

Electronic Supporting Information

belonging to

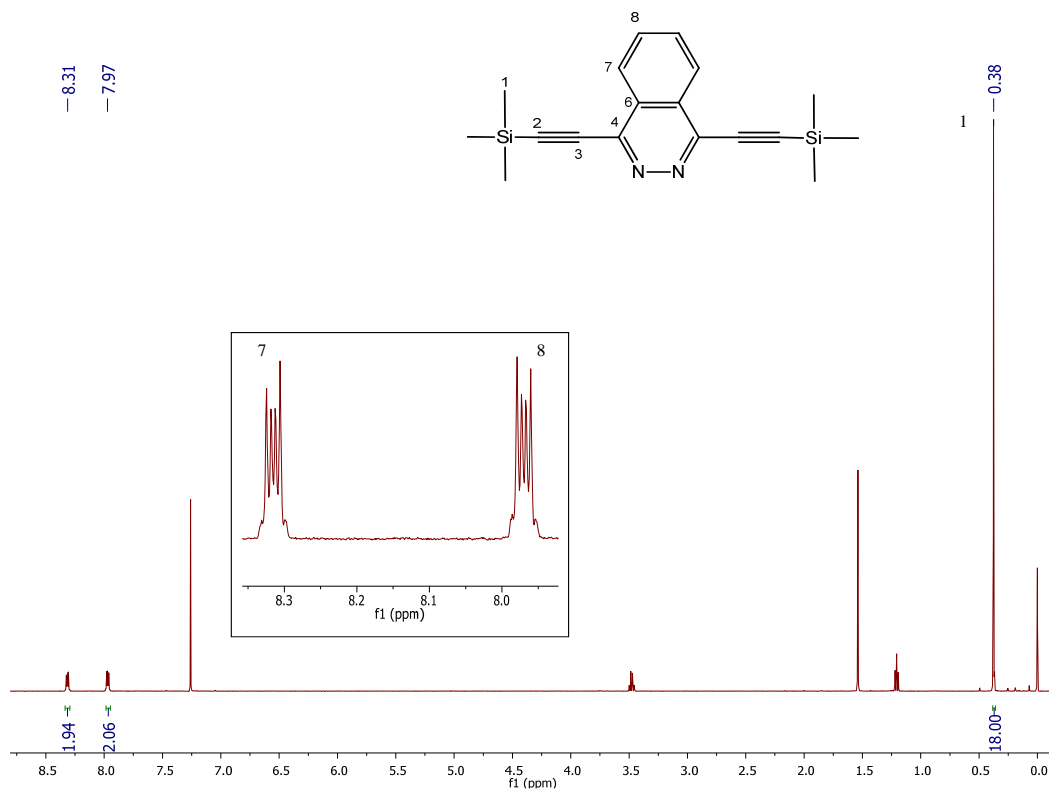
Dinuclear ruthenium complexes containing a new ditopic phthalazin-bis(triazole) ligand that promotes metal–metal interactions

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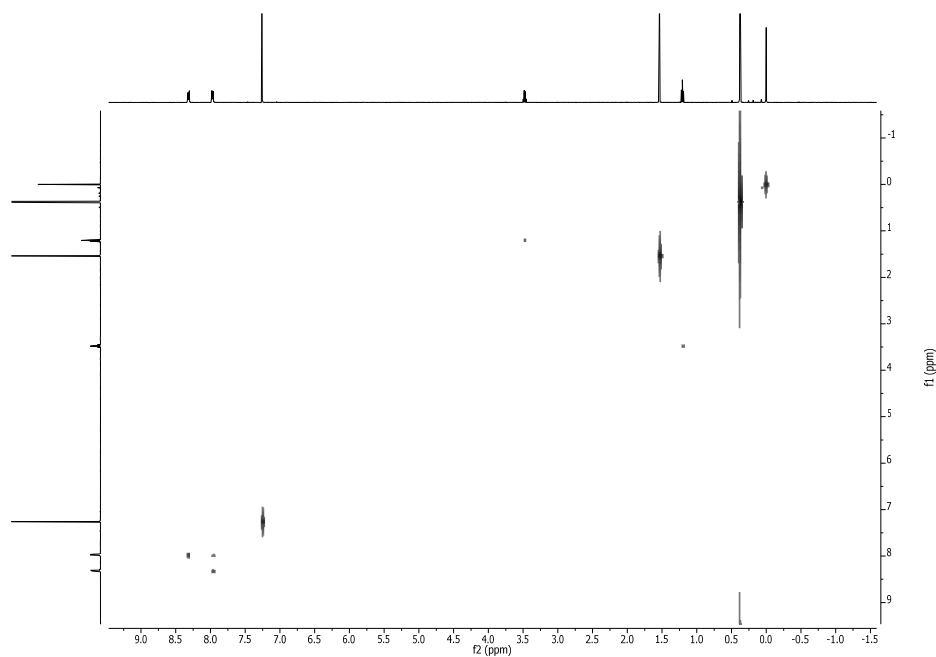
1. NMR and MS data for compound 1	S1
2. NMR data for compound 2	S4
3. NMR data for compound 3 ⁺	S7
4. NMR data for compound 4 ²⁺	S8
5. NMR data for compound 5 ³⁺	S11
6. NMR data for compound 6 ⁺	S13
7. MS data for compound 5 ³⁺	S14
8. Electrochemical data for compounds 5 ³⁺ and 6 ⁺	S15
9. X-ray views for compounds 3 ⁺ , 4 ²⁺ , and 5 ³⁺	S16
10. Crystallographic details for compounds 3 ⁺ , 4 ²⁺ , and 5 ³⁺	S18

Figure S1. 1D and 2D NMR spectra (500 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃) for **1**: (a) **1** schematic representation, ¹H NMR and zoom of the aromatic region (inset), (b) COSY, (c) ¹³C-{¹H}-NMR, (d) HSQC-NMR (aromatic region), (e) HMBC-NMR (aromatic region).

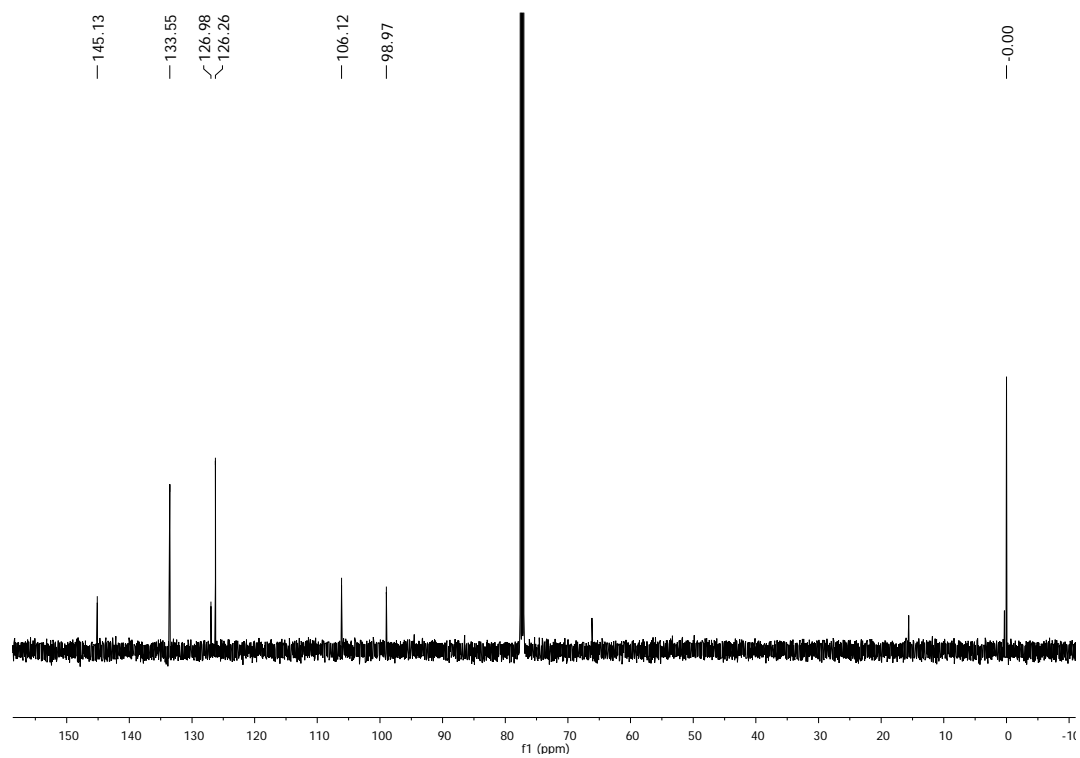
a)



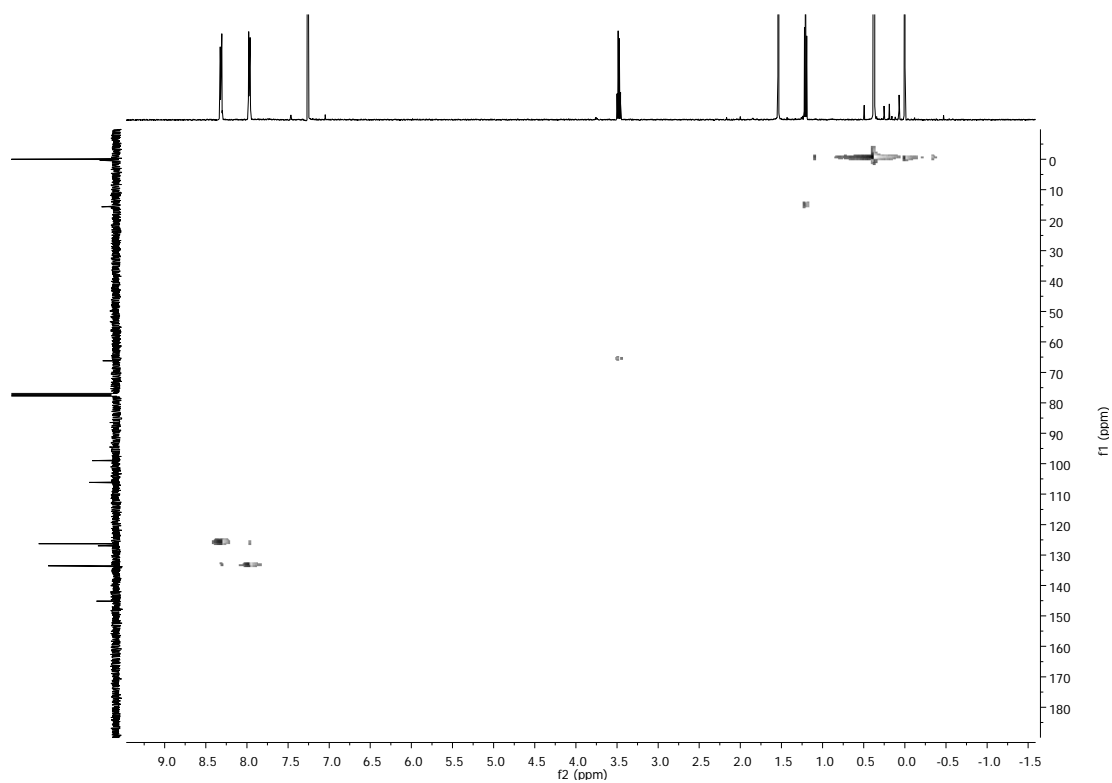
b)



c)



d)



e)

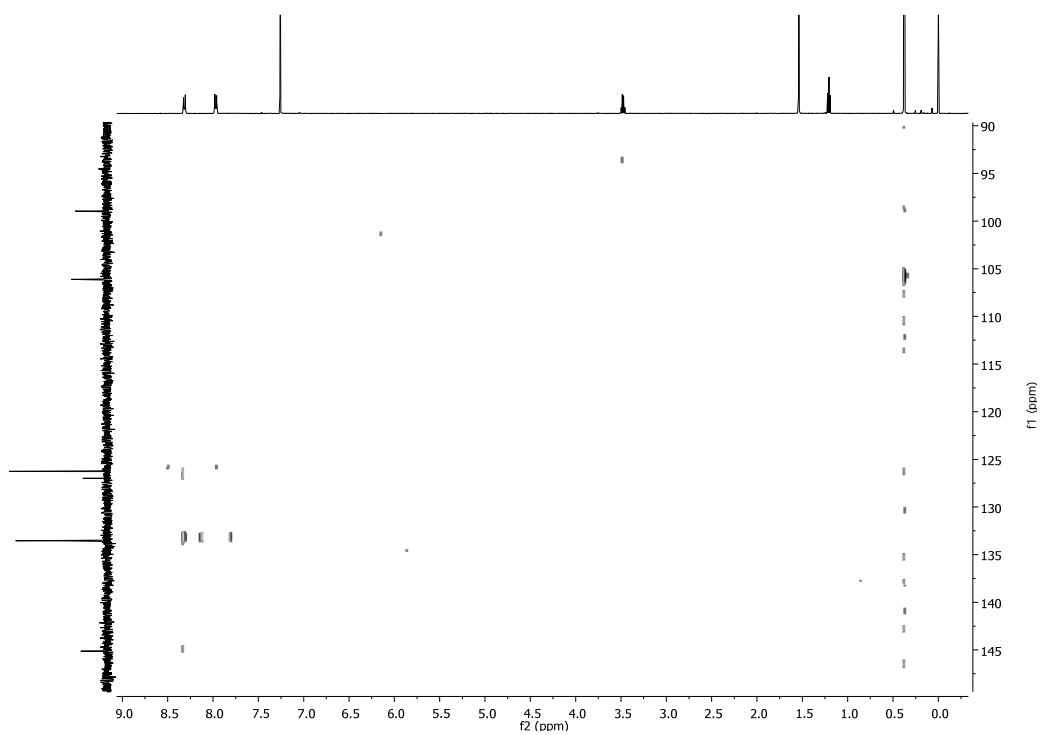


Figure S2. ESI-MS spectrum of **1** recorded in MeOH.

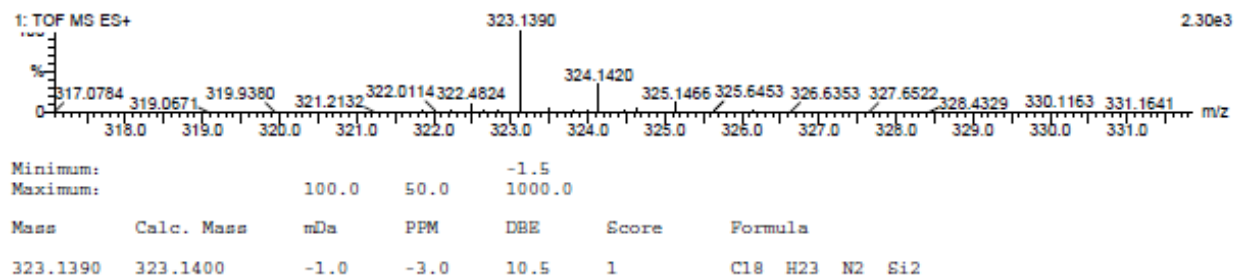
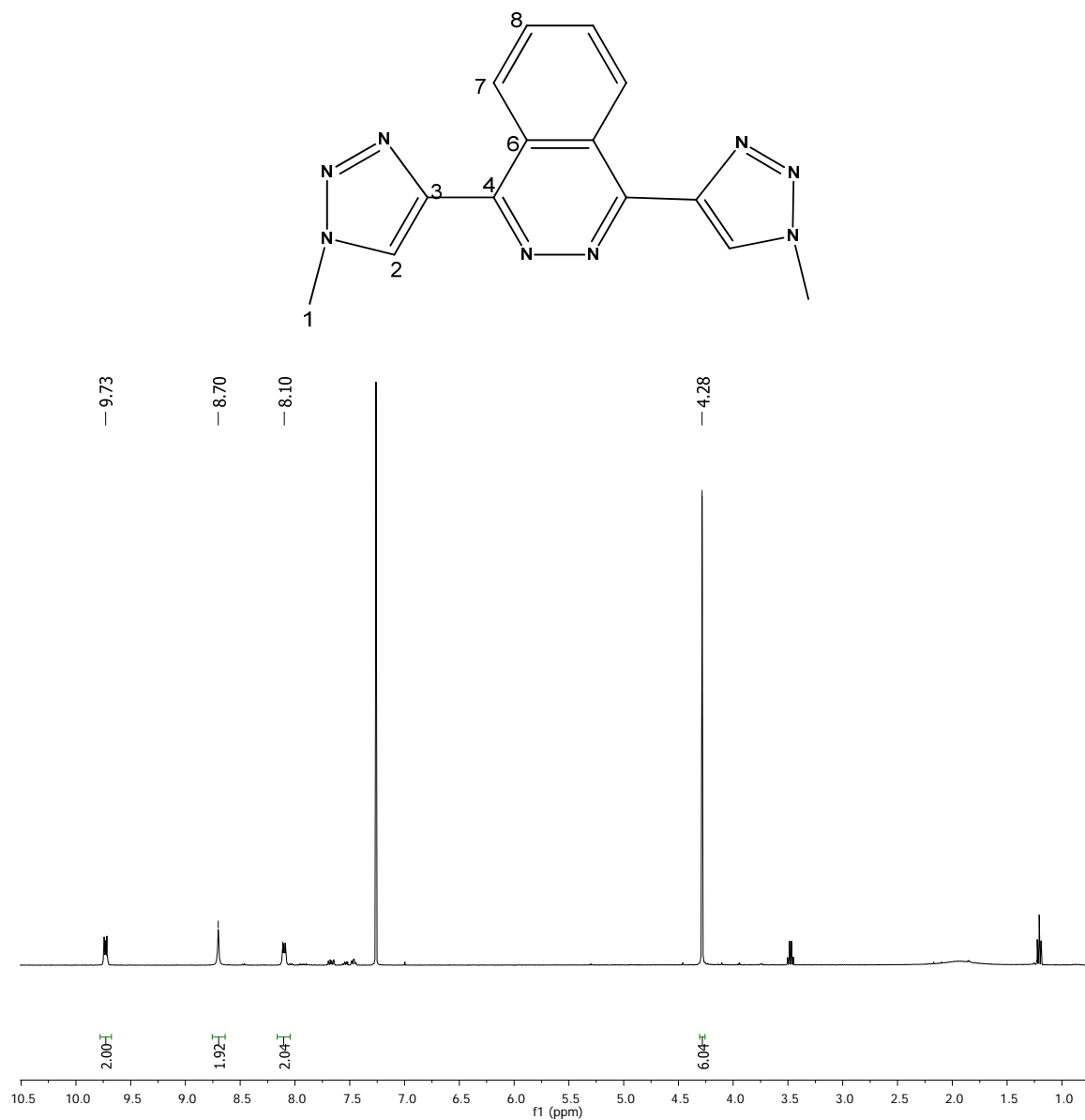
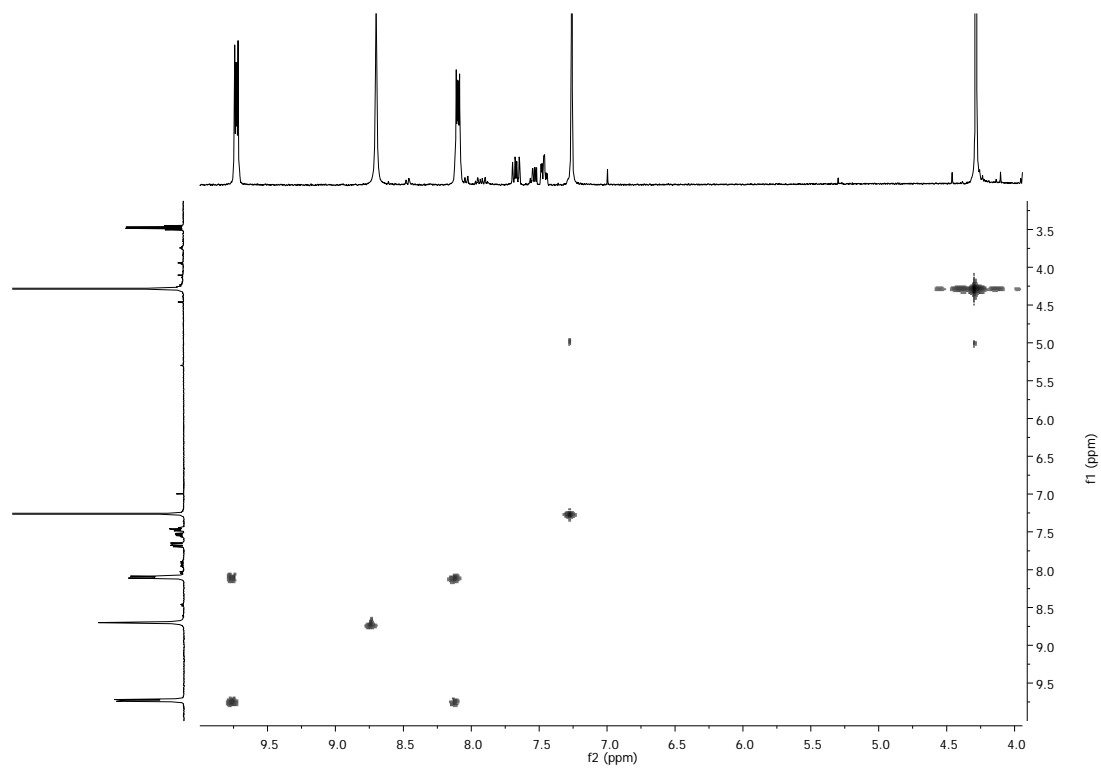


Figure S3. 1D and 2D NMR spectra (500 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃) for **2**: (a) **2** schematic representation and ¹H NMR, (b) COSY, (c) ¹³C-¹H-NMR, (d) HSQC-NMR (aromatic region).

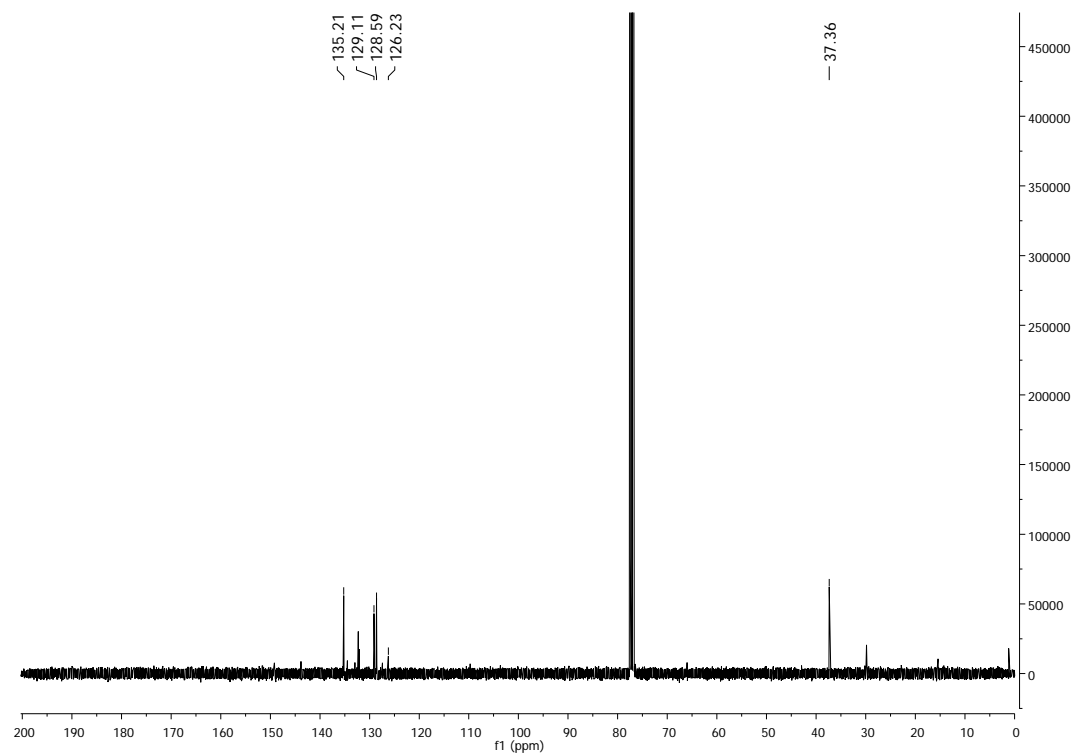
a)



b)



c)



d)

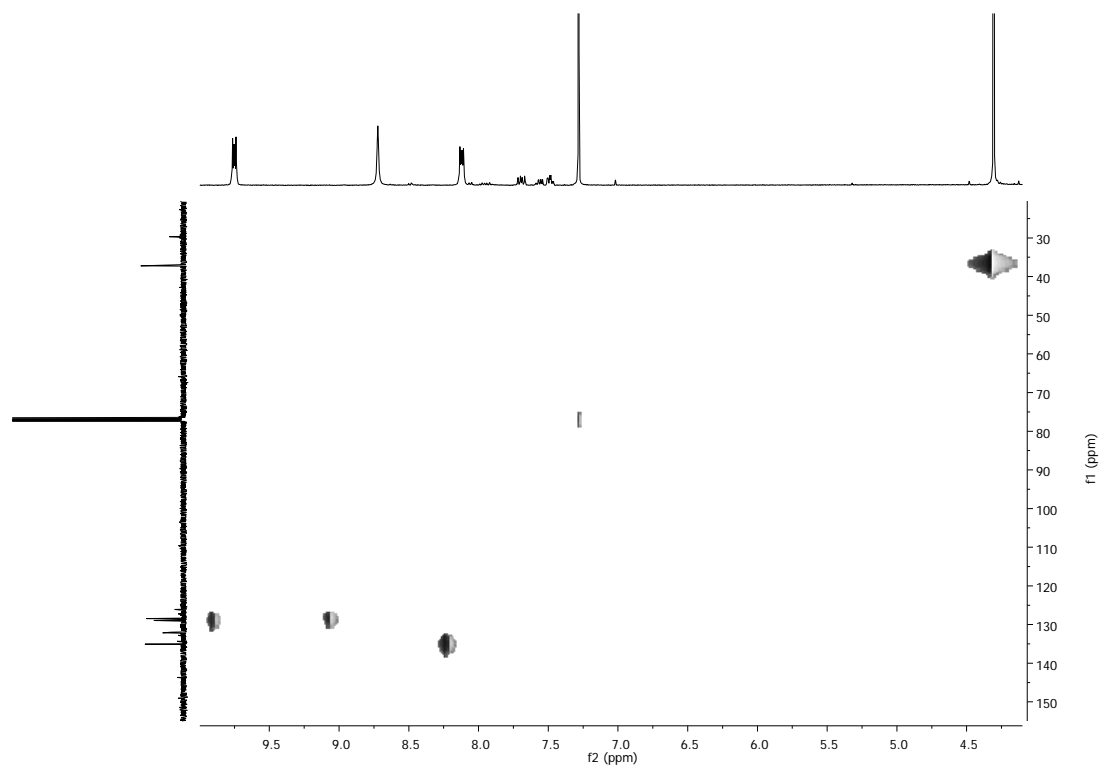
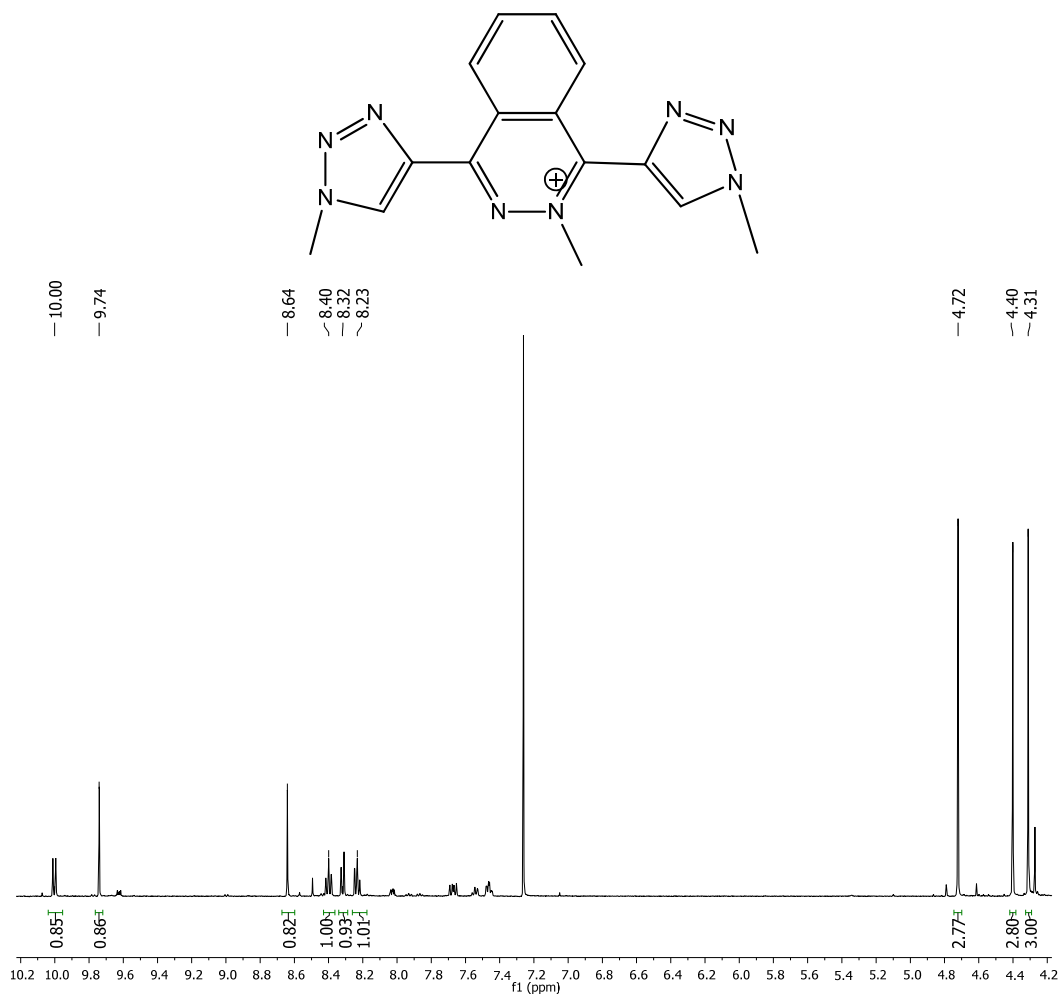


Figure S4. 1D and 2D NMR spectra (500 MHz, 298 K, CDCl₃) for **3**⁺. (a) **3**⁺ schematic representation and ¹H NMR, (b) COSY.

a)



b)

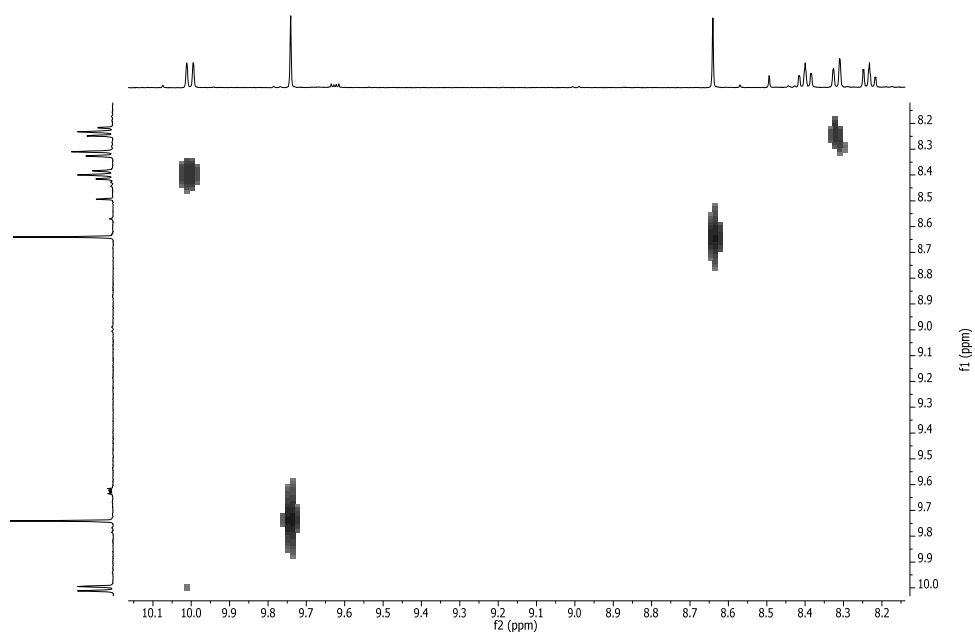
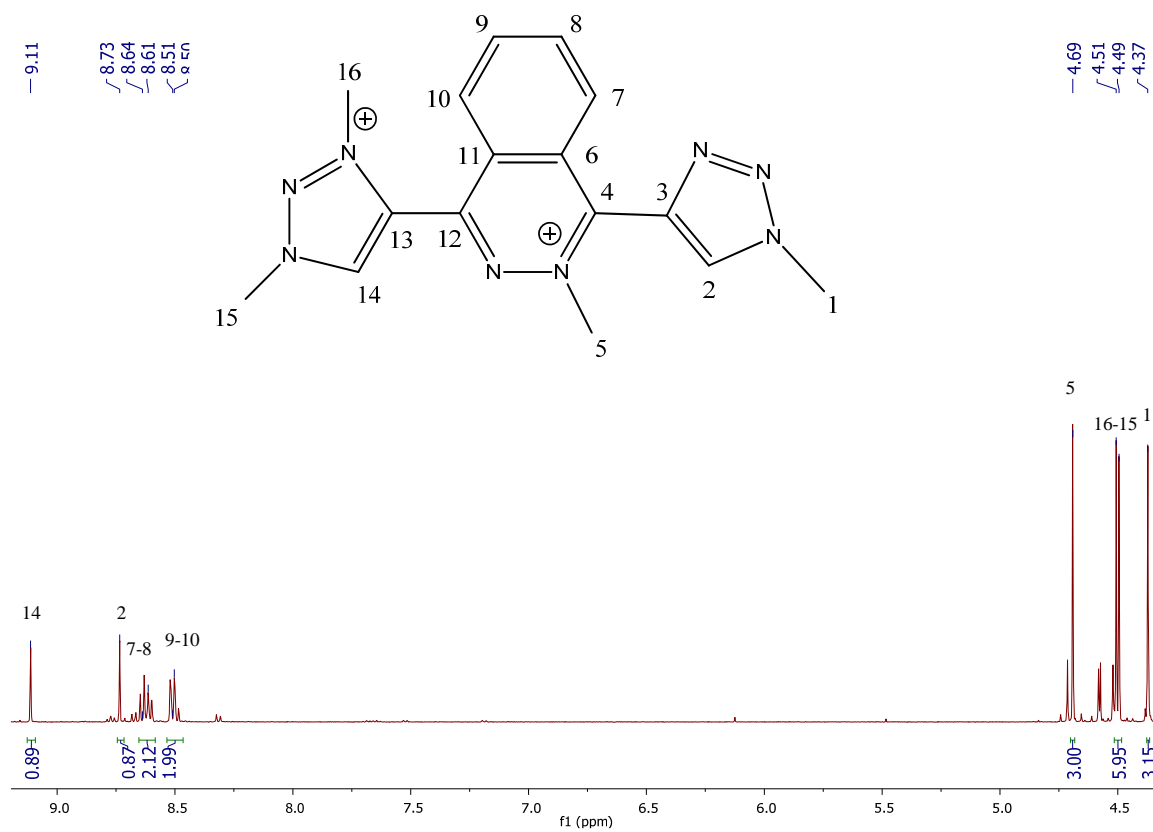
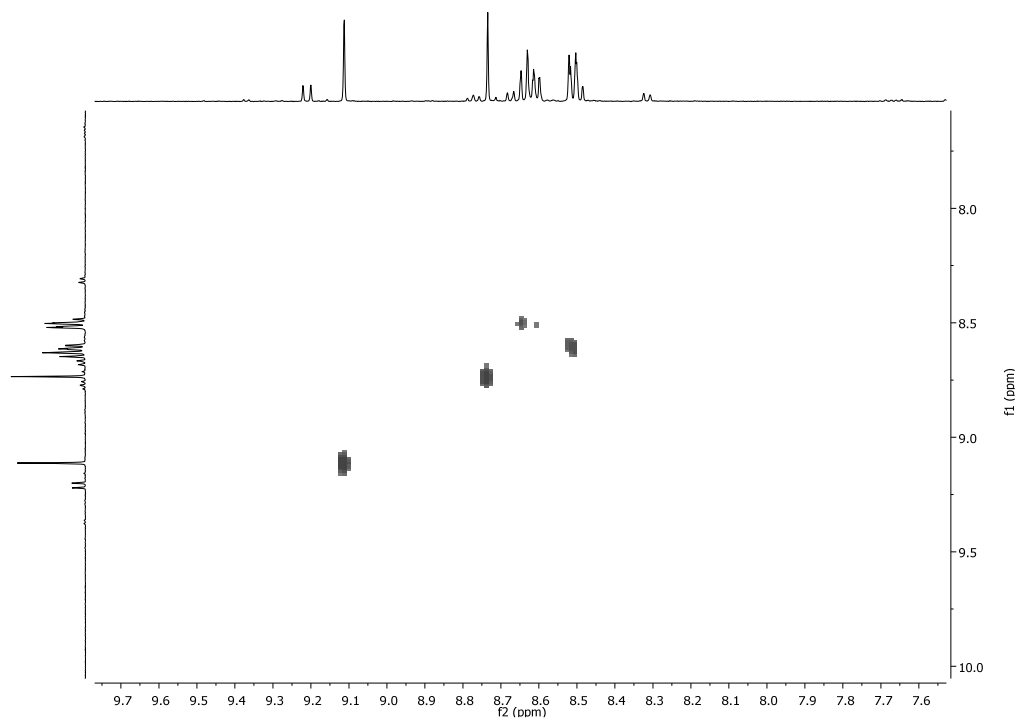


Figure S5. 1D and 2D NMR spectra (500 MHz, 298 K, CD₃CN) for **4**²⁺: (a) **4**²⁺ schematic representation and ¹H NMR, (b) COSY, (c) ¹³C-¹H-NMR, (d) HSQC-NMR (aromatic region), (e) HMBC-NMR (aromatic region).

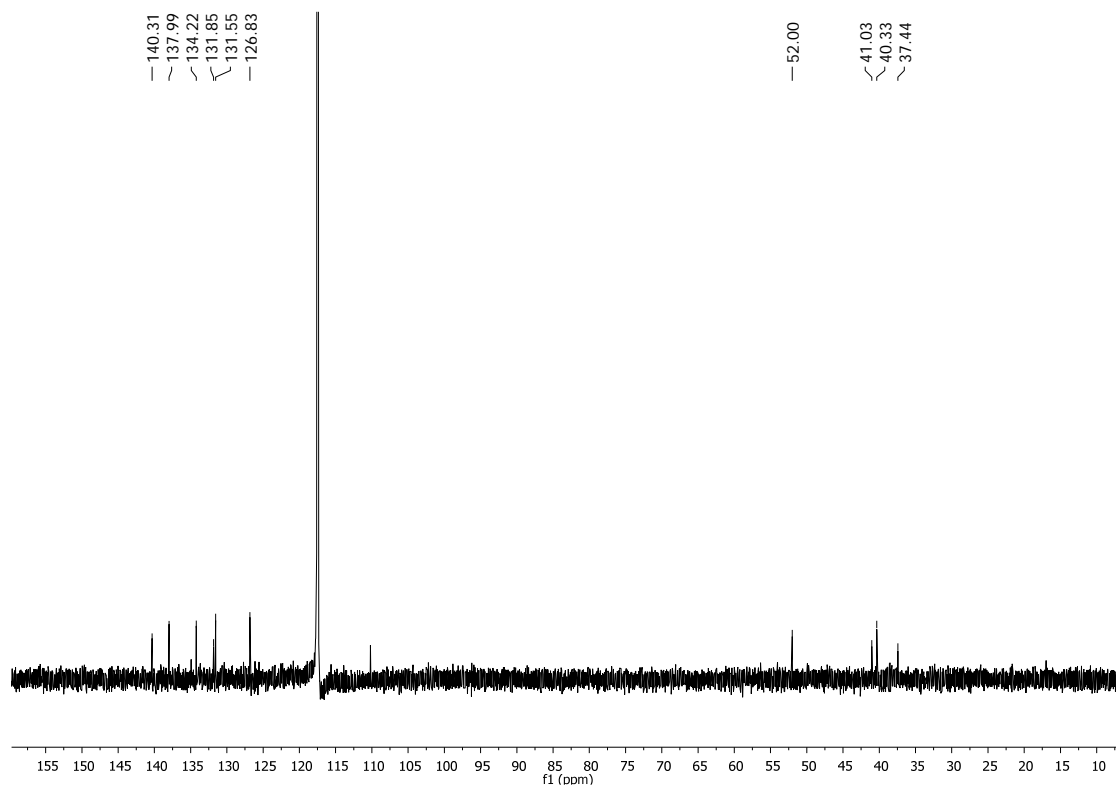
a)



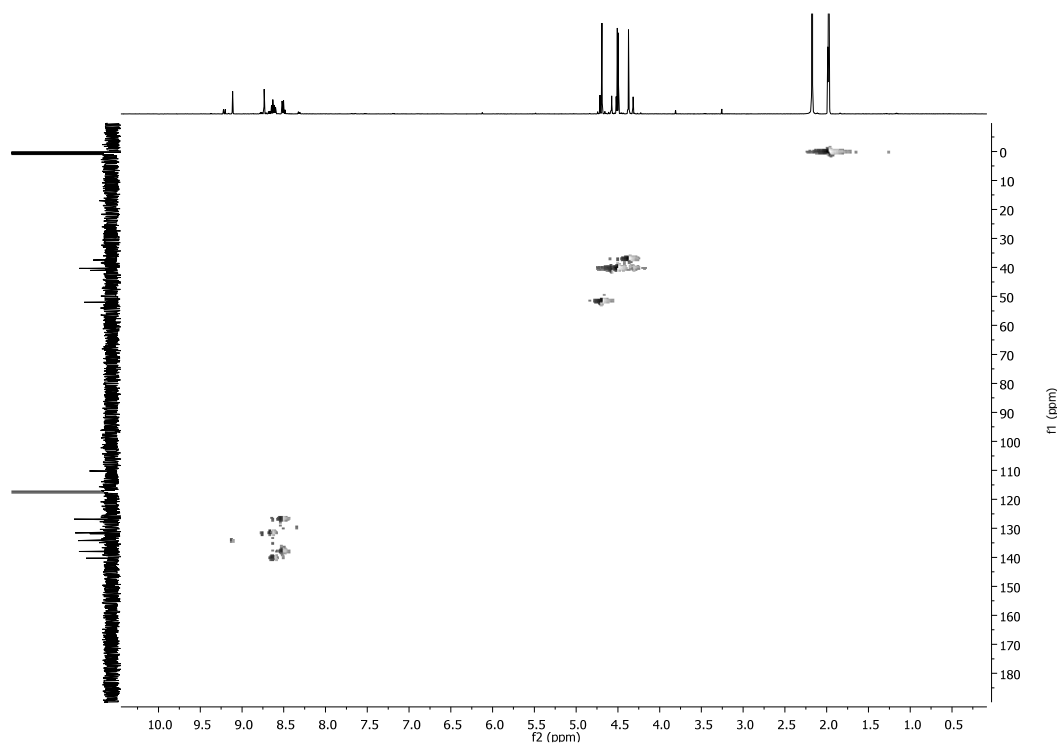
b)



c)



d)



e)

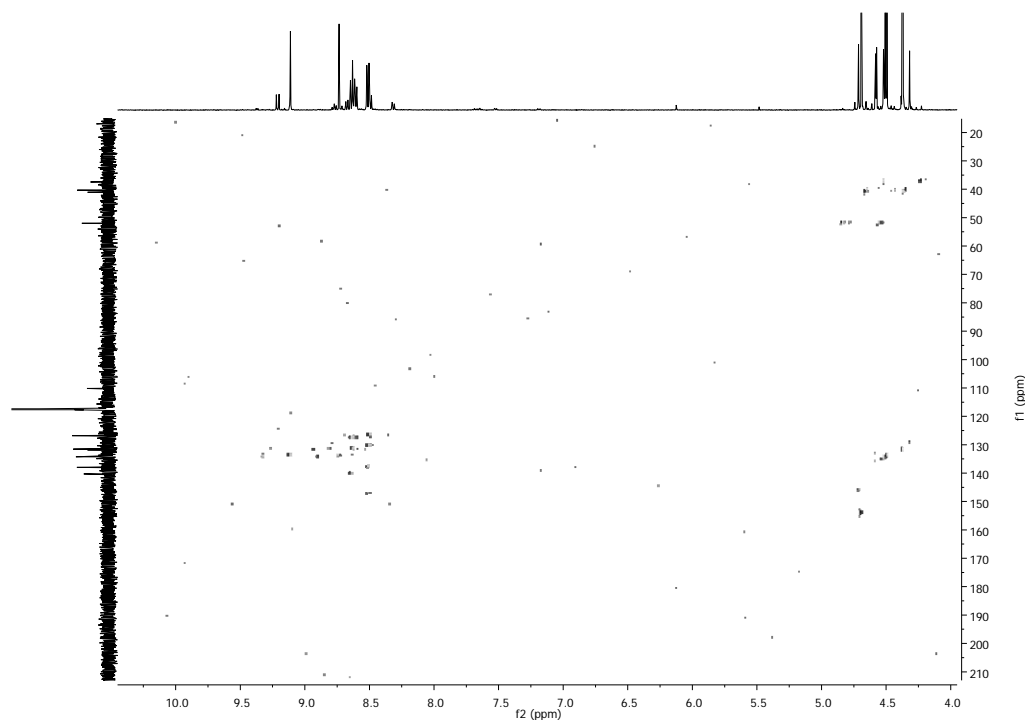


Figure S6. ^1H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, 298 K, acetone- d_6) recorded during the synthesis of 5^{3+} and 6^+ after 12 h of reaction.

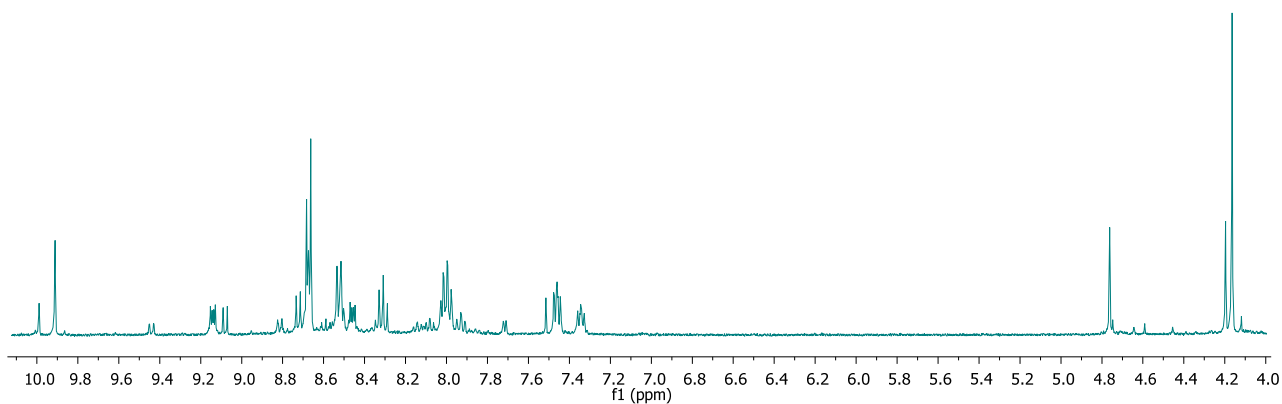
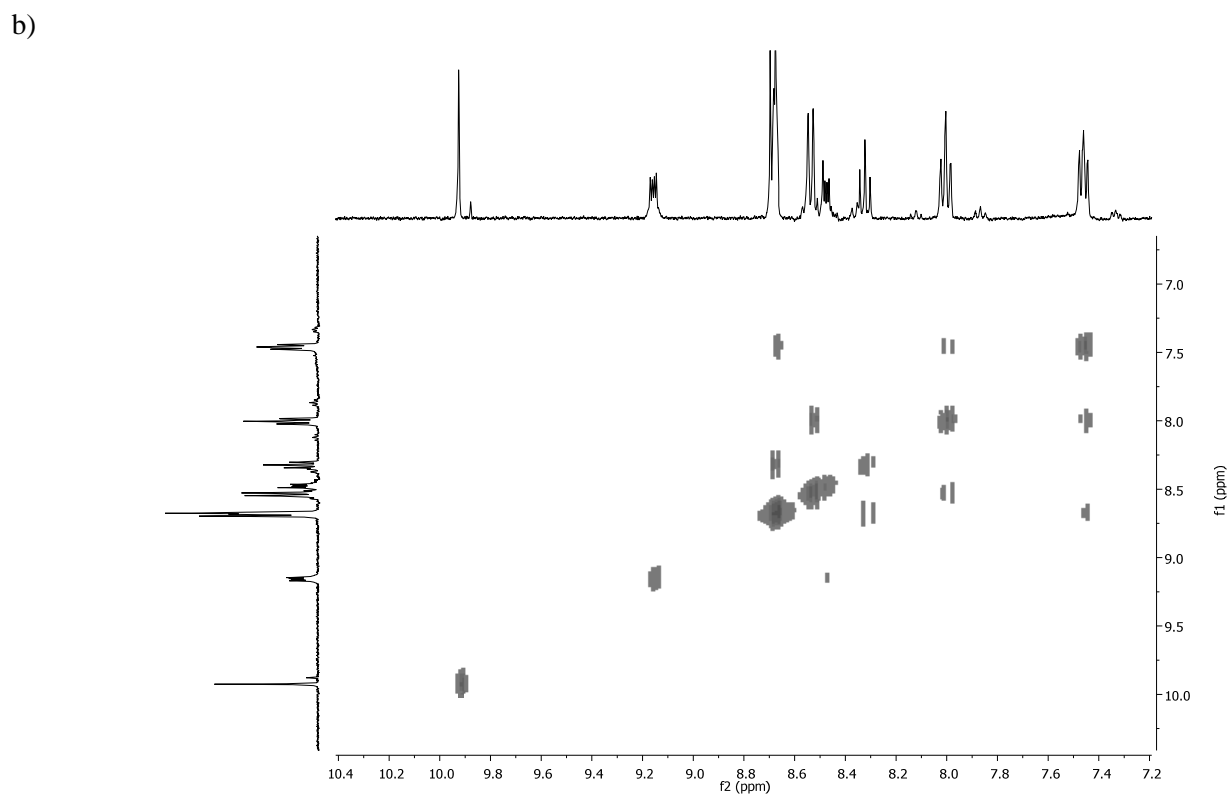
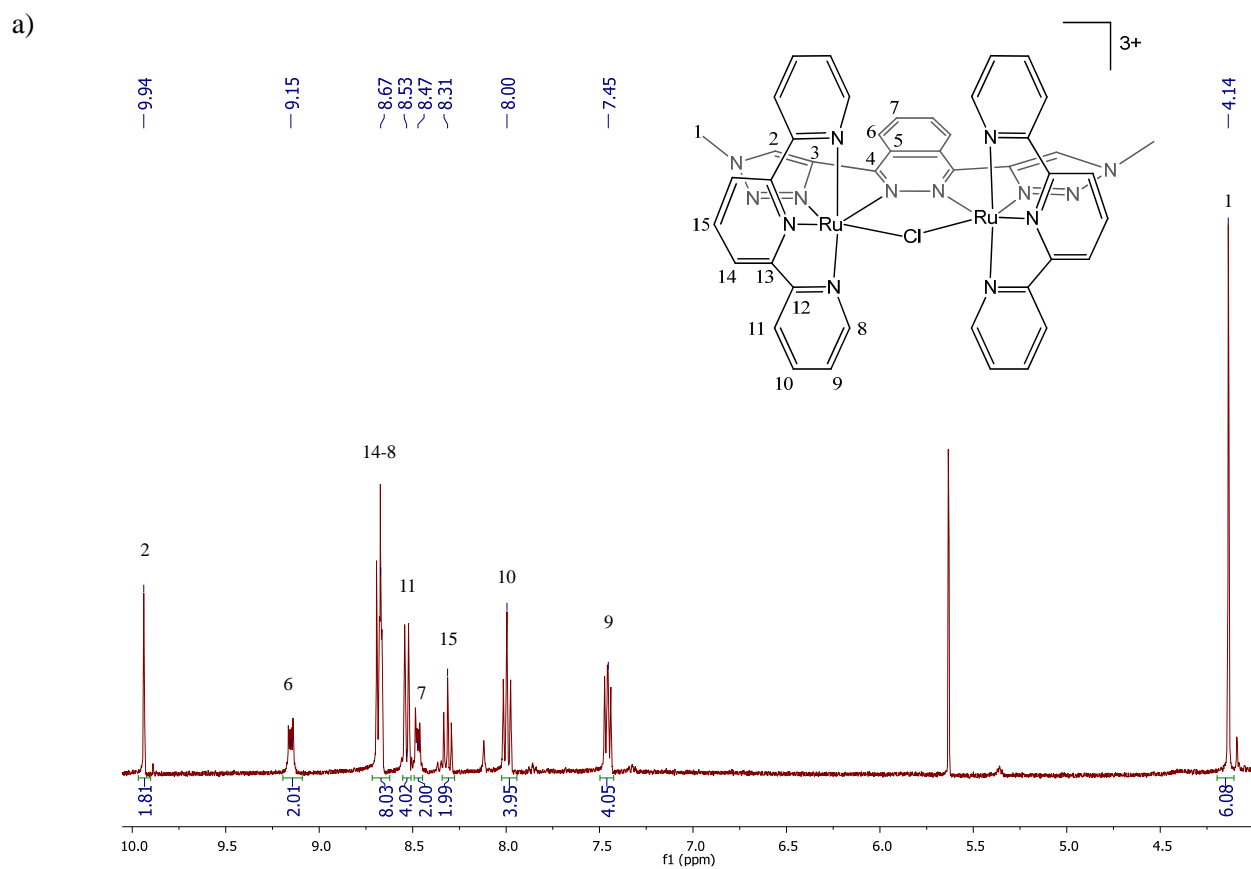
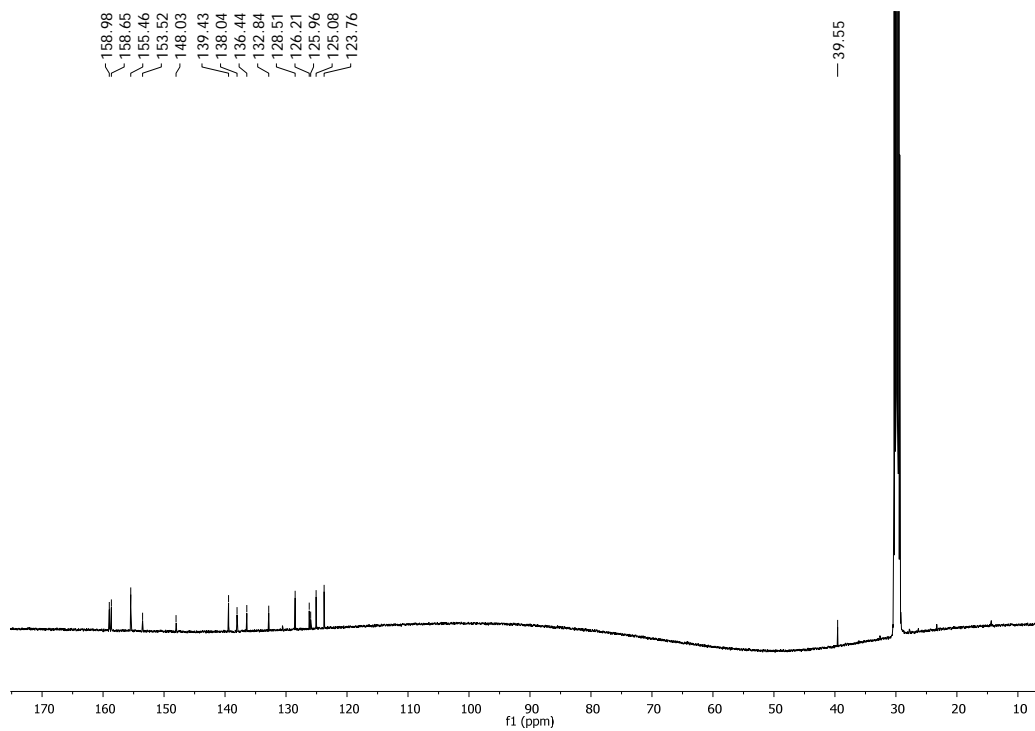


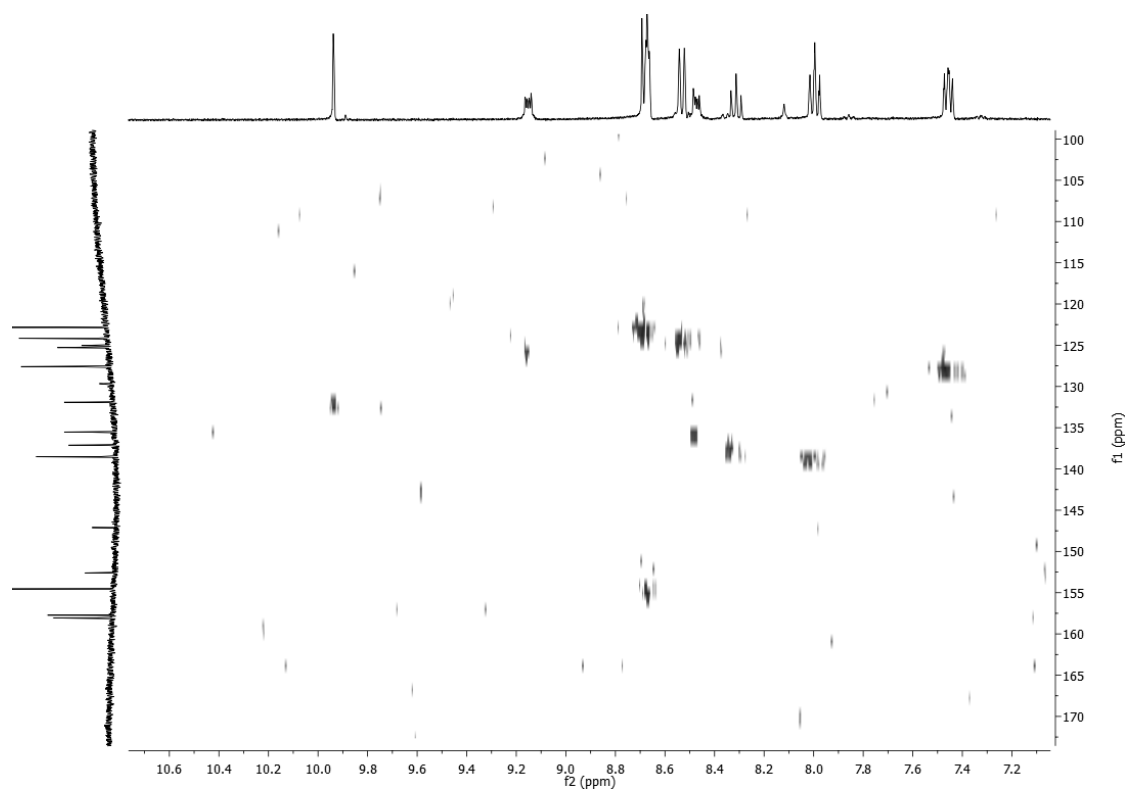
Figure S7. 1D and 2D NMR spectra (500 MHz, 298 K, acetone- d_6) for 5^{3+} : (a) 5^{3+} schematic representation and ^1H NMR, (b) COSY, (c) ^{13}C - $\{^1\text{H}\}$ -NMR, (d) HSQC-NMR (aromatic region), (e) HMBC-NMR (aromatic region).



c)



d)



e)

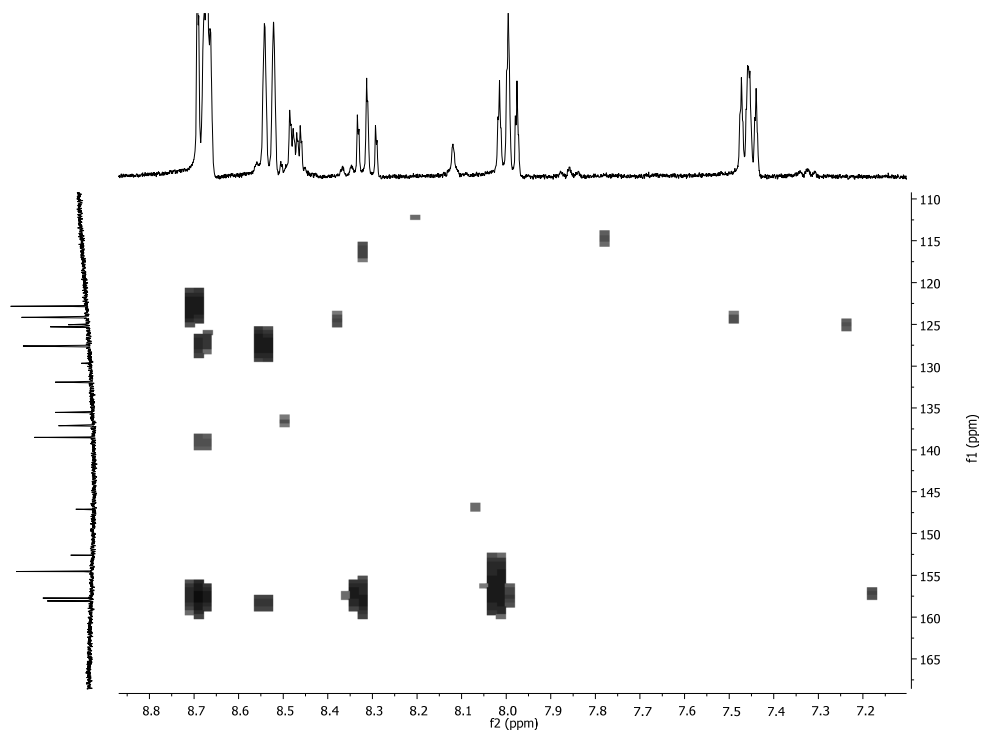


Figure S8. Schematic representation and ^1H NMR (400 MHz, 298 K, acetone- d_6) for 6^+ .

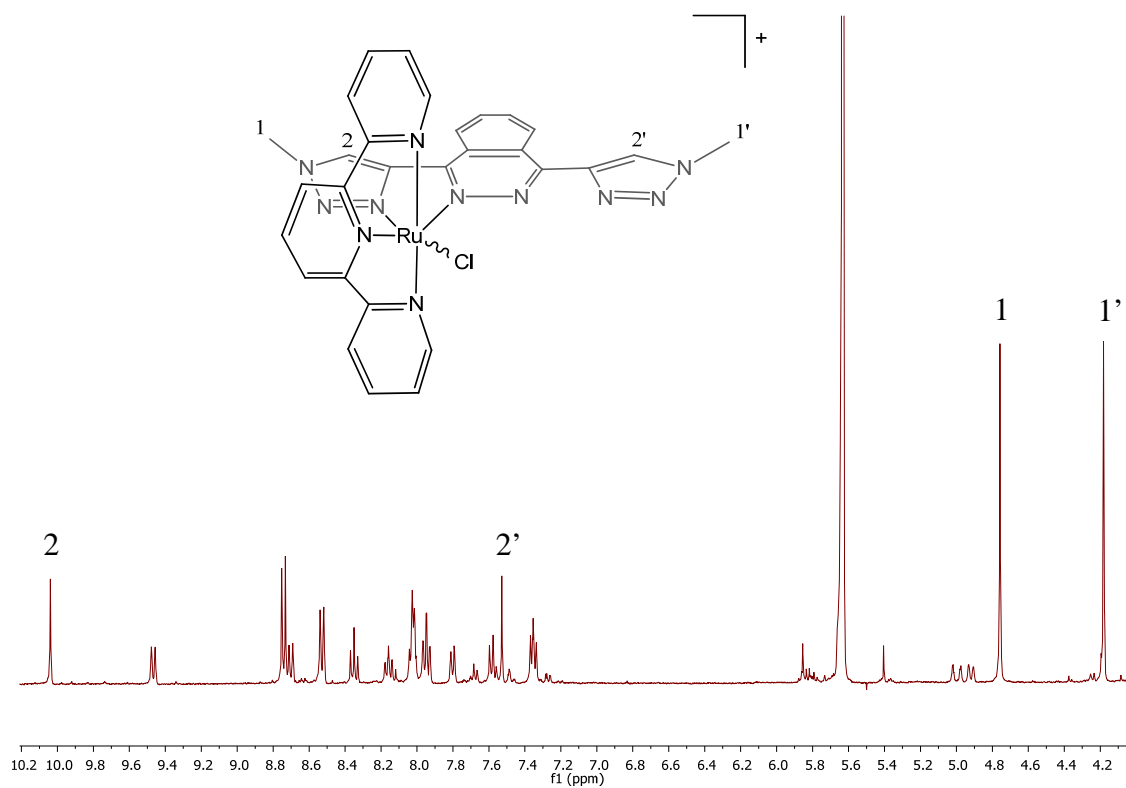


Figure S9. ESI-MS spectrum for complex 5^{3+} . Inset: theoretical (left side) and experimental (right side) isotopic distribution for peak centered at 1287.0 Da.

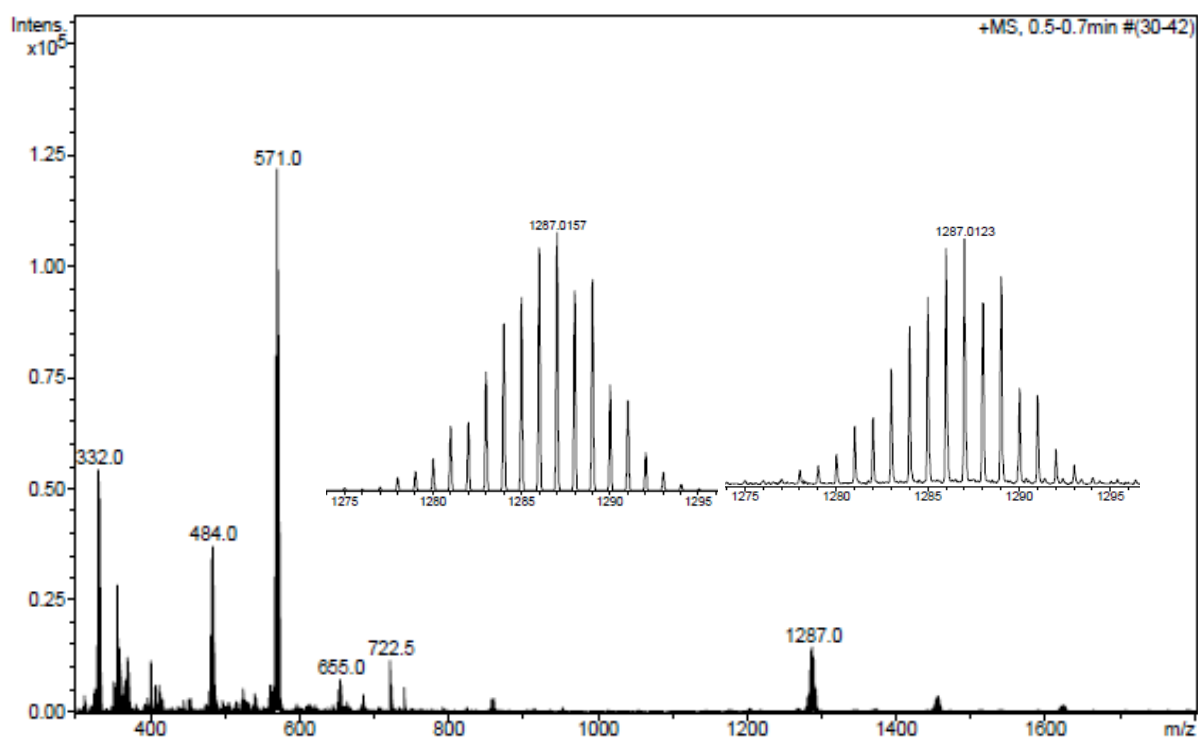


Figure S10. Cyclic voltammograms for the chlorido-bridged dinuclear complex 5^{3+} (a) and the mononuclear complex 4^+ (b) in 0.1 M $n\text{-Bu}_4\text{NPF}_6$ in acetone at 100 mV/s scan rate. Glassy carbon electrode was used as working electrode and the potential was measured vs. SSCE.

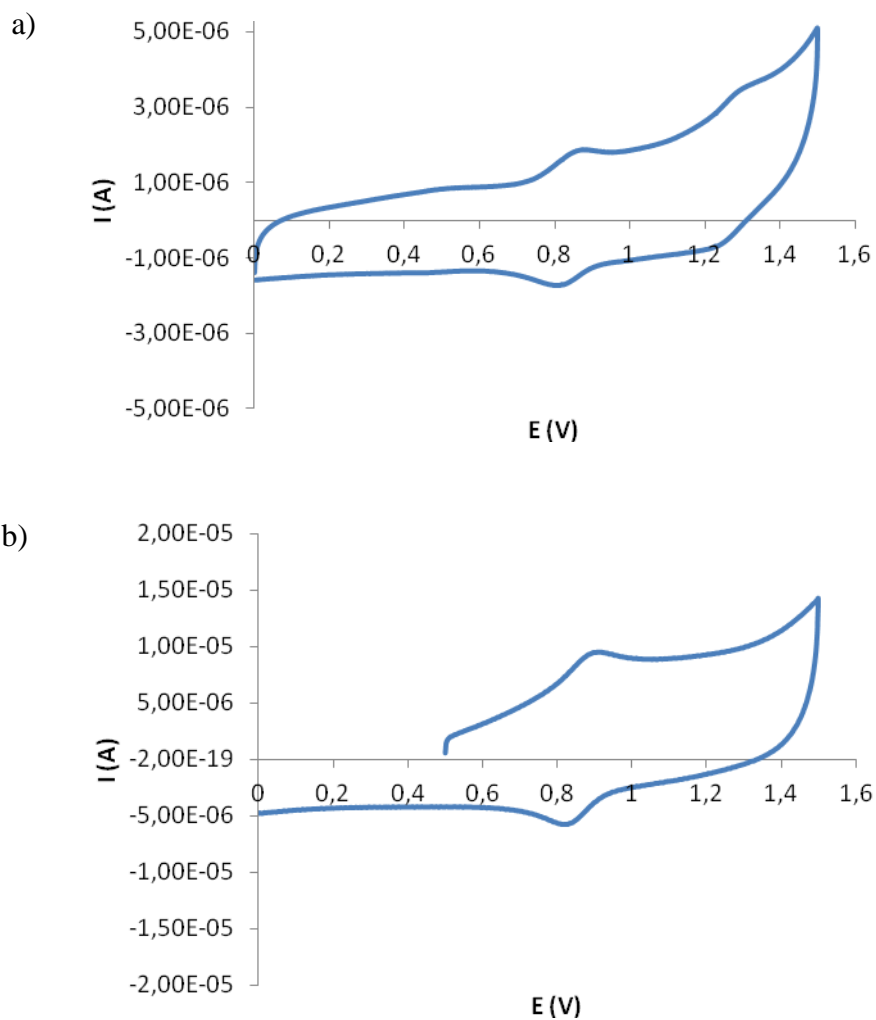


Figure S11. Mercury plot of **3(I).CHCl₃** unit cell.

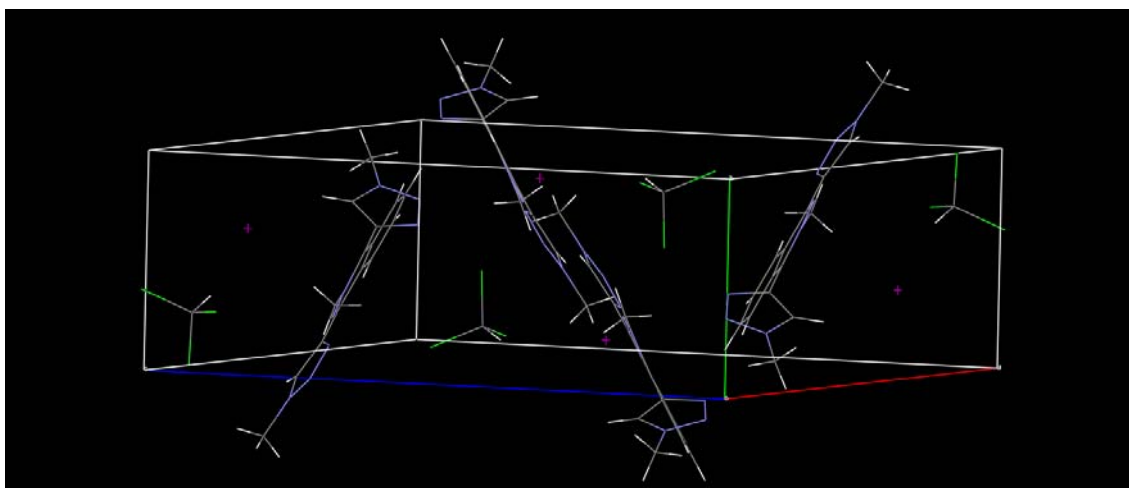


Figure S12. Mercury plot of **3⁺** displaying the triazole ring torsion angle.

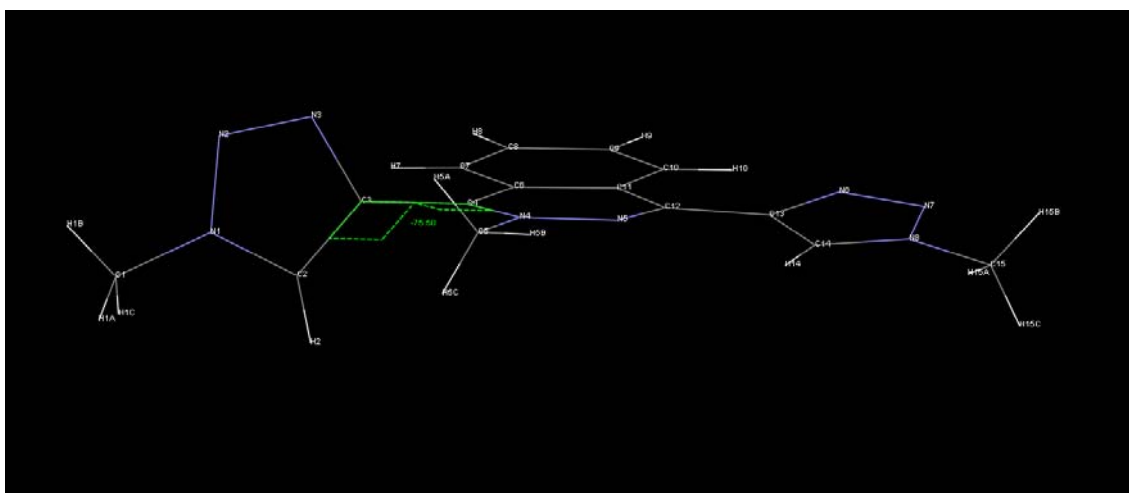


Figure S13. Mercury plot of **4²⁺** unit cell.

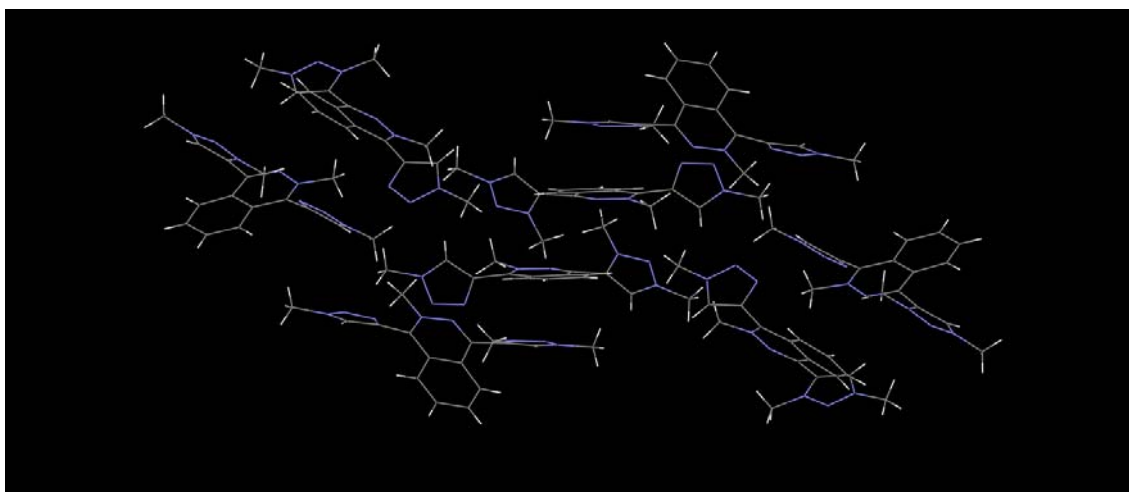


Figure S14. Mercury plot of 4^{2+} displaying the triazole rings torsion angles.

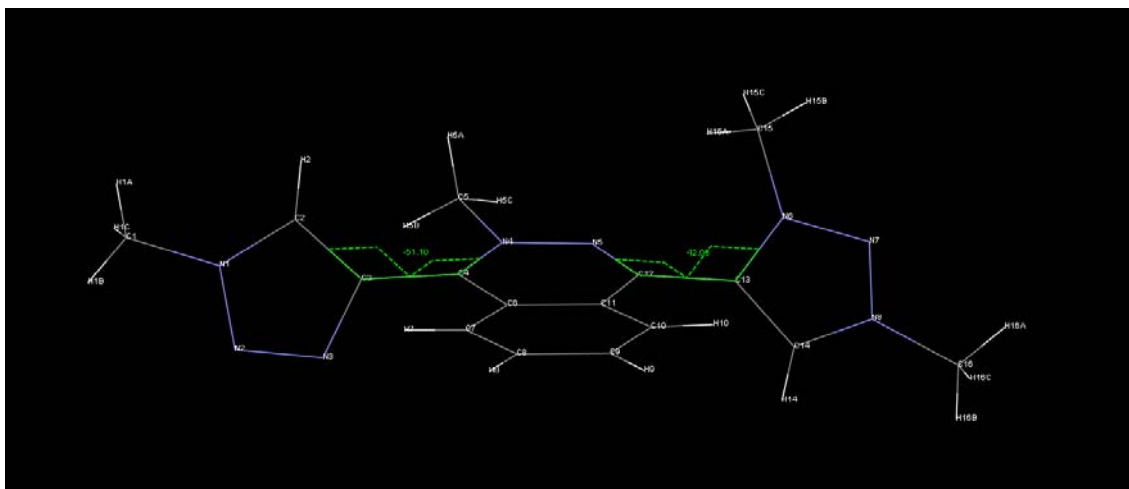


Figure S15. Mercury plot of $5(\text{PF}_6)_3 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3$ unit cell.

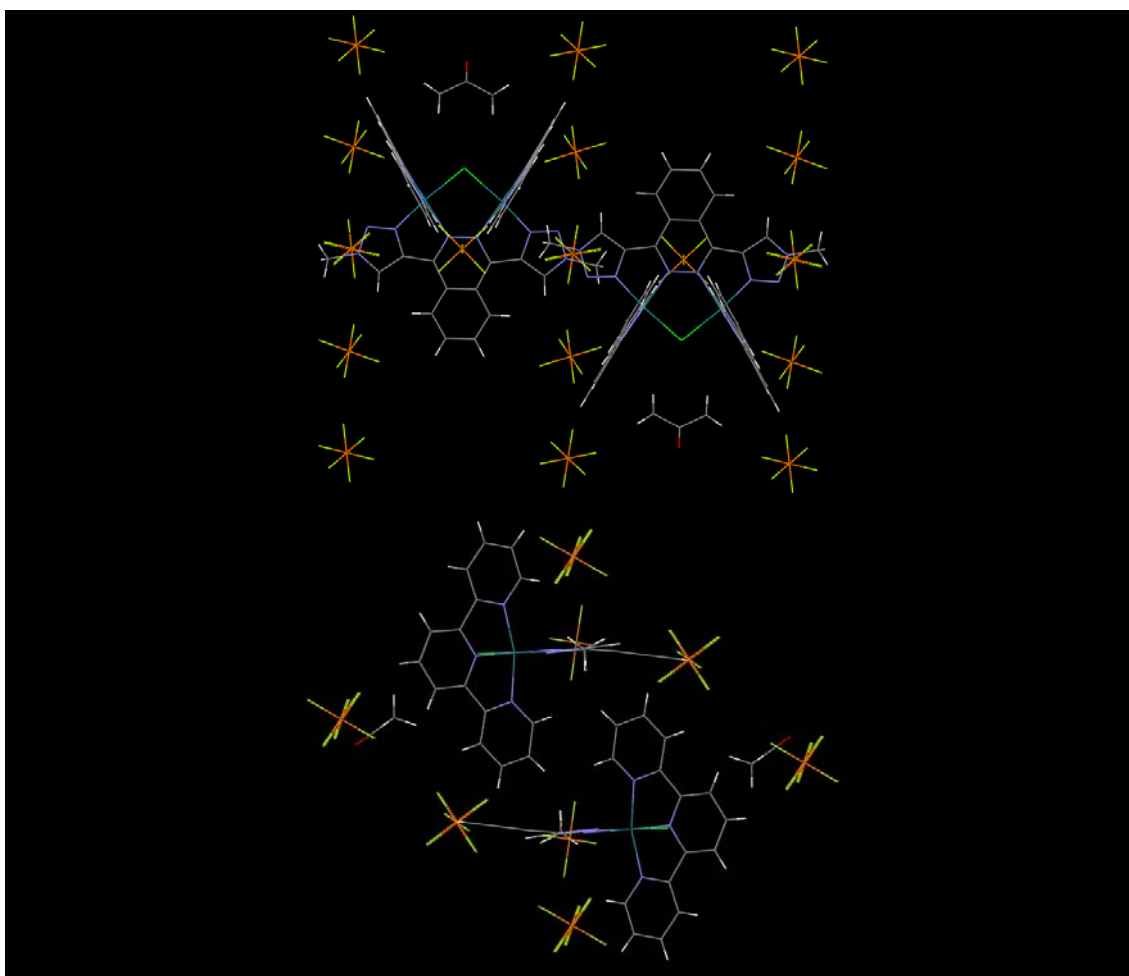


Table S1. Crystallographic data for **3⁺**.

Formula	C ₁₅ H ₁₅ N ₈ , C H Cl ₃ , I
Formula Weight	553.62
Crystal System	Monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /c (No. 14)
a, b, c [Angstrom]	16.5447(6) 6.8596(3) 19.1037(8)
V [Ang ³]	2119.32(15)
alpha, beta, gamma [deg]	90 102.175(4) 90
Z	4
D(calc) [g/cm ³]	1.735
Mu(MoKa) [/mm]	1.909
F(000)	1088
Crystal Size [mm]	0.08 x 0.10 x 0.18
Temperature (K)	100
Radiation [Angstrom]	MoKa 0.71073
Theta Min-Max [Deg]	3.3, 24.1
Dataset	-18: 18 ; -7: 7 ; -21: 21
Tot., Uniq. Data, R(int)	15714, 3351, 0.054
Observed data [I > 2.0 sigma(I)]	2791
Nref, Npar	3351, 256
R, wR2, S	0.0288, 0.0638, 1.06
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0197P)^2 + 2.5839P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$	
Max. and Av. Shift/Error	0.00, 0.00
Min. and Max. Resd. Dens. [e/Ang ³]	-0.39, 0.79

Table S2. Crystallographic data for **4²⁺**.

Formula	C16 H18 N8, 2(C F3 O3 S)
Formula Weight	620.54
Crystal System	Orthorhombic
Space group	Pbca (No. 61)
a, b, c [Angstrom]	23.156(1) 8.0465(3) 26.901(1)
V [Ang**3]	5012.3(3)
Z	8
D(calc) [g/cm**3]	1.645
Mu(MoKa) [/mm]	0.310
F(000)	2528
Crystal Size [mm]	0.00 x 0.00 x 0.00
Temperature (K)	293
Radiation [Angstrom]	MoKa 0.71073
Theta Min-Max [Deg]	3.4, 22.0
Dataset	-24: 24 ; -8: 8 ; -28: 28
Tot., Uniq. Data, R(int)	20946, 3069, 0.056
Observed data [I > 2.0 sigma(I)]	2844
Nref, Npar	3069, 365
R, wR2, S	0.0869, 0.1660, 1.20
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0000P)^2 + 42.4684P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/$	
Max. and Av. Shift/Error	0.01, 0.00
Min. and Max. Resd. Dens. [e/Ang^3]	-0.39, 0.43

Table S3. Crystallographic data for **5³⁺**.

Formula	C44 H34 Cl N14 Ru2, 3 (F6 P), 2 (C3 H6 O)
Formula Weight	1547.51
Crystal System	Monoclinic
Space group	P21/m (No. 11)
a, b, c [Angstrom]	11.8427(5) 21.0984(7) 12.933(1)
alpha, beta, gamma [deg]	90 103.303(6) 90
V [Ang**3]	3144.8(3)
Z	2
D(calc) [g/cm**3]	1.573
Mu(MoKa) [/mm]	1.573
F(000)	1480
Crystal Size [mm]	0.03 x 0.13 x 0.26
Temperature (K)	100
Radiation [Angstrom]	MoKa 0.71073
Theta Min-Max [Deg]	3.4, 24.1
Dataset	-13: 13 ; -24: 24 ; -14: 13
Tot., Uniq. Data, R(int)	14563, 5106, 0.054
Observed data [I > 2.0 sigma(I)]	3837
Nref, Npar	5106, 423
R, wR2, S	0.0485, 0.1298, 1.04
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0701P)^2 + 1.1102P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$	
Max. and Av. Shift/Error	0.00, 0.00
Min. and Max. Resd. Dens. [e/Ang^3]	-0.52, 1.03