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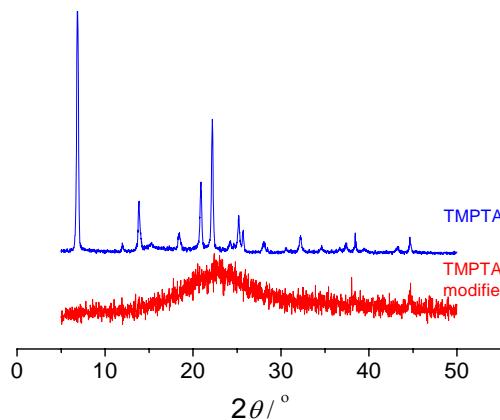
**Supporting information**  
for *New Journal of Chemistry*, 2014

Surface modification of supramolecular nanotubes and selective guest capture

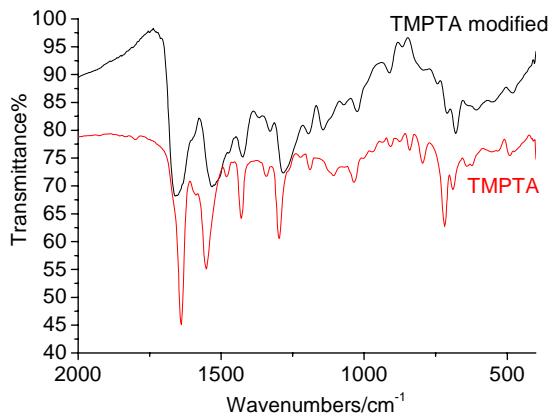
Minjuan Lin,<sup>a</sup> Haoliang Liu,<sup>a</sup> Philip W. Miller,<sup>b</sup> Jianyong Zhang<sup>\*a</sup> and Cheng-Yong Su<sup>\*a</sup>

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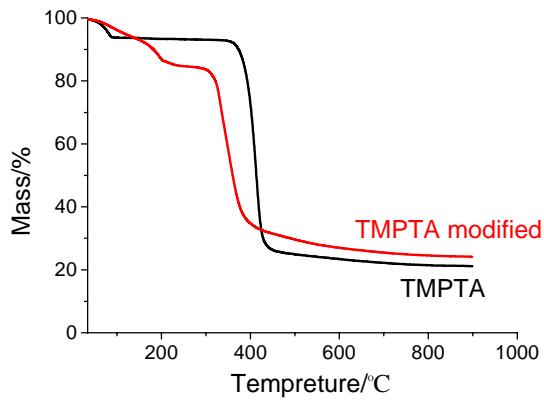
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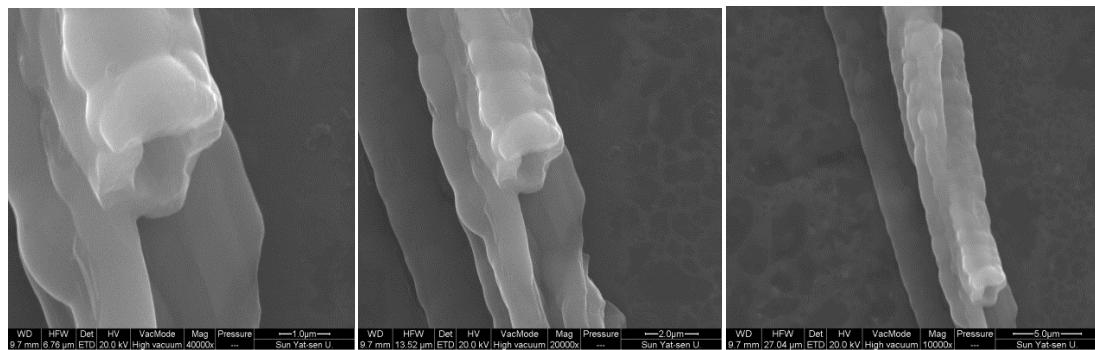
**Fig. S1** PXRD patterns of TMPTA nanotubes and modified TMPTA nanotubes.



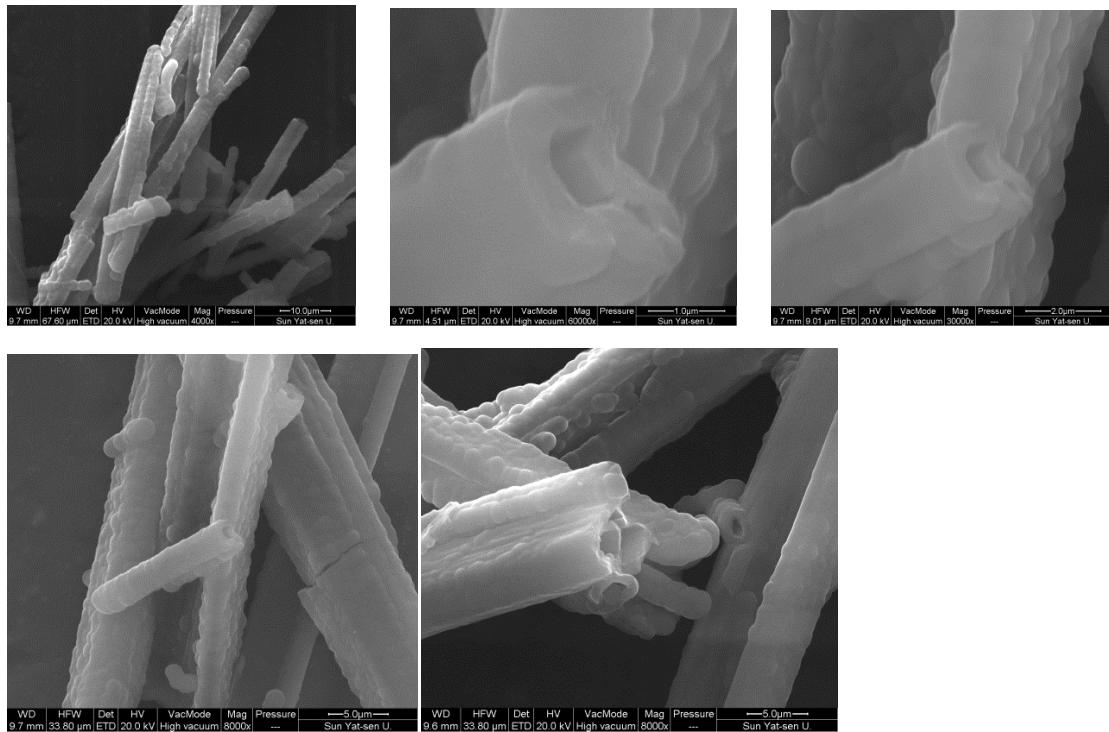
**Fig. S2** FT-IR spectra of TMPTA nanotubes and modified TMPTA nanotubes.



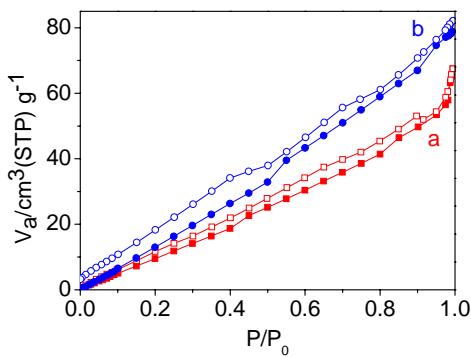
**Fig. S3** TGA curve of TMPTA nanotubes and modified TMPTA nanotubes showing the modified nanotubes were less thermally stable than the unmodified ones which decomposed above 360 °C.



**Fig. S4** SEM images of modified TMPTA nanotubes after immersing in concentrated HCl for 2 d.



**Fig. S5** SEM images of modified TMPTA nanotubes after immersing in NaOH solution ( $\text{pH} = 12$ ) for 2 d.



**Fig. S6**  $\text{N}_2$  adsorption-desorption isotherms of a) TMPTA nanotubes and b) modified TMPTA nanotubes at 77 K.

**Table S1** Parameters of the pseudo-second-order rate equation for various dyes.

Dye	BBR-250	MO	MB	CR	OG
$1/q_e$	0.00133	0.00107	0.00164	0.000776	0.000748
$1/k_2 q_e^2$	0.00326	0.00401	0.00129	0.000856	0.00243
$k_2$	0.000543	0.000286	0.00208	0.000703	0.000230
$R^2$	0.99784	0.99846	0.99985	0.99993	0.99962