

Electronic Supplementary Information

**Dithiocarbamate-capped silver nanoparticles as a resonance light
scattering probe for simultaneous detection of lead(II) ions and
cysteine**

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Table S1. The effect of Pb^{2+} concentration on the hydrodynamic diameter and surface charges of the DTC-Ag NPs.

Concentration of Pb^{2+} (μM)	Average particle size (nm)	Zeta Potential (mV)
0	26.95	-46.7
1	28.88	-34.6
10	246.1	-26.7
100	1024.8	19.1

Table S2. The effect of cysteine concentration on the hydrodynamic diameter and surface charges of the DTC-Ag NPs in the presence of $20 \mu\text{M}$ Pb^{2+} .

Concentration of cysteine (μM)	Average particle size (nm)	Zeta Potential (mV)
0	298.5	-18.7
0.2	186.1	-21.7
2	168.5	-27.2
20	41.4	-32.7

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Table S3 LOD comparison of this work with some established methods for Pb²⁺

System	Detection limit (μM)	Analytical methods	References
Thiol-capped CdTe QDs	0.27	Fluorescence	1
Glutathione-functionalized Au NPs	0.1	Colorimetric	2
DNAzyme-functionalized Au NPs	0.1	Colorimetric	3
Pentapeptide-Au NPs	0.1	Colorimetric	4
Gallic acid-Au NPs	0.025	Colorimetric	5
Functionalized fluorescent Au NDs	0.002	Fluorescence	6
Podand triazole-linked Au NPs	7	Colorimetric	7
Gallic acid-Au NPs or Ag NPs	5	Colorimetric	8
dsDNA-Cu NPs	0.005	Fluorescence	9
di-(2-picolyl) amine (DPA) substituted diacetylene	4	Fluorescence	10
Ammonium molybdate	0.009	Light scattering	11
Sodium tetraphenylboron-polyethylene glycol	0.013	Light scattering	12
DEA-Ag NPs	0.004	Light scattering	this work

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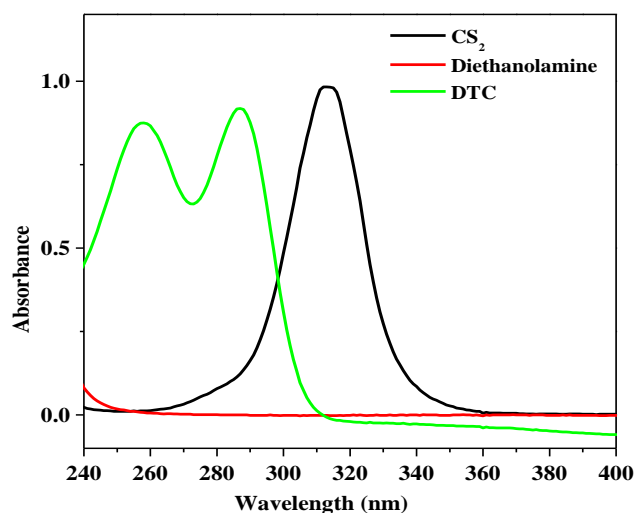


Figure S1. UV absorption spectra of CS₂, diethanolamine, and mixture of CS₂ and diethanolamine (after 1 min mixing under sonication).

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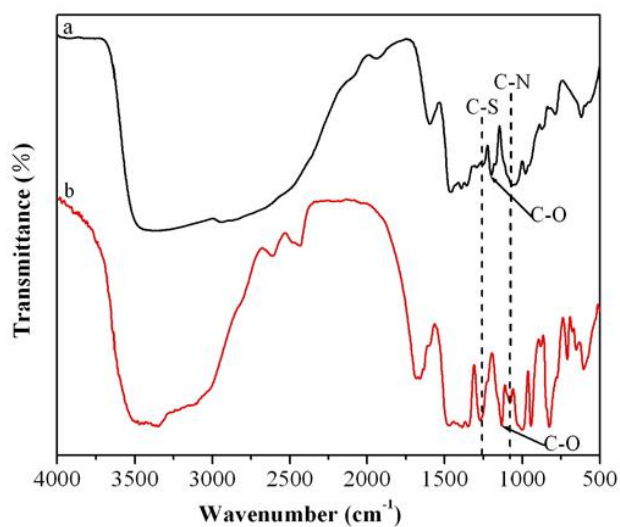


Figure S2. FTIR spectra of (a) DTC; (b) DTC-Ag NPs.

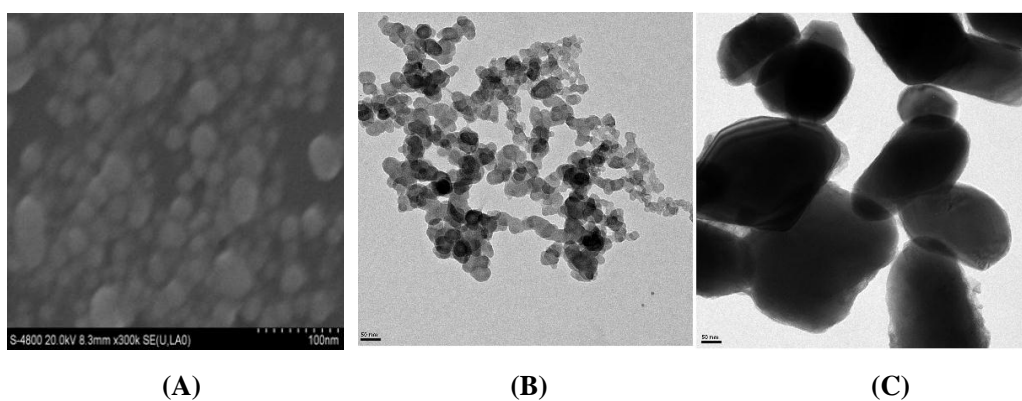


Figure S3. (A) SEM image of DTC-Ag NPs (scale bar corresponds to 100 nm). TEM images of DTC-Ag NPs without (B) and with (C) Pb²⁺ (scale bar corresponds to 50 nm).

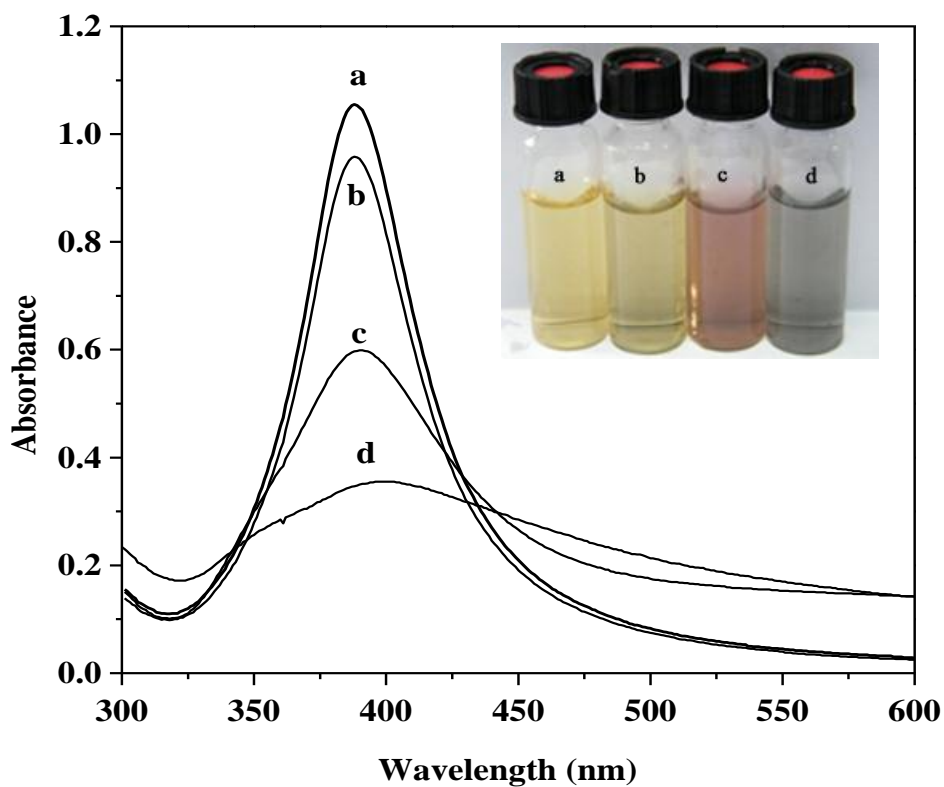


Figure S4. UV-Vis absorption spectra of the DEA-Ag NPs (8.64 mg L^{-1} as Ag) solution at different concentration of Pb^{2+} : (a) $0 \text{ } \mu\text{M}$; (b) $1 \text{ } \mu\text{M}$; (c) $5 \text{ } \mu\text{M}$; (d) $20 \text{ } \mu\text{M}$.

Inset: The color change with different concentration of Pb^{2+} .

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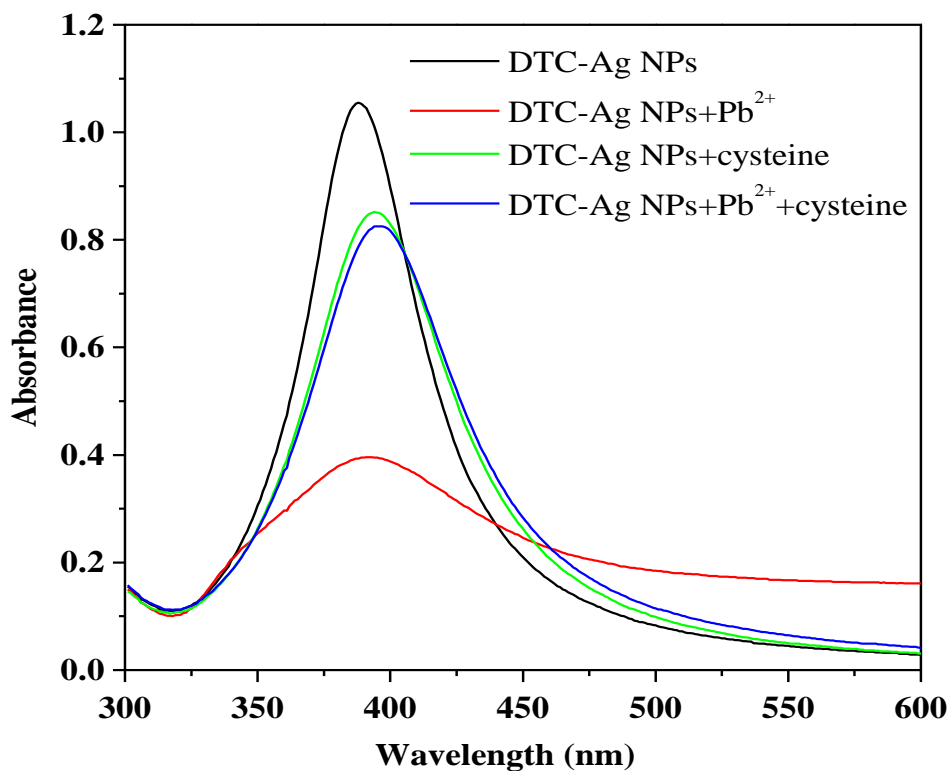


Figure S5. UV-Vis absorption spectra of the DEA-Ag NPs- Pb²⁺ system at different concentration of cysteine. Reaction conditions: 8.64 mg L⁻¹ DEA-Ag NPs (as Ag), 10 μM Pb²⁺, and 10 μM cysteine.

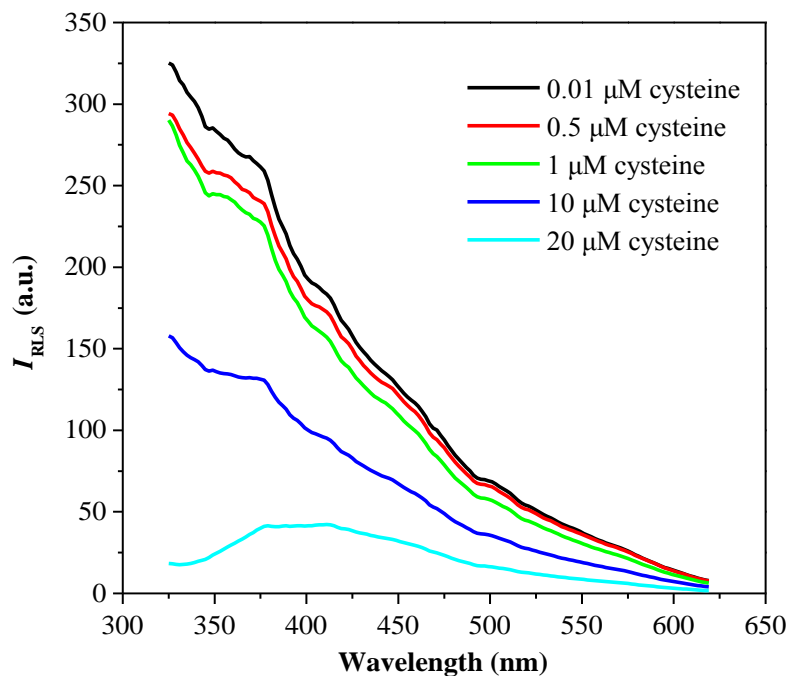


Figure S6. The RLS spectra of DTC-Ag NPs (648 μg L⁻¹ as Ag)-Pb²⁺ system with various concentrations of cysteine (0.01, 0.5, 1, 10, and 20 μM, respectively).

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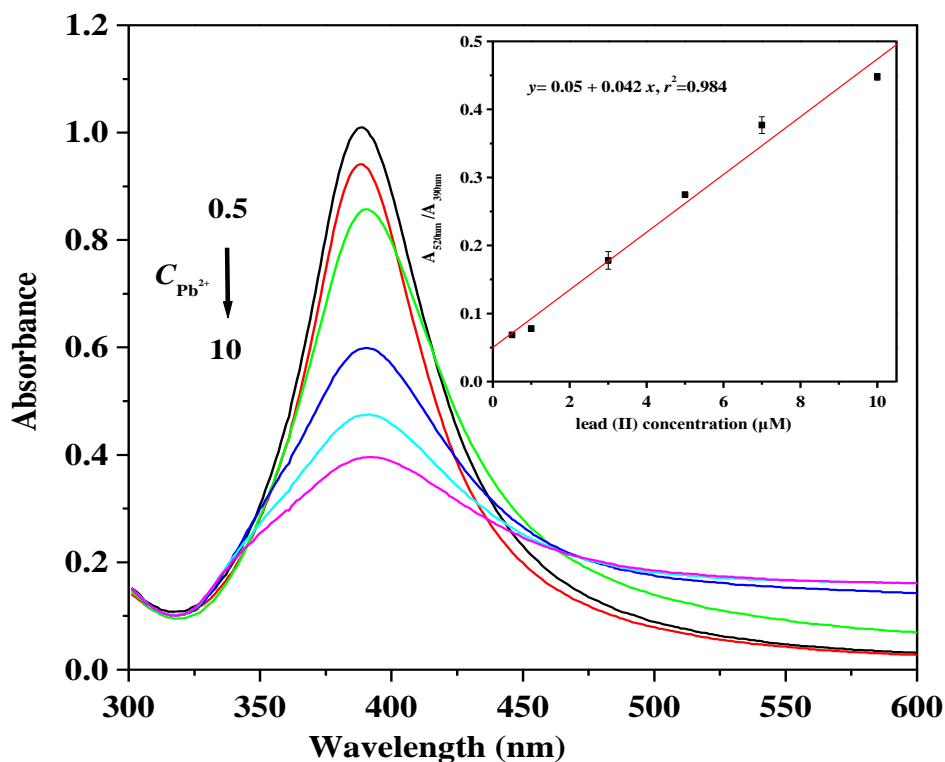


Figure S7. The absorbance spectra of DTC-Ag NPs (8.64 mg L⁻¹ as Ag) with addition of various concentrations of Pb²⁺ (0.5, 1, 3, 5, 7, 10 μM, respectively). The inset is linear calibrated curve for Pb²⁺.

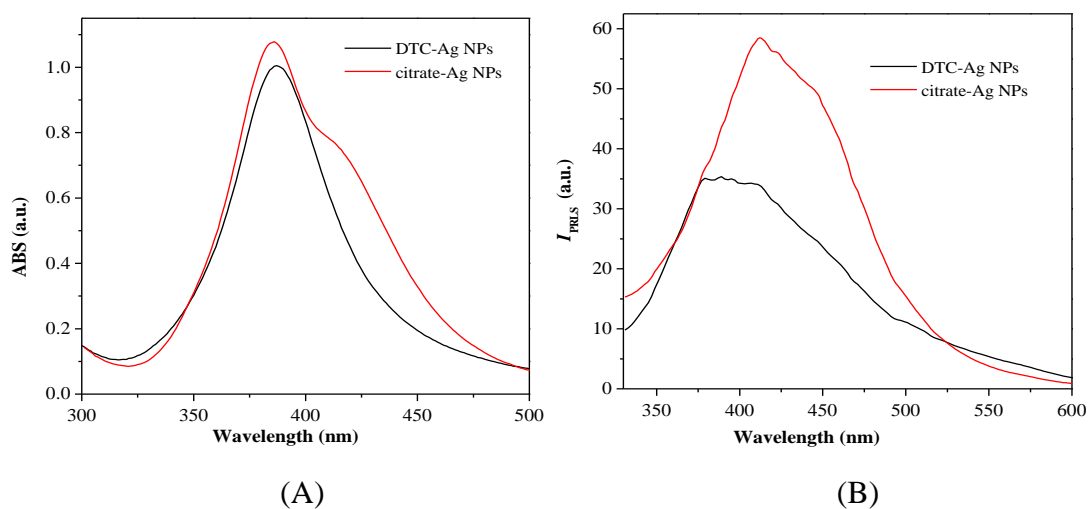


Figure S8. (A) UV-Vis absorption spectra of the DTC-Ag NPs (8.64 mg L⁻¹ as Ag) solution and the citrate-AgNPs (8.64 mg L⁻¹ as Ag). (B) The RLS spectra of DTC-Ag NPs (648 μg L⁻¹ as Ag) solution and the citrate-AgNPs (648 μg L⁻¹ as Ag).

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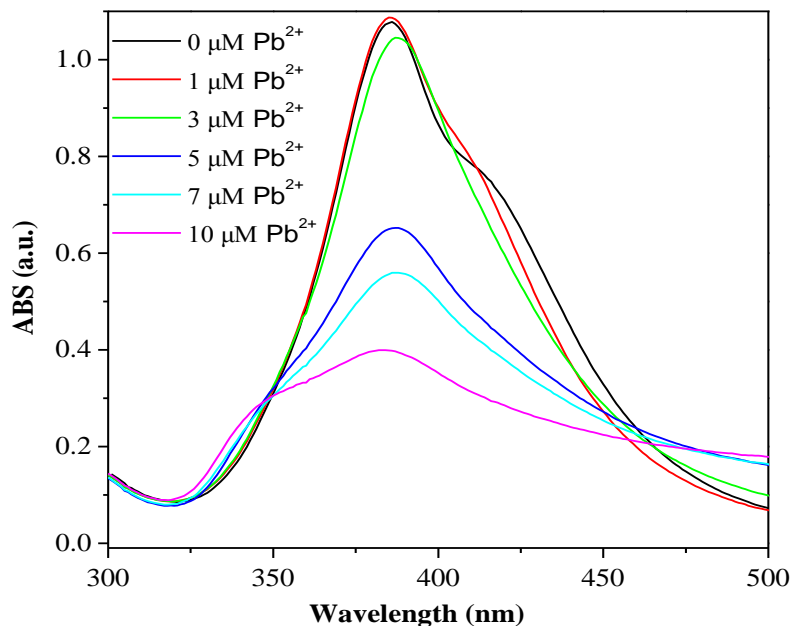


Figure S9. The absorbance spectra of citrate-Ag NPs (8.64 mg L⁻¹ as Ag) with addition of various concentrations of Pb²⁺ (0, 1, 3, 5, 7, 10 μM, respectively).

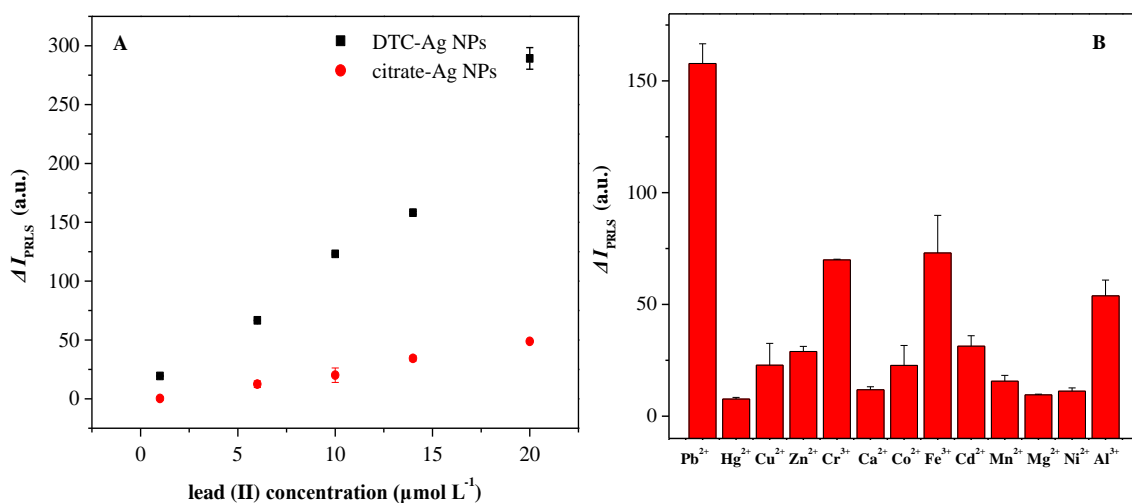


Figure S10. (A) The net RLS intensity of DTC-Ag NPs (black square) with addition of various concentrations of Pb²⁺ (1, 6, 10, 14, and 20 μM) and citrate-Ag NPs (red dot) with addition of various concentrations of Pb²⁺ (1, 6, 10, 14, and 20 μM). (B) Selectivity of the citrate-Ag NPs-based RLS probe for Pb²⁺ over other ions. Concentrations of citrate-Ag NPs and Pb²⁺ were 0.65 mg L⁻¹ and 60 μM respectively; concentrations of all other metal ions were 60 μM. Error bars represent one standard deviation for three measurements.

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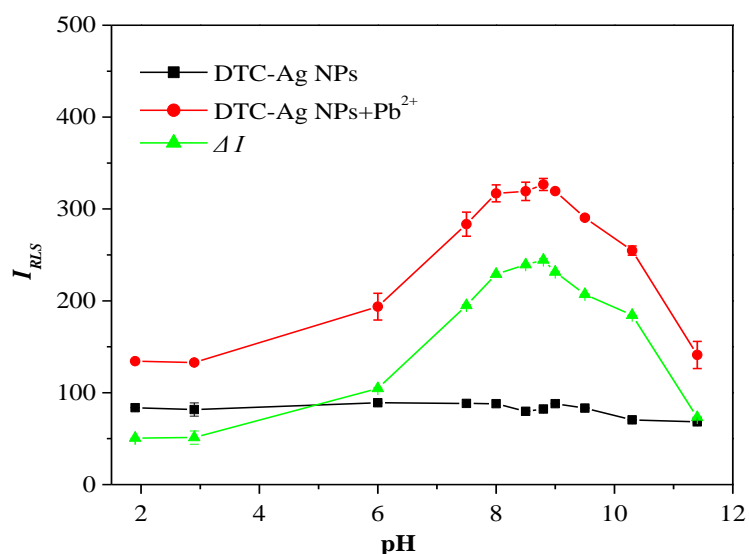


Figure S11. Effect of pH on RLS intensity of DTC-Ag NPs with and without Pb^{2+} . Reaction conditions: DTC-Ag NPs concentration: 1.73 mg L^{-1} (as Ag); Pb^{2+} concentration: $20 \text{ }\mu\text{M}$. Error bars represent one standard deviation for three measurements.

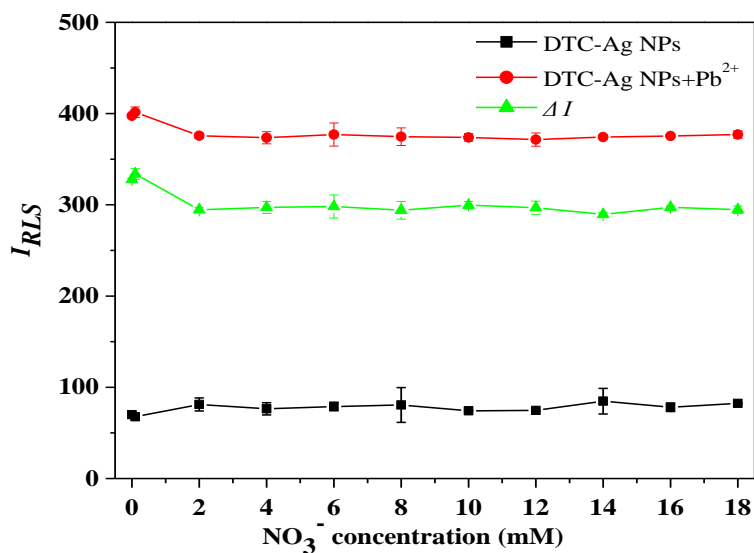


Figure S12. Effect of salinity on RLS intensity of DTC-Ag NPs with and without Pb^{2+} . Reaction conditions: DTC-Ag NPs concentration: 1.73 mg L^{-1} (as Ag); Pb^{2+} concentration: $20 \text{ }\mu\text{M}$. Error bars represent one standard deviation for three measurements.

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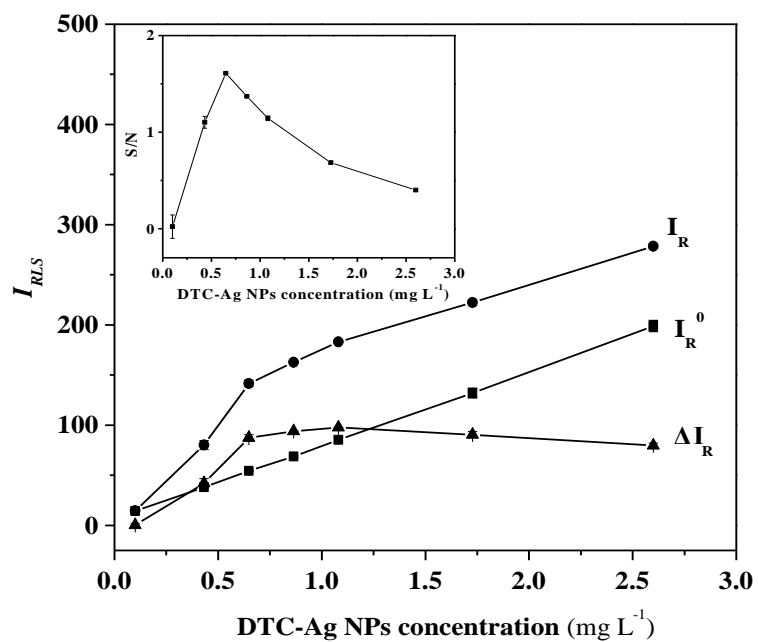


Figure S13. Effect of DTC-Ag NPs concentration. Pb²⁺ concentration: 6 μM. Error bars represent one standard deviation for three measurements.

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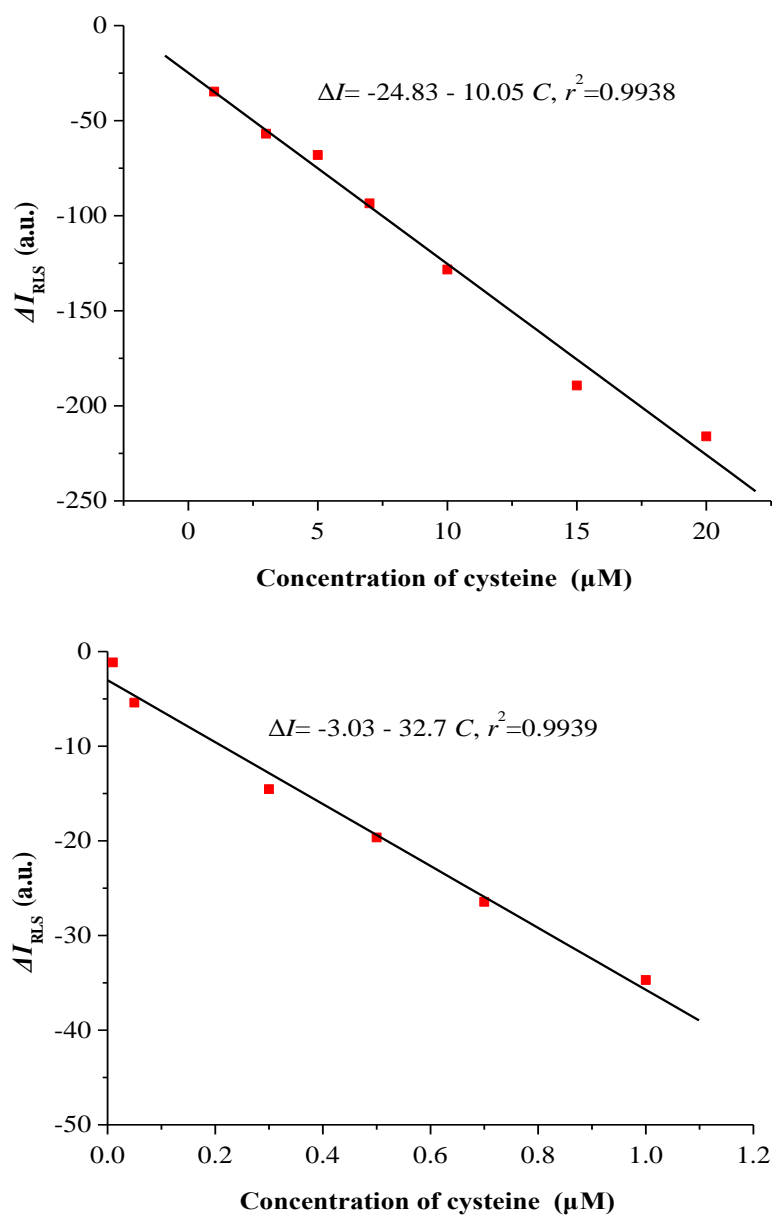


Figure S14. The response curves of cysteine.