The application of statistical methodology to the analysis of timeresolved X-ray diffraction data: supporting information

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Variation of diffraction patterns (top right), PC1 and PC2 (top left) with time, and loadings (bottom) for the intercalation of MPA into h-LiAl₂-Cl at pH 4. PC1 is in black, and PC2 in red. Raw data have been mean-centred and scaled by dividing the values of each (centred) pattern by the root mean square of the entire pattern.



(a) Extent of reaction vs. time plot showing the change intensity of the host 002 reflection (\bullet), intermediate 004 reflection (\bullet) and the product 002 reflection (\bullet) for the intercalation of MPA into h-LiAl₂-Cl at pH 4. (b) The variation in the score of PC1 as a function of PC2. Data points are colour coded as in part (a), with full circles representing situations where $\alpha > 0.5$ and empty circles situations where $\alpha < 0.5$.



Variation of diffraction patterns (top right), PC1 and PC2 (top left) with time, and loadings (bottom) for the intercalation of EPA into h-LiAl₂-Cl at pH 8. PC1 is in black, and PC2 in red. Raw data have been mean-centred and scaled by dividing the values of each (centred) pattern by the root mean square of the entire pattern.



(a) Extent of reaction vs. time plot showing the change intensity of the host 002 reflection (\bullet), intermediate 004 reflection (\bullet) and the product 002 reflection (\bullet) for the intercalation of EPA into h-LiAl₂-Cl at pH 8. (b) The variation in the score of PC1 as a function of PC2. Data points are colour coded as in part (a), with full circles representing situations where $\alpha > 0.5$ and empty circles situations where $\alpha < 0.5$.

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Figure S5

Variation of diffraction patterns (top right), PC1 and PC2 (top left) with time, and loadings (bottom) for the intercalation of BPA into h-LiAl₂-Cl at pH 8. PC1 is in black, and PC2 in red. Raw data have been mean-centred and scaled by dividing the values of each (centred) pattern by the root mean square of the entire pattern.



(a) Extent of reaction vs. time plot showing the change intensity of the host 002 reflection (\bullet), intermediate 004 reflection (\bullet) and the product 002 reflection (\bullet) for the intercalation of BPA into h-LiAl₂-Cl at pH 8. (b) The variation in the score of PC1 as a function of PC2. Data points are colour coded as in part (a), with full circles representing situations where $\alpha > 0.5$ and empty circles situations where $\alpha < 0.5$.



Variation of diffraction patterns (top right), PC1 and PC2 (top left) with time, and loadings (bottom) for the intercalation of PPA into h-LiAl₂-NO₃ at pH 8. PC1 is in black, and PC2 in red. Raw data have been mean-centred and scaled by dividing the values of each (centred) pattern by the root mean square of the entire pattern.



(a) Extent of reaction *vs*. time plot showing the change intensity of the host 002 reflection (\bullet), and the product 002 reflection (\bullet) for the intercalation of PPA into h-LiAl₂-NO₃ at pH 8. (b) The variation in the score of PC1 as a function of PC2. Data points are colour coded as in part (a), with full circles representing situations where $\alpha > 0.5$ and empty circles situations where $\alpha < 0.5$.



Variation of diffraction patterns (top right), PC1 and PC2 (top left) with time, and loadings (bottom) for the intercalation of MPA into h-LiAl₂-NO₃ at pH 8. PC1 is in black, and PC2 in red. Raw data have been mean-centred and scaled by dividing the values of each (centred) pattern by the root mean square of the entire pattern.



(a) Extent of reaction *vs*. time plot showing the change intensity of the host 002 reflection (\bullet), and the product 002 reflection (\bullet) for the intercalation of MPA into h-LiAl₂-NO₃ at pH 8. (b) The variation in the score of PC1 as a function of PC2. Data points are colour coded as in part (a), with full circles representing situations where $\alpha > 0.5$ and empty circles situations where $\alpha < 0.5$.



Variation of diffraction patterns (top right), PC1 and PC2 (top left) with time, and loadings (bottom) for the intercalation of EPA into h-LiAl₂-NO₃ at pH 8. PC1 is in black, and PC2 in red. Raw data have been mean-centred and scaled by dividing the values of each (centred) pattern by the root mean square of the entire pattern.



(a) Extent of reaction *vs*. time plot showing the change intensity of the host 002 reflection (\bullet), and the product 002 reflection (\bullet) for the intercalation of EPA into h-LiAl₂-NO₃ at pH 8. (b) The variation in the score of PC1 as a function of PC2. Data points are colour coded as in part (a), with full circles representing situations where $\alpha > 0.5$ and empty circles situations where $\alpha < 0.5$.

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Figure S13

Variation of diffraction patterns (top right), PC1 and PC2 (top left) with time, and loadings (bottom) for the intercalation of BPA into h-LiAl₂-NO₃ at pH 8. PC1 is in black, and PC2 in red. Raw data have been mean-centred and scaled by dividing the values of each (centred) pattern by the root mean square of the entire pattern.



Figure S14

(a) Extent of reaction vs. time plot showing the change intensity of the host 002 reflection (\bullet), and the product 002 reflection (\bullet) for the intercalation of BPA into h-LiAl₂-NO₃ at pH 8. (b) The variation in the score of PC1 as a function of PC2. Data points are colour coded as in part (a), with full circles representing situations where $\alpha > 0.5$ and empty circles situations where $\alpha < 0.5$.