Electronic Supplementary Information

Hydrogen storage and ionic mobility in amide-halide systems

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Fig. S1 Preliminary Rietveld plot for Li₄(NH₂)₃Cl. Tick marks indicate peak positions due to Li₄(NH₂)₃Cl (green) and Li₂O (black).

Table S1 Results of preliminary Rietveld refinement of $Li_4(NH_2)_3$
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Atom	Wyckoff Position	x	У	Ζ
Cl	8a	0.8715(9)	х	x
Ν	24c	0.1347(8)	0.8931(4)	0.1250(5)
Lil	8a	0.0105(17)	x	x
Li2	12b	0.2196(8)	0	0.25
Li3	12b	0.7991(17)	0	0.25

[†]Space group $I2_13$, a = 10.41353(8) Å, V = 1131.69(8) Å³. $R_{wp} 5.171$, $R_{exp} 3.412$, $\chi^2 1.516$.



Fig. S2 Preliminary Rietveld plot of N and Br positions in Li₇(NH₂)₆Br. Tick marks indicate peak positions due to Li₇(NH₂)₆Br (red) and LiNH₂ (black).

Table S2 Preliminary Results of Rietveld refinement of the anion lattice in Li₇(NH₂)₆Br.[‡]

Atom	Wyckoff Position	x	У	Z
Br	3a	0	0	0
Ν	18f	0.1931(10)	0.2346(10)	0.6539(11)

[‡]Space group **R3**, a = 9.8213(4) Å, c = 8.9595(4) Å, V = 748.43(7) Å³. R_{wp} 14.759, R_{exp} 5.194, χ^2 2.841.



Fig. S3 Preliminary Rietveld plot for Li₅(NH)₂I. Tick marks indicate peak positions due to Li₅(NH)₂I.

Table S3 Results of preliminary Rietveld refinement of $\text{Li}_5(\text{NH})_2 \text{I.}^\$$

Atom	Wyckoff Position	x	у	Ζ
Ι	8a	0.125	0.125	0.125
Ν	16d	0.5	0.5	0.5
Li	48f	0.383(5)	0.125	0.125

[§]Space group **Fd3m** (origin choice 2), a = 10.27203(12) Å, V = 1083.85(4) Å³. R_{wp} 4.053, R_{exp} 3.223, χ^2 1.258.



Fig. S4 Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of $\text{Li}_6\text{Mg}_{0.5}(\text{NH}_2)_6\text{Br} + 6\text{LiH}$ after TPD–MS experiment. Tick marks indicate peaks due to Fm3m, a = 5.06552(12) Å (blue) and Fd3m, a = 10.7739(4) Å (red) phases.





Fig. S5 Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of $Li_7(NH_2)_6Br + 6LiH$ after TPD-MS experiment.

Fig. S6 Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of 3LiNH₂·LiI + 3LiH after TPD–MS experiment. Tick marks indicate peaks due to Li₅(NH)₂I.



Fig. S7 Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of $2L_{i_3}Mg_{0.5}(NH_2)_3Cl + 3MgH_2$ after TPD-MS experiment. Tick marks indicate peaks due to β -Li₂Mg(NH)₂ (blue), LiCl (red), MgH₂ (green), Mg (orange), MgO (purple) and Mg₃N₂ (black).



Fig. S8 Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of $3Li_2NH\cdot\frac{1}{2}MgCl_2$ after hydrogenation at 300°C, 100 bar H₂. Tick marks indicate peaks due to a rhombohedral Li₄(NH₂)₃Cl-like phase (blue), LiCl (red) and Li₂O (green).



Fig. S9 Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of $3Li_2NH\cdot LiI$ after hydrogenation at 300°C, 100 bar H₂. Tick marks indicate peaks due to $Li_3(NH_2)_2I$ (blue), $LiNH_2$ (red) and Li_2O (green).



Fig. S10 Observed (black) and calculated (red) powder X-ray diffraction pattern of $3Li_2NH\cdot LiI$ after hydrogenation at 200°C, 100 bar H₂, for 1 hour. Tick marks indicate peaks due to $Li_3(NH_2)_2I$ (blue, ~24.4 wt%) and $Li_5(NH)_2I$ (green, ~75.6 wt%).



Fig. S11 Observed (black) and calculated (red) powder X-ray diffraction pattern of $3Li_2NH \cdot \frac{1}{2}MgI_2$ after hydrogenation at 200°C, 100 bar H₂, for 1 hour. Tick marks indicate peaks due to $Li_2Mg_{0.5}(NH_2)_2I$ (blue, ~30.4 wt%) and $Li_4Mg_{0.5}(NH)_2I$ (green, ~69.6 wt%).



Fig. S12 TPD–MS data for $Li_6Mg_{0.5}(NH_2)_6Br + 3MgH_2$ showing an endothermic event in the temperature trace immediately prior to hydrogen release.