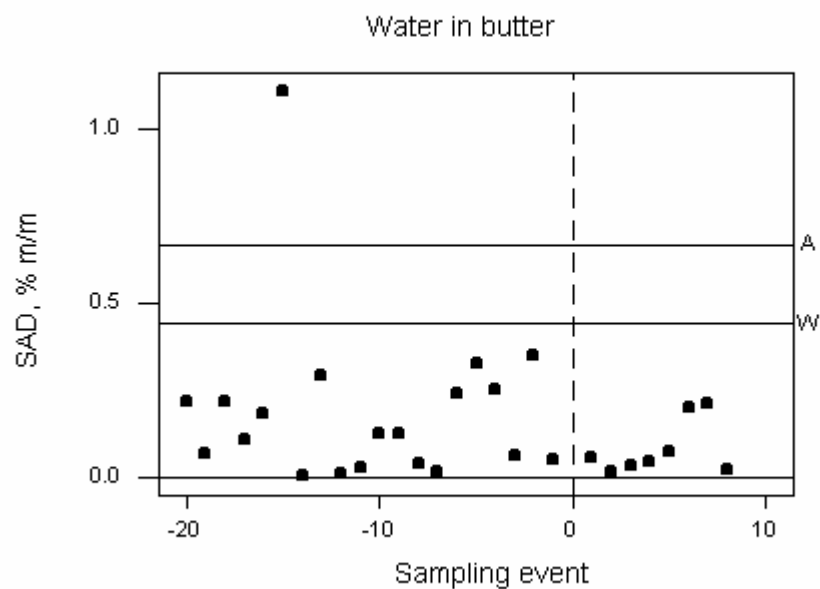
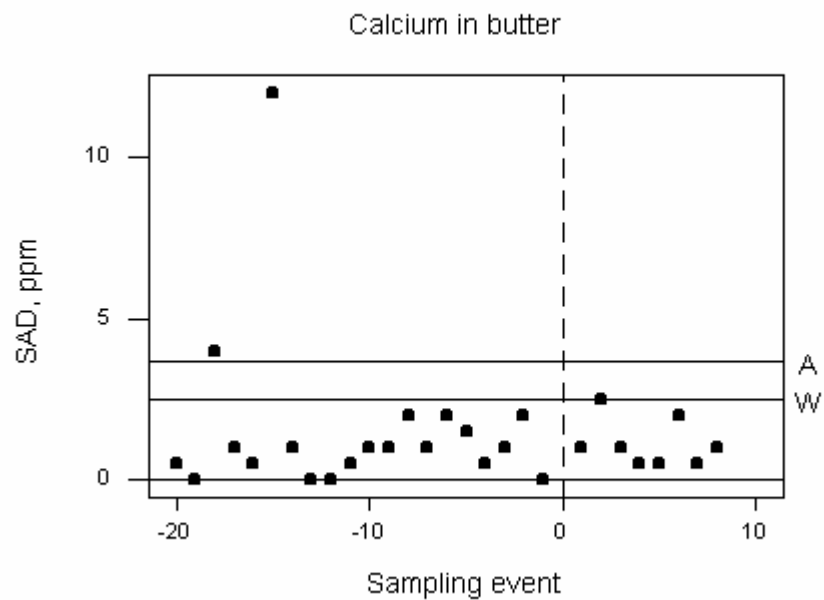
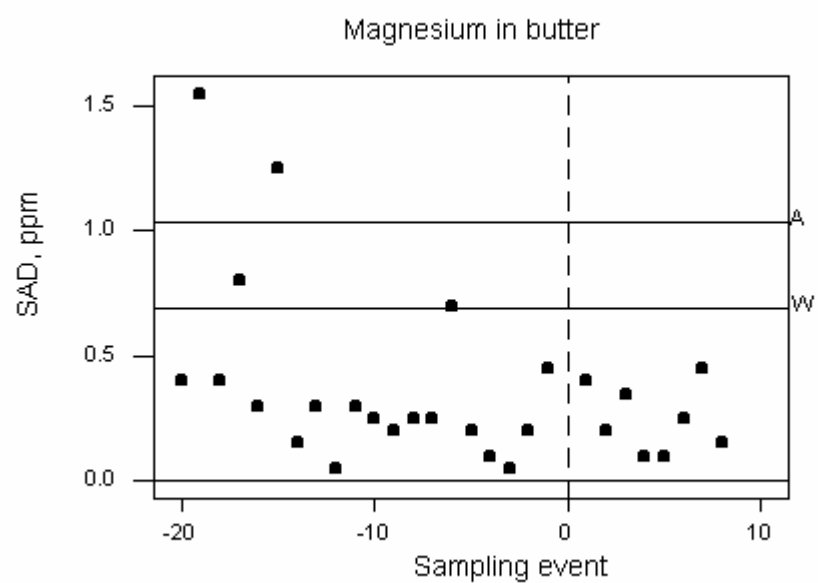
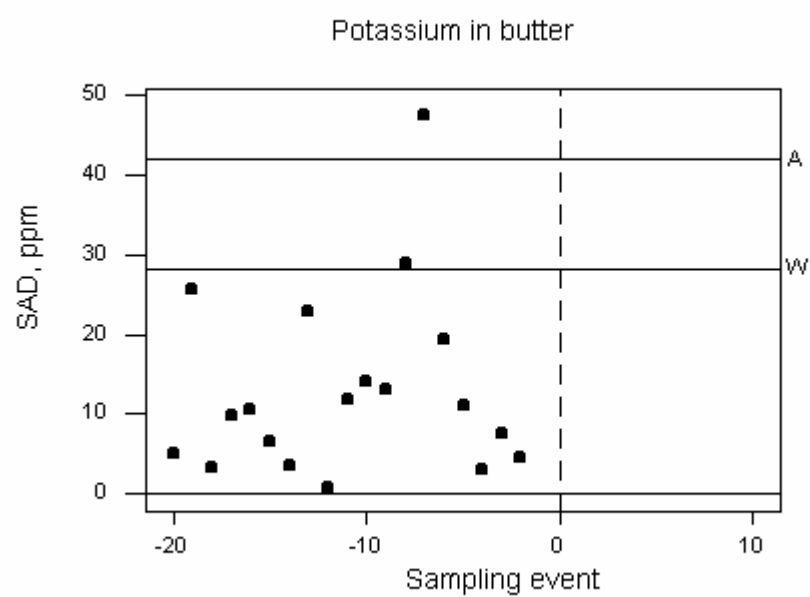
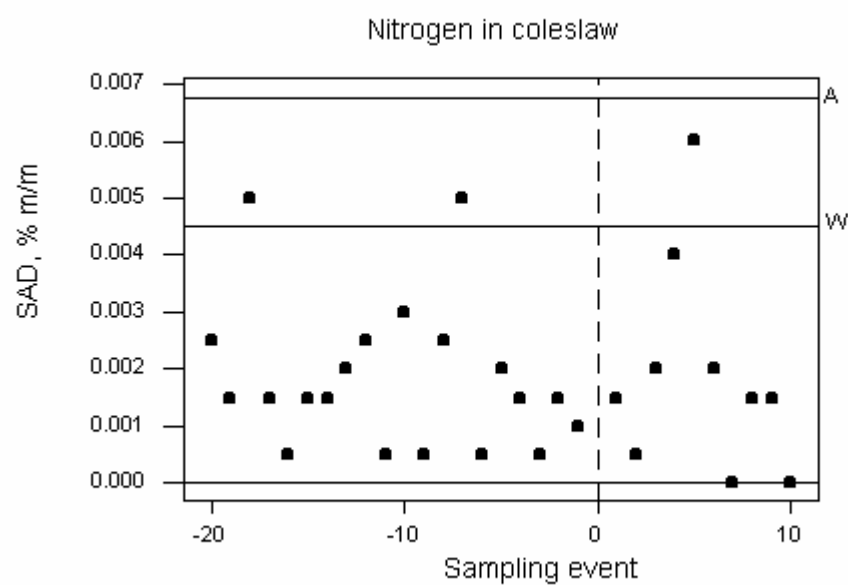
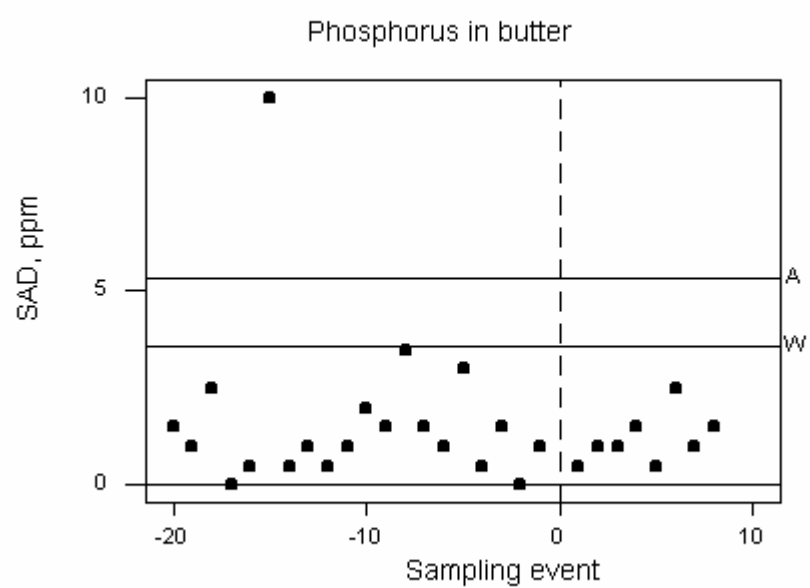


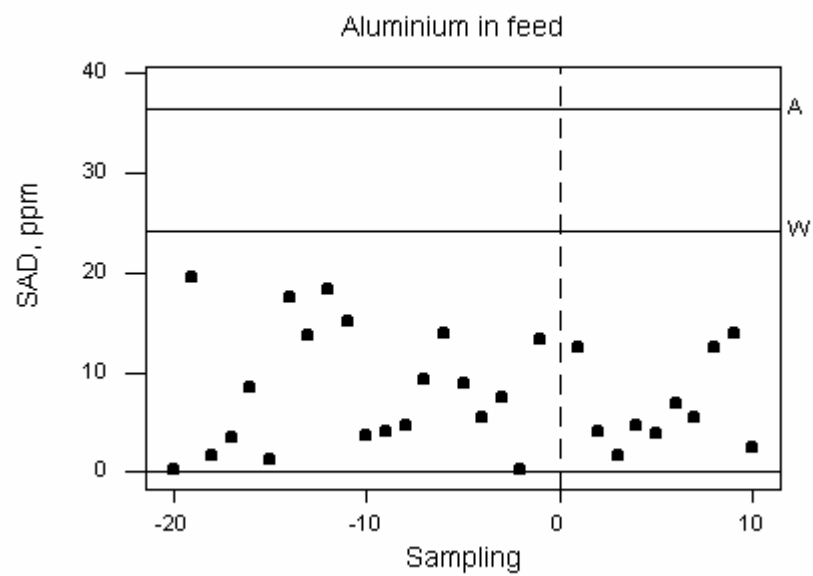
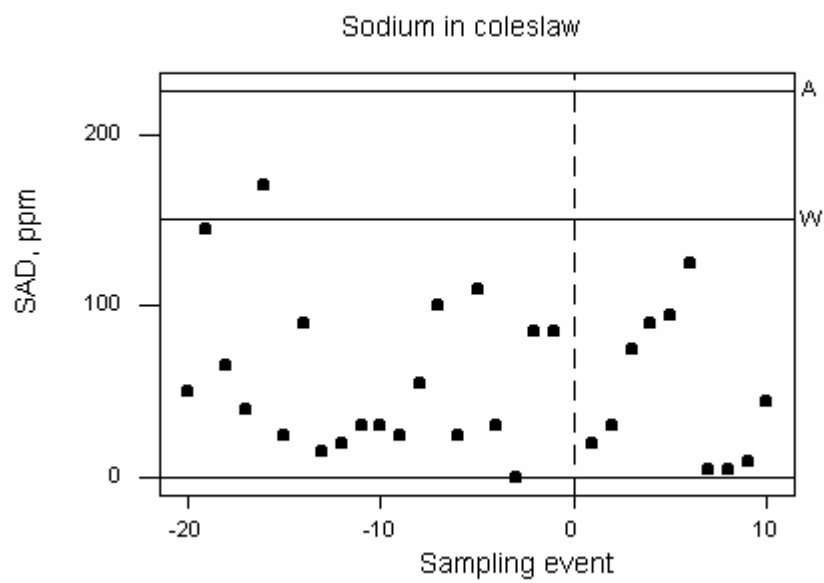
SAD charts for with sampling events in sequential order.

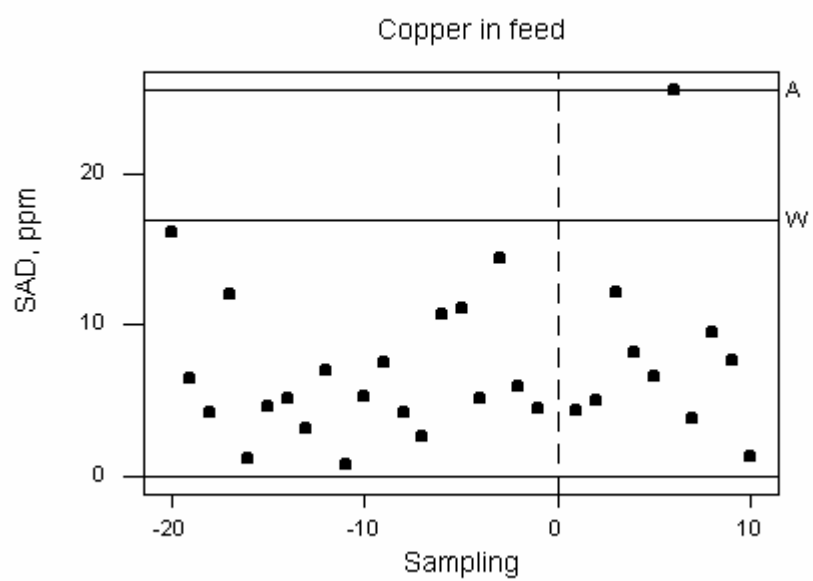
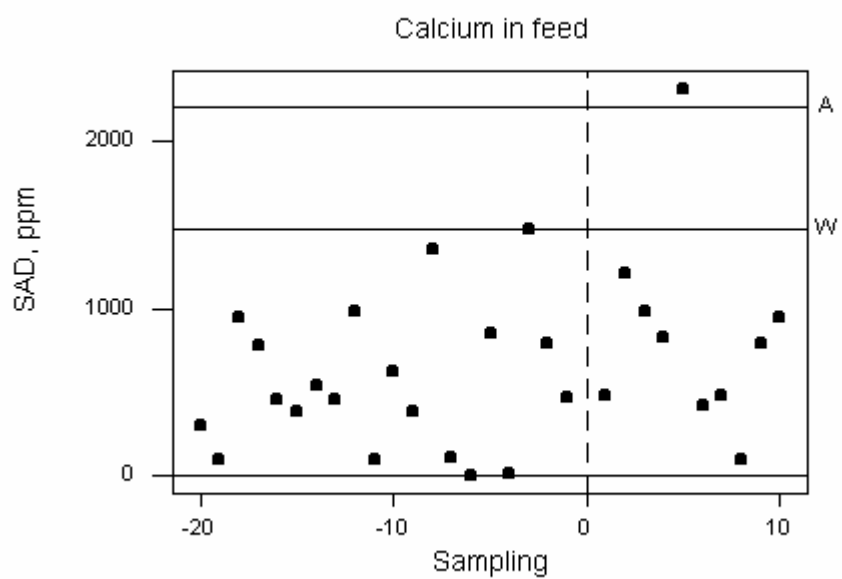
In all of these plots, sampling events with negative indices are the arbitrarily defined training set, while those with positive indices are the training set. “A” and “W” indicate the action limits and warning limits respectively.

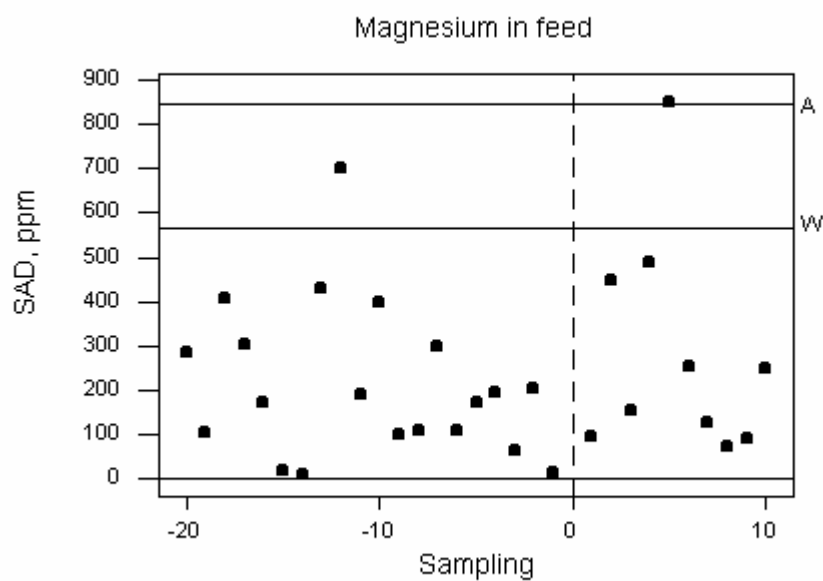
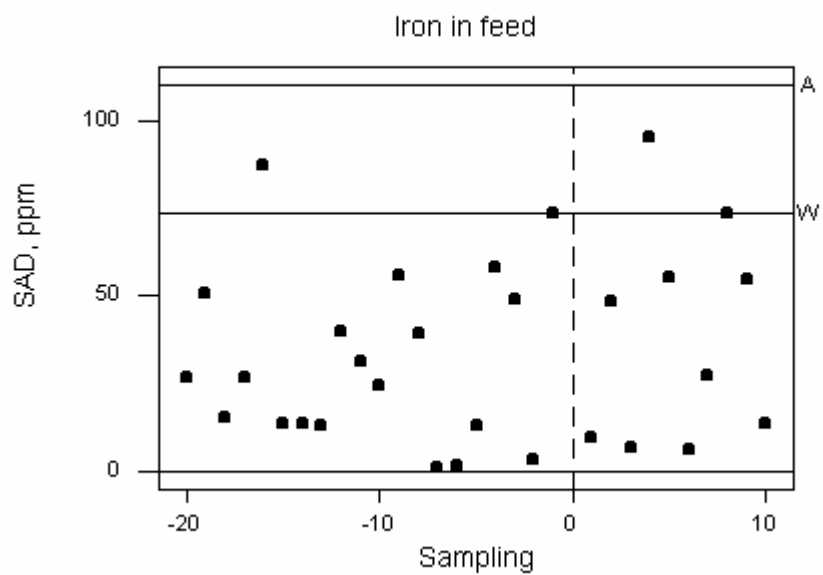


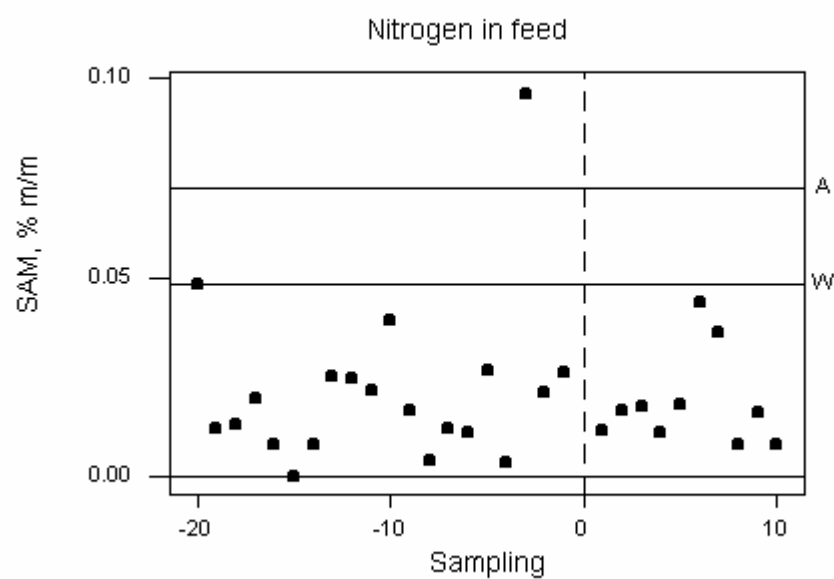
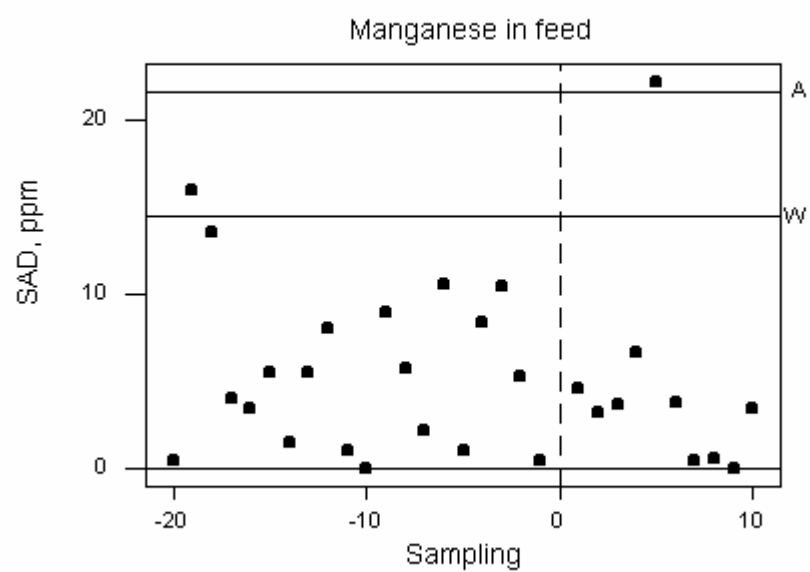


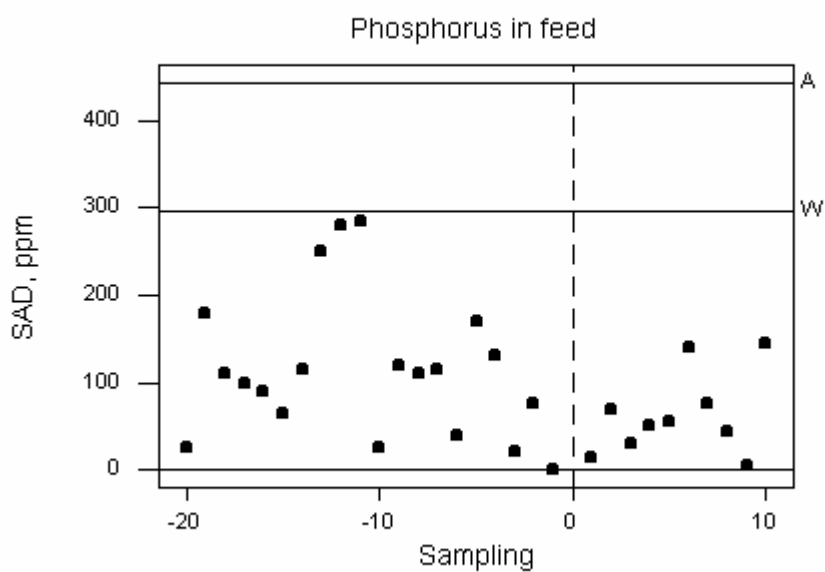
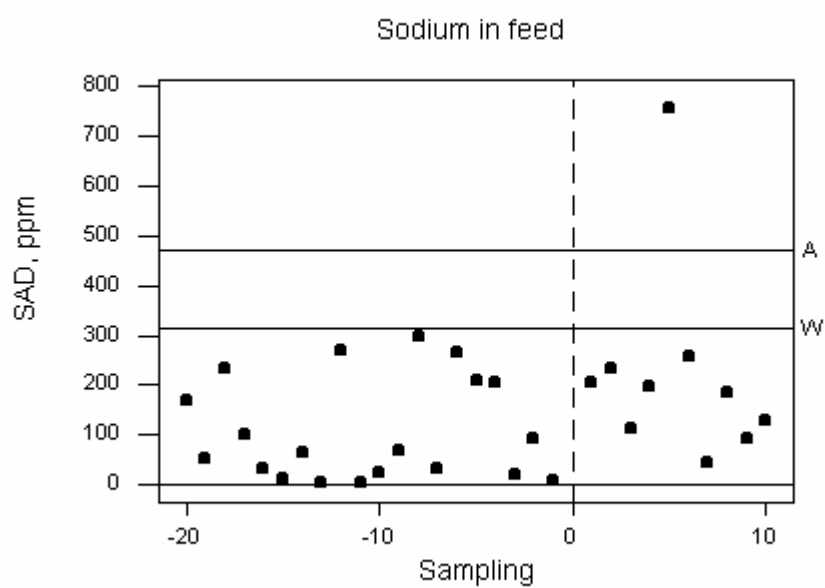


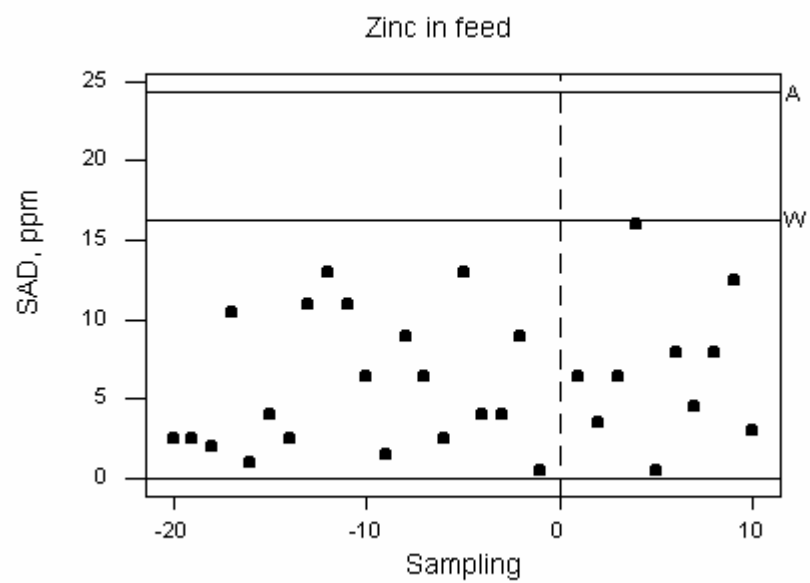
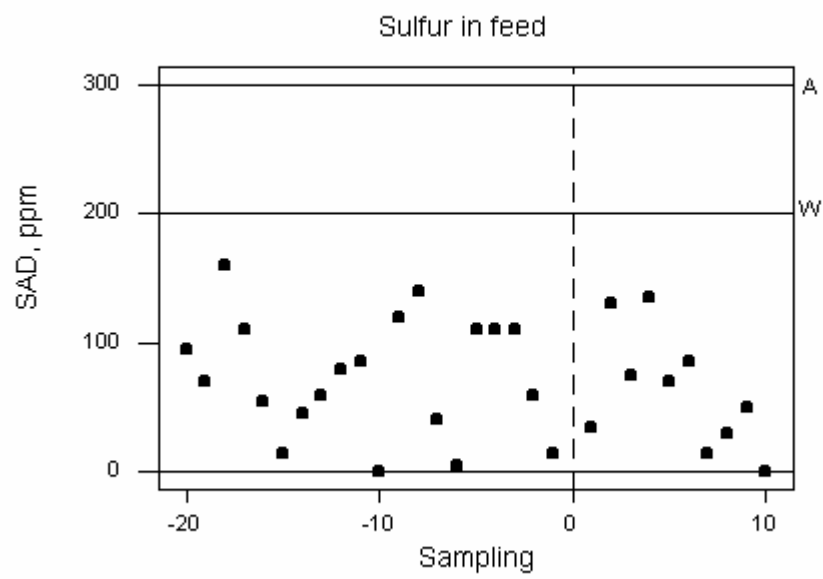




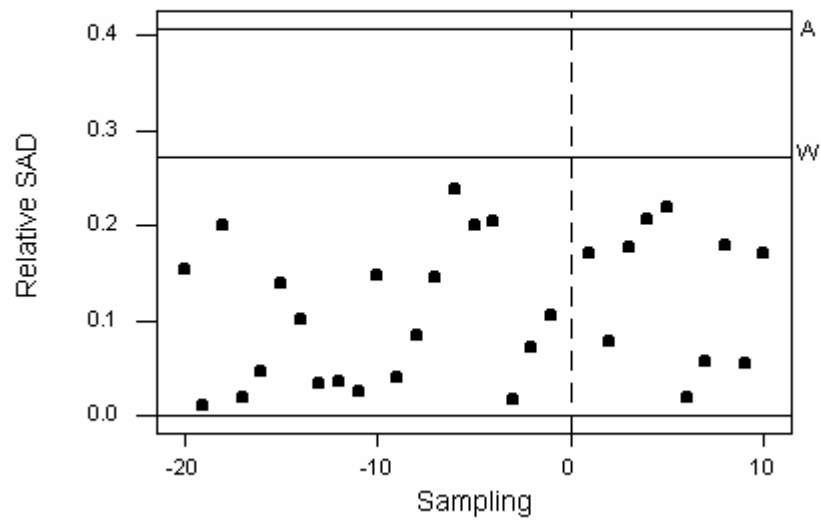




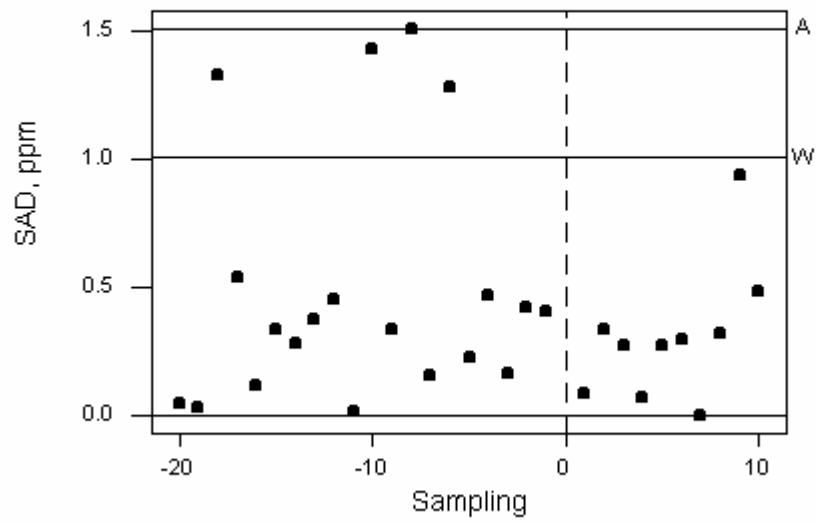




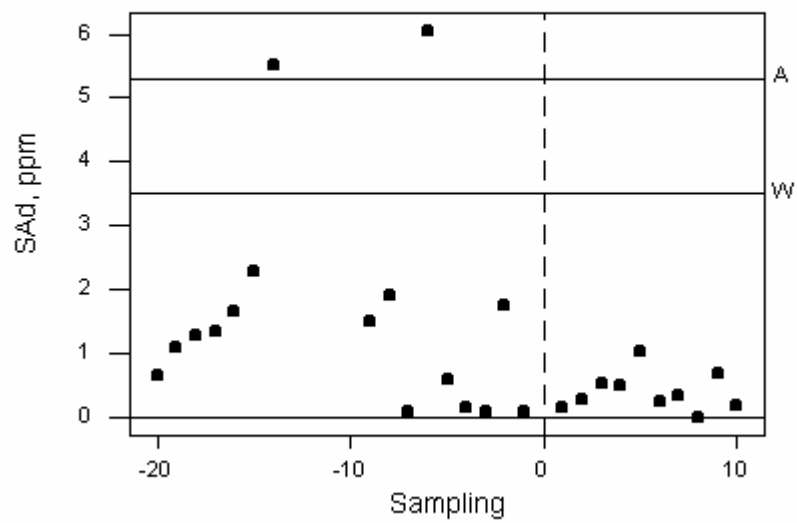
Mercury in tuna



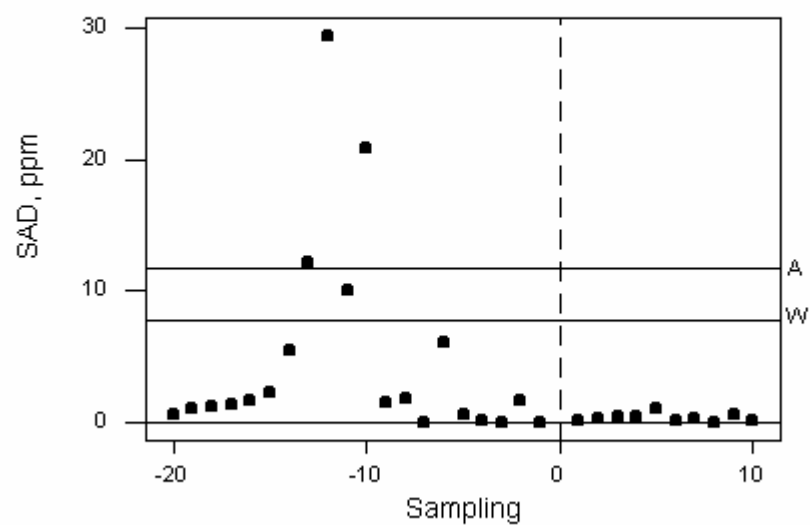
Zinc in tuna



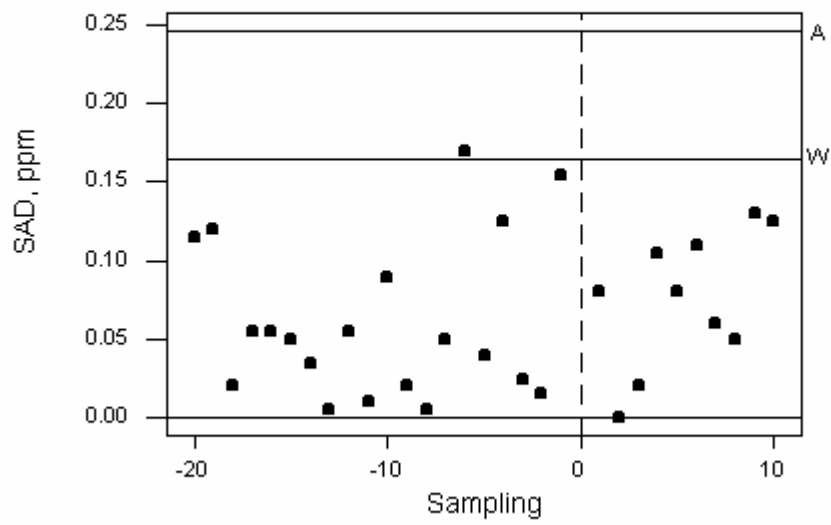
Calcium in water, anomalous
sampling events deleted.



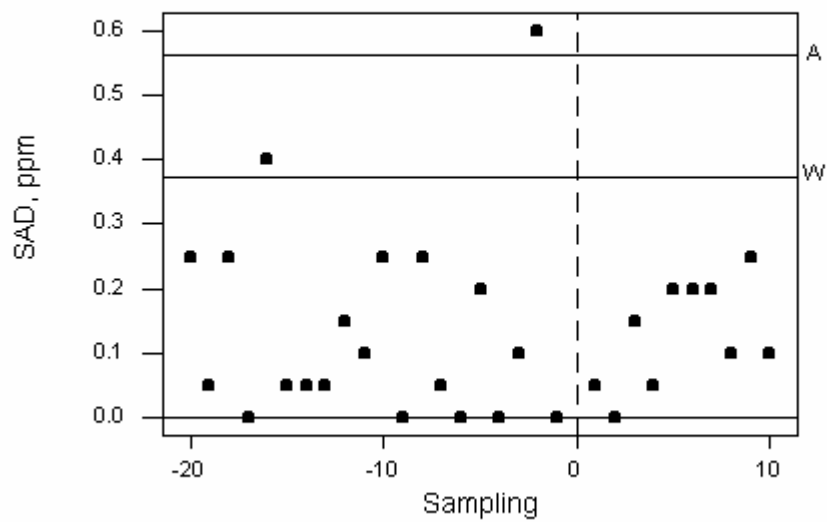
Calcium in water, all data included. Anomalous samplings
in the training set have inflated the control limits unduly



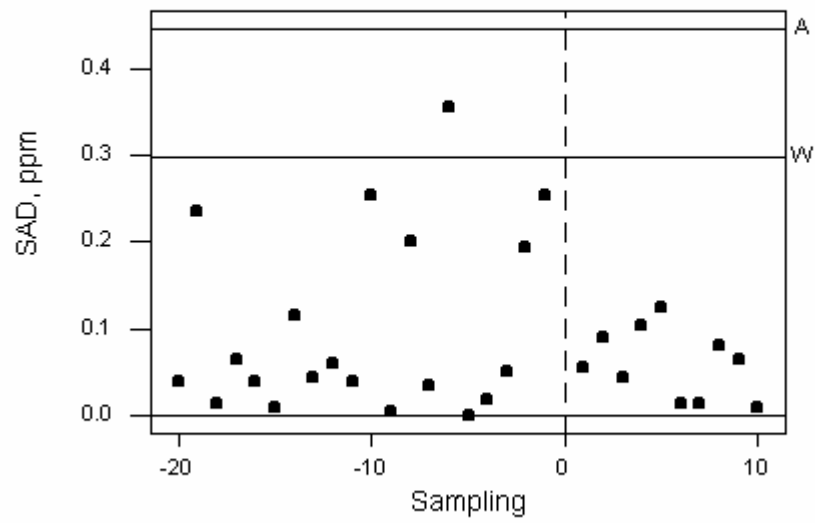
Potassium in water



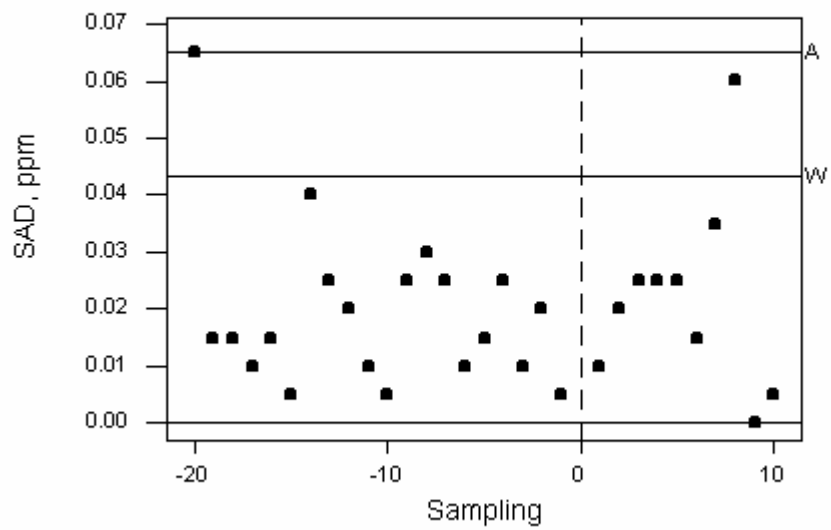
Magnesium in water



Sodium in water



Nitrate in water



Simulated heteroscedastic data, some results
near detection limit of analytical method

