Supporting Information

for

Rambutan-like Ni/MWCNT Heterostructures: Easy Synthesis, Formation Mechanism, and Controlled Static Magnetic and Microwave Electromagnetic Characteristics

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Fig. S1 SEM images of the product obtained produced from different Ni sources at 750 °C of (a–c) Ni(OH)₂ and (d) NiO obtained by thermal decomposition of NiC₂O₄ at 300 °C.
Fig. S2 Frequency dependence of (a) real ($\varepsilon'$) and (b) imaginary ($\varepsilon''$) parts of the complex permittivity, (c) real ($\mu'$) and (d) imaginary ($\mu''$) parts of the complex permeability of wax composites containing various mass fractions of the typical product.