

Bioinitiated Light Addressable Potentiometric Sensor for Unlabeled Biodetection and its MEDICI Simulation

Yunfang Jia ^{*a}, Chunying Gao ^b, Daofu Feng ^c, Ming Wu ^b, Yang Liu ^b, Xinjuan Chen ^a,

Keli Xing ^c, Xizeng Feng ^{*b}

^a College of Information Science Technology, Nankai University, Tianjin, China. Fax: +86 22 23501565;

Tel: +86 23501565; E-mail: jiayunfang@yahoo.com.cn

^b State Key Laboratory of Medicinal Chemical Biology, and the Key Laboratory of Bioactive Materials, Ministry of Education, College of Life Science, Nankai University, Tianjin, China. Fax: +86 22 2350 7022; Tel: +86 22

2350 7022; E-mail: xzfeng@nankai.edu.cn

^c School of Medicine, Nankai University, Tianjin 300071, China.

^d College of Biomedical and Bioengineering, Tianjin Medical University, Tianjin, China.

(A) XPS spectra

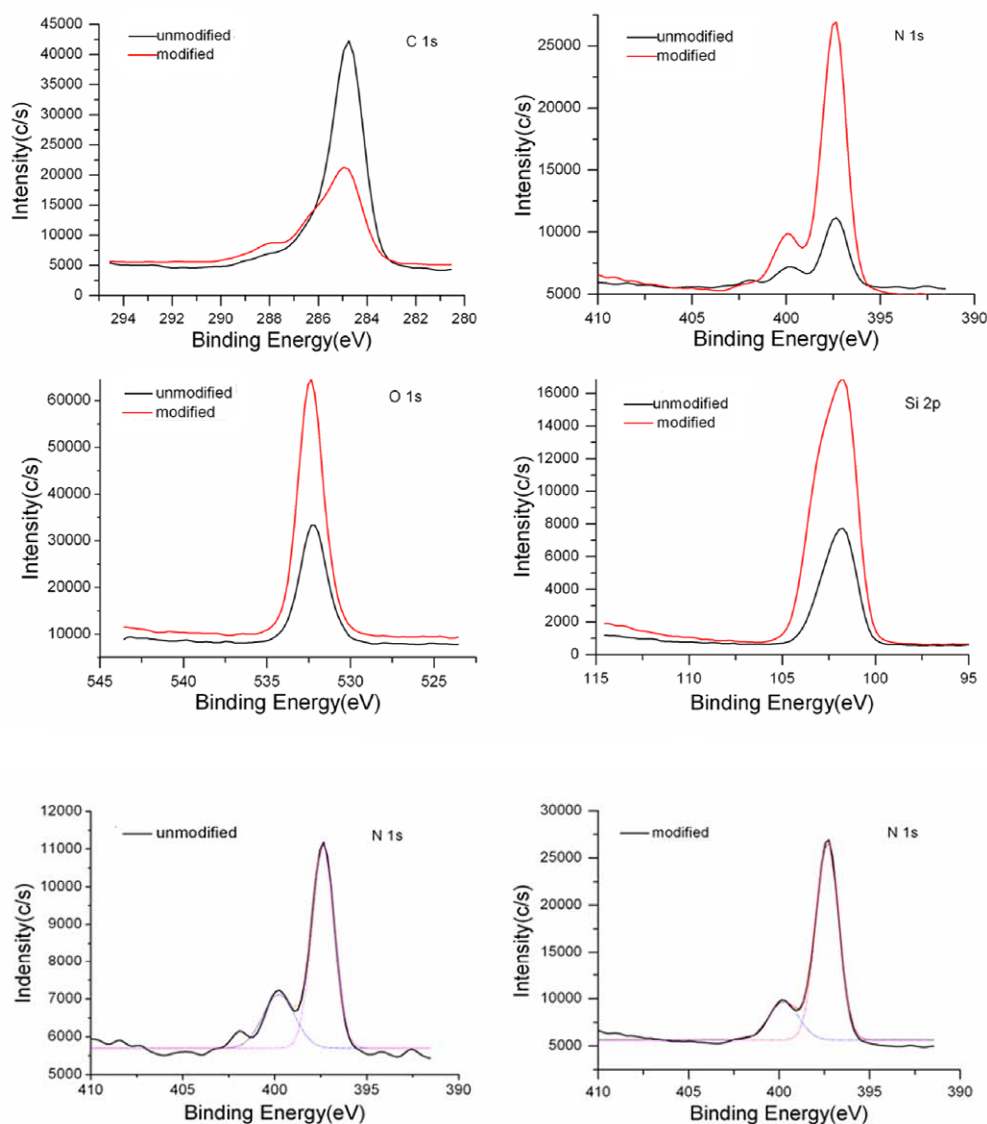


Fig. 1S. Core XPS spectra of C1s, N1s, O1s and Si2p before and after modified by L-DOPA (a)
and the fitted curves of N1s (b).

Table 1S. XPS determination of the relative atomic composition

	C1s(%)	N1s(%)	O1s(%)	Si2p(%)
unmodified	62.35	6.96	19.91	10.6
L-DOPA modified	28.18	8.18	30.63	22.07

B. Structure of LAPS' chips

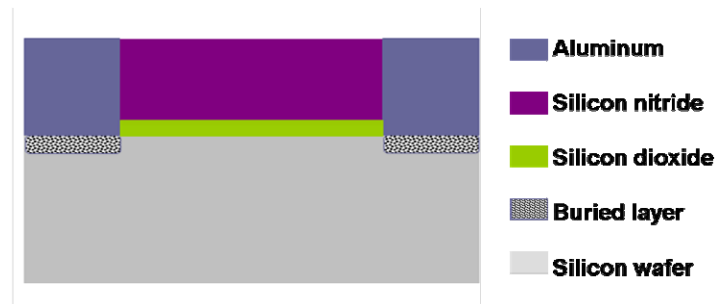


Fig. 2S Cross section of LAPS' chips

C. Mesh grid in LAPS simulation

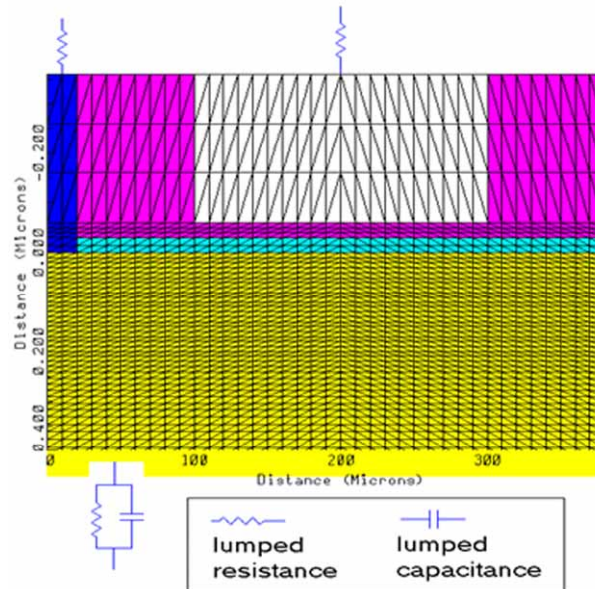


Fig. 3s Part of the mesh grid used in the simulation of LAPS. The lumped resistances and capacitances are modified according to the surface states of LAPS in the experiments.