

Supplementary Information

Luminol chemiluminescence actuated by modified natural sepiolite
material and its analytical application

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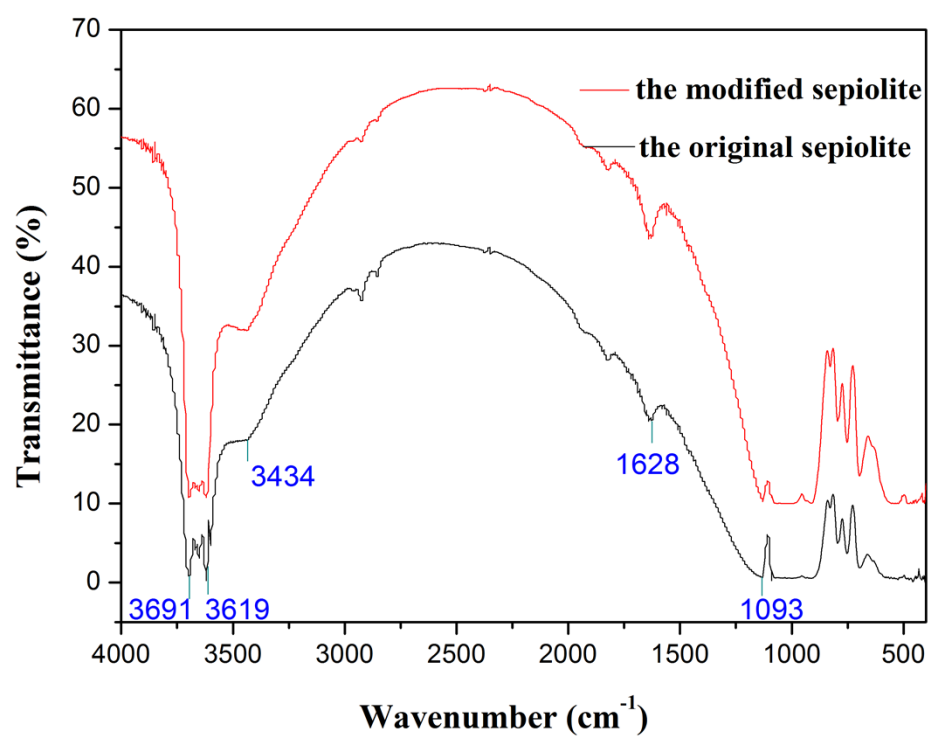


Fig.S1 FTIR spectrum of the original and modified sepiolite.

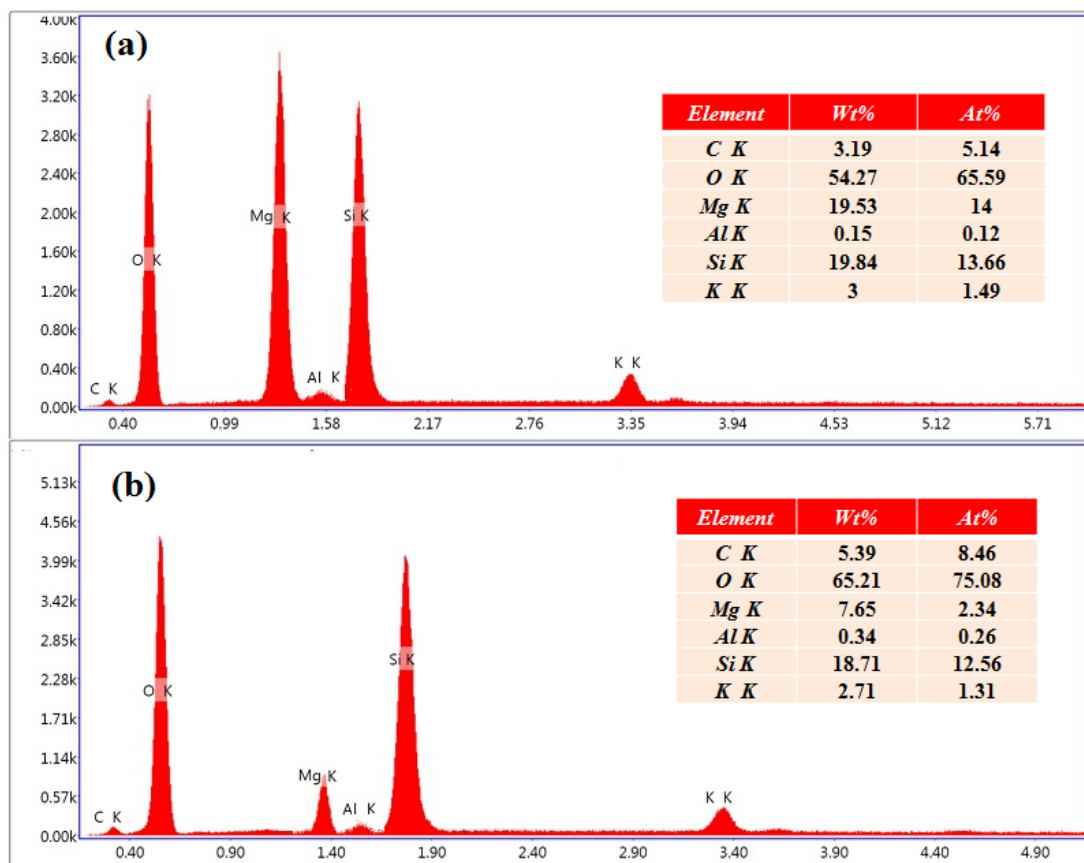


Fig. S2 EDAX analysis of (a) the original sepiolite and (b) the modified sepiolite.

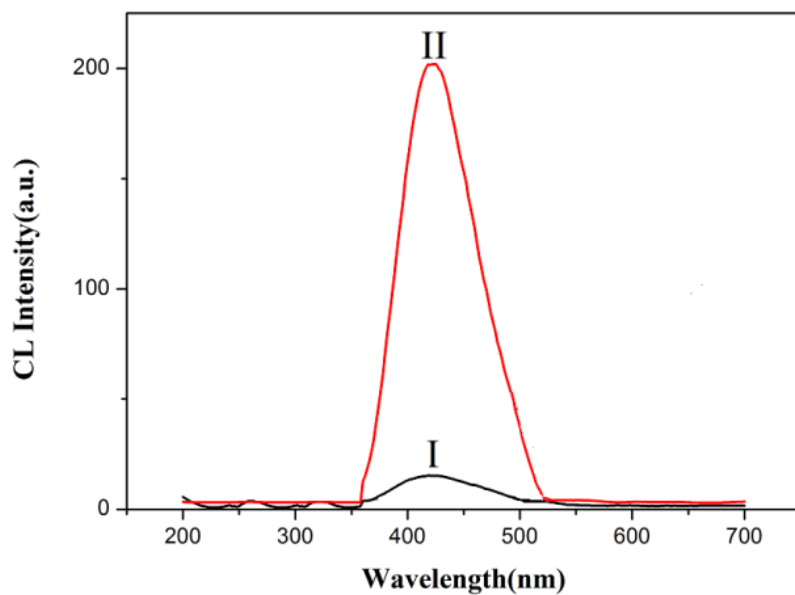


Fig.S3 CL spectra for the luminol-H₂O₂ system in the absence (I) and presence (II) of sepiolite. Conditions: 25 mg·mL⁻¹ sepiolite treated at 100 °C for 4 h, the pH of sepiolite was 1.0; 0.08 mM luminol in pH 11.6; 1 mM H₂O₂; the flow rates of P1 and P2 were 2.6 mL·min⁻¹ and 2.2 mL·min⁻¹, respectively.

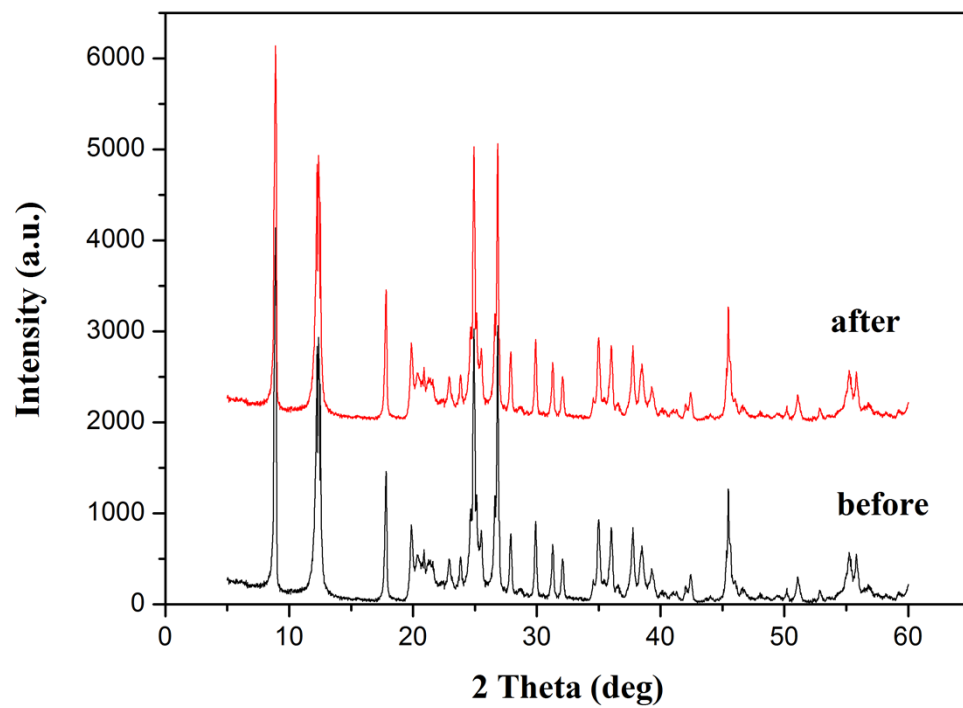


Fig. S4 Powder XRD patterns of sepiolite before and after CL reaction

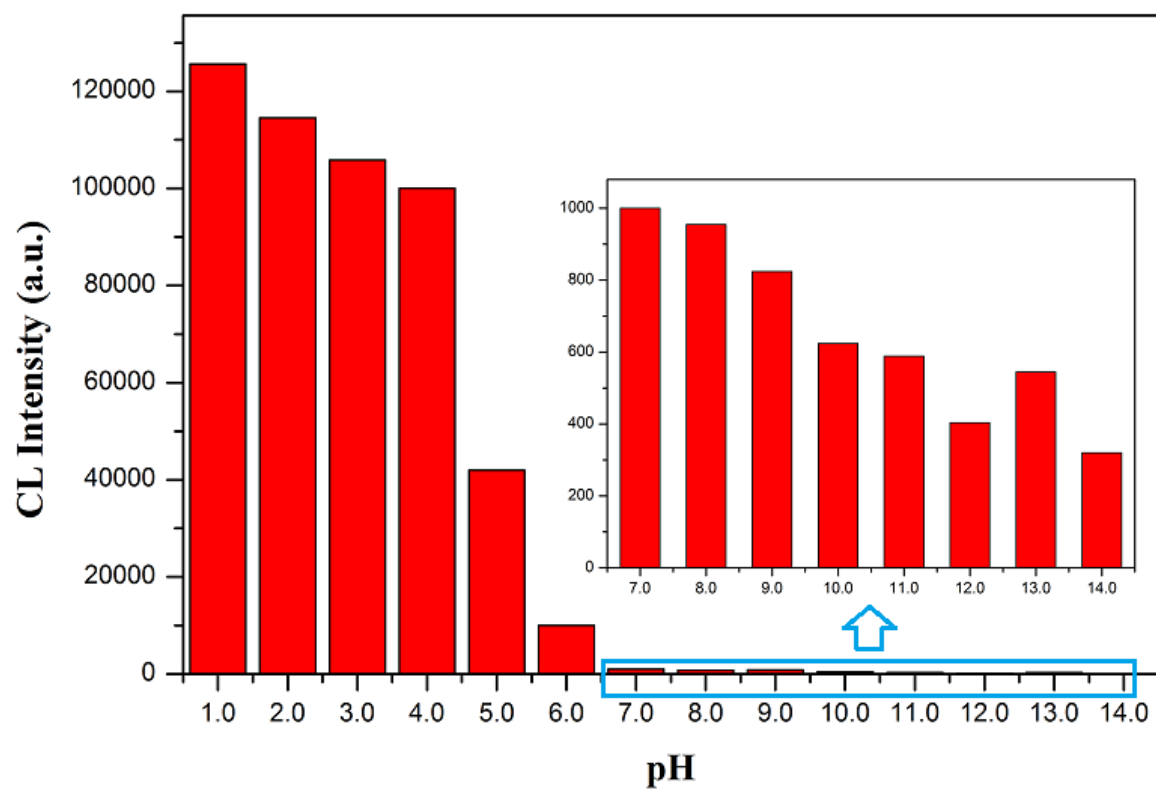


Fig.S5 Effect of the pH of sepiolite on sepiolite catalyzed luminol CL. Conditions: 10 $\text{mg}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$ sepiolite treated at 20 °C for 1 h; 0.2 mM luminol in pH 11.0; 1 mM H_2O_2 ; 2.0 $\text{mL}\cdot\text{min}^{-1}$ flow rate.

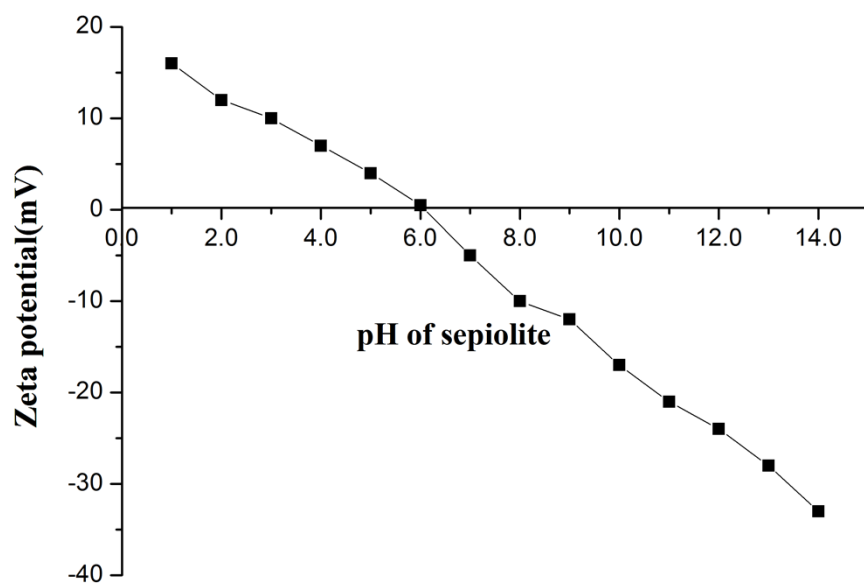


Fig.S6 Effect of the pH of sepiolite on zeta potential. Conditions: 25 mg·mL⁻¹ sepiolite treated at 100°C for 4 h.

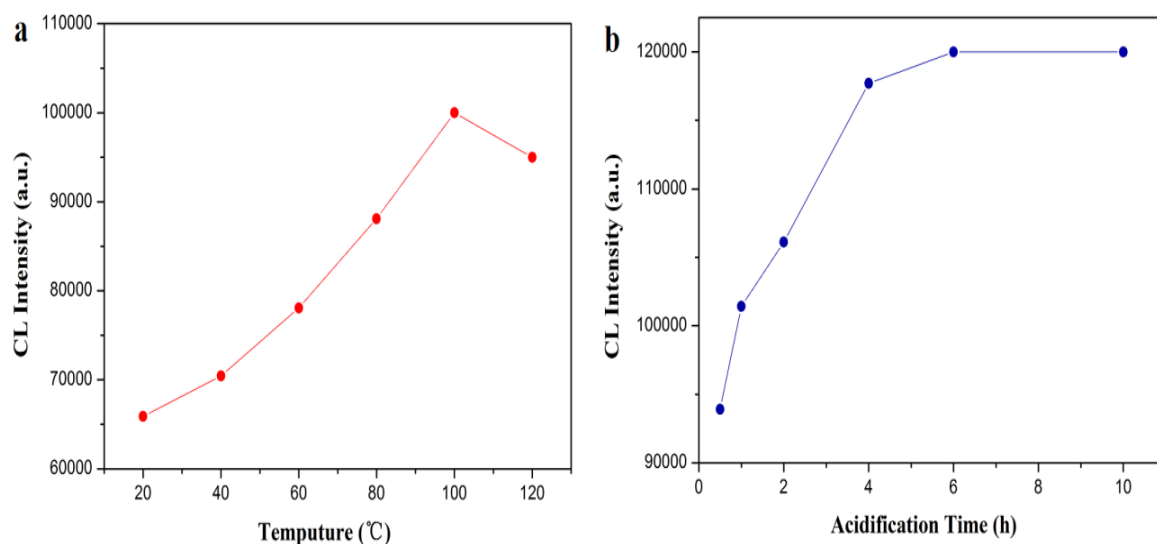


Fig. S7 Effect of the reaction temperature and time of sepiolite on sepiolite catalyzed luminol CL. (a) Reaction temperature of sepiolite: the reaction time was 1 h, the pH of sepiolite was 1.0, the concentration of sepiolite was 10 mg·mL⁻¹; 0.2 mM luminol in pH 11.0; 1 mM H₂O₂; 2.0 mL·min⁻¹ flow rate. (b) Reaction time of sepiolite: the reaction temperature was 100 °C, the pH of sepiolite was 1.0, the concentration of sepiolite was 10 mg·mL⁻¹; 0.2 mM luminol in pH 11.0; 1 mM H₂O₂; 2.0 mL·min⁻¹ flow rate.

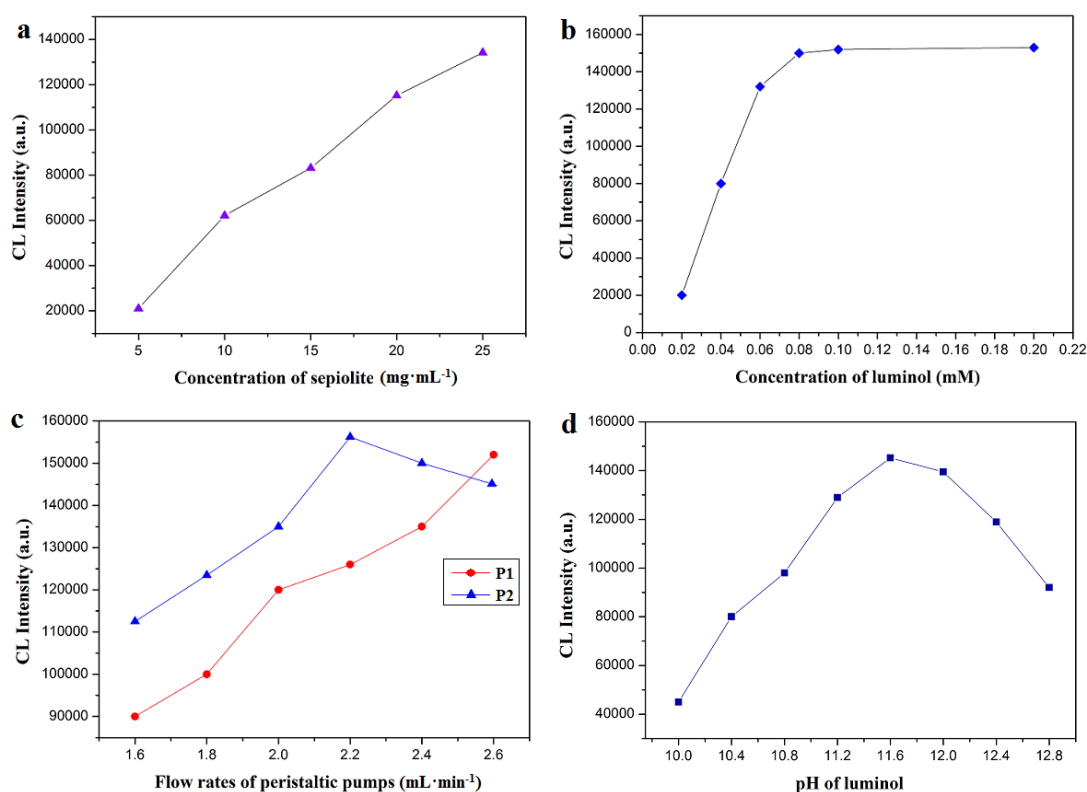


Fig.S8 Effects of the analytical conditions on sepiolite catalyzed luminol CL. The sepiolite was treated at 100 °C for 4 h, the pH of sepiolite was 1.0. (a) Concentration of sepiolite: 0.2 mM luminol in pH 11.0; 1 mM H_2O_2 ; 2.0 $\text{mL} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$ flow rate. (b) Concentration of luminol: 25 $\text{mg} \cdot \text{mL}^{-1}$ sepiolite; luminol in pH 11.0; 1 mM H_2O_2 ; 2.0 $\text{mL} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$ flow rate. (c) Flow rates of peristaltic pumps: 25 $\text{mg} \cdot \text{mL}^{-1}$ sepiolite; 0.08 mM luminol in pH 11.0; 1 mM H_2O_2 . (d) The pH of luminol: 25 $\text{mg} \cdot \text{mL}^{-1}$ sepiolite; 0.08 mM luminol; 1 mM H_2O_2 ; the flow rates of P1 and P2 were 2.6 $\text{mL} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$ and 2.2 $\text{mL} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$, respectively.

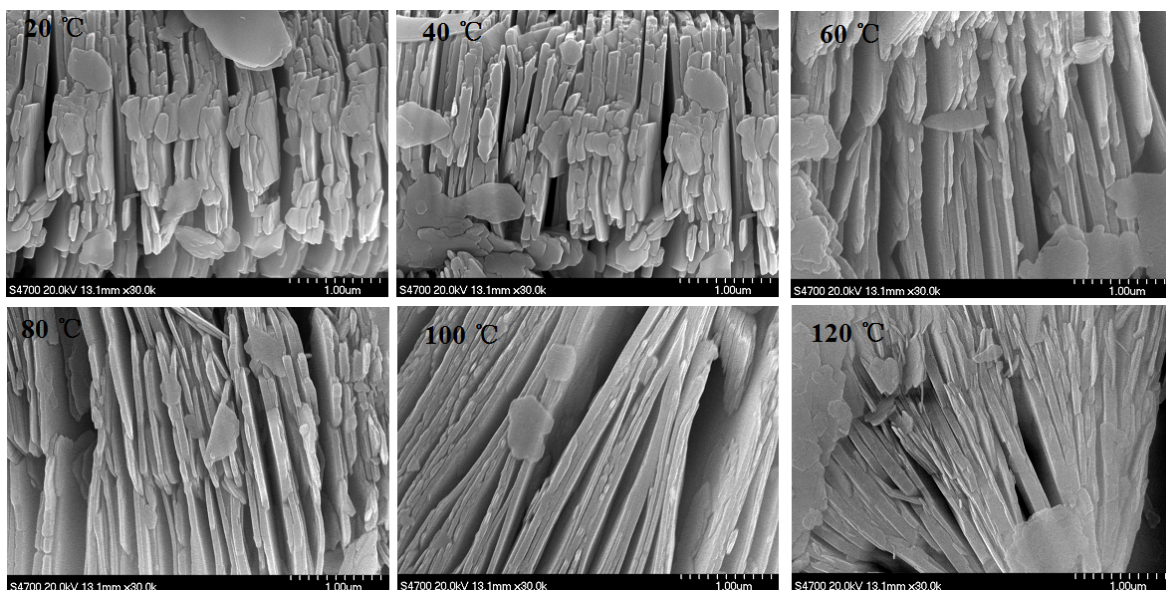


Fig.S9 SEM images of sepiolite with different reaction temperature. Conditions: the reaction time was 1 h, the pH of sepiolite was 1.0, the concentration of sepiolite was 10 mg·mL⁻¹.

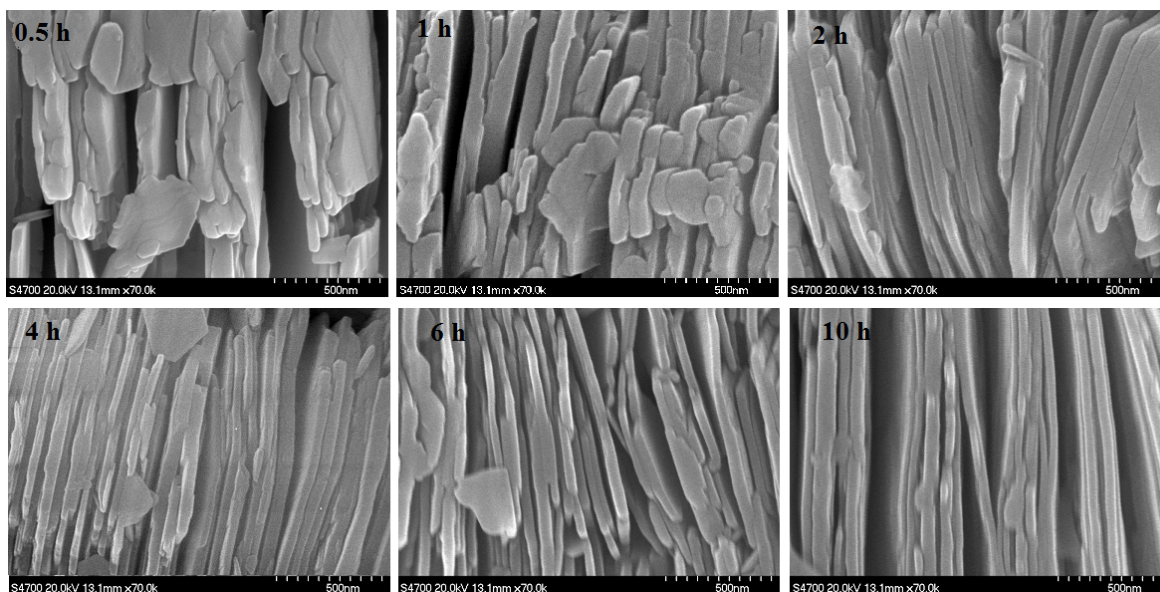


Fig.S10 SEM images of sepiolite with different acidification time. Conditions: the reaction temperature was 100 °C, the pH of sepiolite was 1.0, the concentration of sepiolite was 10 mg·mL⁻¹.