

## Supporting Information

### New Cadmium Thio- and Selenocyanato Coordination Compounds: Structural Snapshots on the Reaction Pathway to more Condensed Anionic Networks

Inke Jeß, Jan Boeckmann and Christian Näther

Fig. S1	Experimental and calculated XRPD pattern for compound <b>1A</b> .	2
Fig. S2	Ortep plot of compound <b>1A</b> .	3
Tab. S1	Selected bond lengths and angles for compound <b>1A</b> .	3
Fig. S3	Ortep plot of compound <b>1B</b> .	4
Tab. S2	Selected bond lengths and angles for compound <b>1B</b> .	4
Fig. S4	Experimental and calculated XRPD pattern for compound <b>1CI</b> .	5
Fig. S5	Ortep plot of compound <b>1CI</b> .	6
Tab. S3	Selected bond lengths and angles for compound <b>1CI</b> .	6
Fig. S6	Experimental and calculated XRPD pattern for a mixture of compound <b>1CI</b> and <b>1D</b> .	7
Fig. S7	Ortep plot of compound <b>1D</b> .	7
Tab. S4	Selected bond lengths and angles for compound <b>1D</b> .	8
Fig. S8	Heating rate dependent measurements for compound <b>2A</b> .	9
Fig. S9	XRPD pattern of the intermediate isolated in the thermal decomposition reaction of <b>1A</b> and XRPD pattern of form <b>1CI</b> calculated from single crystal data.	10
Fig. S10	IR and Raman spectra for compound <b>1CI</b> .	11
Fig. S11	IR and Raman spectra for compound <b>1CII</b> .	12
Fig. S12	Experimental and calculated XRPD pattern for compound <b>2A</b> .	13
Fig. S13	Ortep plot of compound <b>2A</b> .	14
Tab. S5	Selected bond lengths and angles for compound <b>2A</b> .	14
Fig. S14	Ortep plot of compound <b>2B</b> .	15
Tab. S6	Selected bond lengths and angles for compound <b>2B</b> .	15
Fig. S15	IR and Raman spectra for compound <b>2A</b> .	16
Fig. S16	Rietveld plot of the 3:2 compound $\{[\text{Mn}(\text{NCS})_2]_3(\text{pyrimidine})_2\}_n$	17
Fig. S17	Rietveld plot of the 3:2 compound $\{[\text{Fe}(\text{NCS})_2]_3(\text{pyrimidine})_2\}_n$	17

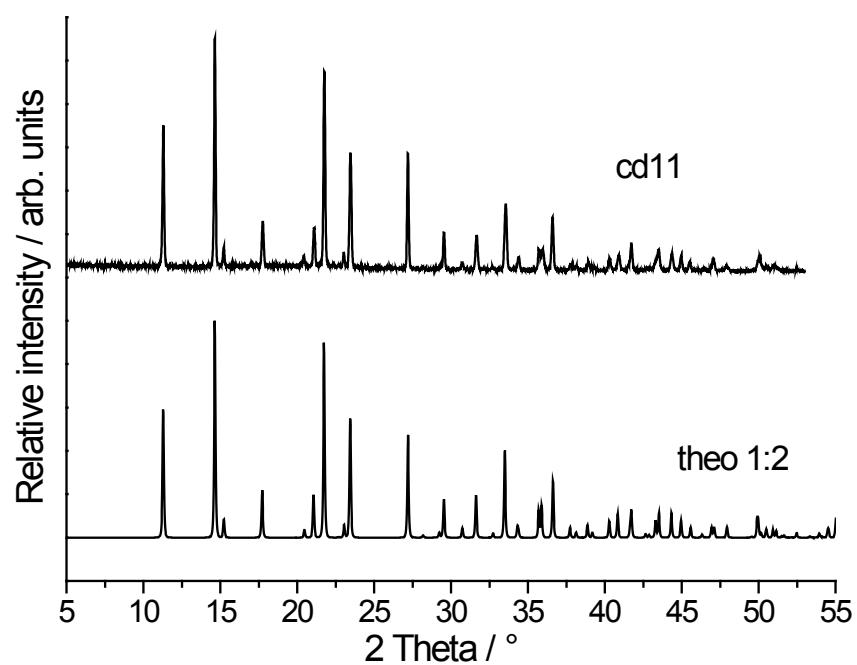


Figure S1. Experimental (top) and calculated (bottom) XRPD pattern for compound **1A**.

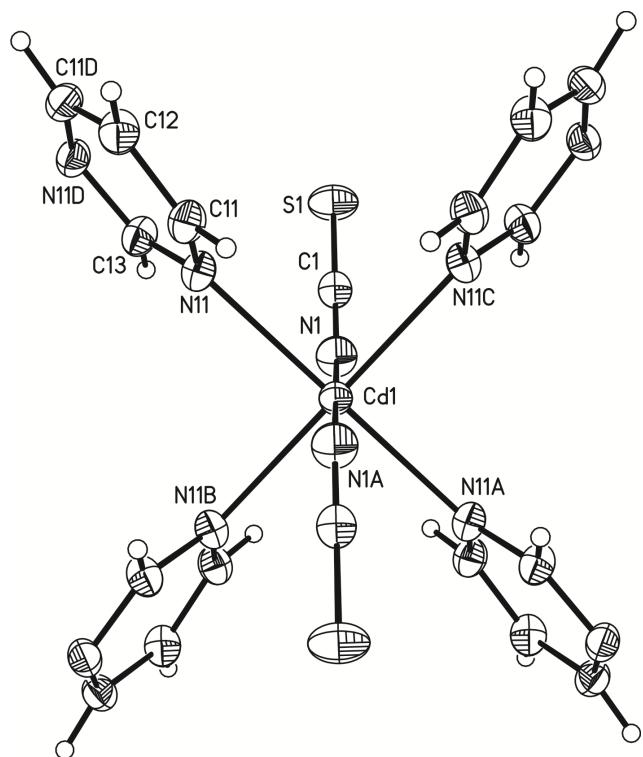


Figure S2. Crystal structure of compound **1A** with labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table S1. Selected bond lengths [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and angles [ $^\circ$ ] for compound **1A**.

Cd(1)-N(1A)	2.224(5)	Cd(1)-N(11)	2.423(3)
Cd(1)-N(1)	2.224(5)	Cd(1)-N(11B)	2.423(3)
Cd(1)-N(11A)	2.423(3)	Cd(1)-N(11C)	2.423(3)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(1)	180.0(3)	N(11A)-Cd(1)-N(11)	180.0(2)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(11A)	91.08(14)	N(11A)-Cd(1)-N(11B)	88.07(17)
N(1)-Cd(1)-N(11A)	88.92(14)	N(11)-Cd(1)-N(11B)	91.93(17)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(11)	88.92(14)	N(11A)-Cd(1)-N(11C)	91.93(17)
N(1)-Cd(1)-N(11)	91.08(14)	N(11)-Cd(1)-N(11C)	88.07(17)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(11B)	91.08(14)	N(11B)-Cd(1)-N(11C)	180.0
N(1)-Cd(1)-N(11B)	88.92(14)	N(1)-Cd(1)-N(11C)	91.08(14)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(11C)	88.92(14)		

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

A = -x, -y+1, -z; B = x, -y+1, -z; C = -x, y, z; D = -x+1/2, y, -z+1/2.

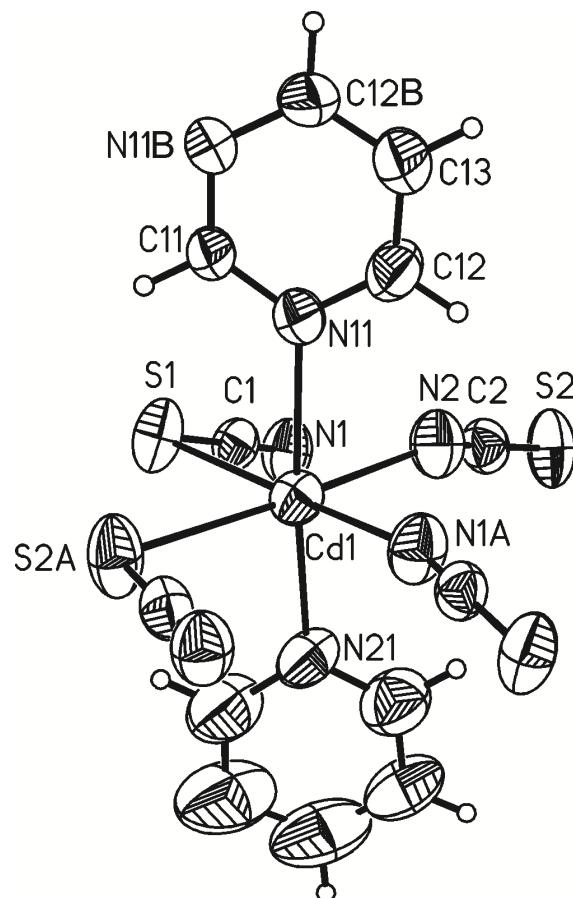


Figure S3. Crystal structure of compound **1B** with labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table S2. Selected bond lengths [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and angles [ $^\circ$ ] for compound **1B**.

Cd(1)-N(1A)	2.284(6)	Cd(1)-N(11)	2.406(5)
Cd(1)-N(2)	2.319(6)	Cd(1)-S(2A)	2.674(2)
Cd(1)-N(21)	2.358(6)	Cd(1)-S(1)	2.7210(19)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(2)	88.11(18)	N(21)-Cd(1)-S(2A)	93.32(18)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(21)	93.8(2)	N(11)-Cd(1)-S(2A)	93.45(13)
N(2)-Cd(1)-N(21)	87.7(2)	N(1A)-Cd(1)-S(1)	176.36(18)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(11)	87.9(2)	N(2)-Cd(1)-S(1)	94.24(15)
N(2)-Cd(1)-N(11)	85.4(2)	N(21)-Cd(1)-S(1)	89.07(16)
N(21)-Cd(1)-N(11)	172.8(2)	N(11)-Cd(1)-S(1)	89.48(13)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-S(2A)	95.18(14)	S(2A)-Cd(1)-S(1)	82.41(6)
N(2)-Cd(1)-S(2A)	176.49(15)		

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

A:  $x-1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$ ; B:  $x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$ ; C:  $-x+1, -y+1, z$ .

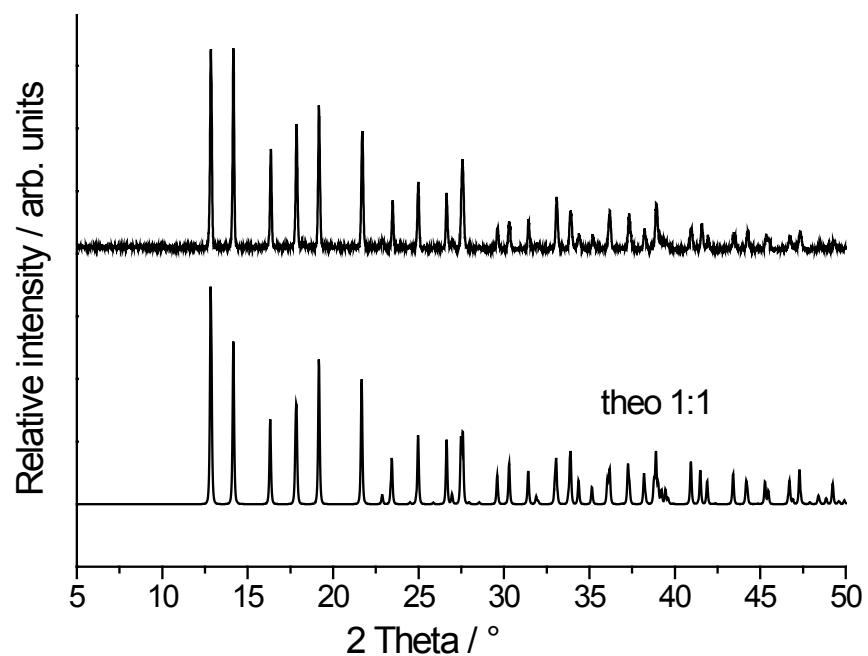


Fig. S4 Experimental and calculated XRPD pattern for compound **1Cl**.

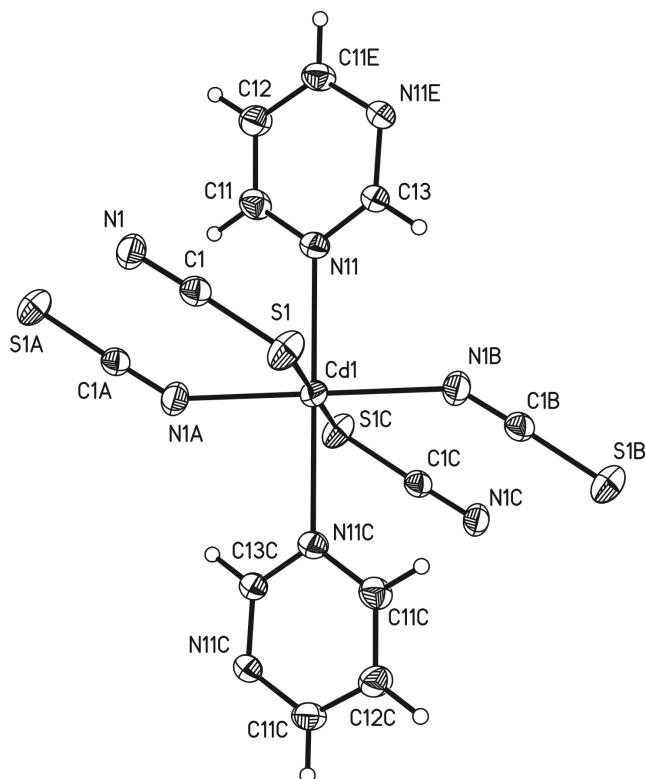


Figure S5. Crystal structure of compound **1Cl** with labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table S3. Selected bond lengths [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and angles [ $^\circ$ ] for compound **1Cl**.

Cd(1)-N(1A)	2.2935(17)	Cd(1)-N(11C)	2.4160(15)
Cd(1)-N(1B)	2.2935(17)	Cd(1)-S(1)	2.7030(7)
Cd(1)-N(11)	2.4160(15)	Cd(1)-S(1C)	2.7030(7)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(1B)	180.00(8)	N(11)-Cd(1)-S(1)	85.39(4)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(11)	90.47(6)	N(11C)-Cd(1)-S(1)	94.61(4)
N(1B)-Cd(1)-N(11)	89.53(6)	N(1A)-Cd(1)-S(1C)	86.60(5)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(11C)	89.53(6)	N(1B)-Cd(1)-S(1C)	93.40(5)
N(1B)-Cd(1)-N(11C)	90.47(6)	N(11)-Cd(1)-S(1C)	94.61(4)
N(11)-Cd(1)-N(11C)	180.000(1)	N(11C)-Cd(1)-S(1C)	85.39(4)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-S(1)	93.40(5)	S(1)-Cd(1)-S(1C)	180.000(11)
N(1B)-Cd(1)-S(1)	86.60(5)		

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

A:  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; B:  $x + 1, y, z$ ; C:  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; D:  $x - 1, y, z$ ; E:  $x, -y + 3/2, z$ .

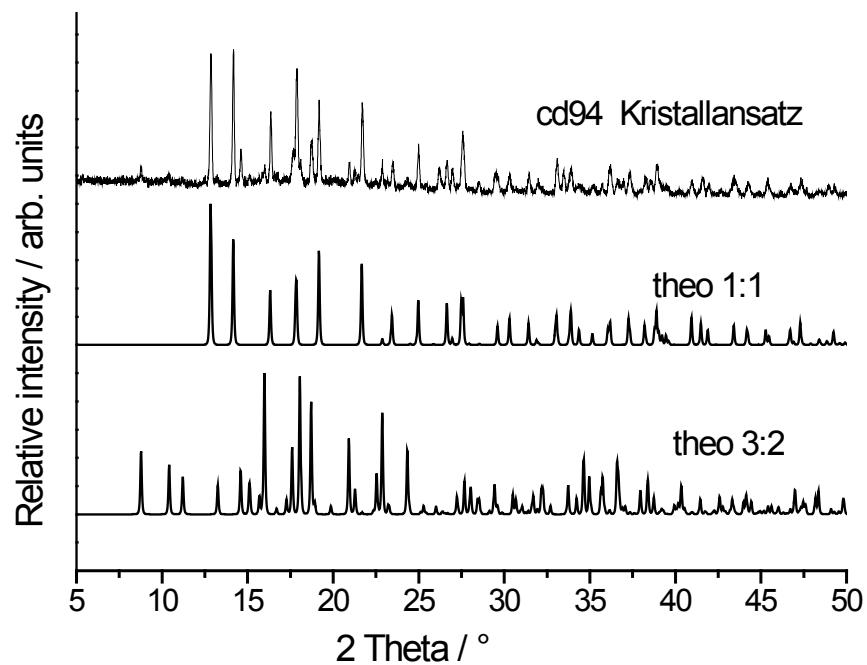


Figure S6. Experimental XRPD pattern of a mixture of single crystals of compound **1Cl** and **1D** (top) and XRPD pattern for compound **1Cl** (mid) and **1D** (bottom) calculated from single crystal data.

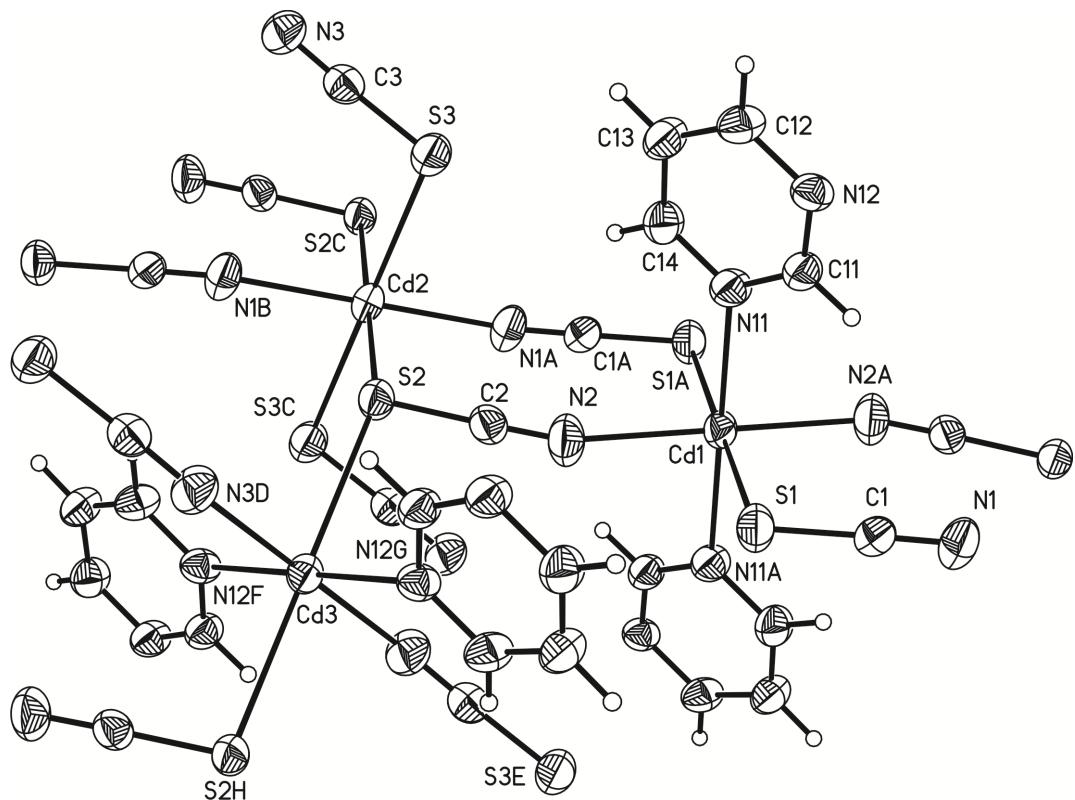


Figure S7. Crystal structure of compound **1D** with labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table S4. Selected bond lengths [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and angles [ $^\circ$ ] for compound **1D**.

Cd(1)-N(2)	2.291(2)	Cd(1)-N(11A)	2.3542(17)
Cd(1)-N(2A)	2.291(2)	Cd(1)-S(1A)	2.7027(6)
Cd(1)-N(11)	2.3542(17)	Cd(1)-S(1)	2.7027(6)
N(2)-Cd(1)-N(2A)	180.000(1)	N(11)-Cd(1)-S(1A)	91.64(5)
N(2)-Cd(1)-N(11)	89.63(8)	N(11A)-Cd(1)-S(1A)	88.36(5)
N(2A)-Cd(1)-N(11)	90.37(8)	N(2)-Cd(1)-S(1)	86.44(6)
N(2)-Cd(1)-N(11A)	90.37(8)	N(2A)-Cd(1)-S(1)	93.56(6)
N(2A)-Cd(1)-N(11A)	89.63(8)	N(11)-Cd(1)-S(1)	88.36(5)
N(11)-Cd(1)-N(11A)	180.00(7)	N(11A)-Cd(1)-S(1)	91.64(5)
N(2)-Cd(1)-S(1A)	93.56(6)	S(1A)-Cd(1)-S(1)	180.00(2)
N(2A)-Cd(1)-S(1A)	86.44(6)		
Cd(2)-N(1A)	2.2499(19)	Cd(2)-S(3C)	2.7127(6)
Cd(2)-N(1B)	2.2499(19)	Cd(2)-S(2C)	2.7849(6)
Cd(2)-S(3)	2.7127(6)	Cd(2)-S(2)	2.7849(6)
N(1A)-Cd(2)-N(1B)	180.00(9)	S(3)-Cd(2)-S(2C)	91.95(2)
N(1A)-Cd(2)-S(3)	84.78(6)	S(3C)-Cd(2)-S(2C)	88.05(2)
N(1B)-Cd(2)-S(3)	95.22(6)	N(1A)-Cd(2)-S(2)	92.85(5)
N(1A)-Cd(2)-S(3C)	95.22(6)	N(1B)-Cd(2)-S(2)	87.15(5)
N(1B)-Cd(2)-S(3C)	84.78(6)	S(3)-Cd(2)-S(2)	88.05(2)
S(3)-Cd(2)-S(3C)	180.00(2)	S(3C)-Cd(2)-S(2)	91.95(2)
N(1A)-Cd(2)-S(2C)	87.15(5)	S(2C)-Cd(2)-S(2)	180.00(3)
N(1B)-Cd(2)-S(2C)	92.85(5)		
Cd(3)-N(3D)	2.271(2)	Cd(3)-N(12G)	2.3671(16)
Cd(3)-N(3E)	2.271(2)	Cd(3)-S(2)	2.7507(6)
Cd(3)-N(12F)	2.3671(16)	Cd(3)-S(2H)	2.7507(6)
N(3D)-Cd(3)-N(3E)	180.0	N(12F)-Cd(3)-S(2)	92.61(4)
N(3D)-Cd(3)-N(12F)	88.29(7)	N(12G)-Cd(3)-S(2)	87.39(4)
N(3E)-Cd(3)-N(12F)	91.71(7)	N(3D)-Cd(3)-S(2H)	95.99(6)
N(3D)-Cd(3)-N(12G)	91.71(7)	N(3E)-Cd(3)-S(2H)	84.01(6)
N(3E)-Cd(3)-N(12G)	88.29(7)	N(12F)-Cd(3)-S(2H)	87.39(4)
N(12F)-Cd(3)-N(12G)	180.00(5)	N(12G)-Cd(3)-S(2H)	92.61(4)
N(3D)-Cd(3)-S(2)	84.01(6)	S(2)-Cd(3)-S(2H)	180.0
N(3E)-Cd(3)-S(2)	95.99(6)		

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

A: -x,-y+1,-z+1; B: x,y-1,z-1; C: -x,-y,-z; D: -x+1,-y,-z; E: x,y+1,z; F: x,y,z-1;  
 G: -x+1,-y+1,-z+1; H -x+1,-y+1,-z.

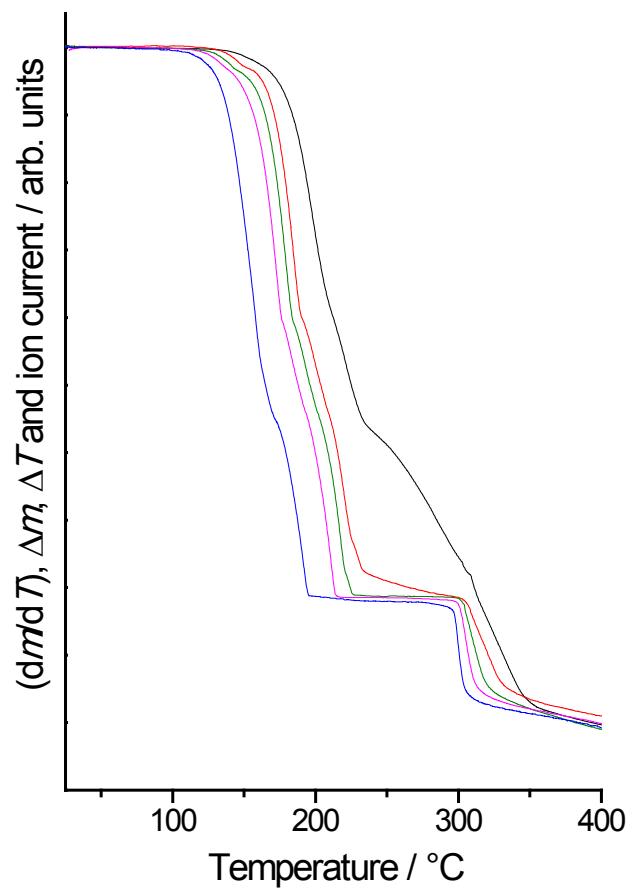


Fig. S8: Heating rate dependent measurements for compound **1A**.

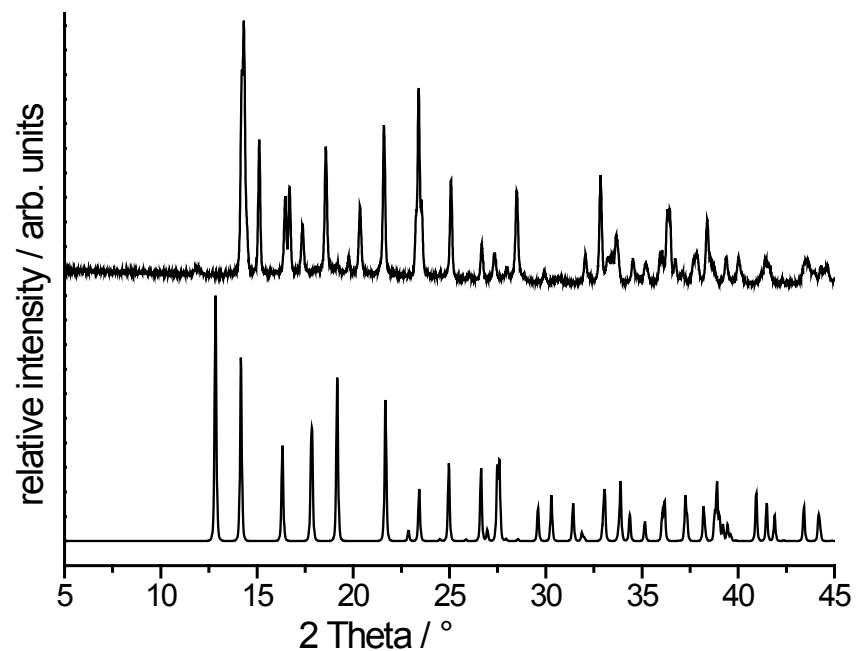


Fig. S9. XRPD pattern of the intermediate isolated in the thermal decomposition reaction of **1A** (top) and XRPD pattern of form **1CI** calculated from single crystal data (bottom).

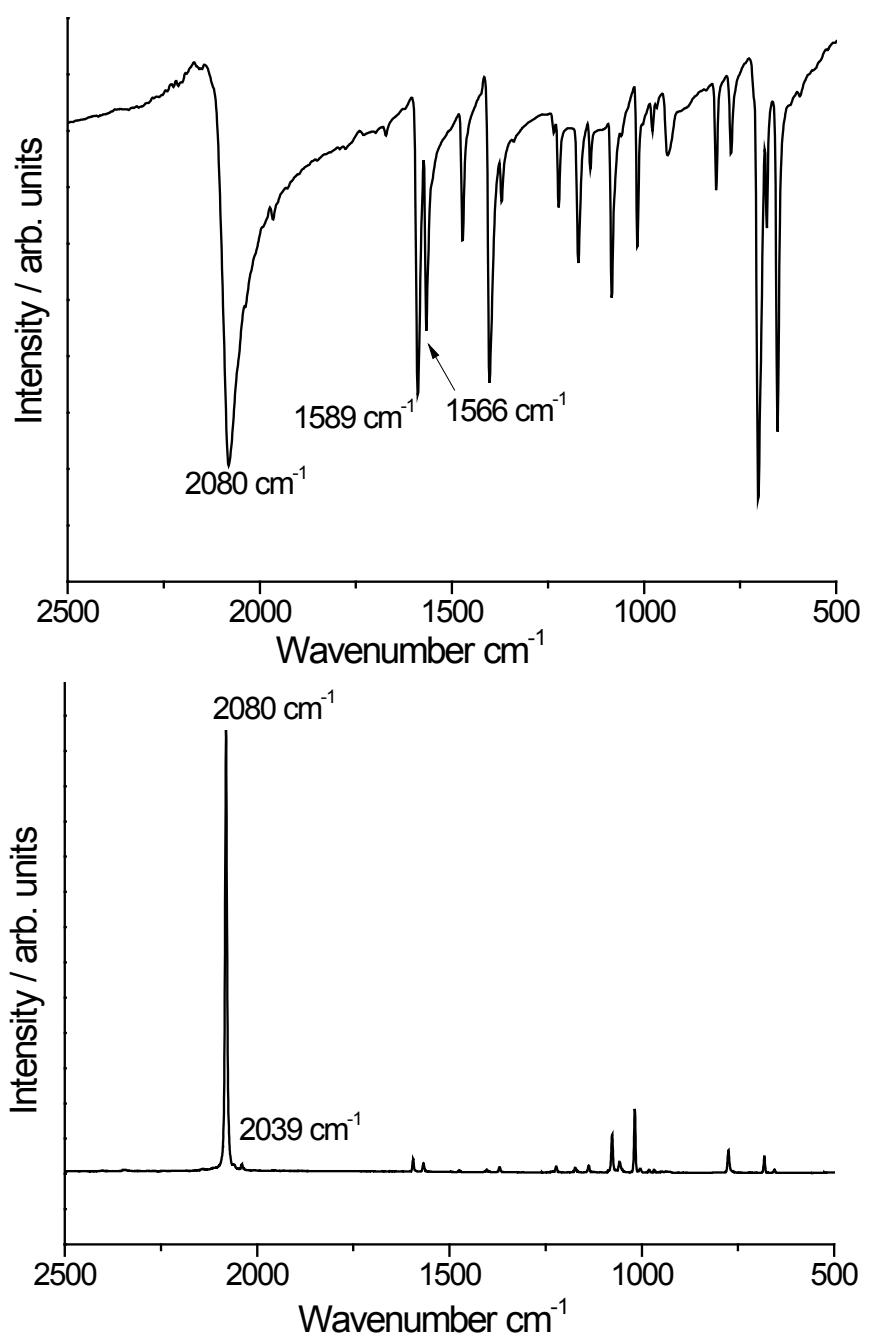


Fig. S10. IR (top) and Raman spectra (bottom) for compound **1CI**.

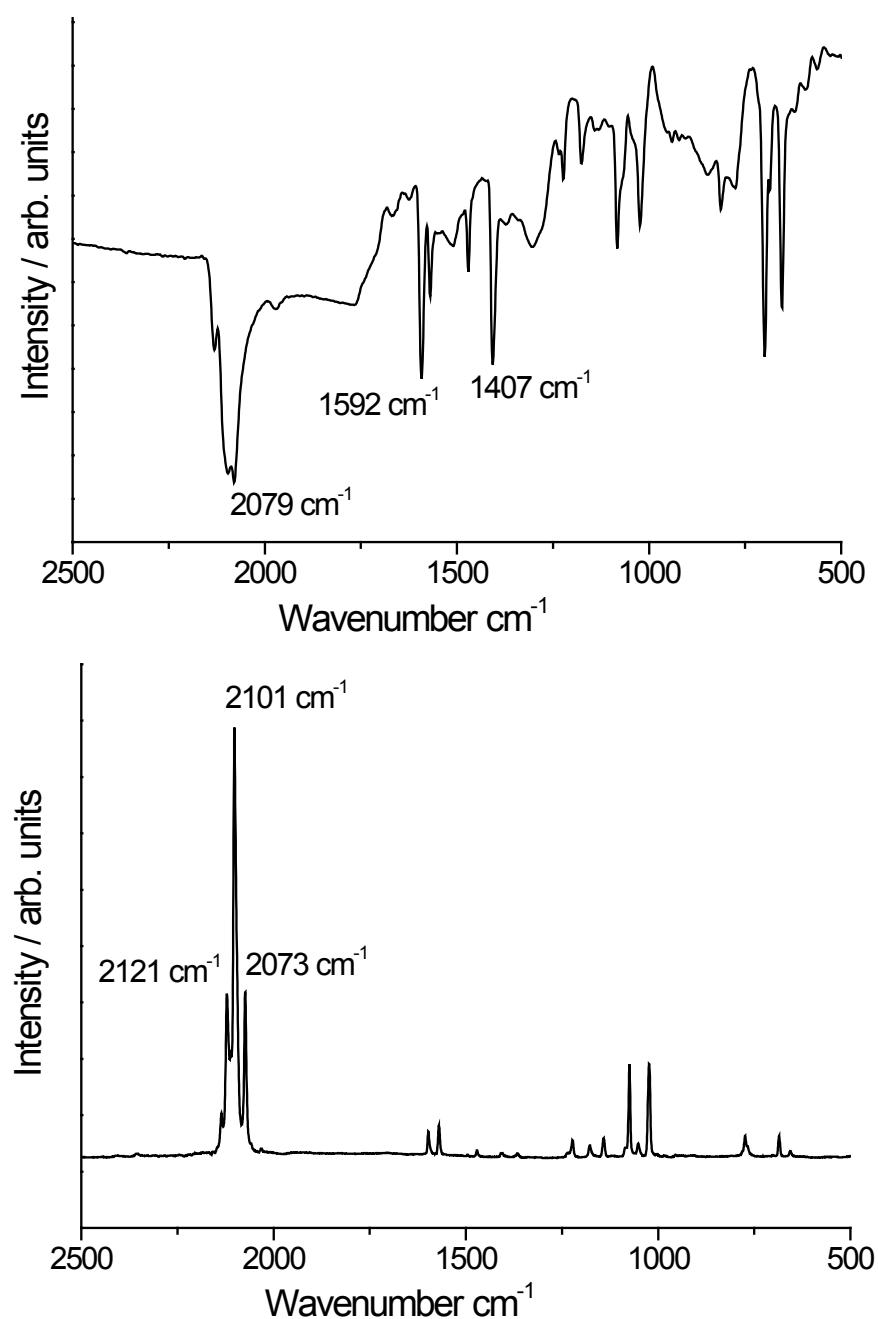


Fig. S11. IR (top) and Raman spectra (bottom) for compound **1CII**.

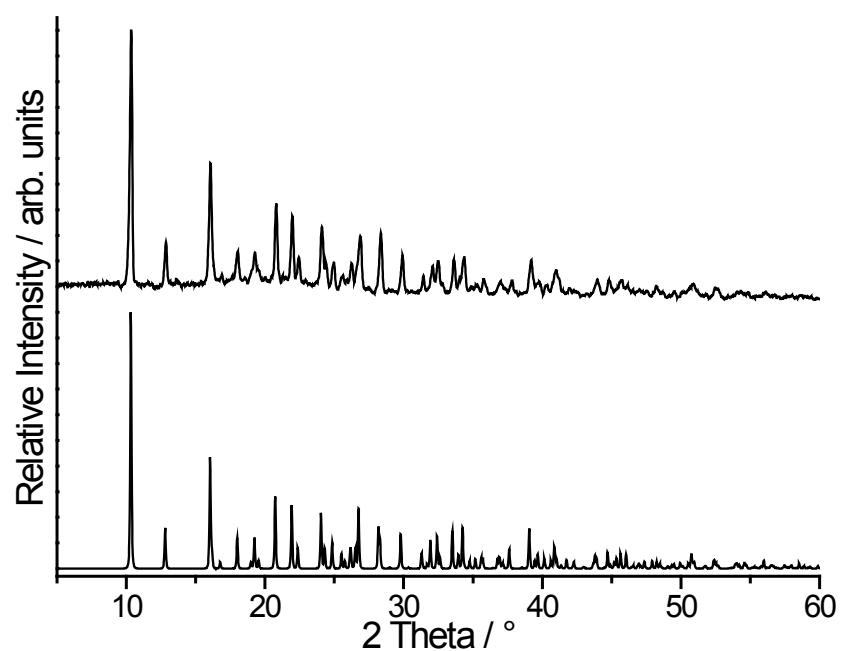


Fig. S12. Experimental and calculated XRPD pattern for compound **2A**.

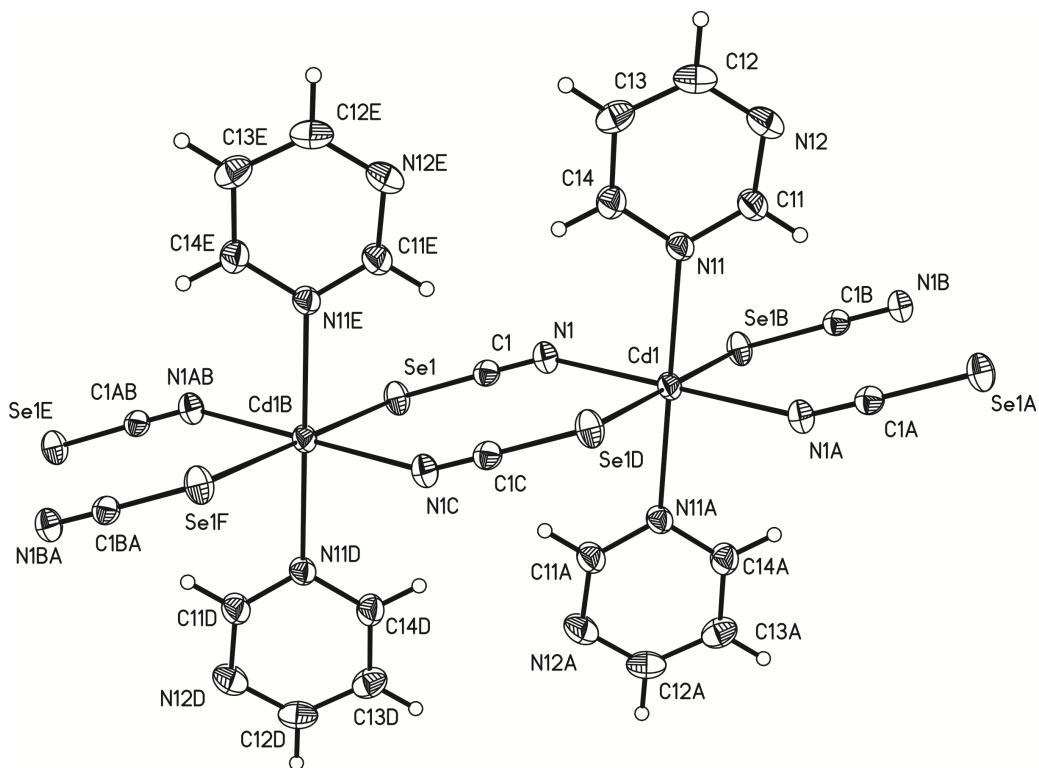


Fig. S13. Ortep plot of compound 2A.

Table S5. Selected bond lengths [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and angles [ $^\circ$ ] for compound 2A.

Cd(1)-N(1)	2.325(3)	Cd(1)-Se(1C)	2.8521(7)
Cd(1)-N(1A)	2.325(3)	Cd(1)-N(11)	2.368(3)
Cd(1)-Se(1B)	2.8521(7)	Cd(1)-N(11A)	2.368(3)
N(1)-Cd(1)-N(1A)	180.0	Se(1B)-Cd(1)-Se(1C)	180.0
N(1)-Cd(1)-Se(1B)	90.92(7)	N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(11)	90.02(11)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-Se(1B)	89.08(7)	N(1)-Cd(1)-N(11A)	90.02(11)
N(11)-Cd(1)-Se(1B)	87.24(7)	N(1A)-Cd(1)-N(11A)	89.98(11)
N(1)-Cd(1)-Se(1C)	89.08(7)	N(1)-Cd(1)-N(11)	89.98(11)
N(1A)-Cd(1)-Se(1C)	90.92(7)	N(11)-Cd(1)-N(11A)	180.0
N(11)-Cd(1)-Se(1C)	92.76(7)	N(11A)-Cd(1)-Se(1B)	92.76(7)
N(11A)-Cd(1)-Se(1C)	87.24(7)	C(13)-C(14)	1.369(6)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

A:  $-x, -y - 1, -z - 1$ ; B:  $-x, -y - 2, -z - 1$ ; C:  $x, y + 1, z$ ; D:  $x, y - 1, z$ .

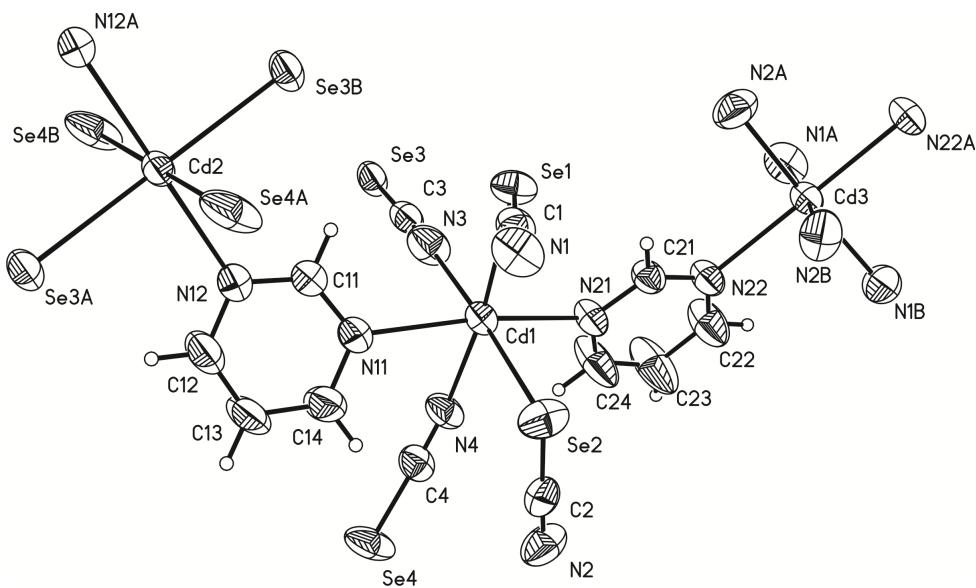


Fig. S14. Ortep plot of compound **2B**.

Table S6. Selected bond lengths [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and angles [ $^\circ$ ] for compound **2B**.

Cd(1)-N(3)	2.312(4)	Cd(1)-N(11)	2.442(4)
Cd(1)-N(4)	2.349(4)	Cd(1)-Se(2)	2.7298(6)
Cd(1)-N(21)	2.438(4)	Cd(1)-Se(1)	2.7538(5)
N(3)-Cd(1)-N(4)	84.28(15)	N(21)-Cd(1)-Se(2)	91.68(10)
N(3)-Cd(1)-N(21)	89.48(16)	N(11)-Cd(1)-Se(2)	91.62(10)
N(4)-Cd(1)-N(21)	85.53(13)	N(3)-Cd(1)-Se(1)	86.93(12)
N(3)-Cd(1)-N(11)	86.58(16)	N(4)-Cd(1)-Se(1)	171.08(10)
N(4)-Cd(1)-N(11)	82.83(14)	N(21)-Cd(1)-Se(1)	95.90(9)
N(21)-Cd(1)-N(11)	168.03(13)	N(11)-Cd(1)-Se(1)	95.18(10)
N(3)-Cd(1)-Se(2)	176.50(11)	Se(2)-Cd(1)-Se(1)	96.231(18)
N(4)-Cd(1)-Se(2)	92.52(10)		
Cd(2)-N(12A)	2.539(4)	Cd(2)-Se(4C)	2.7723(5)
Cd(2)-N(12)	2.539(4)	Cd(2)-Se(3D)	2.7918(4)
Cd(2)-Se(4B)	2.7723(5)	Cd(2)-Se(3E)	2.7918(4)
N(12A)-Cd(2)-N(12)	180.00(12)	Se(4B)-Cd(2)-Se(3D)	91.714(16)
N(12A)-Cd(2)-Se(4B)	94.30(11)	Se(4C)-Cd(2)-Se(3D)	88.285(16)
N(12)-Cd(2)-Se(4B)	85.70(11)	N(12A)-Cd(2)-Se(3E)	89.81(9)
N(12A)-Cd(2)-Se(4C)	85.70(11)	N(12)-Cd(2)-Se(3E)	90.19(9)
N(12)-Cd(2)-Se(4C)	94.30(11)	Se(4B)-Cd(2)-Se(3E)	88.286(16)
Se(4B)-Cd(2)-Se(4C)	180.0	Se(4C)-Cd(2)-Se(3E)	91.715(16)
N(12A)-Cd(2)-Se(3D)	90.19(9)	Se(3D)-Cd(2)-Se(3E)	180.000(18)
N(12)-Cd(2)-Se(3D)	89.81(9)		

Table S6. Selected bond lengths [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and angles [ $^\circ$ ] for compound **2B**.

Cd(3)-N(2F)	2.289(4)	Cd(3)-N(1I)	2.319(4)
Cd(3)-N(2G)	2.289(4)	Cd(3)-N(22J)	2.379(4)
Cd(3)-N(1H)	2.319(4)	Cd(3)-N(22)	2.379(4)
N(2F)-Cd(3)-N(2G)	82.8(3)	N(1H)-Cd(3)-N(22J)	89.96(15)
N(2F)-Cd(3)-N(1H)	176.11(18)	N(1I)-Cd(3)-N(22J)	90.72(15)
N(2G)-Cd(3)-N(1H)	94.23(18)	N(2F)-Cd(3)-N(22)	91.71(16)
N(2F)-Cd(3)-N(1I)	94.23(18)	N(2G)-Cd(3)-N(22)	87.57(16)
N(2G)-Cd(3)-N(1I)	176.11(17)	N(1H)-Cd(3)-N(22)	90.72(15)
N(1H)-Cd(3)-N(1I)	88.8(3)	N(1I)-Cd(3)-N(22)	89.96(15)
N(2F)-Cd(3)-N(22J)	87.57(16)	N(22J)-Cd(3)-N(22)	179.05(19)
N(2G)-Cd(3)-N(22J)	91.71(16)		

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

A:  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ ; B:  $x-1/2, y-1/2, z$ ; C:  $-x+3/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$ ; D:  $x+1/2, y-1/2, z$ ;  
E:  $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$ ; F:  $x-1, y, z$ ; G:  $-x+1, y, -z+3/2$ ; H:  $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+3/2$ ;  
I:  $x-1/2, y+1/2, z$ ; J:  $-x, y, -z+3/2$ ; K:  $x+1, y, z$ ; L:  $x+1/2, y+1/2, z$ .

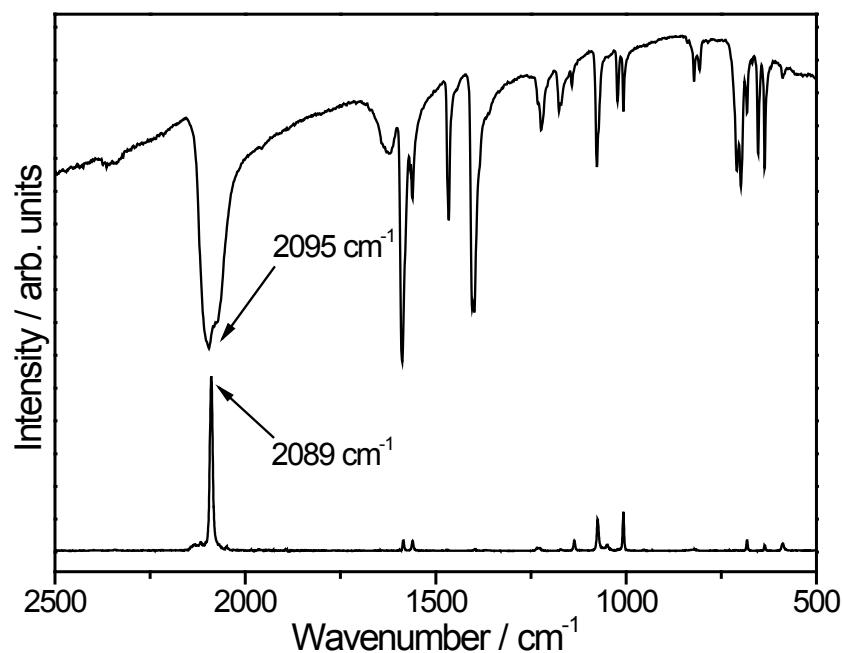


Fig. S15. IR (top) and Raman spectra (bottom) for compound **2A**.

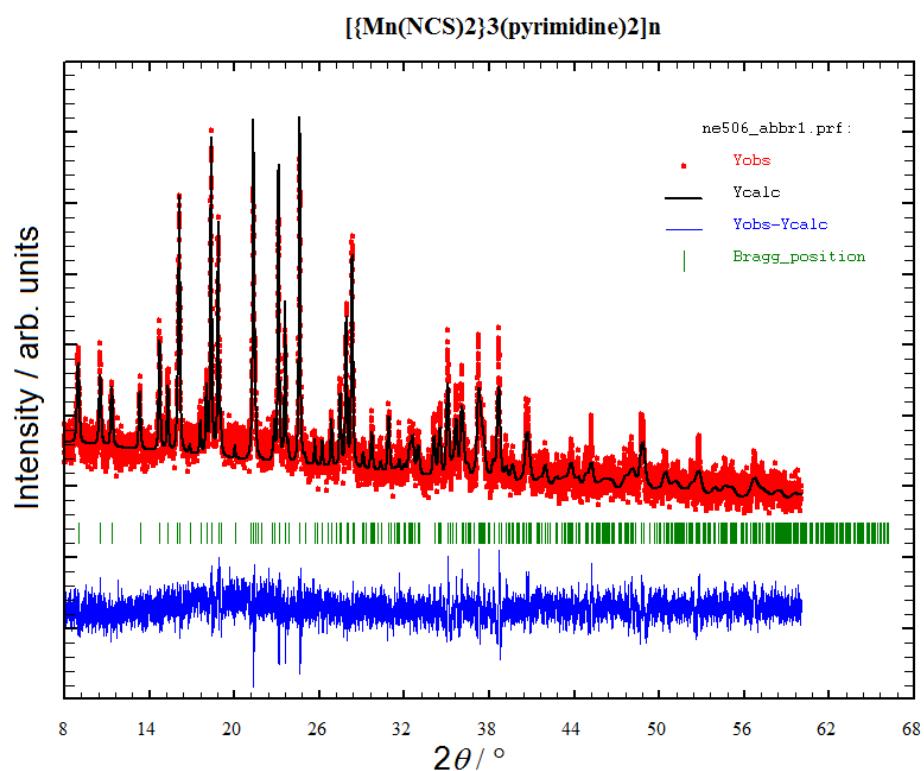


Fig. S16. Rietveld plot of the 3:2 compound  $\{[\text{Mn}(\text{NCS})_2]_3(\text{pyrimidine})_2\}_n$ .

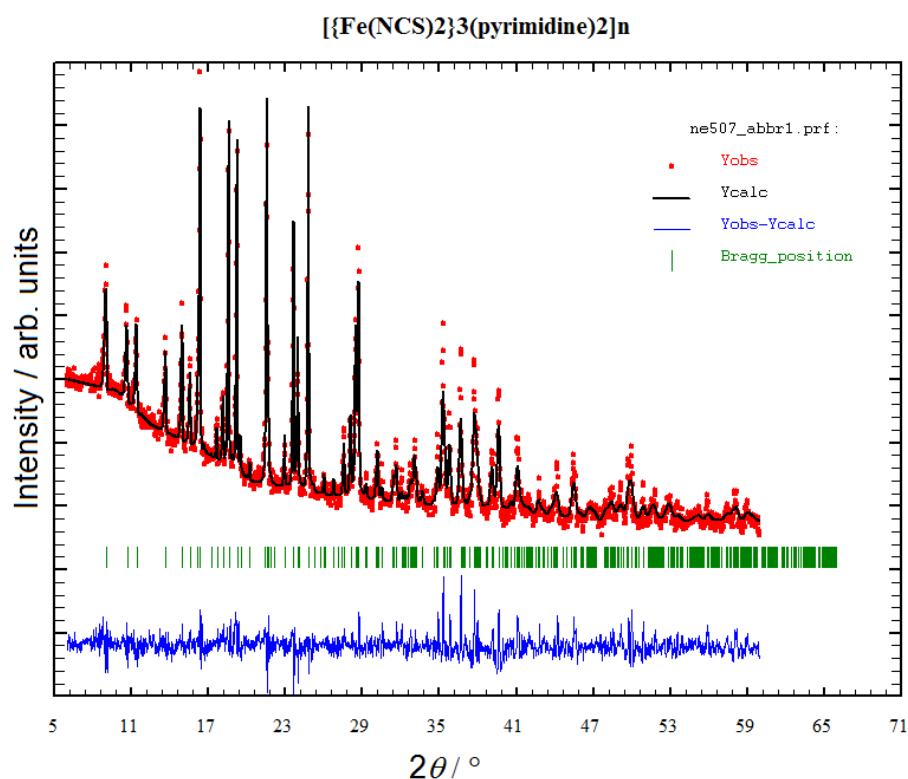


Fig. S17. Rietveld plot of the 3:2 compound  $\{[\text{Fe}(\text{NCS})_2]_3(\text{pyrimidine})_2\}_n$ .