7	0.6	---	1.2	0.7	0.7	1.2	0.8	1.3	1.3	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.8	1.2
ΔH	0.08	1.51	---	0.97	1.32	1.44	1.13	1.35	1.06	1.01	1.26	1.20	1.05	1.04	1.05	1.08	1.15	1.20	0.96
%P (ΔH)	6.6	0.6	---	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.1	0.8	1.3	1.4	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.5
ΔG	1.26	1.90	---	1.37	1.87	1.83	1.60	1.80	1.42	1.44	1.71	1.73	1.61	1.53	1.43	1.73	1.83	1.68	1.53
%P (ΔG)	1.6	0.5	---	1.3	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.6	1.2	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.7	0.6	0.8	1.0
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
ΔE	0.68	0.61	0.70	1.25	1.07	0.65	0.47	0.48	0.42	0.44	0.60	0.49	0.36	0.32	0.39	0.33	0.00	0.15	0.01
%P (ΔE)	2.6	3.0	2.5	1.0	1.4	2.7	3.7	3.7	4.0	3.9	3.0	3.6	4.5	4.8	4.3	4.7	8.2	6.4	8.0
ΔH	0.49	0.46	0.61	1.10	0.90	0.58	0.90	0.58	0.41	0.34	0.20	0.26	0.50	0.33	0.11	0.26	0.22	0.13	0.00
%P (ΔH)	3.3	3.4	2.7	1.2	1.6	2.8	1.6	2.8	3.8	4.2	5.4	4.9	3.2	4.3	6.2	4.8	5.1	6.0	7.5
ΔG	3.25	3.60	2.67	0.75	1.15	3.60	2.59	3.93	5.66	4.78	4.27	4.49	5.82	2.87	5.15	5.84	1.92	8.70	13.10
%P (ΔG)	3.2	3.6	2.7	0.8	1.1	3.6	2.6	3.9	5.7	4.8	4.3	4.5	5.8	2.9	5.1	5.8	1.9	8.7	13.1

Table S10: Mean absolute deviations (MADs) over all respective conformers from the CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ//MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ theoretical level. Values are given in kcal mol⁻¹.

	FE	FP	FB	Total
B3LYP/aug-cc-pVDZ	0.06	0.16	0.22	0.44
B3LYP-D3/aug-cc-pVDZ	0.08	0.13	0.13	0.34
B97D/aug-cc-pVDZ	0.17	0.09	0.18	0.44
MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	0.07	0.16	0.08	0.31
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ//MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	0.04	0.10	0.09	0.23

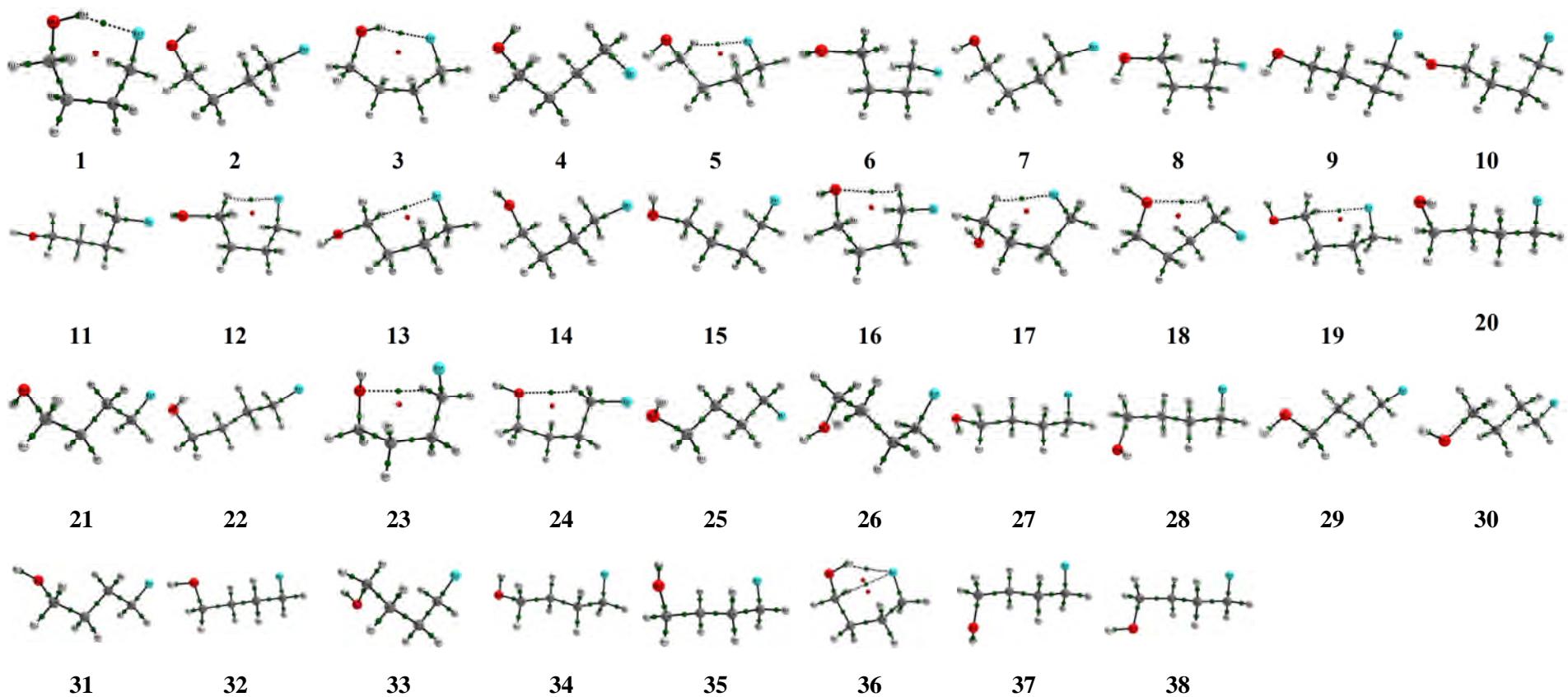
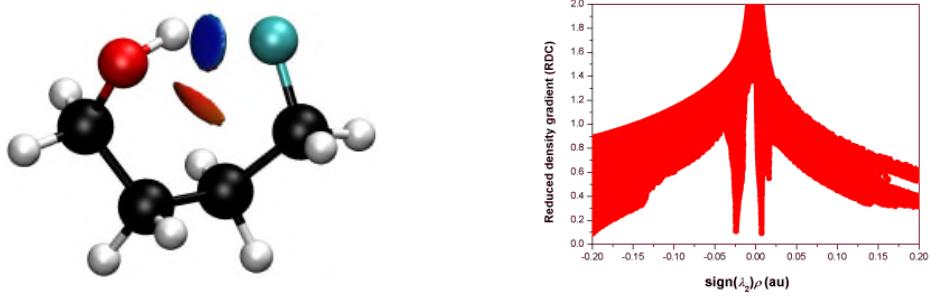
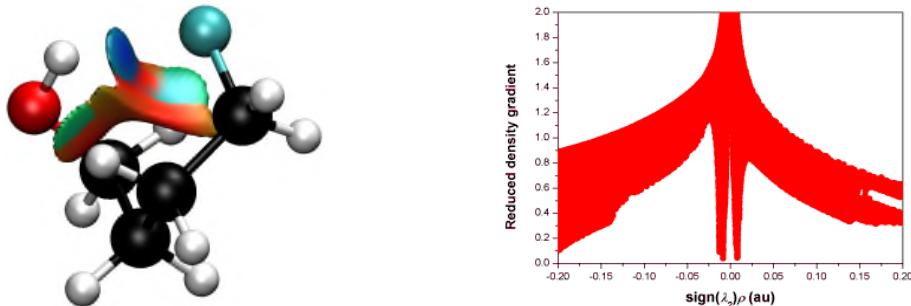


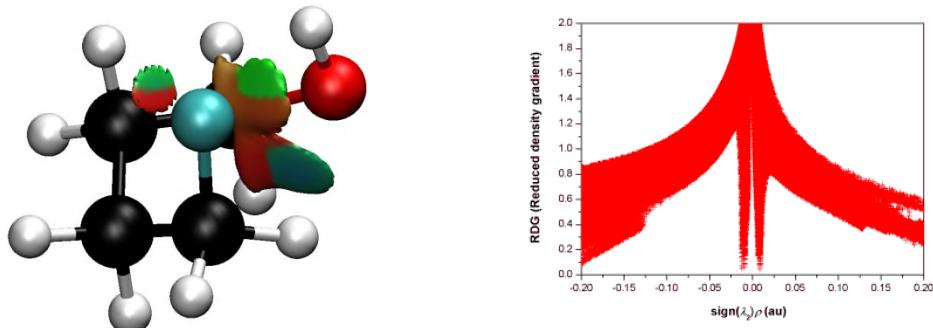
Figure S10: Molecular graphs of **FB** conformer obtained with the QTAIM. Green and points represent BCPs and RCPs, respectively.



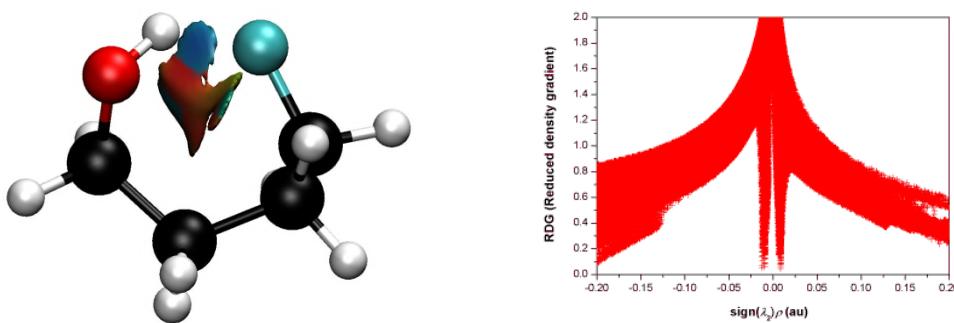
Conformer 1



Conformer 3



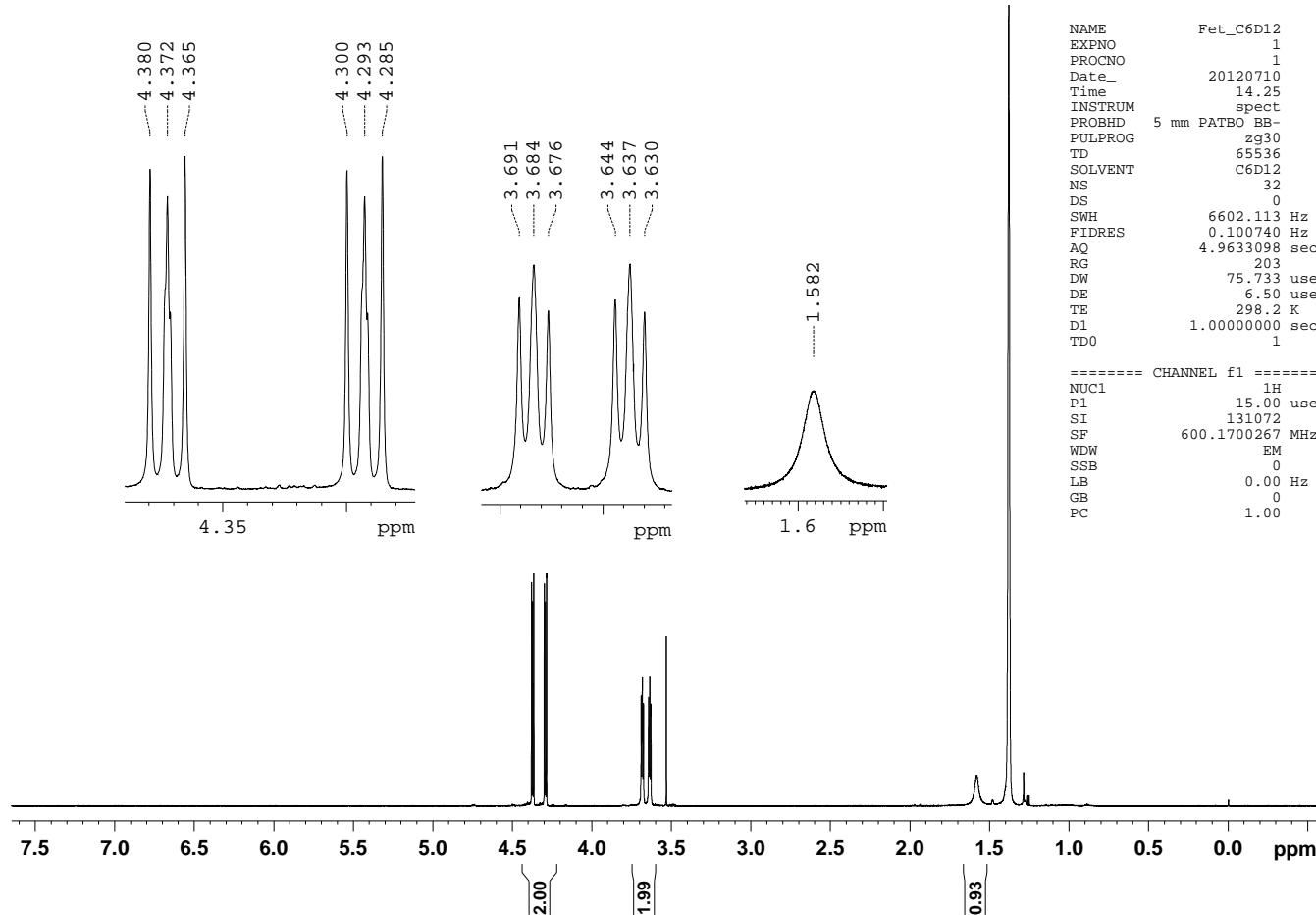
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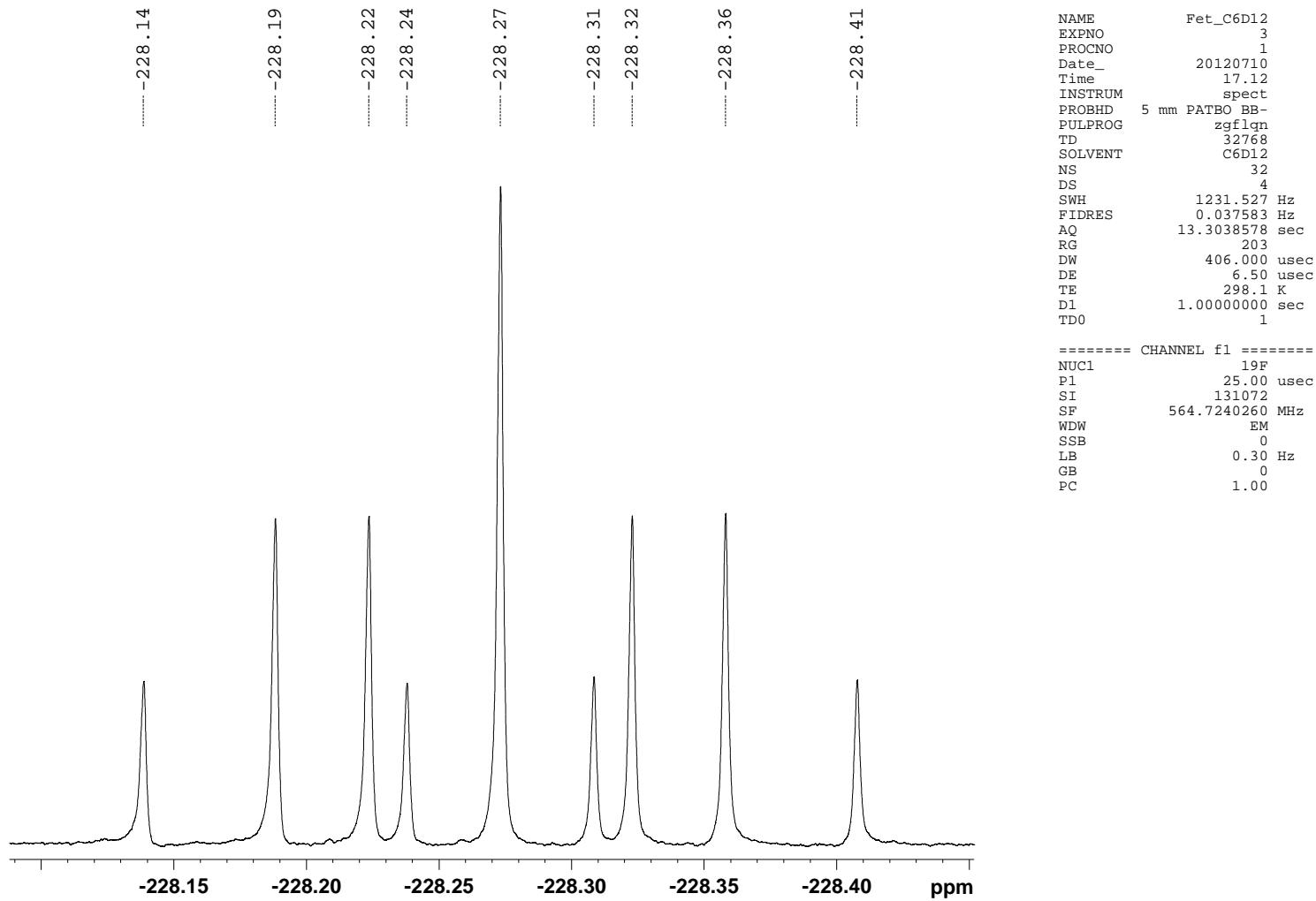
Conformer 36

Figure S11: NCI representations and RDG vs $\text{sign}(\lambda_2)\rho$ plots of **FB** conformers which have appropriate geometry to form a $\text{CF}\cdots\text{HO}$ intramolecular hydrogen bond. The NCI plot were obtained with a reduced density gradient (RDG) value of 0.5 and the blue-green-red values ranging from -0.02 to 0.01 au.

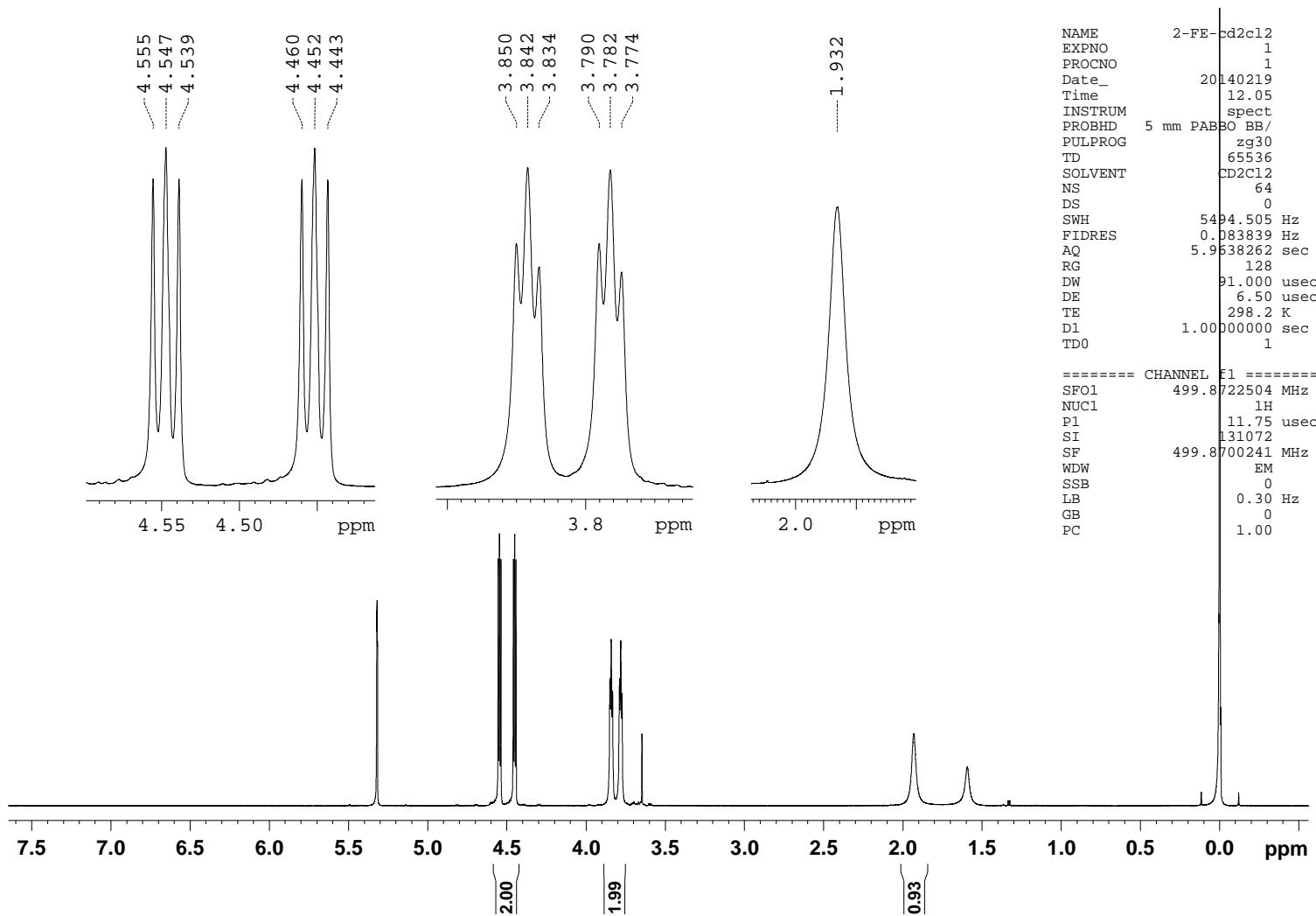
NMR Spectra



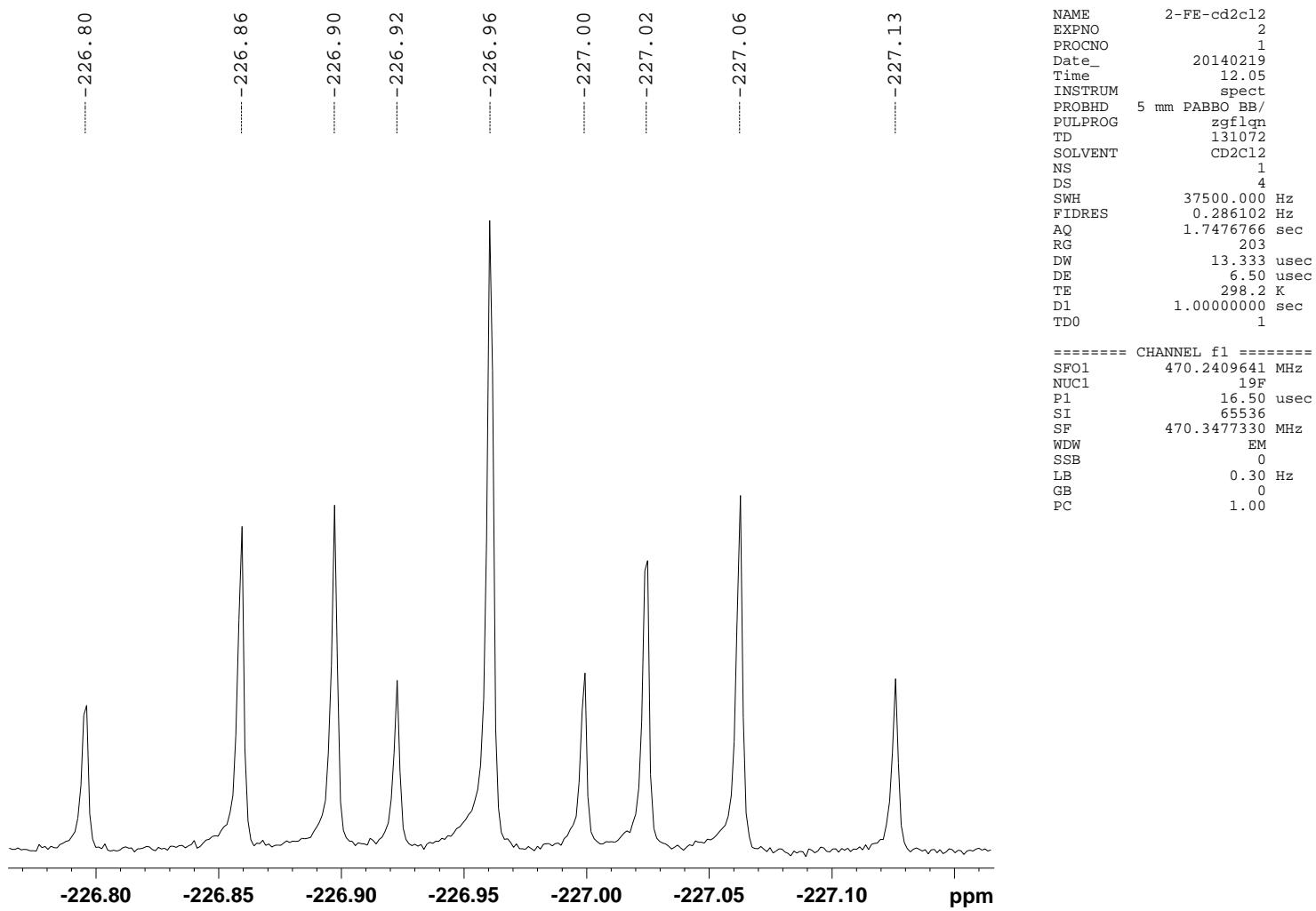
Spectrum S1: ¹H NMR spectrum of **FE** in cyclohexane-d₁₂.



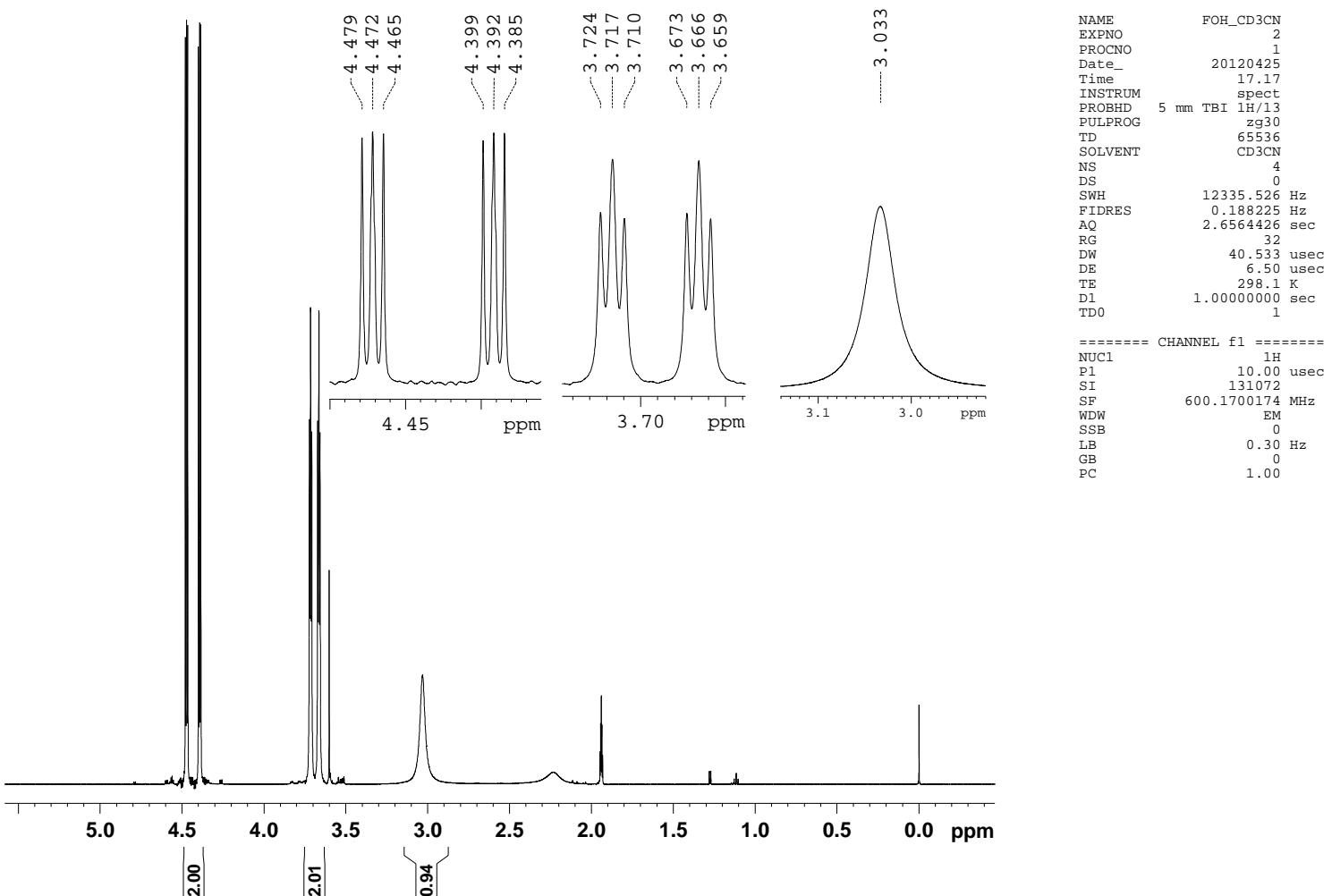
Spectrum S2: ^{19}F NMR spectrum of **FE** in cyclohexane- d_{12} .



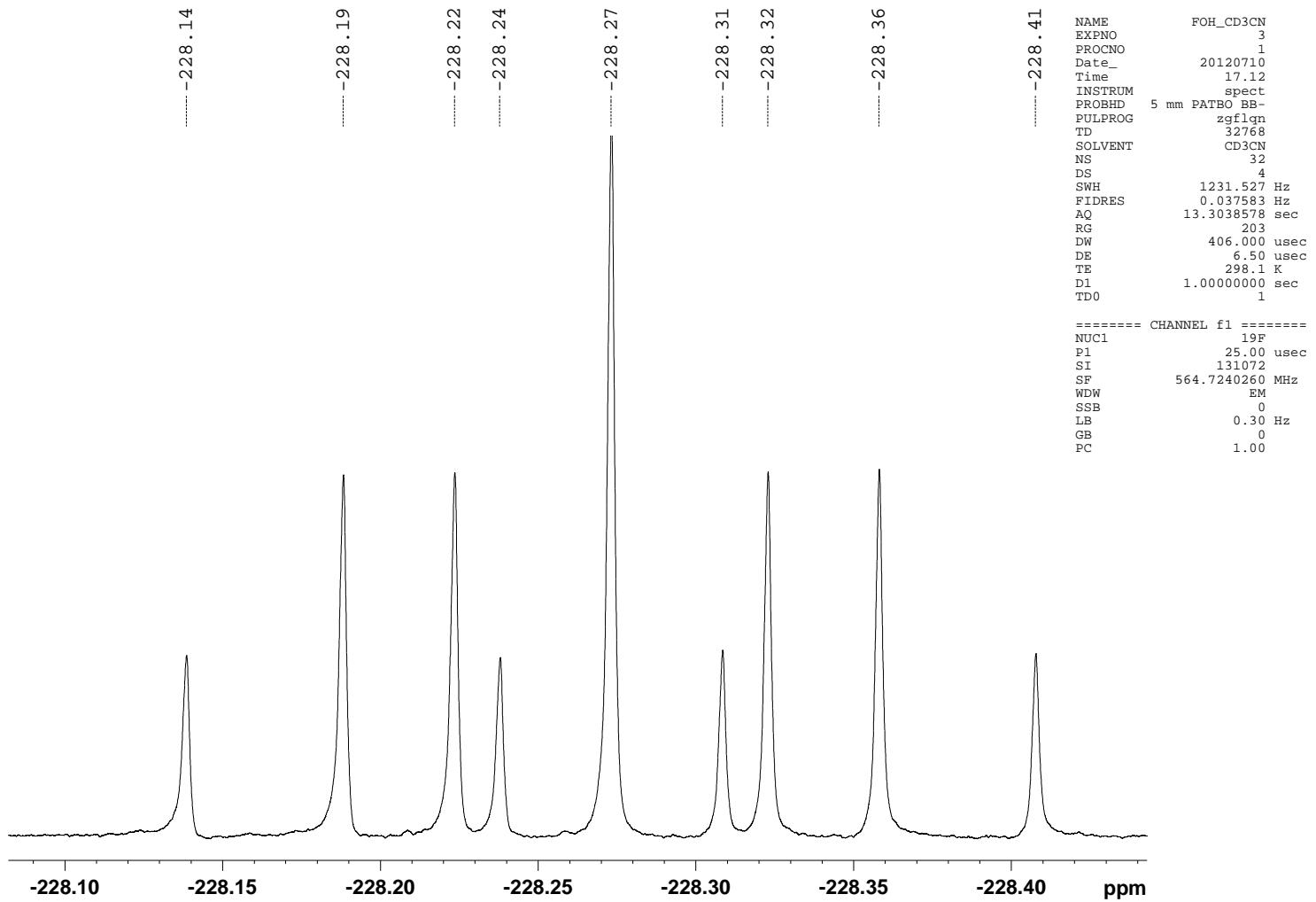
Spectrum S3: ^{19}H NMR spectrum of **FE** in CD_2Cl_2 .



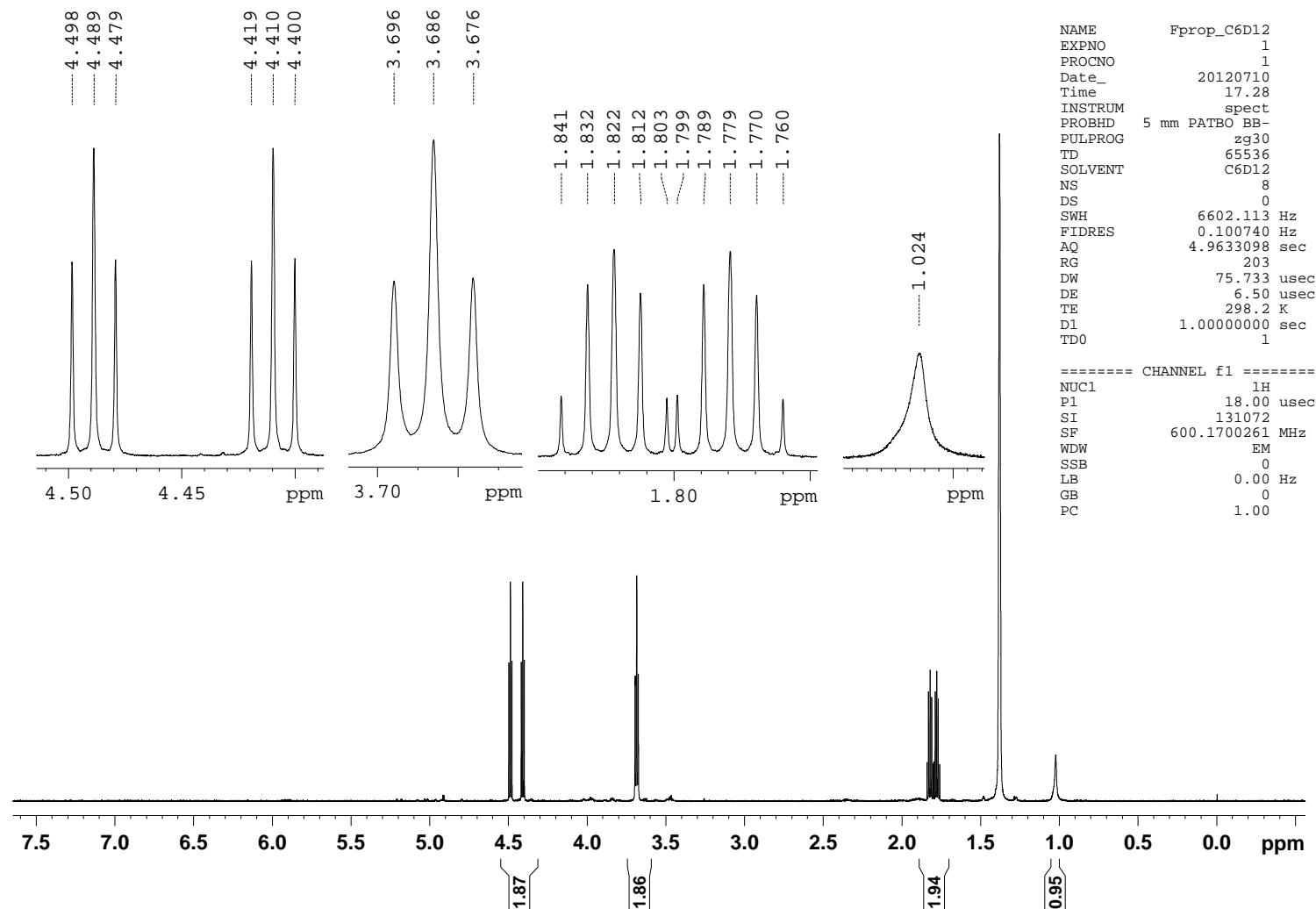
Spectrum S4: ^{19}F NMR spectrum of **FE** in CD_2Cl_2 .



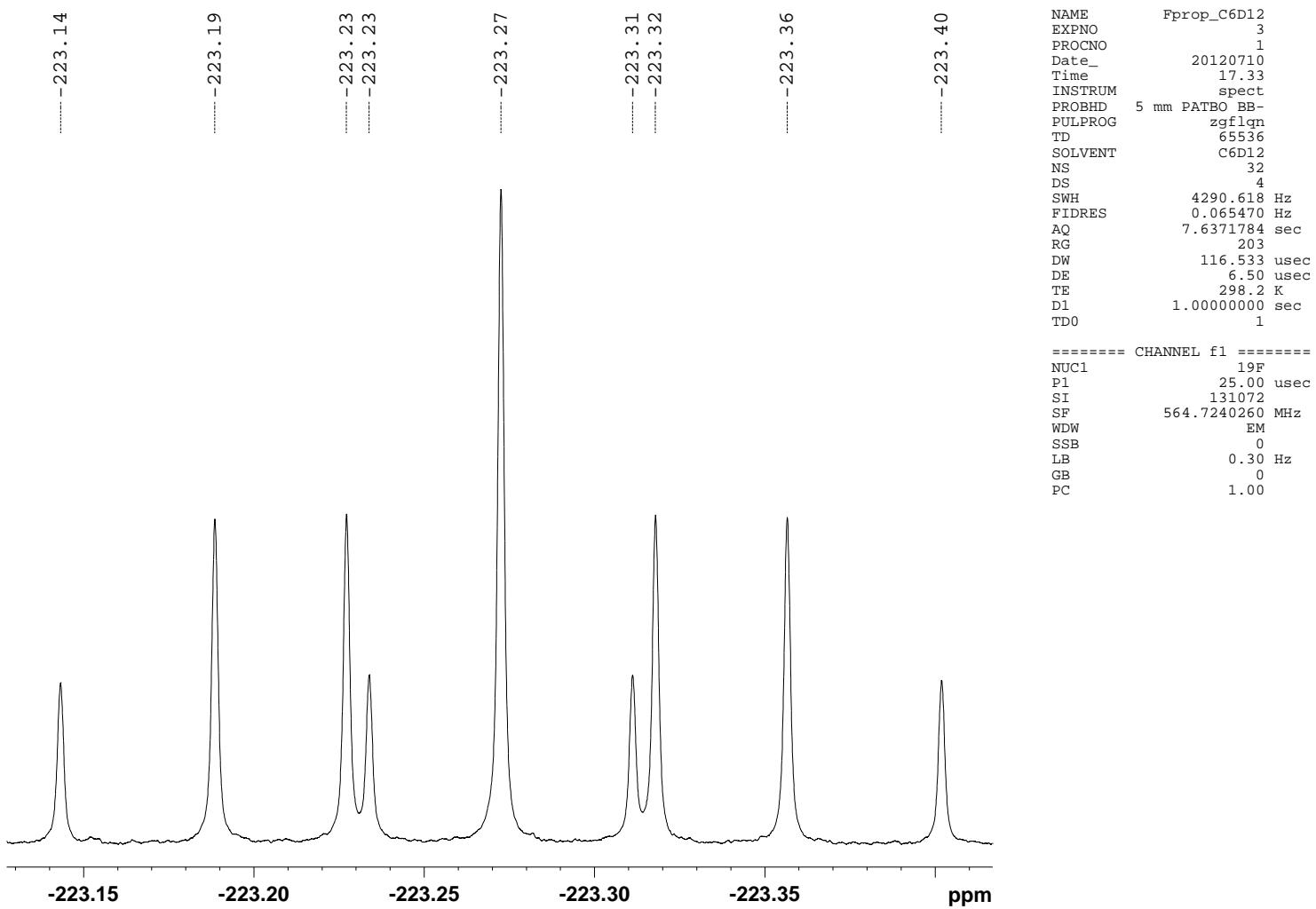
Spectrum S5: ^1H NMR spectrum of **FE** in CD_3CN .



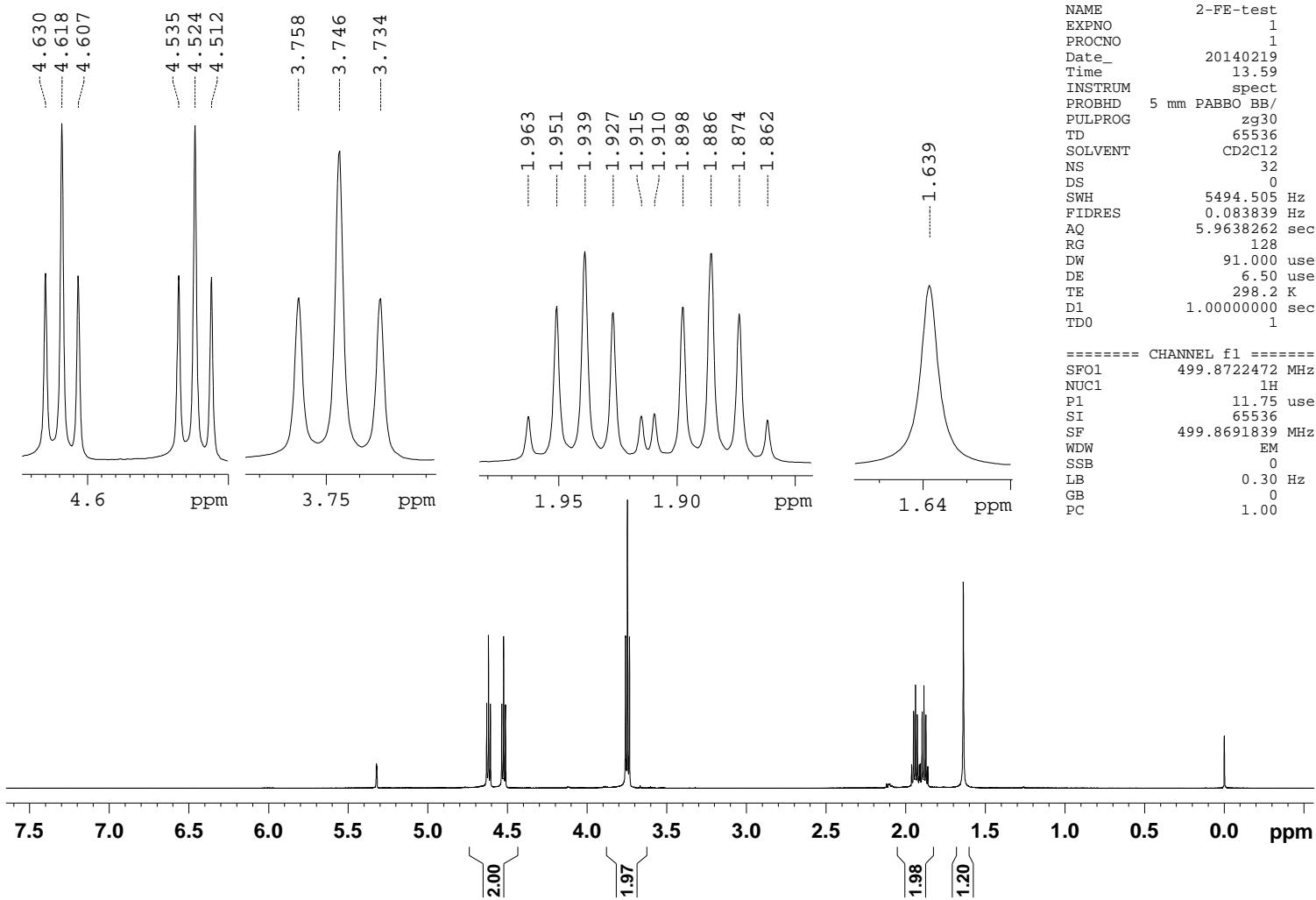
Spectrum S6: ¹H NMR spectrum of FE in CD_3CN .



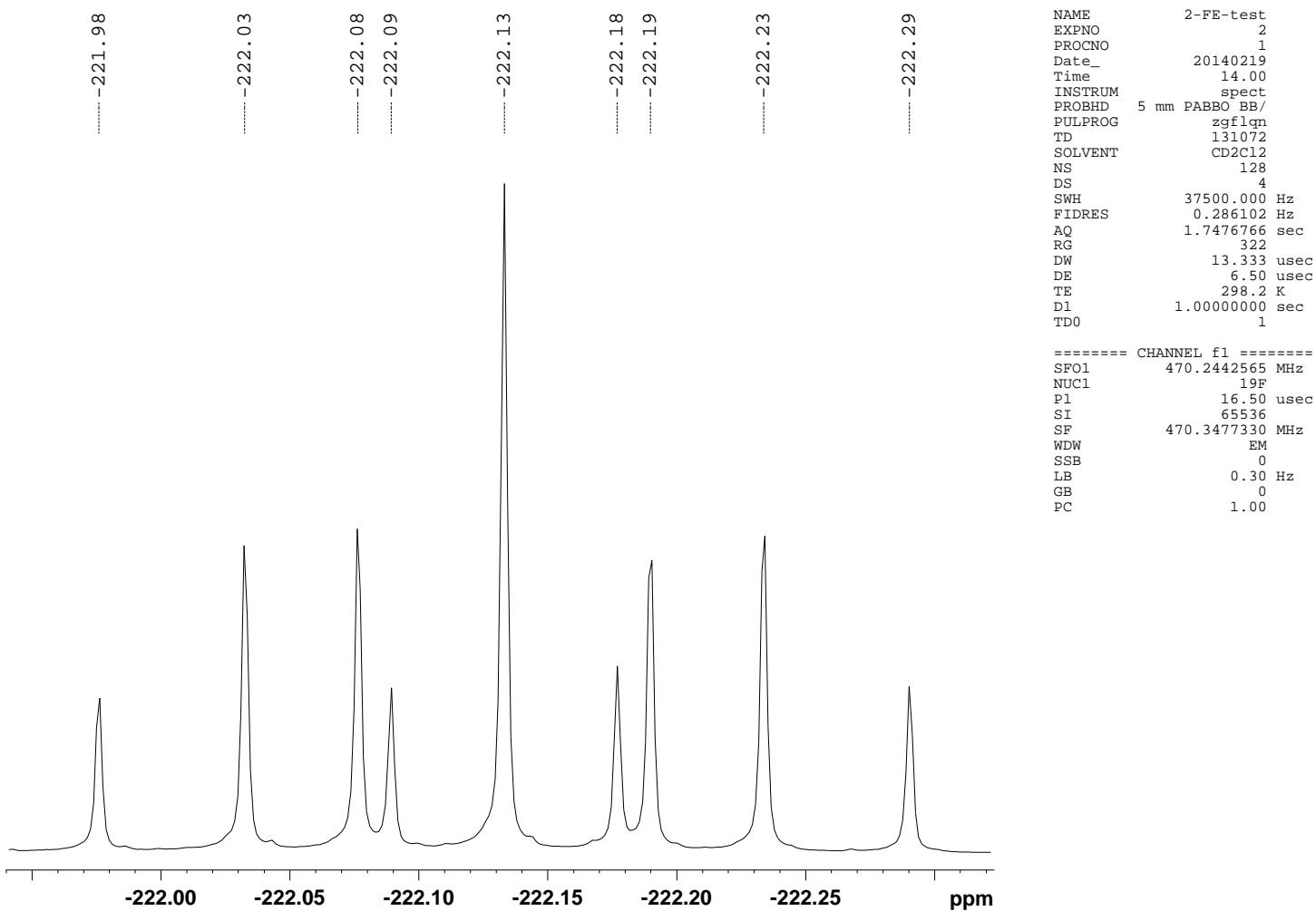
Spectrum S7: ^1H NMR spectrum of **FP** in cyclohexane- d_{12} .



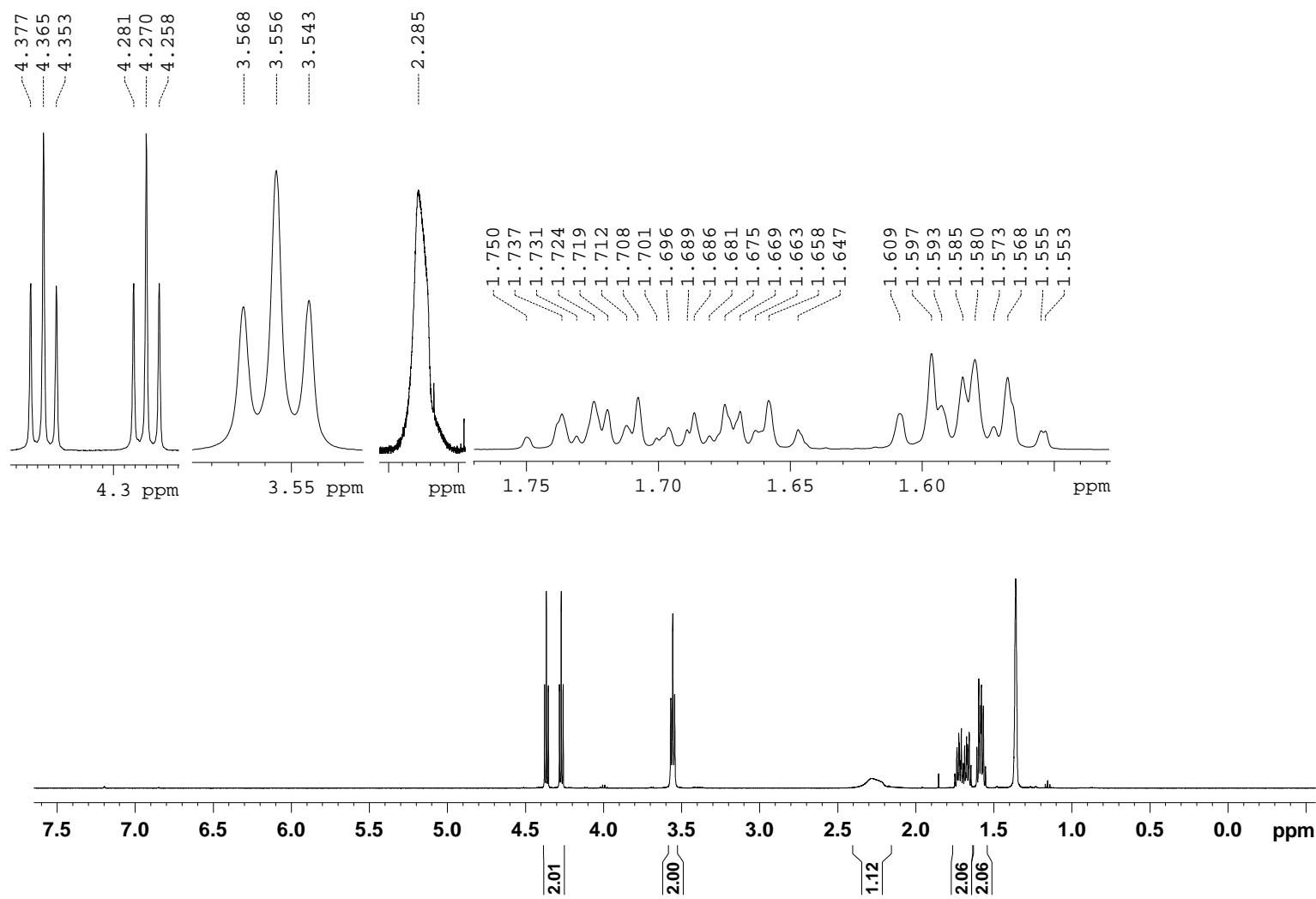
Spectrum S8: ^{19}F NMR spectrum of **FP** in cyclohexane- d_{12} .



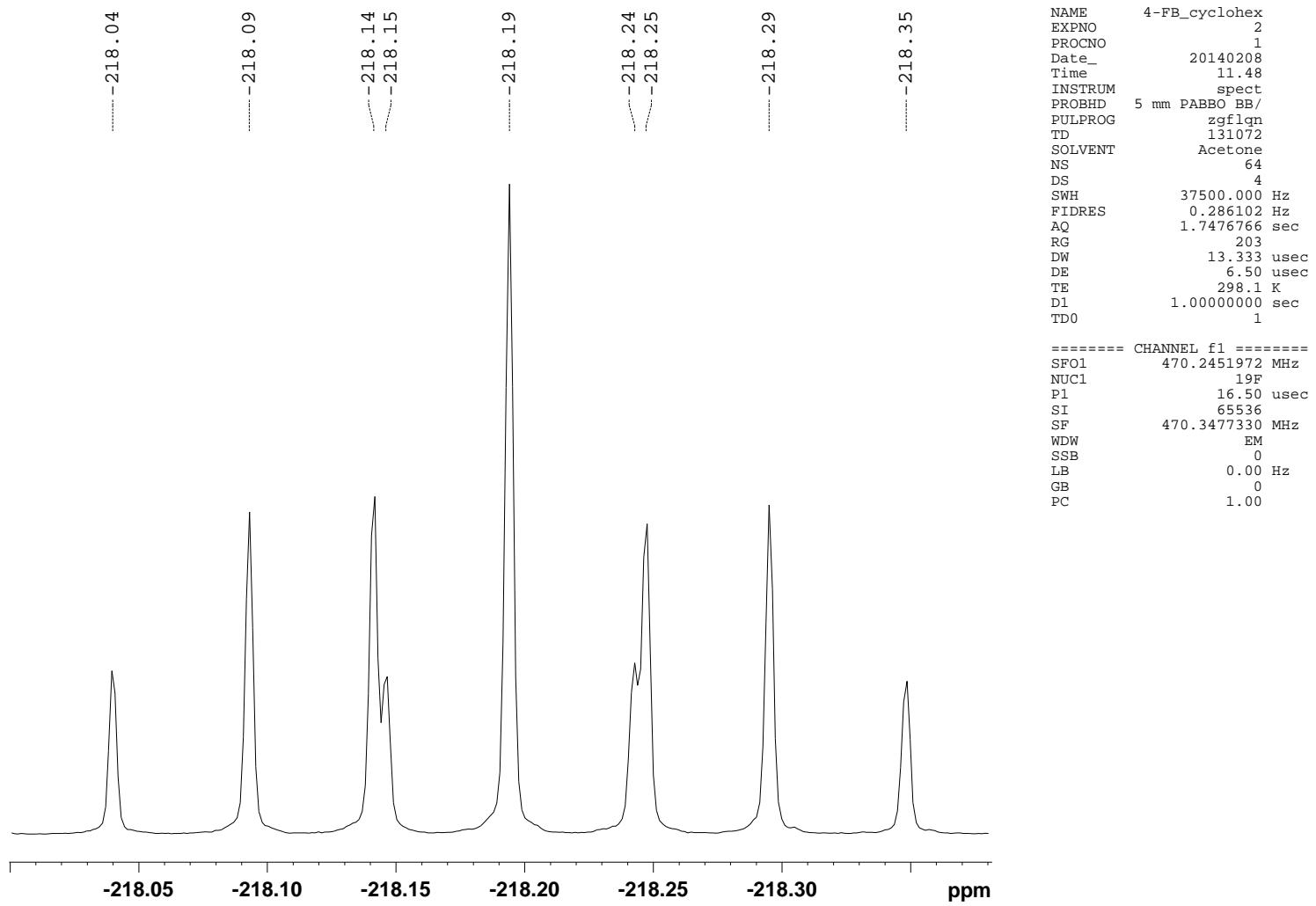
Spectrum S9: ^1H NMR spectrum of **FP** in CD_2Cl_2 .



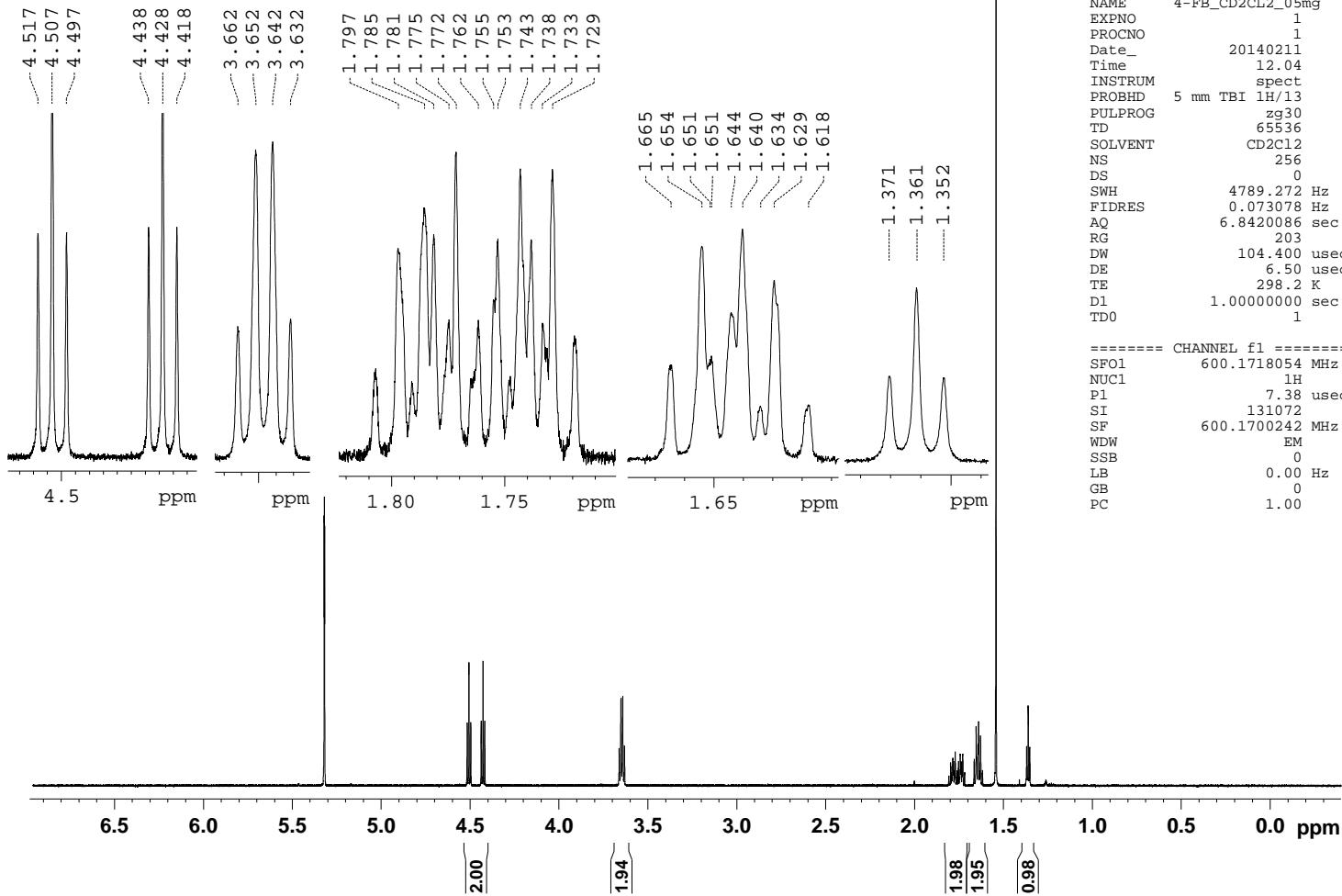
Spectrum S10: ¹⁹F NMR spectrum of **FP** in CD₂Cl₂.



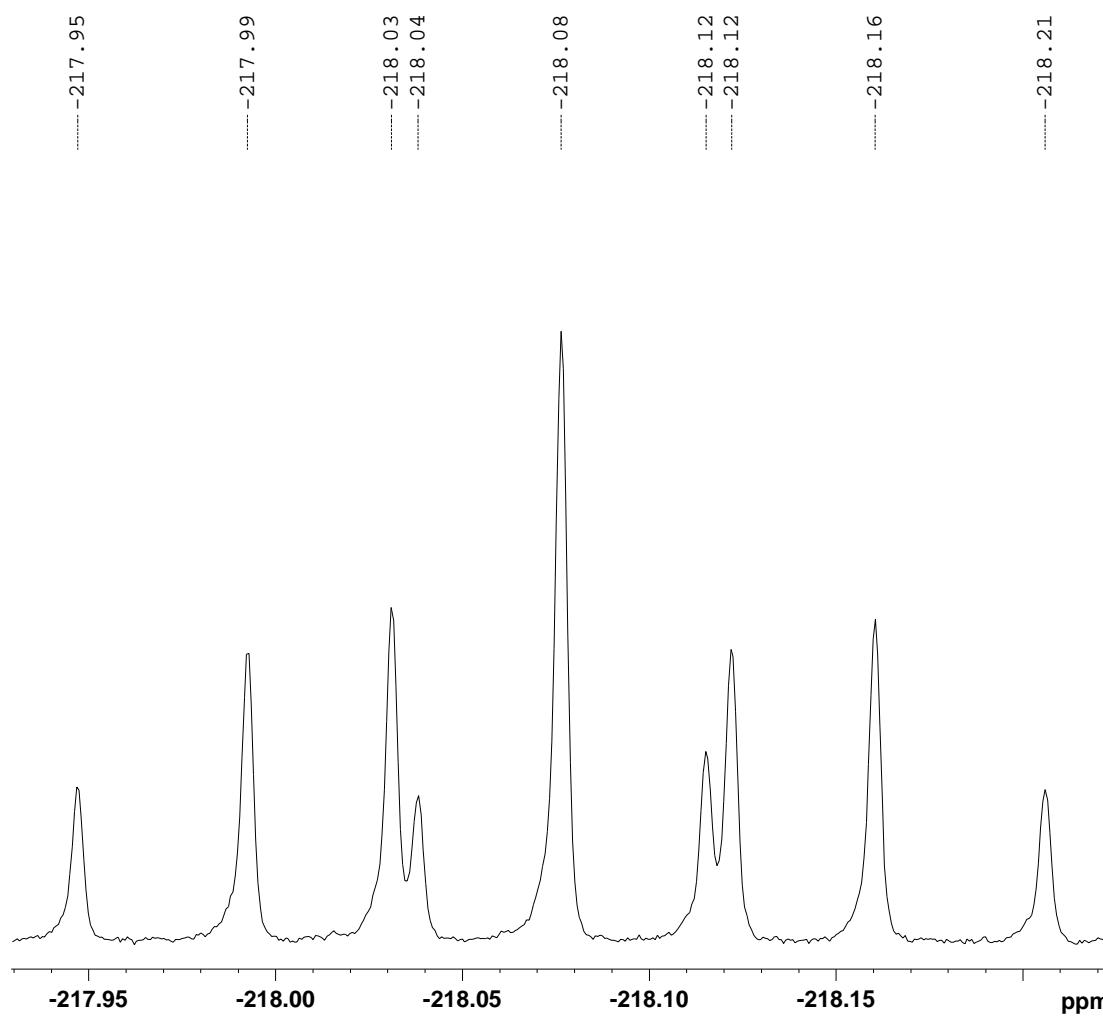
Spectrum S11: ^1H NMR spectrum of **FB** in cyclohexane- d_{12} .



Spectrum S12: ^{19}F NMR spectrum of **FB** in cyclohexane-d₁₂.



Spectrum S13: ^1H NMR spectrum of **FB** in CD_2Cl_2 .



Spectrum S14: ^{19}F NMR spectrum of **FB** in CD_2Cl_2 .

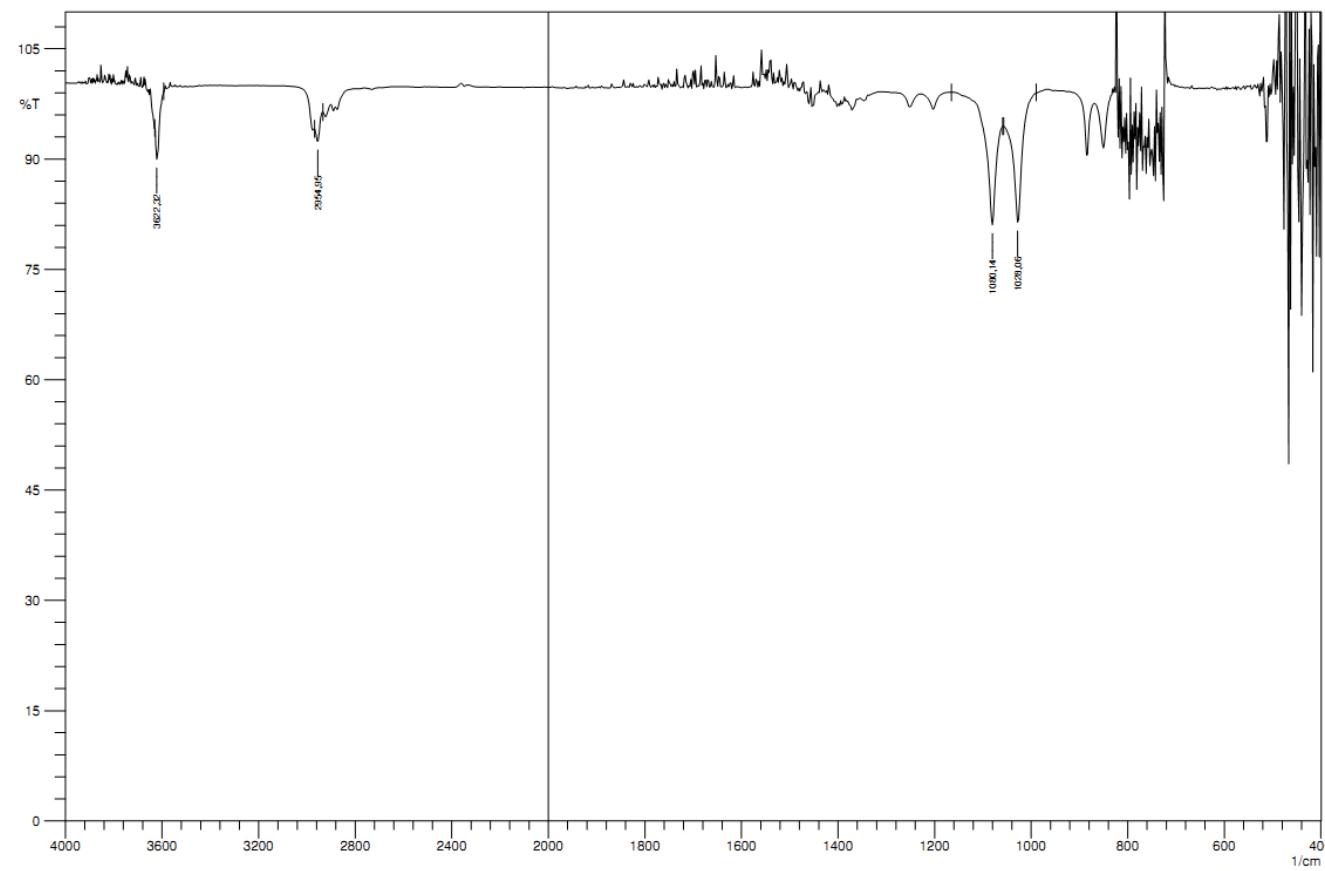
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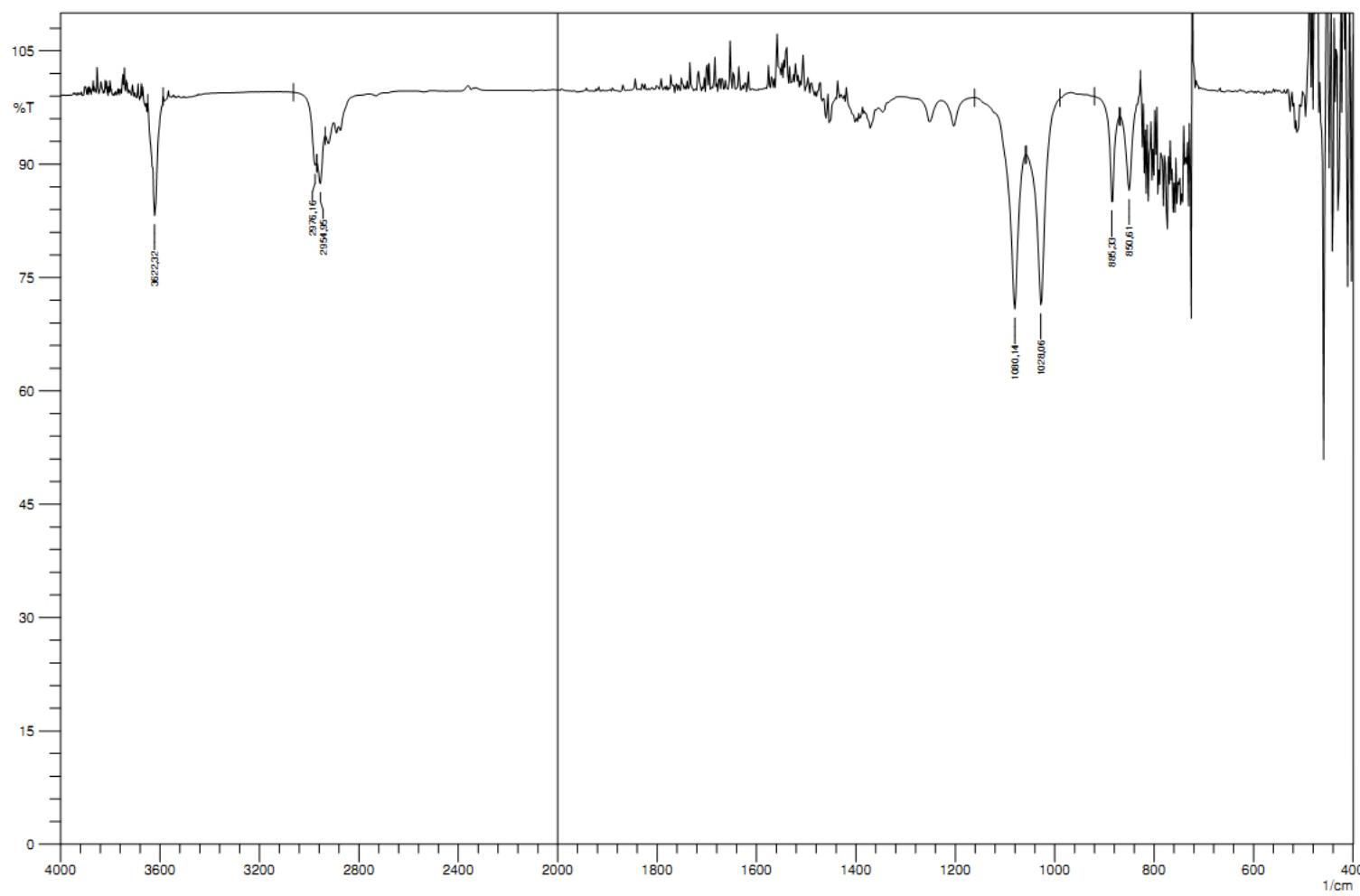
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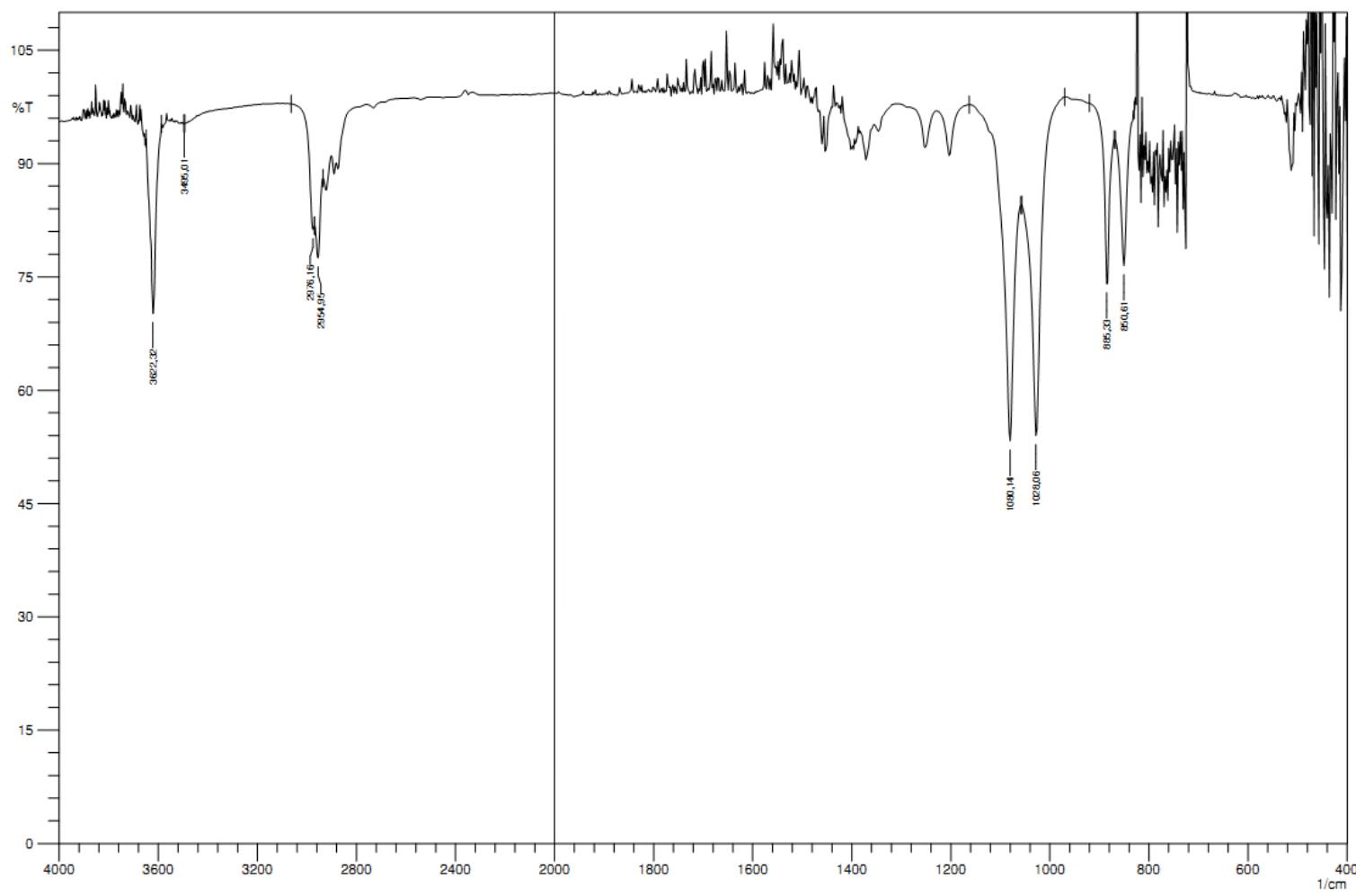
Infrared spectra



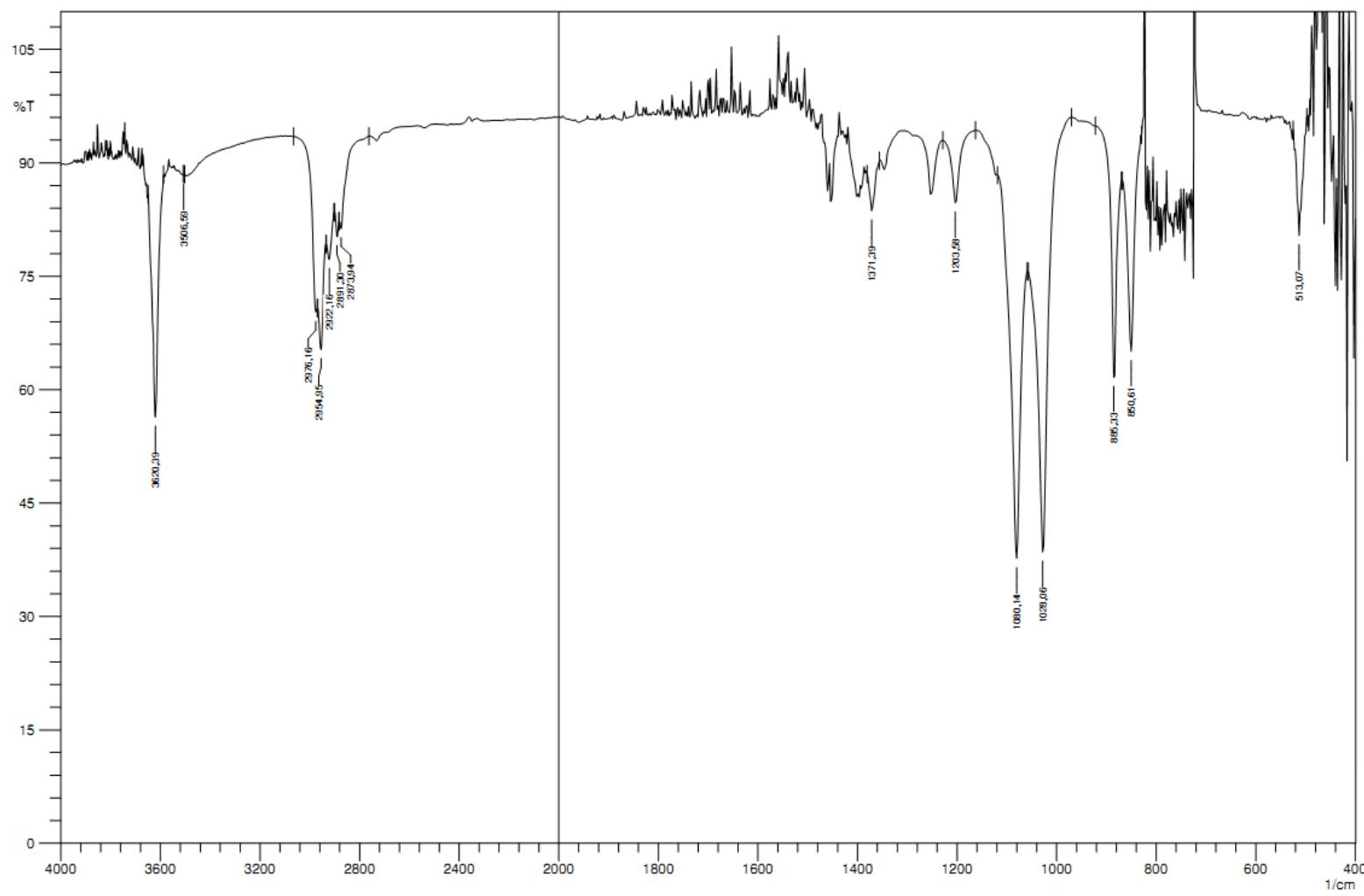
Spectrum S15: Infrared spectrum of **FE** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.01M.



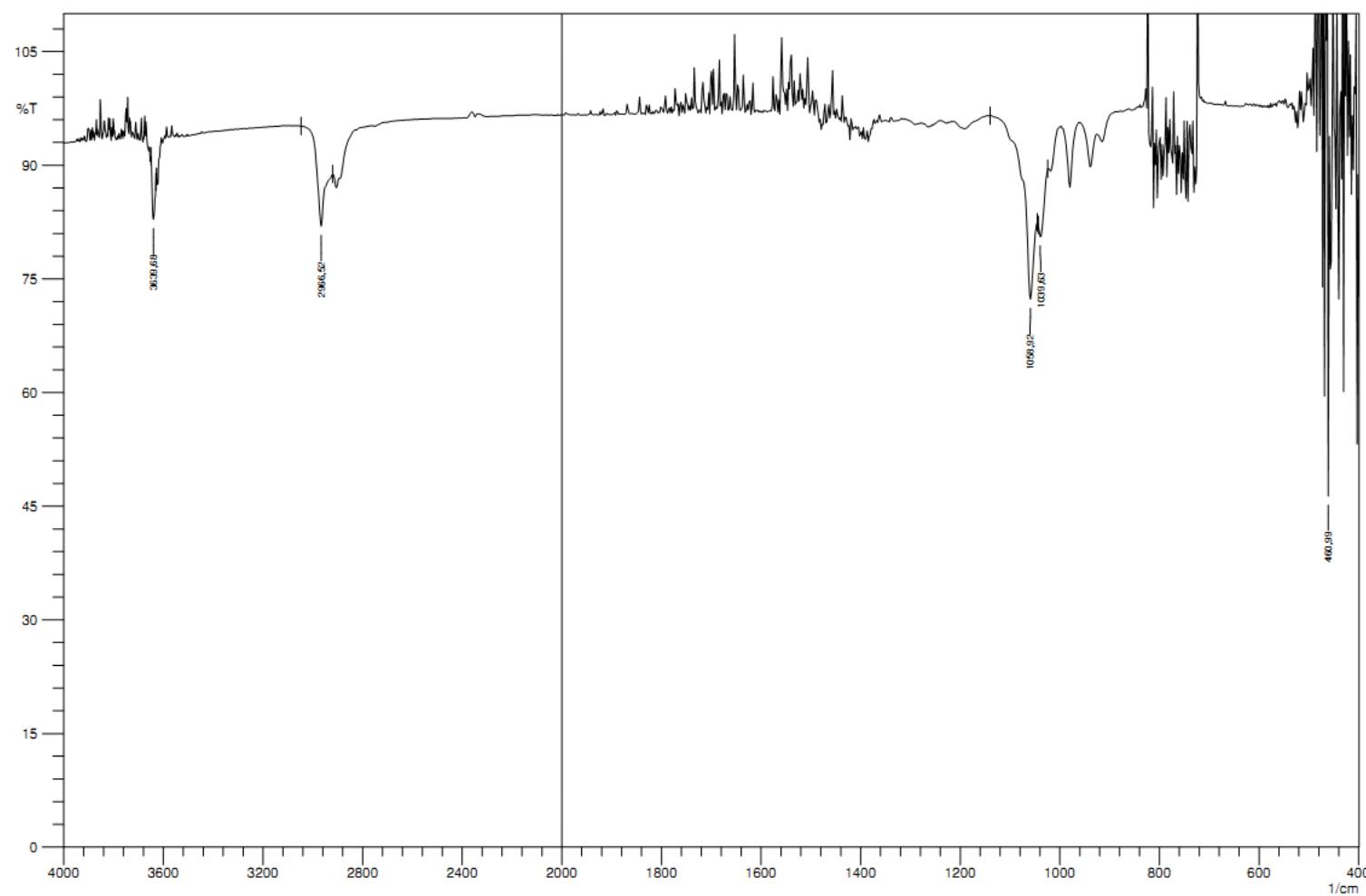
Spectrum S16: Infrared spectrum of **FE** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.03M.



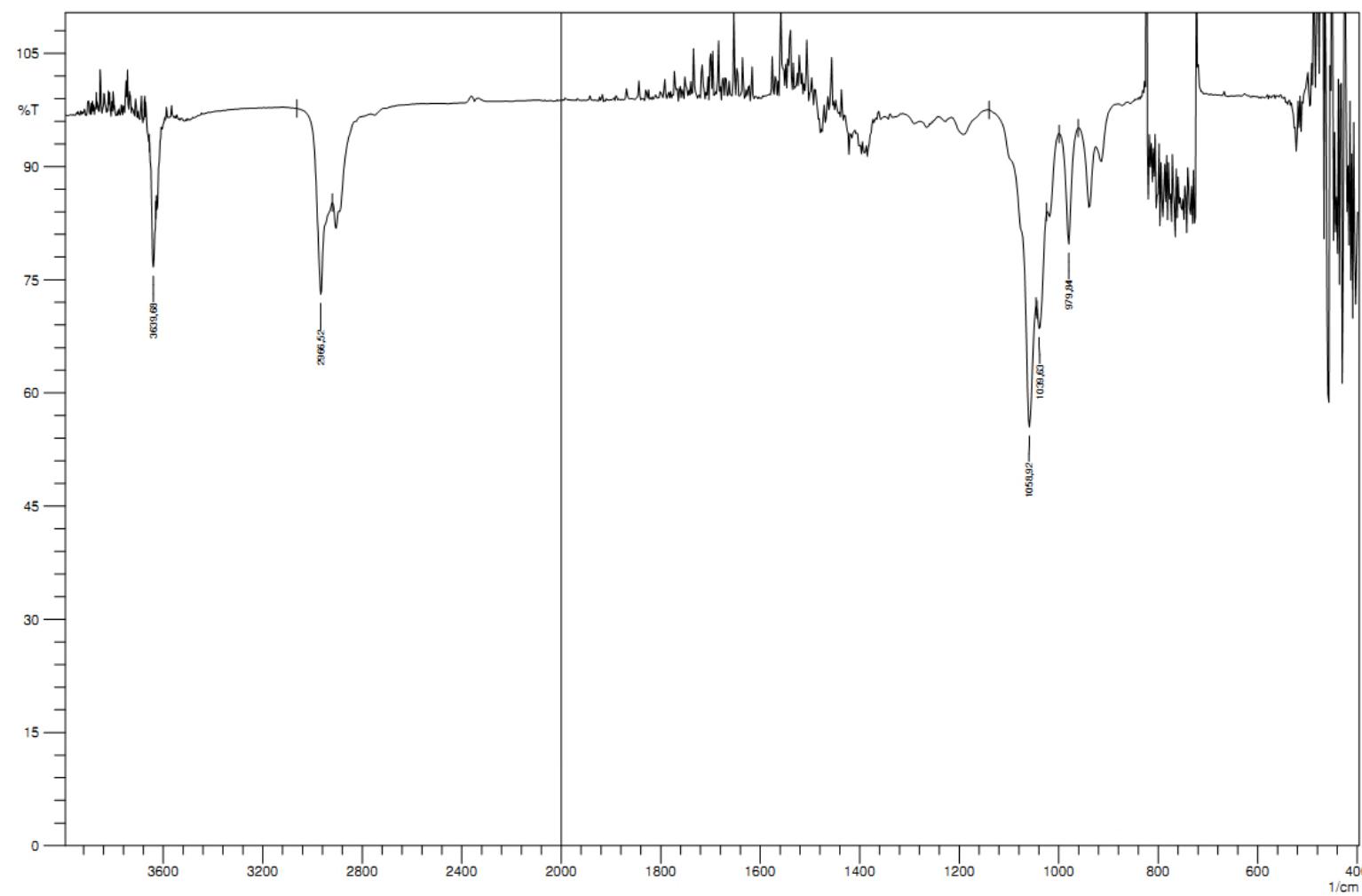
Spectrum S17: Infrared spectrum of **FE** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.05M.



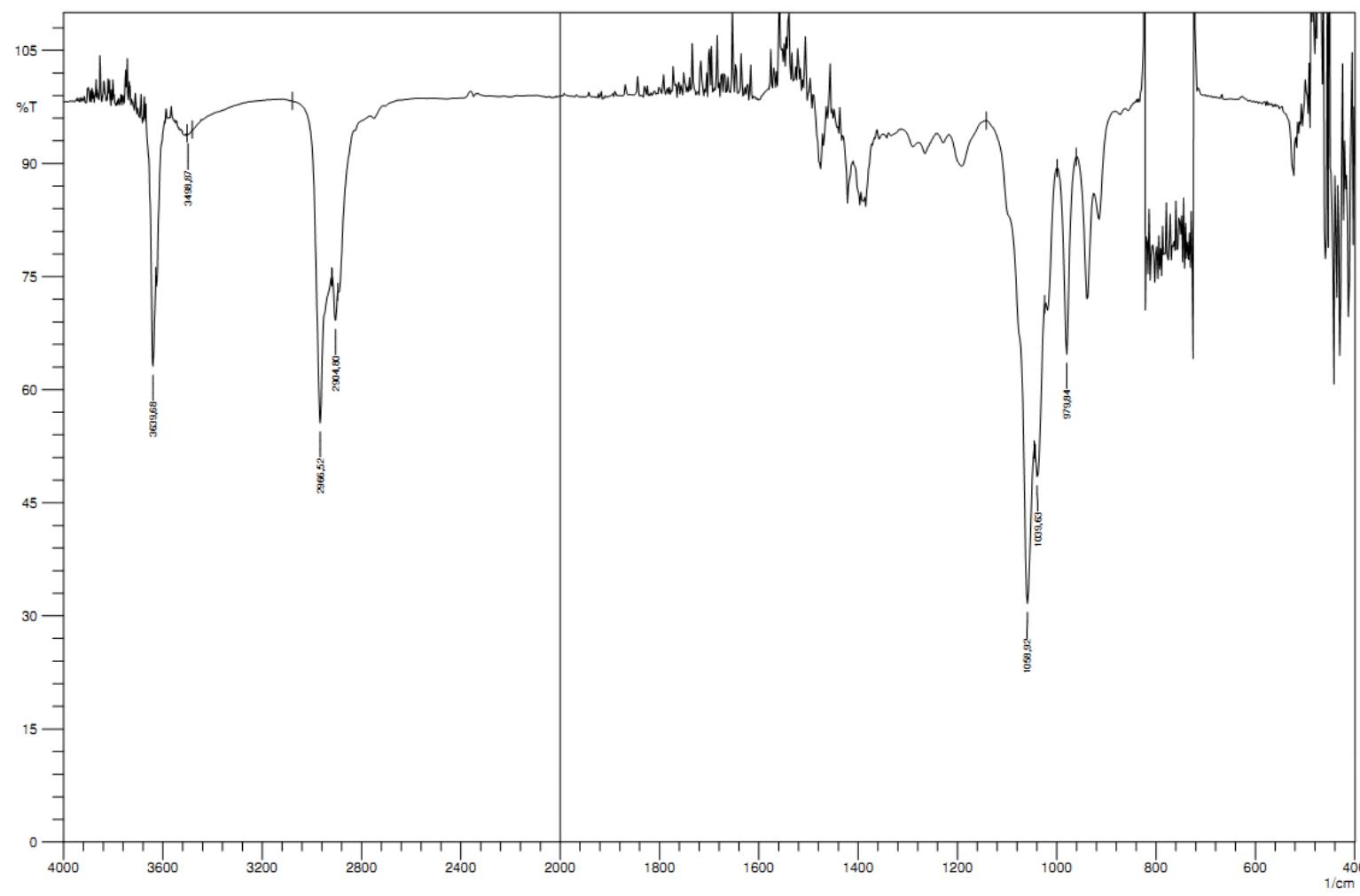
Spectrum S18: Infrared spectrum of **FE** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.1M.



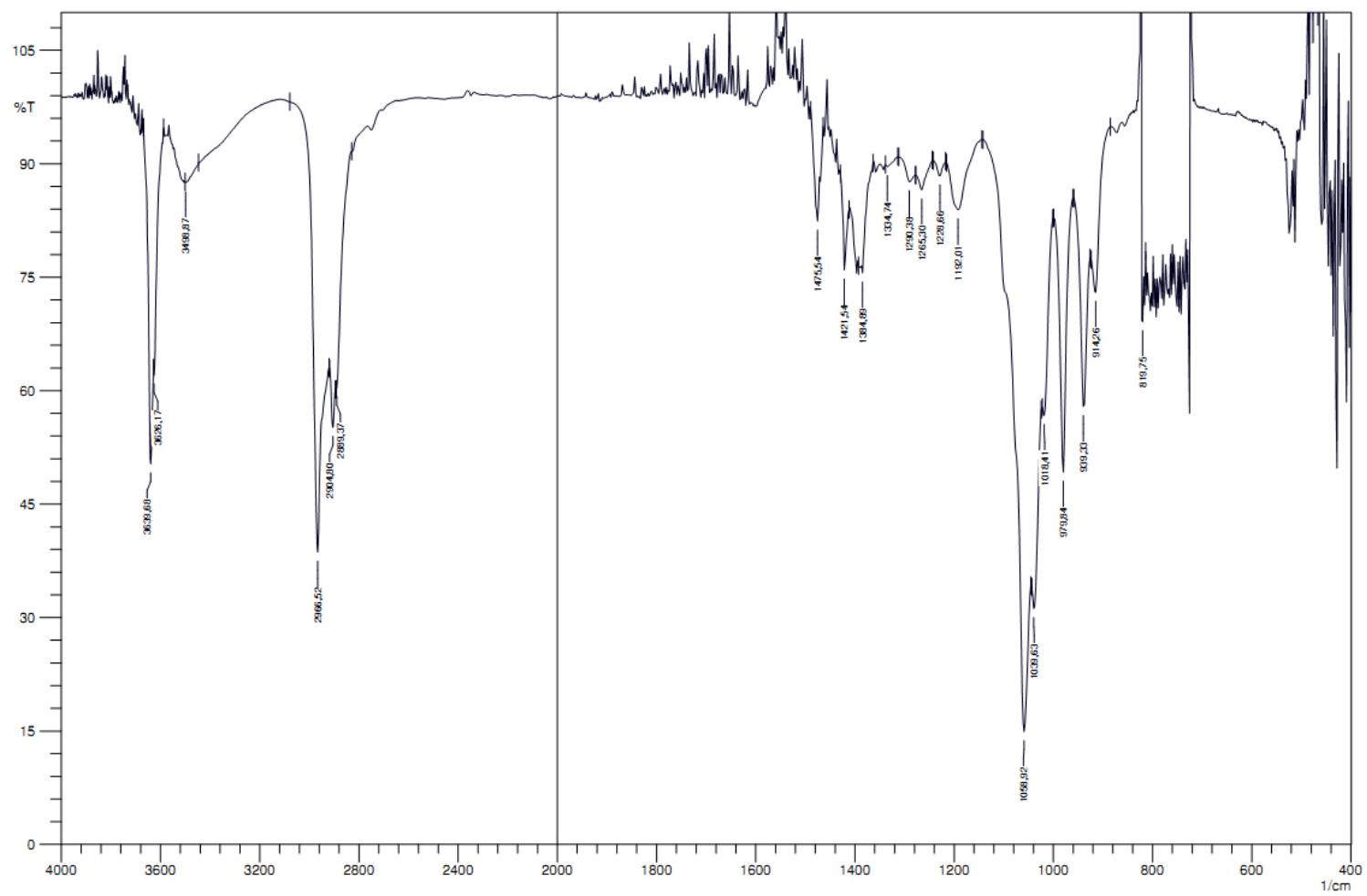
Spectrum S19: Infrared spectrum of **FP** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.01M.



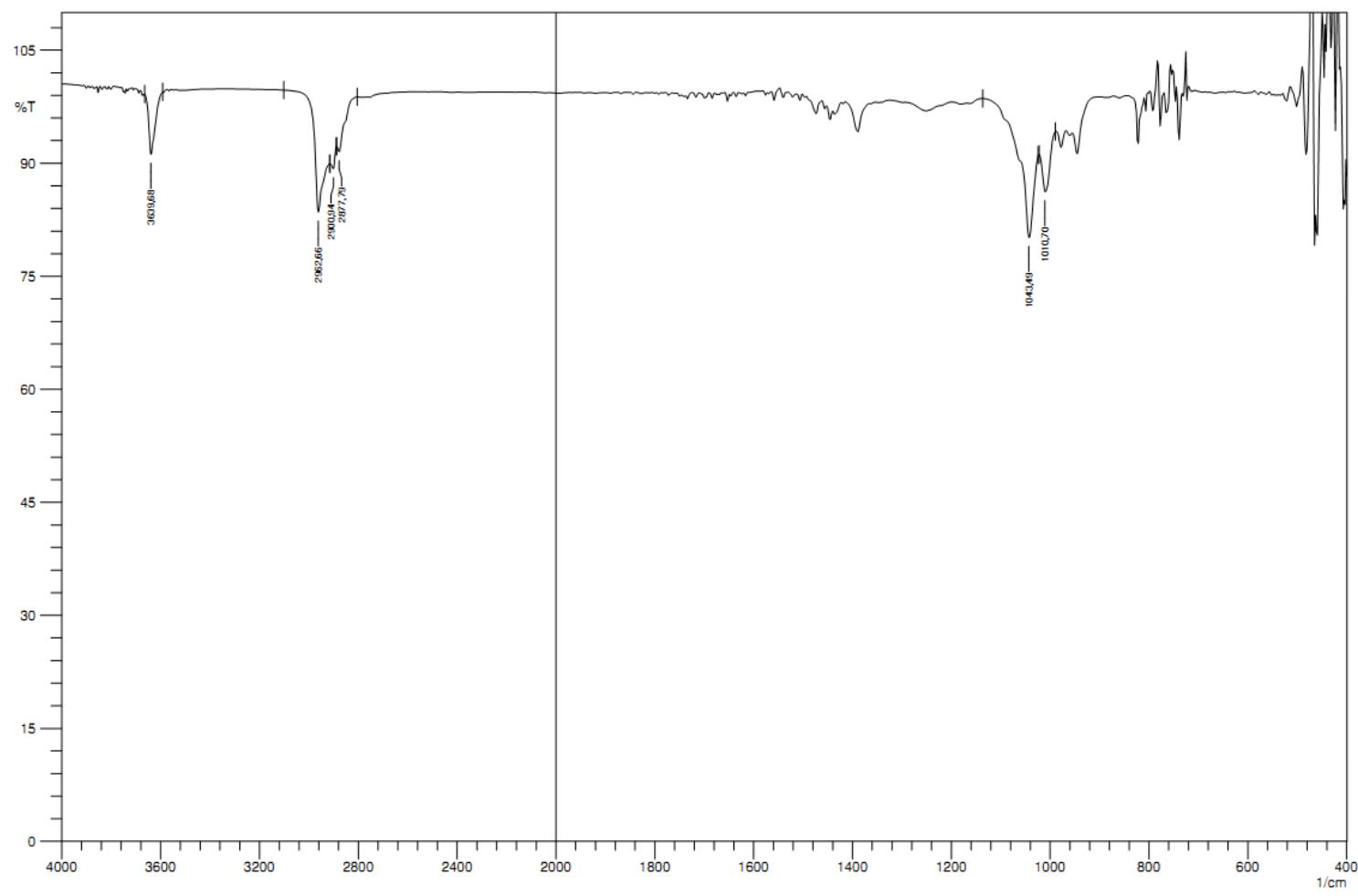
Spectrum S20: Infrared spectrum of **FP** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.03M.



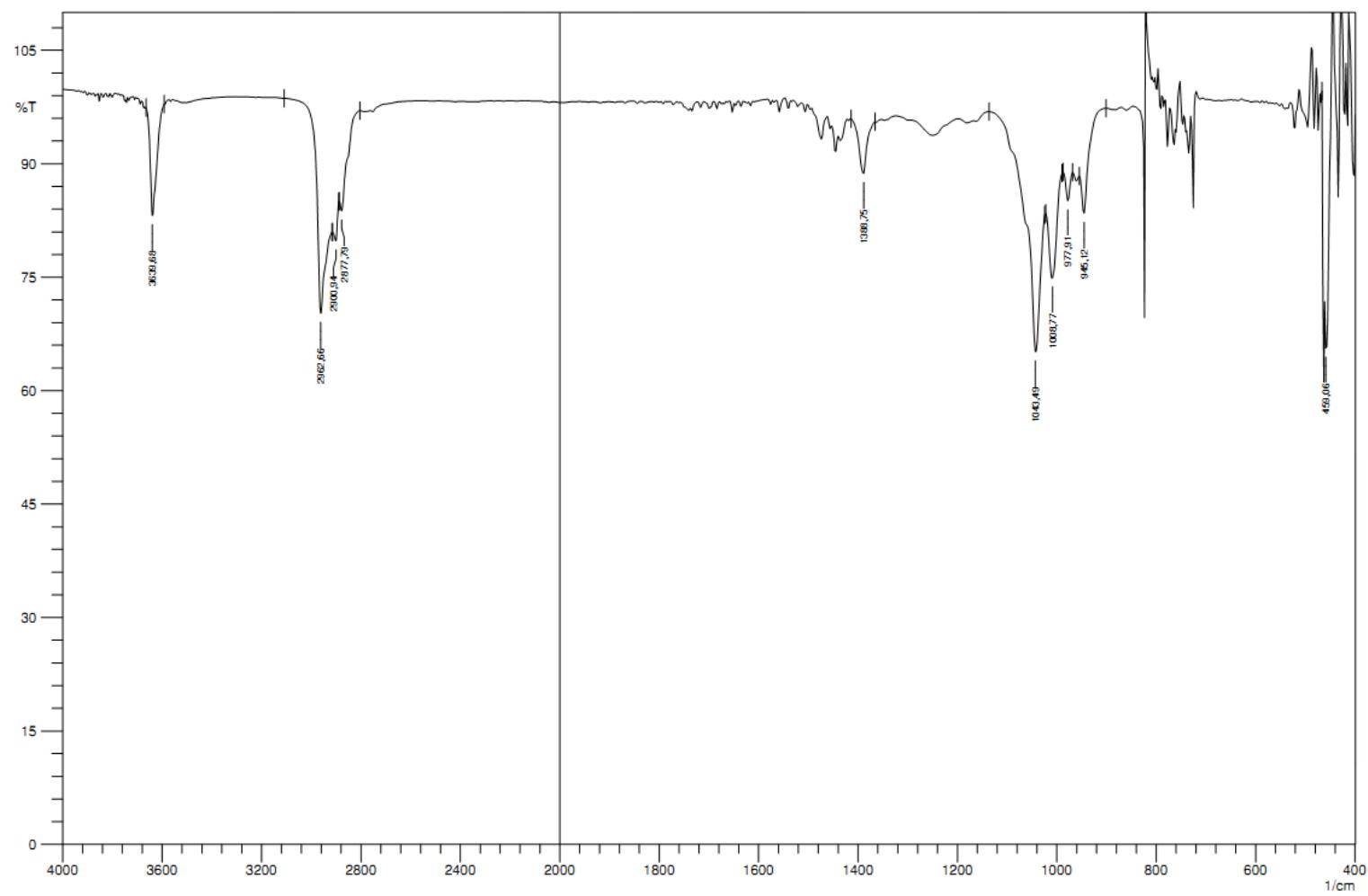
Spectrum S21: Infrared spectrum of **FP** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.05M.



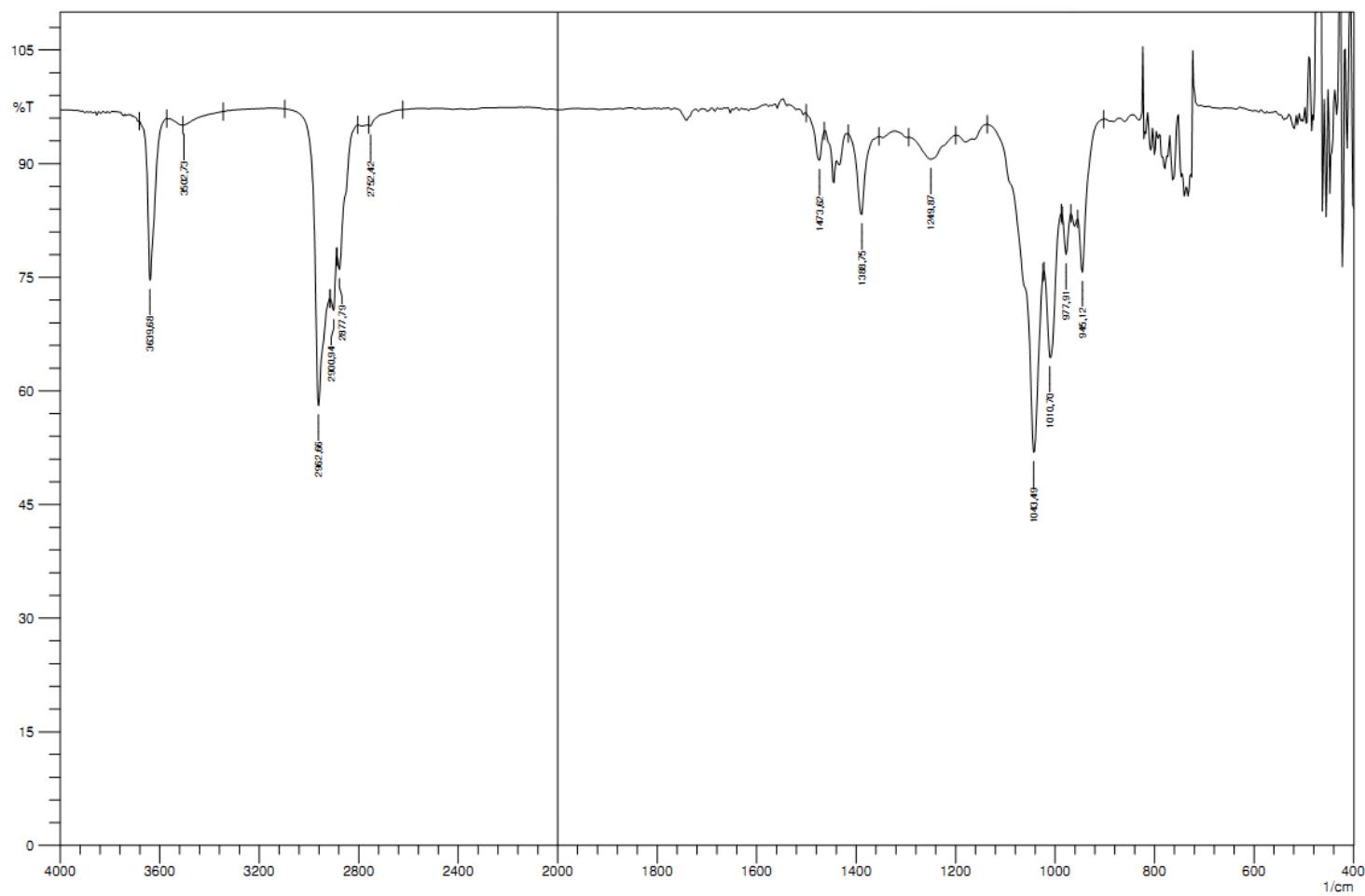
Spectrum S22: Infrared spectrum of **FP** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.1M.



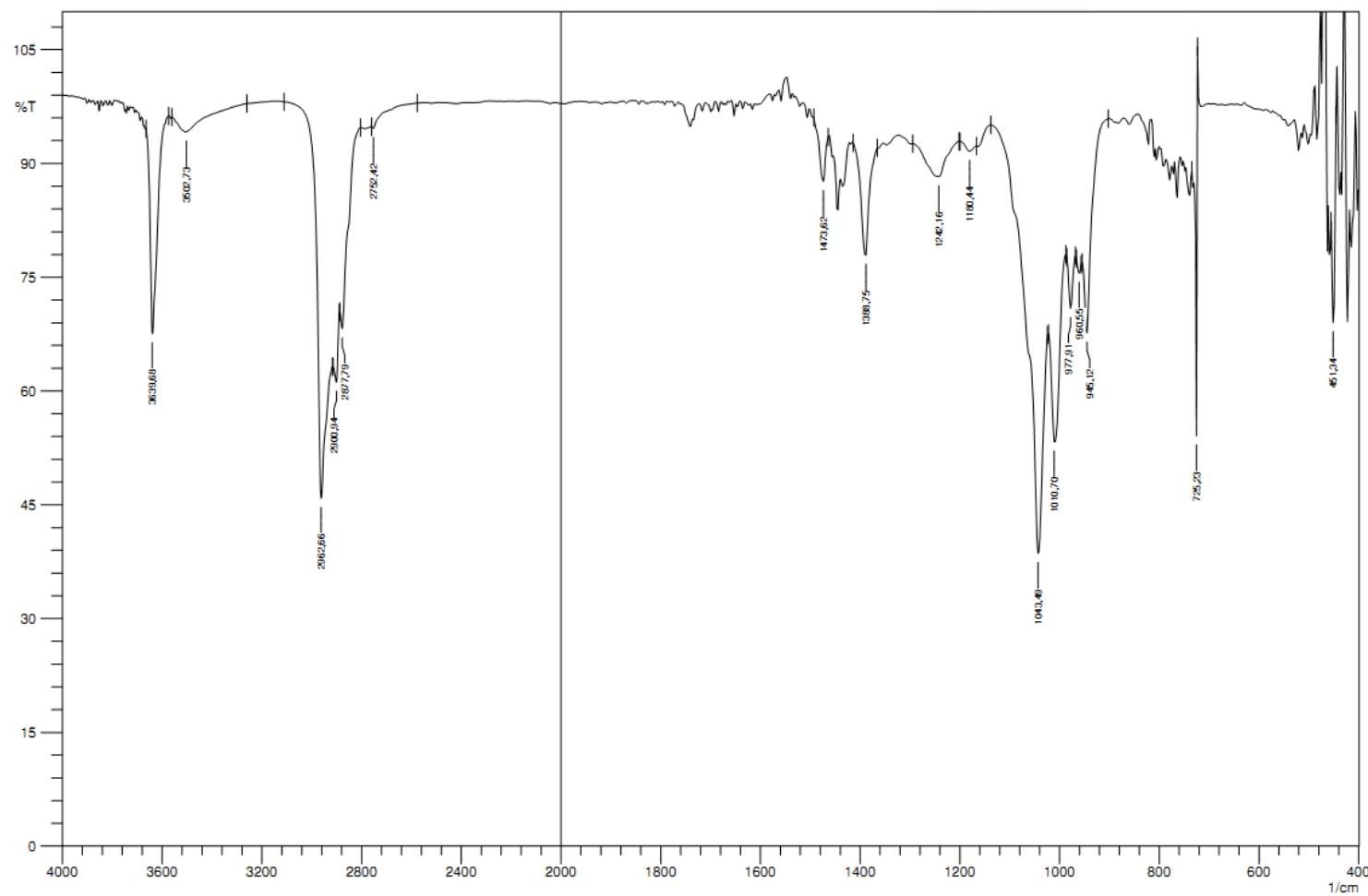
Spectrum S23: Infrared spectrum of **FB** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.01M.



Spectrum S24: Infrared spectrum of **FB** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.03M.



Spectrum S25: Infrared spectrum of **FB** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.05M.



Spectrum S26: Infrared spectrum of **FB** in CCl_4 . Concentration = 0.1M.