

Electronic Supplementary Information for

The first μ -Ge₂Se₈ ligand to lanthanide(III) centers: solvothermal syntheses and characterizations of lanthanide selenidogermanate complexes with a pentadentate polyamine as a co-ligand

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Table S1. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for **1**

Ge(1)–Se(1)	2.297(4)	Ge(1)–Se(2)	2.358(4)
Ge(1)–Se(3)#1	2.351(4)	Ge(1)–Se(4)	2.303(5)
Se(2)–Se(3)	2.287(5)	Eu(1)–Se(1)	3.017(3)
Eu(1)–O(1)	2.282(14)	Eu(1)–O(1)#2	2.356(13)
Eu(1)–N(1)	2.596(19)	Eu(1)–N(2)	2.59(2)
Eu(1)–N(3)	2.61(2)	Eu(1)–N(4)	2.60(2)
Eu(1)–N(5)	2.59(2)	Eu(1)···Eu(1)#2	3.811(2)
Se(1)–Ge(1)–Se(2)	110.32(15)	Se(1)–Ge(1)–Se(3)#1	115.42(16)
Se(1)–Ge(1)–Se(4)	119.95(17)	Se(2)–Ge(1)–Se(3)#1	107.72(16)
Se(2)–Ge(1)–Se(4)	101.45(19)	Se(4)–Ge(1)–Se(3)#1	100.46(17)
Ge(1)–Se(1)–Eu(1)	116.59(11)	Ge(1)–Se(2)–Se(3)	105.55(18)
Ge(1)#1–Se(3)–Se(2)	97.75(16)	Eu(1)–O(1)–Eu(1)#2	110.5(6)
Se(1)–Eu(1)–O(1)	101.3(4)	Se(1)–Eu(1)–O(1)#2	74.2(4)
Se(1)–Eu(1)–N(1)	83.0(5)	Se(1)–Eu(1)–N(2)	86.3(5)
Se(1)–Eu(1)–N(3)	143.9(5)	Se(1)–Eu(1)–N(4)	149.1(4)
Se(1)–Eu(1)–N(5)	84.4(6)	O(1)–Eu(1)–N(1)	149.4(5)
O(1)–Eu(1)–O(1)#2	69.5(6)	O(1)–Eu(1)–N(3)	88.8(6)
O(1)–Eu(1)–N(2)	143.5(5)	O(1)–Eu(1)–N(5)	76.3(7)
O(1)–Eu(1)–N(4)	83.3(6)	O(1)#2–Eu(1)–N(2)	78.7(6)

O(1)#2–Eu(1)–N(1)	139.4(6)	O(1)#2–Eu(1)–N(4)	134.4(5)
O(1)#2–Eu(1)–N(3)	77.3(6)	N(1)–Eu(1)–N(3)	105.6(7)
O(1)#2–Eu(1)–N(5)	134.5(6)	N(1)–Eu(1)–N(5)	73.9(7)
N(1)–Eu(1)–N(2)	66.5(6)	N(2)–Eu(1)–N(4)	108.2(7)
N(1)–Eu(1)–N(4)	78.5(6)	N(3)–Eu(1)–N(4)	65.9(6)
N(2)–Eu(1)–N(3)	66.6(6)	N(4)–Eu(1)–N(5)	66.9(7)
N(2)–Eu(1)–N(5)	140.2(7)	N(3)–Eu(1)–N(5)	131.7(7)
Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: #1) –x+1, –y, –z+1; #2) –x+2, –y, –z+1.			

Table S2. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for **2**

Ge(1)–Se(1)	2.278(8)	Ge(1)–Se(2)	2.390(10)
Ge(1)–Se(3A)	2.357(12)	Ge(1)–Se(4)	2.265(10)
Ge(1)–Se(3B)	2.45(3)	Ge(1)–Se(3B)#1	2.490(19)
Se(2)–Se(3A)	2.31(2)	Gd(1)–Se(1)	3.002(6)
Gd(1)–O(1)	2.28(4)	Gd(1)–O(1)#2	2.32(3)
Gd(1)–N(1)	2.64(4)	Gd(1)–N(2)	2.56(6)
Gd(1)–N(3)	2.66(3)	Gd(1)–N(4)	2.56(3)
Gd(1)–N(5)	2.59(2)	Gd(1)–Gd(1)#2	3.792(5)
Se(1)–Ge(1)–Se(2)	118.9(4)	Se(1)–Ge(1)–Se(3A)#1	113.4(5)
Se(1)–Ge(1)–Se(4)	119.5(4)	Se(2)–Ge(1)–Se(3A)#1	113.0(5)
Se(2)–Ge(1)–Se(4)	93.3(4)	Se(4)–Ge(1)–Se(3A)#1	95.0(5)
Se(1)–Ge(1)–Se(3B)	104.9(9)	Se(1)–Ge(1)–Se(3B)#1	100.7(9)
Se(4)–Ge(1)–Se(3B)	119.3(8)	Se(4)–Ge(1)–Se(3B)#1	125.5(9)
Ge(1)–Se(1)–Gd(1)	117.7(2)	Ge(1)–Se(2)–Se(3A)	94.5(6)
Ge(1)#1–Se(3A)–Se(2)	98.1(7)	Gd(1)–O(1)–Gd(1)#2	111.3(13)
Ge(1)–Se(3B)–Ge(1)#1	101.2(10)		
Se(1)–Gd(1)–O(1)	74.5(7)	Se(1)–Gd(1)–O(1)#2	101.1(8)
Se(1)–Gd(1)–N(1)	81.6(10)	Se(1)–Gd(1)–N(2)	85.1(10)
Se(1)–Gd(1)–N(3)	144.1(9)	Se(1)–Gd(1)–N(4)	145.3(7)
Se(1)–Gd(1)–N(5)	83.0(8)		
O(1)–Gd(1)–O(1)#2	68.7(13)	O(1)–Gd(1)–N(1)	137.9(12)
O(1)–Gd(1)–N(2)	79.7(13)	O(1)–Gd(1)–N(3)	78.0(11)
O(1)–Gd(1)–N(4)	137.9(12)	O(1)–Gd(1)–N(5)	133.1(12)
O(1)#2–Gd(1)–N(1)	151.2(11)	O(1)#2–Gd(1)–N(2)	144.5(11)
O(1)#2–Gd(1)–N(3)	89.9(10)	O(1)#2–Gd(1)–N(4)	85.5(15)
O(1)#2–Gd(1)–N(5)	76.2(11)		
N(1)–Gd(1)–N(2)	64.0(12)	N(1)–Gd(1)–N(3)	104.8(12)
N(1)–Gd(1)–N(4)	77.3(15)	N(1)–Gd(1)–N(5)	75.7(12)

N(2)–Gd(1)–N(3)	67.5(12)	N(2)–Gd(1)–N(4)	109.2(16)
N(2)–Gd(1)–N(5)	139.2(12)	N(3)–Gd(1)–N(4)	68.9(11)
N(3)–Gd(1)–N(5)	132.9(12)	N(4)–Gd(1)–N(5)	65.4(8)
Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: #1 $-x$, $-y+1$, $-z+1$; #2 $-x+1$, $-y+1$, $-z+1$			

Table S3. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for **3**

Ge(1)–Se(1)	2.292(3)	Ge(1)–Se(2)	2.361(4)
Ge(1)–Se(3)#1	2.351(4)	Ge(1)–Se(4)	2.315(4)
Se(2)–Se(3)	2.313(5)	Dy(1)–Se(1)	2.979(2)
Dy(1)–O(1)	2.247(13)	Dy(1)–O(1)#2	2.291(15)
Dy(1)–N(1)	2.53(2)	Dy(1)–N(2)	2.529(19)
Dy(1)–N(3)	2.566(17)	Dy(1)–N(4)	2.557(17)
Dy(1)–N(5)	2.542(17)	Dy(1)···Dy(1)#2	3.747(2)
Se(1)–Ge(1)–Se(2)	110.66(14)	Se(1)–Ge(1)–Se(3)#1	115.68(15)
Se(1)–Ge(1)–Se(4)	119.85(16)	Se(2)–Ge(1)–Se(3)#1	107.42(15)
Se(2)–Ge(1)–Se(4)	100.90(17)	Se(4)–Ge(1)–Se(3)#1	100.68(16)
Ge(1)–Se(1)–Dy(1)	117.40(11)	Ge(1)–Se(2)–Se(3)	105.44(16)
Ge(1)#1–Se(3)–Se(2)	97.74(15)	Dy(1)–O(1)–Dy(1)#2	111.3(6)
Se(1)–Dy(1)–O(1)	73.3(4)	Se(1)–Dy(1)–O(1)#2	101.6(4)
Se(1)–Dy(1)–N(1)	83.7(5)	Se(1)–Dy(1)–N(2)	149.2(5)
Se(1)–Dy(1)–N(3)	143.3(4)	Se(1)–Dy(1)–N(4)	85.1(5)
Se(1)–Dy(1)–N(5)	82.8(5)		
O(1)–Dy(1)–O(1)#2	68.7(6)	O(1)–Dy(1)–N(1)	132.6(6)
O(1)–Dy(1)–N(2)	135.0(6)	O(1)–Dy(1)–N(3)	77.8(5)
O(1)–Dy(1)–N(4)	79.3(5)	O(1)–Dy(1)–N(5)	140.1(5)
O(1)#2–Dy(1)–N(1)	76.6(6)	O(1)#2–Dy(1)–N(2)	83.3(5)
O(1)#2–Dy(1)–N(3)	88.1(5)	O(1)#2–Dy(1)–N(4)	143.4(5)
O(1)#2–Dy(1)–N(5)	149.1(6)		
N(1)–Dy(1)–N(2)	67.8(7)	N(1)–Dy(1)–N(3)	133.0(6)
N(1)–Dy(1)–N(4)	140.0(6)	N(1)–Dy(1)–N(5)	73.5(6)
N(2)–Dy(1)–N(3)	66.4(6)	N(2)–Dy(1)–N(4)	109.1(6)
N(2)–Dy(1)–N(5)	78.4(6)	N(3)–Dy(1)–N(4)	67.6(6)
N(3)–Dy(1)–N(5)	106.7(6)	N(4)–Dy(1)–N(5)	67.0(6)
Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: #1) $-x+1$, $-y$, $-z$; #2) $-x$, $-y$, $-z$.			

Table S4. Selected bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for **4**

Ge(1)–Se(1)	2.4239(12)	Ge(1)–Se(1)#1	2.4139(12)
Ge(1)–Se(2)	2.2921(12)	Ge(1)–Se(3)	2.3048(12)
Dy(1)–Dy(1)#2	3.7472(8)		
Dy(1)–O(1)	2.235(5)	Dy(1)–O(1)#2	2.268(5)
Dy(1)–N(1)	2.510(7)	Dy(1)–N(2)	2.535(7)
Dy(1)–N(3)	2.550(7)	Dy(1)–N(4)	2.473(7)
Dy(1)–N(5)	2.482(6)	Dy(1)–N(6)	2.571(6)
Se(1)#1–Ge(1)–Se(1)	92.57(4)	Se(2)–Ge(1)–Se(1)	114.01(5)
Se(2)–Ge(1)–Se(1)#1	110.96(5)	Se(3)–Ge(1)–Se(1)	113.49(5)
Se(3)–Ge(1)–Se(1)#1	114.53(4)	Se(3)–Ge(1)–Se(2)	110.33(5)
Ge(1)#1–Se(1)–Ge(1)	87.43(4)	Dy(1)–O(1)–Dy(1)#2	112.6(2)
O(1)–Dy(1)–O(1)#2	67.4(2)	O(1)–Dy(1)–N(1)	98.4(2)
O(1)–Dy(1)–N(2)	80.3(2)	O(1)–Dy(1)–N(3)	78.9(2)
O(1)–Dy(1)–N(4)	100.9(2)	O(1)–Dy(1)–N(5)	151.9(2)
O(1)–Dy(1)–N(6)	141.5(2)	O(1)#2–Dy(1)–N(1)	88.2(2)
O(1)#2–Dy(1)–N(2)	135.8(2)	O(1)#2–Dy(1)–N(3)	127.3(2)
O(1)#2–Dy(1)–N(4)	80.5(2)	O(1)#2–Dy(1)–N(5)	139.6(2)
O(1)#2–Dy(1)–N(6)	74.7(2)	N(1)–Dy(1)–N(2)	66.9(2)
N(1)–Dy(1)–N(3)	137.5(2)	N(1)–Dy(1)–N(4)	151.7(2)
N(1)–Dy(1)–N(5)	91.3(2)	N(1)–Dy(1)–N(6)	73.4(2)
N(2)–Dy(1)–N(3)	70.9(2)	N(2)–Dy(1)–N(4)	136.8(2)
N(2)–Dy(1)–N(5)	79.4(2)	N(2)–Dy(1)–N(6)	126.3(2)
N(3)–Dy(1)–N(4)	67.2(2)	N(3)–Dy(1)–N(5)	76.2(2)
N(3)–Dy(1)–N(6)	132.5(2)	N(4)–Dy(1)–N(5)	81.2(2)
N(6)–Dy(1)–N(4)	78.5(2)	N(6)–Dy(1)–N(5)	66.5(2)
Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: #1) $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$; #2) $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$.			

Table S5. Hydrogen Bond lengths (Å) and angles (°) for **1–4**

D–H···A	d(H···A)	d(D···A)	<(DHA)
1			
O(1)–H(1)···Se(4)#1	2.69	3.599(14)	166.7
N(1)–H(1A)···Se(4)	2.76	3.65(2)	172.2
N(1)–H(1B)···Se(1)#2	3.03	3.72(2)	135.1
N(2)–H(2)···Se(4)#3	2.69	3.60(2)	176.7
N(3)–H(3)···Se(1)#4	2.83	3.68(2)	156.4
N(4)–H(4)···Se(2)#2	2.62	3.45(2)	151.1
2			
O(1)–H(1)···Se(4)#1	2.85	3.76(3)	164.9
N(1)–H(1A)···Se(1)#2	2.95	3.69(3)	139.0
N(2)–H(2)···Se(4)#1	2.68	3.59(5)	168.0
N(3)–H(3)···Se(1)#3	2.85	3.72(3)	159.2
N(4)–H(4)···Se(2A)#2	2.52	3.36(4)	152.2
N(5)–H(5B)···Se(3A)	2.87	3.56(5)	133.7
3			
O(1)–H(1)···Se(4)#1	2.66	3.588(14)	169.2
N(1)–H(1A)···Se(3)#2	3.03	3.76(2)	137.7
N(2)–H(2)···Se(2)#3	2.62	3.460(17)	150.8
N(3)–H(3)···Se(1)#4	2.77	3.624(18)	156.0
N(4)–H(4)···Se(4)#1	2.69	3.60(2)	176.8
N(5)–H(5B)···Se(1)#1	3.08	3.748(19)	132.2
4			
O(1)–H(1)···Se(2)	3.02	3.673(6)	128.3
N(2)–H(2B)···Se(3)#1	2.75	3.595(7)	156.4
N(4)–H(4A)···Se(2)#2	2.69	3.468(7)	145.6
N(4)–H(4B)···Se(2)#3	2.73	3.592(7)	161.9
N(5)–H(5A)···Se(3)#1	2.62	3.508(7)	169.5
N(6)–H(6B)···Se(3)#4	2.86	3.648(7)	146.9

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

For **1**: #1) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; #2) $-x+3/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; #3) $-x+3/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; #4) $-x+2, -y, -z+1$. For **2**: #1) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; #2) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; #3) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$. For **3**: #1) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; #2) $-x+1, -y, -z$; #3) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; #4) $-x, -y, -z$. For **4**: #1) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; #2) $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$; #3) $x-1, y, z$; #4) $x-1/2, -y+3/2, z-1/2$.

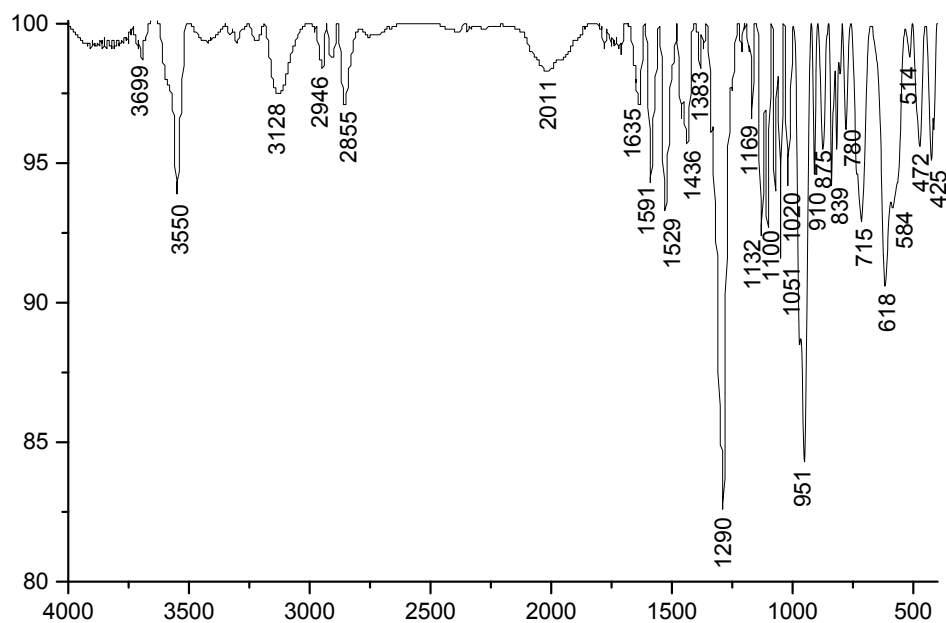


Fig. S-IR1. IR spectrum of complex 1.

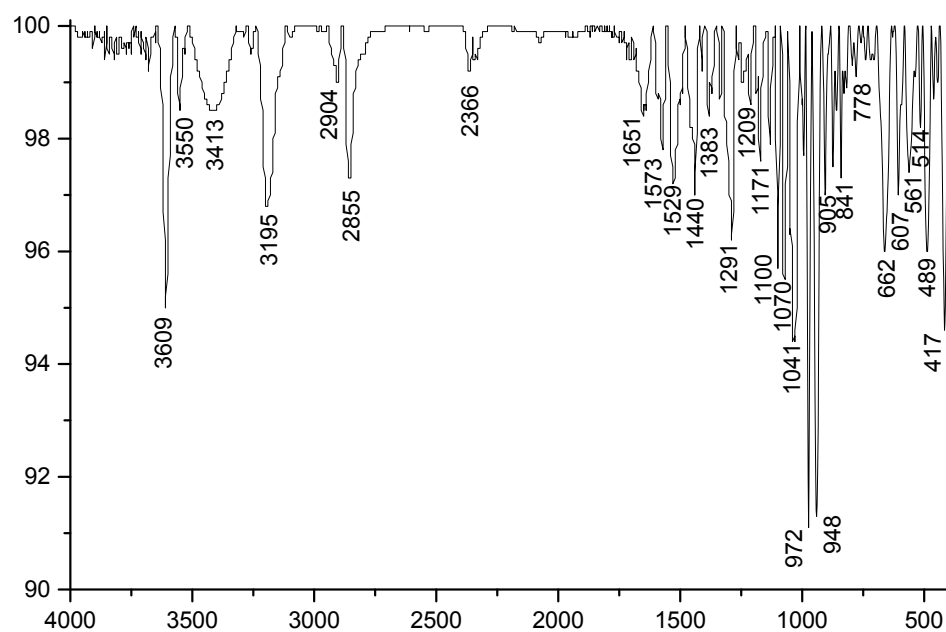


Fig. S-IR2. IR spectrum of complex 2.

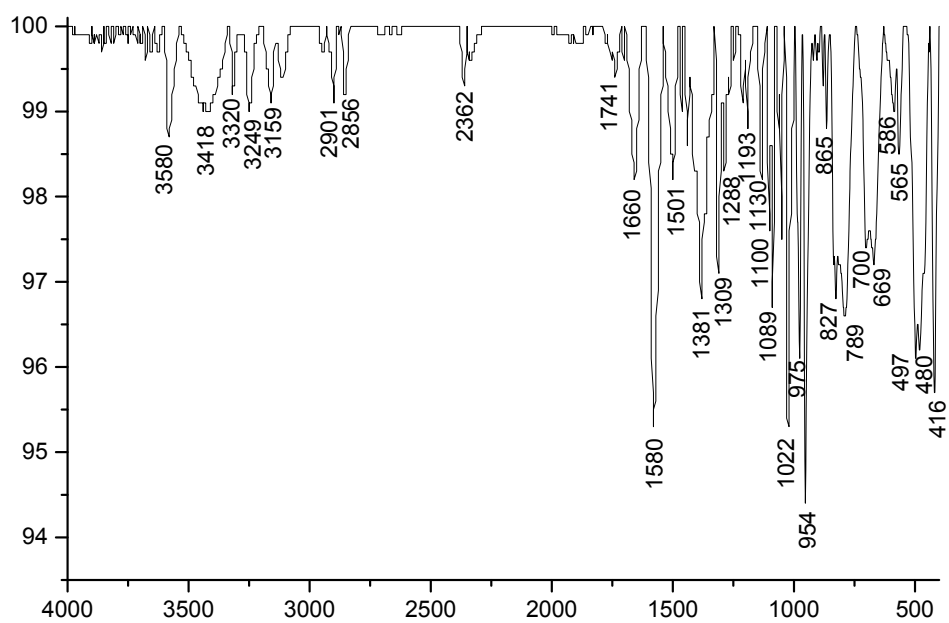


Fig. S-IR3. IR spectrum of complex 3.

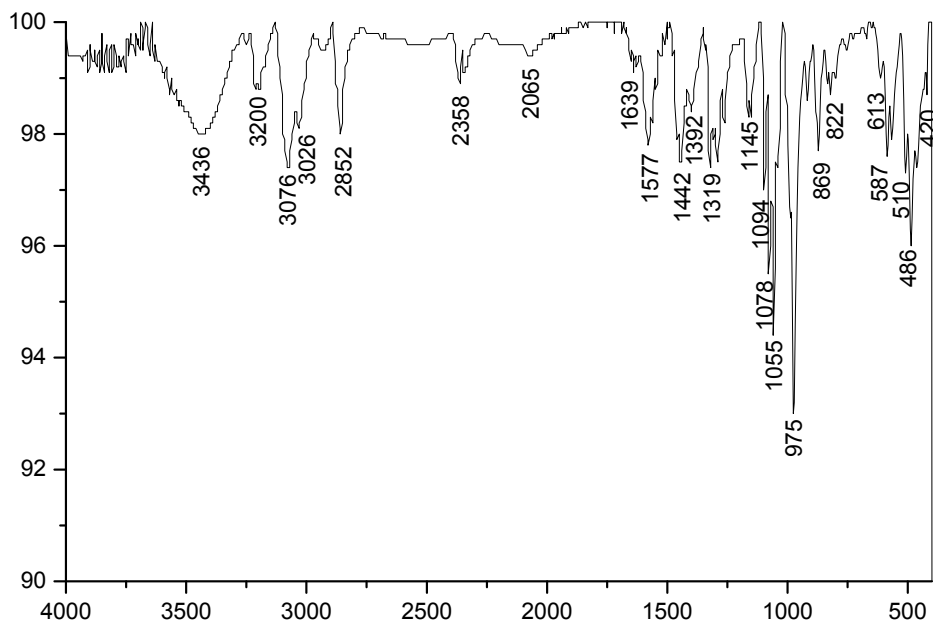


Fig. S-IR4. IR spectrum of complex 4.

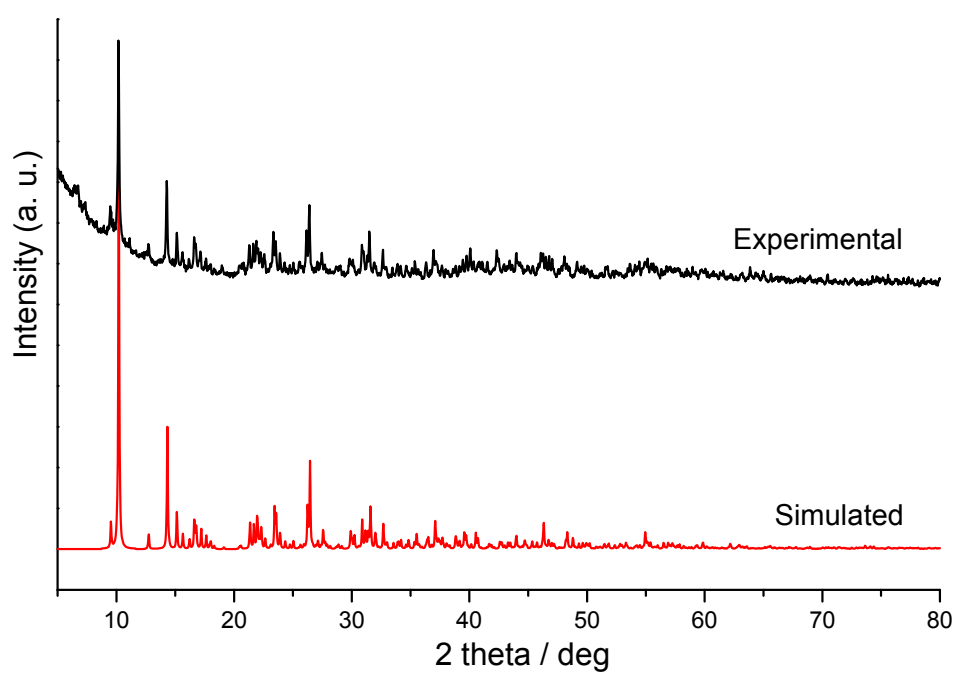


Fig. S1. Powder X-Ray diffraction pattern (black) of the polycrystalline sample of compound **1** and the simulated pattern (red) based on the single crystal data.

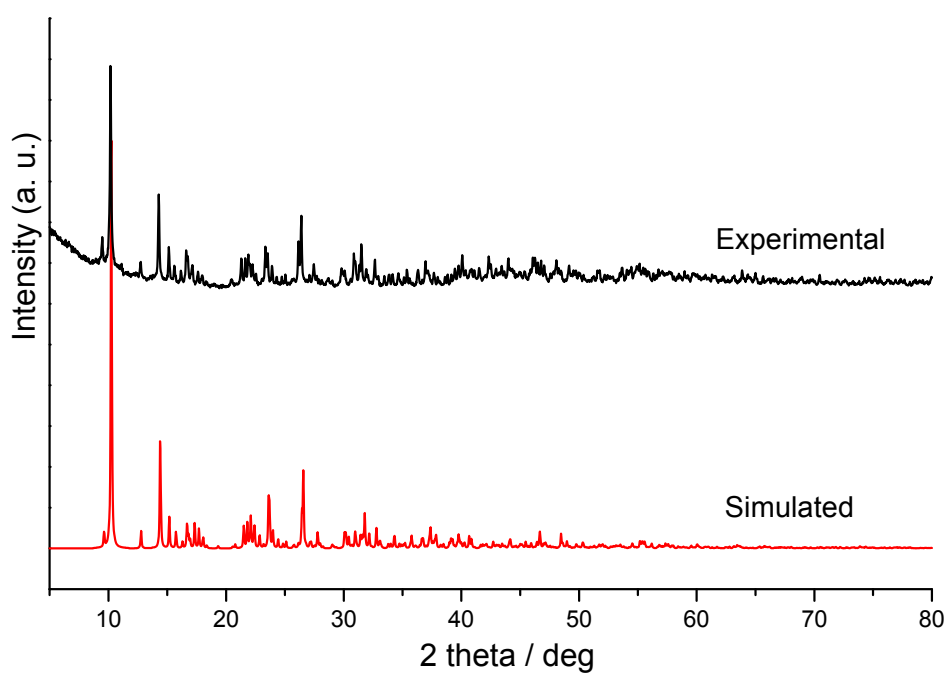


Fig. S2. Powder X-Ray diffraction pattern (black) of the polycrystalline sample of compound **2** and the simulated pattern (red) base on the single crystal data.

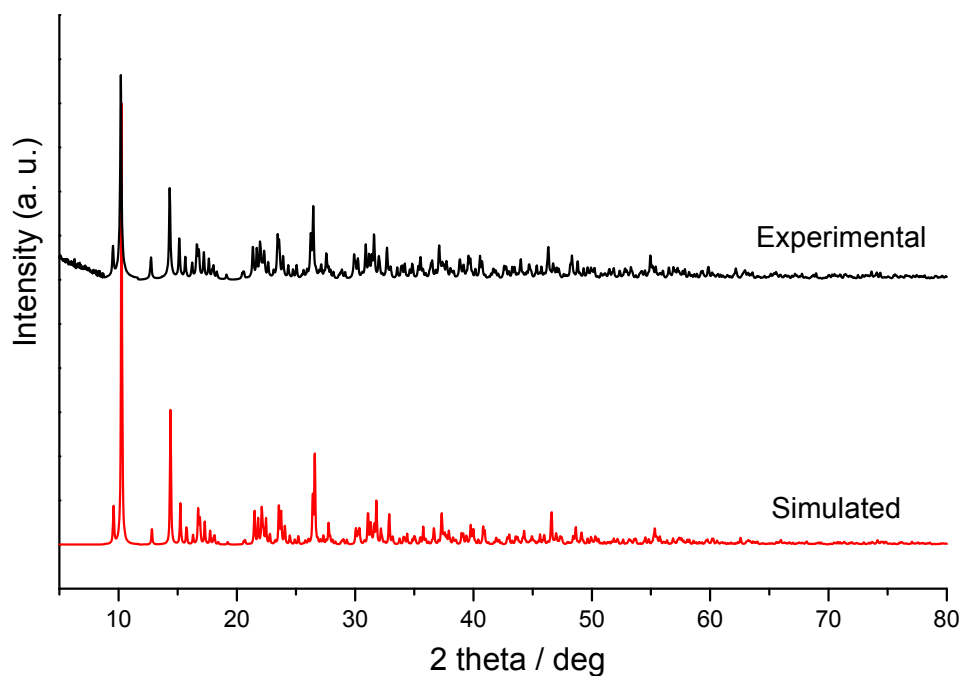


Fig. S3. Powder X-Ray diffraction pattern (black) of the polycrystalline sample of compound **3** and the simulated pattern (red) base on the single crystal data.

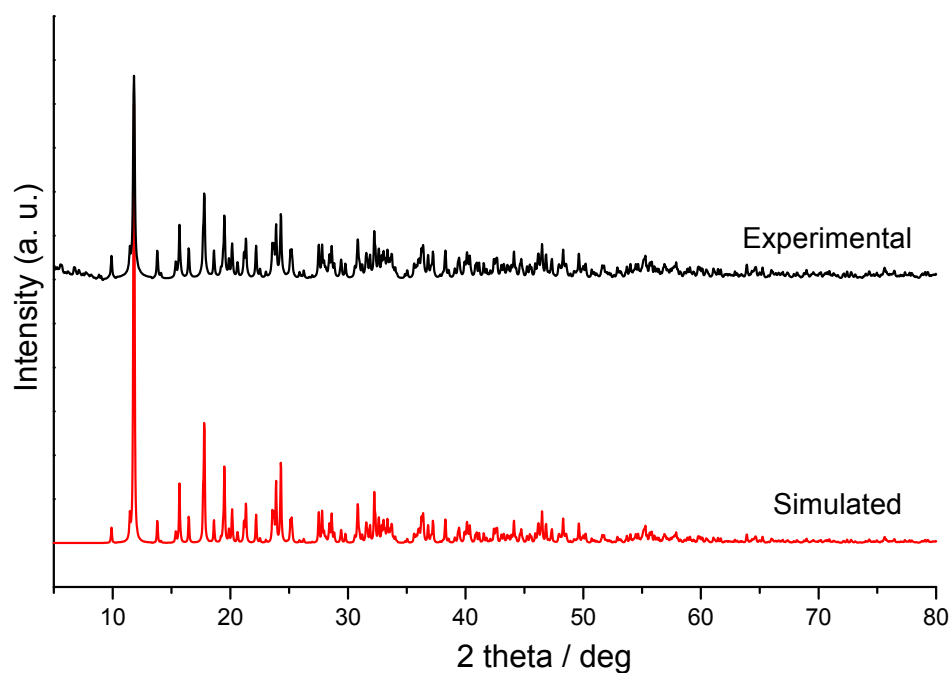


Fig. S4. Powder X-Ray diffraction pattern (black) of the polycrystalline sample of compound **4** and the simulated pattern (red) base on the single crystal data.

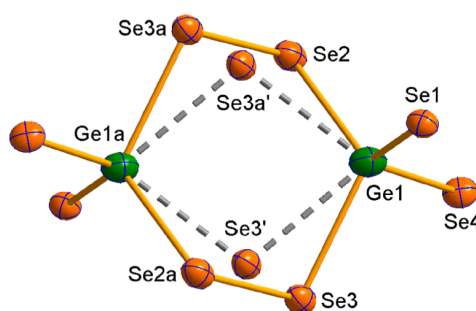


Fig. S5. Crystal structures of $[\text{Ge}_2\text{Se}_8]^{4-}$ fragment in **2**, showing atom labels (thermal ellipsoids are shown at 50% probability).

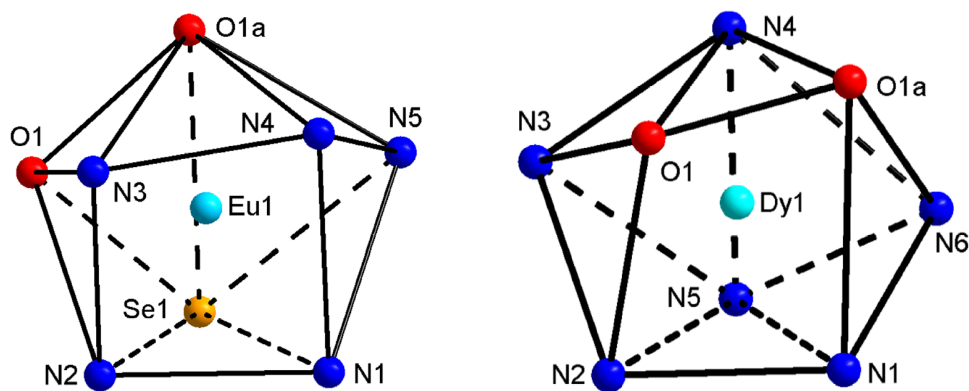


Fig. S6. The bicapped trigonal prisms of $\text{EuN}_5\text{O}_2\text{Se}$ (left) in **1** and DyN_6O_2 (right) in **4**

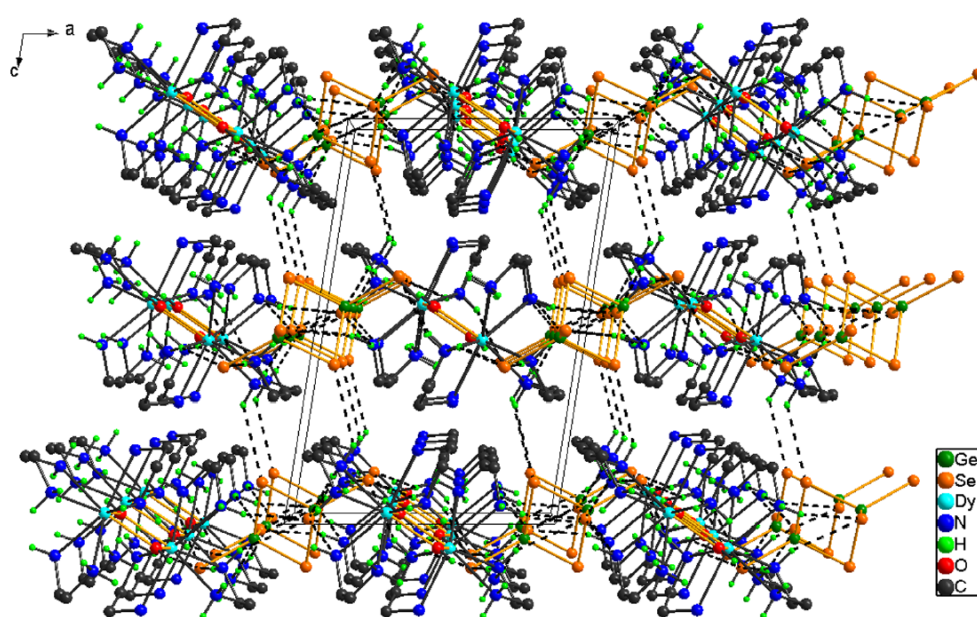


Fig. S7. Crystal packing diagram of **4** viewed along b axis. Hydrogen atoms of C–H are omitted for clarity.