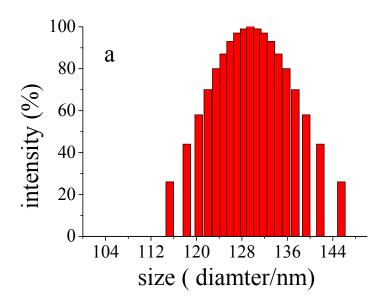
## **Supporting information**

## Immobilization of water insoluble iridium complex with organosilica nanoparticles for electrochemiluminescence sensing

Yanli Liu, and Qijun Song\*

The Key Laboratory of Food Colloids and Biotechnology, Ministry of Education, School of Chemical and Material Engineering, Jiangnan University, Wuxi 214122, China



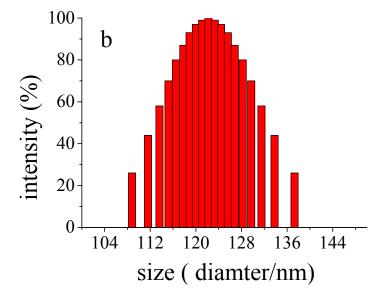


Fig. S1 Dynamic Linght Scattering measurement of Ir(pq)2(acac)@OSiNPs

(40RM2E4C), **a**: organic silicon nanoparticles loaded with Iridium complex; **b**: organic silicon nanoparticles unloaded with Iridium complex.

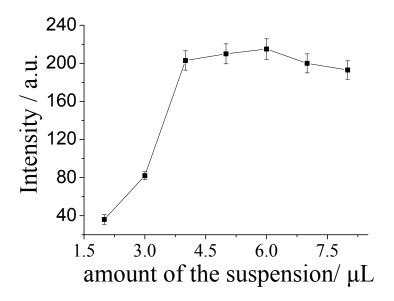
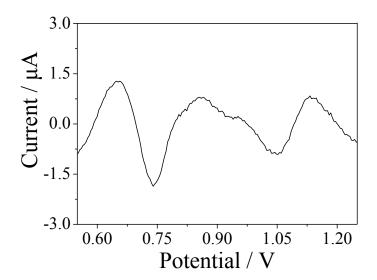


Fig. S2 Influence of the amount of  $Ir(pq)_2(acac)@OSiNPs$  application on the electrode to the ECL response. The experiments were carried out in phosphate buffer solution (pH 8.0), containing 10  $\mu$ mol·L<sup>-1</sup> DBAE.



**Fig. S3** The DPV of the Ir(pq)<sub>2</sub>(acac)@OSiNPs (3ORM2P4C) modified electrode in the phosphate buffer solution of DBAE. The concentration of DBAE was

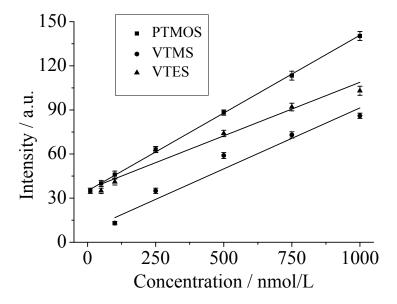


Fig. S4 The linear calibration curves obtained with the  $Ir(pq)_2(acac)$ @OSiNPs modified electrode by using different organosilane precursors.