Stimulation and release from neurons via a dual capillary collection device interfaced to mass spectrometry

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Supporting Information Figures S1–S4

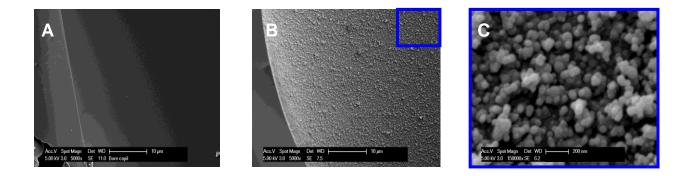


Figure S1. SEM images of the capillary inner wall (**A**) before and (**B**) after octadecyl modified silica nanoparticle deposition; (**C**) zoomed view of B.

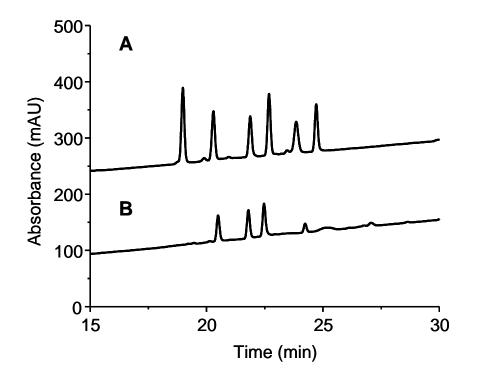


Figure S2. Comparison of the peptide collection efficiency from ASW using: (**A**) an OSND capillary and (**B**) an octadecyl-modified capillary without silica nanoparticles. The eluents from the columns were dried and redissolved in loading solution for CapLC-UV characterization. Peak identities (from left to right): angiotensin II, angiotensin I, substance P, bombesin, ACTH(18-39), and somatostatin.

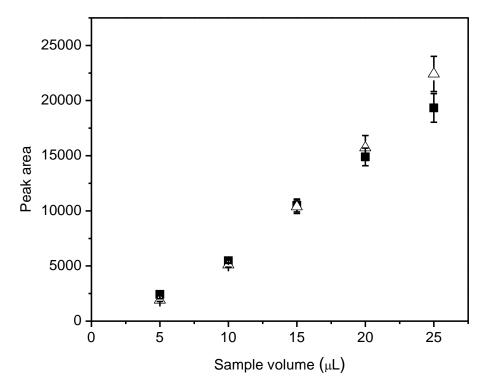


Figure S3. Binding curves for substance P (shown as filled squares) and bombesin (shown as empty triangles) using the OSND capillary. Substance P and bombesin were prepared in ASW at 3.0 and 2.5 μ M, respectively. Each data point represents average extraction results from three individual columns \pm standard deviation.

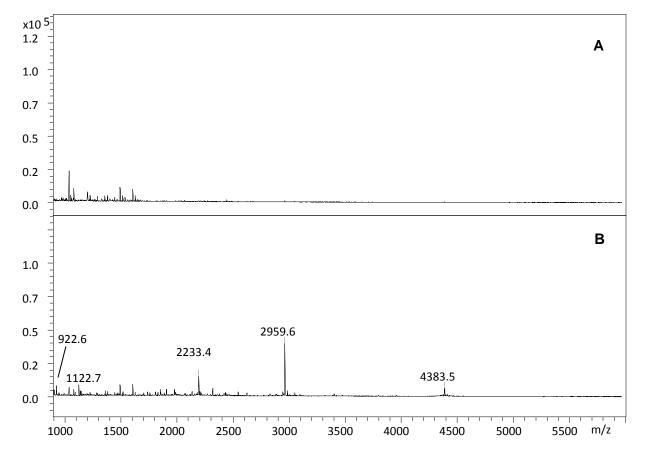


Figure S4. MALDI MS spectra from bag cell cluster releasates (**A**) pre-stimulation (showing few peaks) and (**B**) during/after KCl stimulation of the cluster showing α -BCP(1–7) at *m/z* 922.6, α -BCP at *m/z* 1122.7, AP(1–20) at *m/z* 2233.4, AP at *m/z* 2959.6, and ELH at *m/z* 4383.5.