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Non-stoichiometric O-acetylation of polysaccharide antigens: convergent synthesis and antibody recognition of acetylated *Shigella flexneri* 2a decasaccharides

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SUPPORTING INFORMATION

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Figure S1. Anomeric region of the ¹H NMR spectra (Bruker AVII700 spectrometer equipped with a 5 mm ${}^{1}\text{H}({}^{13}\text{C}/{}^{15}\text{N})$ inverse TCI cryoprobe optimized for ¹H observation, 700 MHz, D₂O, 303 K, water suppression) of decasaccharides **2** (red) and **3** (green) to that (Bruker Avance spectrometer equipped with a 5 mm BBO probe, 400 MHz, D₂O, 303 K) of decasaccharide **1** (Blue). The protons geminal to the acetylated hydroxyls are indicated.



Scheme S1. Synthesis of L-rhamnosyl trichloroacetimidate donors (12-14).¹⁻³ [Ir]: $Ir(COD) \{PCH_3(C_6H_5)_2\}_2^+ .PF_6^-$



Scheme S2. Synthesis of AZMBOH (S1) and AZMBCl (S2) reagents inspired from a combination of known protocols.^{4, 5}



Scheme S3. Synthesis of the D-glucosaminyl donor 11 showing all isolated intermediates.



Scheme S4. Synthesis of *N*-acetyl-D-glucosamine acceptor 8 *via* acid-catalyzed oxazolineopening. [Ir]: $Ir(COD) \{PCH_3(C_6H_5)_2\}_2^+$.PF₆⁻



Scheme S5. Side products observed during attempted AZMB removal in compound 21 using Staudinger conditions.

Entry	Reagents (equiv.)	Solvent	Temp. <i>Time</i>	10 Yield (%) ^{<i>a</i>}
1 ⁵	PBu ₃ (3.0) H ₂ O (5.0)	THF	rt 4 h	47% 53% ^b
2^{6}	PBu ₃ (3.0) then H ₂ O (5.0)	THF	rt 2 h	trace ^c
3 ⁷	PPh ₃ (10.) SiO ₂	THF/H ₂ O 9:1	rt 2 d	$61\% \\ 66\%^{b}$
4	$\frac{PPh_3(10)}{SiO_2}$	THF/H ₂ O 9:1	reflux 6 h	trace ^c
5 ⁸	H_2S	Ру/H ₂ O 4:1	reflux 24 h	trace ^d
6	H_2S	Py/H ₂ O 4:1	$140 \ ^{\circ}C \ (\mu W)^{[e]} 4 \ h$	44% ^d
7 ⁹	HS(CH ₂) ₃ SH (50) Et ₃ N (10)	CH ₂ Cl ₂ /MeOH 1:1	reflux 2 d	degradation
8 ⁷	NaBH ₄ (3.0) NiCl ₂ .6H ₂ O (0.1)	CH ₂ Cl ₂ /EtOH 1:1	rt 1 h	27%

Table S1. Attempts to remove the AZMB group on tetrasaccharide 21.

^a Isolated yield. ^b Based on recovery starting material. ^c The phosphonium derivative (**21a** or **21b**) was the major product. These polar side-products were unambiguously identified from ¹H, ¹³C and ³¹P NMR analysis as well as by HR-ESI-TOF-MS (**21a**: δ (³¹P NMR, CDCl₃) 40.1 ppm (s, OPPh₃), *m/z* 1900.8340 [M]⁺, calcd for C₁₁₅H₁₂₃NO₂₂P, 1900.8274; **21b**: *m/z* 1840.9080 [M]⁺, calcd for C₁₀₉H₁₃₅NO₂₂P, 1840.9208). ^d H₂S was bubbled for 1 h through the solution before heating. ^e μ W: microwave.

Materials and Methods

Antigenicity analysis

Panel of protective anti-SF2a mIgGs: The protective mIgGs specific for the SF2a O-Ag used in this study – A2-1, D15-7, C1-7, E4-1, F22-4 – were described previously.¹⁰

Panel of synthetic decasaccharides: Decasaccharide **4** was described previously.¹¹ For each one of the four decasaccharides (**1-4**), the concentration of the mother solution was measured by a method adapted from amino acid analysis. The method allows hexosamine quantification¹² and was found appropriate to overcome the inherent difficulties associated in accurately measuring small amounts of low molecular weight antigens.¹³ Briefly, the amino sugar compositions of the decasaccharide mother solutions ready for antigenicity analysis were determined with a L-8800 Hitachi automatic amino acid analyzer (classical post column derivatization with ninhydrin after ion-exchange chromatography separation), after hydrolysis in 1% phenol 6N HCl in glass tubes at 95 °C for 16 h, and evaporation of the volatiles.

Inhibition ELISA for IC₅₀ **measurement:** The binding of the available mIgGs to decasaccharides 1-4 was measured according to a known protocol.¹⁴ The mIgG concentration to be used was defined in the first step. To do so, a standard curve was established for each mAb. The mIgGs were incubated at different concentrations, overnight at 4 °C, on microtiter plates coated with purified SF2a LPS at a concentration of 2.5 µg/mL in a carbonate buffer (pH 9.6), then with PBS-BSA 1% for 30 min at 4°C. After washing with PBS-Tween 20 (0.05%), alkaline phosphatase-conjugated anti-mouse IgG was added at a dilution of 1/5,000 (Sigma-Aldrich) for 1 h at 37 °C. After washing with PBS-Tween 20 (0.05%), the substrate was added (12 mg of *p*-nitrophenylphosphate in 1.2 mL of 1 M Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.8) and 10.8 mL of 5 M NaCl). Once the color developed, the plate was read at 405 nm Dynatech MR400 microplate reader). A standard curve OD = f([Ab]) was fitted to the quadratic equation Y= aX² + bX + c, where Y is the OD and X is the Ab concentration. A correlation factor (r²) of 0.99 was routinely obtained.

The IC₅₀, defined as the concentration of oligosaccharides required to inhibit 50% of mIgG binding to LPS, were measured in a second step. Each mIgG at a given concentration (chosen as the minimal concentration of mAb which gives the maximal OD on the standard curve mentioned above) was incubated overnight at 4 °C with each of decasaccharides 1-4 at various concentrations in PBS-BSA 1%. The maximum concentration tested was 0.5 mM for all decasaccharides. Measurement of unbound mIgG was performed as described above using microtiter plates coated with purified SF2a LPS. The mAb concentration was deduced from the standard curve.

NMR analysis (Fig. 2)

The ¹H NMR spectra of decasaccharide **4** and pentadecasaccharide $[AB(E)CD]_3$ shown in Fig. 2 were run on a Varian Unity Inova 600 MHz spectrometer equipped with a cryogenically-cooled triple resonance ¹H{¹³C/¹⁵N} PFG probe (D₂O, 308 K).

Synthesis: General methods.

Chemical reagents were used as received. Air and water sensitive reactions were performed in dried glassware under Ar atmosphere. Moisture sensitive reagents were introduced via a dry syringe. Anhydr. toluene (Tol), diethyl ether (Et₂O), dichloromethane (CH₂Cl₂), 1,2dichloroethane (DCE), tetrahydrofuran (THF), N,N-dimethylformamide (DMF), acetonitrile (CH₃CN), ethanol (EtOH), methanol (MeOH) and pyridine (Py) were supplied on MS and were used as received. Additional solvents commonly cited in the text are abbreviated as Chex (cyclohexane), DMSO (dimethyl sulfoxide) and CCl₄ (carbon tetrachloride). Powered 4Å MS (MS) and powered 4Å acid-washed molecular sieves (AW-MS) were activated before use by heating at \geq 250 °C under vacuum. Analytical thin-layer chromatography was performed with silica gel 60 F₂₅₄, 0.25 mm pre-coated TLC plates. Compounds were visualized using UV₂₅₄ and/or orcinol (1 mg·mL⁻¹) in 10% aq. H₂SO₄ with charring. Flash column chromatography was carried out using silica gel (particle size 0.040-0.063 mm). Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra of all intermediates were recorded at 303 K on a Bruker Avance spectrometer equipped with a BBO probe at 400 MHz (¹H) and 100 MHz (¹³C). NMR spectra of decasaccharides 2-3 were recorded at 303 K on a Bruker AVII700 equipped with a 5 mm ¹H(¹³C/¹⁵N) inverse TCI cryoprobe optimised for ¹H observation and with a cold ¹³C channel at 700 MHz (¹H) and 175 MHz (¹³C). Elucidations of chemical structures were based on ¹H, COSY, DEPT-135, HSQC, ¹³C, ¹³C gated decoupling and HMBC experiments. Signals are reported as m (multiplet), s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), dd (doublet of doublet), dq (doublet of quadruplet), ddd (doublet of doublet of doublet), ddt (doublet of doublet of triplet), br s (broad singlet), br d (broad doublet) and coupling constants are reported in hertz (Hz). The chemical shifts are reported in ppm (δ) relative to residual solvent peak. Of the two magnetically non-equivalent geminal protons at C-6, the one resonating at lower field is denoted H-6a, and the one at higher field is denoted H-6b. Interchangeable assignments are marked with an asterisk in the listing of signal assignments. Sugar residues are serially lettered according to the lettering of the repeating unit of the S. flexneri 2a O-Ag and identified by a subscript in the listing of signal assignments. The values of the ${}^{1}J_{C,H}$ constants of the anomeric carbons/protons were measured from the HSQC for ${}^{1}J_{C,H}$ spectrum of decasaccharide 2, only. This ascertained that target 2 had the required structure. Since all novel decasaccharides described in the manuscript are issued from decasaccharide 5, this result ensured that all residues pertaining to all synthesized new oligosaccharides have the correct anomery. High resolution electrospray ionisation/time-of-flight mass spectra (HR-ESI-TOF-MS) were recorded in the positive-ion mode with 1:1 CH₃CN/H₂O containing 0.1% formic acid as the ESI-TOF spectrometer solution. High resolution matrix-assisted laser desorptionionisation/time-of-flight mass spectra (HR-MALDI-TOF-MS) were recorded in the positive-ion mode. The former were measured at the UMR CNRS 3523, Institut Pasteur, Paris, France and the later were obtained at the Institut de Chimie des Substances Naturelles, Gif sur Yvettes, France. Optical rotations were obtained using sodium D line at rt (22 °C) on a Bellingham + Stanley Ltd. ADP220 polarimeter. $[\alpha]_{D}$ values are given in 10⁻¹ deg cm² g⁻¹.

Synthesis: Experimental procedures

2-(Azidomethyl)benzoic acid⁴ (S1).



NBS (102 g, 572 mmol, 1.01 equiv.) and benzoyl peroxide (1.37 g, 6.66 mmol, 0.01 equiv) were added to methyl 2-methylbenzoate (85.0 g, 566 mmol) in anhydr. CCl₄ (1.0 L). CAUTION! This reaction is very exothermic, care must be taken in order to minimize the risks of runaway reaction. The mixture was stirred for 24 h at reflux under Ar. After cooling to 0 °C, the precipitate was removed by filtration. The organic phase was evaporated to dryness. NaN₃ (37.2 g, 572 mmol, 1.01 equiv.) was added to the residue in anhydr. EtOH (1.6 L) and the mixture was stirred for 3 h at reflux under Ar. Brine (250 mL) was added and the mixture was concentrated (to 1/3 volume) under reduced pressure. The aq. phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×500 mL), the organic layer was dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated to dryness. NaOH (51.0 g) was added to the residue in MeOH/H₂O (1.2 L, 5:2 ν/ν) and. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at rt, and concentrated (to 1/3 volume) under reduced pressure. The aq. HCl. The precipitated acid was then extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×500 mL), the organic phases were pooled and concentrated to dryness to give a yellow solid residue. The crude material was recrystallized from Chex to give **S1** (77.3 g, 77%, 3 steps) as a white powder. Physical and analytical data were in agreement with those published.⁴

2-(Azidomethyl)benzoyl chloride⁵ (S2).



Compound **S1** (7.00 g, 41.2 mmol) was dissolved in $SOCl_2$ (6.0 mL, 82 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and the mixture was stirred at reflux for 1 h under Ar. Volatiles were evaporated under reduced pressure and co-evaporated with toluene to dryness to give crude acyl chloride **S2** as a yellow oil, which was used for the next step without purification. Physical and analytical data were in agreement with those published.⁵

Allyl 2-O-(2-(azidomethyl)benzoyl)-3,4-di-O-benzyl-α-L-rhamnopyranoside (83).



Route a. DMAP (3.18 g, 26.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and acyl chloride **S2** (3.02 g, 26.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added to allyl 3,4-di-*O*-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranoside² (5.00 g, 13.0 mmol) in anhydr. CH₂Cl₂ (130 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt under Ar. The organic phase was washed with satd aq. NaHCO₃ (2×50 mL) and brine (1×50 mL). The solution was dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered and solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (Chex/EtOAc 95:5 to 9:1) to give allyl glycoside **S3** (6.78 g, 94%) as a colorless oil.

Route b. DMAP (10.9 g, 88.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv), DCC (36.7 g, 178 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and benzoic acid S1 (23.6 g, 133 mmol, 1.5 quiv) were added to ally 3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranoside² (34.2 g, 88.9 mmol) in anhydr. CH₂Cl₂ (910 mL). The mixture was stirred for 4 h at reflux under Ar, and cooled to rt. The mixture was filtered over a pad of Celite[®], and the solvents were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by FC (Chex/EtOAc 95:5 to 7:3) to give allyl glycoside S3 (43.1 g, 89%) as a light yellow oil. $R_f 0.84$ (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]^{25}_D + 16^\circ$ (c 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ: 8.14-8.11 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.64-7.29 (m, 13H, CH_{Ph}), 5.98 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.71 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 3.2 Hz, $J_{1,2}$ = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-2) 5.38 (ddd, J = 17.2, 3.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.29 (ddd, J = 10.4, 2.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 5.02 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, *CH*₂Ph), 5.02 (d, *J*_{1,2} = 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.89-4.82 (m, 3H, *CH*₂Ph, *CH*₂N₃), 4.74 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.69 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.26 (ddt, J = 12.9, 5.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.18 $(dd, J_{3,4} = 9.4 Hz, J_{2,3} = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.09 (ddt, J = 12.9, 6.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-1b_{All}), 3.94 (dq, J)$ 1H, H-5), 3.64 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.4$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 1.45 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.1$ Hz, 3H, H-6). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ: 166.0 (C=O), 138.5 (C_{Ph}), 138.1 (C_{Ph}), 137.3 (C_{Ph}) 133.6 (C-2_{All}), 132.8-127.7 (CH_{Ph}), 117.7 (C-3_{All}), 96.8 (C-1), 80.2 (C-4), 78.2 (C-3), 75.5 (CH₂Ph), 71.8 (CH₂Ph), 70.0 (C-2), 68.2 (C-1_{All}), 67.9 (C-5), 53.0 (CH₂N₃), 18.2 (C-6). HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 566.2254 $[M + Na]^+$ (calcd for C₃₁H₃₃N₃O₆Na, 566.2267).

Allyl 2-*O*-(2-(azidomethyl)benzoyl)-4-*O*-benzyl-3-*O*-para-methoxybenzyl-α-L-rhamnopyranoside (S4).



Route a. DMAP (2.95 g, 24.1 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and acyl chloride **S2** (2.80 g, 24.1 mmol, 2.0 equiv) were added to allyl 4-*O*-benzyl-3-*O*-para-methoxybenzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranoside³ (5.00 g, 12.1 mmol) in anhydr. CH₂Cl₂ (121 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt under Ar. The organic phase was washed with satd aq. NaHCO₃ (2×50 mL) and brine (1×50 mL). The solution was dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered, and solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (Chex/EtOAc 95:5 to 8:2) to give allyl glycoside **S4** (6.26 g, 91%) as a colorless oil.

Route b. DMAP (4.13 g, 33.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv), DCC (13.9 g, 67.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and the benzoic acid S1 (8.98 g, 50.7 mmol, 1.5 equiv) were added to allyl 4-O-benzyl-3-O-paramethoxybenzyl-α-L-rhamnopyranoside¹⁵ (14.0 g, 33.8 mmol) in anhydr. CH₂Cl₂ (338 mL). The mixture was stirred for 4 h at reflux under Ar, and cooled to rt. The mixture was filtered over a pad of Celite®, washed with several portions of CH2Cl2, and solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (Chex/EtOAc 95:5 to 7:3) to give allyl glycoside S4 (18.6 g, 96%) as a light yellow oil. $R_f 0.79$ (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} + 32^{\circ}$ (c 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ: 8.05-8.02 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.60-7.56 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.53-7.50 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.45-7.40 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.36-7.22 (m, 7H, CH_{Ph}), 6.83-6.78 (m, 2H, CH_{Ph}), 5.91 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.60 (dd, 1H, H-2), 5.30 (ddd, J = 17.2, 3.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.22 (ddd, J = 10.4, 2.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H- $3b_{All}$, 4.92 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.92 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.7$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.78 (br s, 2H, CH_2N_3), 4.71 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.64 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.54 (d, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.19 $(ddt, J = 12.8, 5.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.07 (dd, J_{3,4} = 9.3 Hz, J_{2,3} = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.01 (ddt, J_{3,4} = 9.3 Hz, J_{2,3} = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.01 (ddt, J_{3,4} = 9.3 Hz, J_{2,3} = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.01 (ddt, J_{3,4} = 9.3 Hz, J_{2,3} = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.01 (ddt, J_{3,4} = 9.3 Hz, J_{2,3} = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.01 (ddt, J_{3,4} = 9.3 Hz, J_{2,3} = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.01 (ddt, J_{3,4} = 9.3 Hz, J_{2,3} = 3.4 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.01 (ddt, J_{3,4} = 9.3 Hz, J_{3,$ J = 12.8, 6.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-1b_{All}), 3.84 (dq, 1H, H-5), 3.77 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.52 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = J_{4,5} = J_{4,5}$ 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-4), 1.35 (d, *J*_{5,6} = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H-6). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ: 166.1 (*C*=O), 159.4 (C_{Ph}), 138.6 (C_{Ph}), 137.4 (C_{Ph}), 133.7 (C-2_{All}), 132.9-127.8 (CH_{Ph}), 117.8 (C-3_{All}), 113.9 (CH_{Ph}), 96.9 (C-1), 80.3 (C-4), 78.0 (C-3), 75.5 (CH₂Ph), 71.6 (CH₂Ph), 70.1 (C-2), 68.3 (C-1_{All}), 67.9 (C-5), 55.4 (OCH₃), 53.1 (CH₂N₃), 18.2 (C-6). HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 596.2415 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for C₃₂H₃₅N₃O₇Na, 596.2372).

2-*O*-(2-(Azidomethyl)benzoyl)-3,4-di-*O*-benzyl-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (12).



[Ir] (467 mg, 0.55 mmol, 0.05 equiv.) was dissolved in anhydr. THF (81 mL) and the resulting red solution was degassed under Ar. Hydrogen was bubbled through the solution for 5 min, and the resulting yellow solution was degassed under Ar. Allyl glycoside **S3** (6.00 g, 11.0 mmol) in anhydr. THF (110 mL) was added, and the mixture was stirred for 2 h at rt under Ar. Iodine (5.60 g, 22.1 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in THF/H₂O (72 mL, 4:1 ν/ν) was added to the mixture, which was stirred for 1 h at rt. Freshly prepared 10% aq. sodium bisulfite (75 mL) was added. The mixture was concentrated (to 1/3 volume) under reduced pressure and the aq. phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×150 mL). The organic layer was washed with H₂O (2×100 mL), brine (100 mL), dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated. CCl₃CN (5.5 mL, 55 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) and DBU (0.46 mL, 3.1 mmol, 0.28 equiv.) were added to the residue in anhydr. DCE (99 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt under Ar, and solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (Chex/EtOAc 95:5 to 8:2 + 0.5% Et₃N) to give trichloroacetimidate **12** (4.84 g, 68%) as a yellow oil. *R*_f 0.81 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 8.70 (s, 1H, NH), 8.09-8.06 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.64-7.59 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.56-7.53 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.49-7.44 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}),

7.37-7.25 (m, 10H, CH_{Ph}), 6.33 (d, $J_{1,2} = 2.0$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.71 (dd, 1H, H-2), 4.95 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.80 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.78 (br s, 2H, CH_2N_3), 4.68 (d, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.66 (d, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.12 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 9.4$ Hz, $J_{2,3} = 3.2$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.02 (m, 1H, H-5), 3.64 (pt, $J_{4,5} = 9.6$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 1.38 (d, $J_{5,6} = 5.7$ Hz, 3H, H-6). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 165.7 (*C*=O), 160.3 (*C*=NH), 138.2 (C_{Ph}), 137.7 (2×C_{Ph}), 133.3-128.1 (CH_{Ph}), 95.3 (C-1), 91.0 (CCl₃), 79.6 (C-4), 77.4 (C-3), 75.8 (CH₂Ph), 72.2 (CH₂Ph), 70.9 (C-5), 68.7 (C-2), 53.1 (CH₂N₃), 18.3 (C-6).

2-*O*-(2-(Azidomethyl)benzoyl)-4-*O*-benzyl-3-*O*-para-methoxybenzyl-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (13).



[Ir] (663 mg, 0.784 mmol, 0.03 equiv.) was dissolved in anhydr. THF (131 mL) and the resulting red solution was degassed under Ar. Hydrogen was bubbled through the solution for 5 min, and the resulting yellow solution was degassed under Ar. Allyl glycoside S4 (15.0 g, 26.2 mmol) in anhydr. THF (131 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred for 2 h at rt under Ar. Iodine (13.3 g, 52.3 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in THF/H₂O (157 mL, 4:1 ν/ν) was added to the mixture, which was stirred for 3 h at rt. Freshly prepared 10% aq. sodium bisulfite (100 mL) was added. The mixture was concentrated (to 1/3 volume) under reduced pressure and the aq. phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×250 mL). The organic layer was washed with H₂O (100 mL), brine (250 mL), dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated. CCl₃CN (13.1 mL, 131 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) and DBU (1.1 mL, 7.3 mmol, 0.28 equiv.) were added to the residue in anhydr. DCE (114 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt under Ar, and the solvents were evaporated. The crude material was purified by FC (CH₂Cl₂ + 0.5% Et₃N) to give 13 (10.7 g, 60%) as a yellow oil. R_f 0.76 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} - 3^{\circ}$ (c 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 8.71 (s, 1H, NH), 8.09-8.06 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.65-7.61 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.58-7.55 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.50-7.45 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.39-7.25 (m, 7H, CH_{Ph}), 6.85-6.81 (m, 2H, CH_{Ph}), 6.33 (d, J_{1,2} = 1.9 Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.70 (dd, 1H, H-2), 4.95 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.81 (br s, 2H, CH_2N_3), 4.74 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.68 (d, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.61 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.11 (dd, J_{3,4} = 9.5 Hz, J_{2,3} = 3.3 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.01 (dq, 1H, H-5), 3.80 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.63 (t, J_{4.5} = 9.6 Hz, 1H, H-4), 1.39 (d, $J_{5.6} = 6.0$ Hz, 3H, H-6). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 165.7 (C=O), 160.3 (C=NH), 159.6 (C_{Ph}), 138.3 (C_{Ph}), 137.7 (C_{Ph}), 133.2-128.0 (CH_{Ph}), 114.0 (C_{Ph}), 95.3 (C-1), 91.0 (CCl₃), 79.5 (C-4), 77.0 (C-3), 75.8 (CH₂Ph), 71.8 (CH₂Ph), 70.9 (C-5), 68.7 (C-2), 55.4 (OCH₃), 53.2 (CH₂N₃), 18.3 (C-6).

Allyl 4-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-chloroacetyl-3-*O*-para-methoxybenzyl-α-L-rhamnopyranoside (S5).



Chloroacetyl chloride (192 µL, 2.41 mmol, 4.0 equiv.) was carefully added to allyl 4-O-benzyl-3-*O-para*-methoxybenzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranoside¹⁵ (250 mg, 0.603 mmol) in cold (0 °C) anhydr. CH_2Cl_2/Py (5.4 mL, 8:1 v/v). The mixture was stirred for 3 h at rt under Ar, then diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). The organic phase was washed with 10% aq HCl (50 mL), satd NaHCO₃ (50 mL) and brine (50 mL), then dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄. Volatiles were evaporated and the residue was purified on a short pad of silica gel (CH₂Cl₂, then Chex/EtOAc 7:3) to give the fully protected S5 (296 mg, 100%) as a yellow oil. $R_{\rm f}$ 0.75 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]^{25}_{\rm D}$ -22° (c 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ: 7.37-7.23 (m, 7H, CH_{Ph}), 6.87-6.83 (m, 2H, CH_{Ph}), 5.88 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.44 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.3$ Hz, 1H, H-2), 5.28 (ddd, J = 17.2, 3.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.21 (ddd, J = 10.3, 2.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 4.89 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.80 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.7$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.64 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.60 (d, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.47 (d, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.16 $(ddt, J = 12.7, 5.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.16 (s, 2H, CH_2Cl), 4.01-3.95 (m, 2H, H-1b_{All}, H-3),$ 3.82-3.75 (dq, 1H, H-5), 3.80 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.39 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.6$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 1.32 (d, $J_{5,6}$ = 6.1 Hz, 3H, H-6). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ: 167.0 (*C*=O), 159.5 (C_{Ph}), 138.5 (C_{Ph}), 133.5 (C-2_{All}), 129.9-127.8 (CH_{Ph}), 117.9 (C-3_{All}), 114.0 (CH_{Ph}), 96.5 (C-1), 80.0 (C-4), 77.8 (C-3), 75.5 (CH₂Ph), 71.8 (CH₂Ph), 71.1 (C-2), 68.2 (C-1_{All}), 67.9 (C-5), 55.4 (OCH₃), 41.1 (CH₂Cl), 18.0 (C-6). HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 513.1653 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for C₂₆H₃₁ClO₇Na, 513.1656).

4-*O*-Benzyl-2-*O*-chloroacetyl-3-*O*-*para*-methoxybenzyl-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (14).



[Ir] (122 mg, 0.14 mmol, 0.05 equiv.) was dissolved in anhydr. THF (14 mL) and the resulting red solution was degassed under Ar. Hydrogen was bubbled through the solution for 15 min, and the resulting yellow solution was degassed under Ar. The allyl glycoside **S5** (1.42 g, 2.89 mmol) in anhydr. THF (14 mL) was then added. The mixture was stirred overnight at rt under Ar. Iodine (1.47 g, 5.78 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in THF/H₂O (6.0 mL, 4:1 ν/ν) was added to the mixture, which was stirred for 1 h at rt. Freshly prepared 10% aq sodium bisulfite was added. The mixture was concentrated (to 1/3 volume) under reduced pressure and the aq phase was extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The organic layer was washed twice with H₂O, once with brine, dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated. CCl₃CN (1.5 mL, 14 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) and DBU (130 µL, 0.87 mmol, 0.30 equiv.) were added to the residue in anhydr. DCE (5.8 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt under Ar, and directly purified by FC (Chex/EtOAc 9:1 to 8:2 + 1% Et₃N) to give **14** (1.53 g, 89%) as a yellow oil. R_f 0.73 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ (α): 8.68

(s, 1H, N*H*), 7.38-7.22 (m, 7H, C*H*_{Ph}), 6.87-6.82 (m, 2H, C*H*_{Ph}), 6.20 (br s, 1H, H-1), 5.51 (br s, 1H, H-2), 4.91 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, C*H*₂Ph), 4.66 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 1H, C*H*₂Ph), 4.63 (d, 1H, C*H*₂Ph), 4.52 (d, 1H, C*H*₂Ph), 4.19 (s, 2H, C*H*₂Cl), 4.02-3.91 (m, 2H, H-3, H-5), 3.80 (s, 3H, OC*H*₃), 3.48 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.6$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 1.34 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.1$ Hz, 3H, H-6). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ (α): 166.7 (C=O), 160.1 (C=NH), 159.6 (C_{Ph}), 138.1 (C_{Ph}), 130.2-128.1 (CH_{Ph}), 114.0 (CH_{Ph}), 94.8 (C-1), 90.9 (CCl₃), 79.1 (C-4), 76.7 (C-3), 75.8 (CH₂Ph), 72.0 (CH₂Ph), 70.9 (C-5), 69.6 (C-2), 55.4 (OCH₃), 40.9 (CH₂Cl), 18.0 (C-6).

Allyl 2-deoxy-2-trichloroacetamido-α-D-glucopyranoside (25).



D-Glucosamine hydrochloride (10.0 g, 46.4 mmol) was dissolved in anhydr. MeOH (199 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt under Ar. After 15 min, trichloroacetic anhydride (12.7 mL, 69.6 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) was added dropwise at 0 °C and the mixture was stirred for 2 h at this temperature. The reaction was neutralized with Dowex resin (H⁺ form), filtered and solvents were evaporated. Acetyl chloride (0.37 mL, 5.2 mmol, 3.4 equiv.) was slowly added to the residue in allylic alcohol (3.1 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 3 h at 70 °C, and diluted with MeOH. Solid NaHCO₃ was added until neutrality was reached. After filtration, solvents were evaporated and the residue was purified by FC (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5 to 9:1) to give triol 25 (7.53 g, 45%, 2 steps) as an amorphous brownish solid. $R_{\rm f}$ 0.16 (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5); $[\alpha]_{\rm D}^{25}$ +113° (c 1.0, MeOH); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.14 (d, $J_{NH,2} = 8.8$ Hz, 1H, NH), 5.85 (m, 1H, H- 2_{All} , 5.29 (ddd, 1H, J = 17.1, 3.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-3 a_{All}), 5.21 (ddd, 1H, J = 10.4, 2.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.95 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 3.6 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.19 (ddt, J = 13.0, 5.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.08 (ddd, $J_{2,3} = 9.5$ Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.00 (ddt, J = 13.0, 6.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H, H-1b_{All}), 3.94 (dd, $J_{6a,6b} = 12.5$ Hz, J_{5,6a} = 2.3 Hz, 1H, H-6a), 3.88-3.81 (m, 2H, H-6b, H-3), 3.77 (pt, J_{3,4} = 9.3 Hz, 1H, H-4), 3.64 (dt, $J_{4,5} = 9.6$ Hz, $J_{5,6a} = J_{5,6b} = 2.5$ Hz, 1H, H-5). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 162.9 (C=O), 133.3 (C-2_{All}), 118.5 (C-3_{All}), 96.1 (C-1), 92.6 (CCl₃), 72.8 (C-3), 72.0 (C-5), 70.1 (C-4), 68.7 (C- 1_{All}), 61.3 (C-6), 55.5 (C-2). HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 364.0120 [M + H]⁺ (calcd for C₁₂H₁₇Cl₃NO₆, 364.0121).

Allyl 2-deoxy-4,6-O-isopropylidene-2-trichloroacetamido-α-D-glucopyranoside (S6).



2-Methoxypropene (4.2 mL, 44.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and pTSA (422 mg, 2.22 mmol, 0.1 equiv.) were added to triol **25** (8.07 g, 22.1 mmol) in anhydr. DMF (75 mL). The mixture was stirred for

1 h at rt under Ar. Et₃N (3.0 mL) was added and solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (Chex/EtOAc 8:2 to 7:3) to give alcohol **S6** (8.09 g, 90%) as a white amorphous powder. $R_f 0.36$ (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]^{25}_D +95^\circ$ (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ : 10.35 (d, $J_{NH,2} = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, NH), 7.69 (d, $J_{OH,3} = 5.3$ Hz, 1H, OH), 6.01 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.36 (ddd, J = 17.2, 3.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.36 (d, $J_{1,2} = 3.8$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.18 (ddd, J = 10.3, 2.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.72 (ddd, $J_{2,3} = 10.2$ Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.50 (m, 1H, H-3), 4.28 (ddt, J = 13.0, 5.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.09 (ddt, J = 13.0, 6.2, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-1b_{All}), 4.04-3.90 (m, 4H, H-4, H-5, H-6a, H-6b), 1.49 (s, 3H, C(CH₃)₂), 1.44 (s, 3H, C(CH₃)₂). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ : 163.6 (*C*=O), 134.9 (C-2_{All}), 118.2 (C-3_{All}), 100.2 (*C*(CH₃)₂), 97.8 (C-1), 94.5 (*C*Cl₃), 76.6 (C-4), 69.3 (C-1_{All}), 68.8 (C-3), 65.0 (C-5), 63.0 (C-6), 58.1 (C-2), 29.7 (C(*C*H₃)₂), 19.6 (C(*C*H₃)₂). HR-ESI-TOF-MS *m*/z 404.0441 [M + H]⁺ (calcd for C₁₅H₂₁Cl₃NO, 404.0435).

Allyl 3-*O-tert*-butyldimethylsilyl-2-deoxy-4,6-*O*-isopropylidene-2-trichloroacetamido-α-D-glucopyranoside (26).



DMAP (241 mg, 2.0 mmol, 0.1 equiv.), imidazole (3.36 g, 49.3 mmol, 2.5 equiv.) and TBSCI (8.92 g, 59.2 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) were added to alcohol **S6** (7.98 g, 19.7 mmol) in anhydr. THF (59 mL). The mixture was stirred for 2 d at reflux under Ar. After cooling to rt, the reaction was filtered and the filtrate was evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (Chex to Chex/EtOAc 9:1) to give **26** (10.0 g, 98%) as a white amorphous powder. R_f 0.82 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]^{25}_D$ +73° (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ : 8.91 (d, $J_{NH,2} = 9.1$ Hz, 1H, NH), 5.90 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.27 (br dd, J = 17.2, 2.9 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.16-5.11 (m, 2H, H-1, H-3b_{All}), 4.54 (pdt, $J_{2,3} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.8$ Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.26 (pt, $J_{3,4} = 9.3$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.22 (ddt, J = 13.0, 5.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.06-3.99 (m, 2H, H-1b_{All}, H-6a), 3.97-3.85 (m, 2H, H-5, H-6b), 3.71 (pt, $J_{4,5} = 8.9$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 1.52 (s, 3H, C(CH₃)₂), 1.49 (s, 3H, C(CH₃)₂), 1.00 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 0.16 (s, 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.14 (s, 3H, Si(CH₃)₂). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ : 163.1 (*C*=O), 134.5 (C-2_{All}), 118.8 (C-3_{All}), 100.1 (*C*(CH₃)₂), 97.5 (C-1), 94.0 (CCl₃), 75.8 (C-4), 71.4 (C-3), 69.3 (C-1_{All}), 64.5 (C-5), 62.8 (C-6), 57.9 (C-2), 29.7 (C(CH₃)₂), 26.6 (C(CH₃)₃, 3C), 19.5 (C(CH₃)₂), 1.8.9 (*C*(CH₃)₃), -3.2 (Si(CH₃)₂), -4.3 (Si(CH₃)₂). HR-ESI-TOF-MS *m*/z 518.1277 [M + H]⁺ (calcd for C₂₀H₃₅Cl₃NO₆Si, 518.1299).

3-*O*-*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl-2-deoxy-4,6-*O*-isopropylidene-2-trichloroacetamido- α/β -D-glucopyranose (S7).



[Ir] (815 mg, 0.96 mmol, 0.05 equiv.) was dissolved in anhydr. THF (96 mL) and the resulting red solution was degassed under Ar. Hydrogen was bubbled through the solution for 5 min, and the resulting yellow solution was degassed under Ar. Allyl glycoside 26 (10.0 g, 19.3 mmol) in anhydr. THF (96 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred overnight at rt under Ar. Iodine (9.78 g, 38.5 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in THF/H₂O (115 mL, 4:1 v/v) was added to the mixture, which was stirred for 1 h at rt. Freshly prepared 10% aq sodium bisulfite (75 mL) was added. The mixture was concentrated (to 1/3 volume) under reduced pressure and the aq phase was extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂ (3×250 mL). The organic layer was washed with H₂O (2×250 mL), brine (250 mL), dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (Chex/EtOAc 9:1 to 6:4) to give hemiacetal S7 (7.99 g, 87%, ratio $\alpha/\beta \approx 7:1$) as a yellow amorphous powder. R_f 0.46 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ (α): 9.31 (br s, 1H, OH), 8.37 (br d, 1H, NH), 5.65 (pt, $J_{1,OH} = 3.4$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.55 (td, $J_{2,3} = J_{2,NH} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.4$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.55 (td, $J_{2,3} = J_{2,NH} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.4$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.55 (td, $J_{2,3} = J_{2,NH} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.4$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.55 (td, $J_{2,3} = J_{2,NH} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.4$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.55 (td, $J_{2,3} = J_{2,NH} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.4$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.55 (td, $J_{2,3} = J_{2,NH} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.4$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.55 (td, $J_{2,3} = J_{2,NH} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.4$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.55 (td, $J_{2,3} = J_{2,NH} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.4$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.55 (td, $J_{2,3} = J_{2,NH} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.4$ Hz, $J_{1,2}$ 3.7 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.39 (pt, $J_{3,4} = 9.0$ Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.34 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = J_{5,6b} = 5.1$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 4.02 (dd, *J*_{6a,6b} = 10.7 Hz, *J*_{5,6a} = 5.4 Hz, 1H, H-6a), 3.92 (pt, *J*_{5,6a} = 10.6 Hz, 1H, H-6b), 3.79 (pt, *J*_{4,5} = 9.2 Hz, 1H, H-4), 1.55 (s, 3H, C(CH₃)₂), 1.53 (s, 3H, C(CH₃)₂), 1.06 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 0.25 (s, 6H, Si(CH₃)₂). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ (α): 163.0 (C=O), 100.1 (C(CH₃)₂), 94.2 (CCl₃), 92.7 (C-1), 76.2 (C-4), 71.6 (C-3), 64.1 (C-5), 63.3 (C-6), 58.7 (C-2), 29.7 (C(CH₃)₂), 26.6 (C(CH₃)₃), 19.5 (C(CH₃)₂), 19.0 (C(CH₃)₃), -3.2 (Si(CH₃)₂), -4.2 (Si(CH₃)₂). HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 478.0997 [M + H]⁺ (calcd for C₁₇H₃₁Cl₃NO₆Si, 478.0968).

3-O-tert-Butyldimethylsilyl-2-deoxy-4,6-O-isopropylidene-2-trichloroacetamido- α/β -D-glucopyranosyl trichloroacetimidate (11).



CCl₃CN (8.3 mL, 82 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) and DBU (0.74 mL, 4.9 mmol, 0.3 equiv.) were added to hemiacetal **S7** (7.88 g, 16.5 mmol) in anhydr. DCE (33 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt under Ar, and directly purified by FC (Chex/EtOAc 9:1 + 1% Et₃N) to give trichloroacetimidate **11** (8.62 g, 84%, α/β 7:1) as a white foam. R_f 0.74 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]^{25}_D$ +63° (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ (α): 10.48 (s, 1H, C=NH), 8.26 (d, $J_{NH,2}$ = 8.7 Hz, 1H, NH), 6.97 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 3.9 Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.78 (td, $J_{2,3}$ = 9.4 Hz, 1H, H-2), 4.48 (t, $J_{3,4}$ = 9.3 Hz, 1H, H-3), 4.22 (dq, 1H, H-5), 4.06 (dd, $J_{6a,6b}$ = 10.7 Hz, $J_{5,6a}$ = 5.1 Hz, 1H, H-6a), 3.95-3.87 (m, 2H, H-6b, H-4), 1.55 (s, 3H, C(CH₃)₂), 1.51 (s, 3H, C(CH₃)₂), 1.00 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 0.21 (s, 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.18 (s, 3H, Si(CH₃)₂). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ (α): 163.0 (*C*=O), 160.1 (*C*=NH), 100.5 (*C*(CH₃)₂), 95.6 (C-1), 93.5 (*C*Cl₃), 91.7 (*C*Cl₃), 74.9 (C-4), 71.6 (C-3), 67.1 (C-5), 62.5 (C-6), 57.2 (C-2), 29.5 (C(CH₃)₂), 26.5 (C(CH₃)₃, 3C), 19.5 (C(CH₃)₂), 18.9 (*C*(CH₃)₃), -3.2 (Si(CH₃)₂), -4.3 (Si(CH₃)₂).

(2-Methyl-(3-*O*-allyl-1,2-dideoxy-5,6-*O*-isopropylidene-α-D-glucofurano)-[2,1-d]-2-oxazoline (31).



NaH (60% oil dispersion, 414 mg, 12.3 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) was added to the crude oxazoline 30^{16} (1.00 g, 4.11 mmol) in anhydr. DMF (12.3 mL) at 0 °C. After 1 h at this temperature, allyl bromide (1.07 mL, 12.3 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) was added dropwise and the mixture was stirred overnight at rt under Ar. After cooling to 0 °C, MeOH was carefully added. H₂O (50 mL) was added and the aq. phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×100 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by FC (Chex/EtOAc 7:3 to 2:8) to give oxazoline 31 (892 mg, 77% from N-acetyl-D-glucosamine) as a yellow oil. R_f 0.28 (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5); [α]²⁵_D -46° (c 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 6.10 (d, $J_{1,2}$ = 5.1 Hz, 1H, H-1), 5.90 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.31 (ddd, J = 17.3, 3.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.20 (ddd, J = 10.5, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, $J_{5,6a} = 10.5$, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, J_{5,6a} = 10.5, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, J_{5,6a} = 10.5, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, J_{5,6a} = 10.5, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.48 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (dt, J_{5,6a} = 10.5, 2.9, 1.4 Hz, $J_{5,6b} = 6.0$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 4.18 (ddt, J = 12.9, 5.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.14-4.04 (m, 4H, H-1b_{All}), H-6a, H-3, H-6b), 3.81 (dd, $J_{4,5} = 7.1$ Hz, $J_{3,4} = 3.1$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 2.01 (d, $J_{2,Me} = 1.5$ Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.40 (s, 3H, C(CH₃)₂), 1.34 (s, 3H, C(CH₃)₂). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ: 167.0 (C=N), 134.3 (C-2_{All}), 117.5 (C-3_{All}), 109.1 (C(CH₃)₂), 107.1 (C-1), 81.6 (C-4), 81.5 (C-3), 75.8 (C-2), 72.7 (C-5), 71.2 (C-1_{All}), 67.0 (C-6), 26.9 (C(CH₃)₂), 25.5 (C(CH₃)₂), 14.3 (CH₃). HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 284.1468 [M + H]⁺ (calcd for C₁₄H₂₂NO₅, 284.1498).

2-Bromoethyl 2-acetamido-3-O-allyl-2-deoxy-β-D-glucofuranoside (S8).



Yb(OTf)₃ (5.47 g, 8.82 mmol, 0.5 equiv.) was added to oxaxoline **31** (5.00 g, 17.6 mmol) in anhydr. 2-bromoethanol (29 mL). The mixture was stirred overnight at rt under Ar. Solvents were evaporated and the residue was purified by FC (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5 to 85:15) to give **S8** (6.47 g, 99%) as a brownish foam. R_f 0.12 (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5); $[\alpha]^{25}_D$ –71° (*c* 1.0, MeOH); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 6.43 (d, $J_{NH,2}$ = 7.7 Hz, 1H, NH), 5.89 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.32 (br d, J = 17.3 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.19 (br d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.95 (s, 1H, H-1), 4.41 (d, 1H, H-2), 4.32 (br dd, J = 13.0, 4.9 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.26 (dd, $J_{4,5}$ = 8.7 Hz, $J_{3,4}$ = 6.1 Hz, 1H, H-4), 4.09-4.02 (m, 3H, H-1b_{All}, H-5, H-3), 3.93 (dt, $J_{a,b}$ = 11.1, J_{vic} = 6.0 Hz, 1H, OCH₂a), 3.82 (m, J_{vic} = 3.1 Hz, 1H, H-6a), 3.76-3.67 (m, 2H, H-6b, OCH₂b), 3.44 (m, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H, CH₂Br), 2.98 (br s, 2H, OH), 1.98 (s, 3H, C(O)CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 170.2 (*C*=O), 133.8 (C-2_{All}), 118.1

(C-3_{All}), 107.0 (C-1), 83.0 (C-3), 80.1 (C-4), 70.9 (C-1_{All}), 70.8 (C-5), 68.2 (OCH₂), 64.0 (C-6), 59.7 (C-2), 30.2 (CH₂Br), 23.2 (C(O)CH₃). HR-ESI-TOF-MS *m/z* 390.0522 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for C₁₃H₂₂BrNO₆Na, 390.0528).

2-Bromoethyl 2-acetamido-3-O-allyl-2-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranoside (32).



CSA (20 mg, 86 μmol, 0.25 equiv.) was added to oxazoline **31** (100 mg, 353 μmol) in anhydr. 2bromoethanol (0.71 mL). The mixture was stirred for 4 d at rt under Ar, and neutralized by adding solid NaHCO₃, then filtered. Solvents were evaporated and the residue was purified by FC (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5 to 9:1) to give diol **32** (70 mg, 55%) as a white amorphous powder. R_f 0.13 (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5); $[\alpha]^{25}_D$ –19° (*c* 1.0, MeOH); ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 400 MHz) δ: 7.78 (d, $J_{NH,2} = 9.1$ Hz, 1H, NH), 5.84 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.18 (ddd, J = 17.2, 3.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.04 (ddd, J = 10.4, 3.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.41 (d, $J_{1,2} = 8.5$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.21 (ddt, J = 13.1, 5.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.05 (ddt, J = 13.1, 5.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1b_{All}), 3.95 (dt, J = 11.6, 5.8 Hz, 1H, OCH₂a), 3.76 (dt, J = 11.7, 6.0 Hz, 1H, OCH₂b), 3.68 (br d, $J_{6a,6b} = 10.7$ Hz, 1H, H-6a), 3.60-3.43 (m, 4H, CH₂Br, H-6b, H-2), 3.32 (br s₀, 2H, OH), 3.29 (pt₀, 1H, H-3), 3.20 (pdt, $J_{4,5} = 9.5$ Hz, $J_{5,6a} = J_{5,6b} = 5.9$ Hz, 1H, H-5), 3.13 (ddd, $J_{3,4} = 9.4$ Hz, $J_{4,OH} = 2.0$ Hz, 1H, H-4), 1.80 (s, 3H, C(O)CH₃). ¹³C NMR (DMSO-d₆, 100 MHz) δ: 168.9 (C=O), 136.0 (C-2_{All}), 115.4 (C-3_{All}), 100.7 (C-1), 82.3 (C-3), 77.0 (C-4), 72.3 (C-1_{All}), 69.9 (C-5), 68.3 (OCH₂), 60.8 (C-6), 54.0 (C-2), 31.9 (CH₂Br), 23.0 (C(O)CH₃). HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 390.0540 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for C₁₃H₂₂BrNO₆Na, 390.0528).

2-Azidoethyl 2-acetamido-3-O-allyl-2-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranoside (S9).



To a solution of diol **32** (3.19 g, 8.67 mmol) in anhydr. DMF (43.4 mL) were sequentially added NaI (6.50 g, 43.4 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) and NaN₃ (2.82 g, 43.4 mmol, 5.0 equiv). The mixture was stirred overnight at 80 °C, and the solvents were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was adsorbed on silica gel (22 g) and purified by FC (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5 to 9:1) to give the azidoethyl glycoside **S9** contaminated with sodium salts (6.78 g). Available analytical data for diol **S9**: $R_f 0.11$ (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5); $[\alpha]^{25}_D -19^\circ$ (*c* 1.0, MeOH); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ : 10.56 (bd, 1H, NH), 7.15 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 6.42 (J_{1,2} = 8.7), 6.38 (m, 1H, H-3_{All}), 6.10 (br d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 5.78 (m, 2H, H-1a_{All}, H-1b_{All}), 5.60 (p, $J_{1,2} = 9.9$ Hz, $J_{2,3} = 9.2$ Hz, 9.0 1H, H-2), 5.50-5.40 (m, 2H, H-3, H-6a), 5.35 (dd, $J_{6a,6b} = 11.8$ Hz, $J_{5,6b} = 4.5$ Hz, 1H, H-6b), 4.19-4.10 (m, 3H, CH₂N₃a, H-4, OH), 5.04-4.90 (m, 2H, CH₂N₃b, H-5), 4.64 (m, 1H,

OCH₂a), 4.50 (m, 1H, OCH₂b), 3.31 (s, 3H, C(O)CH₃). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ : 172.5 (*C*=O), 136.4 (C-2_{All}), 116.6 (C-3_{All}), 102.0 (C-1), 83.7 (C-3), 78.0 (C-5), 74.5 (C-1_{All}), 71.9 (C-4), 68.8 (CH₂N₃), 62.2 (C-6), 56.1 (C-2), 51.3 (OCH₂), 23.9 (C(O)CH₃). HR-ESI-TOF-MS *m*/*z* 353.1406 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for C₁₃H₂₂N₄O₆Na, 353.1437).

2-Azidoethyl 2-acetamido-3-O-allyl-4,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy-β-D-glucopyranoside (33).



NaI (6.50 g, 43.4 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) and NaN₃ (2.82 g, 43.4 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) were sequentially added to diol 32 (3.19 g, 8.67 mmol) in anhydr. DMF (43.4 mL). The mixture was stirred overnight at 80 °C, and solvents were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was adsorbed on silica gel (22 g) and purified by FC (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5 to 9:1) to give the azidoethyl glycoside (6.78 g) contaminated with sodium salts. BnBr (3.91 mL, 32.9 mmol, 4.0 equiv.) was slowly added to the above crude material (2.72 g) in anhydr. DMF (165 mL) stirred at 0 °C. NaH (858 mg, 25.5 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) was added portionwise and stirring went on for 2 h at 0 °C. MeOH was added and the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (250 mL). H₂O was added carefully (250 mL) and the aq. phase was extracted with EtOAc (3×250 mL). The organic layer was washed with H₂O (1×250 mL), dried (anhydr. Na₂SO₄), filtered and solvents were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by FC (Chex/EtOAc 6:4 to 0:10) to give fully protected 33 (2.39 g, 57%, 2 steps from 32) as a white amorphous powder. R_f 0.06 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ +1° (c 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.35-7.21 (m, 10H, CH_{Ph}), 5.89 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.73 (d, $J_{NH2} = 7.3$ Hz, 1H, NH), 5.24 (ddd, J = 17.3, 3.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.15 (br d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 4.96 (d, $J_{1,2} = 7.8$ Hz, 1H, H-1), 4.78 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.60 (d, J = 12.2 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.57 (d, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.54 (d, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.27 (br dd, J = 12.6, 5.5 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.15 (br dd, J = 12.6, 5.8 Hz, 1H, H-1b_{All}), 4.11-4.00 (m, 2H, H-3, OCH₂a), 3.76-3.66 (m, 3H, OCH₂b, H-6a, H-6b), 3.60-3.52 (m, 2H, H-4, H-5), 3.48 (ddd, J = 13.2, 8.0, 3.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂N₃a), 3.32-3.22 (m, 2H, H-2, CH₂N₃b), 1.98 (s, 3H, C(O)CH₃). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ: 170.8 (C=O), 138.1 (2C, C_{Ph}), 134.9 (C-2_{All}), 128.4-127.7 (CH_{Ph}), 117.0 (C-3_{All}), 99.7 (C-1), 80.3 (C-3), 78.4 (C-4) 74.8 (C-5), 74.7 (CH₂Ph), 73.8 (C-1_{All}), 73.5 (CH₂Ph), 68.9 (C-6), 68.3 (OCH₂), 57.4 (C-2), 50.7 (CH₂N₃), 23.7 (C(O)CH₃). HR-ESI-TOF-MS $m/z 511.2566 [M + H]^+$ (calcd for C₂₇H₃₅N₄O₆, 511.2556).

Allyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl- $(1\rightarrow 4)$ -2-*O*-acetyl- α -L-rhamnopyranoside (16).



MeC(OMe)₃ (1.04 mL, 8.25 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and pTSA (14 mg, 0.081 mmol, 0.02 equiv.) were added to diol 9¹⁷ (2.96 g, 4.07 mmol) in anhydr. CH₃CN (8.3 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt, then 80% aq. HOAc (8.3 mL) was added at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for another 1 h at rt, then cold H₂O (50 mL) was added dropwise. The aq. phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×100 mL), and the organic layer was washed with brine (50 mL), dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄ and evaporated to dryness. Crude acetate 16 was obtained as a colorless oil and used without further purification. Available analytical data for acceptor 16: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ: 7.38-7.12 (m, 20H, CH_{Ph}), 5.90 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.30 (ddd, J = 17.2, 3.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.21 (ddd, J = 10.4, 2.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 5.14 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.7$ Hz, 1H, H-2_C), 4.97 (d, 1H, $J_{1,2}$ = 3.8 Hz, H-1_E), 4.95 (d, 1H, J = 11.0 Hz, CH_2Ph), 4.82 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.81 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.77 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.6$ Hz, 1H, H-1_C), 4.71 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz, CH_2Ph), 4.68 (d, 1H, J = 11.7 Hz, CH₂Ph), 4.56 (d, 1H, J = 12.2 Hz, CH₂Ph), 4.47 (d, 1H, J = 12.2 Hz, CH_2Ph), 4.46 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.15 (ddt, J = 12.6, 5.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.08 $(ddd, J_{4,5} = 10.1 \text{ Hz}, J_{5,6b} = 4.9 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, \text{H}-5_{\text{E}}), 4.01-3.93 \text{ (m, 3H, H}-1b_{\text{All}}, \text{H}-3_{\text{C}}, \text{H}-3_{\text{E}}), 3.78 \text{ (dq, })$ 1H, $J_{4.5} = 9.5$ Hz, H-5_C), 3.64 (dd, $J_{5.6a} = 2.4$ Hz, $J_{6a.6b} = 10.2$ Hz, 1H, H-6a_E), 3.63-3.56 (m, 2H, H-6b_E, H-2_E), 3.54 (dd, $J_{3,4}$ = 9.0 Hz, 1H, H-4_E), 3.37 (pt, $J_{3,4}$ = 9.2 Hz, 1H, H-4_C), 2.11 (s, 3H, C(O)CH₃), 1.39 (d, J_{5.6} = 6.4 Hz, 3H, H-6_C). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ: 170.6 (C=O), 138.8 (C_{Ph}), 138.2 (C_{Ph}), 138.1 (C_{Ph}), 137.8 (C_{Ph}), 133.8 (C-2_{All}), 129.2-127.8 (CH_{Ph}), 117.7 (C-3_{All}), 98.8 (C-1_E), 96.7 (C-1_C), 85.4 (C-4_C), 81.9 (C-3_C), 80.2 (C-2_E), 78.1 (C-4_E), 75.8, 75.3 (2C, CH₂Ph), 73.8 (2C, CH₂Ph), 72.4 (C-2_C), 71.4 (C-5_E), 68.9 (C-6_E), 68.4 (C-1_{All}), 68.4 (C-3_E), 66.8 $(C-5_C)$, 21.2 $(C(O)CH_3)$, 17.9 $(C-6_C)$. HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 769.3573 $[M + H]^+$ (calcd for $C_{45}H_{53}O_{11}$, 769.3588), *m/z* 791.3387 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for $C_{45}H_{52}O_{11}Na$, 791.3408.

Allyl (2-O-(2-(azidomethyl)benzoyl)-3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]- α -L-rhamnopyranoside (18).



Route b. Bu_2SnO (24 mg, 0.096 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added to trisaccharide **17** (60 mg, 0.048 mmol) in anhydr. MeOH (4.0 mL). The mixture was refluxed overnight under Ar. Solvents were evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by FC (Tol/EtOAc 9:1 to 8:2) to give alcohol **18** (36 mg, 62%) as a colorless oil. See manuscript for *route a* and analytical data.

Allyl (2-O-(2-(azidomethyl)benzoyl)-4-O-benzyl-3-O-para-methoxybenzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-2-O-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranoside (21).



Acceptor 20 (5.36 g, 4.66 mmol) and donor 13 (4.74 g, 6.99 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) in anhydr. Et₂O (70 mL) containing 4 Å AW-MS (7.0 g) were stirred for 30 min at -10 °C under Ar. TMSOTf (84 μ L, 0.47 mmol, 0.1 equiv.) was added keeping rigorously anhydr. conditions. After stirring for 1 h at -10 °C to rt, Et₃N (300 µL) was added. The suspension was filtered and solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (Tol/EtOAc 95:5 to 9:1) to give tetrasaccharide 21 as a white sticky solid slightly contaminated with trichloroacetamide (6.18 g), along with unreacted **20** (1.35 g, 20%). Available analytical data for tetrasaccharide **21**: $R_{\rm f}$ 0.45 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ: 7.94-7.91 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.55-7.47 (m, 2H, CH_{Ph}), 7.36-7.02 (m, 38H, CH_{Ph}), 6.80-6.76 (m, 2H, CH_{Ph}), 5.88 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.74 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.2$ Hz, 1H, H-2_A), 5.27 (ddd, J = 17.3, 3.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.19 (ddd, J = 10.4, 2.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 5.19 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.7$ Hz, 1H, H-1_A), 5.11 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.5$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 1.9$ Hz, 1H, H-2_C), 4.98 (d, $J_{1,2} = 3.2$ Hz, 1H, H-1_E), 4.96 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.6$ Hz, 1H, H-1_B), 4.93-4.89 (m, 3H, CH₂Ph), 4.81 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.76-4.69 (m, 5H, CH₂N₃a, H-1_C, CH₂Ph (3H)), 4.67-4.44 (m, 8H, CH₂Ph, CH_2N_3b), 4.44 (m, 1H, H-2_B), 4.38 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.28 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.11 (m, J = 13.0, 5.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.05 (dd, $J_{3.4} = 9.4$ Hz, $J_{2.3} = 3.1$ Hz, 1H, H-3_A), 4.01-3.90 (m, 5H, H-1b_{All}, H-5_A, H-2_E, H-3_C, H-5_E), 3.79-3.67 (m, 7H, OCH₃, H-5_C, H-6a_E, H-6b_E, H-3_B), 3.64 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.6$ Hz, 1H, H-4_E), 3.60-3.49 (m, 3H, H-4_A, H-5_B, H-4_C), 3.47-3.38 (m, 2H, H-3_E, H-4_B), 2.74-2.54 (m, 4H, CH_{2Lev}), 2.08 (s, 3H, $C(O)CH_3$), 1.36 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6_A), 1.30 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.3$ Hz, 3H, H-6_C), 1.20 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6_B). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ: 206.3 (C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 172.3 (C=O), 165.5 (C=O), 159.3 (C_{Ph}), 138.8 (C_{Ph}), 138.8 (C_{Ph}), 138.7 (C_{Ph}), 138.6 (C_{Ph}), 138.3 (C_{Ph}), 138.3 (C_{Ph}), 138.1 (C_{Ph}), 137.7 (C_{Ph}), 133.7 (C-2_{All}), 132.9 (CH_{Ph}), 131.4 (CH_{Ph}), 130.2 (CH_{Ph}), 129.8 (CH_{Ph}), 129.5 (CH_{Ph}), 128.7-127.4 (CH_{Ph}), 117.7 (C-3_{All}), 113.8 (CH_{Ph}), 101.4 (C-1_B), 99.3 (C-1_A), 97.8 (C-1_E), 95.9 (C-1_C), 81.8 (C-5_E), 81.3 (C-3_E), 80.3 (C-4_C), 80.1 (C-4_B), 79.9 (C-3_C), 79.1 (C-3_B), 77.7 (C-4_A), 77.4 (C-3_A, C-4_E), 75.7, 75.4, 75.1 (4C, CH₂Ph), 74.8 (C-2_B), 73.9, 73.0 (2C, CH₂Ph), 72.5 (C-2_C), 71.4 (CH₂Ph), 71.4 (C-5_A), 71.0 (CH₂Ph), 70.1 (C-2_A), 68.9 (C-5_B), 68.5 (C-1_{All}), 68.4 (C-2_E), 68.3 (C-6_E), 67.6

(C-5_C), 55.3 (OCH₃), 53.1 (CH₂N₃), 38.1 (CH_{2Lev}), 31.0 (C(O)CH₃), 28.3 (CH_{2Lev}), 18.7 (C-6_C), 18.6 (C-6_A), 18.2 (C-6_B). HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 1688.7185 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for C₉₇H₁₀₇N₃O₂₂Na, 1688.7244).

Allyl (4-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-chloroacetyl-3-*O*-para-methoxybenzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-*O*-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-2-*O*-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranoside (22).



Acceptor 20 (769 mg, 668 µmol) and donor 14 (791 mg, 1.34 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in anhydr. Et₂O (10 mL) containing 4 Å AW-MS were stirred for 30 min at -10 °C under Ar. TMSOTf (12 μL, 67 µmol, 0.1 equiv.) was added keeping rigorously anhydr. conditions. After stirring for 1 h at -10 °C to rt, Et₃N (100 µL) was added. The suspension was filtered and solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (Tol/EtOAc 95:5 to 8:2) to give tetrasaccharide 22 (1.03 g) as a white sticky solid slightly contaminated with trichloroacetamide. $R_{\rm f}$ 0.46 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ: 7.38-7.09 (m, 37H, CH_{Ph}), 6.84-6.80 (m, 2H, CH_{Ph}), 5.89 (m, 1H, H- 2_{AII} , 5.57 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.9$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 1.8$ Hz, 1H, H- 2_A), 5.29 (ddd, J = 17.3, 3.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H- $3a_{AII}$, 5.20 (ddd, J = 10.4, 2.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H- $3b_{AII}$), 5.11 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.0$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 2.1$ Hz, 1H, H- $2_{\rm C}$), 5.06 (d, $J_{1,2} = 1.3$ Hz, 1H, H-1_A), 5.01 (d, $J_{1,2} = 3.1$ Hz, 1H, H-1_E), 4.95 (br s, 1H, H-1_B), 4.94 $(d, J = 11.1 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, CH_2\text{Ph}), 4.89 (d, J = 11.0 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, CH_2\text{Ph}), 4.88 (d, J = 10.9 \text{ Hz}, CH_2\text{Ph}),$ 4.85-4.74 (m, 4H, CH₂Ph, H-1_c), 4.67-4.52 (m, 7H, CH₂Ph), 4.47 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.45 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.40 (bdd, $J_{2,3} = J_{1,2} = 2.0$ Hz, 1H, H-2_B), 4.36 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.13 (m, J = 12.8, 5.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.04-3.90 (m, 7H, CH_2Cla , H-5_A, H- $1b_{All}$, H-5_E, H-3_C, H-3_A, H-3_E), 3.84 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂Clb), 3.81-3.66 (m, 8H, H-6a_E, H- $6b_E$, H-4_E, H-3_B, H-5_C, OCH₃), 3.62-3.53 (m, 2H, H-4_A, H-5_B), 3.49 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 9.7$ Hz, $J_{3,4} = 3.3$ Hz, 1H, H-2_E), 3.37 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.5$ Hz, 2H, H-4_B, H-4_C), 2.77-2.53 (m, 4H, CH_{2Lev}), 2.08 (s, 3H, C(O)CH₃), 1.33 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.1$ Hz, 6H, H-6_A, H-6_C), 1.20 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.1$ Hz, 3H, H-6_B). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ: 206.2 (C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 172.3 (C=O_{Lev}), 166.5 (C=O_{AcCl}), 159.3 (C_{Ph}), 138.8-137.9 (C_{Ph}), 133.7 (C-2_{All}), 130.1-125.4 (CH_{Ph}), 117.8 (C-3_{All}), 113.9 (CH_{Ph}), 101.4 (C-1_B), 99.0 (C-1_A), 97.7 (C-1_E), 95.9 (C-1_C), 81.8 (C-3_E), 81.1 (C-2_E), 80.0 (C-4_B*), 79.9 (C-4_C*), 79.7 (C-3_c), 79.0 (C-3_B), 77.6 (C-4_A), 77.4 (C-4_E), 77.2 (C-3_A), 75.7, 75.4, 75.3, 75.1 (4C, CH₂Ph), 74.8 (C-2_B), 73.9, 72.9 (2C, CH₂Ph), 72.5 (C-2_C), 71.7 (CH₂Ph), 71.3 (C-5_A), 71.1 (C-2_A), 70.9 (CH₂Ph), 68.8 (C-5_B), 68.5 (C-1_{All}), 68.4 (C-5_E), 68.2 (C-6_E), 67.5 (C-5_C), 55.3 (OCH₃), 41.0

(CH₂Cl), 38.0 (CH_{2Lev}), 29.9 (C(O)CH₃), 28.2 (CH_{2Lev}), 18.7 (C-6_A*), 18.4 (C-6_C*), 18.1 (C-6_B). HR-ESI-TOF-MS *m/z* 1583.6742 [M + H]⁺ (calcd for C₉₁H₁₀₄ClO₂₂, 1583.6708), *m/z* 1605.6541 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for C₉₁H₁₀₃ClO₂₂Na, 1605.6527).

Allyl (4-*O*-benzyl-3-*O*-para-methoxybenzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-*O*-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-2-*O*-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranoside (10).



Route b. PPh₃ (4.84 g, 18.4 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) and SiO₂ (1.54 g) were added to tetrasaccharide **21** (6.15 g) in THF/H₂O (36.9 mL, 9:1 ν/ν). The mixture was stirred for 24 h at rt, then additional portions of PPh₃ (4.84 g, 18.4 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) and SiO₂ (1.54 g) were added. The mixture was stirred overnight at rt, filtered, washed with several portions of CH₂Cl₂ and solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (Tol/EtOAc 95:5 to 8:2) to give acceptor **10** (3.39 g, 60% from **20**) as a white foam along with unreacted **21** (476 mg, 8%). See manuscript for *route a* and analytical data.

Allyl (4-*O*-benzyl-3-*O*-para-methoxybenzyl-2-*O*-(1-*O*-(triphenylphosphonium)isoindol-1-yl)- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-*O*-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-2-*O*-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranoside (21a).



Eluting the chromatographic column of the precedent reaction (route a, see manuscript) using CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5 to 100% MeOH gave 21a (632 mg, 9%) as a white foam. R_f 0.16 $(CH_2Cl_2/MeOH 95:5); [\alpha]_{D}^{25} + 15^{\circ} (c \ 1.0, CHCl_3); {}^{1}H \ NMR \ (CDCl_3, 400 \ MHz) \ \delta: 9.51 \ (m, J = 10^{10} \text{ m})$ 7.4 Hz, 1H, NH), 8.16-8.12 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.82-7.03 (m, 55H, CH_{Ph}), 6.79-6.75 (m, 2H, CH_{Ph}), 5.89 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.54 (dd, $J_{2,3}$ = 3.3 Hz, $J_{1,2}$ = 2.0 Hz, 1H, H-2_A), 5.29 (m, J = 17.2, 3.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H, H-3a_{All}), 5.20 (m, J = 10.4, 2.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H, H-3b_{All}), 5.13-5.10 (m, 2H, H-2_C, H-1_A), 5.01-4.72 (m, 11H, CH₂NH, H-1_E, H-1_B, H-1_C, CH₂Ph), 4.66-4.37 (m, 10H, CH₂Ph (9H), H-2_B), 4.29 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.13 (m, J = 12.9, 5.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H, H-1a_{All}), 4.02-3.91 (m, 6H, H-5_A, H-1b_{All}, H-3_A, H-3_C, H-5_E, H-2_E), 3.81-3.69 (m, 7H, OCH₃, H-5_C, H-6a_E, H-6b_E, H-3_B), 3.68-3.52 (m, 3H, H-4_E, H-4_A, H-5_B), 3.50-3.42 (m, 2H, H-4_C, H-3_E), 3.67 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.3$ Hz, 1H, H-4_B), 2.76-2.54 (m, 4H, CH_{2Lev}), 2.08 (s, 3H, CH_3), 1.35 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, C-6_A), 1.33 $(d, J_{5,6} = 6.2 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{H}, \text{C-6}_{\text{C}}), 1.20 (d, J_{5,6} = 6.2 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{H}, \text{C-6}_{\text{B}}).$ ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 205.9 (C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 172.2 (C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 165.5 (COPPh₃⁺), 159.3 (C_{Ph}), 141.4 (C_{Ph}), 141.3 (C_{Ph}), 138.8 (C_{Ph}), 138.8 (C_{Ph}), 138.6 (C_{Ph}), 138.6 (C_{Ph}), 138.4 (C_{Ph}), 138.3 (C_{Ph}), 138.0 (C_{Ph}), 134.6 (C-2_{All}), 133.7-126.9 (CH_{Ph}), 117.6 (C-3_{All}), 113.9 (CH_{Ph}), 101.3 (C-1_B), 99.1 (C-1_A), 97.8 (C-1_E), 96.0 (C-1_C), 81.8 (C-5_E), 81.3 (C-3_E), 80.3 (C-4_C), 80.1 (C-4_B), 79.8 (C-3_C), 79.1 (C-3_B), 78.0 (C-4_A), 77.8 (C-4_E), 77.0 (C-3_A), 75.7, 75.2, 75.1 (4C, CH₂Ph), 74.4 (C-2_B), 73.9, 73.0 (2C, CH₂Ph), 72.5 (C-2_c), 71.4 (C-5_A), 71.2, 70.9 (2C, CH₂Ph), 69.9 (C-2_A), 68.9 (C-5_B), 68.5 (C-1_{All}), 68.5 (C-2_E), 68.3 (C-6_E), 67.6 (C-5_C), 55.4 (OCH₃), 43.2 (CH₂NH), 38.1 (CH_{2Lev}), 29.8 $(C(O)CH_3)$, 28.3 (CH_{2Lev}) , 18.7 $(C-6_A)$, 18.6 $(C-6_C)$, 18.1 $(C-6_B)$. ³¹P NMR $(CDCl_3, 100 \text{ MHz})$ δ : 40.1 ppm (s, PPh₃). HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 1900.8340 [M]⁺ (calcd for C₁₁₅H₁₂₃NO₂₂P, 1900.8274).

Allyl (4-*O*-benzyl-3-*O*-para-methoxybenzyl-2-*O*-(1-*O*-(tributylphosphonium)isoindol-1-yl)- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-*O*-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-2-*O*-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranoside (21b).



PBu₃ (225 μ L, 0.90 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) was added to tetrasaccharide **21** (500 mg) in anhydr. THF (10 mL). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at rt, then H₂O (27 μ L, 1.5 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) was added. The mixture was stirred overnight at rt and solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified by

FC (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5 to 9:1) to give **21b** (245 mg, 49% from **21**) as a white foam. R_f 0.15 $(CH_2Cl_2/MeOH 95:5); [\alpha]_{D}^{25} + 13^{\circ} (c \ 1.0, CHCl_3); {}^{1}H \ NMR \ (Py-d_5, 400 \ MHz) \ \delta: 9.41 \ (m, J_{2 \ NH} =$ 7.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 8.34-8.30 (m, 1H, CH_{Ph}), 7.63-7.20 (m, 40H, CH_{Ph}), 7.04-6.99 (m, 2H, CH_{Ph}), 6.28 (br s, 1H, H-2_A), 5.85 (m, 1H, H-2_{All}), 5.81 (br s, 1H, H-1_A), 5.71 (br s, 1H, H-2_C), 5.64 (br s, 1H, H-1_B), 5.49 (d, 1H, H-1_E), 5.28-4.63 (m, 22H, CH₂Ph, H-3a_{All}, H-1_C, H-3b_{All}, H-2_B, CH₂NHa, CH₂NHb), 4.57 (dd, J_{3,4} = 8.9 Hz, J_{2,3} = 2.4 Hz, 1H, H-3_C), 4.49 (dd, J_{3,4} = 9.3 Hz, J_{2,3} = 2.9 Hz, 1H, H-3_A), 4.46-4.38 (m, 2H, H-5_A, H-5_C), 4.36-4.27 (m, 2H, H-3_E, H-3_B), 4.22-4.04 (m, 6H, H-1a_{All}, H-6a_E, H-4_C, H-5_B, H-5_E, H-6b_E), 4.03-3.90 (m, 4H, H-1b_{All}, H-4_E, H-4_A, H-4_B), 3.82 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 9.8$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.0$ Hz, 1H, H-2_E), 3.66 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.82-2.69 (m, 4H, CH_{2Lev}), 2.47-2.37 (m, 6H, CH_{2Bu}), 2.03 (s, 3H, CH_{3Lev}), 1.64 (d, J_{5,6} = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6_B), 1.63-55 (m, 6H, CH_{2Bu}), 1.52 (d, 3H, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, H-6_C), 1.50 (d, 3H, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, H-6_A), 1.38-1.26 (m, 6H, CH_{2Bu}), 0.82-0.77 (m, 9H, CH_{3Bu}). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ: 206.1 (C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 173.1 (C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 167.1 (COPBu₃⁺), 160.2 (C_{Ph}), 143.0-139.4 (C_{Ph}), 134.7 (C-2_{All}), 133.9-128.2 (CH_{Ph}), 117.7 (C-3_{All}), 114.8 (CH_{Ph}), 102.4 (C-1_B), 100.1 (C-1_A), 98.6 (C-1_E), 96.8 (C-1_C), 82.6 $(C-3_E)$, 82.3 $(C-2_E)$, 81.2 $(C-4_A)$, 80.9 $(C-4_B)$, 80.7 $(C-3_C)$, 80.2 $(C-3_B)$, 79.0 $(C-4_C)$, 78.8 $(C-4_E)$, 78.3 (C-3_A), 76.1, 75.8, 75.6, 75.5 (4C, CH₂Ph), 75.5 (C-2_B), 74.3, 73.7 (2C, CH₂Ph), 73.4 (C-2_C), 72.4 (C-5_A), 72.0, 71.8 (2C, CH₂Ph), 71.1 (C-2_A), 69.8 (C-5_B), 69.7 (C-6_E), 69.4 (C-5_C), 68.8 (C-1_{All}), 68.6 (C-5_E), 55.7 (OCH₃), 42.4 (CH₂NH), 38.5 (CH_{2Lev}), 29.9 (C(O)CH₃), 29.1 (CH_{2Lev}), 24.5 (CH_{2Bu}), 24.4 (CH_{2Bu}), 23.8 (CH_{2Bu}), 22.6 (CH_{2Bu}), 22.0 (CH_{2Bu}), 19.7, 19.0, 19.0 (3C, C- 6_{A} , C- 6_{B} , C- 6_{C}), 13.9 (CH_{3Bu}). HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 1840.9080 [M]⁺ (calcd for C₁₀₉H₁₃₅NO₂₂P, 1841.9247).

(3,4-Di-*O*-benzyl-2-*O*-levulinyl-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1→2)-(3,4-di-*O*-benzyl-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1→3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-benzyl-α-D-glucopyranosyl-(1→4)]-2-*O*-levulinyl-α-L-rhamnopyranose (24).



[Ir] (91 mg, 0.11 mmol, 0.1 equiv.) was dissolved in anhydr. THF (5.4 mL) and the red solution was degassed. Hydrogen was bubbled through the solution for 15 min, and the resulting yellow solution was once again degassed. Tetrasaccharide **23** (1.69 g, 1.07 mmol) in anhydr. THF (5.4 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred for 20 h at rt under Ar. Iodine (544 mg, 2.14 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in THF/H₂O (6.4 mL, 4:1 v/v) was added and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt. Freshly prepared 10% aq. NaHSO₃ was added and the mixture was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (250 mL)

and water (100 mL). The aq. phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3×250 mL) and the organic layer was dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by FC (Tol/EtOAc 8:2 to 7:3) to give hemiacetal 24 (1.52 g, 92%, ratio $\alpha/\beta > 20:1$) as a light yellow foam. $R_{\rm f}$ 0.19 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]^{25}_{\rm D}$ +22° (c 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ (α): 7.37-7.11 (m, 40H, CH_{Ph}), 5.56 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 3.3$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 1.8$ Hz, 1H, H-2_A), 5.12 (br d, 1H, H-2_C), 5.10-5.06 (m, 2H, H-1_C, H-1_A), 5.00-4.90 (m, 5H, H-1_E, H-1_B, CH₂Ph), 4.85 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.81 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.75 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H, CH₂Ph), 4.72 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.67-4.51 (m, 7H, CH_2Ph), 4.48 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.41-4.36 (m, 2H, H-2_B, CH₂Ph), 4.05-3.91 (m, 6H, H-3_C, H-5_A, H-5_E, H-3_A, H-3_E, H-5_C), 3.82-3.68 (m, 4H, H-6a_E, H-6b_E, H-3_B, H-4_E), 3.62-3.53 (m, 2H, H-5_B, H-4_A), 3.48 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 9.7$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 3.1$ Hz, 1H, H- $2_{\rm E}$), 3.43 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.3$ Hz, 1H, H-4_C), 3.40 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.3$ Hz, 1H, H-4_B), 3.06 (d, $J_{OH,1}$ = 4.2 Hz, 1H, OH-1_C), 2.76-2.47 (m, 8H, CH_{2Lev}), 2.08 (s, 6H, CH_{3Lev}), 1.35 (d, $J_{5,6}$ = 6.2 Hz, 3H, H-6_A), 1.32 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.3$ Hz, 3H, H-6_C), 1.21 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6_B). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ (α): 206.0 (2C, C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 172.2 (C=O), 171.8 (C=O), 138.9-138.3 (C_{Ph}), 128.7-127.4 (CH_{Ph}), 101.1 (C-1_B), 99.4 (C-1_A), 97.8 (C-1_E), 91.3 (C-1_C), 81.9 (C-3_E), 81.4 (C-2_E), 80.2 (C-4_C), 80.1 (C-4_B), 79.0 (C-3_C, C-3_B), 78.2 (C-4_A), 77.8 (2C, C-3_A, C-4_E), 75.7, 75.4, 75.4, 75.2 (4C, CH₂Ph), 74.9 (C-2_B), 73.9, 73.1 (4C, CH₂Ph), 72.8 (C-2_C), 71.7 (CH₂Ph), 71.5 (C-5_A), 70.9 (CH₂Ph), 69.5 (C-2_A), 68.9 (C-5_B), 68.5 (C-6_E), 68.4 (C-5_E), 67.6 (C-5_C), 38.2 (CH_{2Lev}), 38.1 (CH_{2Lev}), 29.8 (C(O)CH₃), 29.8 (C(O)CH₃), 28.3 (CH_{2Lev}), 28.2 (CH_{2Lev}), 18.9 (C-6_A), 18.5 (C- 6 C), 18.1 (C- 6 B). HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 1535.6907 [M + H]⁺ (calcd for C₉₀H₁₀₃O₂₂, 1535.6941), m/z 1557.6749 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for C₉₀H₁₀₂O₂₂Na, 1557.6760).

 $(3,4-\text{Di-}O-\text{benzyl-}2-O-\text{levulinyl-}\alpha-L-\text{rhamnopyranosyl})-(1\rightarrow 2)-(3,4-\text{di-}O-\text{benzyl-}\alpha-L-\text{rhamnopyranosyl})-(1\rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-\text{tetra-}O-\text{benzyl-}\alpha-D-\text{glucopyranosyl}-(1\rightarrow 4)]-2-O-\text{levulinyl-}\alpha-L-\text{rhamnopyranosyl} N-(\text{phenyl})\text{trifluoroacetimidate (6).}$



PTFACl¹⁸ (254 mg, 1.22 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and Cs₂CO₃ (219 mg, 673 µmol, 1.1 equiv.) were added to hemiacetal **24** (940 mg, 612 µmol) in acetone (6.1 mL). The mixture was stirred for 3 h at rt, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by FC (Tol/EtOAc 95:5 to 9:1 + 1% Et₃N) to furnish PTFA **6** (971 mg, 93%) as a white foam. R_f 0.47 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]^{25}_D$ +11° (*c* 1.0, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ : 7.67-7.10 (m, 45H, CH_{Ph}), 7.00 (bs, 1H, H-1_C), 6.09 (br s, 1H, H-2_A), 5.89 (br s, 1H, H-2_C), 5.72-5.68 (m, 2H, H-1_A, H-1_B), 5.50 (bd, $J_{1,2} =$

3.0 Hz, 1H, H-1_E), 5.25-5.07 (m, 5H, CH_2Ph), 5.02-4.77 (m, 11H, CH_2Ph , H-2_B), 4.73 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.70-4.65 (m, 1H, H-3_C), 4.61 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, CH_2Ph), 4.45-4.08 (m, 10H, H-5_E, H-5_A, H-3_A, H-3_E, H-3_B, H-4_C, H-5_C, H-5_B, H-6a_E, H-6b_E), 4.01 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.5$ Hz, 1H, H-4_E), 3.95 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.3$ Hz, 1H, H-4_B), 3.90-3.83 (m, 2H, H-4_A, H-2_E), 2.90-2.70 (m, 8H, CH_{2Lev}), 2.03 (s, 3H, CH_{3Lev}), 2.02 (s, 3H, CH_{3Lev}), 1.64 (d, $J_{5,6} = 5.5$ Hz, 3H, H-6_C), 1.53 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.1$ Hz, 3H, H-6_B), 1.52 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.0$ Hz, 3H, H-6_A). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ : 206.3 (C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 206.0 (C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 172.9 (C=O), 172.8 (C=O), 144.3 (C=NPh), 140.2-139.2 (C_{Ph}), 129.7-128.2 (CH_{Ph}), 120.4 (CH_{Ph}), 102.4 ($C-1_B$), 100.5 ($C-1_A$), 99.0 ($C-1_E$), 82.5 ($C-3_E$), 82.1 ($C-2_E$), 81.0 ($C-4_A$), 80.6 ($C-4_B$), 79.9 ($C-3_C$), 79.8 ($C-3_B$), 78.8 ($C-3_A$), 78.5 ($C-4_E$), 77.9 ($C-4_C$), 76.0, 75.9 (2C, CH_2Ph), 75.8 ($C-2_B$), 75.6, 75.5, 74.3, 73.8 (4C, CH_2Ph), 72.5 ($C-5_E$), 72.0 (CH_2Ph), 71.6 ($C-2_C$), 71.6 (CH_2Ph), 71.4 ($C-5_C$), 70.1 ($C-2_A$), 70.0 ($C-5_B$), 69.5 ($C-6_E$), 69.3 ($C-5_A$), 38.4 (CH_{2Lev}), 38.3 (CH_{2Lev}), 29.9 (CH_{3Lev}), 29.8 (CH_{3Lev}), 28.9 (CH_{2Lev}), 28.8 (CH_{2Lev}), 19.6 ($C-6_C$), 18.9 ($C-6_B*$), 18.7 ($C-6_A*$).

(2-Acetamido-3-*O-tert*-butyldimethylsilyl-2-deoxy-4,6-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-glucopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(4-*O*-benzyl-3-*O-para*-methoxybenzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-*O*-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-2-*O*-levulinyl- α -L-rhamnopyranose (29).



Bu₃SnH (2.05 mL, 7.62 mmol, 10.0 equiv.) and AIBN (125 mg, 0.762 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) were added to allyl glycoside **27** (1.50 g, 0.762 mmol) in anhydr. toluene (30.5 mL). After stirring for 2 h at reflux under Ar, solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (Tol/EtOAc 95:5 to 9:1 + 1% Et₃N) to give acetamide **28** contaminated with tin salts (1.42 g) as a white foam. [Ir] (64 mg, 76 μ mol, 0.10 equiv.) was dissolved in anhydr. THF (3.8 mL) and the red solution was degassed. Hydrogen was bubbled through the solution for 15 min and the resulting the yellow solution was once again degassed. The crude **28** in anhydr. THF (3.8 mL) was added. After stirring for 16 h at rt under Ar, iodine (387 mg, 1.52 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) in THF/H₂O (4.6 mL, 4:1 v/v) was added. After an additional 1 h at rt, freshly prepared 10% aq. NaHSO₃ was added. The mixture was partitioned between CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL) and water (50 mL) and the aq.

phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×100 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by FC (Tol/EtOAc 9:1 to 6:4 + 1%Et₃N) to give hemiacetal **29** (810 mg, 58% from **27**) as a white foam. R_f 0.15 (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ +12° (c 0.5, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ : 9.27 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.68-7.26 (m, 37H, CH_{Ph}), 7.01-6.96 (m, 2H, CH_{Ph}), 5.85 (br s, 1H, H-2_C), 5.76-5.72 (m, 2H, H-1_A, H-1_C), 5.65 $(d, J_{1,2} = 7.2 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, \text{H-1}_{\text{D}'})$, 5.58 (br s, 1H, H-1_B), 5.48 (d, $J_{1,2} = 2.7 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, \text{H-1}_{\text{E}})$, 5.29-4.97 (m, 8H, CH₂Ph, H-2_B), 4.96-4.62 (m, 12H, CH₂Ph, H-3_C, H-2_A, H-3_{D'}), 4.55 (dq, 1H, H-5_C), 4.43 (br d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H, H-5_E), 4.39-4.02 (m, 9H, H-3_E, H-3_A, H-3_B, H-5_A, H-6a_E, H-4_C, H-5_B, H- $6b_E$, H-4_E), 3.98 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.4$ Hz, 1H, H-4_A), 3.88 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.4$ Hz, 1H, H-4_B), 3.85-3.73 (m, 3H, H-2_E, H-2_{D'}, H-6a_{D'}), 3.58 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.56-3.42 (m, 3H, H-6b_{D'}, H-5_{D'}, H-4_{D'}), 2.83-2.65 (m, 4H, CH_{2Lev}), 2.28 (s, 3H, $C(O)CH_{3Ac}$), 1.99 (s, 3H, $C(O)CH_{3Lev}$), 1.68 (d, $J_{5.6} = 6.1$ Hz, 3H, H-6_C), 1.52 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.0$ Hz, 3H, H-6_B), 1.46 (s, 3H, CH_{3Iso}), 1.39 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.0$ Hz, 3H, H-6_A), 1.29 (s, 3H, CH_{3Iso}), 1.02 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 0.24 (s, 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.21 (s, 3H, Si(CH₃)₂). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ : 206.0 (C(O)CH_{2Ley}), 173.2 (C=O), 170.7 (C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 160.3 (C_{Ph}), 140.3-139.7 (C_{Ph}), 131.6-128.2 (CH_{Ph}), 114.7 (CH_{Ph}), 102.9 (C-1_B), 102.8 (C-1_{D'}), 102.5 (C-1_A), 99.8 (C(CH₃)₂), 98.6 (C-1_E), 92.1 (C-1_C), 82.6 (C-3_E), 82.6 (C-2_E), 81.7 (C-4_A), 81.3 (C-3_C, C-4_B), 80.2 (C-3_A), 79.7 (C-4_C), 79.6 (C-3_B), 78.4 (C-4_E), 76.7 (C-2_A), 76.1 (2C, CH₂Ph), 75.8 (C-4_{D'}), 75.8 (CH₂Ph), 75.5 (C-2_B), 75.3 (CH₂Ph), 75.0 (C-2_C), 74.2, 74.0, 72.8 (3C, CH₂Ph), 72.7 (C-3_{D'}), 72.5 (C-5_E), 71.8 (CH₂Ph), 69.8 (C-5_B), 69.7 (C-5_A), 69.6 (C-6_E), 67.9 (C-5_C), 67.5 (C-5_{D'}), 62.9 (C-6_{D'}), 60.4 (C-2_{D'}), 55.5 (OCH₃), 38.6 (CH_{2Lev}), 29.9 (C(O)CH_{3Lev}), 29.7 (CH_{3Iso}), 29.2 (CH_{2Lev}), 26.5 (C(CH₃)₃), 24.5 (C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 20.1 (C-6_C), 19.6 (CH_{3Iso}), 19.0 (C-6_B), 18.9 (C(CH₃)₃), 18.8 (C-6_A), -3.4 (Si(CH₃)₂), -4.2 (Si(CH₃)₂). HR-ESI-TOF-MS *m/z* 1824.8639 [M + H_{1}^{+} (calcd for $C_{103}H_{130}NO_{26}Si$, 1824.8650), m/z 1846.8492 $[M + Na]^{+}$ (calcd for C₁₀₃H₁₂₉NO₂₆SiNa, 1846.8469).

(2-Acetamido-3-*O-tert*-butyldimethylsilyl-2-deoxy-4,6-*O*-isopropylidene- β -D-glucopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(4-*O*-benzyl-3-*O-para*-methoxybenzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-*O*-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-*O*-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-2-*O*-levulinyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl *N*-(phenyl)trifluoroacetimidate (7).



N-(Phenyl)trifluoroacetimidoyl chloride¹⁸ (177 mg, 0.851 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and Cs_2CO_3 (153 mg, 468 µmol, 1.1 equiv.) were added to a solution of hemiacetal 29 (777 mg, 0.426 mmol) in acetone (2.1 mL). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at rt, filtered and evaporated to dryness. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (Tol/EtOAc 95:5 to 9:1 + 1% Et₃N) to furnish donor 7 (753 mg, 89%) as a white foam. $R_f 0.48$ (Chex/EtOAc 7:3); $[\alpha]^{25}_D + 4^\circ$ (c 0.5, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ: 7.67-7.09 (m, 42H, CH_{Ph}), 7.03-6.97 (m, 4H, CH_{Ph}, NH, H-1_C), 5.86 (br s, 1H, H-2_C), 5.73 (br s, 1H, H-1_A), 5.65-5.59 (m, 2H, H-1_D), H-1_B), 5.46 (d, 1H, $J_{1,2} = 2.7$ Hz, H-1_E), 5.23-4.57 (m, 18H, CH₂Ph, H-2_B, H-2_A), 4.67-4.53 (m, 2H, H-3_D, H-3_C), 4.38 (br d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, H-5_E), 4.35-4.13 (m, 7H, H-3_A, H-5_A, H-3_E, H-5_C, H-3_B, H-6a_E, H-4_C), 4.13-3.95 (m, 4H, H-5_B, H-6b_E, H-4_E, H-4_B), 3.88 (pt, $J_{3,4} = J_{4,5} = 9.1$ Hz, 1H, H-4_A), 3.85-3.77 (m, 3H, H-2_E, H-2_{D'}, H-6a_{D'}), 3.63 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.61-3.44 (m, 3H, H-6b_{D'}, H-5_{D'}, H-4_{D'}), 2.75 (br s, 4H, CH_{2Lev}), 2.26 (s, 3H, C(O)C H_{3Ac}), 2.00 (s, 3H, C(O)C H_{3Lev}), 1.63 (d, $J_{5,6} = 5.6$ Hz, 3H, H-6_C), 1.53 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, H-6_B), 1.49 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.1$ Hz, 3H, H-6_A), 1.48 (s, 3H, CH_{3Iso}), 1.34 (s, 3H, CH_{3Iso}), 1.04 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 0.25 (s, 3H, Si(CH₃)₂), 0.23 (s, 3H, Si(CH₃)₂). ¹³C NMR (Pyd₅, 100 MHz) δ: 205.9 (C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 172.9 (C=O), 170.7 (C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 160.3 (C_{Ph}), 144.3 (C=NPh), 140.2-138.4 (C_{Ph}), 131.6-126.2 (CH_{Ph}), 102.9 (2C, C-1_D, C-1_B), 102.7 (C-1_A), 99.8 (C(CH₃)₂), 99.3 (C-1_E), 82.6 (C-3_E), 82.4 (C-2_E), 81.7 (C-4_B), 81.2 (C-4_A), 80.3 (C-3_C), 80.2 (C-3_A), 79.6 (C-3_B), 79.0 (C-4_C), 78.5 (C-4_E), 76.7 (C-2_A), 76.2, 76.1 (2C, CH₂Ph), 75.9 (C-4_{D'}), 75.9 (CH₂Ph), 75.8 (C-2_B), 75.5, 74.5, 74.1 (3C, CH₂Ph), 72.8 (3C, CH₂Ph, C-3_D), C-5_E), 71.8 (C-2_c), 71.4 (C-5_c), 71.3 (CH₂Ph), 70.1 (C-5_B), 69.8 (C-5_A), 69.5 (C-6_E), 67.6 (C-5_{D'}), 63.0 (C-6_{D'}), 60.4 (C-2_{D'}), 55.6 (OCH₃), 38.4 (CH_{2Lev}), 29.8 (C(O)CH_{3Lev}), 29.7 (CH_{3Iso}), 28.8 (CH_{2Lev}), 26.5 (C(CH₃)₃), 24.5 (C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 19.6 (C-6_C), 19.5 (CH_{3Iso}), 19.0 (C-6_B), 18.9 (C(CH₃)₃), 18.7 $(C-6_A)$, -3.4 $(Si(CH_3)_2)$, -4.2 $(Si(CH_3)_2)$.

2-Azidoethyl (3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-O-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]- (2-O-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(4-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(2-O-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(2-O-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-2-acetamido-4,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranoside (36).



H₂O (425 µL) and DDQ (39 mg, 170 µmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added to decasaccharide 5 (313 mg, 85.0 μmol) in anhydr. CH₂Cl₂ (4.3 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1.5 h at rt under Ar. Satd aq NaHCO₃ (25 mL) was added and the aq phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3×25 mL) and dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄. Solvents were evaporated and the residue was purified by FC $(CH_2Cl_2/MeOH 99:1 \text{ to } 98:2 + 0.5\% \text{ Et}_3N)$ to give alcohol 36 (211 mg, 70%) as a white foam along with unreacted 5 (40 mg, 13%). $R_{\rm f}$ 0.61 (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5); $[\alpha]^{25}_{\rm D}$ -22° (c 0.32, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ : 9.44 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 9.35 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.70-7.25 (m, 85H, CH_{Ph}), 6.63 (br s, 1H, OH), 6.09 (dd, $J_{2,3} = 2.7$ Hz, $J_{1,2} = 1.8$ Hz, 1H, H- $2_{A'}$), 5.78-5.40 (11H, H-1_A, H-1_{A'}, H-1_B, H-1_{B'}, H-1_C, H-1_{C'}, H-1_{D'}, H-1_E, H-1_{E'}, H-2_C, H-2_{C'}), 5.36-3.63 (m, 79H, H-2_A, H-3_A, H-3_A', H-4_A, H-4_A', H-5_A, H-5_A', H-2_B, H-2_B', H-3_B, H-3_B', H-4_B, H-4_B', H-5_B, H-5_{B'}, H-3_C, H-3_{C'}, H-4_C, H-4_{C'}, H-5_C, H-5_{C'}, H-1_D, H-2_D, H-2_{D'}, H-3_D, H-3_{D'}, H-4_D, H-5_D, H-6a_D, H-6b_D, H-6a_{D'}, H-2_E, H-2_{E'}, H-3_E, H-3_{E'}, H-4_E, H-4_{E'}, H-5_E, H-5_{E'}, H-6a_E, H-6b_E, H-6a_{E'}, H-6b_{E'}, OCH₂a, OCH₂b, CH₂Ph), 3.54-3.32 (m, 5H, H-4_{D'}, H-5_{D'}, H-6b_{D'}, CH₂N₃a, CH₂N₃b), 2.87-2.62 (m, 12H, $6 \times CH_{2Lev}$), 2.50 (s, 3H, C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 2.36 (s, 3H, C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 2.02 (s, 3H, $C(O)CH_{3Lev}$, 2.02 (s, 3H, $C(O)CH_{3Lev}$), 2.00 (s, 3H, $C(O)CH_{3Lev}$), 1.68 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.1$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.53 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.51-1.43 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha} , CH_{3Iso}), 1.41 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.51-1.43 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha}), 1.41 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.51-1.43 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha}), 1.41 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.51-1.43 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha}), 1.41 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.51-1.43 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha}), 1.41 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.51-1.43 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha}), 1.41 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.2$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.51-1.43 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha}), 1.41 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha}), 1.51-1.43 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha}), 1.41 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha}), 1.41 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha}), 1.41 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha}), 1.51-1.43 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha})), 1.51-1.43 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha})), 1.51-1.43 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha})), 1.51-1.51-1.51 (m, 12H, 3× CH_{3Rha})), 1.51-1.51-1.51 (m, 1 6.1 Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.26 (s, 3H, CH_{3Iso}). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ (partial): 206.3, 206.1, 206.0 (3×C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 173.1, 173.0, 172.7 (3C, C=O_{Lev}), 171.9 (2C, C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 140.2-139.3 (C_{Ph}), 129.3-128.0 (CH_{Ph}), 103.4, 102.5 (2C), 102.4, 101.0, 100.3, 99.2, 98.4, 98.1, 97.8 (C-1_A) C-1_{A'}, C-1_B, C-1_B', C-1_C, C-1_C', C-1_D, C-1_D', C-1_E, C-1_E'), 83.2, 82.7, 82.6, 82.5, 82.2, 81.4, 81.0, 80.7, 80.4, 80.2, 79.9, 79.6, 78.7, 78.6, 78.5, 78.4, 77.0, 76.1, 75.9, 75.8, 75.7, 75.5, 75.4, 75.0, 74.2, 74.0, 73.9, 73.7, 73.6, 72.8, 72.4, 72.2, 71.9, 71.6, 70.7, 70.0, 69.7, 69.4, 69.2, 68.6, 68.5, 68.1, 67.8 (C-2_A, C-2_A', C-3_A, C-3_A', C-4_A, C-4_A', C-5_A, C-5_A', C-2_B, C-2_B', C-3_B, C-3_B', C-4_B, C-4_{B'}, C-5_B, C-5_{B'}, C-2_C, C-2_{C'}, C-3_C, C-3_{C'}, C-4_C, C-4_{C'}, C-5_C, C-5_{C'}, C-3_D, C-3_{D'}, C-4_D, C-4_{D'}, C-

 5_{D} , C- $5_{D'}$, C- 6_{D} , C- 2_{E} , C- $2_{E'}$, C- 3_{E} , C- $3_{E'}$, C- 4_{E} , C- $4_{E'}$, C- 5_{E} , C- $5_{E'}$, C- 6_{E} , C- $6_{E'}$, 17×*C*HPh₂), 62.9 (C- $6_{D'}$), 58.9 (C- $2_{D'}$), 58.2 (C- 2_{D}), 51.5 (*C*H₂N₃), 38.4, 38.4, 38.3 (3C, *C*H_{2Lev}), 29.9, 29.8, 29.8 (3C, *C*(O)*C*H_{3Lev}), 29.0, 28.9, 28.9 (3C, *C*H_{2Lev}), 24.4, 24.2 (2C, C(O)*C*H_{3Ac}), 19.8, 19.6, 19.5, 19.0, 18.9 (3C), 18.8 (8C, 6 *C*H_{3Rha}, 2 *C*H_{3Iso}). HR-ESI-TOF-MS *m*/*z* 1780.38 [M + 2H]²⁺ (calcd for C₂₀₃H₂₃₇N₅O₅₁, 1780.31).

2-Azidoethyl (3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-(2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3-O-acetyl-4-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-2--acetamido-4,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranoside (38).



Ac₂O (531 µL, 5.62 mmol, 100 equiv.) and DMAP (7.0 mg, 56 µmol, 1.0 equiv) were added to alcohol **36** (200 mg, 56.2 µmol) in anhydr. Py (5.6 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt under Ar. Solvents were evaporated and co-evaporated with toluene (3×). Aq TFA (50% ν/ν , 1.8 mL) was added dropwise to the residue (202 mg, 56.2 µmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (8.4 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 2 h from 0 °C to rt. The solution was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) and excess TFA was neutralized with satd aq NaHCO₃ (25 mL). The aq phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×25 mL). The pooled organic layers were washed with brine (25 mL), dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered, and solvents were evaporated. Hydrazine hydrate (35 µL, 1.12 mmol, 20 equiv.) was added to the residue (200 mg, 56.2 µmol) in anhydr. Py/AcOH (8.5 mL, 3:2 ν/ν). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at rt under Ar. The solution was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL). The organic layer was washed with H₂O (25 mL) and the aq phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL).

 $(3\times 25 \text{ mL})$. Solvents were evaporated and co-evaporated with toluene $(3\times)$. The residue was purified by FC (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 99:1 to 98:2) to give acetate **38** (145 mg, 79% over 3 steps) as a white powder. $R_{\rm f}$ 0.54 (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5); $[\alpha]^{25}_{\rm D}$ -55° (c 0.20, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ : 9.53 (d, J_{NH2} = 7.2 Hz, 1H, NH), 9.40 (d, J_{NH2} = 8.5 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.70-7.14 (m, 85H, CH_{Ph}), 6.01 (dd, $J_{3,4} = 9.8$ Hz, $J_{2,3} = 2.4$ Hz, 1H, H-3_A), 5.95-5.40 (9H, H-1_A, H-1_{A'}, H-1_B, H-1_{B'}), H-1_C, H-1_C', H-1_D', H-1_E, H-1_E'), 5.34-3.62 (m, 84H, H-2_A, H-2_A', H-3_A', H-4_A, H-4_A', H-5_A, H-5_{A'}, H-2_B, H-2_{B'}, H-3_B, H-3_{B'}, H-4_B, H-4_{B'}, H-5_B, H-5_{B'}, H-2_C, H-2_{C'}, H-3_C, H-3_{C'}, H-4_C, H-4_{C'}, H-5_C, H-5_{C'}, H-1_D, H-2_D, H-2_{D'}, H-3_D, H-3_{D'}, H-4_D, H-4_{D'}, H-5_D, H-5_{D'}, H-6a_D, H-6a_{D'}, H-6b_D, H-6b_{D'}, H-2_E, H-2_{E'}, H-3_E, H-3_{E'}, H-4_E, H-4_{E'}, H-5_E, H-5_{E'}, H-6a_E, H-6a_{E'}, H-6b_E, H-6b_{E'}, OCH₂a, OCH₂b, CH₂Ph), 3.49-3.41 (m, 1H, CH₂N₃a), 3.34-3.27 (m, 1H, CH₂N₃b), 2.21 (s, 3H, C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 2.15, 2.09 (2s, 6H, C(O)CH_{3NHAc}), 1.68 (d, J_{5,6} = 6.1 Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.54-1.42 (m, 15H, CH_{3Rha}). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ (partial): 171.1, 171.0, 170.9 (3×C(O)CH₃), 140.3-139.2 (C_{Ph}), 129.4-127.9 (CH_{Ph}), 103.9, 103.1, 102.8, 102.5, 102.3 (2C), 102.2, 101.5, 98.9, 98.4 (C-1_A, C-1_A', C-1_B, C-1_B', C-1_C, C-1_C', C-1_D, C-1_D', C-1_E, C-1_E'), 83.6, 83.2, 82.6, 82.5, 82.3, 82.2, 81.5, 81.4, 81.3, 81.1, 80.5, 80.3, 79.8, 78.9, 78.7, 78.5, 78.0, 77.8, 76.9, 76.0, 75.8, 75.8, 75.7, 75.5, 75.4, 75.3, 73.9, 73.8, 73.8, 73.7, 73.5, 72.7, 72.3, 72.1, 71.8, 71.7, 71.5, 71.0, 70.9, 69.9, 69.6, 69.5, 69.4, 69.2, 69.1, 68.9, 68.2 (C-2_A, C-3_A, C-4_A, C-5_A, C-2_B, C-3_B, C-4_B, C-5_B, C-2_C, C-3_C, C-4_C, C-5_C, C-3_D, C-4_D, C-5_D, C-6_D, C-2_E, C-3_E, C-4_E, C-5_E, C-6_E, C-2_{A'}, C-3_{A'}, C-4_{A'}, C-5_{A'}, C-2_{B'}, C-3_{B'}, C-4_{B'}, C-5_{B'}, C-2_{C'}, C-3_{C'}, C-4_{C'}, C-5_{C'}, C-3_{D'}, C-4_{D'}, C-5_{D'}, C-2_{E'}, C-3_{E'}, C-4_{E'}, C-5_{E'}, C-6_{E'}, OCH₂, 17×CH₂Ph), 63.1 (C-6_{D'}), 59.2 (C-2_{D'}), 57.5 (C-2_D), 51.4 (CH₂N₃), 24.0 (C(O)CH_{3NHAc}), 23.8 (C(O)CH_{3NHAc}), 21.4 (C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 19.7, 19.6, 19.1, 18.9, 18.8, 18.7 $(6 \times CH_{3Rha})$. HR-ESI-TOF-MS m/z 1634.33 $[M + 2H]^{2+}$ (calcd for $C_{187}H_{217}N_5O_{46}$, 1634.24).

2-Azidoethyl (3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-(2-acetamido-6-O-acetyl-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3-O-acetyl-4-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-2-acetamido-4,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranoside (39).



Ac₂O (536 µL, 5.67 mmol, 100 equiv.) and DMAP (7.0 mg, 56 µmol, 1.0 equiv) were added to alcohol 36 (202 mg, 56.7 µmol) in anhydr. Py (2.8 mL). The mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt under Ar, and solvents were evaporated and co-evaporated with toluene (3×). Aq TFA (50% v/v, 1.8 mL) was added dropwise to the residue (204 mg, 56.7 µmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (8.5 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 2 h from 0 °C to rt. The solution was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) and excess TFA was neutralized with satd aq NaHCO₃ (25 mL). The aq phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3×25 mL). The pooled organic layers were washed with brine (25 mL), dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered, and solvents were evaporated. Acetyl chloride (113 µmol, 100 µL, 2.0 equiv.) was added from a fresh stock solution (80 µL of acetyl chloride in 1.0 mL anhydr. CH₂Cl₂) to the residue (202 mg, 56.7 µmol) in sym-collidine (2.2 mL) at -45 °C (CH₃CN/ice CO₂) bath) under Ar. Additional acetyl chloride (57 µmol, 50 µL of stock solution, 1.0 equiv.) was added after 60, 120, 180 and 240 min. During this time, the temperature was gradually raised from -45 °C to rt. After reaction completion (6 h), excess acetyl chloride was quenched with MeOH, CH₂Cl₂ was added and the organic phase was washed with 5% aq HCl, satd NaHCO₃ and brine, and dired over anhydr. Na₂SO₄. Solvents were evaporated and co-evaporated with toluene $(3\times)$. Hydrazine hydrate (35 µL, 1.12 mmol, 20 equiv.) was added to the residue (204 mg, 56.7 μ mol) in anhydr. Py/AcOH (8.5 mL, 3:2 v/v). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at rt under Ar. The solution was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL). The organic layer was washed with H₂O (25 mL) and the aq phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×25 mL). Solvents were evaporated and co-evaporated with toluene ($3\times$). The residue was purified by FC (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 99:1 to 98:2) to give diacetate **39** (138 mg, 74%, 4 steps) as a white powder. $R_{\rm f}$ 0.63 (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 95:5); $[\alpha]^{25}_{\rm D}$ +15° (*c* 0.40, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ : 9.59 (d, $J_{NH,2}$ = 7.3 Hz, 1H, NH), 9.25 (d, $J_{NH,2}$ = 8.5 Hz, 1H, N*H*), 7.69-7.17 (m, 85H, C*H*_{Ph}), 5.98 (dd, *J*_{3,4} = 9.9 Hz, *J*_{2,3} = 2.7 Hz, 1H, H-3_A), 5.86-5.47 (m, 9H, H-1_A, H-1_{A'}, H-1_B, H-1_{B'}, H-1_C, H-1_{C'}, H-1_{D'}, H-1_E, H-1_{E'}), 5.30-3.56 (m, 83H, H-2_A, H-

2_{A'}, H-3_{A'}, H-4_A, H-4_{A'}, H-5_A, H-5_{A'}, H-2_B, H-2_{B'}, H-3_B, H-3_{B'}, H-4_B, H-4_{B'}, H-5_B, H-5_{B'}, H-2_C, H-2_C', H-3_C, H-3_C', H-4_C, H-4_C', H-5_C, H-5_C', H-1_D, H-2_D, H-3_D, H-3_D', H-4_D, H-4_D', H-5_D, H-5_D', H-6a_D, H-6b_D, H-6b_D, H-2_E, H-2_E, H-3_E, H-3_E, H-4_E, H-4_E, H-5_E, H-5_E, H-6a_E, H-6a_E, H-6b_E, H-6b_{E'}, OCH₂a, OCH₂b, CH₂Ph), 3.60 (m, $J_{1,2} = 8.3$ Hz, 1H, H-2_{D'}), 3.48-3.41 (m, 1H, CH_2N_3a), 3.32 (ddd, J = 13.2, 5.3, 3.5 Hz, 1H, CH_2N_3b), 2.26 (s, 3H, $C(O)CH_{3Ac}$), 2.18, 2.09 (2s, 6H, C(O)CH_{3NHAc}), 1.73 (s, 3H, C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 1.65 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.1$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.54-1.40 (m, 15H, CH_{3Rha}). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ (partial): 171.2 (C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 171.0 (3×C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 140.4-139.3 (C_{Ph}), 129.4-127.9 (CH_{Ph}), 104.0, 103.2, 102.9, 102.6, 102.3, 102.2, 101.6 (2C), 99.0, 98.6 (C-1_A, C-1_{A'}, C-1_B, C-1_{B'}, C-1_C, C-1_{C'}, C-1_D, C-1_{D'}, C-1_E, C-1_{E'}), 83.4, 82.6, 82.6, 82.3, 81.9, 81.6, 81.6, 81.2, 80.7, 80.5, 80.3, 79.6, 78.9, 78.8, 78.6, 77.2, 77.0, 76.8, 76.1, 76.1, 76.1, 76.0, 75.8, 75.8, 75.7, 75.6, 75.5, 75.1, 74.9, 74.5, 74.4, 74.0, 73.9, 73.9, 73.8, 73.7, 72.9, 72.4, 72.2, 71.9, 71.8, 71.6, 71.0, 70.4, 70.0, 69.6, 69.5, 69.4, 69.3, 69.2, 69.1, 68.3 (C-2_A, C-2_{A'}) C-3_A, C-3_A', C-4_A, C-4_A', C-5_A, C-5_A', C-2_B, C-2_B', C-3_B, C-3_B', C-4_B, C-4_B', C-5_B, C-5_B', C-2_C, C-2_{C'}, C-3_C, C-3_{C'}, C-4_C, C-4_{C'}, C-5_C, C-5_{C'}, C-3_D, C-3_{D'}, C-4_D, C-4_{D'}, C-5_D, C-5_{D'}, C-6_D, C-2_E, C-2_{E'}, C-3_E, C-3_{E'}, C-4_E, C-4_{E'}, C-5_E, C-5_{E'}, C-6_E, C-6_{E'}, OCH₂), 59.7 (C-2_{D'}), 57.5 (C-2_D), 51.5 (CH₂N₃), 24.1, 23.9 (2C, C(O)CH_{3NHAc}), 21.5, 21.0 (2C, C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 19.7, 19.7, 19.2, 18.9 (2C), 18.8 (6C, CH_{3Rha}). HR-MALDI-TOF-MS m/z 3331.47489 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for C₁₈₇H₂₁₇N₅O₄₇Na, 3331.46361).

2-Azidoethyl (3,4-di-O-benzyl-2-O-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]- (2-O-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-(2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(4-O-benzyl-3-O-para-methoxybenzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]- (2-O-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]- (2-O-levulinoyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-2-acetamido-4,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranoside (40).



Aq TFA (50% v/v, 1.8 mL) was added to decasaccharide 5 (210 mg, 57.0 µmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (8.6 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 2 h from 0 °C to rt, then diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) and washed with satd NaHCO₃ (25 mL). The aq phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×25 mL), the pooled organic layers were washed with brine (25 mL), dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄, filtered and solvents were evaporated. The residue was purified by FC (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 99:1 to 98:2) to give diol 40 (187 mg, 90%) as a white powder. $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ -36° (c 0.22, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ: 9.54 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.77-7.09 (m, 87H, CH_{Ph}), 6.98-6.94 (m, 2H, CH_{Ph}), 6.12 (br s, 1H, H-2_{A'}), 5.86-5.25 (m, 12H, H-2_C, H-2_C', H-1_A, H-1_{A'}, H-1_B, H-1_{B'}, H-1_C, H-1_C', H-1_D, H-1_{D'}, H-1_{D'}, H-1_C', H-1_D, H-1_{D'}, H-1_{D'} 1_E, H-1_{E'}), 5.24-3.53 (m, 86H, H-2_A, H-3_A, H-3_{A'}, H-4_A, H-4_{A'}, H-5_A, H-5_{A'}, H-2_B, H-2_{B'}, H-3_B, H-3_{B'}, H-4_B, H-4_B, H-5_B, H-5_{B'}, H-3_C, H-3_{C'}, H-4_C, H-4_{C'}, H-5_C, H-5_{C'}, H-2_D, H-2_{D'}, H-3_D, H-3_{D'}, H-4_D, H-4_{D'}, H-5_D, H-5_{D'}, H-6a_D, H-6a_{D'}, H-6b_D, H-6b_{D'}, H-2_E, H-2_{E'}, H-3_E, H-3_{E'}, H-4_E, H-4_{E'}, H-5_E, H-5_{E'}, H-6a_E, H-6a_{E'}, H-6b_E, H-6b_{E'}, OCH₃, OCH₂a, OCH₂b, CH₂Ph), 3.53-3.44 (m, 1H, CH₂N₃a), 3.41-3.33 (m, 1H, CH₂N₃b), 2.87-2.58 (m, 12H, CH_{2Lev}), 2.46, 2.40 (2s, 6H, $C(O)CH_{3NHAc}$, 2.04, 2.01, 1.99 (3s, 9H, $C(O)CH_{3Lev}$), 1.71 (d, $J_{5,6} = 5.9$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.57 $(d, J_{5,6} = 6.3 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{H}, CH_{3\text{Rha}}), 1.51 (d, J_{5,6} = 6.0 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{H}, CH_{3\text{Rha}}), 1.43-1.36 (m, 6\text{H}, CH_{3\text{Rha}}), 1.30$ (d, $J_{5.6} = 5.8$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ (partial): 206.2 (C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 206.0 (2C, C(O)CH_{2Lev}), 173.0 (2C, C(O)CH_{3Lev}), 172.7 (C(O)CH_{3Lev}), 172.1, 172.0 (2C, *C*(O)CH_{3NHAc}), 160.2 (С_{Рh}), 140.3-139.2 (С_{Ph}), 130.9 (С*H*_{Ph}), 129.4-127.8 (С*H*_{Ph}), 114.6 (С*H*_{Ph}), 102.2 (5C), 101.1, 100.6, 99.2, 98.8, 98.5 (C-1_A, C-1_A', C-1_B, C-1_B', C-1_C, C-1_C', C-1_D, C-1_D', C-1_E, C-1_{E'}), 82.8, 82.6, 82.5, 81.6, 81.1, 80.9, 80.0, 79.8, 79.6, 79.4, 79.3, 78.7, 78.6, 78.6, 78.5, 78.1, 77.1, 76.4, 76.1, 76.0, 75.9, 75.8, 75.6, 75.0, 74.4, 74.2, 74.0, 73.8, 72.8, 72.5, 72.3, 72.0, 71.5, 71.3, 70.2, 70.0, 69.7, 69.5, 69.5, 69.2, 68.5, 68.4 (C-2_A, C-2_{A'}, C-3_A, C-3_{A'}, C-4_A, C-4_{A'}, C-5_A, C-5_{A'}, C-2_B, C-2_{B'}, C-3_B, C-3_{B'}, C-4_B, C-4_{B'}, C-5_B, C-5_{B'}, C-2_C, C-2_{C'}, C-3_C, C-3_{C'}, C-4_C, C-4_{C'}, C-5_C, C-5_{C'}, C-3_D, C-3_{D'}, C-4_D, C-4_{D'}, C-5_D, C-5_{D'}, C-6_D, C-2_E, C-2_{E'}, C-3_E, C-3_{E'}, C-4_E, C

4_{E'}, C-5_E, C-5_{E'}, C-6_E, C-6_{E'}, OCH₂, CH₂Ph), 63.6 (C-6_{D'}), 59.6 (C-2_{D'}), 58.2 (C-2_D), 55.5 (OCH₃), 51.6 (CH₂N₃), 38.5, 38.5, 38.4 (3C, CH_{2Lev}), 29.9, 29.9, 29.8 (3C, C(O)CH_{3Lev}), 29.1, 29.1, 29.0 (6C, CH_{2Lev}), 24.5, 24.2 (2C, C(O)CH_{3NHAc}), 19.5-18.8 (6C, C-6_A, C-6_{A'}, C-6_B, C-6_{B'}, C-6_C, C-6_{C'}). HR-MALDI-TOF-MS *m*/*z* 3661.61385 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for C₂₀₈H₂₃₉N₅O₅₂Na, 3661.61034).

2-Azidoethyl (3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-(2-acetamido-6-O-acetyl-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(4-O-benzyl-3-O-para-methoxybenzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 2)-(3,4-di-O-benzyl- α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-[2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzyl- α -D-glucopyranosyl-(1 \rightarrow 4)]-(α -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 \rightarrow 3)-2-acetamido-4,6-di-O-benzyl-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranoside (41).



Acetyl chloride (75.8 µmol, 100 µL, 2.0 equiv.) from a fresh stock solution (108 µL of acetyl chloride in 2.0 mL anhydr. CH₂Cl₂) was added to diol **40** (138 mg, 37.9 µmol) in *sym*-collidine (1.5 mL) at -45 °C (CH₃CN/ice CO₂ bath) under Ar. Additional acetyl chloride (190 µmol, 250 µL of stock solution, 5.0 equiv.) was added after 60, 120, 180, 240, 300 and 360 min. During this time, the temperature was gradually raised from -45 °C to rt. After reaction completion (8 h), excess acetyl chloride was quenched with MeOH, CH₂Cl₂ was added and the organic phase was washed with 10% aq HCl. The aq layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×) and the pooled organic phases were washed with satd NaHCO₃ and brine, then dried over anhydr. Na₂SO₄. Solvents were evaporated and co-evaporated with toluene (3×). Hydrazine hydrate (24 µL, 0.76 mmol, 20 equiv.) was added to the residue (140 mg, 37.9 µmol) in anhydr. Py/AcOH (5.7 mL, 3:2 *v/v*). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at rt under Ar. The solution was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL), the
organic layer was washed with H_2O (25 mL) and the aq phase was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3×25 mL). Solvents were evaporated and co-evaporated with toluene $(3\times)$. The residue was purified by FC (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH 99:1 to 98.5:1.5) to give acetate 41 (94 mg, 81%, 2 steps) as a white amorphous solid. $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} - 4^{\circ}$ (c 0.50, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (Py-d₅, 400 MHz) δ : 9.20 (d, $J_{NH2} = 8.6$ Hz, 1H, NH), 9.05 (d, J_{NH2} = 7.7 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.72-7.20 (m, 87H, CH_{Ph}), 7.01-6.97 (m, 2H, CH_{Ph}), 5.87-5.48 (m, 9H, H-1_A, H-1_A', H-1_B, H-1_B', H-1_C, H-1_C', H-1_D', H-1_E, H-1_E'), 5.27-3.70 (m, 87 H, H-2_A, H-2_A', H-3_A, H-3_A', H-4_A, H-4_A', H-5_A, H-5_A', H-2_B, H-2_B', H-3_B, H-3_B', H-4_B, H-4_{B'}, H-5_B, H-5_{B'}, H-2_C, H-2_{C'}, H-3_C, H-3_{C'}, H-4_C, H-4_{C'}, H-5_C, H-5_{C'}, H-1_D, H-2_D, H-2_{D'}, H-3_D, H-3_{D'}, H-4_D, H-4_D, H-5_D, H-5_{D'}, H-6a_D, H-6a_{D'}, H-6b_D, H-6b_{D'}, H-2_E, H-2_{E'}, H-3_E, H-3_{E'}, H-4_E, H-4_{E'}, H-5_E, H-5_{E'}, H-6a_E, H-6a_{E'}, H-6b_E, H-6b_{E'}, OCH₂a, OCH₂b, CH₂Ph), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.49-3.41 (m, 1H, CH_2N_3a), 3.33 (ddd, J = 13.1, 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H, CH_2N_3b), 2.10, 2.09 (2s, 6H, $C(O)CH_{3NHAc}$, 1.79 (s, 3H, $C(O)CH_{3Ac}$), 1.66 (d, $J_{5,6} = 6.1$ Hz, 3H, CH_{3Rha}), 1.54-1.39 (m, 15H, CH_{3Rha}). ¹³C NMR (Py-d₅, 100 MHz) δ (partial): 171.1, 171.0, 170.9 (3C, C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 160.2 (C_{Ph}), 140.4-139.2 (C_{Ph}), 130.9 (CH_{Ph}), 129.5-127.8 (CH_{Ph}), 114.7 (CH_{Ph}), 104.0, 103.2, 102.8, 102.7, 102.5, 102.2, 102.0, 101.7, 99.0, 98.5 (C-1_A, C-1_{A'}, C-1_B, C-1_{B'}, C-1_C, C-1_{C'}, C-1_D, C-1_{D'}, C-1_E, C-1_{E'}), 84.0, 83.2, 82.6, 82.3, 81.9, 81.7, 81.6, 81.3, 80.6, 80.2, 79.5, 78.8, 78.7, 78.6, 77.0, 76.3, 76.1, 76.0, 75.9, 75.8, 75.6, 75.3, 73.9, 73.9, 73.8, 73.7, 72.9, 72.6, 72.3, 72.2, 71.9, 71.7, 70.9, 70.4, 70.1, 69.7, 69.5, 69.5, 69.3, 69.2, 68.3 (C-2_A, C-2_{A'}, C-3_A, C-3_{A'}, C-4_A, C-4_{A'}, C-5_A, C-5_{A'}, C-2_B, C-2_{B'}, C-3_B, C-3_{B'}, C-4_B, C-4_{B'}, C-5_B, C-5_{B'}, C-2_C, C-2_{C'}, C-3_C, C-3_{C'}, C-4_C, C-4_{C'}, C-5_C, C-5_C', C-3_D, C-3_D', C-4_D, C-4_D', C-5_D, C-5_D', C-6_D, C-2_E, C-2_E', C-3_E, C-3_E', C-4_E, C-4_E', C-5_E, C-5_{E'}, C-6_E, C-6_{E'}, OCH₂, CH₂Ph), 64.7 (C-6_{D'}), 59.0 (C-2_{D'}), 57.4 (C-2_D), 55.6 (OCH₃), 51.5 (CH₂N₃), 24.1, 23.9 (2C, C(O)CH_{3NHAc}), 21.0 (C(O)CH_{3Ac}), 19.9, 19.7, 19.3, 19.0, 18.9 (6C, C-6_A, C-6_A, C-6_B, C-6_B, C-6_C, C-6_C). HR-MALDI-TOF-MS m/z 3409.50588 [M + Na]⁺ (calcd for C₁₉₅H₂₂₃N₅O₄₇Na, 3409.51056).

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Relevant NMR spectra (¹H, DEPT, HSQC, ¹³C, including HSQC for ¹ $J_{C,H}$ for compound 2 only) for new compounds listed below by order of appearance S3, S4, S6-S9, 5-8, 10-14, 16-24, 25-27, 29, 31-36, 38-41, 1-3.



SpinWorks 3: CGG29 - 1H - CDCl3

SpinWorks 3: CGG29 - DEPT135 - CDCI3



S40





SpinWorks 3: CGG29 - 13C - CDCI3





































Compound 31

















Compound 32





__OH

NHAc

`Br

HO Allo











SpinWorks 3: CGG164 - 1H - Pyrd5





SpinWorks 3: CGG164 - 13C - Pyrd5								
172.5359 —	149.7710 150.0405 150.1889 150.3103	135,8594 135,9588 135,9686 135,1063 136,1063 136,2055 136,2055 136,2055 136,2055	116.5990 123.6519 123.7516 123.9000 124.0166 124.1166	101.9856	68.7993 71.8603 74.4570 78.0470 83.7435	49.8702 51.3270 56.0923 62.2190	23.9230 —	
							HO OH Allo NHAC N ₃	
							N I / C	
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Compound **33**



SpinWorks 3: CGG265 - 1H - CDCl3


































SpinWorks 3: CGG95 - 1H - CDCl3

SpinWorks 3: CGG95 - DEPT135 - CDCI3























SpinWorks 3: YC24 - 1H - Pyr-d5

SpinWorks 3: YC24 - DEPT135 - Pyrd5

















SpinWorks 3: CGG151 - 1H - CDCl3























SpinWorks 3: CGG96B - 1H - CDCl3








SpinWorks 3: CGG122 - 1H - CDCl3























SpinWorks 3: CGG126A - 1H - CDCl3









SpinWorks 3: CGG328A - 1H - CDCl3













SpinWorks 3: CGG280 - 1H - CDCl3







SpinWorks 3: CGG132B - 13C - CDCI3

Compound 21a

SpinWorks 3: CGG193D2 - 1H - CDCl3











Compound 21b



SpinWorks 3: CGG310B - 1H - Pyrd5







SpinWorks 3: CGG310 - 13C - Pyrd5



SpinWorks 3: CGG198 - 1H - Pyrd5


















SpinWorks 3: CGG254A - 1H - Pyrd5









SpinWorks 3: CGG257C - 1H - Pyrd5







S154



SpinWorks 3: CGG281B - 1H - Pyrd5









SpinWorks 3: CGG239 - 1H - CDCl3







SpinWorks 3: CGG239 - 13C - CDCI3



SpinWorks 3: CGG241 - 1H - CDCl3



S164









SpinWorks 3: CGG267 - 1H - Pyrd5











SpinWorks 3: CGG289 - 1H - Pyrd5



















SpinWorks 3: CGG301A - 1H - Pyrd5












SpinWorks 3: CGG307A - 1H - Pyrd5













SpinWorks 3: CGG309 - 1H - Pyrd5







SpinWorks 3: CGG316A - 1H - Pyrd5

















SpinWorks 3: CGG333-338-4_1H_presaturation_D20









Enlargement of the above spectrum (HSQC for ${}^{1}J_{C,H}$) showing the anomeric region









