Tuneable radical cyclisations:
A tin free approach towards tricyclic and
spirocyclic heterocycles via a common precursor

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Experimental procedures and analytical data

General experimental

All reactions were carried out under an atmosphere of nitrogen and all glassware was pre-dried in an oven (110 °C) and cooled under nitrogen prior to use. Stirring was by internal magnetic follower unless otherwise stated. Analytical TLC was carried out on Merck 60 F245 aluminium-backed silica gel plates. Short wave UV (245 nm), iodine, KMnO₄ or vanillin were used to visualise components. Tetrahydrofuran, dichloromethane and toluene were purchased as anhydrous solvents from Sigma-Aldrich. All other reagents and solvents were purchased were used as received from commercial sources.

¹H and ¹³C NMR data were recorded on a Bruker AV400 or a Bruker AV500 spectrometer. Spectra were recorded in deuterochloroform and referenced to residual CHCl₃ (¹H, 7.26 ppm; ¹³C, 77.0 ppm). Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm and coupling constants (J) are reported in Hz. The following abbreviations are used to describe multiplicity; s-singlet, d-doublet, t-triplet, q-quartet and m-multiplet. High resolution mass spectra were recorded on an Agilent QTOF LC/MS 6520 utilising electrospray ionisation (recorded in the positive mode) with a methanol mobile phase. Melting points were determined using open glass capillaries on a Stuart Scientific SMP3 apparatus and are uncorrected. Infrared spectra were recorded on a Perkin Elmer 1605 FT-IR spectrophotometer using NaCl plates or on a Bruker Alpha IR spectrophotometer.
Methyl 4-amino-3-iodobenzoate (13)

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{MeO}_2C-\text{NH}_2 \\
\text{MeO}_2C-\text{NH}_2 \\
\end{array}
\xrightarrow{\text{I}_2, \text{NaHCO}_3} 
\begin{array}{c}
\text{MeO}_2C-\text{I} \\
\text{MeO}_2C-\text{I} \\
\end{array}
\]

Sodium bicarbonate (2.83 g, 33.7 mmol) and iodine (7.56 g, 29.8 mmol) were added sequentially to a stirred biphasic solution of methyl 4-aminobenzoate (3.00 g, 19.9 mmol) in CH\(_2\)Cl\(_2\) (35 mL) and water (30 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature, after which a further portion of iodine (1.50 g, 5.92 mmol) was added and the resulting dark mixture stirred for a further 24 hours. Solid sodium thiosulfate was added and the organic phase separated. The organic phase was washed with water (2 × 30 mL), brine (2 × 30 mL), dried over MgSO\(_4\) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified via Biotage (3:1 pet ether/EtOAc; snap 25 g column) to give methyl 4-amino-3-iodobenzoate (13) (4.40 g, 80%) as a pale yellow solid; m.p. 91-93 °C; \(\nu_{\text{max}}\) (CH\(_2\)Cl\(_2\))/cm\(^{-1}\) 3470 (NH\(_2\)), 3362 (NH\(_2\)), 3202 (CH), 2947 (CH), 1682 (C=O); \(\delta_H\) (400 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) 8.33 (1H, d, \(J = 2.0\), ArH), 7.80 (1H, dd, \(J = 8.5, 2.0\), ArH), 6.69 (1H, d, \(J = 8.5\), ArH), 4.54 (2H, br. s, NH\(_2\)), 3.85 (3H, s, CH\(_3\)); \(\delta_C\) (101 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) 165.7 (C), 150.7 (C), 141.0 (CH), 131.1 (CH), 121.2 (C), 113.1 (CH), 82.1 (C), 51.8 (CH\(_3\)); \(m/z\) (ES) 277.9690 ([M+H]\(^+\), C\(_8\)H\(_9\)INO\(_2\) requires 277.9678).

tert-Butyl 2-(2-amino-5-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (15)

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{MeO}_2C-\text{I} \\
\text{Boc-} \text{NH}_2 \\
\end{array}
\xrightarrow{\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3, \text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4} 
\begin{array}{c}
\text{MeO}_2C-\text{Boc} \text{NH}_2 \\
\text{MeO}_2C-\text{Boc} \text{NH}_2 \\
\end{array}
\]

Pd(Ph\(_3\)P\(_4\)) (0.31 g, 0.27 mmol) and aqueous sodium carbonate (28.0 mL of a 2 M solution 56.0 mmol) were added to a solution of methyl 4-amino-3-iodobenzoate (13) (1.50 g, 5.41 mmol) and (1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)boronic acid (1.14 g, 5.41 mmol) in toluene (54.2 mL) and ethanol (27.1 mL). The mixture was heated at 80 °C for 18 hours and allowed to cool to room temperature. EtOAc (50 mL) and saturated aqueous NaHCO\(_3\) (25 mL) were added and the layers separated. The organic layer was dried over MgSO\(_4\) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified via Biotage (4:1 pet ether/EtOAc; snap 45 g column) to give tert-butyl 2-(2-amino-5-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (15) (1.41 g, 82%) as a yellow solid; m.p. 128-130 °C; \(\nu_{\text{max}}\) (CH\(_2\)Cl\(_2\))/cm\(^{-1}\) 3425 (NH\(_2\)), 1639 (C=O), 1623 (C=O); \(\delta_H\) (400 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) 7.82 (1H, dd, \(J = 7.8, 2.0\), ArH).
8.3, 2.0, ArH), 7.77 (1H, d, J 3.3, 1.5, ArH), 6.65 (1H, d, J 8.6, ArH), 6.26 (1H, t, J 3.3, ArH), 6.20 (1H, dd, J 3.3, 1.8, ArH), 4.09 (2H, s, NH₂), 3.83 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.27 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃); δC (101 MHz, CDCl₃) 167.1 (C), 150.0 (C), 149.1 (C), 133.0 (CH), 130.9 (CH), 129.4 (C), 122.4 (CH), 119.6 (C), 118.8 (C), 114.8 (CH), 113.6 (CH), 110.8 (CH), 83.6 (C), 51.5 (CH₃); m/z (ES) 317.1508 ([M+H]+, C₁₇H₂₁N₂O₄ requires 317.1501).

tert-Butyl 2-(2-formamido-5-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (16)

![Chemical structure of tert-butyl 2-(2-formamido-5-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (16)](image)

Formic acid (0.02 mL, 0.41 mmol) was added to a stirred solution of acetic anhydride (0.04 mL, 0.41 mmol) in THF (5 mL) at 0 °C. The resulting mixture was heated to reflux for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was re-cooled to 0 °C and a solution of tert-butyl 2-(2-amino-5-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (0.13 g, 0.41 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added and then stirred at room temperature for 5 hours. A saturated aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃ (10 mL) was added and solvent removed under reduced pressure. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 60 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (2 × 50 mL), dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified via Biotage (3:1 pet ether/EtOAc, snap 25 g column) to give a mixture of amide rotamers (7:3) tert-butyl 2-(2-formamido-5-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (16) (0.13 g, 95%) as a colourless solid; m.p. 128-130 °C; νmax (CH₂Cl₂)/cm⁻¹ 3385 (NH), 1740 (C=O), 1719 (C=O); δH (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 8.74 (0.3H, d, J 11.1, CHO), 8.48 (0.7H, d, J 8.6, CHO), 8.35 (0.7H, s, ArH), 8.04 (1H, dd, J 8.6, 1.6, ArH), 7.95 (0.3H, s, ArH), 7.90 (0.7H, d, J 1.5, ArH), 7.60 (0.7H, br. s, NH), 7.57 (0.3H, br. s, NH), 7.46 (0.7H, dd, J 3.4, 1.9, ArH), 7.42 (0.3H, s, ArH), 7.32 (0.3H, d, J 8.6, ArH), 6.29 (1H, dd, J 3.3, 3.3, ArH), 6.23 - 6.27 (1H, m, ArH), 3.89 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.22 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃); δC (101 MHz, CDCl₃) 166.2 (C), 166.0 (C), 161.3 (CH), 159.0 (CH), 148.6 (C), 148.4 (C), 140.1 (C), 140.0 (2 × C), 133.3 (CH), 132.3 (CH), 130.7 (CH), 130.5 (CH), 127.1 (2 × C), 125.9 (C), 125.3 (C), 125.0 (C), 124.3 (C), 123.2 (2 × CH), 119.8 (CH), 116.2 (CH), 116.1 (2 × CH), 111.1 (CH), 111.0 (CH), 84.4 (C), 84.2 (C), 52.1 (CH₃), 52.0 (CH₃), 27.5 (CH₃), 27.3 (CH₃); m/z (ES) 345.1441 ([M+H]+, C₁₈H₂₁N₂O₅ requires 345.1451).
**tert-Butyl 2-(5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-(methyleneamino)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (11)**

Diisopropylamine (1.26 mL, 8.97 mmol) was added to a solution of tert-butyl 2-(2-formamido-5-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (16) (0.52 g, 1.49 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) at 0 °C followed by dropwise addition of phosphorus oxychloride (0.29 mL, 3.13 mmol). The solution was stirred for 30 min at 0 °C and then at room temperature for 2 hours. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C and a 20% aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃ (5 mL) was added and diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL). The organic phase was separated and washed with a 20% aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃ (30 mL), brine (30 mL), dried over MgSO₄ and solvent concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified via Biotage (6:1 pet ether/EtOAc, snap 25 g column) to give tert-butyl 2-(5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-(methyleneamino)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (11) (0.38 g, 79%) as a colourless solid; mp 115-116 °C; νₓ(CH₂Cl₂)/cm⁻¹ 2981 (CH), 2121 (N=C), 1746 (C=O), 1727 (C=O), 1248 (C-O), 1149 (C-O); δₓH (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 8.05-8.07 (1H, m, ArH), 8.02 (1H, dd, J 8.2, 1.9, ArH), 7.43-7.48 (2H, m, ArH), 6.30 (1H, s, ArH), 6.29 (1H, d, J 1.0, ArH), 3.93 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.40 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃); δₓC (101 MHz, CDCl₃) 168.9 (C), 165.4 (C), 148.6 (C), 132.9 (C), 131.9 (CH), 130.4 (C), 129.8 (C), 129.5 (CH), 127.9 (C), 126.6 (CH), 123.3 (CH), 116.2 (CH), 110.9 (CH), 84.2 (C), 52.5 (CH₃), 27.6 (3 × CH₃); m/z 349.1152 ([M+Na]⁺, C₁₈H₁₉N₂O₄ requires 349.1164).

1’-(tert-Butyl) 5-methyl 2-(phenylthio)spiro[indole-3,2’-pyrrole]-1’,5(5’H)-dicarboxylate (17) and 1’-(tert-butyl) 5-methyl 2-(phenylthio)spiro[indole-3,2’-pyrrole]-1’,5(3’H)-dicarboxylate (9)

To a solution of tert-butyl 2-(5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-(methyleneamino)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (11) (0.05 g, 0.15 mmol) in toluene (5.08 mL) under a N₂ atmosphere was added thiophenol (0.08 mL, 0.76 mmol) followed by 2,2’-(diazen-1,2-diyl)bis(2-
methylpropanenitrile) (7.50 mg, 0.05 mmol). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 hours at 80 °C. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified via Biotage (4:1 Petol/EtOAc; zip 30 g column) to give 1'-(tert-butyl) 5-methyl 2-(phenylthio)spiro[indole-3,2'-pyrrole]-1',5(5'H)-dicarboxylate (17) (0.012 g, 18%) as a colourless oil followed by 1'-(tert-butyl) 5-methyl 2-(phenylthio)spiro[indole-3,2'-pyrrole]-1',5(3'H)-dicarboxylate (9) (0.03 g, 47%) as a colourless oil; (17) νmax (neat) 2928 (C-H), 1713 (C=O); δH (400 MHz, CDCl3) 8.02 (1H, dd, J 8.1, 1.8, ArH), 7.98 (1H, d, J 1.8, ArH), 7.65-7.70 (2H, m, 2 × ArH), 7.45-7.48 (3H, m, 3 × ArH), 7.35 (1H, d, J 8.1, ArH), 6.87 (1H, ddd, J 4.3, 2.3, 2.3, ArH), 5.18 (1H, ddd, J 4.3, 2.3, 2.3, ArH), 3.91 (3H, s, OC2H3), 3.27 (1H, ddd, J 17.1, 2.3, 2.3, 1 × CH2), 3.02 (1H, ddd, J 17.1, 2.3, 2.3, 1 × CH2), 1.07 (9H, s, 3 × CH3); δC (126 MHz, CDCl3) 187.0 (C), 166.9 (C), 157.6 (C), 150.7 (C), 142.9 (C), 134.5 (2 × CH), 131.4 (CH), 130.8 (CH), 129.6 (CH), 129.4 (2 × CH), 126.9 (C), 126.7 (C), 121.9 (CH), 119.0 (CH), 104.7 (CH), 81.6 (C), 76.4 (C), 52.1 (CH3), 43.7 (CH2), 27.7 (3 × CH3); m/z (APCI) 437.1525 ([M + H]+, C24H25N2O4S requires 437.1530). (9) νmax (neat) 2976 (C-H), 1706 (C=O), 1614 (C=O); δH (400 MHz, CDCl3) 8.02 (1H, dd, J 8.2, 1.9, ArH), 7.80 (1H, d, J 2.0, ArH), 7.63-7.68 (2H, m, 2 × ArH), 7.47-7.43 (3H, m, 3 × ArH), 7.35 (1H, d, J 8.1, ArH), 6.26 (1H, ddd, J 6.3, 2.0, 2.0, ArH), 5.37 (1H, ddd, J 6.3, 2.0, 2.0, ArH), 4.56 (1H, ddd, J 15.9, 2.0, 2.0, 1 × CH2), 4.42 (1H, ddd, J 15.9, 2.0, 2.0, 1 × CH2), 3.89 (3H, s, OCH3), 1.08 (9H, s, 3 × CH3); δC (101 MHz, CDCl3) 186.5 (C), 166.9 (C), 158.0 (C), 152.3 (C), 140.2 (C), 134.3 (2 × CH), 131.6 (CH), 129.8 (CH), 129.5 (CH), 129.3 (2 × CH), 128.9 (CH), 127.3 (C), 126.5 (C), 122.9 (CH), 119.0 (CH), 83.4 (C), 80.9 (C), 54.3 (CH2), 52.1 (CH3), 27.8 (3 × CH3); m/z (NSI) 437.1532 ([M + H]+, C24H25N2O4S requires 437.1530).

1-tert-butyl 8-methyl 4-(phenylthio)-1H-pyrrolo[3,2-c]quinoline-1,8(3aH,9bH)-dicarboxylate (8)

![Chemical Structure](image)

To a solution of tert-butyl 2-(5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-(methyleneamino)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (0.05 g, 0.15 mmol) in toluene (3.06 ml) under a N2 atmosphere was added benzenethiol (0.08 ml, 0.77 mmol) followed by 2,2’-(diazene-1,2-diyl)bis(2-methylpropanenitrile) (2.52 mg, 0.015 mmol). The resulting solution was stirred for 2 hours at 80 °C. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced
pressure. The residue was purified via Biotage (8:2 pet/EtOAc; snap 10 g column) to give 1’-(tert-butyl) 5-methyl 2-(phenylthio)spiro[indole-3,2’-pyrrole]-1’,5(5’H)-dicarboxylate (9) (0.004 g, 5%) as a colorless oil followed by 1-tert-butyl 8-methyl 4-(phenylthio)-1H-pyrrolo[3,2-c]quinoline-1,8(3aH,9bH)-dicarboxylate (8) (0.04 g, 62%) as a colourless oil; ν_{max} (CH_2Cl_2) cm\(^{-1}\) 3060 (C-H), 2950 (C-H), 1739 (C=O), 1706 (C=O); δ_H (400 MHz, CDCl_3) 8.12 (1H, dd, J 8.3, 1.8, ArH), 7.76 (1H, d, J 1.8, ArH), 7.60-7.64 (2H, m, 2 × ArH), 7.43-7.48 (4H, m, ArH), 6.70 (1H, d, J 5.8, ArH), 6.41 (1H, d, J 5.8, ArH), 3.92 (3H, s, CH_3), 1.22 (9H, s, (CH_3)\(^3\)); δ_C (101 MHz, CDCl_3) 181.0 (C), 168.6 (C), 166.3 (C), 158.3 (2 × C), 146.9 (C), 146.4 (CH), 134.5 (2 × CH), 134.4 (C), 132.6 (CH), 130.1 (CH), 129.6 (2 × CH), 127.4 (C), 127.3 (CH), 126.0 (C), 122.6 (CH), 119.8 (CH), 84.3 (C), 52.2 (CH_3), 27.8 (3 × CH_3); m/z (ES) 473.0958 ([M + K]^+, C_{24}H_{22}N_2O_4SK requires 473.0938).

References

Methyl 4-amino-3-iodobenzoate (13)
**tert-Butyl 2-(2-amino-5-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (15)**
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tert-Butyl 2-(5-(methoxycarbonyl)-2-(methyleneamino)phenyl)-1H-pyrrole-1-carboxylate (11)
1-tert-butyl 8-methyl 4-(phenylthio)-1H-pyrrolo[3,2-c]quinoline-1,8(3aH,9bH)-dicarboxylate (8)
1'-(tert-butyl) 5-methyl 2-(phenylthio)spiro[indole-3,2'-pyrrole]-1',5(3'H)-dicarboxylate (9)
1’-(tert-Butyl) 5-methyl 2-(phenylthio)spiro[indole-3,2'-pyrrole]-1',5(5'H)-dicarboxylate (17)