

Electronic Supporting Information

Acetylation of Dendrimer-Entrapped Gold and Silver Nanoparticles

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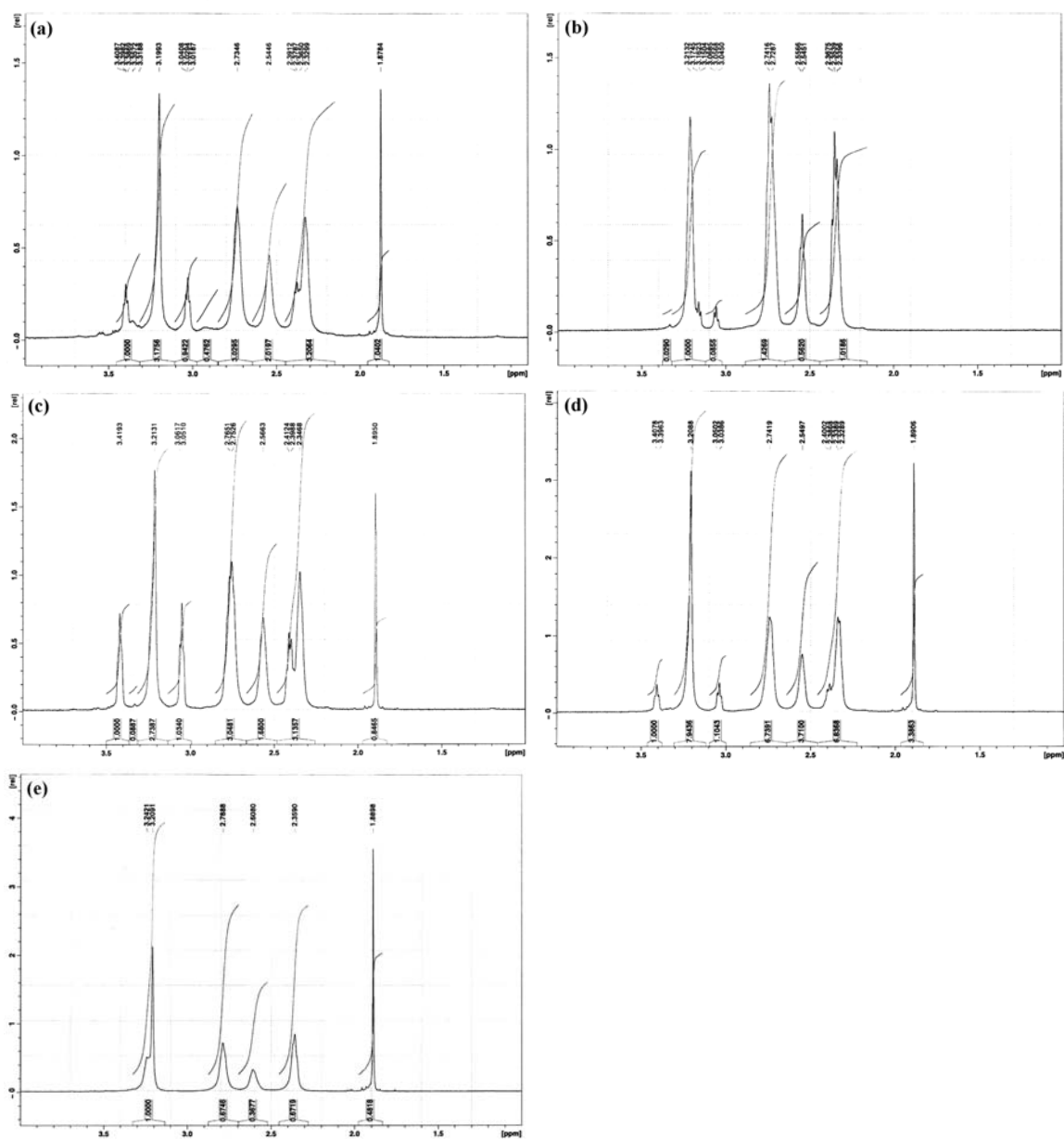


Figure S1. ^1H NMR spectra of $\{(\text{Au}^0)_{51.2}\text{-G5.50Ac}\}$ (a), $\{(\text{Ag}^0)_{51.2}\text{-G5.NH}_2\}$ (b), $\{(\text{Ag}^0)_{51.2}\text{-G5.35Ac}\}$ (c), $\{(\text{Ag}^0)_{51.2}\text{-G5.70Ac}\}$ (d), and $\{(\text{Ag}^0)_{51.2}\text{-G5.100Ac}\}$ (e) DENPs.

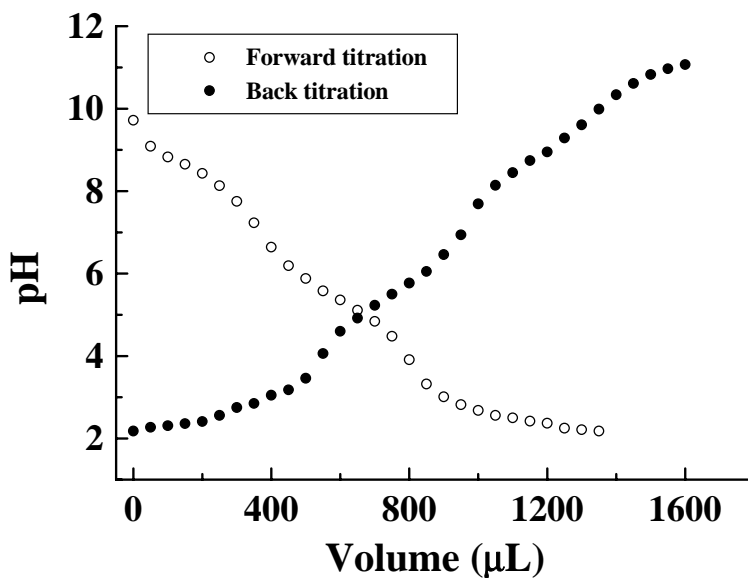


Figure S2. The potentiometric acid-base titration curves of G5.NH₂ dendrimers. Acid-base titrations were performed manually using a Mettler Toledo InLab422 pH electrode coupled with a Thermo Orion 230A plus pH meter at room temperature ($23 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$). 10.18 mg G5.NH₂ dendrimer was dissolved in 5 mL water containing 0.1 M NaCl to give a solution concentration of 2.04 mg/mL. This solution was titrated by a standard HCl solution (0.0951N), then back titrated using a standard NaOH (0.1021N) solution. The numbers of primary and tertiary amine groups of G5.NH₂ were calculated using back titration data and the absolute molecular weight measured by SEC.

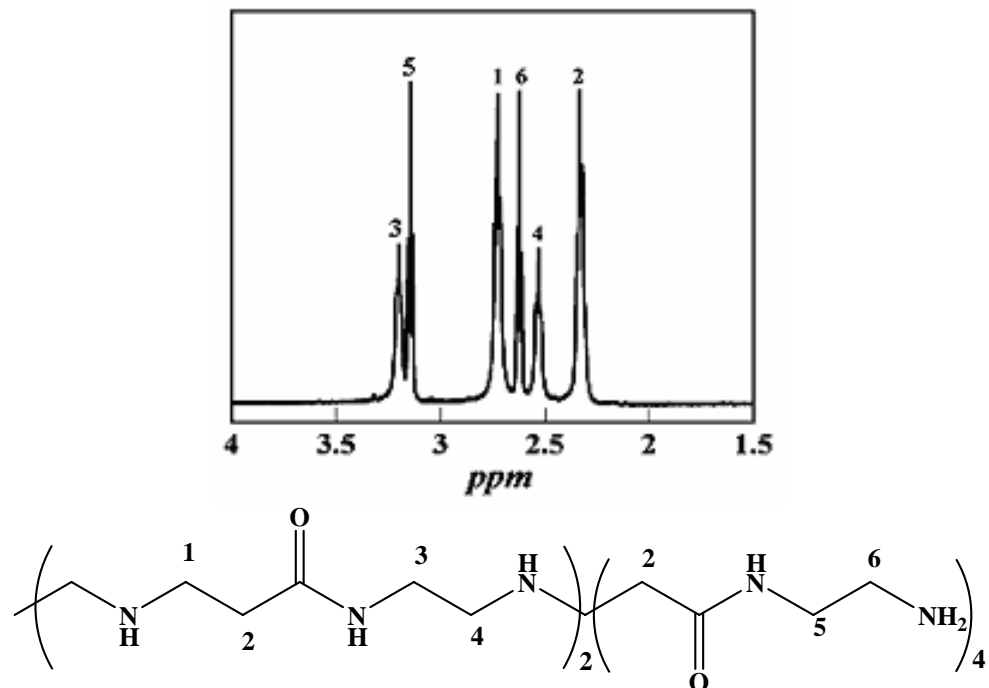


Figure S3. ^1H NMR spectrum of G5.NH₂ dendrimer and the corresponding peak assignments.