Chiral Molecular Conductor With An Insulator-Metal Transition Close To Room Temperature

Jonathan Short,* Toby J. Blundell,* Sara J. Krivickas,* Songjie Yang,* John D. Wallis,* Hiroki Akutsu,# Yasuhiro Nakazawa# and Lee Martin*#

*School of Science and Technology, Nottingham Trent University, Clifton Lane, Nottingham, NG11 8NS, United Kingdom.
# Department of Chemistry, Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, 1-1 Machikaneyama, Toyonaka, Osaka 560-0043, Japan.

Figs. S1-S3
Fig. S1 Band calculations at 300K (top) and 150K (bottom).
Fig. S2 Ewald sphere at 300K for θ-(1,1)TCNQ viewed along the c* axis showing the presence of incommensurate peaks along the a* (red) and b* (green) axis. Some reflections have been hidden for clarity.
Fig. S3 Schematic diagrams of the donor layer above (top) and below (bottom) the insulator-metal (IM) transition temperature.