Selective electrochemical detection of dopamine in microfluidic channel on carbon nanoparticulate electrodes

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Supplementary Material



Fig S1. Voltammetry of 1 mM AA, 1 mM DA and 1 mM acetaminophen AC in phosphate buffer (pH 5) and mixture of these analytes (1 mM each) in the cell presented in Fig. 1 under quiescent conditions. Scan rate 20 mV s⁻¹.



Fig S2. Hydrodynamic voltammograms obtained in a mixture of 1 mM AA, 1 mM DA and 1 mM AC solution in phosphate buffer (pH 5) recorded at different flow rates $(10 - 500 \,\mu l \,min^{-1}$, marked on the plot). Scan rate 20 mV s⁻¹.



Fig. S3. Current-time response obtained in 1 mM AA,AC,DA solution (upper part) and in 1 mM AA,AC solution (lower part) in phosphate buffer (pH 5) in potentiostatic conditions at E = 450 mV.

Variable	Value
E _{0,AA}	1.11 V
$k_{0,AA}$	1.33×10 ⁻⁷ m/s
$lpha_{AA}$	0.6
D_{AA}	$4.4 \times 10^{-10} m^2/s$
$E_{0,DA}$	0.354 V
$k_{0,DA}$	1.03×10 ⁻⁵ m/s
α_{DA}	0.5
D_{DA}	$6.75 \times 10^{-10} m^2/s$
$E_{0,AC}$	5.56 V
$k_{0,AC}$	$3.01 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m/s}$
α_{AC}	0.6
D_{AC}	$7.54 \times 10^{-10} m^2/s$

Table S1. Parameters used for the simulations of voltammograms presented on Fig. 2.

Table S2. The selected data as limit of detection of dopamine and linear range obtained in forced convection with electrochemical detection

Electrode	LOD of DA	Linear range	Method	Reference
Highly dispersed hollow gold- graphene (HAu-G) nanocomposites on GCE	0.05 μΜ	0.08 and 600 μM	CV, DPV current-time response (stirring)	Colloids and Surfaces B: Biointerfaces, 111 (2013) 321
SWNT	~5 pM in PBS pH7.4 ~50 pM in artificial cerebral fluid	5–1000 nM	FIA	Analytical Chemistry 85 (2013) 163
A composite of SiO2-coated GO and molecularly imprinted polymers(GO/SiO2– MIPs) on GCE	3.0x10 ⁻⁸ M	5.0x10 ⁻⁸ to 1.6x10 ⁻⁴ M	CV, DPV, current-time response (stirring?)	Biosensors and Bioelectronics 45 (2013) 25
Polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP)/graphene modified glassy carbon electrode (PVP/GR/GCE)	0.2 nM	5×10 ⁻¹⁰ to 1.13×10 ⁻³ mol/L	CV, current-time response (stirring?)	Talanta 97 (2012) 557
flow cell based on a rotating disk electrode (RDE- carbon paste)	few tenths of a nanogram	1-10 ng mL-' dopamine	amperometric detection	Analytical Chemistry 52 (1980) 203
glassy carbon electrodes with tetraruthenated cobalt-porphyrin	"The very good signal to noise ratios obtained, ensure a detection limit at least 10 times smaller, i.e., in the ppb range"	2x10 ⁻⁷ - 8x 10 ⁻⁷ M	FIA	Analytica Chimica Acta 329 (1996) 91
Platinum disks coated with the poly(1,2- diaminobenzene) film and with a Nafion film,	1.5 μΜ	0.002 – 20 mM	FIA with an on-line microdialysis sampling system	Analytical Sciences 24 (2008) 1469
electrochemical measurements using magnetically- controlled droplet movement- Pt (WE)		26.4–132 mM	SWV,	Analyst 132 (2007) 412
MWCNT modified CPEs unmodified CPE	50 nM 500 nM		FIA	Analyst 136 (2011) 3177
Glassy carbon electrode	42 pmol/l		microbore ultrahigh performance liquid chromatography (UHPLC) with electrochemical	ACS Chemical Neuroscience 4 (2013) 888

			detection	
graphene foam (GF)/ITO	2 nM 20 nM (DPV)	Up to 10 µM 0.5–100 mM in the presence of 0.1 mM AA (DPV)	CV, DPV, current-time response (stirring?)	Electroanalysis (2013) DOI: 10.1002/elan.201300297
on-line microfluidic sensing device with an interdigitated array (IDA) carbon based electrode and a micro pre-reactor with Ascorbate oxidase	108 pM and 1 nM of DA in the presence of 10 μM of AA	200 pM - 100 nM.	flow	Electrochemistry Communications 5 (2003) 1037
Nafion-coated 10 µm SECM Pt working electrode		1 to 25 mM	flow	Journal of Neuroscience Methods 124 (2003) 129
Integrated CPEs into multilayer microfluidic device	250 nM		flow	Lab on a Chip 13 (2013) 208
AuNPs-rGOS (reduced Graphene oxide sheets)-ITO	6.0 - 10 ⁻⁸ M	10 - 1000 μM	CV, DPV, current-time response (stirring?)	Nanoscale 4 (2012) 4594
Glass/Ti/Pt/Pd	20 to 100 µM,	2 µM	flow	Sensors and Actuators B 108 (2005) 688
Au	5- 250 μM (for DA-derived DNA adduct), 2-350 μM (for DA)	5 μM (for DA- derived DNA adduct), 2 μM (for DA)	flow	Sensors and Actuators B 120 (2006) 42