CHEM VS. COVID TIMELINE

UK pilots mass testing using lateral flow tests

How lateral flow tests work

Lateral flow tests use a sample collected with a swab. The sample is mixed with a solution then added to the test device. If the virus is present, antibodies attached to gold nanoparticles in the conjugate pad of the test device bind to it.

At the test line, immobilised antibodies also bind to the virus, and the gold nanoparticles cause a red line to appear. Unbound antibodies bind at the control line to confirm the test has worked correctly.

How accurate are the tests?

Lateral flow tests give positive results for infected people with high viral loads, but may miss infections with lower viral levels. Repeated and frequent testing can partly overcome this limitation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lateral flow tests*</th>
<th>PCR tests†</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>76.8% Sensitivity</td>
<td>85-98% Sensitivity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensitivity measures the correct production of positive results.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99.7% Specificity</td>
<td>~100% Specificity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specificity measures the correct production of negative results.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* PHE figures for Innova SARS-CoV-2 antigen rapid qualitative test.
† ONS estimated figures for PCR tests (based on a range of studies).

Other mass testing methods

In addition to lateral flow tests, other tests which are intended to be quicker than standard PCR tests have been developed. Additionally, mass testing using swabs from multiple patients grouped together and tested can reduce the total number of tests required.

How did it help?

- **Preventing transmission**: Lateral flow tests helped to identify asymptomatic infections, allowing more infected people to self-isolate and reducing the spread of COVID.
- **Faster and cheaper**: Lateral flow tests are cheaper than the gold standard PCR tests. They don’t need to be processed in a lab and give results in around 30 minutes.
- **Easier mass testing**: Some countries have a limited capacity for carrying out PCR testing, so the availability of rapid antigen tests can support their testing efforts.