

Electronic Supplementary Information

Colloidal metal oxide particles loaded with synthetic catalysts for solar H₂ production

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Table S1. Crystal Data and Details of Data Collection for **1**.

chemical formula	C ₁₇ H ₂₈ N ₅ ClCoO ₇ P	crystal size (mm)	0.15 x 0.10 x 0.03
<i>M_r</i> (g mol ⁻¹)	539.8	color, shape	brown, plate
Crystal system	monoclinic	sec per frame	110
space group	P2 ₁ /n	T (K)	100
a (Å)	8.2787(6)	μ (Mo K α , mm ⁻¹)	0.990
b (Å)	12.880(1)	Θ range, deg	3.61 to 26.37
c (Å)	21.432(2)	total no. of data	7793
α (deg)	90	no. of unique data	4616
β (deg)	94.94(1)	no. of parameters	309
γ (deg)	90	completeness to theta	99.0%
V (Å ³)	2276.8(3)	R1 ^a	0.032
Z	4	wR2 ^b	0.064
ρ_{calc} (g cm ⁻³)	1.575	GOF ^c	0.938

^aR1 = $\Sigma||F_o| - |F_c|| / \Sigma|F_o|$, ^bwR2 = $\{\Sigma[w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / \Sigma[w(F_o^2)]\}^{1/2}$, ^cGOF = $\{\Sigma[w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / (n-p)\}^{1/2}$, where n is the number of reflections and p is the total number of parameters refined.

Table S2. Selected Bond Distances (Å) and Angles (deg) for **1**.

Co1–Cl1	2.218(1)	N1–Co1–Cl1	179.01(5)
Co1–N1	1.958(2)	N1–Co1–N4	89.58(7)
Co1–N2	1.892(2)	N1–Co1–N5	91.19(8)
Co1–N3	1.893(2)	N4–Co1–N5	82.03(8)
Co1–N4	1.870(2)	N4–Co1–N2	178.60(8)
Co1–N5	1.872(2)	N2–Co1–N5	98.66(8)

Table S3. Photocatalytic H₂ Production with cobalt catalysts **CoP**, **1** and **2** on a **RuP**-modified TiO₂ nanoparticle in TEOA buffer at pH 7 and 25 °C.^a

#	Photocatalytic System	H ₂ ± σ / % (4 h) ^b	μmol H ₂ h ⁻¹	TOF _{Co} ^c ± σ / h ⁻¹	TOF _{NP} ^d ± σ / μmol H ₂ h ⁻¹ (g TiO ₂) ⁻¹
<i>Variation of CoP</i>					
1	CoP (0.02 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	0.18 ± 0.07	0.20 ± 0.12	9.83 ± 6.00	39 ± 24
2	CoP (0.06 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	0.51 ± 0.01	0.76 ± 0.15	12.7 ± 2.53	152 ± 30
3	CoP (0.08 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	1.44 ± 0.09	1.67 ± 0.02	20.9 ± 0.26	334 ± 4.12
4	CoP (0.10 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	2.29 ± 0.15	1.94 ± 0.19	19.4 ± 1.90	388 ± 38
5	CoP (0.15 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	4.78 ± 0.05	2.42 ± 0.03	16.2 ± 0.18	485 ± 5.41
6	CoP (0.20 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	6.39 ± 0.03	3.00 ± 0.16	15.0 ± 0.80	600 ± 32
7	CoP (0.30 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	4.99 ± 0.33	2.79 ± 0.53	9.30 ± 1.75	558 ± 105
8	CoP (0.50 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	4.64 ± 0.39	2.87 ± 0.10	5.74 ± 0.20	573 ± 20
9	CoP (1.00 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	3.19 ± 0.06	1.50 ± 0.09	1.50 ± 0.09	301 ± 18
<i>Variation of RuP</i>					
10	CoP (0.20 μmol), RuP (0.05 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	3.97 ± 0.30	1.92 ± 0.14	9.60 ± 0.72	384 ± 29
11	CoP (0.20 μmol), RuP (0.20 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	5.77 ± 0.62	2.66 ± 0.13	13.3 ± 0.67	532 ± 27
<i>Anchor-free cobalt catalysts 1 and 2</i>					
12	1 (0.10 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	0.76 ± 0.05	0.56 ± 0.02	5.63 ± 0.23	112 ± 5
13	1 (0.20 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	1.36 ± 0.07	0.91 ± 0.04	4.57 ± 0.20	182 ± 8
14	2 (0.10 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	0.28 ± 0.10	0.45 ± 0.09	4.46 ± 0.88	89 ± 18
15	2 (0.20 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	1.15 ± 0.13	0.69 ± 0.04	3.44 ± 0.20	137 ± 8
<i>TEOA (0.5M)</i>					
16	CoP (0.20 μmol), RuP (0.10 μmol), TiO ₂ (5 mg)	<i>n.d.</i> ^e	1.99 ± 0.16	9.9 ± 0.80	398 ± 31

(a) Assembly of the photocatalytic system is described in the experimental section in the main text; aqueous TEOA buffer (4.5 mL, 0.10 M, pH 7; except experiment 16) was used and the headspace volume in the Pyrex vessel was 4.85 mL for all experiments. All per h rates are based upon H₂ evolution rate during the first h of irradiation. (b) H₂ evolved (in reactor vessel headspace, in percent) after four hours of visible light irradiation (± σ, standard deviation). (c) cobalt-based TOFs: molecules of H₂ produced per h and per Co complex. (d) Nanoparticle-based TOF: μmol H₂ per h and per g TiO₂. (e) *n.d.* = not determined.

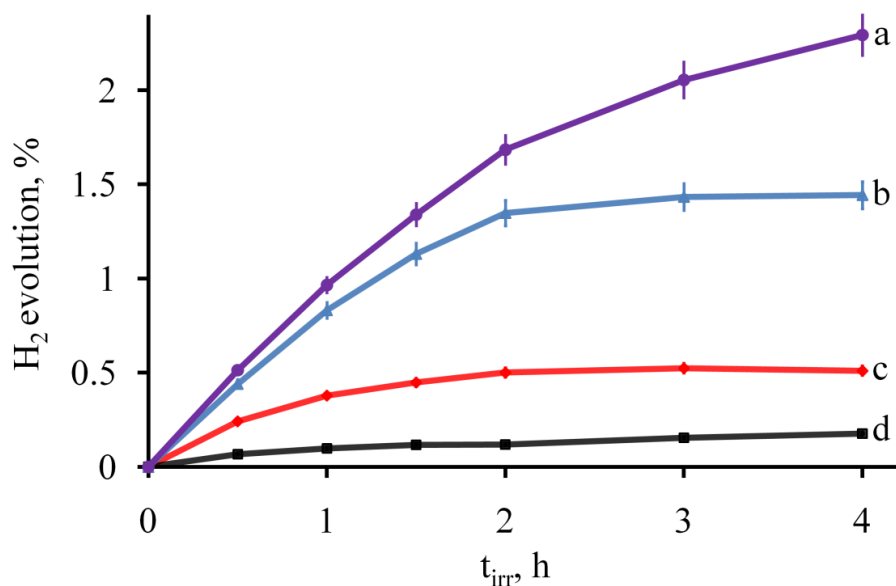


Figure S1. Visible-light driven H₂ production with varying amounts of **CoP** (low concentrations) on a **RuP**-modified TiO₂ nanoparticle (0.10 μmol photosensitiser on 5 mg metal oxide) in TEOA buffered aqueous solution at pH 7 and 25 °C. Amounts of **CoP** used: (a) 0.10 μmol, (b) 0.08 μmol, (c) 0.06 μmol, (d) 0.02 μmol.

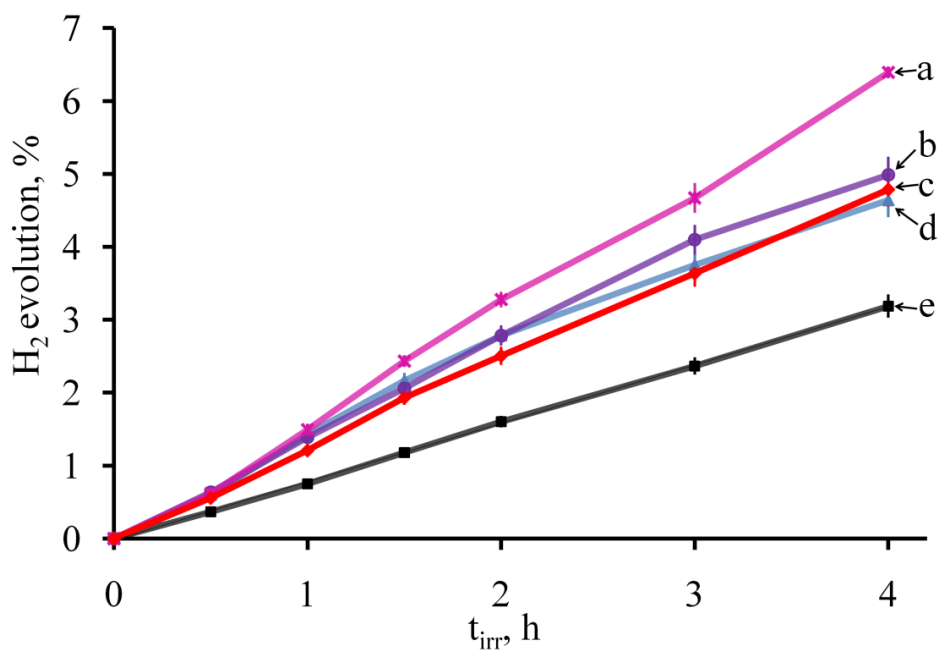


Figure S2. Visible-light driven H₂ production with varying amounts of **CoP** (high concentrations) on a **RuP**-modified TiO₂ nanoparticle (0.10 μmol photosensitiser on 5 mg metal oxide) in TEOA buffered aqueous solution at pH 7 and 25 °C. Amounts of **CoP** used: (a) 0.20 μmol, (b) 0.30 μmol, (c) 0.15 μmol, (d) 0.50 μmol and (e) 1.00 μmol.

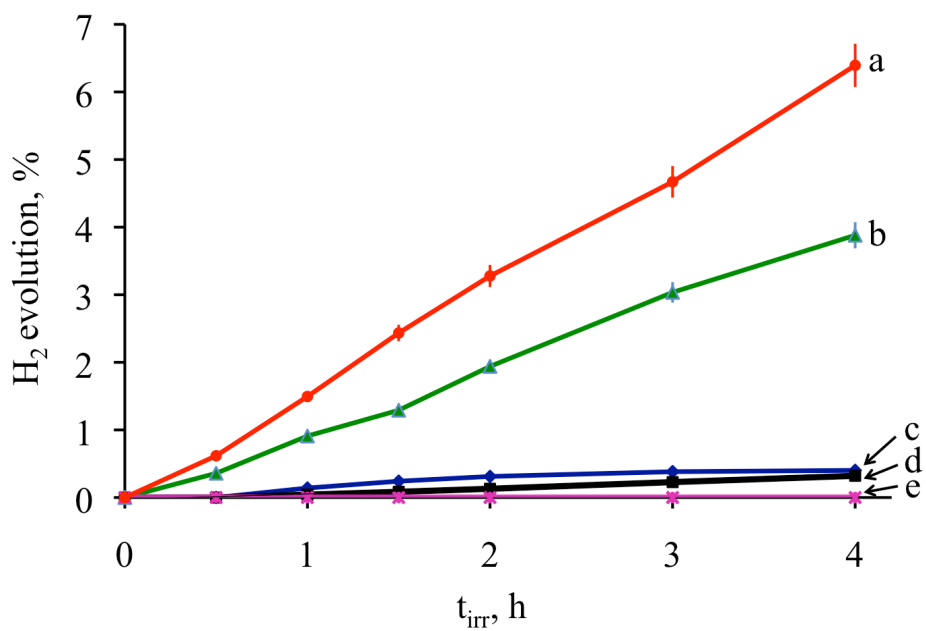


Figure S3. Visible-light driven H_2 production with **CoP** ($0.2 \mu\text{mol}$) on **RuP**-modified metal oxide nanoparticles ($0.10 \mu\text{mol}$ **RuP** on nanoparticles with 0.25 m^2 BET surface area) in the presence of TEOA buffer (0.10 M) at pH 7 and $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. (a) Evonik P25 TiO_2 (anatase:rutile 8:2), (b) pure anatase TiO_2 , (c) SrTiO_3 , (d) ZnO , (e) CeO_2 or ITO.

End of Electronic Supplementary Information