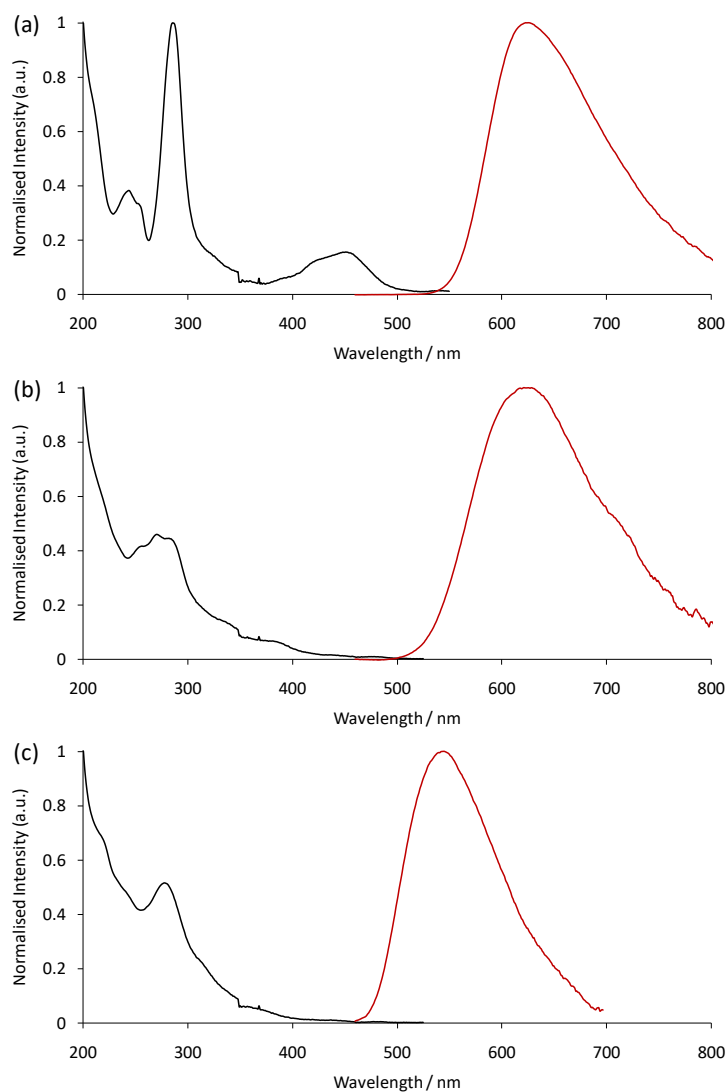


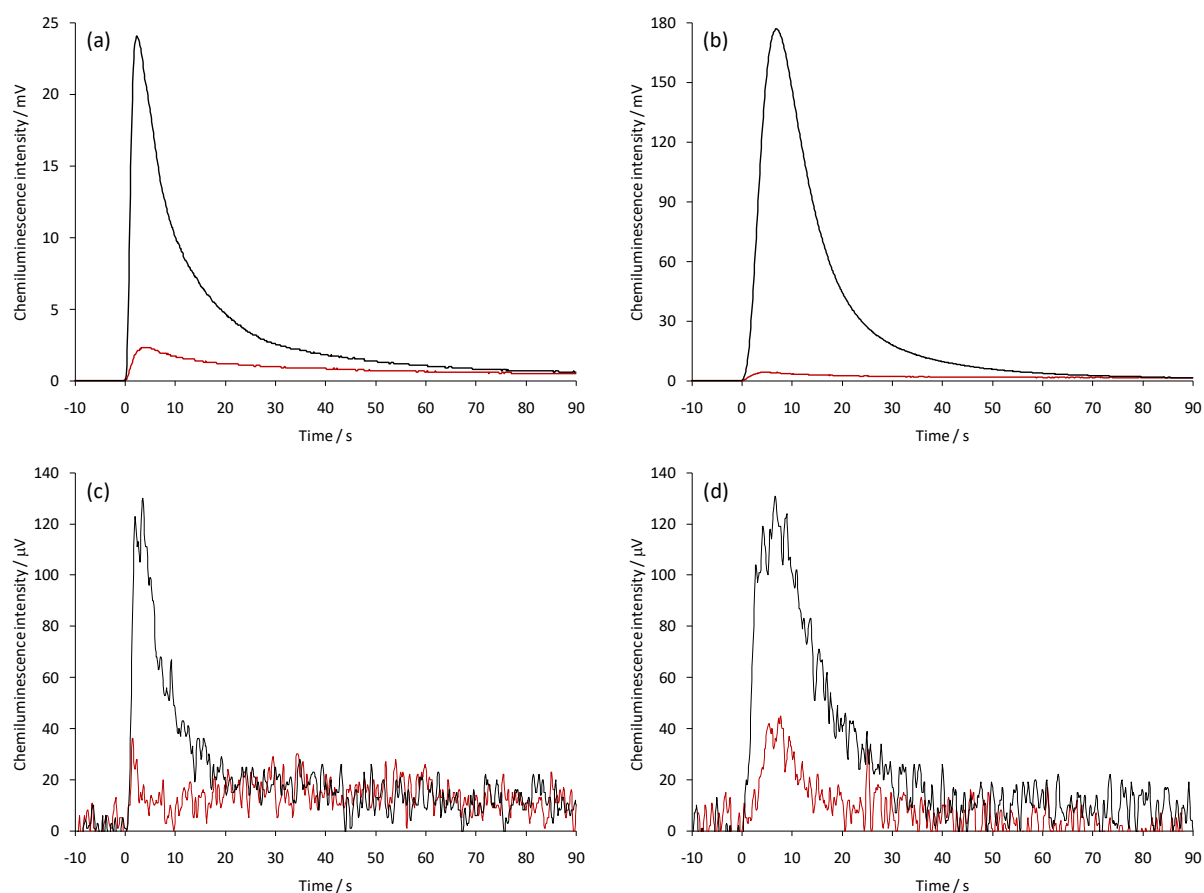
Electronic Supplementary Information for:

**Green chemiluminescence from a bis-cyclometalated iridium complex with an ancillary bathophenanthroline disulfonate ligand**

Elizabeth M. Zammit, Neil W. Barnett, Luke C. Henderson, Gail A. Dyson, Ming Zhou, Paul S. Francis\*

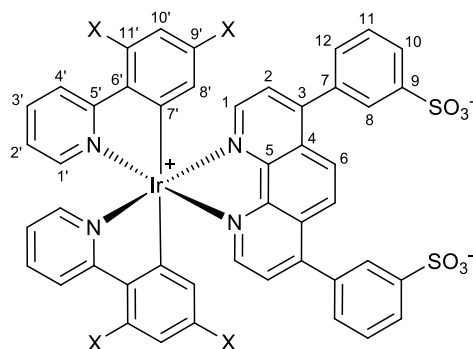


**Fig. S1** Absorption spectra (black lines) and photoluminescence emission spectra (red lines) for (a) [Ru(bipy)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>2+</sup>, (b) [(ppy)<sub>2</sub>Ir(BPS)]<sup>-</sup>, and (c) [(df-ppy)<sub>2</sub>Ir(BPS)]<sup>-</sup>. All complexes at a concentration of  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  M in 1:1 acetonitrile:water. Emission spectra were corrected for the wavelength dependence of the detector response and monochromator transmission.



**Fig. S2** Intensity versus time profiles for the chemiluminescence reactions of: (a)  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M  $[(df-ppy)_2Ir(BPS)]^-$  or (b)  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M  $[Ru(bipy)_3]^{2+}$ , and  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M cerium(IV), with (black traces) or without (red traces)  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  M ofloxacin; and (c)  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  M  $[(df-ppy)_2Ir(BPS)]^-$  or (d)  $1 \times 10^{-5}$  M  $[Ru(bipy)_3]^{2+}$ , and  $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M cerium(IV), with (black traces) or without (red traces)  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  M ofloxacin. The intensity of the red trace in figure S2(b) was multiplied by 5 for comparison purposes. The stopped-flow manifold was constructed as previously described (*Anal. Chem.*, 2010, **82**, 2580-2584). Discrepancies in the signal/blank ratios obtained in these experiments and the flow-injection analysis procedure described in the paper arise due to differences in the final reactant concentrations, the mode of mixing and the portion of the emission profile measured. Experimental details: the injection loop (70  $\mu$ L) was filled with reagent and ofloxacin solutions (combined 1:1 (v/v) off-line). The syringe pump was then activated to dispense 120  $\mu$ L of carrier (1:1 acetonitrile:water) and 120  $\mu$ L of oxidant ( $1 \times 10^{-3}$  M cerium(IV) in 0.05 M  $H_2SO_4$ ) solutions at a rate of 10 mL  $min^{-1}$  per line, which rapidly merged the three reactants in a dual-inlet serpentine flow-cell, where the emission was monitored over time.

**Table S1**  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR chemical shifts (ppm) for  $[(\text{ppy})_2\text{Ir}(\text{BPS})]^-$  and  $[(\text{df-ppy})_2\text{Ir}(\text{BPS})]^-$  in  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ , collected using a Bruker Avance AV400 spectrometer.



	$[(\text{ppy})_2\text{Ir}(\text{BPS})]^-$ (X = H)		$[(\text{df-ppy})_2\text{Ir}(\text{BPS})]^-$ (X = F)	
	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$
1'	7.60	150.3	7.69	150.6
2'	6.94	124.6	7.06	125.0
3'	7.82	139.6	7.93	140.8
4'	8.15	121.0	8.39	125.0
5'	-	169.3	-	165.4
6'	-	145.5	-	128.7
7'	-	151.5	-	166.2
8'	6.41	133.0	5.86	115.2
9'	6.89	131.5	-	164.0
10'	7.00	123.9	6.72	101.1
11'	7.84	126.1	-	161.9
1	8.42	152.0	8.47	152.2
2	7.82	128.3	7.95	128.7
3	-	148.7	-	148.4
4	-	130.8	-	130.8
5	-	151.5	-	152.0
6	8.25	127.5	8.25	127.6
7	-	137.2	-	137.0
8	8.06	128.2	8.08	128.3
9	-	147.5	-	147.4
10	8.03	128.3	8.02	128.0
11	7.69	132.7	7.68	130.4
12'	7.66	130.3	7.74	132.7